SCSEP Federal Financial Management Requirements

An overview

Who Are We?

Division of Financial and Grants Management Policy and Review

- Financial Policies
- Grant Management Policies
- Financial Reporting
- SCSEP Grant Management Regs
 - Proposed 20 CFR 641, Subpart G
- One-Stop TAG

What Will Be Covered?

- Financial Management Systems & Cash Management
- Cost Principles & Allowable Costs
- Cost Classification & Program Income
- Cost Allocation & Indirect Costs
- Financial Reporting
- Property Management & Procurement
- Audits & Audit Resolution
- Matching, Records Retention, Closeout, & Resources

Useful Websites

- SCSEP http://wdsc.doleta.gov/seniors/
- One-Stop TAG http://wdsc.doleta.gov/sga/pdf/FinalTAG_August_02.pdf
- OMB http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/grants/index.html
- NARA http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara
- CFR http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/index.html
- Fed World http://www.fedworld.gov/
- Payment Mgmt System http://www.dpm.psc.gov/

Form SF 269

FINANCIAL STATUS REPORT

			Form)					
Federal Agence	y and Organizational Element	Follow instructi Federal Grant or Other in	ons on the back)					
to Which Repo	rt is Submitted	penurying Number Assign	ed	S	OMB Approval	Page	of I	
						348-0039		
3. Recipient Orga	nization (Name and complete	address, including ZIP code)						pages
	,	occoo, monaning and code/						
Employer Identification Number S. Recipient Account Number or Identifying Number 6. Final R						. Basis		
			□ Yes □ N					
Funding/Grant Period (See instructions)			9. Period Covered by					
From: (Month, Day, Year) To: (Month, Day, Year)			From: (Month, Day,	From: (Month, Day, Year)		o: (Month, Day	Vear)	
				,	- 1	(, ,	,
0. Transactions:			1 1		\rightarrow			
			Previously Reported	1 .	xd	Cumulative		
 Total outla 	lys				Cultulative			
h Pofunde	rehates ats							
b. Refunds, rebates, etc.								
c. Program is	ncome used in accordance with	the deduction alternative			\rightarrow			
					- 1			
d. Net outlays	s (Line a, less the sum of lines	b and c)			\neg			
	of net outlays, consisting o	f:						
	(in-kind) contributions				- 1			
f. Other Fede	eral awards authorized to be use	ed to match this award						
g. Program in	come used in accordance with	the matching or cost						
sharing alte		and matering of coat			- 1			
 All other red 	cipient outlays not shown on line	es e, for g			-+			
i Total maini								
t. Total recipi	ent share of net outlays (Sum o	f lines e, f, g and h)						
j. Federal sha	are of net outlays (line d less lin	e i)			$\neg \top$			
k. Total unliqu	idated obligations		AND COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE	North Company	910000000			
				河南迎连瓜				
 Recipient's 	share of unliquidated obligation	· 网络罗拉拉斯						
m. Federal sh	and of well-stated about 15	经验	中三学					
m. Federal share of unliquidated obligations								
n. Total Federal share (sum of lines j and m)					Charles Co.			
Total Federal funds authorized for this funding period					10000			
p. Unobligated balance of Federal funds (Line o minus line n)				Section 1	300			
p. C.ioungaise	balance of redefantation (Em		1 to 1 to 1					
			NO CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO		500000			
rogram income,	consisting of: program income shown on lines			A770-7				
	program income using the addit			40.00				
The state of the s					0.00			
s. Undisbursed program income			A NAME OF		100			_
t. Total program income realized (Sum of lines q, r and s)				对 500				
t. Total progra	im income realized (Sum of line	s q, r and s)						
	a. Type of Rate (Place "X"	a annoncriate box1	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	BONGSTANDONE	100			
. Indirect	□ Provisio		termined	☐ Final		Fixed		
Expense	b. Rate	c. Base	d. Total Amount			eral Share		
				1				
. Remarks: Att	ach any explanations deemed	necessary or information requir	red by Federal sponsorin	ng agency in comp	liance wi	th		-
governing leg	islation,							
0-4%	Lander to the control of the							
. Certification:	certify to the best of my kn	owledge and belief that this re	eport is correct and con	nplete and that al	I outlays	and		1
ped or Printed Na	ame and Title	for the purposes set forth in the	ne award documents.	Tolonhors /4-	anda -		-1	
,				Telephone (Area	oode, num	iber and extens	sion)	
gnature of Authorized Certifying Official				Data Darret D	- March			
g	zee earlying Ollicial		Date Report Subr	nitted				
								- 1

NSN 7540-01-012-4285

Standard Form 269 (Rev. 7-97)

Financial Reporting Basics

- SF-269
- Quarterly expenditure report
- Due 30 days after quarter end
- Electronic submission
 - Submitted directly into EIMS by grantee
 - Grantees provided:
 - Passwords (data entry)
 - PINs (data certification)
 - Embedded data entry instructions

Financial Management Systems

- Generally applicable regulations
 - 29 CFR 97.20 and 29 CFR 95.21
 - Applies to grantees & subrecipients
- Seven Standards
 - Financial reporting
 - Accounting records
 - Internal control
 - Budget control
 - Allowable cost
 - Source documentation
 - Cash management

Cost Principles

- Sets of government-wide rules
- OMB Circulars
- Define conditions for charging costs
 - Allowable & unallowable costs
 - Allocability
 - Direct & Indirect costs
 - Descriptions

Allowable Cost Standards

- Necessary and reasonable
 - Sound business practices
 - Prudent person principle
- Allocable
 - Only charge costs that clearly BENEFIT grant
 - Proper allocation methods
- Authorized or not prohibited
 - Federal, State, or local laws

Allowable Cost Standards (Continued)

- Consistent treatment
 - Across all programs
 - Year to year
 - Both indirect and direct
- Not used for matching requirements
 - Unless specifically authorized
- Conform to ETA grant exclusions & limitations
 - Specific unallowable costs
 - Administrative cost limitation

And more.....

- Adequately documented
 - Traceable to source documentation
 - Consistent with GAAP
- Source documentation
 - Evidence of authority to incur cost
 - Demonstrate actual amount
 - Receipts for goods
 - Subcontractor invoices
 - Time sheets for staff costs (payroll records)

Selected Items of Cost

- 3 types of Costs
 - Allowable
 - Unallowable
 - Allowable with Conditions
- If prior approval required, must be approved in writing BEFORE incurring cost
- If cost not described in Attachment B principles, necessary and reasonable principle applies

Look Out For Unallowable Costs

- Cost Shifting
- Entertainment
 - Employee morale costs?
 - Meetings & conferences?
- Fines & Penalties
- Building purchase, construction
 - Exceptions ok premises cost, ADA or Rehabilitation Act

Cost Classification

- Process used to distribute costs
- Assign allowable costs to cost objectives
- Costs Assigned
 - Direct Charge
 - Allocation
- General ledger or books of account

Classification System

- Required by GAAP
- Trace Costs from Federally required reports
 - To books of account &
 - To source documentation

Cost Categories

- Only <u>2</u> Cost Categories
 - Administration
 - Program Activities
- Reporting categories
 - Hq Admin, Local Admin, EW/FB, OEC
 - Classify within books of account
 - Classify through linking spreadsheets

SCSEP Administrative Costs

- Not to exceed 13.5 percent
- Waiver up to 15% available if justified
- Measured at conclusion of grant period
- Redefined to match WIA definition
 - Sources:
 - OAA Sec. 502(c)(3)
 - Proposed 20 CFR 641.867.870

The Principal Principle

- Job Title vs. Job Function
 - Costs follow job function, NOT title
 - Multiple functions must be allocated
- Not all entities incur reportable administrative costs
 - Direct recipients
 - First level subrecipients who have comprehensive responsibilities

Administrative Functions

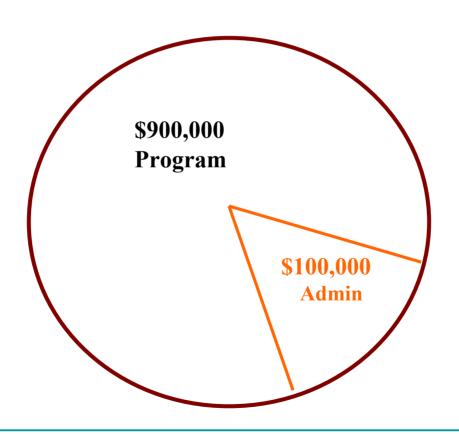
- Overall general administrative functions
 - Accounting, financial, cash management
 - Procurement
 - Property management
 - Personnel management
 - Payroll
 - Coordinating resolution of findings
 - Audit, monitoring, investigations

Example: Information Technology Program Costs vs Administrative Costs

- Costs include all purchase, development & operation costs
- Costs related to administrative functions
 - Accounting & payroll systems
 - Procurement & purchasing systems
- Costs related to program functions
 - Tracking/monitoring participant & performance information

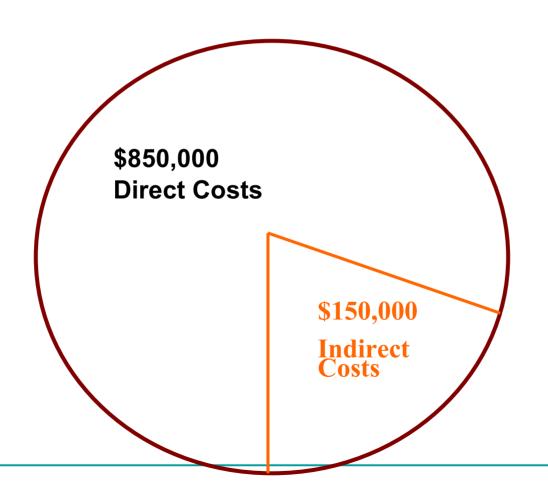
Admin Costs vs Indirect Costs

Total Costs = Program + Administration



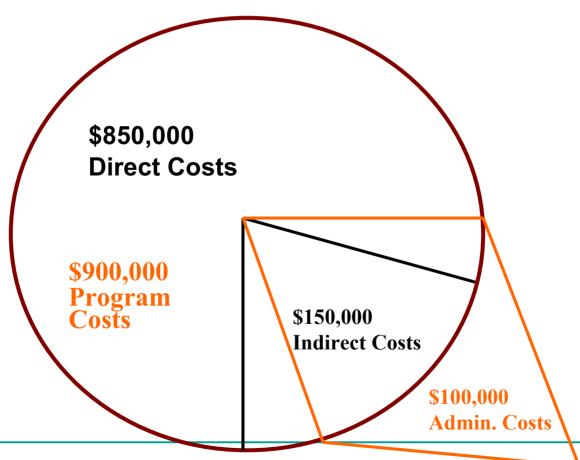
Admin Costs vs Indirect Costs

Total Costs = Direct Costs + Indirect Costs



Admin Costs vs Indirect Costs

Administrative Costs May Be Direct Program Costs May be Indirect



Program Income

- Additional revenues for the grant
 - Earned as a result of grant activity
 - Earned because of grant
- 29 CFR 97.25 Governmental Grantees
- 29 CFR 95.24 Non-governmental Grantees
- Proposed 20 CFR 641.803, 806

More Program Income

- Reported on SF 269
- Addition method required
- Expenditure within a grant period
- Both revenues and expenditures identified in books of account

Uses of Program Income

- No administrative cost limitation
- Allowable activities
- Allowable costs and proper classification
- Included in the scope of audit
- Other administrative rules apply

Cost Allocation - Types of Costs

- Direct
 - Single cost objective
- Shared
 - Multiple cost objectives, or
 - Multiple fund sources
- Indirect
 - Overhead

Treatment of Costs

- Consistent treatment
 - In accounting system
 - Over time
- Measuring benefit
 - Critical requirement of cost allocation
 - Benefit determines allocation

Appropriate Allocation Bases

- Results in EQUITABLE distribution of costs
- Actual effort or cost not estimated
- General acceptability
- Timely control
- Variations in funding/costs
- Materiality, cost and practicality of use

Allocating Personnel Services

- Major part of allocated costs
- May also use time distribution for allocating non-personnel costs
- Based on documented & approved payrolls
- Supported by time distribution system
- Method of allocation & support for allocation varies

Do You Need An Indirect Cost Rate?

- Single funding source ICR not needed
- Multiple funding sources ICR needed
- Must seek approval within 90 days of grant approval
- Where?
 - Cognizant Agency (determined based on Fed. Agency providing largest amount of direct Fed. Funds)
 - Instant rate (billing rate) Grant officer

Property Management

- States & Government grantees
 - □ 29 CFR 97.31-34
- Non-governmental grantees
 - □ 29 CFR 95.30-37
- Title remains with grantee
- Real property acquisition costs unallowable
 - □ Source proposed 20 CFR 641.847(d)
 - Ban includes capital leases
 - Exceptions certain minor repair & rehab

Property Management (continued)

Equipment

- Acquisition cost of \$5000 or more
- Useful life of 1 year or more
- Prior approval requirements

Supplies

- Any tangible personal property other than equipment
- Intangible Property Copyrights
 - Royalty-free, non-revocable right to use, publish, authorize others to use

Procurement

- Process to obtain goods and services
- 29 CFR 97.36 Governmental grantees
- 29 CFR 95.40-48 Non-profits, etc.
- Applies to grantees and subgrantees
- Full & open competition
- States follow own procedures
- Other Governments follow own system if it conforms to Part 97 requirements
- Part 95 grantees Conform to standards

Procurement Standards

- Written procedures
- System to ensure performance
- Written code of conduct
- Procedures to review procurements
- Process to promote use of common goods & services
- Cost or price analysis
- Awards only to responsible parties
- Documentation of award
- Settlement process and protest procedures

Non-competitive Proposals

- Only if other methods infeasible
- Available from one source
- Public emergency precludes competition
- Awarding agency authorized
- Competition determined inadequate
- Cost analysis required
 - Verification of cost data
 - Evaluation of costs & profit
- Profit separately negotiated

Audits & Audit Resolution

- Single Audit Act Audits
 - Within organization's fiscal year
 - Applies to all recipients and subrecipients
- Government-wide auditing standards
- 29 CFR Part 96 & 29 CFR Part 99
- No SAA requirements for:
 - Total Expenditures of less than \$300,000
 - Vendors
 - Commercial organizations

Audits & Audit Resolution Commercial Organizations

- Direct recipients
 - ETA responsible for audit
 - □ 29 CFR 96.32
 - Proposed 20 CFR 641.821
- Subrecipients
 - Organization wide or program specific audit
 - □ \$300,000 expenditure threshold

Audits - Grantee Responsibilities

- Auditee hires the auditor
- Identify all Federal funds
- Maintain internal controls
- Prepare financial statements
- Assure lower level audits
- Follow-up on all audit findings

Audit Resolution

- DOL 29 CFR Part 96, Subpart E
 - Initial Determination, Informal Resolution, Final Determination
- Monetary or administrative findings
- Monetary findings disallowed cost
 - Eligibility
 - Unallowable costs
 - Not supported by source documentation

Audit Resolution (CONTINUED)

- Administrative findings
 - Deficiency in internal controls or financial systems
- Result in required corrective action
- Final Determination
 - Final awarding agency resolution
 - Establishes debts
 - Provides appeal rights

Match (Non-federal funds)

- Non-federal funds used to support SCSEP activities
- The funds are made available to the program through cash expenditures or cash and in-kind contributions
- 10% match
 - □ OAA Title V, § 502(c)(1) & (c)(2)

Matching Requirements

- Spent on allowable activities
- In accordance with cost principles
- No administrative cost limitation
- Prohibitions
 - Using Federal funds and non-Federal funds used for another match
 - Costs paid by SCSEP program income

Matching Requirements (continued)

- Cash Contributions
 - Additional funds or services provided & paid for by the grantee or subgrantees
- In-Kind Contributions
 - Costs not paid for by the grantee or subgrantees
 - Volunteer time or paid non-grantee staff time
 - Services
 - Space
 - Supplies
 - Equipment

Records

- Source documentation to support claims
- Records available to support 3rd party contributions
- 29 CFR 97.42 & 95.53
- Financial & program records
- Supporting documents
- Apply equally to grantees & subgrantees

Records Retention Period

- In general, 3 Years from submission of final expenditure report
- Period extended until all litigation or audits resolved
- Period not extended
 - Revisions resulting from closeout
 - If litigation, etc. resolved prior to period end
- Problem if subgrantees dispose of records before grantee submits closeout

Closeout

- 29 CFR 97.50 & 95.71
- Within 90 days of grant expiration
 - Unless extended by Grant Officer
 - Obligations liquidated
 - Final expenditure reports submitted
- Requirements apply to direct grantees
- Further adjustments possible
 - Disallow costs & recover funds
 - Basis of later audit or other review
 - Final Indirect Cost Rate covering grant period

QUESTIONS????