#### INITIAL ATTACK REPORT ON CONDITIONS

CONFIRMED LEGAL: TWN:	RNG:	SECTION(S):	1/4:
LATITUDE:	L(	ONGITUDE:	
OWNERSHIP:	PROTECTION:	ACRES	:
Control Problems ?	Yes (specify		)
Additional Resources Need	ed? □ No □ Yes (spe	ecify	
Are you within your comfor Proceed Change Tack	level? YesNo_ icsHoldDisen	gageRequest more Exp	erienced IC
Human Life: 1) Entrapment 3) Other: (Ex			)
	Residences 2) Seasonal ings 5) Other	Residences 3) Commercial	
Natural Resources: (Explain			)
Spread Potential: 1) Low	2) Moderate	3) High 4) Extreme	
	3) Running 5) Toro 4) Spotting 6) Crow	hing 7)Crown/Spott vning 8) Erratic	ting
Fire Intensity Level: (In feet	(Avera	age flame length at head of fire)	)
Slope at Head of Fire:	(Actu	al percent %)	
2) Saddle 4)	Upper 1/3 5) Lo Middle 1/3 6) Co	ower 1/3 7) Valley Bottowanyon Bottom 8) Mesa/Plate	om 9) Flat/Rolling eau
Aspect: 0) Flat 1) North 2) N	E 3) East 4) SE 5) So	outh 6) SW 7) West 8) N	W 9) Ridgetop
		onderosa/Conifer 7) Aspen ruce/Fir 8) Slash	9) Other
	cattered Clouds 4) T-St	ding Cumulus 5) Lightning orms in area 6) Overcast Direction:	8) Heavy Showers
Actual Elevation:		Cause of Fire:	

# Northern Rockies TYPE 3,4 & 5 INCIDENT ORGANIZER

INCIDENT ACTIO	N #	FIR	E NAME:			
IC'S NAME:			FIRE I	NUMBER: FS:		
				BLM:	[E:	
FREQUENCIES_						
LEGAL: TWN	RNG _		SECTION(S)		UNIT:	
COORD: LATITUI	DE:		LONGIT	'UDE:		
DESCRIPTIVE LO	CATION:					
-						
REPORTED BY:						
ESTIMATED SIZE	i:	A	CRES OWNE	RSHIP:		
ESTIMATED SIZE	i:	A	CRES OWNE	RSHIP:		
ARRIVAL DATE:		A	RRIVAL TIME	:		
RESOURCES ORDERED	RESOURCE ID	DATE ETA	AT SCENE TIME	DUTY Hr	LOCATION ASSIGNMENT	BRIEFED √/TIME
✓ IF NEEDED	U	EIA	11ME	START TIME	ASSIGNWENT	▼ / I IIVIE
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#### **Spot Weather Observation and Forecast Request** 1. Name of Incident/Project 3. Request Made 2. Control Agency Time: Date: 4. Location (Twn, Rng, Sec, 1/4) 5. Drainage Name 6. Exposure/Aspect: 9. Fuel Type: 10. Project On: 7. Size of 8. Elevation Incident/Project: Top Bottom ☐ Ground ☐ Crowning 11. Weather Conditions at Incident/Project or RAWS: No Entry Place Elevation Obs Direction/Velocity Temperature Necessary Time Remarks Eye 20 Foot Lével Dry Wet Bulb RH DP Bulb The Fire Weather Forecaster will Furnish the Information for Block 13: Discussion and Outlook: Wind Burn Period Sky Cover Temp Humidity Indices Eye Level 20 Foot ۰F Upslope ☐ Today ☐ Mostly Sunny/Clear □Upslope Haines: ☐ Afternoon ☐ Fair □ Dwnslope □ Dwnslope ■ Evening □ Partly Cloudy ☐ High LAL: ☐ Max Direction: ☐ Mostly Cloudy Direction: ☐ Tonight ☐ Low ☐ Min (Sunset until ☐ Cloudy \_\_ Velocity:\_ □Range Velocity:\_ ☐ Range Sunrise) ERC: □ Variable Gusts: Gusts: °F ☐ Today ☐ Mostly Sunny/Clear Upslope Haines: **□**Upslope ☐ Afternoon ☐ Fair □ Dwnslope □ Dwnslope □ Evening ☐ Partly Cloudy ☐ High LAL: ☐ Max Direction: ☐ Tonight ☐ Mostly Cloudy Direction:\_ $\square$ Low ☐ Min (Sunset until ☐ Cloudy □Range Velocity: Velocity: Sunrise) ☐ Range ERC ☐ Variable Gusts: Gusts:

## Man Sketch

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			NOR	TH _				
			L					

Perimeter in Chains 17=1 24=2 29=3 34=4 3	SECTION TOWNSH LAT:	OF MAP: ( IP: RA	1 MILE) SECTION:	
STAGING-is located at:	I. C. Post-is located at:			
NOTES: (include roads,	creeks, trails, etc.)			
PREPARED BY: POS	SITION: DATE: TIME:			

TIME SUMMARY OF ACTIONS  DATE(S): OPERATIONAL PERIOD:  OPERATIONAL PERIO	TIME	SUMMARY OF ACTIONS	DATE(S):
			OPERATIONAL PERIOD:

**NARRATIVE:** Give a brief description of 10 \_\_\_\_\_\_ ression efforts. Include resources committed by number and type. Document any/all major decisions, observations, and problems.

#### **INCIDENT COMPLEXITY ANALYSIS (TYPE 3,4,5)**

**NOT COMPLEX-**Proceed with initial attack

Fire Behavior	Yes	No
Fuels extremely dry and susceptible to long-range spotting or		
you are currently experiencing extreme fire behavior		
Weather forecast indicating no significant relief or worsening conditions		
Current or predicted fire behavior dictates indirect control		
strategy with large amounts of fuel within planned perimeter		
Firefighter Safety	Yes	No
Performance of firefighting resources affected by cumulative fatigue		
Overhead over-extended mentally and/or physically		
Communication ineffective with tactical resources or dispatch		
Organization	Yes	No
Operations are at the limit of span of control		
Incident action plans, briefings, etc. missing or poorly prepared		
Variety of specialized operations, support personnel or equip.		
Unable to properly staff air operations		
Limited local resources available for initial attack		
Heavy commitment of local resources to logistical support		
Existing forces worked 24 hours without success		
Resources unfamiliar with local conditions and tactics		
Values to be Protected	Yes	No
Urban interface; structures, developments, recreational facilities, or potential for evacuation		
Fire burning or threatening more than one jurisdiction and		
potential for unified command with different or conflicting		
management objectives		
Unique natural resources, special-designation areas, critical		
municipal watershed, T&E species habitat, cultural sites		
Sensitive political concerns, media involvement, or		
controversial fire policy		

If you have checked "Yes" on 3 to 5 of the analysis boxes, consider requesting the next appropriate level of incident management support.

INCIDENT OBJECTIVES
1. SAFETY of firefighters and public
2.
3.
4.
Your goal is to manage the incident and not create another

#### FIRE SIZE UP RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS

### **NOTES:**

#### Step 1) SITUATION AWARENESS

Gather Information:

- ➤ Objectives
- ► Previous Fire Behavior
- ▶ Communications
- ▶ Weather Forecast
- ► Who's in Charge
- ► Local Factors
- ► Scout the Fire

#### Step 2) HAZARD ASSESSMENT

Estimate Potential Fire Behavior Hazards

► Look Up, Down, Around Indicators

Identify Tactical Hazards

► Watch Out Situations

What other safety hazards exist?

Consider severity versus probability

#### Step 3) HAZARD CONTROL

Fire Orders & LCES Checklist = Mandatory

- Anchor Point
- ► Downhill Checklist (if applicable)

What other controls are necessary?

#### Step 4) DECISION POINT

Are controls in place for identified hazards?

NO – Re-assess Situation YES – Next Question

Are selected tactics based on expected fire behavior?

NO – Re-assess Situation YES – Next Question

Have instructions been given and understood?

NO – Re-assess Situation YES – Initiate Action

#### Step 5) EVALUATE

Personnel: Low experience level with local factors?

Distracted from primary tasks? Fatigue or stress reaction?

Hazardous attitude?

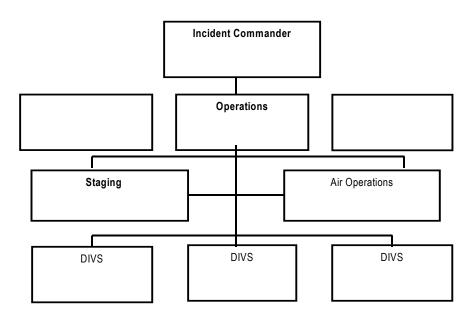
The Situation: What is changing? Are strategy and tactics working?

#### **Briefing Checklist**

SAFETY CHECKLIST		
<ul> <li>L: Has fire been thoroughly scouted and lookouts posted (if necessary)?</li> <li>A: Awareness: predicted weather, fire behavior, plan</li> <li>C: Are Communications with dispatch and firefighting personnel adequate?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>☐ Yes</li> <li>☐ No</li> <li>☐ Yes</li> <li>☐ No</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>E: Have escape routes been identified and understood by all firefighters?</li><li>S: Have safety zones been identified and understood by all firefighters?</li></ul>	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No	
If you answered no to any of the above questions, please explain why		

## **NOTES:**

#### **INCIDENT ORGANIZATION**



TELEPHONE	NUMBERS	RADIO NETS			
PERSON	NUMBER	NET	FREQUENCY		
		COMMAND			
		SUPPORT			
		AIR-TO-GROUND			
		AIR-TO-AIR			
		TAC			
		TAC			

### INITIAL ATTACK FORM

(Based on 10 Standard Fire Fighting Orders)

Shaded information elements will be recorded from morning briefings and forecasts, to be written down in your "ideas notebook" every morning at the start of your shift. If you miss the 6. Be alert, keep calm, think clearly, act decisively orm

morning briefing, report to fire managers and obtain these information elements. Enroute to
IA fire, IC will transfer information to appropriate shaded blocks above. This Ten Order Form
will serve as the basis for briefing incoming resources.
1. Keep informed of fire weather conditions and forecasts
Received today's fire weather forecast: Y N
Forecasted high Temperature:Forecasted low R/H:
Forecasted Wind: Direction: Speed:
Forecasted Changes
2 Zanana kataran Gua in daina at all times absorre marganella
2. Know what your fire is doing at all times, observe personally,
and use scouts.
3. Base all actions on current and expected behavior of fire
Start developing tactics based on info collected in size up. Anticipate changes in fire behavior.
Received Regional Fire Behavior Forecast (Weekly): Y N
Current ERC Haines Index Time of Day
Recent Fuel Moisture Indices: 10 hr 100hr 1000hr 1000hr
FUEL TYPE CHANGES: Y N IF YES TO WHAT?
TOPOGRAPHY CHANGES: Y N
4. Have escape routes and safety zones for everyone and make
them known
Escape route(s) identified: Safety Zone (s) identified: All personnel briefed on location of ER/SZ:
Re-evaluate Safety Zones and Escape Routes as conditions change
Ne-evaluate oalety 2011es and 25cape Noutes as conditions change
5. Post a lookout when there is possible danger
Lookout needed? (Reassess as conditions change)  Potential ignition below: 6

makers: N/A AVOIDED MITIGATED ELIMINATED

Other:

Plan strategy and tactics - direct/indirect/confine/back off

Trigger Points: Use these to assess your situation.
Rh decreasing? Y N Change in wind speed/direction? Y N
Increasing ROS? Y N FL>4ft? Y N Change in topography? Y N
South/West aspect or a change to these aspects? Y N
Spotting/more frequent spotting occurring? Y N
Is it the heat of the day? Y N Are tactics effective? Y N
Are you within your comfort level? Y N
Proceed: Change Tactics: Hold: Disengage:
Request assistance of more experienced IC:
(CONDITIONS CHANGING? REVISIT COMPLEXITY ANALYSIS)
7. Maintain prompt communication with your crew, supervisor
and adjoining forces
Frequency (ies) AND Communication(s) established/verified Frequencies being used:
8. Give clear instructions and make sure they are understood
Clear instructions given to all resources: All resources briefed:
9. Maintain control of your firefighters at all times
All resources and dispatch know who is Incident Commander
Are you in control? (span of control)(revisit 7&8)
10. Fight fire aggressively, but provide for safety first
Providing for safety first, engage fire with your initial attack plan based on data obtained

Providing for safety first, engage fire with your initial attack plan, based on data obtained and assessed in items 1-5. Reassess 1-9 continuously. If there is a significant change or you are not sure/comfortable, fall back to #6 and reassess. Identify, recognize, and mitigate the Watch Out situations that apply to your incident.

7.