

Other Safety Events of Interest

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Other Safety Events of Interest

- Visual
- Syncope
- Exacerbation of Myasthenia Gravis
- Conclusions

Visual

Visual: Preapproval Experience

IOVE - analysis of all relevant data in 2003:

- Receptor studies: Minimal binding at muscarinic 1 and 2
- Preclinical toxicity studies: no relevant changes
- Clinical studies:
 - two Phase I studies (2400 mg): severe etiologies excluded
 - Phase III studies: ~1% of subjects

Visual: Preapproval Experience

IOVE - analysis of all data in 2003:

- Postmarketing (N = 207):
 - analyzed like clinical trial data
 - rare cases of more severe disturbances
 - two reports of vision loss (unconfirmed)
- German Postmarketing Observational Survey
- Comparative FDA FOI analysis for events impacting driving
- Literature review of visual events for marketed products

Visual: Preapproval Experience

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Event: | Blurred vision |
| Onset: | 1-2 hrs after 1-2 nd dose |
| Duration: | 3-6 hrs |
| Risk: | Females and < 40 y |
| Impact on activity: | 44% of visual complaints No MVA |
| Exam findings: | No consistent findings |
| Outcome: | Reversible; no sequelae |

Visual: USPI at Time of Approval

PRECAUTIONS:

- *Visual disturbances: slowing the ability to accommodate / release accommodation*
 - *including blurred vision, difficulty focusing and diplopia*
 - *caution about potential effects on driving a vehicle, operating machinery or engaging in other potentially hazardous activity*

Visual: Postapproval Commitment

- US approval letter requirement
- Surveillance period: 15-May-04 to 01-Feb-06
- Ongoing clinical case monitoring
 - data collection with standardized questionnaire
 - emphasis on case follow-up
- Descriptive analysis performed
- Submitted to FDA: October 2006

Visual: Preapproval vs Postapproval Experience

| | Preapproval | Postapproval |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Event: | Blurred vision | Blurred vision |
| Onset: | 1-2 hrs after 1-2 nd dose | 1-3 hrs after 1-2 nd dose |
| Duration: | 3-6 hrs | 3-7 hrs |
| Risk: | Females and < 40 y | Females and < 40 y |
| Impact on activity: | 44% of complaints reading No MVA | 44% of complaints reading 2 MVAs |
| Exam findings: | No consistent findings | No consistent findings ↓ visual acuity |
| Outcome: | Reversible; no sequelae | Reversible; no sequelae |

Visual: Postapproval Experience

Preclinical:

- Electrophysiology study in cynomolgus monkeys
 - to evaluate potential effects on retinal adaptive processes
 - no changes during light and dark adaptation (rod and cone functions) up to 500 mg/kg (single dose)

Conclusions: Characterization of Visual Events

- Visual effects investigated thoroughly through preclinical/ Phase I studies and postmarketing commitment study
- Consistent after 28 million exposures:
 - infrequent event: 1° blurred vision/ difficulty focusing
 - rare reports of transient loss of vision
 - mechanism unknown: No permanent sequelae
- Launch label appropriately describes risk and driving precautions

Syncope

Syncope: Preapproval Experience

- Phase I studies
 - infrequently reported
 - primarily at supratherapeutic dose
 - secondary vasovagal response
- Phase III studies
 - rare event (0.1%); similar for TEL and comparators
- Postmarketing reports
 - rare reports; none suggestive of drug-induced malignant arrhythmia
- Syncope not described in USPI at approval

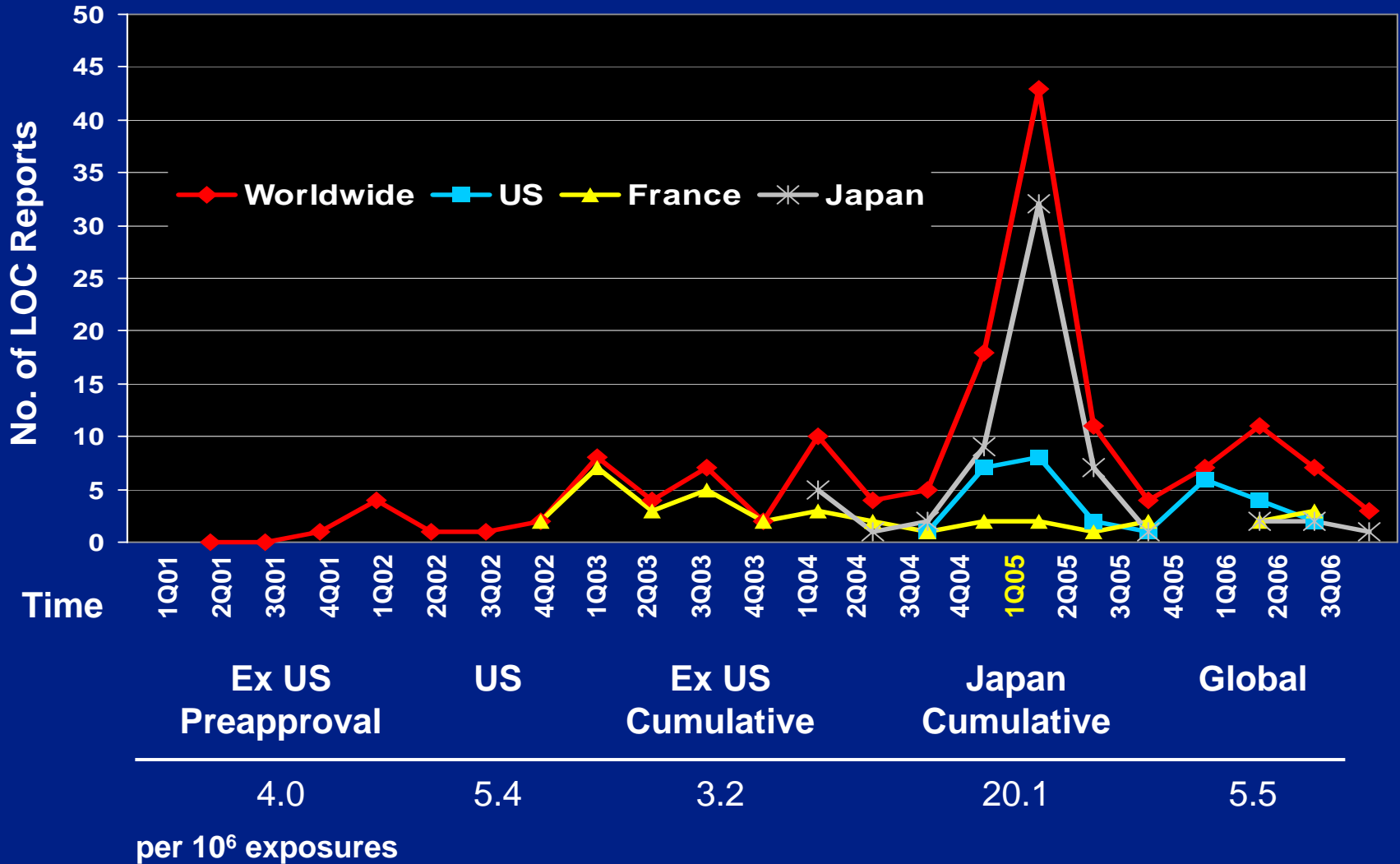
Syncope: Postapproval Experience

- Increased reports of syncope early 2004
- Cluster of reports received from Japan (approved Oct 2003)
 - six reports of syncope in 6 months (Jan-Jul 2004)
 - two reports of associated MVA

Syncope: Postapproval Experience

- Preclinical Study:
 - to assess effects on orthostatic response
 - postural tilt test in dogs
 - iv infusion of TEL (2.4 and 15 mg/kg)
 - heart rate, blood pressure, carotid flow
 - compared with CLA, AZI and LEV
 - Prazosin given as reference
 - no direct effect by TEL or comparators on orthostatic response

Spontaneous Reporting Rate Trends for Syncope (Sep 2006)



Conclusions:

Characterization of Syncopal Events

- Syncopal events identified through safety surveillance and further evaluated through preclinical study
- Heterogeneous reports
 - 1/3 to 1/2 with secondary vasovagal phenomenon
 - complication of another primary event (e.g. anaphylaxis, seizures)
- Postmarketing label updates describe risk and driving precautions

Exacerbation of Myasthenia Gravis

Exacerbation of Myasthenia Gravis: Preapproval Experience

- Receptor studies: physiologic mechanism for weakness not identified
- Clinical studies: No reports
- Postmarketing: 4 spontaneous reports received in 2002
 - comparative FDA FOI data analysis
 - reviewed with external expert
 - occurred within few hours of first dose
 - generally resolved with D/C of TEL

Exacerbation of Myasthenia Gravis: Preapproval Experience

- MG exacerbation added to warnings/precautions in 2003
 - *Dear HealthCare Professional* letter issued in Europe
- Included in US launch label in 2004
 - communicated to Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America

Spontaneous Reporting Rates for Exacerbation of MG: Internal Data (Sep 2006)

| | All MG Reports | | Fatal MG Reports | |
|-------------------|----------------|--|------------------|--|
| | No. of Reports | Reporting Rate (per 10 ⁶ exposures) | No of Reports | Reporting rate (per 10 ⁶ exposures) |
| Ex US Preapproval | 19 | 3.2 | 1 | 0.1 |
| Ex US Cumulative | 31 | 1.4 | 4 | 0.2 |
| US | 29 | 5.0 | 3 | 0.5 |
| Global | 60 | 2.1 | 7 | 0.3 |

Exacerbation of Myasthenia Gravis: Revised USPI*

- Changed from:
 - *not recommended* unless no other alternative
 - to
 - *should not be used* ... unless no other alternative
- Changed from:
 - Reports include rapid onset, *life-threatening* respiratory failure
 - to
 - Reports include *death and life-threatening* acute respiratory failure with rapid onset

*June 2006

Conclusion:

Characterization of Exacerbation of MG

- Risk of exacerbation of myasthenia gravis detected early in postapproval European surveillance and updated following postapproval US surveillance
- Rapid onset, frequently severe, rapid resolution with D/C
- Originally in US launch label - warning strengthened and shared with professional organizations:
 - Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America
 - National Organization for Rare Disorders
 - Muscular Dystrophy Association

Post US Approval Safety Experience

- sanofi-aventis team: continuity of global surveillance
- Intensified pharmacovigilance initiatives and pharmacoepidemiologic activities
- Partnered with external thought leaders
- Exposure of 28 million globally
 - MG, visual, hepatic, syncope risk further defined
- Actions taken to communicate information to manage risks
- Balance of net risks similar to other marketed antibiotics for RTI