TCDF

PURPOSE

Compute the t cumulative distribution function with v degrees of freedom.

DESCRIPTION

The t probability density function is:

where v is a positive integer that specifies the degrees of freedom, x can be any real number, and BETA is the beta function (see the documentation for the BETA command in the Mathematical Library Functions chapter for a description of this function). The Evans, Hastings, and Peacock book (see the REFERENCE section below) gives a formula for the cumulative distribution function. Since it is rather complicated, it will not be given here.

 $f(x) = \frac{1}{BETA\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\upsilon\right)\sqrt{\upsilon}} \left(1 + \frac{x^2}{\upsilon}\right)^{-\frac{(\upsilon+1)}{2}}$

<SUBSET/EXCEPT/FOR qualification>

SYNTAX

LET < y2 > = TCDF(< y1 >, < nu >)

where *<*y1*>* is a variable, a number, or a parameter;

<y2> is a variable or a parameter (depending on what <y1> is) where the computed t cdf value is stored; <nu> is a positive integer number, parameter, or variable that specifies the degrees of freedom; and where the <SUBSET/EXCEPT/FOR qualification> is optional.

EXAMPLES

LET A = TCDF(3,10)LET Y = TCDF(X1,10)

NOTE

For small to moderate degrees of freedom, DATAPLOT uses an exact finite sum method to approximate the cdf value. For large degrees of freedom, DATAPLOT uses a truncated asymptotic expansion to approximate the cdf value. These methods are documented in the sources listed in the REFERENCE section.

DEFAULT

None

SYNONYMS

None

RELATED COMMANDS

TPDF	=	Compute the T probability density function.
TPPF	=	Compute the T percent point function.
CHSPDF	=	Compute the chi-square probability density function.
CHSPPF	=	Compute the chi-square percent point function.
CHSCDF	=	Compute the chi-square cumulative distribution function.
FCDF	=	Compute the F cumulative distribution function.
FPDF	=	Compute the F probability density function.
FPPF	=	Compute the F percent point function.
NORCDF	=	Compute the normal cumulative distribution function.
NORPDF	=	Compute the normal probability density function.
NORPPF	=	Compute the normal percent point function.
NORPPF	=	Compute the normal percent point function.

REFERENCE

"Continuous Univariate Distributions - 2," Johnson and Kotz, Houghton Mifflin, 1970 (chapter 27).

"Statistical Distributions," 2nd Ed., Evans, Hastings, and Peacock, Wiley and Sons, 1993 (chapter 37).

(EQ 8-315)

"Handbook of Mathematical Functions, Applied Mathematics Series, Vol. 55," Abramowitz and Stegum, National Bureau of Standards, 1964 (page 948).

"Extended Tables of the Percentage Points of Student's T Distribution," Federigho, Journal of the American Statistical Association, 1969, (pp. 683-688).

APPLICATIONS

Hypothesis Testing

IMPLEMENTATION DATE

Pre-1987

PROGRAM

TITLE TCDF FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF NU X1LABEL X; Y1LABEL PROBABILITY SEGMENT 1 COORDINATES 16 88 21 88; SEGMENT 1 PATTERN SOLID SEGMENT 2 COORDINATES 16 84 21 84; SEGMENT 2 PATTERN DASH SEGMENT 3 COORDINATES 16 80 21 80; SEGMENT 3 PATTERN DOT SEGMENT 4 COORDINATES 16 76 21 76; SEGMENT 4 PATTERN DA2 LEGEND 1 NU = 5; LEGEND 1 COORDINATES 22 87 LEGEND 2 NU = 10; LEGEND 2 COORDINATES 22 83 LEGEND 3 NU = 20; LEGEND 3 COORDINATES 22 79 LEGEND 4 NU = 30; LEGEND 4 COORDINATES 22 75 MAJOR YTIC NUMBER 6; MINOR YTIC NUMBER 1 YLIMITS 01; YTIC DECIMAL 1 LINES SOLID DASH DOT DASH2 PLOT TCDF(X,5) FOR X = -4.00.14 AND PLOT TCDF(X,10) FOR X = -4.00.14 AND PLOT TCDF(X,20) FOR X = -4.0 0.1 4 AND PLOT TCDF(X,30) FOR X = -4.0 0.1 4

