GCT1702: Percent of Related Children Under 18 Years Below Poverty Level in the Past 12 N Universe: Related children under 18 years Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey

Survey: 2006 American Community Survey, 2006 Puerto Rico Community Survey Geographic Area: United States -- States; and Puerto Rico

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and (Methodology.

Geographic area	Percent
United States	17.9
Alabama	22.7
Alaska	14.7
Arizona	19.1
Arkansas	23.8
California	17.7
Colorado	15.3
Connecticut	10.7
Delaware	15.3
District of Columbia	32.1
Florida	17
Georgia	19.7
Hawaii	10.7
Idaho	14.5
Illinois	16.8
Indiana	17.4
Iowa	13.2
Kansas	15.1
Kentucky	22.3
Louisiana	27.5
Maine	16.7
Maryland	9.3
Massachusetts	12
Michigan	17.8
Minnesota	11.8
Mississippi	29.2
Missouri	18.2

Montana	16.6
Nebraska	13.8
Nevada	13.4
New Hampshire	9
New Jersey	11.5
New Mexico	25.3
New York	19.7
North Carolina	19.8
North Dakota	12.4
Ohio	18.3
Oklahoma	23.8
Oregon	16.2
Pennsylvania	16.5
Rhode Island	14.9
South Carolina	21.7
South Dakota	16.1
Tennessee	22.3
Texas	23.5
Utah	11.6
Vermont	12.4
Virginia	11.7
Washington	14.8
West Virginia	24.6
Wisconsin	14.3
Wyoming	11.4
Puerto Rico	55.8

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertain sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown her error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and u contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to n discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling ϵ these tables.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or twere available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is n

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an oper

4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open

5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest inte

6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A sta

7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geogra

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

/lonths: 2006

definitions, see Survey

Margin of Error	
	+/-0.2
	+/-1.0
	+/-2.4 +/-0.9
	+/-1.3
	+/-0.4 +/-0.8
	+/-0.9 +/-2.5
	+/-3.7 +/-0.5
	+/-0.6 +/-1.6
	+/-1.3
	+/-0.9
	+/-0.9 +/-1.1
	+/-1.0 +/-1.3
	+/-1.6
	+/-0.7
	+/-0.7 +/-0.6
	+/-0.6 +/-1.6
	+/-0.9

+/-1.8
+/-1.2
+/-1.2
+/-1.4
+/-0.6
+/-1.5
+/-0.5
+/-0.8
+/-1.7
+/-0.7
+/-1.1
+/-1.1
+/-0.6
+/-1.7
+/-0.9
+/-1.9
+/-0.9
+/-0.5
+/-0.9
+/-1.8
+/-0.7
+/-0.7
+/-1.6
+/-0.8
+/-2.2
+/-1.3

Ity for an estimate arising from e is the 90 percent margin of at the interval defined by the pper confidence bounds) ionsampling error (for a error is not represented in

too few sample observations ot appropriate.

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