9. Research Grants

NHLBI Research Grants by Funding Mechanism: Fiscal Year 2004

	Number of Grants	Total Cost (Dollars in Thousands)	Percent of Total NHLBI Research Grant Dollars
Research Project Grants (RPGs)			
Research Project Grants (excluding Small Business RPGs)			
Regular Research Grants (R01)	3,572	\$1,328,958	58.88%
Small Research Grants (R03)	1	80	0.00
Program Project Grants (P01)	194	361,903	16.03
Cooperative Agreements (U01)	235	185,602	8.22
Area Grants (R15)	19	3,838	0.17
Explorative Developmental Grant (R21)	93	18,165	0.80
Method to Extend Research in Time (R37)	83	32,891	1.46
Exploratory/Developmental Grants Phase II (R33)	2	802	0.04
Subtotal, Research Project Grants (excluding Small Business RPGs)	4,199	1,932,239	85.60
Small Business Research Project Grants			
Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR Phase I) (R41)	37	5,142	0.23
Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR Phase II) (R42)	8	2,761	0.12
Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR Phase I) (R43)	115	15,239	0.68
Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR Phase II) (R44)	115	48,388	2.14
Subtotal, Small Business Research Project Grants	275	71,530	3.17
Subtotal, Research Project Grants	4,474	2,003,769	88.77
Research Center Grants	<u> </u>		T
Specialized Centers of Research (SCOR)	58	115,304	5.11
Animal Model and Animal and Biological Material Resource			
Grants (P40)	0	125	0.01
Sickle Cell Centers (U54)	11	21,010	0.93
Center for AIDS Research (P30)	0	2,646	0.12
Specialized Centers (Cooperative Agreements) (U54)	1	1,215	0.05
National Swine Research and Resource Center (U42)	0	300	0.01
Subtotal, Research Center Grants	70	140,600	6.23
Research Career Programs			1
Mentored Research Development Award for Minority Faculty (K01)	46	6,150	0.27
Minority Institution Faculty Mentored Research Scientist Award (K01)	6	867	0.04
Mentored Scientist Development Award in Research Ethics (K01)	2	253	0.01
Independent Scientist Award (K02)	31	3,079	0.14
Research Career Award (K06)	1	34	0.00
Nutrition Academic Award (K07)	9	1,516	0.07
Cultural Competence and Health Disparities Academic Award (K07)	8	925	0.04
Clinical Investigator Scientist Award (K08)	229	29,037	1.29
Career Enhancement Award for Stem Cell Research (K18)	5	980	0.04

	Number of Grants	Total Cost (Dollars in Thousands)	Percent of Total NHLBI Research Grant Dollars
Mentored Patient-Oriented Research Career Development Award (K23)	122	16,216	0.72
Midcareer Investigator Award in Patient-Oriented Research (K24)	32	3,815	0.17
Mentored Quantitative Research Career Development Award (K25)	12	1,622	0.07
Clinical Research Curriculum Award (K30)	55	3,115	0.14
Career Transition Award (K22)	1	185	0.01
Subtotal, Research Career Programs	559	67,794	3.01
Other Research Grants			
Cooperative Clinical Research (U10, R10)	26	20,565	0.91
Minority Biomedical Research Support (S06, S14, R25)	0	2,806	0.12
Other (R09, R13, R18, R24, R25, T15, U09, U24, UH1)	64	21,620	0.96
Subtotal, Other Research Grants	90	44,991	1.99
Total, NHLBI Research Grants	5,193	\$2,257,154	100%

NHLBI Total Research Grants by Category

Percent

Research Project Grants	88.8
Research Centers Grants	6.2
Research Career Programs	3.03
Other Research Grants	2

NHLBI Research Project Grant,* Research Centers Grant, and Other Research Grant Obligations: Fiscal Years 1994-2004

Dollars (Thousands)

		Fiscal Year												
	1994	1995	1996***	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004			
Research Project Grants*	\$797,092	\$819,674	\$862,027	\$935,322	\$1,009,152	\$1,142,473	\$1,356,034	\$1,580,751	\$1,779,573	\$1,920,201	\$2,003,769			
Research Centers Grants	101,535	106,980	106,688	108,665	114,397	119,889	123,803	127,232	128,161	138,941	140,600			
Other Research Grants**	52,576	55,974	56,692	56,993	66,234	84,219	90,666	88,958	98,460	113,172	112,785			
Total	\$951,203	\$982,628	\$1,025,407***	\$1,100,980	\$1,189,783	\$1,346,581	\$1,570,503	\$1,796,941	\$2,006,194	\$2,172,314	\$2,257,154			

* Includes R01, U01, P01, R29, R37, R43, and R44; R03 and R41 beginning in 1994; R55 in 1995-1996; R15 and R42 beginning in 1996; R21 beginning in 1997; and R33 beginning in 2001.

** Includes Program Evaluation and IMPAC II Assessment of \$4,435,000.

*** Includes Research Career Programs; excludes General Research Support Grants.

NHLBI Competing Research Project Grant Applications*: Fiscal Years 1994-2004

Total Cost Dollars (Millions)

		Fiscal Year											
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004**		
Applications Reviewed	\$715.0	\$710.3	\$699.2	\$802.1	\$687.1	\$867.1	\$809.8	\$851.7	\$1,221.7	\$1,262.5	\$1,277.6		
Awarded	180.4	207.5	182.1	240.1	252.4	330.4	418.4	424.3	437.4	463.7	477.3		

* Includes R01, R03, U01, P01, and R37; R29 in 1994-2002; R55 in 1995-1996; R15 beginning in 1996; R21 beginning in 1997; and R33 beginning in 2001.

** The number for applications reviewed is based on preliminary data.

NHLBI Competing Research Project Grant Applications*: Fiscal Years 1994-2004

Number Reviewed and Awarded and Percent Funded

		Fiscal Year											
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004**		
Applications Reviewed	2,801	2,744	2,605	2,771	2,657	2,704	2,893	2,895	3,064	3,098	3,548		
RPGs Awarded	655	740	652	821	837	959	1,003	1,033	1,018	1,064	1,034		
Success Rate (percent)	23.4	27.0	25.0	29.6	31.5	35.5	34.7	35.7	33.2	34.3	29.1		

* Includes R01, R03, U01, P01, and R37; R29 in 1994-2002; R55 in 1995-1996; R15 beginning in 1996;

R21 beginning in 1997; and R33 beginning in 2001.

** The number for applications reviewed is based on preliminary data.

Percent of Reviewed Applications Funded (Success Rate)

Year	Awarded
1994	23.4
1995	27
1996	25
1997	29.6
1998	31.5
1999	35.5
2000	34.7
2001	35.7
2002	33.2
2003	34.3
2004	29.1

NHLBI Investigator-Initiated and Institute-Initiated Grant Obligations: Fiscal Years 1994-2004

Dollars (Millions)

		Fiscal Year										
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Investigator-Initiated (includes R01, U01, P01, R29, R37, R43, and R44; R03 and R41 beginning in 1994; R55 in 1995- 1996; R15 and R42 beginning in 1996; R21 beginning in 1997; and R33 beginning in 2001)	\$724.8	\$750.7	\$804.1	\$867.9	\$966.6	\$1,069.9	\$1,241.6	\$1,446.2	\$1,584.9	\$1,681.9	\$1,773.4	
Institute-Initiated (includes Centers Grants and Cooperative Agreement RFAs)	226.4	231.9	216.8	233.0	223.2	276.7	328.9	350.7	421.3	490.4	438.8	
Total	\$951.2	\$982.6	\$1,020.9*	\$1,100.9	\$1,189.8	\$1,346.6	\$1,570.5	\$1,796.9	\$2,006.2	\$2,172.3	\$2,257.2	

* Excludes Program Evaluation Assessment of \$4,435,000.

NHLBI Research Project Grants*: Amount Funded by Type of Award, Fiscal Years 1994-2004

Dollars (Millions)

		Fiscal Year										
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Competing												
New Competing	\$99.7	\$111.1	\$90.5	\$135.8	\$147.5	\$202.0	\$266.4	\$280.0	\$291.2	\$285.5	\$290.5	
Renewal Competing	79.6	94.5	90.4	104.0	103.9	127.2	152.0	143.9	143.9	177.2	185.5	
Competing Supplements	1.1	1.9	1.2	0.3	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.4	2.3	1.0	1.3	
Subtotal, Competing	180.4	207.5	182.1	240.1	252.4	330.4	419.3	424.3	437.4	463.7	477.3	
Noncompeting												
Subtotal, Noncompeting	599.9	588.4	649.9	662.4	721.3	770.6	889.3	1,101.5	1,281.3	1,390.3	1,454.9	
Total, Competing and Noncompeting	\$780.3	\$795.9	\$832.0	\$902.5	\$973.7	\$1,101.0	\$1,308.6	\$1,525.8	\$1,718.7	\$1,854.0	\$1,932.2	

* Includes R01, U01, P01, R29, and R37; R03 beginning in 1994; R55 in 1995-1996; R15 beginning in 1996; R21 beginning in 1997; and R33 beginning in 2001.

Facility and Administrative (F&A)* Costs of NHLBI Research Project Grants***: Fiscal Years 1994-2004

Dollars (Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Direct Cost	F&A Cost*	Total Cost	F&A Cost as a Percent of Direct Cost
1994	534,374	245,965	780,339	46.0
1995	543,502	252,423	795,925	46.4
1996	564,219	267,785	832,004	47.5
1997	611,576	290,915	902,491	47.6

Fiscal Year	Direct Cost	F&A Cost*	Total Cost	F&A Cost as a Percent of Direct Cost
1998	660,009	313,765	973,774	47.5
1999	764,198	336,756***	1,100,954	44.1
2000	891,244	417,312	1,308,556	46.8
2001	1,045,144	480,673	1,525,817	46.0
2002	1,182,408	536,324	1,718,732	45.4
2003	1,276,819	577,131	1,853,950	45.2
2004	1,385,567	618,202	2,003,769	44.6

* Previously called Indirect Cost.

** Includes R01, U01, P01, R29, and R37; R03 beginning in 1994; R55 in 1995-1996; R15 beginning in 1996; R21 beginning in 1997; and R33 beginning in 2001.

*** Excludes Program Evaluation Assessment of \$1,216,000.

NHLBI Research Project Grants*: Average Costs, Fiscal Years 1994-2004

Dollars (Thousands)

		Fiscal Year										
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Noncompeting	\$294.8	\$312.8	\$317.5	\$323.0	\$322.6	\$323.4	\$346.6	\$390.7	\$418.8	\$444.4	\$458.7	
Competing	275.5	280.4	279.3	292.5	301.6	344.5	418.0	410.8	409.1	406.7	419.7	
Total	\$290.1	\$303.7	\$308.3	\$314.2	\$316.9	\$329.4	\$366.6	\$396.1	\$416.2	\$433.8	\$447.9	

* Includes R01, U01, P01, R29, R37, R43, and R44; R03 and R41 beginning in 1994; R55 in 1995-1996; R15 and R42 beginning in 1996; R21 beginning in 1997; and R33 beginning in 2001.

NHLBI Cooperative Agreements (U01, U10) Programs

Cooperative Agreements were instituted to support discrete, circumscribed projects in areas of an investigator's specific interest and competency with substantial programmatic participation by the NHLBI during performance of the activity.

	Total Obligations Prior to FY 2004	Total FY 2004 Obligations	Total Obligations to Date
Heart and Vascular Diseases			
A CHF Trial Investigating Outcomes of Exercise (ACTION)	\$17,071,082	\$7,973,471	\$25,044,553
Atherosclerosis, Plaque, and CVD in Communities	0	4,099,685	4,099,685
Bypass Angioplasty Revascularization Investigation in Type 2 Diabetics (BARI 2D)	27,288,936	8,265,037	35,553,973
Cardiovascular Outcomes in Renal Atherosclerotic Lesions (CORAL)	0	4,343,389	4,343,389
Center for Fetal Monkey Gene Transfer for Heart, Lung, and Blood Diseases	1,857,162	969,939	2,827,101
Dynamic Evaluation of Percutaneous Coronary Intervention	3,971,722	742,499	4,714,221
Family Blood Pressure Program	76,405,079	8,433,080	84,838,159
Family Heart Study-Subclinical Atherosclerosis Network (FHS-SCAN)	8,864,463	1,696,913	10,561,376
Genetics of Coronary Artery Disease in Alaskan Natives (GOCADAN)	7,218,810	652,865	7,871,675
Girls Health Enrichment Multisite Studies (GEMS)	12,698,544	2,399,948	15,098,492
Hematocrit Strategy in Infant Heart Surgery	2,215,845	492,411	2,708,256
Home Automatic External Defibrillator Trial (HAT)	8,999,887	4,263,755	13,263,642
IMMEDIATE Trial: Immediate Myocardial Metabolic Enhancement During Initial Assessment and Treatment in Emergency Care	0	5,170,411	5,170,411
Interaction of Genes and Environment in Shaping Risk Factors for Heart, Lung, Blood, and Sleep Disorders	25,116,214	10,409,084	35,525,298
Multidisciplinary Study of Right Ventricular Dysplasia	4,778,935	1,473,384	6,252,319
Partnership Programs To Reduce Cardiovascular Health Disparities	0	6,468,544	6,468,544
Pediatric Cardiovascular Clinical Research Network	13,650,229	4,947,982	18,598,211
Pharmacogenetics Research Network	25,021,286	8,185,611	33,206,897
Preventing Overweight Using Novel Dietary Strategies (POUNDS LOST)	1,211,724	1,687,588	2,899,312
Programs of Excellence in Gene Therapy	49,160,962	11,979,088	61,140,050
Programs of Genomic Applications (PGAs) for Heart, Lung, and Blood Diseases	147,177,847	18,604,345	165,782,192
Resuscitation Outcome Improvement Consortium	0	6,886,109	6,886,109
Stop Atherosclerosis in Native Diabetics Study (SANDS)	4,574,684	2,106,653	6,681,337
Strong Heart Study	43,283,445	3,154,859	46,438,304
Surgical Treatment for Ischemic Heart Failure (STICH)	12,251,409	1,613,238	13,864,647
Trial of Activity for Adolescent Girls (TAAG)	21,853,035	6,349,902	28,202,937
Weight Loss Maintenance (WLM)	3,686,738	4,367,750	8,054,488
Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE)	4,314,911	1,302,449	5,617,360
Subtotal, Heart and Vascular Diseases	522,672,949	139,039,989	661,712,938
Lung Diseases			
Asthma Clinical Research Network (ACRN), Phase II	8,181,429	8,424,129	16,605,558
Centers for Reducing Asthma Disparities	12,051,824	5,217,367	17,269,191

	Total Obligations Prior to FY 2004	Total FY 2004 Obligations	Total Obligations to Date
Childhood Asthma Management Program-Continuation Study (CAMP-CS)/Phase 2	1,489,491	2,043,311	3,532,802
Childhood Asthma Research and Education (CARE) Network	26,106,032	5,292,305	31,398,337
Collaborative Programs in Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia	21,135,687	5,166,906	26,302,593
COPD Clinical Research Network	6,843,405	6,848,345	13,691,750
Early Antipseudomonal Therapy in Cystic Fibrosis	0,045,405	1,064,237	1,064,237
Inhaled Nitric Oxide for the Prevention of Chronic Lung Disease	6,968,259	1,245,274	8,213,533
Inhaled Nitric Oxide in Prevention of Chronic Lung Disease	6,732,859	903,335	7,636,194
Linkage Study in Familial Pulmonary Fibrosis	2,755,951	714,001	3,469,952
Pharmacogenetics of Asthma Treatment	10,847,376	0	10,847,376
Subtotal, Lung Diseases	103,112,313	36,919,210	140,031,523
Blood Diseases and Resources	•		
Blood and Marrow Transplant Clinical Research Network	\$17,209,287	\$5,972,521	\$23,181,808
Functional Outcomes in Cardiovascular Patients Undergoing Surgical Hip Fracture Repair (FOCUS)	1,639,478	1,795,724	3,435,202
Induction of Stable Chimerism for Sickle Cell Anemia	1,541,037	550,666	2,091,703
Reference Laboratory to Evaluate Therapies for Sickle Cell Disease	1,437,153	409,694	1,846,847
Sibling Donor Cord Blood Banking and Transplantation	3,731,256	1,352,571	5,083,827
Stroke Prevention in Sickle Cell Anemia (STOP 2)	13,147,352	2,366,346	15,513,698
Thalassemia (Cooley's Anemia) Clinical Research Network	8,999,883	2,374,805	11,374,688
Transfusion Medicine/Hemostasis Clinical Research Network	12,293,630	6,092,846	18,386,476
Subtotal, Blood Diseases and Resources	59,999,076	20,915,173	80,914,249
National Center on Sleep Disorders Research			
Apnea Positive Pressure Long-Term Efficacy Study (APPLES)	6,244,439	3,109,570	9,354,009
Sleep Heart Health Study	16,631,681	1,477,676	18,109,357
Subtotal, National Center on Sleep Disorders Research	22,876,120	4,587,246	27,463,366
Total, NHLBI Cooperative Agreements	\$708,660,458	\$201,461,618	\$910,122,076

Heart and Vascular Diseases Program

A CHF Trial Investigating Outcomes of Exercise (ACTION), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2002

The purpose of this trial is to determine the long-term safety and effectiveness of exercise training for patients with heart failure. Patients receiving the exercise regimen also will receive standard care and will be compared with patients receiving standard care alone.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$7,973,471 Fiscal Years 2002-2003—\$17,071,082 Total Funding to Date—\$25,044,553

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Duke University Durham, North Carolina -HL-063747 2. Case Western Reserve University Henry Ford Health System Detroit, Michigan -HL-064250 3. Oregon Health & Science University Portland, Oregon -HL-064257 4. Washington University St. Louis. Missouri -HL-064264 5. University of Colorado Health Sciences Center Denver, Colorado -HL-064265 6. Duke University Durham, North Carolina -HL-066461 7. Emory University Atlanta, Georgia -HL-066482 8. Wake Forest University Winston-Salem, North Carolina -HL-066491 9. Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio -HL-066494 10. University of Alabama at Birmingham Birmingham, Alabama -HL-066497 11. Case Western Reserve University Cleveland, Ohio -HL-066501 12. Boston Medical Center Boston, Massachusetts -HL-068973 13. University of California, Los Angeles Los Angeles, California -HL-068980

Atherosclerosis, Plaque, and CVD in Communities, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2004

The purpose of this study is to identify correlates of atherosclerotic plaque characteristics and early changes in the vascular wall in a subset of the bi-ethnic Atherosclerosis Risk in

Communities (ARIC) cohort. Investigators will use stored DNA samples to test genomic correlates of plaque characteristics and their ability to predict coronary heart disease and stroke.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$4,099,685 Total Funding to Date—\$4,099,685

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. University of Texas Health Science Center Houston, Texas —HL-075572

Bypass Angioplasty Revascularization Investigation in Type 2 Diabetics (BARI 2D), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

The purpose of this trial is to compare alternative treatment strategies for managing Type 2 diabetic patients with angiographically proven coronary artery disease and stable angina or ischemia. Revascularization combined with aggressive medical anti-ischemia treatment will be compared to aggressive medical anti-ischemia treatment alone; simultaneously, researchers will determine whether insulin-sensitizing drugs like metformin and the glitazones for controlling blood sugar levels offer any survival advantage over drugs that increase insulin levels. Twenty percent of the patients are from minority populations.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$8,265,037 Fiscal Years 2000-2003—\$27,288,936 Total Funding to Date—\$35,553,973

1. University of Pittsburgh Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	—HL-061744
2. St. Louis University St. Louis, Missouri	—HL-061746
3. Stanford University Stanford, California	—HL-061748
4. University of Vermont Burlington, Vermont	—HL-063804

Cardiovascular Outcomes in Renal Atherosclerotic Lesions (CORAL), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2004

The purpose of this study is to determine whether revascularization of a stenotic renal artery plus medical therapy is associated with improved clinical outcomes compared with medical therapy alone. Thirty percent of the participants will be black.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$4,343,389 Total Funding to Date—\$4,343,389

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Medical College of Ohio Toledo, Ohio	—HL-071556	
2. University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Minneapolis, Minneso	ta —HL-072734	
3. University of Virginia Charlottesville, Virginia	—HL-072735	
4. Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center		
Boston, Massachusetts	-HL-072736	

5. Brigham and Women's Hospital	
Boston, Massachusetts	-HL-072737

Center for Fetal Monkey Gene Transfer for Heart, Lung, and Blood Diseases, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2001

The purpose of this Center is to provide expertise, sources, and resources to NHLBI-supported investigators who wish to evaluate viral and nonviral gene transfer strategies in nonhuman primates.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$969,939 Fiscal Years 2001-2003—\$1,857,162 Total Funding to Date—\$2,827,101

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. University of California, Davis Davis, California —HL-069748

Dynamic Evaluation of Percutaneous Coronary Intervention, Initiated in Fiscal Year 1997

This program, which complements prior NHLBI percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA) registries and the New Approaches to Coronary Intervention Registry, is evaluating patterns of device usage, as well as immediate and follow-up outcomes in patients undergoing percutaneous transluminal coronary revascularization. Results will provide guidance to the cardiology community in selecting appropriate therapies and in designing clinical trials to evaluate competing devices.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$742,499 Fiscal Years 1997-2003—\$3,971,722 Total Funding to Date—\$4,714,221

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. University of PittsburghPittsburgh, Pennsylvania—HL-033292

Family Blood Pressure Program, Initiated in Fiscal Year 1995

The objectives of this program are to identify major genes associated with high blood pressure and to investigate the interactions between genetic and environmental determinants of hypertension in defined populations, many of which consist of specific minority groups. The study consists of collaborative networks that share technology, data, skills, biological materials, and population resources.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$8,433,080 Fiscal Years 1995-2003—\$76,405,079 Total Funding to Date—\$84,838,159

1. University of Michigan at Ann An	bor
Ann Arbor, Michigan	—HL-054457
2. University of Mississippi Medical	Center
Jackson, Mississippi	—HL-054463
3. Mayo Foundation Rochester, Minnesota	—HL-054464
4. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-054466

5. University of Utah Salt Lake City, Utah	—HL-054471
6. University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Minneapolis, Minnesota	—HL-054472
7. Washington University St. Louis, Missouri	—HL-054473
8. University of Texas Health Scienc Houston, Texas	e Center —HL-054481
9. Loyola University Medical Center Maywood, Illinois	—HL-054485
10. University of Alabama at Birmin Birmingham, Alabama	gham —HL-054495
11. University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Minneapolis, Minnesota	—HL-054496
12. Boston University Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-054497
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13. Staub Pacific Health Foundation Honolulu, Hawaii	Health Research Institute —HL-054498
13. Staub Pacific Health Foundation	—HL-054498
13. Staub Pacific Health Foundation Honolulu, Hawaii14. University of Texas Health Scien	—HL-054498 ice Center
13. Staub Pacific Health Foundation Honolulu, Hawaii14. University of Texas Health Scien Houston, Texas15. Medical College of Wisconsin	—HL-054498 ice Center —HL-054504 —HL-054508
 13. Staub Pacific Health Foundation Honolulu, Hawaii 14. University of Texas Health Scien Houston, Texas 15. Medical College of Wisconsin Milwaukee, Wisconsin 16. University of North Carolina at Content Content	—HL-054498 ice Center —HL-054504 —HL-054508 Chapel Hill —HL-054509
 13. Staub Pacific Health Foundation Honolulu, Hawaii 14. University of Texas Health Scien Houston, Texas 15. Medical College of Wisconsin Milwaukee, Wisconsin 16. University of North Carolina at C Chapel Hill, North Carolina 17. University of Michigan at Ann A 	 HL-054498 ce Center HL-054504 HL-054508 Chapel Hill HL-054509 rbor
 13. Staub Pacific Health Foundation Honolulu, Hawaii 14. University of Texas Health Scien Houston, Texas 15. Medical College of Wisconsin Milwaukee, Wisconsin 16. University of North Carolina at C Chapel Hill, North Carolina 17. University of Michigan at Ann A Ann Arbor, Michigan 18. University of Pittsburgh 	—HL-054498 ice Center —HL-054504 —HL-054508 Chapel Hill —HL-054509 rbor —HL-054512

Family Heart Study-Subclinical Atherosclerosis Network (FHS-SCAN),* Initiated in Fiscal Year 2001

The purpose of this program is to examine vascular calcification and inflammation in patients who have previously been examined and extensively genotyped by the NHLBI Family Heart Study, in order to identify genetic factors influencing susceptibility to coronary and aortic atherosclerosis and individual variability in the inflammatory response. The study includes approximately 600 blacks.

* Formerly called Genetics of Coronary and Aortic Calcification (GENCAC).

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$1,696,913 Fiscal Years 2001-2003—\$8,864,463 Total Funding to Date—\$10,561,376

1. University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Chapel Hill, North Carolina —HL-067893		
2. University of Utah Salt Lake City, Utah —HL-067894		
3. Wake Forest UniversityWinston-Salem, North Carolina—HL-067895		
4. Boston UniversityBoston, Massachusetts—HL-067896		
5. Wake Forest University Winston-Salem, North Carolina —HL-067897		
6. University of Alabama at Birmingham Birmingham, Alabama —HL-067898		
7. Washington UniversitySt. Louis, Missouri—HL-067899		
8. University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Minneapolis, Minnesota —HL-067900		
9. University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Minneapolis, Minnesota —HL-067901		
10. University of Texas Health Science Center Houston, Texas —HL-067902		

Genetics of Coronary Artery Disease in Alaskan Natives (GOCADAN), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

The purpose of this study is to document CVD and CVD risk factors in approximately 40 extended families (1,214 members from villages in Northern Alaska). Scientists seek to identify and characterize genes that contribute to CVD in this unique and understudied population.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$652,865 Fiscal Years 2000-2003—\$7,218,810 Total Funding to Date—\$7,871,675

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. MedStar Research InstituteWashington, DC—HL-064244

Girls Health Enrichment Multisite Studies (GEMS), Initiated in Fiscal Year 1999

The objective of this project is to develop and test interventions to prevent obesity by decreasing weight gain during the high-risk transitional period from prepuberty to puberty in black girls who are at risk for developing obesity. Phase 1 (developmental and pilot studies) was completed in FY 2002. Two sites began Phase 2 trials in FY 2003.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$2,399,948 Fiscal Years 2001-2003—\$12,698,544 Total Funding to Date—\$15,098,492

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. University of Memphis Memphis, Tennessee	—HL-062662
2. Stanford University Stanford, California	—HL-062663

Hematocrit Strategy in Infant Heart Surgery, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

The purpose of this study is to determine which hematocrit level—30 or 20 percent—provides the optimal degree of hemodilution during infant open heart surgery to repair congenital heart defects. Scientists will compare the effects of the two hematocrit levels with respect to cardiovascular and neurodevelopmental outcomes in the infants during the immediate postoperative period and at 1 year of age.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$492,411 Fiscal Years 2000-2003—\$2,215,845 Total Funding to Date—\$2,708,256

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Children's Hospital, Boston Boston, Massachusetts —HL-063411

Home Automatic External Defibrillator Trial (HAT), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2002

The purpose of this trial is to compare standard response (call 911 and give cardiopulmonary resuscitation) to sudden cardiac arrest to standard response augmented with automatic external defibrillator use provided by a spouse or other family member in 7,000 survivors of an anterior wall MI. The primary end point is mortality.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$4,263,755 Fiscal Years 2002-2003—\$8,999,887 Total Funding to Date—\$13,263,642

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Seattle Institute for Cardiac Research Seattle, Washington —HL-067972

IMMEDIATE Trial: Immediate Myocardial Metabolic Enhancement During Initial Assessment and Treatment in Emergency Care, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2004

The purpose of this program is to study the effects of early administration of glucose, insulin, and potassium (GIK) in reducing mortality in patients from acute coronary syndrome (ACS). Patients experiencing an ACS (including acute MI and unstable angina pectoris) will be treated with GIK as soon as possible in prehospital emergency medical service settings (EMS), or immediately upon arrival for those presenting to emergency departments (EDs).

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$5,170,411 Total Funding to Date—\$5,170,411

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. New England Medical Center Hospitals Boston, Massachusetts —HL-077821

2. New England Medical Center Hospitals Boston, Massachusetts —HL-077823

3. New England Medical Center Hospitals Boston, Massachusetts —HL-077826

Interaction of Genes and Environment in Shaping Risk Factors for Heart, Lung, Blood, and Sleep Disorders, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2002

The purpose of this study is to identify novel genes that interact with specific environmental exposures to modify risk factors for heart, lung, blood, and sleep disorders. The genetic aspects of response to environmental change and related biological mechanisms will be studied using short-term, focused interventions in families. Subgroups will be identified based on genotype that are most likely to benefit from targeted environmental changes designed to reduce the development or progression of heart, lung, blood, or sleep diseases.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$10,409,084 Fiscal Years 2002-2003—\$25,116,214 Total Funding to Date—\$35,525,298

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Tulane University
New Orleans, Louisiana—HL-072507

2. LSU Pennington Biomedical Research Center Baton Rouge, Louisiana —HL-072510

3. The Johns Hopkins University
Baltimore, Maryland—HL-072518

4. University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Minneapolis, Minnesota —HL-072524

5. University of Maryland Baltimore Professional School Baltimore, Maryland —HL-072525

Multidisciplinary Study of Right Ventricular Dysplasia, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2001

The purpose of this multidisciplinary, multicenter study is to investigate the cardiac, clinical, and genetic aspects of arrhythmogenic right ventricular dysplasia (ARVD). A North American

ARVD registry of patients and their families will be established. Researchers seek to identify chromosomal loci and specific genetic mutations associated with this disorder.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$1,473,384 Fiscal Years 2001-2003—\$4,778,935 Total Funding to Date—\$6,252,319

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. University of Arizona Tucson, Arizona	—HL-065594
2. Baylor College of Medicine Houston, Texas	—HL-065652
3. University of Rochester Rochester, New York	—HL-065961

Partnership Programs To Reduce Cardiovascular Health Disparities, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2004

The objectives of this study are to improve the provider and patient approaches to treatment of hypertension and diabetes, modify physician related barriers to minority enrollment in clinical trials, and improve patient adherence to treatment plans.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$6,468,544 Total Funding to Date—\$6,468,544

1. Bon Secours Hospital Baltimore,	Inc.
Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-079150
2. University of Maryland Baltimore	Professional School
Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-079151
3. Queen's Medical Center Honolulu, Hawaii	—HL-079152
4. Cooper Green Hospital (Birmingh	nam)
Birmingham, Alabama	—HL-079153
5. Emory University	

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Atlanta, Georgia	—HL-079156

6. Denver Health and Hospital Authority Denver, Colorado —HL-079160

7. University of Hawaii at Manoa Honolulu, Hawaii —HL-079163

8. University of Alabama at Birmingham Birmingham, Alabama —HL-079171

9. University of Colorado Health Sciences Center Denver, Colorado —HL-079208

10. Morehouse School of MedicineAtlanta, Georgia—HL-079214

11. Jackson Hinds Comprehensive Health Center Jackson, Mississippi —HL-079378

12. University of Mississippi Medical Center Jackson, Mississippi —HL-079458

Pediatric Cardiovascular Clinical Research Network, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2001

See Chapter 11. Clinical Trials.

Pharmacogenetics Research Network, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2001

The purpose of this study is to establish a network to systematically evaluate candidate genes that may influence pharmacologic response to drug treatments for arrhythmia, heart failure, hypertension, and lipid disorders. Investigators seek to identify gene polymorphisms capable of predicting drug toxicity and efficacy. One of the projects has 50 percent minority participation.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$8,185,611 Fiscal Years 2001-2003—\$25,021,286 Total Funding to Date—\$33,206,897

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

 Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee —HL-065962
 Children's Hospital and Research Center at Oakland Oakland, California —HL-069757
 University of California,

San Diego La Jolla, California —HL-069758

Preventing Overweight Using Novel Dietary Strategies (POUNDS LOST), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2003

The purpose of this study is to compare the effects of four diets low in saturated fat and differing in macronutrient composition on weight loss and its maintenance in 800 overweight or obese adults. The diet consists of moderate fat (35 percent energy) or low fat (20 percent energy) with two different protein levels (15 and 25 percent). Approximately 20 percent of the participants will be minority.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$1,687,588 Fiscal Year 2003—\$1,211,724 Total Funding to Date—\$2,899,312

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Harvard School of Public Health	
Boston, Massachusetts	-HL-073286

Programs of Excellence in Gene Therapy, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

The objective of these programs is to create an environment that will enable rapid translation of preclinical studies in cardiovascular, pulmonary, and hematologic diseases into human pilot experiments. In addition, the programs are offering training at the interface between basic science and clinical application. Six national cores provide access to specialized services, such as generating vectors for clinical use, performing morphologically based studies, producing and processing hematopoietic stem cells, and performing primate transplantation studies.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$11,979,088 Fiscal Years 2000-2003—\$49,160,962 Total Funding to Date—\$61,140,050

1. University of Washington Seattle, Washington	—HL-066947
2. Stanford University Stanford, California	—HL-066948
3. University of Pittsburgh Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	—HL-066949
4. Weill Medical College of Cornel New York, New York	l University —HL-066952

5. Weill Medical College of Cornell University New York, New York —HL-067738

Programs of Genomic Applications (PGAs) for Heart, Lung, and Blood Diseases, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

The goal of this program is to develop information, tools, and resources to link genes to biological function. Specifically, researchers seek to identify human genes relevant to heart, lung, blood, and sleep functions. In addition, the PGAs will establish training programs for NHLBI-supported investigators in the use of genomic information and technologies.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$18,604,345 Fiscal Years 2000-2003—\$147,177,847 Total Funding to Date—\$165,782,192

1. Medical College of Wisconsin Milwaukee, Wisconsin	—HL-066579
2. Institute for Genomic Research Rockville, Maryland	—HL-066580
3. Harvard University School of Mer Boston, Massachusetts	dicine —HL-066582
4. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-066583
5. University of California, San Fran San Francisco, California	icisco —HL-066600
6. Jackson Laboratory Bar Harbor, Maine	—HL-066611
7. Institute for Genomic Research Rockville, Maryland	—HL-066619
8. J. David Gladstone Institutes San Francisco, California	—HL-066621
9. Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Seattle, Washington	Center —HL-066642
10. Massachusetts General Hospital Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-066678

11. University of California, Berkley L Berkeley, California –	Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory —HL-066681
12. University of Washington Seattle, Washington –	–HL-066682
13. Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts –	-HL-066795
14. University of Arizona Tucson, Arizona –	-HL-066801
15. Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts –	-HL-066804
16. Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts –	-HL-066805
17. University of Arizona Tucson, Arizona –	-HL-066806
18. University of Texas Southwestern D Dallas, Texas –	Medical Center –HL-066880

Resuscitation Outcome Improvement Consortium, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2004

The purpose of this program is to establish a resuscitation research consortium to conduct clinical research in the areas of cardiopulmonary arrest and traumatic injury leading to arrest. The consortium will enable investigators to conduct multiple collaborative trials to expedite the translation of promising scientific and clinical advances to improve resuscitation outcomes.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$6,886,109 Total Funding to Date—\$6,886,109

1. University of Washington Seattle, Washington	—HL-077863
2. University of Iowa Iowa City, Iowa	—HL-077865
3. Medical College of Wisconsin Milwaukee, Wisconsin	—HL-077866
4. University of Washington Seattle, Washington	—HL-077867

5. University of Pittsburgh Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	—HL-077871
6. St. Michael's Hospital Toronto, Ontario	—HL-077872
7. Oregon Health & Science University	ity
Portland, Oregon	—HL-077873
8. University of Alabama at Birming	ham
Birmingham, Alabama	—HL-077881
9. Ottawa Health Research Institute Ottawa, Ontario	—HL-077885
10. University of Texas Southwester	n Medical
Center Dallas, Texas	—HL-077887
11. University of California, San Die	ego
La Jolla, California	—HL-077908

Stop Atherosclerosis in Native Diabetics Study (SANDS), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2002

This study will address the high incidence of cardiovascular disease in a population with a high prevalence of diabetes, but relatively low levels of LDL cholesterol and blood pressure. It will compare aggressive lowering of LDL cholesterol and blood pressure to the usual care standard.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$2,106,653 Fiscal Year 2003—\$4,574,684 Total Funding to Date—\$6,681,337

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. MedStar Research InstituteWashington, DC—HL-067031

Strong Heart Study, Initiated in Fiscal Year 1988

The objectives of this study are to survey CVD morbidity and mortality rates among three geographically diverse groups of American Indians and to estimate their levels of CVD risk factors. Phases II and III of the cohort study extended surveillance of community mortality and assessed development of CVD and changes in CVD risk factors. In Phase III, investigators added a substudy of asthma and a pilot family study. The purpose of Phase IV is to enlarge the family study to 120 families comprising 3,600 members to investigate genetic and environmental contributors of CVD.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$3,154,859 Fiscal Years 1988-2003—\$43,283,445 Total Funding to Date—\$46,438,304

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. MedStar Research Institute Washington, DC	—HL-041642
2. Missouri Breaks Research, Inc. Timberlake, South Dakota	—HL-041652
3. University of Oklahoma Health S	Sciences Center
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	—HL-041654
4. Southwest Foundation for Biome	edical Research
San Antonio, Texas	—HL-065520
5. Weill Medical College of Cornel	l University
New York, New York	—HL-065521

Surgical Treatment for Ischemic Heart Failure (STICH), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2002

The purpose of this clinical trial is: to determine whether CABG plus intensive medical therapy improves long-term survival of patients with heart failure and left ventricular (LV) dysfunction who have coronary artery disease amenable to surgical revascularization, compared to medical therapy alone; and to determine whether CABG plus surgical ventricular restoration to a more normal LV size improves survival free of subsequent hospitalizations of patients with anterior LV dysfunction, compared to CABG alone.

Obligations:

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$1,613,238 Fiscal Years 2002-2003—\$12,251,409 Total Funding to Date—\$13,864,647

1. Thomas Jefferson University Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	—HL-069009
2. Mayo Clinic Rochester, Minnesota	—HL-069010
3. Duke University Durham, North Carolina	—HL-069011

4. Northwestern University Chicago, Illinois	—HL-069012
5. Duke University Durham, North Carolina	—HL-069013
6. Duke University Durham, North Carolina	—HL-069015
7. University of Southern California Los Angeles, California	—HL-072683

Trial of Activity for Adolescent Girls (TAAG), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

See Chapter 11. Clinical Trials.

Weight Loss Maintenance (WLM), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2003

The purpose of this multicenter trial is to evaluate the effectiveness of two strategies to maintain weight loss for 2½ years in approximately 800 overweight or obese adults. Individuals who are taking medication for hypertension of dyslipidemia or who are diabetic will enter a 6-month weight program. Those who lose at least 9 pounds will be randomized into one of three groups: one that provides monthly personal contacts with a trained interventionist, primarily by telephone; one that provides frequent contacts through an interactive Web-based program; or usual care. Forty percent of the participants will be black.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$4,367,750 Fiscal Year 2003—\$3,686,738 Total Funding to Date—\$8,054,488

1. Center for Health Research Portland, Oregon	—HL-068676
2. Duke Hypertensive Center Durham, North Carolina	—HL-068734
3. Center for Health Research Portland, Oregon	—HL-068790
4. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-068920
5. LSU Pennington Biomedical Res Baton Rouge, Louisiana	earch Center —HL-068955

Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2001

The purpose of this study is to extend the follow-up of WISE patients to determine the incremental long-term prognostic value of novel testing developed in WISE, develop sex-specific incremental outcome models to evaluate the prognostic value of female reproductive variables, and maintain a WISE database and infrastructure to facilitate further investigations into the mechanisms underlying ischemic syndromes in women.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$1,302,449 Fiscal Years 2001-2003—\$4,314,911 Total Funding to Date—\$5,617,360

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. University of Pittsburgh Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	—HL-064829
2. University of Florida	

Gainesville, Florida —HL-064924

Lung Diseases Program

Asthma Clinical Research Network (ACRN) Phase II, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2003

The objective of ACRN Phase I was to establish a network of interactive asthma clinical research groups to assess novel treatment methods and to ensure that findings on optimal management of patients with asthma are rapidly disseminated to practitioners and health care professionals. A new program was funded in 2003 as a result of a national competition for participation in the successful 10-year-old asthma clinical research network. The minority patient population will be approximately 33 percent for each protocol.

Obligations

Funding History:

Fiscal Year 2004—\$8,424,129 Fiscal Year 2003—\$8,181,429 Total Funding to Date—\$16,605,558

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. National Jewish Medical and Research Center Denver, Colorado —HL-074073

2. University of California, San Francisco San Francisco, California —HL-074204

3. University of Pittsburgh Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	—HL-074206
4. Washington University St. Louis, Missouri	—HL-074208
5. University of Wisconsin Madison, Wisconsin	—HL-074212
6. University of California, San Diego La Jolla, California	—HL-074218
7. Wake Forest University Winston-Salem, North Carolina	—HL-074225
8. Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-074227
9. Pennsylvania State University Hershey, Pennsylvania	—HL-074231

Centers for Reducing Asthma Disparities, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2002

The purpose of this study is to establish cooperative centers of research to reduce asthma disparities between whites and minorities and economically disadvantaged populations. The mission of the centers, comprising partnerships between minority servicing medical institutions and research-intensive institutions, is to promote interdisciplinary investigation of factors that contribute to disparities in asthma, accelerate development and evaluation of strategies to promote effective asthma management among minority and economically disadvantaged populations, encourage training and career development for minority clinical research investigators, and improve the effectiveness of NHLBI-supported research-intensive institutions in developing and sustaining culturally appropriate research and demonstration activities on reducing disparities.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$5,217,367 Fiscal Years 2002-2003—\$12,051,824 Total Funding to Date—\$17,269,191

1. Meharry Medical College Nashville, Tennessee	
2. Howard University Washington, DC	
3. Rhode Island Hospital Providence, Rhode Island	

4. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland		
5. Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee	—HL-072471	
6. Northwestern University Chicago, Illinois	—HL-072478	
7. Hektoen Institute for Medical Research Chicago, Illinois —HL-072496		
8. University of Puerto Rico Medical Sciences		

San Juan, Puerto Rico —HL-072519

Childhood Asthma Management Program-Continuation Study (CAMP-CS)/Phase 2, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2003

The objectives of this observational study are to follow the original CAMP cohort for 4 more years into early adulthood to determine the effects of long-term (3.5 to 5.5 years) corticosteroid therapy, started at ages 5 to 12, on outcomes of pulmonary function, height, bone density, and clinical course of asthma; 31 percent of the participants are from minority groups.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$2,043,311 Fiscal Year 2003—\$1,489,491 Total Funding to Date—\$3,532,802

 Washington University St. Louis, Missouri 	—HL-075232	
2. Hospital for Sick Children Toronto, Ontario	—HL-075407	
3. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-075408	
4. Asthma, Inc. Seattle, Washington	—HL-075409	
5. University of California, San Diego La Jolla, California —HL-075415		
6. National Jewish Medical and Res Denver, Colorado	search Center —HL-075416	

7. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-075417
8. Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-075419
9. University of New Mexico Albuquerque, New Mexico	—HL-075420

Childhood Asthma Research and Education (CARE) Network, Initiated in Fiscal Year 1999

See Chapter 11. Clinical Trials.

Collaborative Program in Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia, Initiated in Fiscal Year 1999

The objectives of this program are to support a multi-institutional collaborative research effort, by providing a well-defined model of prematurity and bronchopulmonary dysplasia to investigators, and to study mechanisms of lung pathobiology that underlie development of chronic lung disease of prematurity.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$5,166,906 Fiscal Years 1999-2003—\$21,135,687 Total Funding to Date—\$26,302,593

1. Southwest Foundation for Biomed	lical Research
San Antonio, Texas	—HL-052636
2. Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-052638
3. University of California, San Fran	cisco
San Francisco, California	—HL-056061
4. National Jewish Medical and Rese	earch Center
Denver, Colorado	—HL-056263
5. Barnes Jewish Hospital St. Louis, Missouri	—HL-063387
6. National Jewish Medical and Rese	earch Center
Denver, Colorado	—HL-063397

7. University of Texas Southwestern	Medical Center
Dallas, Texas	—HL-063399
8. University of Rochester Rochester, New York	—HL-063400
9. Children's Hospital of Philadelphi	a
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	—HL-075900
10. Children's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-075904

COPD Clinical Research Network, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2003

See Chapter 11. Clinical Trials.

Early Antipseudomonal Therapy in Cystic Fibrosis, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2004

The purpose of this study is to determine a safe, effective, and systematic approach for treating young children (1 to 12 years) with cystic fibrosis who are found to be infected with Pseudomonas aemginosa (Pa). The goal is to intervene with antipseudomonal therapy at the first isolation of Pa to delay or prevent chronic infections that lead to irreversible lung destruction.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$1,064,237 Total Funding to Date—\$1,064,237

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Children's Hospital and Regional Medical Center Seattle, Washington —HL-080310

Inhaled Nitric Oxide for the Prevention of Chronic Lung Disease, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

The objective of this clinical trial is to determine whether low-dose inhaled nitric oxide (NO), administered within the first 48 hours of life to premature newborns (weighing between 500 and 1,250 grams) with respiratory failure requiring mechanical ventilation, will prevent development of chronic lung disease.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$1,245,274 Fiscal Years 2000-2003—\$6,968,259 Total Funding to Date—\$8,213,533

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. The Children's Hospital University of Colorado Denver, Colorado —HL-064857

Inhaled Nitric Oxide in Prevention of Chronic Lung Disease, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

The objective of this clinical trial is to determine whether low-dose inhaled NO, administered to preterm infants (weighing between 500 and 1,250 grams) who continue to require mechanical ventilation at 14 days of age, will reduce the incidence of chronic lung disease.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$903,335 Fiscal Years 2000-2003—\$6,732,859 Total Funding to Date—\$7,636,194

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania —HL-062514

Linkage Study in Familial Pulmonary Fibrosis, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

The purpose of this study is to identify a group of genetic loci that may subsequently prove to contain novel genes involved in the development of familial pulmonary fibrosis. Investigators will use standard genetic methodology (linkage analysis) to determine the distribution of polymorphisms for genetic markers in families with familial pulmonary fibrosis.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$714,001 Fiscal Years 2000-2003—\$2,755,951 Total Funding to Date—\$3,469,952

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Duke UniversityDurham, North Carolina—HL-067467

Pharmacogenetics of Asthma Treatment, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

The objective of this project is to bring together research experts in asthma, epidemiology, statistics, bio-informatics, physiology, clinical trials, genetics, and genomics to focus on the pharmacogenetics of asthma treatment.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$0 Fiscal Years 2000-2003—\$10,847,376 Total Funding to Date—\$10,847,376

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Brigham and Women's HospitalBoston, Massachusetts—HL-065899

Blood Diseases and Resources

Blood and Marrow Transplant Clinical Research Network, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2001

See Chapter 11. Clinical Trials.

Functional Outcomes in Cardiovascular Patients Undergoing Surgical Hip Fracture Repair (FOCUS), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2003

The purpose of this trial is to test whether a more aggressive transfusion strategy that maintains postoperative Hgb levels above 10 g/dl improves functional outcome in cardiovascular patients who are over age 50 and undergoing surgical hip fracture surgery compared to a more conservative strategy that withholds blood transfusion until the patient develops symptoms of anemia.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$1,795,724 Fiscal Year 2003—\$1,639,478 Total Funding to Date—\$3,435,202

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Robert Wood Johnson Medical School, University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey Piscataway, New Jersey —HL-073958

2. Maryland Medical Research Institute, Inc. Baltimore, Maryland —HL-074815

Induction of Stable Chimerism for Sickle Cell Anemia, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2001

The purpose of this study is to investigate a transplant procedure for SCD that significantly reduces the toxicity of allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplantation while retaining its therapeutic benefit.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$550,666 Fiscal Years 2001-2003—\$1,541,037 Total Funding to Date—\$2,091,703

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Children's Hospital Oakland Oakland, California —HL-068091

Reference Laboratory to Evaluate Therapies for Sickle Cell Disease, Initiated Fiscal Year 1997

The purpose of this study is to establish a reference laboratory that will evaluate potentially useful compounds for the treatment of SCD.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$409,694 Fiscal Years 1997-2003*—\$1,437,153 Total Funding to Date—\$1,846,847

* Became U01 in 2001.

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Philadelphia, Pennsylvania —HL-058930

Sibling Donor Cord Blood Banking and Transplantation, Initiated in Fiscal Year 2001

The purpose of this study is to establish a cord blood bank for collecting sibling donor cord blood in families that currently have a child with sickle cell anemia or thalassemia with the intent of future transplantation.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$1,352,571 Fiscal Years 2001-2003—\$3,731,256 Total Funding to Date—\$5,083,827

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Children's Hospital Oakland Oakland, California —HL-061877

Stroke Prevention in Sickle Cell Anemia (STOP 2), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2000

The purpose of this study is to optimize, in high-risk patients with sickle cell anemia, the primary prevention strategy proven effective in STOP. Ninety-eight percent of the patients are expected to come from minority populations.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$2,366,346 Fiscal Years 2000-2003—\$13,147,352 Total Funding to Date—\$15,513,698

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. New England Research Institutes, Inc. Watertown, Massachusetts —HL-052016

2. Medical College of Georgia Augusta, Georgia —HL-052193

Thalassemia (Cooley's Anemia) Clinical Research Network

See Chapter 11. Clinical Trials.

Transfusion Medicine/Hemostasis Clinical Research Network

See Chapter 11. Clinical Trials.

National Center on Sleep Disorders Research

Apnea Positive Pressure Long-Term Efficacy Study (APPLES), Initiated in Fiscal Year 2002

The purpose of this study is to evaluate the effectiveness of continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) therapy to provide significant, stable, and long-term neurocognitive or other benefits to patients with obstructive sleep apnea (OSA). Investigators will identify specific neurocognitive deficits associated with OSA and determine which ones are reversible and most sensitive to the effects of CPAP therapy.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$3,109,570 Fiscal Year 2002-2003—\$6,244,439 Total Funding to Date—\$9,354,009

Current Active Organization and Grant Number

1. Stanford UniversityStanford, California—HL-068060

Sleep Heart Health Study, Initiated in Fiscal Year 1999

The purpose of this multicenter observational study is to determine the degree to which sleep apnea is an independent or contributing risk factor for the development of cardiovascular or cerebrovascular disease.

Obligations

Funding History: Fiscal Year 2004—\$1,477,676 Fiscal Years 1999-2003—\$16,631,681 Total Funding to Date—\$18,109,357

1. University of California, Davis Davis, California	—HL-053916
2. New York University Medical Ce New York, New York	enter —HL-053931
3. University of Minnesota, Twin Ci Minneapolis, Minnesota	ities —HL-053934
4. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-053937
5. University of Arizona Tucson, Arizona	—HL-053938
6. Boston University Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-053941
7. Missouri Breaks Research, Inc. Timberlake, South Dakota	—HL-063429
8. Case Western Reserve University Cleveland, Ohio	—HL-063463
9. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-064360
10. University of Pittsburgh Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	—HL-077813

NHLBI Research Centers (P50, U54, P30) Programs

Specialized Centers of Research (P50) and Specialized Centers of Clinically Oriented Research (P50) Programs

The NHLBI initiated the Specialized Centers of Research (SCOR) program in 1971 to encourage translational research—converting basic science findings to the clinic—in high priority areas. The SCOR concept emphasizes multidisciplinary research (i.e., basic science and clinical investigations) on diseases relevant to the Institute's mission. In 2002, the NHLBI revised the SCOR program—primarily on recommendation from the NHLBAC—to place more emphasis on clinical research projects. The newly developed SCCOR program still requires clinical and basic scientists to work together on a unified theme, but now requires at least 50 percent of the projects to be clinical. Listed below is the funding history for the individual SCORs/SCCORs supported by the Institute.

Area of Concentration	Period of Operation	Prior to FY 2004	FY 2004	Total to Date
Heart and Vascular Diseases Program	Operation	F1 2004	F I 2004	Date
Ischemic Heart Disease in Blacks	1995-	\$24,334	\$3,083	\$27,417
Ischemic Heart Disease, Sudden Cardiac Death, Heart Failure	1995-	128,615	14,473	143,088
Molecular Genetics of Hypertension	1996-	72,661	9,973	82,634
Molecular Medicine and Atherosclerosis	1997-	51,852	8,383	60,235
Pediatric Heart Development and Disease (SCCOR)	2004-	0	13,245	13,245
Subtotal, Heart and Vascular Diseases Program		277,462	49,157	326,619
Lung Diseases Program				
Airway Biology and Pathogenesis of Cystic Fibrosis	1988-	55,246	3,512	58,758
Cellular and Molecular Mechanisms of Asthma	1996-	87,237	15,650	102,887
Pathobiology of Fibrotic Lung Disease	1997-	33,727	5,296	39,023
Pathobiology of Lung Development	1996-	55,268	7,404	62,672
Translational Research in Acute Lung Injury (SCCOR)	2003-	11,502	11,824	23,326
Subtotal, Lung Diseases Program		242,980	43,686	286,666
Blood Diseases and Resources Program				
Hematopoietic Stem Cell Biology	1995-	40,026	5,742	45,768
Hemostatic and Thrombotic Disorders	1996-	162,439	7,393	169,832
Transfusion Biology and Medicine	1996-	58,839	3,256	62,095
Subtotal, Blood Diseases and Resources Program		261,304	16,391	277,695
National Center on Sleep Disorders Research Neurobiology				
of Sleep and Sleep Apnea	1998-	29,030	6,072	35,102
Subtotal, National Center on Sleep Disorders Research		29,030	6,072	35,102
Total, Specialized Centers of Research (P50)		\$810,776	\$115,306	\$926,082

Obligations (Dollars in Thousands)

Heart and Vascular Diseases Program

Ischemic Heart Disease in Blacks

The purpose of this SCOR is to promote interdisciplinary study of issues surrounding ischemic heart disease in blacks. Investigators are using molecular, cellular, and genetic studies; animal experiments; and human studies to advance knowledge in this area.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$3,083,183

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Boston University Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-055993
2. Medical College of Wisconsin Milwaukee, Wisconsin	—HL-065203

Ischemic Heart Disease, Sudden Cardiac Death, Heart Failure

The purpose of this SCOR is to elucidate the etiology and pathophysiology of these diseases at the molecular, cellular, and tissue levels and to translate research findings into improved diagnosis, treatment, and prevention.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$14,473,066

1. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-052307
2. University of Cincinnati Cincinnati, Ohio	—HL-052318
3. University of California, Los Ang Los Angeles, California	eles —HL-052319
4. Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-052320
5. University of Utah Salt Lake City, Utah	—HL-052338
6. University of California, San Dieg La Jolla, California	go —HL-053773
7. Baylor College of Medicine Houston, Texas	

8. New England Medical Center	
Boston, Massachusetts	-HL-063494
9. Harvard University	

Boston, Massachusetts —HL-063609

Molecular Genetics of Hypertension

The purpose of this SCOR is to elucidate the etiology and pathogenesis of hypertension and to translate the knowledge into improved diagnosis and management of the disease.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$9,972,655

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Medical College of Wisconsin Milwaukee, Wisconsin	—HL-054998
2. Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-055000
3. Boston University Medical Cent Boston, Massachusetts	er —HL-055001
4. University of Iowa Hospitals Iowa City, Iowa	—HL-055006
5. Yale University School of Media New Haven, Connecticut	cine —HL-055007

Molecular Medicine and Atherosclerosis

The goal of this SCOR is to advance understanding of the etiology and pathobiology of the atherosclerotic lesion at the molecular level through modern methods and approaches of molecular medicine. Some of the subprojects have a large minority patient population.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$8,382,971

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Columbia University	
New York, New York	—HL-056984

2. Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts —HL-056985

3. University of California, San Diego La Jolla, California —HL-056989

4. University of Pennsylvania	
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	-HL-070128

Pediatric Heart Development and Disease

The purpose of this SCCOR is to foster multidisciplinary collaborations so that basic research advances can be translated rapidly to clinical care for children with heart disease. Research focus ranges from the genetic basis of heart valve disease to clinical trials of novel surgical strategies for congenital heart disease repair and immune modulation in pediatric heart transplantation. Two of the centers will have Clinical Research Skills Development Cores to train fellows and junior faculty in clinical research methods.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$13,244,817

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Children's Hospital Medical Center	
Cincinnati, Ohio	-HL-074728
2. Children's Hospital of Philade	elphia

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania —HL-074731

3. University of Pittsburgh Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	—HL-074732
4. Children's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-074734

Lung Diseases Program

Airway Biology and Pathogenesis of Cystic Fibrosis

The goals of this SCOR are to investigate the basic mechanisms underlying cystic fibrosis, develop new hypotheses, and apply innovative strategies for approaching clinical and fundamental issues.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$3,512,149

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Chapel Hill, North Carolina —HL-060280

2. University of Iowa Iowa City, Iowa —HL-061234

Cellular and Molecular Mechanisms of Asthma

The objective of this SCOR is to apply critical science and technology to increase understanding of cellular and molecular mechanisms of asthma, including those mechanisms underlying the biological impact of environmental factors.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$15,649,934

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. University of New Mexico Albuquerque, New Mexico	—HL-056384	
2. University of California, San Fran San Francisco, California	ncisco —HL-056385	
3. University of Wisconsin Madison, Wisconsin	—HL-056396	
4. University of Chicago Chicago, Illinois	—HL-056399	
5. Washington University St. Louis, Missouri	—HL-056419	
6. University of Pennsylvania Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	—HL-067663	
7. Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center Boston, Massachusetts —HL-067664		
8. University of Arizona Tucson, Arizona	—HL-067672	
9. Stanford University Stanford, California	—HL-067674	

Pathobiology of Fibrotic Lung Disease

The purpose of this SCOR is to study cellular and molecular mechanisms involved in transition from inflammatory events associated with early fibrotic disease to later processes involving wound healing, repair, and fibrosis.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$5,295,879

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. University of Michigan at Ann Arbor Ann Arbor, Michigan —HL-056402

2. University of California, Los Angeles Los Angeles, California —HL-067665

3. National Jewish Center for Immunology and Respiratory Diseases, Denver, Colorado —HL-067671

Pathobiology of Lung Development

The objective of this SCOR is to foster multidisciplinary research enabling basic science findings to be rapidly applied to clinical problems related to lung development. The program focuses on identification of the molecular variables involved in lung development and assessment of the impact of injury during critical periods.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$7,403,692

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Children's Hospital Medica	l Center
Cincinnati, Ohio	—HL-056387
2. Children's Hospital of Phila	delphia
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	—HL-056401
3. University of Colorado Hea	lth Sciences Center
Denver, Colorado	—HL-057144

4. Children's Hospital of Boston Boston, Massachusetts —HL-067669

Translational Research in Acute Lung Injury

The purpose of this SCCOR is to foster multidisciplinary research to improve the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of acute lung injury and its more severe form—adult respiratory distress syndrome. This program includes phase II clinical trials and studies of molecular mechanisms of inflammation and coagulation, gene and protein expression, and cell and animal models of lung injury.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$11,824,005

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland	—HL-073994	
2. University of Washington Seattle, Washington	—HL-073996	
3. University of California, San Francisco, California	ancisco —HL-074005	
4. University of Michigan at Ann Arbor		
Ann Arbor, Michigan	-HL-074024	

Blood Diseases and Resources Program

Hematopoietic Stem Cell Biology

The goal of this SCOR is to advance knowledge of basic stem cell biology in areas of stem cell isolation, quantitation by in vivo assay, in vitro and in vivo growth and replication, gene insertion, and engraftment.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$5,741,924

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Dana Farber Cancer InstituteBoston, Massachusetts—HL-054785

2. Children's Hospital Los Angeles, California —HL-054850

3. Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center Seattle, Washington —HL-054881

Hemostatic and Thrombotic Disorders

The purpose of this SCOR is to investigate pathogenic mechanisms involved in human thrombotic disease and to develop improved methods for its diagnosis and treatment. One of the studies has a large minority patient population.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$7,392,619

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Mt. Sinai School of Medicine New York, New York —HL-054469

2. University of Pennsylvania Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	—HL-054500
3. University of Oklahoma Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	—HL-054502
4. Baylor College of Medicine Houston, Texas	—HL-065967

Transfusion Biology and Medicine

The purpose of this SCOR is to foster new approaches for improving the availability, efficacy, safety, and quality of blood and blood products for therapeutic uses. One of the centers has a large minority population.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$3,255,812

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. New York Blood CenterNew York, New York—HL-054459

2. University of California, San Francisco San Francisco, California —HL-054476

National Center on Sleep Disorders Research

Neurobiology of Sleep and Sleep Apnea

The objective of this SCOR is to integrate molecular, cellular, and genetic approaches to sleep control with clinical investigations on the etiology and pathogenesis of sleep disorders, particularly sleep apnea.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$6,071,676

1. University of Pennsylvania Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	—HL-060287	
2. Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-060292	
3. University of California, Los Angeles		
Los Angeles, California	—HL-060296	

Comprehensive Sickle Cell Centers (U54) Program

The Comprehensive Sickle Cell Centers (CSCC) were instituted in FY 1972 to bridge the gap between research and service by combining basic and clinical research, clinical trials and applications training, and community service projects into one program. The patients recruited for the clinical studies are primarily from minority populations.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$21,010,342

Current Active Organizations and Grant Numbers

1. Children's Hospital and Research	Center
Oakland, California	—HL-070583
2. Thomas Jefferson University Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	—HL-070585
3. Rho Federal Systems Division, Inc	с.
Chapel Hill, North Carolina	—HL-070587
4. University of Texas Southwestern	Medical Center
Dallas, Texas	—HL-070588
5. St. Jude Children's Research Hosp	pital
Memphis, Tennessee	—HL-070590
6. University of Southern California Los Angeles, California	—HL-070595
7. Children's Hospital of Philadelphi	a
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	—HL-070596
8. Duke University Durham, North Carolina	—HL-070769
9. Boston Medical Center Boston, Massachusetts	—HL-070819
10. Children's Hospital Research Ce	nter
Cincinnati, Ohio	—HL-070871
11. Yeshiva University New York, New York	—HL-070994

Centers for AIDS Research (P30) Program

The NHLBI, along with five other NIH Institutes, contributes to the support of six Centers for AIDS Research that were established to provide a multidisciplinary environment that promotes basic, clinical, behavioral, and translational research activities in the prevention, detection, and

treatment of HIV infection and AIDS. Almost half of the patient population comes from minority groups.

Obligations

Fiscal Year 2004—\$2,645,483

1. New York University School of M	fedicine
New York, New York	—AI-27742
2. University of Washington Seattle, Washington	—AI-27757
3. University of California, San Fran	cisco
San Francisco, California	—AI-27763
4. University of Alabama at Birming	ham
Birmingham, Alabama	—AI-27767
5. University of California, Los Ang	eles
Los Angeles, California	—AI-28697
6. Baylor University Houston, Texas	—AI-36211
7. University of California, San Dieg	go
La Jolla, California	—AI-36214
8. Case Western Reserve University Cleveland, Ohio	—AI-36219
9. University of Massachusetts Medi	cal School
Worcester, Massachusetts	—AI-42845
10. Miriam Hospital Providence, Rhode Island	—AI-42853
13. The Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland	—AI-42855
12. University of Pennsylvania Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	—AI-45008
13. Emory University Atlanta, Georgia	—AI-50409
14. University of North Carolina at C	Chapel Hill
Chapel Hill, North Carolina	—AI-50410

15. Yeshiva University New York, New York	—AI-51519
16. University of Colorado Health S Denver, Colorado	Ciences Center —AI-54907
17. Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee	—AI-54999
18. Harvard Medical School Boston, Massachusetts	—AI-60354