

Percent of the Total Population Who Are White Alone: 2006

Universe: Total population

Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey

Survey: 2006 American Community Survey, 2006 Puerto Rico Community Survey

Geographic Area: United States and States

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Rank	State	Percent	Margin of Error
1	Vermont	96.3	+/-0.1
2	Maine	95.8	+/-0.3
3	New Hampshire	95.1	+/-0.2
4	West Virginia	94.6	+/-0.1
5	Iowa	93	+/-0.1
6	Idaho	92.5	+/-0.3
7	Wyoming	91.8	+/-0.4
8	North Dakota	91	+/-0.2
9	Montana	89.7	+/-0.2
10	Kentucky	89.5	+/-0.1
11	Utah	89.1	+/-0.3
12	Nebraska	88.6	+/-0.3
13	Minnesota	87.8	+/-0.1
14	Wisconsin	87.5	+/-0.1
15	South Dakota	87.2	+/-0.2
16	Oregon	86.1	+/-0.3
17	Indiana	86	+/-0.1
18	Kansas	85.4	+/-0.3
19	Missouri	84	+/-0.1
19	Ohio	84	+/-0.1
21	Pennsylvania	83.8	+/-0.1
22	Colorado	82.8	+/-0.3
22	Massachusetts	82.8	+/-0.2
24	Rhode Island	82.6	+/-0.5
25	Washington	80.5	+/-0.2
26	Connecticut	79.9	+/-0.3
27	Michigan	79.5	+/-0.1
28	Tennessee	79.2	+/-0.1
29	Arkansas	78.6	+/-0.2
30	Arizona	76.9	+/-0.3
31	Florida	76.1	+/-0.1

32	Oklahoma	75.4	+/-0.2
	United States	73.9	+/-0.1
33	Nevada	73.6	+/-0.5
34	Delaware	72.1	+/-0.4
35	Virginia	70.8	+/-0.1
36	Illinois	70.7	+/-0.2
37	Alabama	70.4	+/-0.1
38	North Carolina	70.3	+/-0.1
39	Texas	69.8	+/-0.2
40	New Jersey	69.6	+/-0.2
41	Alaska	68.7	+/-0.4
42	New Mexico	67.8	+/-0.6
43	South Carolina	67.3	+/-0.1
44	New York	66.4	+/-0.1
45	Louisiana	64.4	+/-0.1
46	Georgia	62.1	+/-0.1
47	Maryland	61.3	+/-0.2
48	Mississippi	60.1	+/-0.1
49	California	59.8	+/-0.2
50	District of Columbia	34.5	+/-0.6
51	Hawaii	26.3	+/-0.2
	Puerto Rico	75.4	+/-0.4

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for this estimate is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be determined.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.