

Thermodynamic network model for predicting effects of substrate addition and other perturbations on subsurface microbial communities



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subsurface microbial communities



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Goal and Hypothesis

The overall goal of this project is to develop and test a thermodynamic network model for predicting the effects of substrate additions and environmental perturbations on microbial growth, community composition and system geochemistry.

The hypothesis is that a thermodynamic analysis of the energy-yielding growth reactions performed by defined groups of microorganisms can be used to make quantitative and testable predictions of the change in microbial community composition that will occur when a substrate is added to the subsurface or when environmental conditions change (Fig. 1).

Fig. 1. Community response to substrate addition and environmental perturbation.



Assumptions

- Community consists of 39 microbial groups, each with a defined metabolism, growth equation, and biomass yield (Table 1).
- Groups that can obtain the most energy from a growth substrate in a particular 'thermodynamic niche' grow.
- Growth is predicted using equilibrium thermodynamics

Simulation Methodology

- Simulations were performed for laboratory and field experiments at the Oak Ridge FRC, Old Rifle, and Hanford 100H
- Equilibrium reaction paths computed using The Geochemist's Workbench to predict the effects of ethanol, acetate, or lactate additions on microbial growth, geochemistry, and mobility of U, Tc, V, and Cr.
- "Batch" and "Flush" simulations compared to experimental data.
- Initial geochemistry matched to initial conditions in each experiment (Table 2)

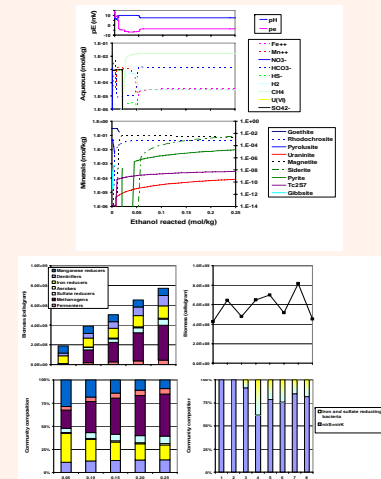
Table 2 – Site Geochemistry Data

Units (meq/eq kg H ₂ O)	FRC Area 1	FRC Area 2	Old Rifle	Hanford 100H
Reagent	200 mM Ethanol	150 mM Ethanol	150 mM NaHCO ₃ /D ₂ O	100 mM Na ₂ CO ₃
CH ₄	0.113	0.066	0.017	0.130
O ₂ (aq)	1.00	1.21	7.3	3.36
H ₂ O	0.96	0.31	0.95	0.23
Fe ²⁺ (aq Geochem)	0.43	0.83	6.4	0.73
SO ₄ ²⁻	0.022	0.048	0.016	0.003
MnO ₂ (as pyrolusite)	0.0014	0.0049	0.00053	0.0020
CO ₂ (g)				
H ₂ O ₂	1.8E-05	4.1E-07		
Ca ²⁺	1.3	6.0E-05		
Ca ⁺	18.5	3.5	5.3	1.5
Mg ²⁺	7.9	0.85	3.96	0.80
Mg ⁺	0.001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
K ⁺	0.98	0.12	0.20	0.16
Na ⁺	8.2	1.1	6.4	1.9
NH ₄ ⁺	23	1.1	8.3	0.87
NO ₃ ⁻	1.00E-03	1.00E-03	1.00E-03	1.00E-03
NH ₃	0.22	0.002	0.002	

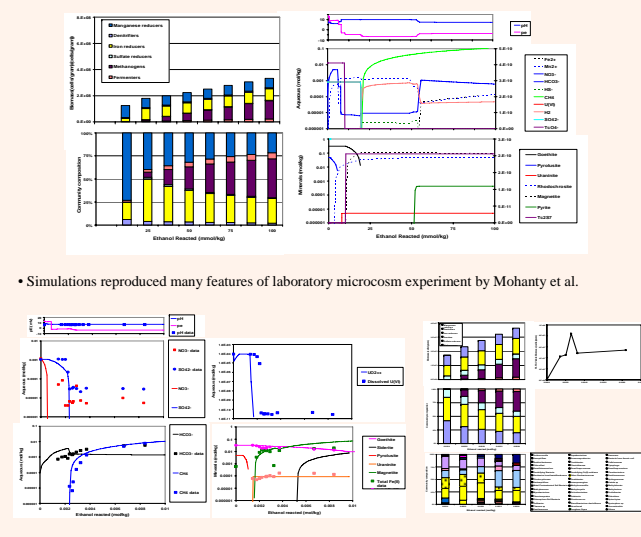
Table 1 Microbial Growth Equations

Microbial Group	Acceptor	Donor	Yield	ΔG	logK	Growth Equations																					
Number	Name	Name																									
1	Geobacter	Ethanol/CO ₂	0.58	-581	-4.9	H ⁺	-7.5	H ₂ O	-3.9	HCO ₃ ⁻	1	NH ₄ ⁺	8.4	O ₂ (aq)	4.5	ethanol	1.0										

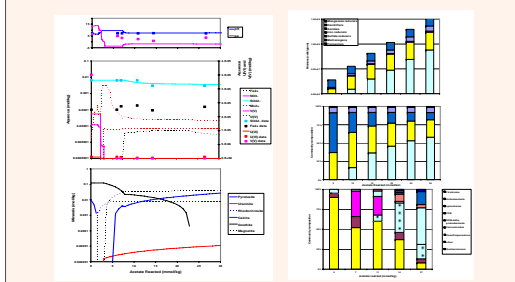
Flush Simulation - FRC Area 2



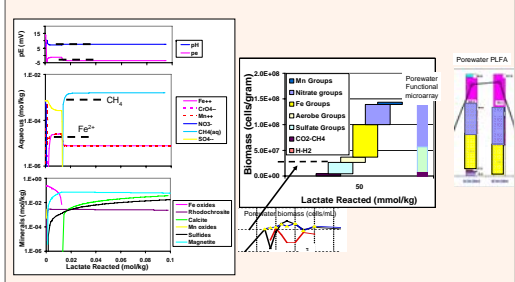
Batch Simulation - FRC Area 2



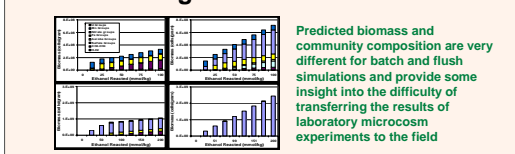
Flush Simulations Old Rifle



Flush Simulations Hanford 100H



An Interesting Observation ...



Acknowledgment

This research was supported by Grant FG0205ER63986 of the Office of Science, U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Natural and Accelerated Bioremediation Research (NABIR) Program.
Data for model testing was generously supplied by Eric Roden, Todd Anderson, Phil Long, Terry Hazen, and Boris Fabisshenko