

GCT0702: Percent of People 1 Year and Over Who Lived in a Different House Within the Same State
(Including Puerto Rico) 1 Year Ago: 2006

Universe: Population 1 year and over

Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey

Survey: 2006 American Community Survey, 2006 Puerto Rico Community Survey

Geographic Area: United States -- States; and Puerto Rico

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Geographic area	Percent	Margin of Error
United States	13.5	+/-0.1
Alabama	13.1	+/-0.4
Alaska	15.5	+/-1.1
Arizona	15.4	+/-0.4
Arkansas	15	+/-0.6
California	14.4	+/-0.2
Colorado	15.4	+/-0.6
Connecticut	10.6	+/-0.4
Delaware	10.2	+/-0.9
District of Columbia	10.2	+/-1.0
Florida	13.9	+/-0.2
Georgia	14.7	+/-0.3
Hawaii	9.7	+/-0.7
Idaho	15.7	+/-0.8
Illinois	13.1	+/-0.3
Indiana	14.2	+/-0.4
Iowa	14	+/-0.5
Kansas	14.7	+/-0.6
Kentucky	13.9	+/-0.4
Louisiana	16.6	+/-0.5
Maine	11.5	+/-0.7
Maryland	11.2	+/-0.4
Massachusetts	11.3	+/-0.4
Michigan	12.8	+/-0.3
Minnesota	12	+/-0.3
Mississippi	14.3	+/-0.6
Missouri	14.7	+/-0.4

Montana	13.5	+/-0.7
Nebraska	14.9	+/-0.6
Nevada	15.9	+/-0.7
New Hampshire	10.3	+/-0.7
New Jersey	9.3	+/-0.3
New Mexico	13.1	+/-0.7
New York	10	+/-0.1
North Carolina	13.5	+/-0.3
North Dakota	13	+/-0.8
Ohio	13.9	+/-0.3
Oklahoma	16	+/-0.5
Oregon	16.1	+/-0.6
Pennsylvania	10.6	+/-0.2
Rhode Island	10.2	+/-0.8
South Carolina	12.8	+/-0.4
South Dakota	13.1	+/-0.8
Tennessee	13.5	+/-0.4
Texas	16.3	+/-0.2
Utah	16.7	+/-0.7
Vermont	10.3	+/-0.8
Virginia	12.5	+/-0.3
Washington	15.9	+/-0.4
West Virginia	9.9	+/-0.5
Wisconsin	13.5	+/-0.3
Wyoming	13.4	+/-1.1
Puerto Rico	7.1	+/-0.3

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for the estimate is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area could not be obtained.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.