Forage Quality

It's All About

Intake

Digestibility



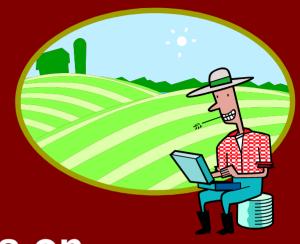


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Relative Feed Value (RFV)

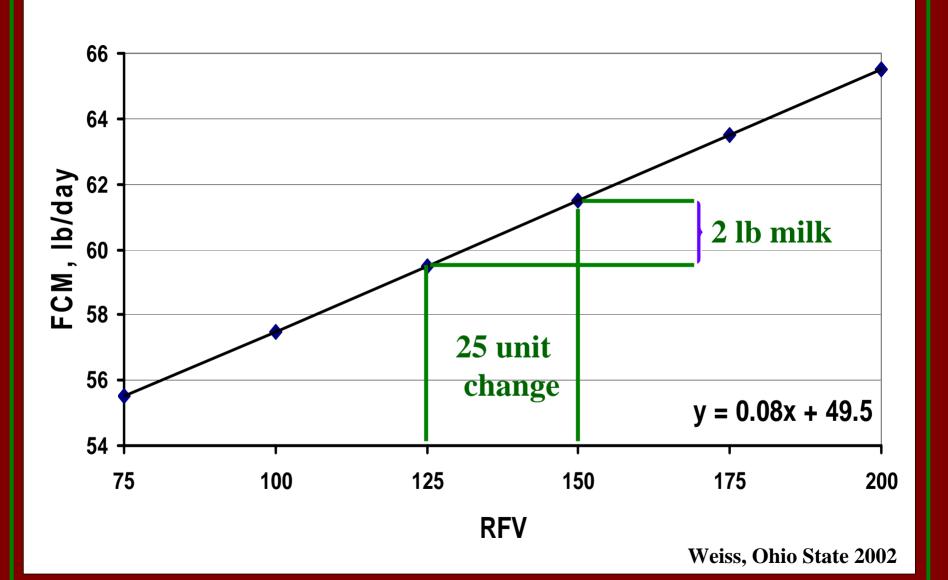


Rank legume and grass forages on potential intake of digestible DM

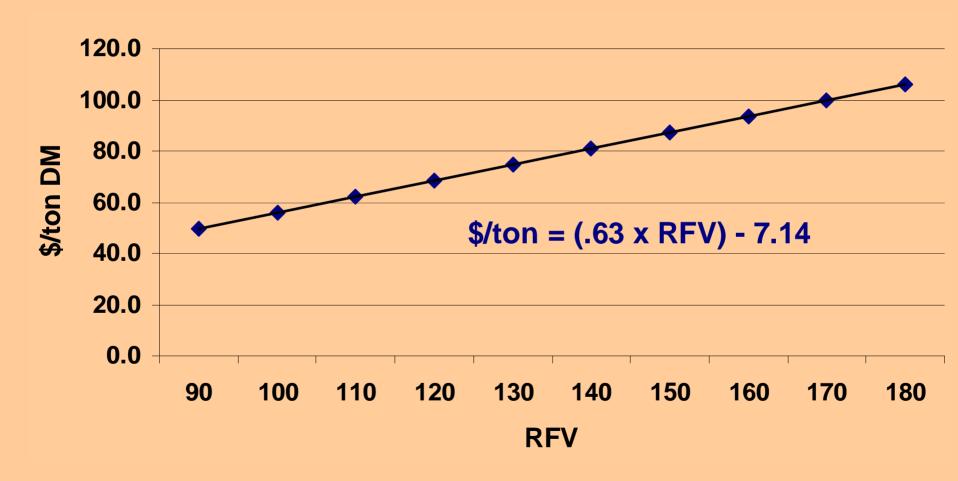
Price forages



RFV and Milk Production



RFV Pricing Formula 1986- 2003 MN





 Single ADF equation to calculate digestibility

 Under valued grasses because of NDF intake bias

Very limited validation with cow studies



Relative Forage Quality "RFQ"

- RFQ = (DMI, % of BW) x (TDN, % of DM)
- **1.23**
- TDN summative equation Dairy NRC 2001
- $TDN 1-X = tdCP + (tdFat \times 2.25) + tdNDF + tdNFC 7$
- td = truly digestible



John Moore and Dan Undersander, 2002

A New Frontier in Defining Forage Quality Fiber (NDF) Digestibility



Fiber Partition of Various Forages

Forage	NDF % DM	Hemicellulose Cellulose% of NDF		
Legumes	40 - 50	22	64	15
Grasses	45 -	32	57	11
Corn sil	48 - 50	42	51	6

So, How Important is Forage NDF Digestibility?



- Fiber digestibility can improve animal performance when forage is the sole dietary ingredient.
- Dairy cows are fed complex mixed diets
 - * where forages represent only 40 to 60% of the diet
 - ❖ Forage fiber accounts for only 20 25% of the DM fed





- Therefore, detecting the impact of increased fiber digestibility on milk production is difficult.
- An important question is:
- How large must the increase in fiber digestibility be in order to get an increase in milk production with typical lactation diets?





Value of Forage NDF Digestibility

- 1 % unit increase in Dig NDF
- (Oba and Allen 1999)
- = .37 lb DMI
- = .55 lb milk



Increase NDF digestibility from 50 to 55%

- = 1.87 lb more DMI
- = 2.75 lb more milk





Dado and Allen (1996)

- Two alfalfa haylages
 - * 3% unit difference in NDF digestibility
- Higher digestibility haylage
 - 4.4 lb milk more milk/day
 - Cows ate 2.2 lb more DM/day
 - * High digestibility haylage lower in NDF (1.8%)





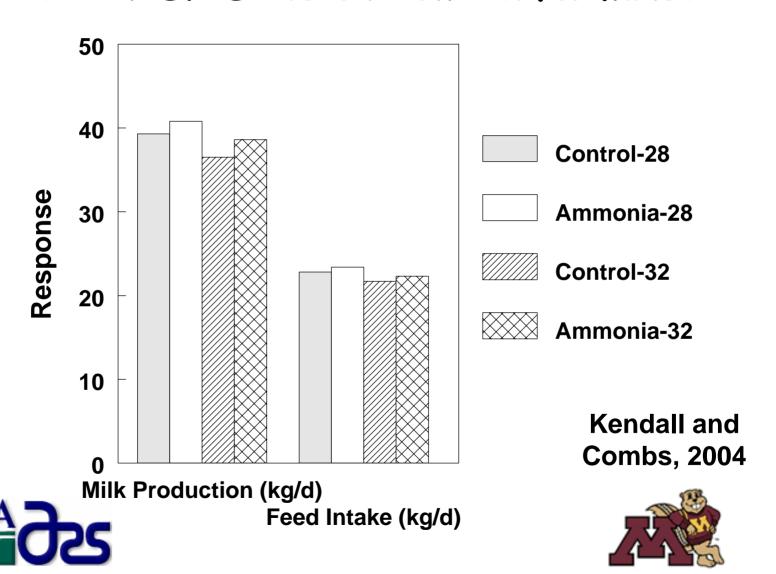
- Wheat straw NDF digestibility
 - ♦ Straw 41%
 - Ammoniated wheat straw 62%

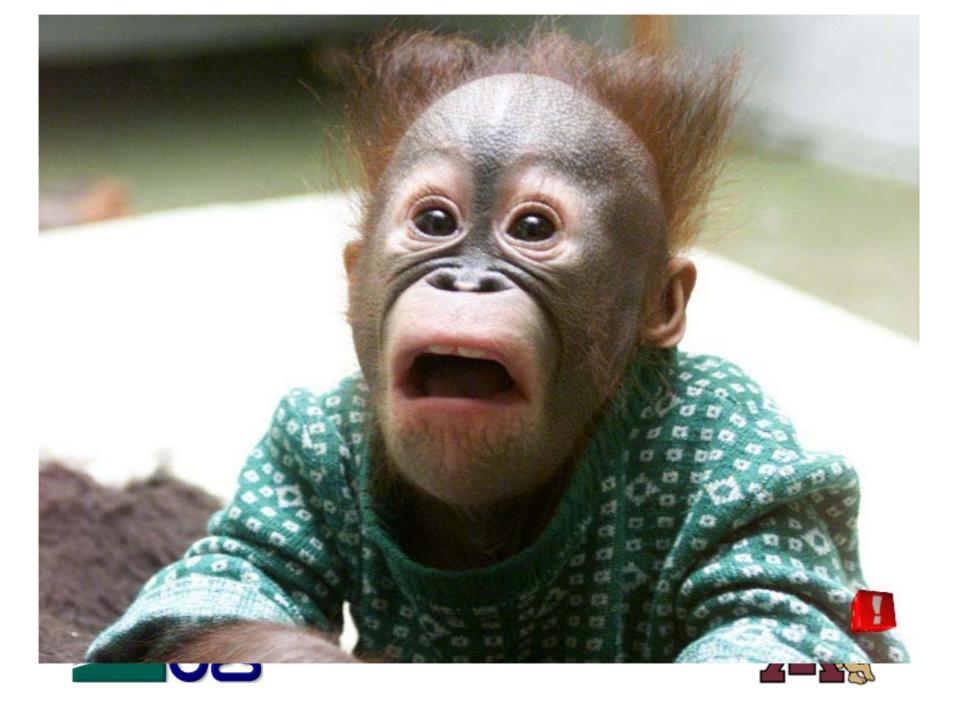
- Wheat straws in diets
 - *8.5% of the diet DM = 28% NDF diets
 - * 16% of diet DM = 32% NDF diets.





Impact of Ammoniated Wheat Straw in 28 and 32% NDF Diets on Cow Performance





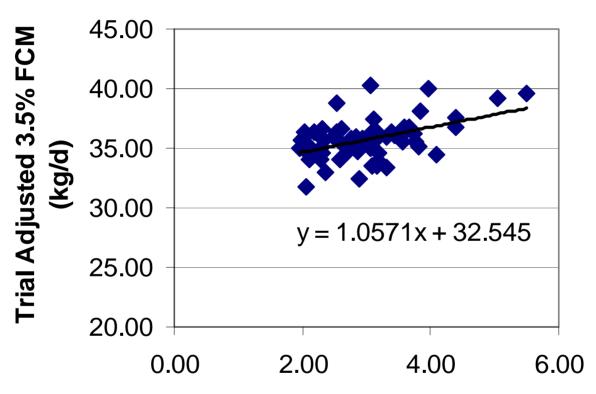
Hans Jung, Mary Raeth-Knight and Jim Linn

- Meta analysis using 19 studies reported in the Journal of Dairy Science from 1999 to 2004 with 63 observations was conducted.
- NDF digestibility was positively related to 3.5% FCM and DM intake across the studies.
- Diet NDF and forage percentages were not related to milk production or feed intake.





Effect of Increasing Digestible NDF Intake on Milk Production

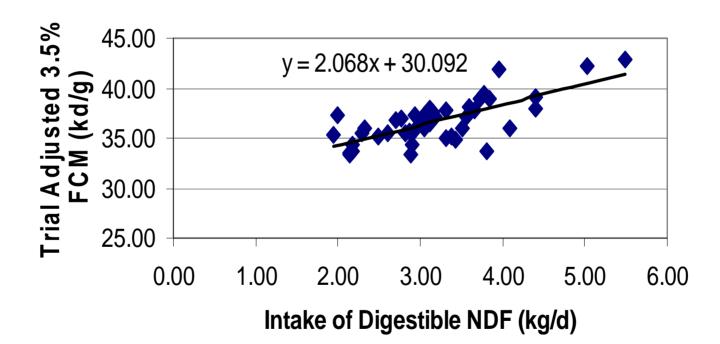


Intake of Digestible Dietary NDF (kg/d)

63 treatment means - 19 studies from J. Dairy Sci. 1999-2004



Observations with Diets > 50% forage







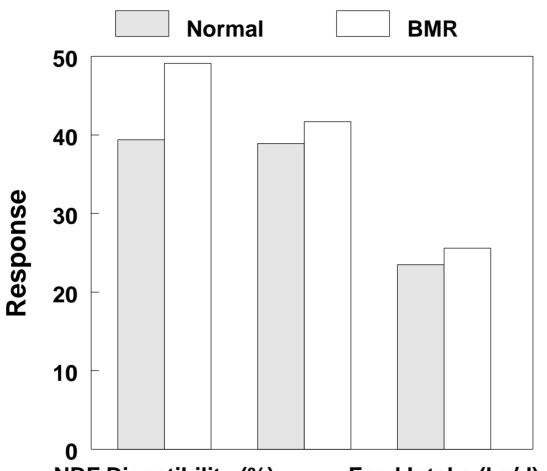
Corn Silage Quality



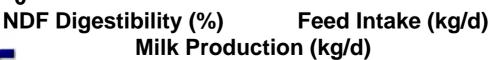




Impact of Brown Midrib Corn Silage on Cow Performance



Oba and Allen, 1999





Hans Jung, Mary Raeth-Knight and Jim Linn

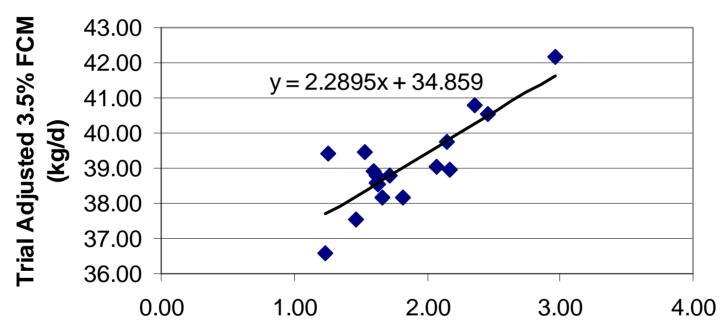
 Meta analysis using 19 studies reported in the Journal of Dairy Science from 1999 to 2004 with 63 observations was conducted.

- High corn silage diets > 40% of the DM
- 17 observations from 7 studies





NDF Digestibility Effect Corn Silage > 40% of diet DM

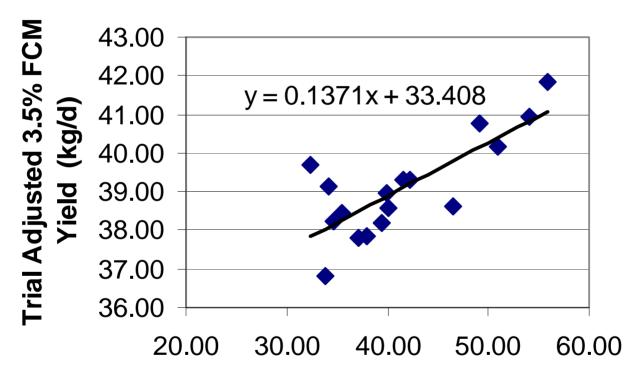


Intake of Digestible NDF from corn silage (kg/d)





Relationship of Milk Production with Corn Silage NDF Digestibility



In-Vitro Corn Silage Digestibility





Impact of Corn Silage Fiber Digestion on Milk Production

- Based on data analysis: high corn silage diets
- 1% increase in in vitro NDF digestibility of corn silage =
 - * 0.14 kg/d increase in 3.5% FCM
 - * 0.12 kg/d increase in DM intake





THANK YOU

