FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE WASHINGTON, DC 20579

In the Matter of the Claim of

CHRISTOS KIROUSIS

Claim No. ALB-033

Decision No. ALB-058

Against the Government of Albania

PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Albania is based upon the alleged confiscation of real property located in Pepel, District of Gjirokaster.

Under section 4(a) of Title I of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 ("ICSA"), as amended, the Commission has jurisdiction to

receive, examine, adjudicate, and render final decisions with respect to claims of . . . nationals of the United States included within the terms of . . . any claims agreement on and after March 10, 1954, concluded between the Government of the United States and a foreign government (exclusive of governments against which the United States declared the existence of a state of war during World War II) . . . providing for the settlement and discharge of claims of . . . nationals of the United States against a foreign government, arising out of the nationalization or other taking of property, by the agreement of the Government of the United States to accept from that government a sum in en bloc settlement thereof.

22 U.S.C. 1623(a) (1994).

The Governments of the United States and Albania concluded an agreement for en bloc settlement of claims of United States nationals against Albania on March 10, 1995. Agreement Between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Republic of Albania on the Settlement of Certain Outstanding Claims, March 10, 1995 (entered into force April 18, 1995) ("Settlement Agreement"). Claims covered by the Settlement Agreement are

the claims of United States nationals (including natural and juridical persons) against Albania arising from any nationalization, expropriation, intervention, or other taking of, or measures affecting, property of nationals of the United States prior to the date of this agreement[.]

Settlement Agreement, Article 1(a).

The claimant in this case has asserted that the property which is the subject of his claim was confiscated by the Albanian government in 1967. The claimant asserts that he was the owner of the property at that time, and he has submitted documentation reflecting that he was then a United States national, having been naturalized in 1961. However, he has submitted no documentation or other such evidence to substantiate his ownership of the property or its confiscation.

By Commission letters dated October 25, 1995, December 11, 1995 and April 9, 1996, the claimant was requested to provide evidence of ownership and of confiscation of the property in question. To date, however, no substantive evidence has been received.

Section 531.6(d) of the Commission's regulations provides:

The claimant shall be the moving party, and shall have the burden of proof on all issues involved in the determination of his or her claim.

45 C.F.R. 531.6(d) (1995).

The Commission finds that the claimant has not met the burden of proof in that he has failed to submit supporting evidence to establish his ownership of the property which is the subject of his claim or the date and circumstances of its alleged confiscation. Accordingly, the claim must be and is hereby denied.

The Commission finds it unnecessary to make determinations with respect to other elements of this claim.

Dated at Washington, DC and entered as the Proposed Decision of the Commission.

JUL 0.1 1996

John R. Lacey, Commissioner

Richard T. White, Commissioner

This decision was entered as the Commission's Final Decision on AUG 1 5 1996

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, any objections must be filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision. Absent objection, this decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. FCSC Regulations, 45 C.F.R. 531.5 (e) and (g) (1995).