

GCT1701: Percent of People Below Poverty Level in the Past 12 Months (For Whom Poverty Status is Determined): 2006
 Universe: Population for whom poverty status is determined
 Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey
 Survey: 2006 American Community Survey
 Geographic Area: Hawaii -- Public Use Microdata Are

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Geographic area	Percent	Margin of Error
Hawaii	9.3	+/-0.7
PUBLIC USE MICRODATA AREA		
PUMA 00100	9	+/-1.6
PUMA 00200	14.1	+/-2.0
PUMA 00301	12	+/-3.3
PUMA 00302	5.6	+/-2.1
PUMA 00303	6.1	+/-1.7
PUMA 00304	10.9	+/-2.6
PUMA 00305	19.5	+/-4.0
PUMA 00306	4.8	+/-1.9
PUMA 00307	4.8	+/-1.4

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Explanation of Symbols

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.