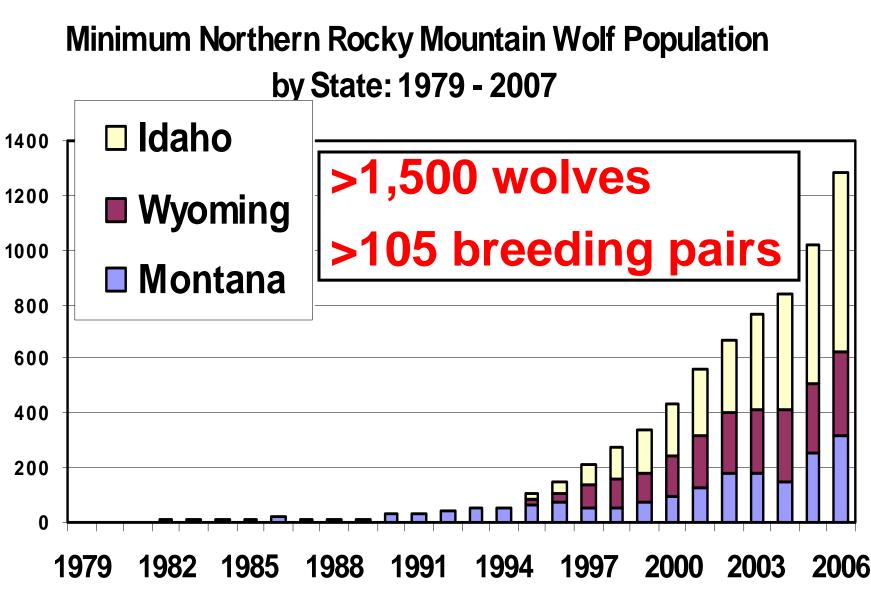
Delisting Northern Rocky Mountain Wolf Population

The USFWS analyzed...

- NRM Distinct Population Segment
- Area needed for wolf population recovery
- Threats to wolf population
- State & Tribal management
- Post-delisting wolf monitoring



Year

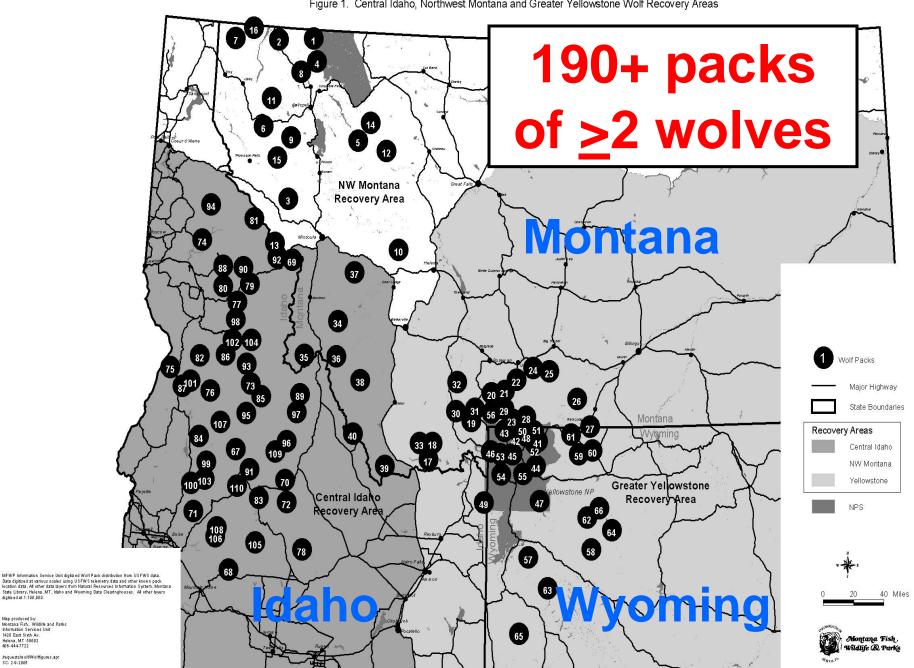
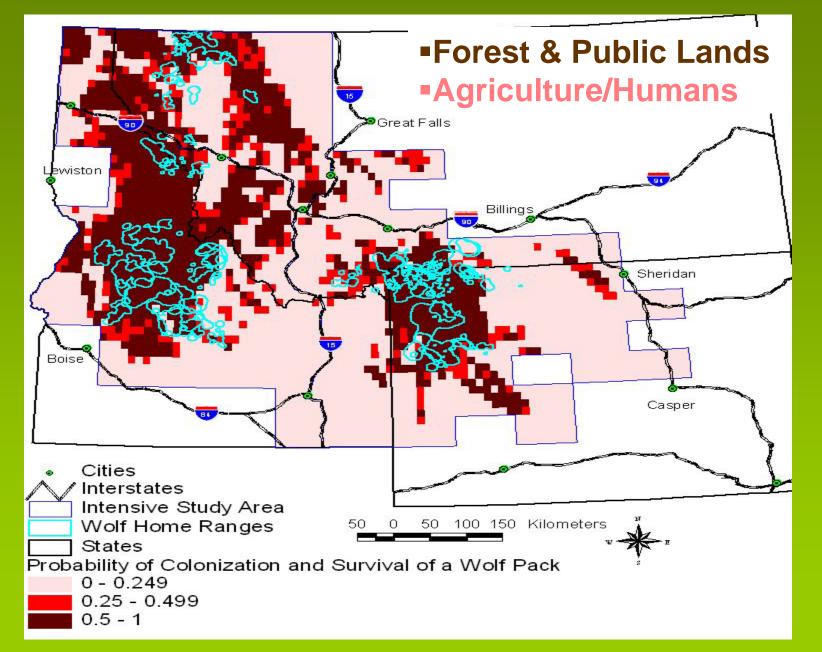


Figure 1. Central Idaho, Northwest Montana and Greater Yellowstone Wolf Recovery Areas

Pack Persistence Model

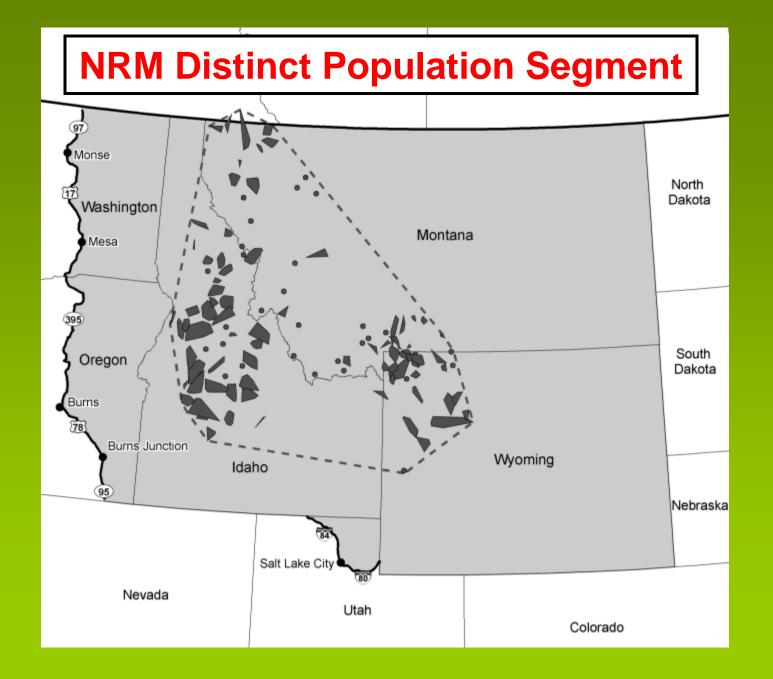


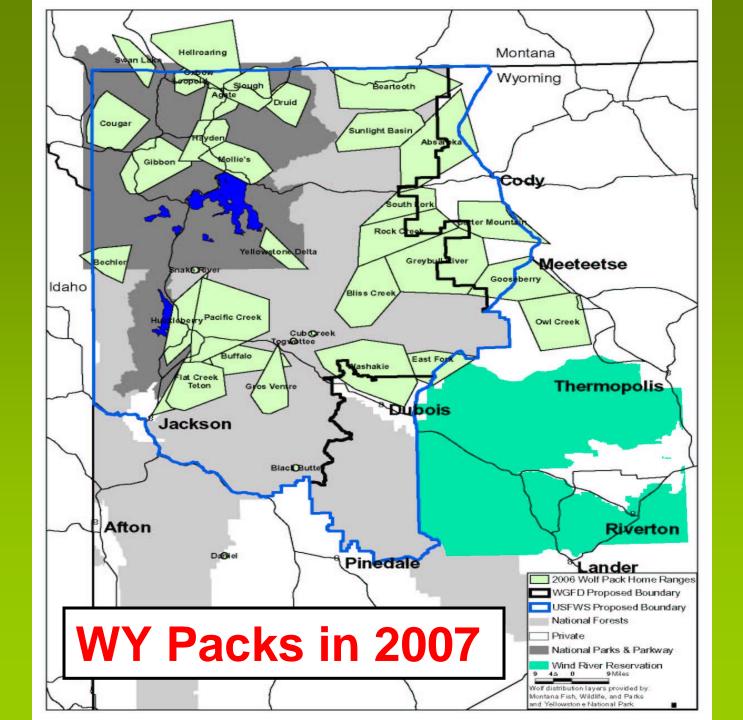
RECOVERY AND MANAGEMENT STATUS

- Wolf population fully recovered
- Most suitable wolf habitat occupied
- All threats have been resolved
- MFW&P manages MT wolves
- IDF&G manages ID wolves
- USFWS manages WY wolves (WDGF will manage after WY wolf management law in effect at delisting)
- Delisting the NRM wolf population appropriate

NO THREATS TO WOLF POPULATION

- 1. HABITAT
 - good shape
- 2. OVER-USE
 - regulated
- 3. DISEASE & PREDATION
 - no threats
- 4. ADEQUATE REGULATIONS
 - MT, ID, & WY laws/plans adequate
- 5. OTHER FACTORS
 - no threats from genetics, wolf pack structure, climate change, etc.





The NRM wolf population is no longer threatened because...

- Wolves numerous and well-distributed
- Human-caused mortality is regulated
- MT, ID & WY State laws and plans adequate
- WA, OR, UT no wolves necessary for NRM recovery
- State F&G professional and competent
- Wolves to be monitored closely for 5 years

www.westerngraywolf.fws.gov

- Delisting is effective on March 28, 2008
- Litigation expected
- Thank you for your interest