



Top 3 Energy Projects

June 20, 2007

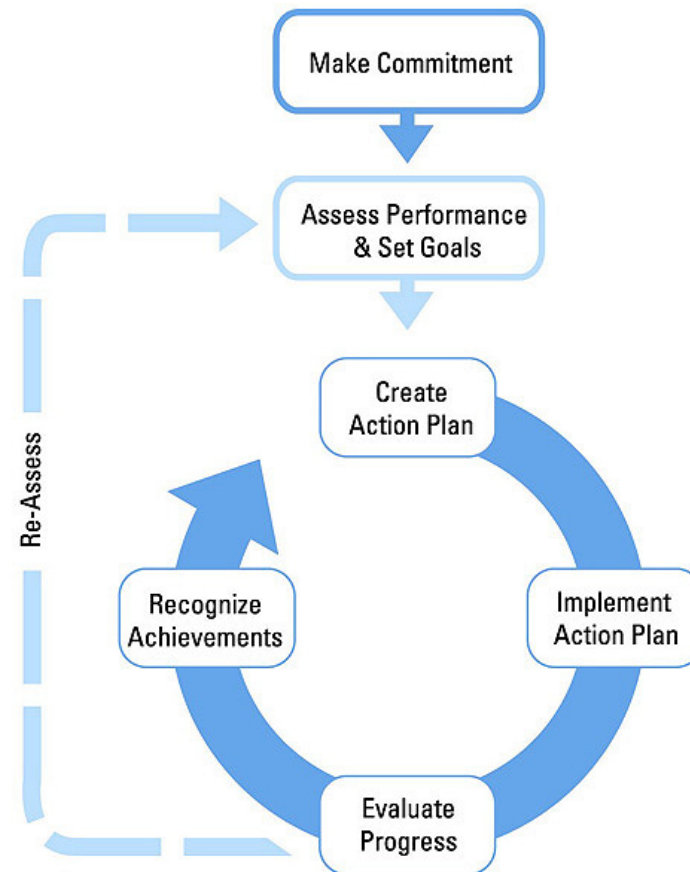
Call-in Number: 1-866-299-3188

Conference Code: 202 343 9965

About The Web Conferences



- **Monthly**
- **Topics are structured on a strategic approach to energy management**
- **Opportunity to share ideas with others**
- **Slides are a starting point for discussion**
- **Open & Interactive**



Web Conference Tips



- Mute phone when listening! Improves sound quality for everyone.
Use * 6 – to mute and # 6 to un-mute
- Hold & Music – If your phone system has music-on-hold, please don't put the web conference on hold!
- Presentation slides will be sent by email to all participants following the web conference.

Today's Web Conference



- Welcome
- Andrew Kitchens - Hines
- Bill Allemon & Kim Humes - Ford
- Announcements

Our Top Three Energy Projects

Energy Star Energy Management Networking Web Conference

June, 2007

Andrew Kitchens

Senior Manager

Corporate Engineering

Hines Today

- Privately-owned, entrepreneurial firm
- Regional Offices - Houston, San Francisco, Chicago, New York, Atlanta, London
- 3,150 employees worldwide - 2,100 in U.S. and 1,150 outside U.S.
- Offices in 96 cities - 67 in U.S. and 29 cities outside U.S. and 15 foreign countries
- Over 730 projects developed or acquired globally
- Over US \$16 Bn of assets under management with Hines equity
- Operate more than 250 properties, over 107 MM square feet
 - 50.8 MM square feet with Hines equity ownership
 - 56.9 MM square feet managed by Hines for third parties

Hines Worldwide Presence

HINES USA

- Project Experience: 224.6 MM SF
- SF Under Mgt.: 92.1 Million
- Office Established: 1957
- Total Personnel: 2,106

HINES EUROPE

- Project Experience : 24.6 MM SF
- Office Established: 1991
- Total Personnel: 226

HINES EURASIA

- Project Experience: 3.5 MM SF
- SF Under Mgt.: 5.1 Million
- Office Established: 1992
- Total Personnel: 236

HINES MEXICO/CENTRAL AMERICA

- Project Experience: 8.4 MM SF
- SF Under Mgt.: 5.4 Million
- Office Established: 1992
- Total Personnel: 168

HINES SOUTH AMERICA

- Project Experience: 9.7 MM SF
- SF Under Mgt.: 4.1 Million
- Office Established: 1998
- Total Personnel: 127

HINES ASIA

- Project Experience: 8.4 MM SF
- SF Under Mgt.: 1.0 Million
- Office Established: 1996
- Total Personnel: 285

SAN FRANCISCO
MONTREAL
CHICAGO
TORONTO
NEW YORK
ATLANTA
HOUSTON
SAN LUIS POTOSI
MONTERREY
GUADALAJARA
QUERETARO
MEXICO CITY
ACAPULCO
TOLUCA
PANAMA CITY

MOSCOW
LONDON
PARIS
BERLIN
WARSAW
FRANKFURT
MUNICH
LUXEMBOURG CITY
MILAN
MADRID
BARCELONA
MARBELLA
ABU DHABI
NEW DELHI
BEIJING
SHANGHAI

RIO DE JANEIRO
OLITIBA
SAO PAULO
LOUVEIRA
BUENOS AIRES

Our Top Three Energy Projects

What are Hines Top Three Energy Projects?

Train engineering teams in energy management

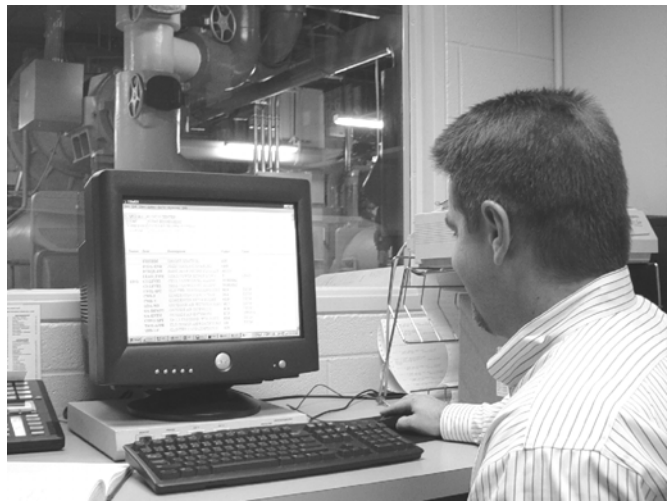
Hines Company Utility Report
March 1, 12, 2011

Line	Service										Cost of Service										Total Utility			Company Paid			Total
	Gas	Water	Electric	Steam	Chilled Water	Hot Water	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other		
1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	




Understand utility reporting techniques and the utility rate structure

Understand how energy is used to support the efficient operation of the building within the rate structure



Train engineering teams in energy management

- o Explore and evaluate new energy savings technologies 

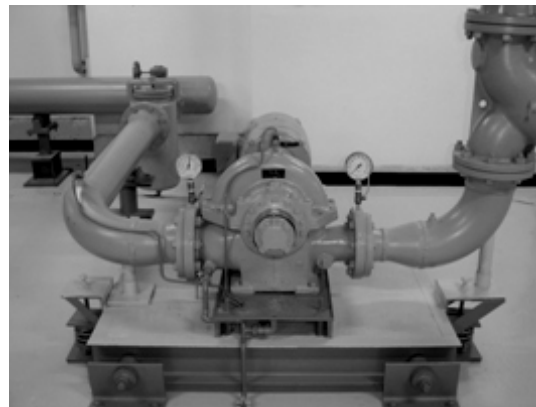
Those that make sense for the property are presented in a professional manner to management and ownership for evaluation

Feasible energy reduction programs that have been approved are implemented



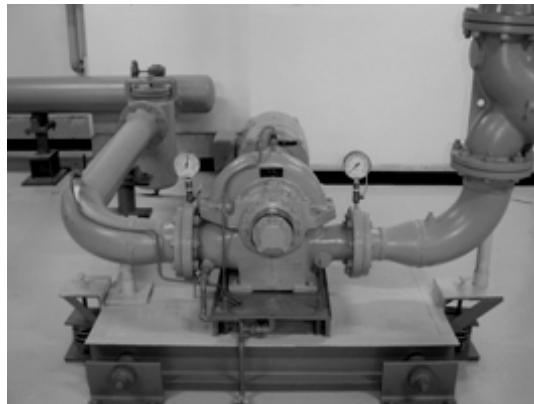
Operate the HVAC system proficiently

- o Understand the HVAC design intent for the building
- o Understand the HVAC plant's capabilities
- o Understand the building's unique HVAC characteristics
- o Understand the building's limitations relative to providing HVAC



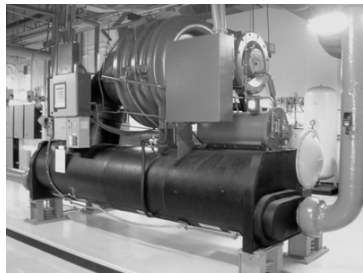
Operate the HVAC system proficiently

- o Utilize economizers
- o Utilize optimal start-up / free-wheeling / duty-cycling
- o Properly sequence equipment

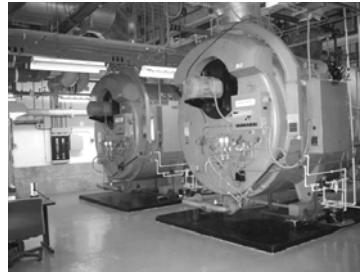


Operate the HVAC system proficiently

- o Operating schedules optimized for efficient operation (occupancy, seasons, etc.)
- o Routine physical verification of on/off functions



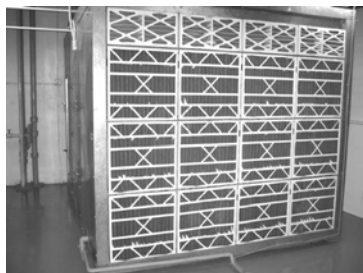
Chillers



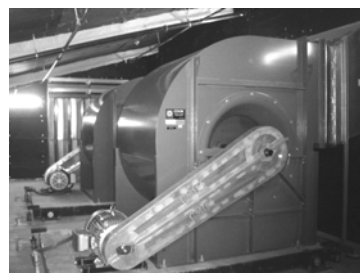
Boilers



Pumps



Air
Handlers



Fans



Cooling
Towers

Maintain the HVAC system thoroughly

- o Solid water treatment for heat transfer (chillers, air handlers, exchangers)
- o Air handlers (filters, oil/lubrication, condensate control)
- o Pumping systems (strainers, alignments)

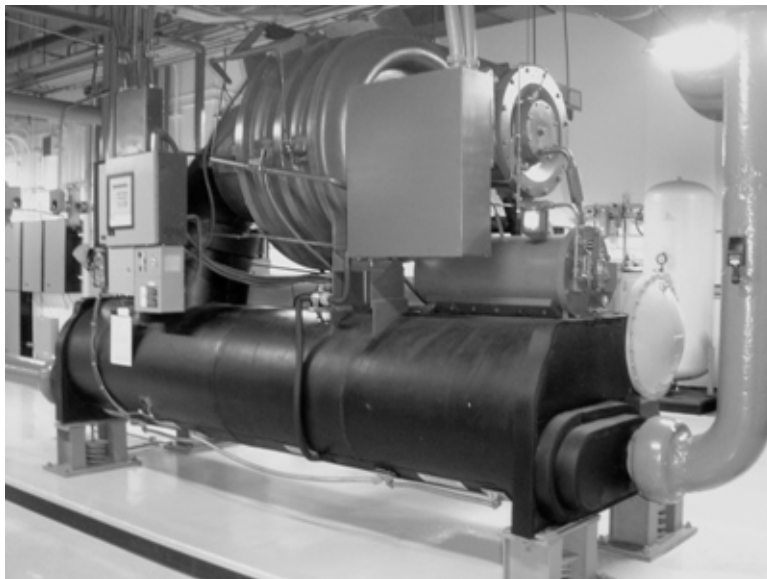
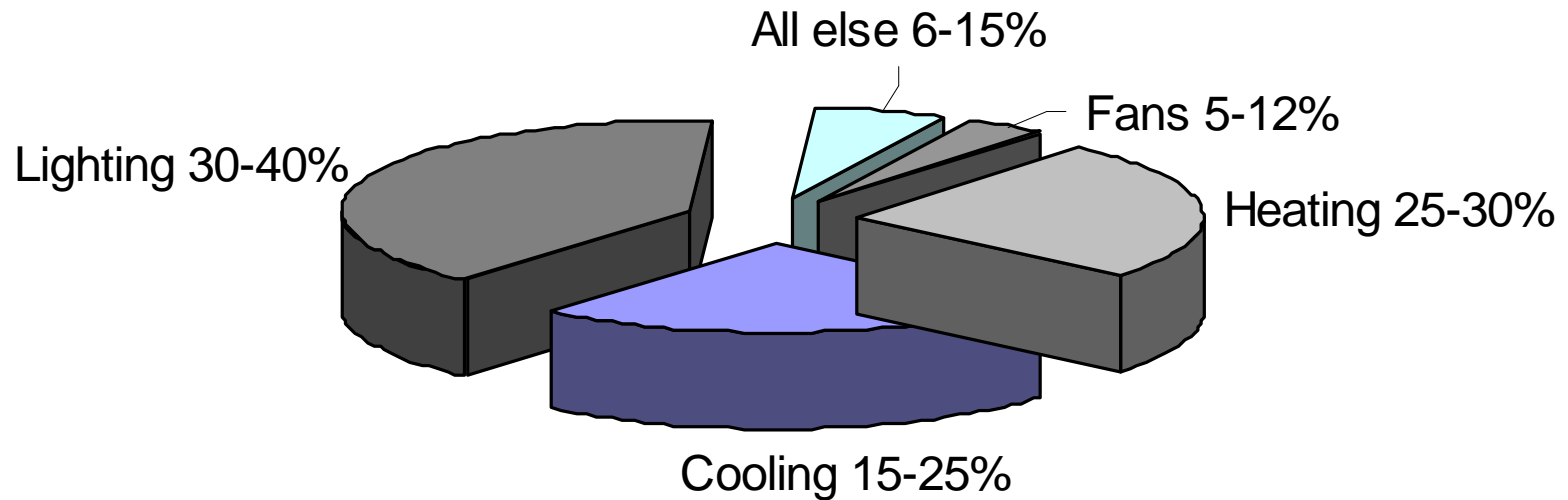


Commission the HVAC system and equipment

- o Chiller performance
- o Air handlers (dampers, control valves, sensors, controllers)
- o Terminal boxes (dampers, control valves, sensors, controllers)
- o Water volume performance (pumps, control valves, sensors, controllers)



Energy-Usage in Office Buildings



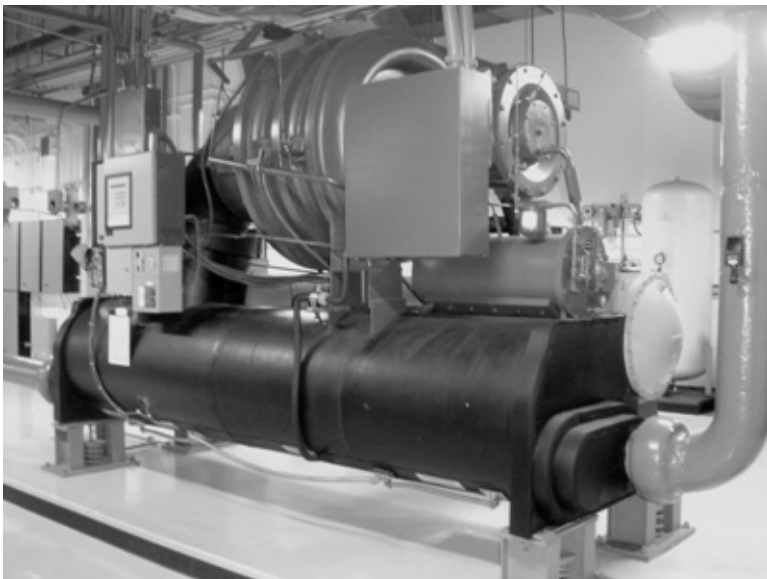
A chiller can consume 20% of a building's total electricity

50% inefficiency factor in a chiller can equate to **10% increase in the building's electrical consumption**

Hines conducts chiller performance tests on a regular basis

Performance is calculated based on real-time conditions, measuring;

- o Water temperatures
- o Water volumes
- o Electrical voltages and amps

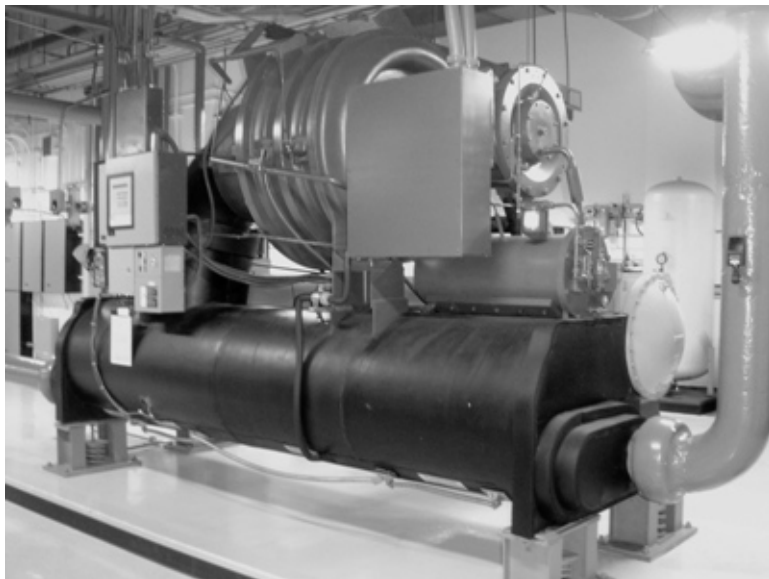


Each test takes about 45-minutes to complete and provides prompt indications of declining chiller performance

Energy Project #3 TRAIN - OPERATE - MAINTAIN

Common causes of decreased chiller efficiency:

- o Poor heat transfer
- o Lubricant contamination of the refrigerant
- o Improper refrigerant charge



Measures to increase chiller efficiency include:

- o Cleaning water tubes
- o Adjusting / changing refrigerant charge
- o Adjusting water volumes

An 800-ton Chiller operating at 550 tons (partial load)



Rated at .64 kilowatts per ton

0.64 kilowatts per ton x 550 tons =
352 kilowatts per hour

352 kilowatts per hour x 12 hours =
4,224 kilowatt hours (kWhs)

\$0.10 per kWh electric rate

\$0.10 x 4,224 kWhs = \$422 / day

Operating at .83 kilowatts per ton
(about a 30% inefficiency)

0.83 kilowatts per ton x 550 tons =
456 kilowatts per hour

456 kilowatts x 12 hours =
5,478 kilowatt hours (kWhs)

\$0.10 per kWh electric rate

\$0.10 x 5,478 kWhs = \$548 / day

\$548 - \$422 = \$126 / operating day

\$126 x 248 operating days / year

\$31,248 Annual Savings

Our Top Three Energy Projects



Partnering with the EPA

100+ Buildings with the ES Label

Representing over 64-million sq ft

Keeping Hines energy managers informed

Over 50 energy-related Best Practices



myHines.com – the Hines resource for energy management material

Hines

Gerald D. Hines' Vision

*Buildings of superior quality and architectural merit
backed by responsive, professional management
attract better tenants, command higher rents
and retain their value, despite
the ups and downs of real estate cycles*



2007
50th Anniversary



Gerald Hines
Founder of Hines

Ford Motor Company

Energy Efficiency Project Highlights

Bill Allemon CEM, Manager, Energy Efficiency
Kim Humes PE, Energy Program Manager

June 20, 2007



Agenda



- Ford Utility Monitoring System
- Commercial Facility Energy Saving Upgrades
- Fumes to Fuel Project



Ford Utility Monitoring System (UMMS)



- Near real time monitoring incoming utility meters
 - Electricity: 15 minute
 - Natural Gas: hourly/daily
- System Overview
 - 43 Assembly & Manufacturing Sites in North America
 - 200+ meters
 - Power Quality monitoring at 12 key sites
- Access via password protected external webpage



Data Flow



Utility Meter

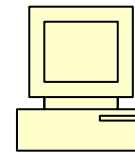
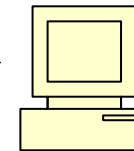
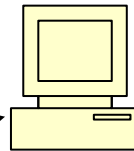


Pulse Transmitter

Utility Monitoring Panel w/cell phone



Host Server (External)



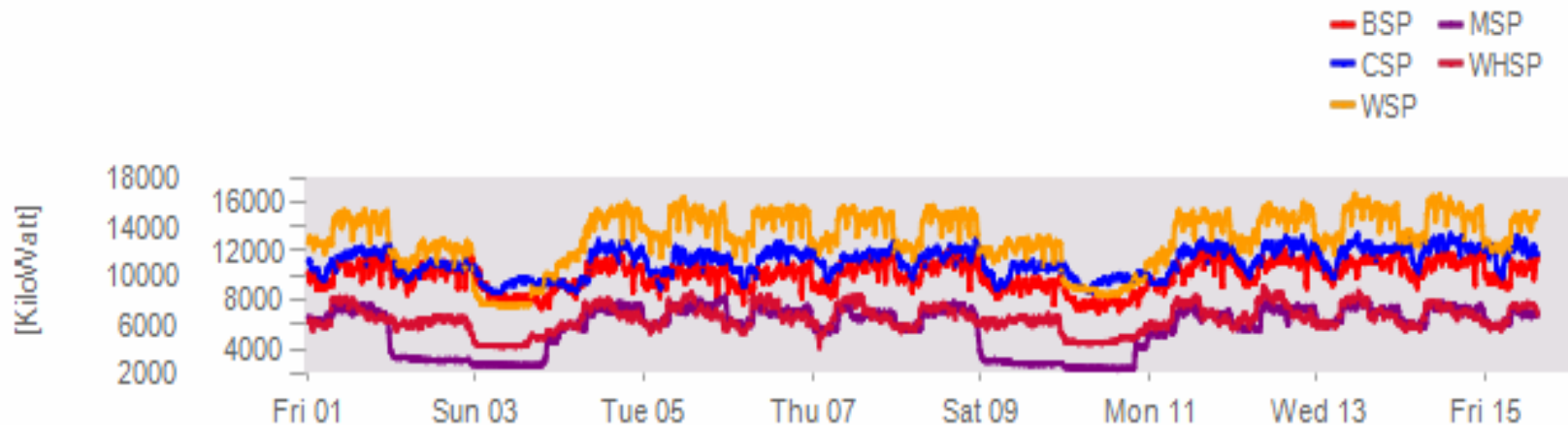
Any computer on with internet access

Benefits of the Utility Monitoring System



- Effective tool in reducing kw demand during non-production periods
 - Like facility (Assembly, Stamping, Manufacturing) kw demand comparisons monitored to identify BIC plants and transfer best practices to other similar plants
 - VPN access used to develop customized reporting by plant for weekly review

Jun 01 2007 to Jun 16 2007

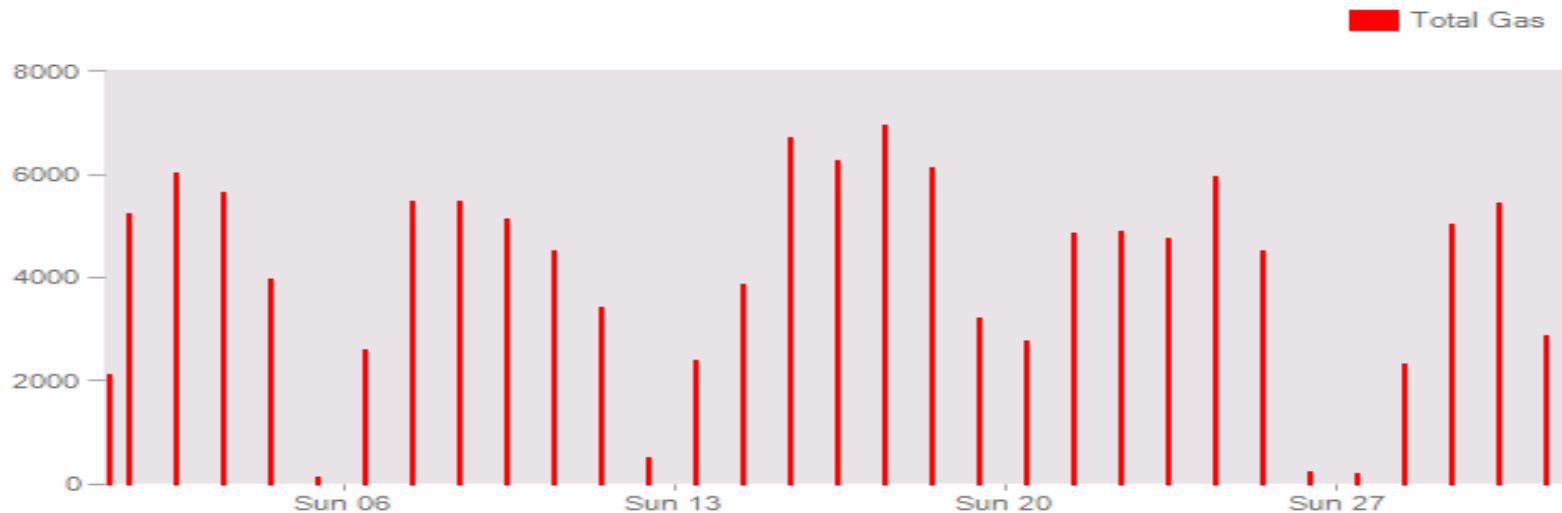


Benefits of the Utility Monitoring System



- Provides access to electricity and natural gas usage data to better manage and reduce energy costs/consumption
 - Significantly reduces timing for energy data collection and reporting
 - Reduces purchasing cost of natural gas via access to accurate/timely consumption data for daily balancing
 - Improves benchmarking and identification of BIC practices
 - Identifies peak shaving opportunities for electricity

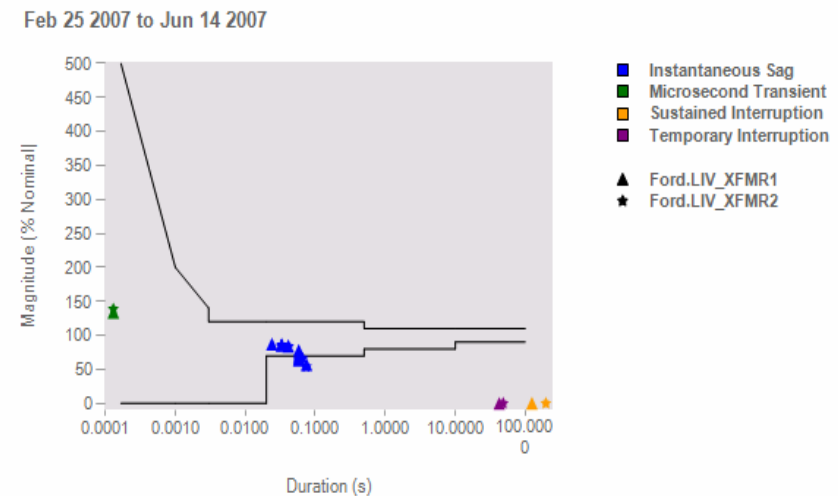
May 01 2007 to Jun 01 2007



Benefits of the Utility Monitoring System



- Web-based Real Time Power Quality monitoring
 - ❑ Ability to view/monitor power quality events at key sites
 - ❑ Easy to view multiple-plant data simultaneously
 - ❑ Historical data availability of PQ events
 - ❑ Eliminates need for unique software at each plant
 - ❑ Provides documentation for potential lost-cost sharing with utility company



Warning: some events are not shown because they are beyond the boundary of the current chart overlay.

System Highlights



- User-friendly software
 - User customized dashboard allows quick access to data
 - Data trends and analysis are easy to create and share
 - Excel download allows limitless data analysis
 - Graphs can be cut and pasted into emails for distribution

ION Enterprise Energy Management



**POWER
MEASUREMENT**

owned by
Schneider
 Electric

System Highlights



- Accessible from work and home
 - Software accessible via password protected website

- Externally Hosted Software
 - Schneider server hosts application
 - Internal IT hosting barriers eliminated
 - Lower installation cost (hard wired and wireless)
 - Software upgrades included in maintenance agreement

- Wireless Data Transfer
 - Wireless modems and modhoppers reduced infrastructure cost

Pages

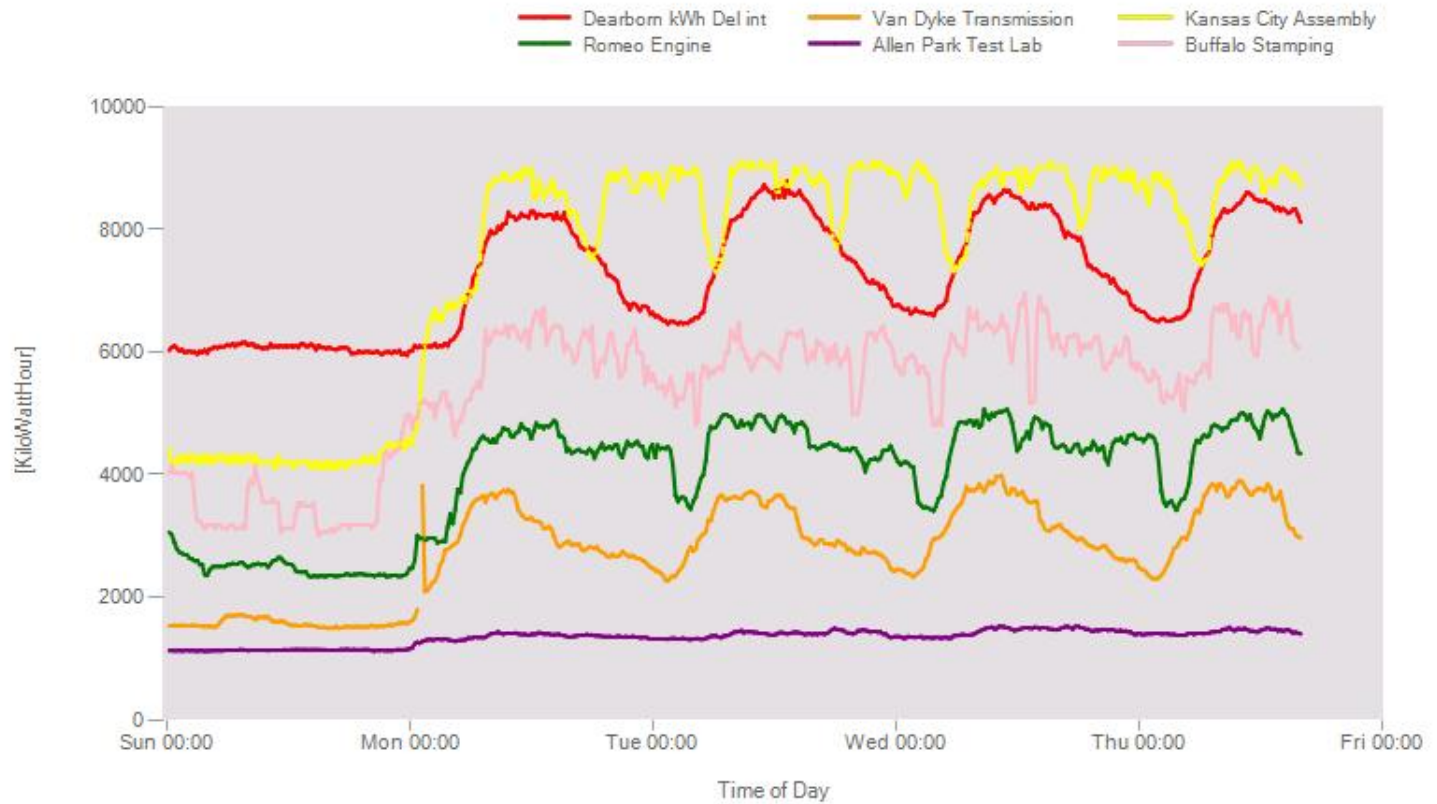
- Wkly Dmd Prfl
- Daily Loading
- Lima XFMRs
- Lima PQ
- Real Time
- Ford Home
- Wayne electric
- NG Consumption
- Allen Park Plan
- Wayne Plot
- Romeo Plot
- Lima PQ

Weekly Demand Profile

WeeklyDemandProfile

Static Chart

Dec 04 2005 to Dec 09 2005



Ford World Headquarters Energy Performance Contract



Annual Savings

- - 9% overall energy reduction
- \$ 369,200
- 1,354,777 kWh electricity
- 46,138 MMBtu natural gas
- 12,555,170 gallons water
- 1,370 tons of CO₂ greenhouse gas emissions

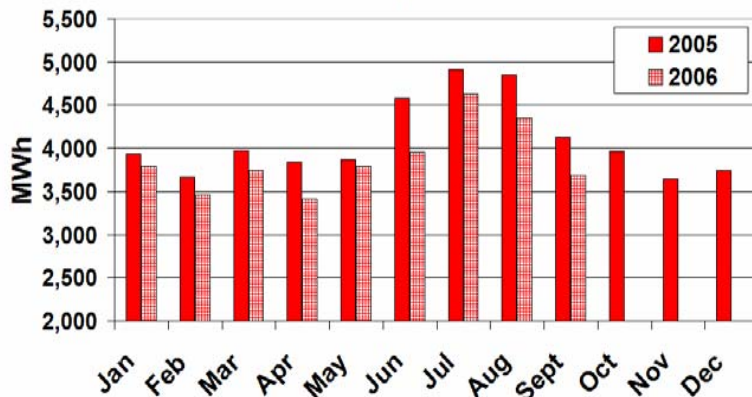
Other Benefits

- Reduced environmental impact of cooling tower wastewater
- Reduced chemical consumption for cooling tower water treatment

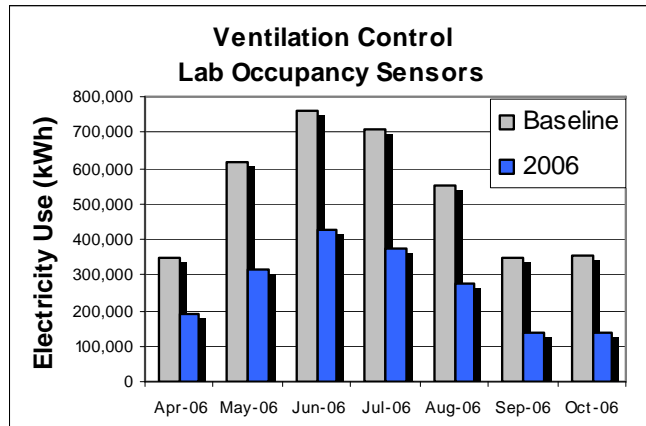
Concepts Implemented

- CO₂ Demand controlled ventilation
- Electrostatic cooling tower water treatment system
- Retrofitted existing lighting with energy efficient components
- Water saving faucets, toilets and urinals
- Variable frequency drives on chilled water system

Electricity Usage

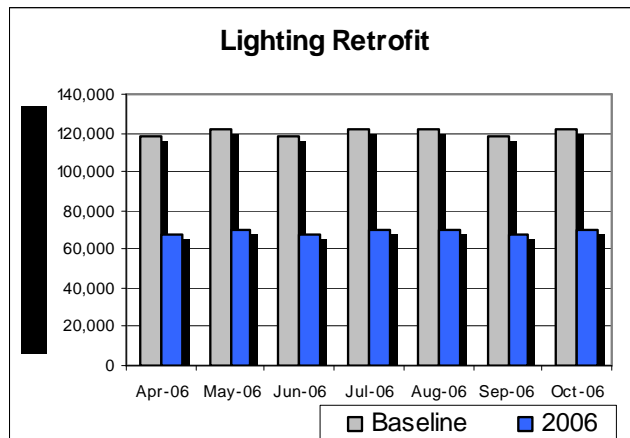


Ford Research and Innovation Center Energy Performance Contract



Annual Savings

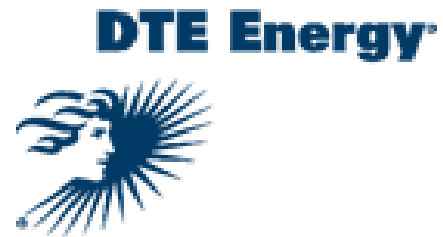
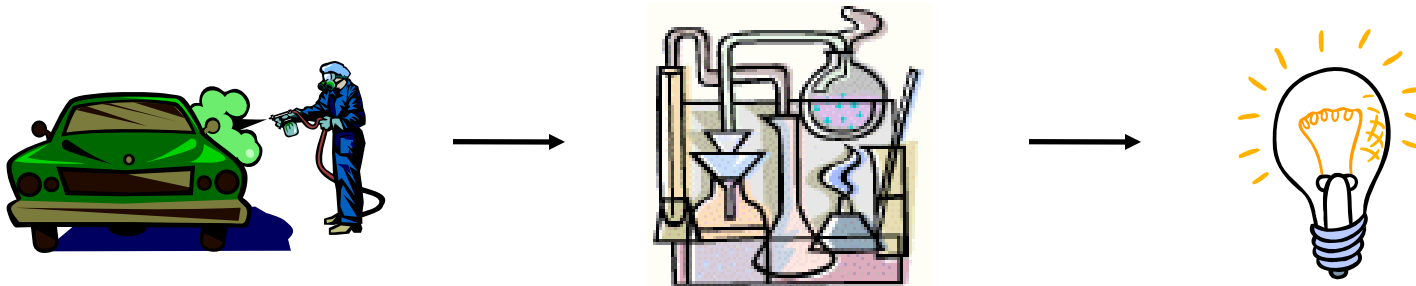
- -10%+ overall energy reduction
- \$245,300
- 2,654,000 kWh electricity
- 18,279 MMBtu natural gas
- 3,100 tons of CO₂ greenhouse gas emissions



Concepts Implemented

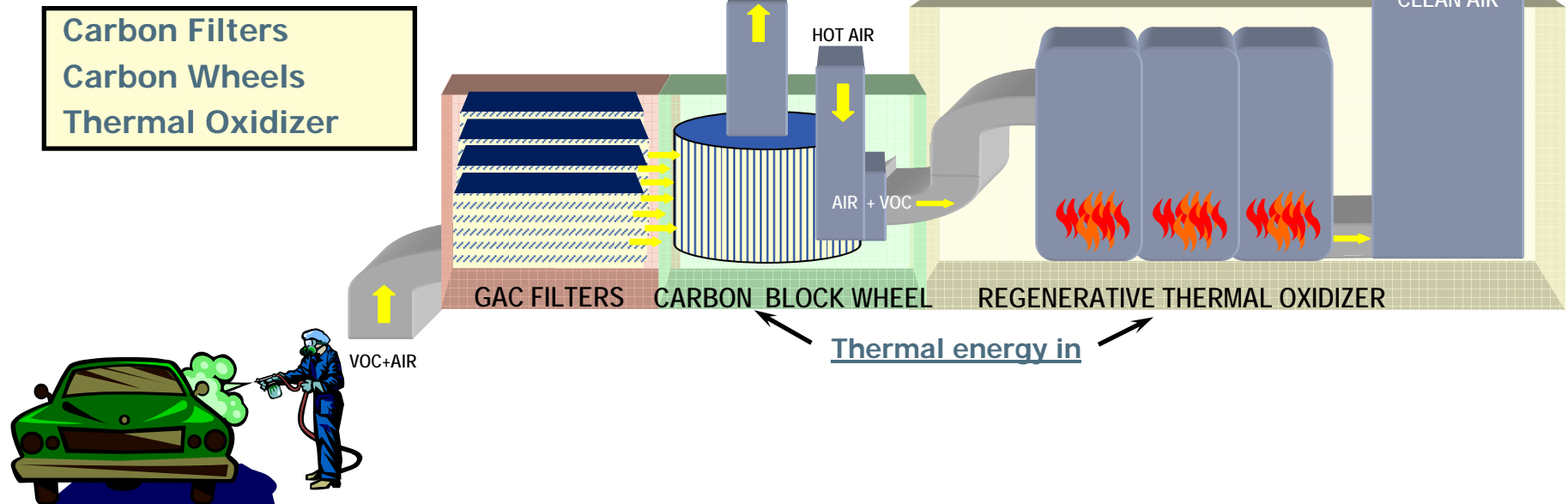
- CO₂ Demand controlled ventilation
- Retrofitted existing lighting with energy efficient components
- Added set back and occupancy control for laboratory exhaust and fume hoods
- Optimized scheduling of building air handling units.

Ford Motor Company Paint Fumes-to-Fuel System



Fumes to Fuel Project

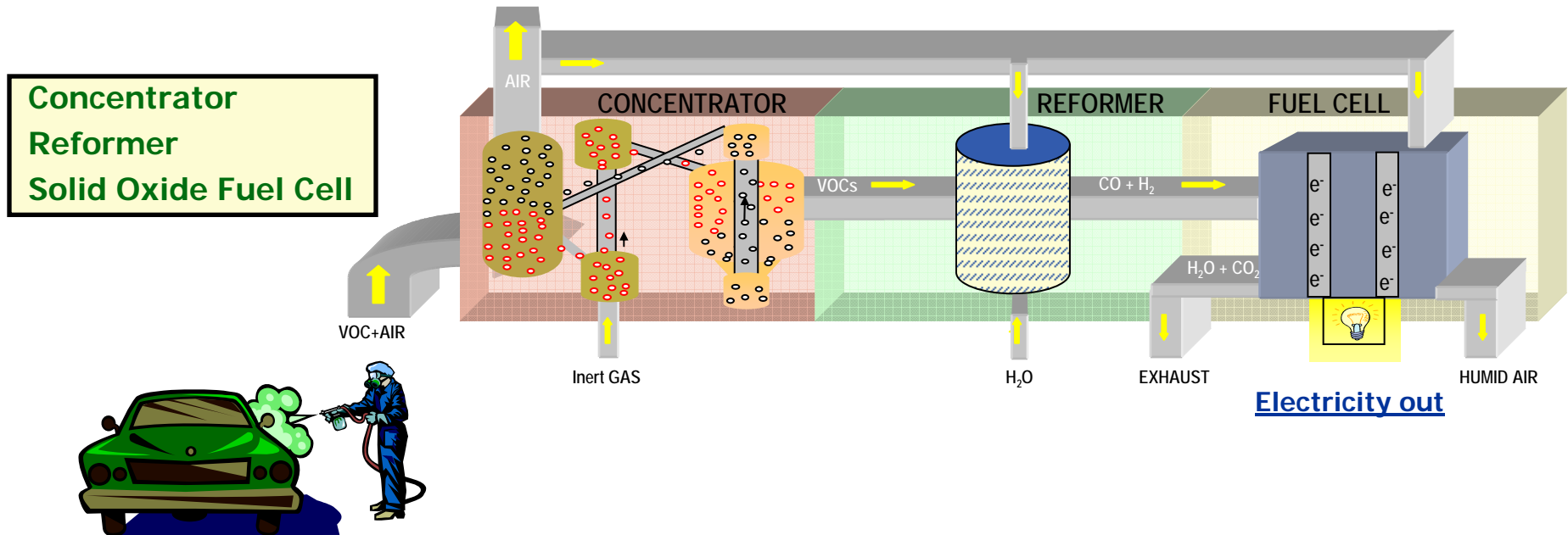
Current VOC Abatement Technology



- Tenfold concentration of VOC's + incineration using natural gas
- Meets environmental regulations
- However...
 - High energy demand
 - Produces significant amount of NO_x , SO_x , CO_2 emissions
 - Maintenance issues

Fumes to Fuel Project

New VOC abatement technology

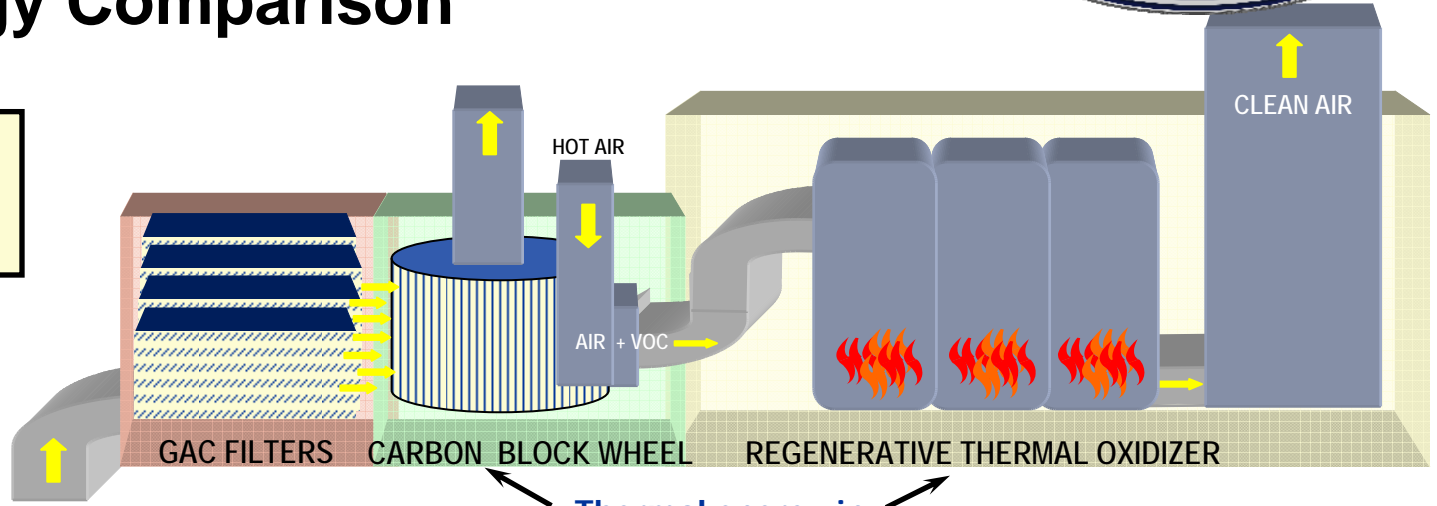


- >2000-fold concentration + conversion into electricity
 - Virtual elimination of NO_x, SO_x; 10-fold reduction in CO₂ emissions
 - Net energy production
 - Can run on natural gas in off-hours to produce cheap electricity

Fumes to Fuel Project Technology Comparison

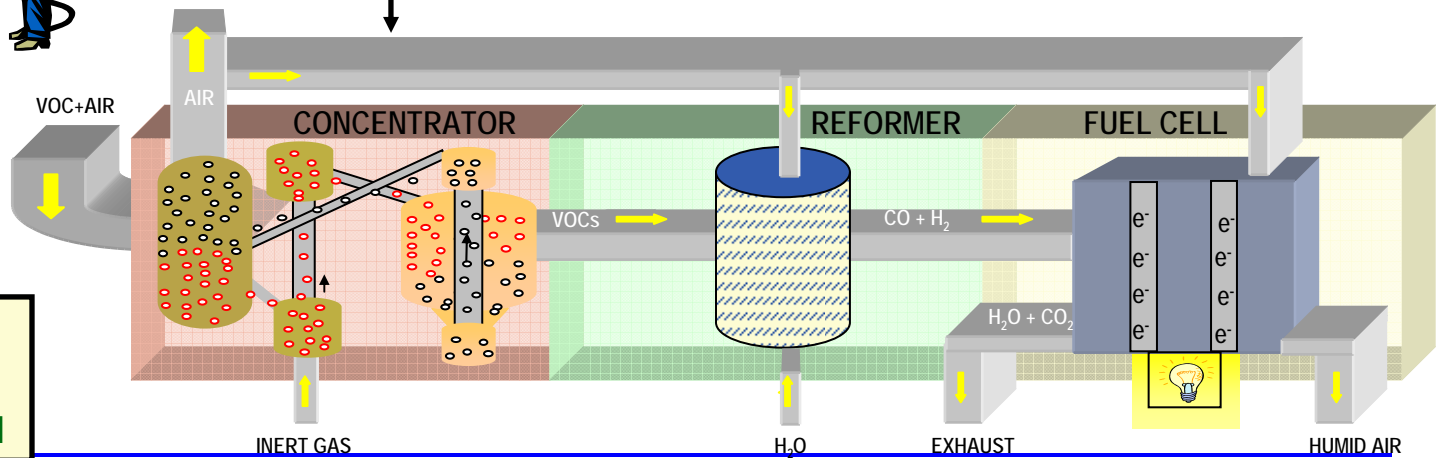


Carbon Filters
Carbon Wheels
Thermal Oxidizer



Waste-to-energy instead of energy-to-burn-waste

Concentrator
Reformer
Solid Oxide Fuel Cell



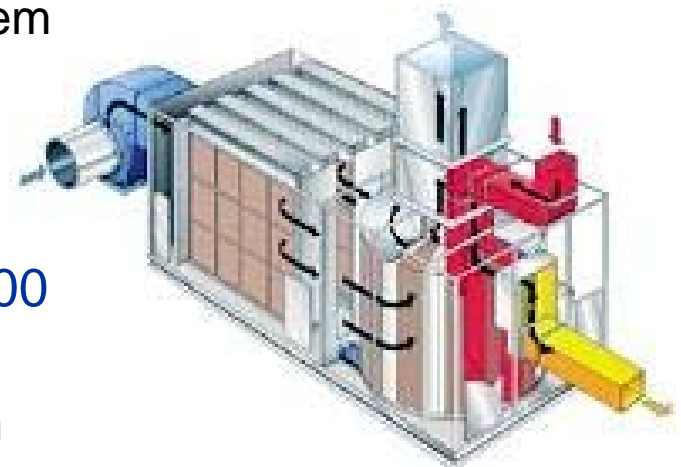
Electricity out

Fumes to Fuel Project Concentrator



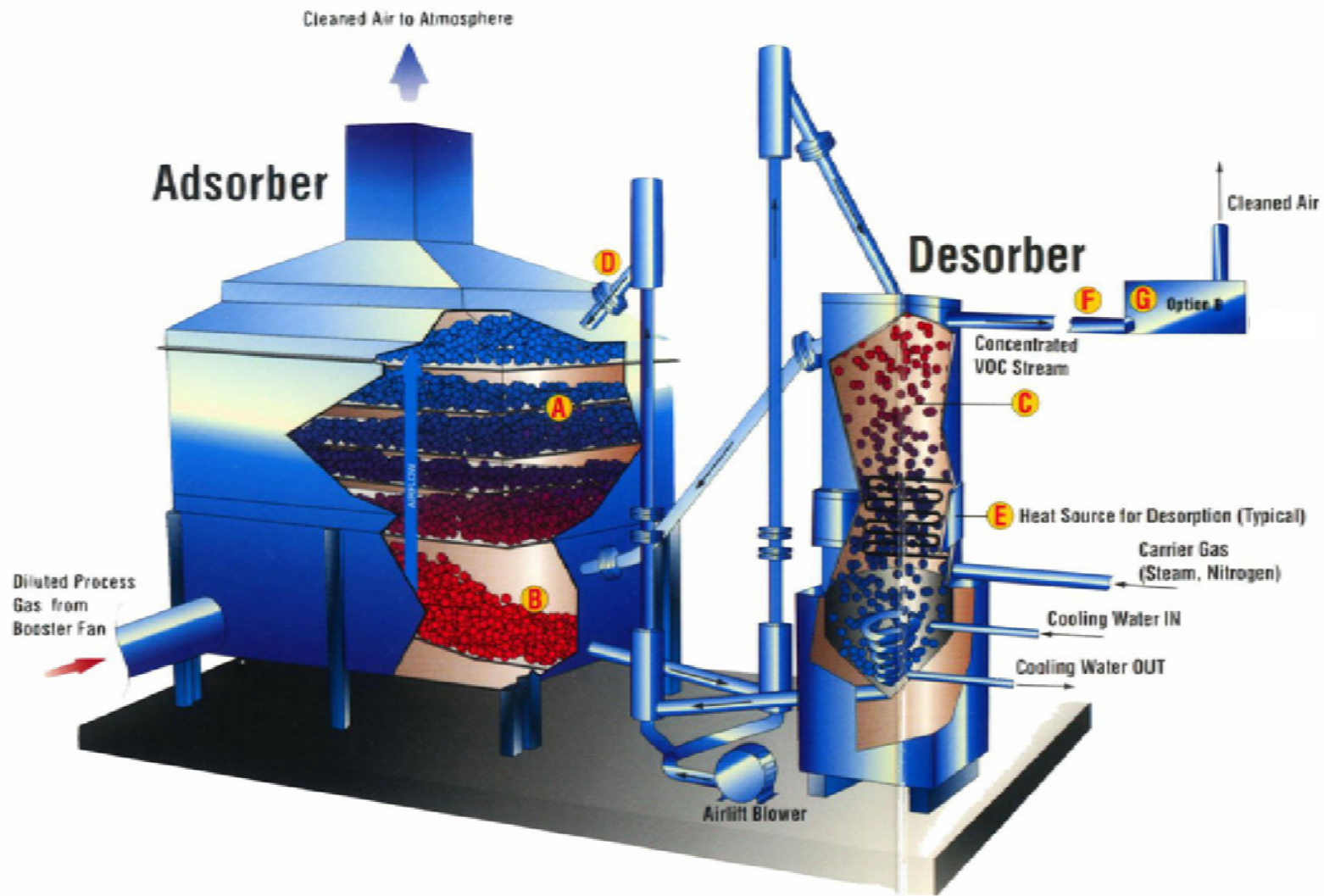
- Carbon wheel technology yields tenfold by-volume concentration
 - Not sufficient concentration for fuel cell system or even flare
 - Safety (fire) and maintenance issues

- Fluidized bed systems achieve 1,000-10,000 fold concentration
 - Early fluidized beds had a durability problem (adsorber beads)
 - FBC's now used routinely in various industries
 - Furniture painting, semiconductor, Teflon tubing industries, printing, ...
 - First automotive application

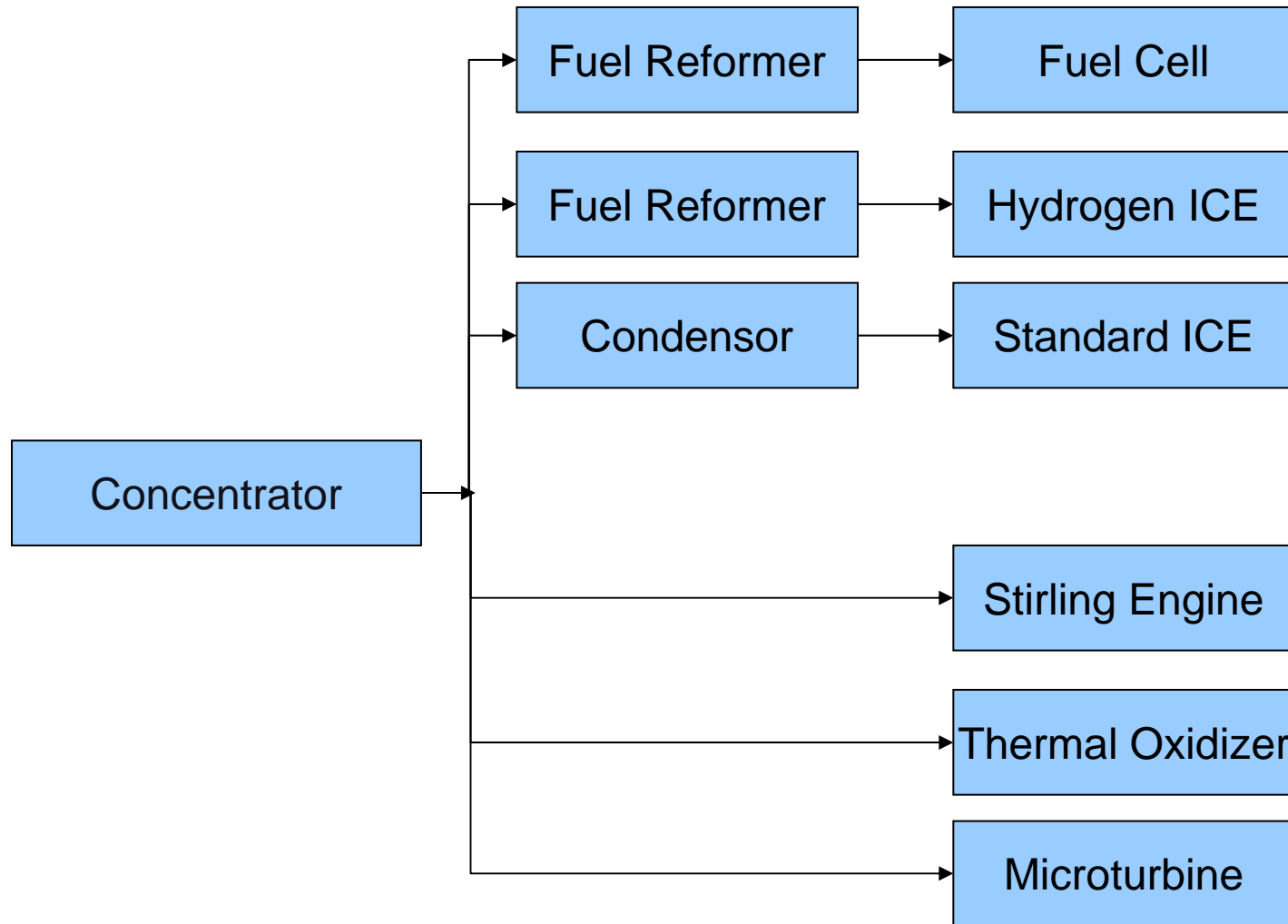


***Traditional
Carbon Wheel***

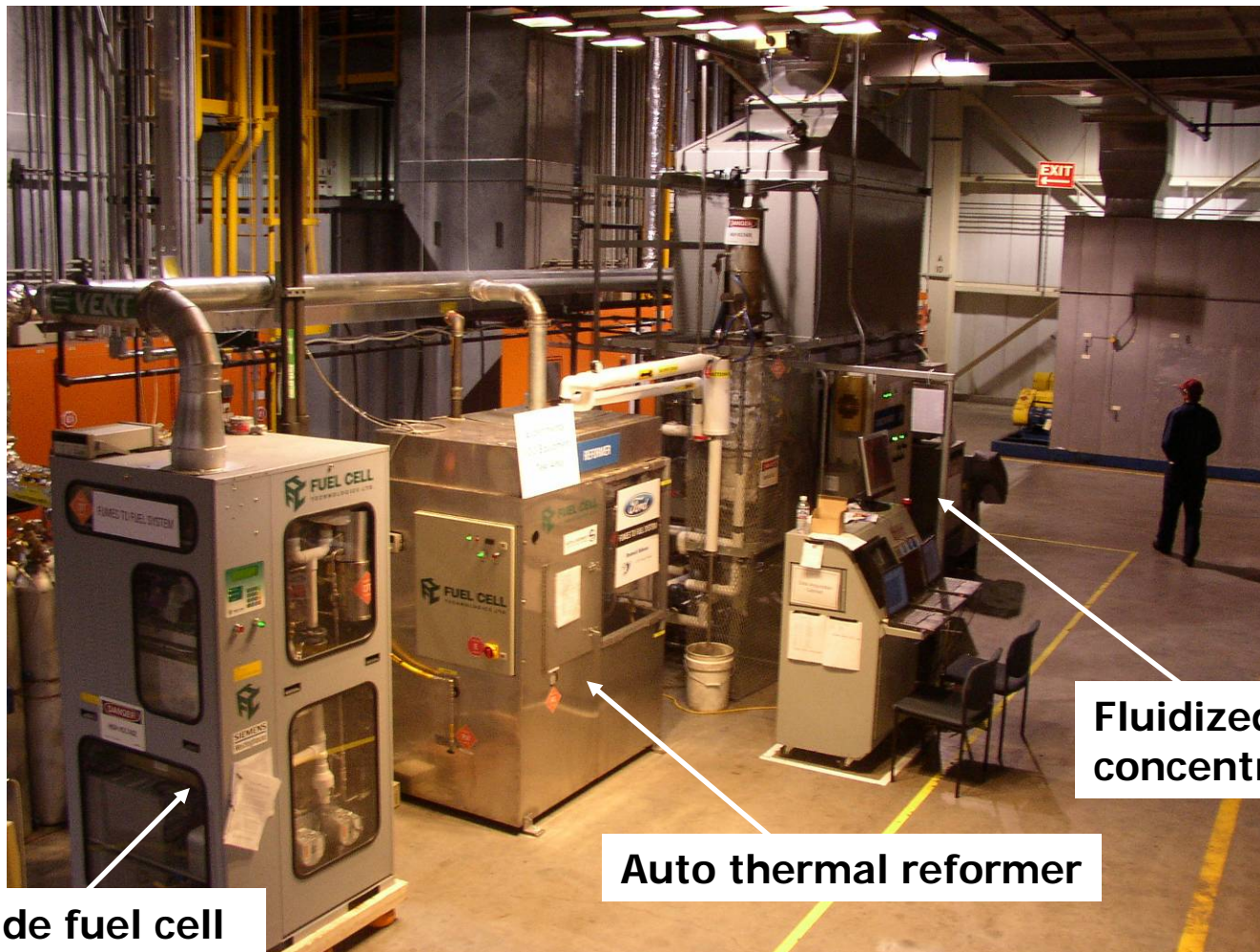
Fumes to Fuel Project Fluidized Bed Technology



Fumes to Fuel Project Technology Options



Fumes to Fuel Project 5 kW Alpha prototype demonstration



Solid oxide fuel cell

Auto thermal reformer

Fluidized bed concentrator

Dearborn Assembly Plant, July 17, 2003

Fumes to Fuel Project Beta System



- Utilizes Stirling cycle engine for VOC control and energy generation
- Eliminates the need for fuel reformation
- Uses fuel in the vapor phase



Fumes to Fuel Project Status to Date



- System Fluidizes and is Ready to Receive Process Air in <20 Minutes
- System Run in Automatic Mode for Days without interruption
- Stirling Engine Dual Fuel Train a Success
- Stirling Engine Run on 100% Captured Solvent, 0% Captured Solvent (ie. Natural Gas), Full Range of the Blend



Thank You
for your time
and interest!





Questions & Discussion

Upcoming Web Conferences



July 11 – Leveraging ENERGY STAR Change A Light

July 18 – Saving Energy with Water Efficiency

August 8 – Energy Auditing

September 19 – Retro-commissioning

Download past web conference presentations at:

www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=networking.bus_networking

Questions or comments? Contact: tunnessen.walt@epa.gov



Thank You!