

Miami–Fort Lauderdale, FL National Compensation Survey December 2005



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Preface

Data shown in this bulletin were collected as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) National Compensation Survey (NCS). The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private firms and government jurisdictions that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation.

Field economists of the Bureau of Labor Statistics collected and reviewed the survey data. The Office of Compensation and Working Conditions, in cooperation with the Office of Field Operations and the Office of Technology and Survey Processing in the BLS National Office, designed the survey, processed the data, and prepared the survey for publication.

For additional information regarding this survey, please contact any BLS regional office at the address and telephone number listed on the back cover of this bulletin. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at:

Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, 2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Room 4175, Washington, DC 20212-0001, call (202) 691-6199, or send an e-mail to ocltinfo@bls.gov.

The data contained in this bulletin are also available at <http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm>, the BLS Internet site. Data are presented in a Portable Document Format (PDF) file containing the core bulletin, and in an ASCII file containing the published table formats.

Results of earlier surveys of this area are available from BLS regional offices, the Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, or at the BLS Internet site.

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Introduction

The tables in this bulletin summarize the NCS results for the Miami–Fort Lauderdale, FL, metropolitan area. Data were collected between June 2005 and July 2006; the average reference month is December 2005. Tabulations provide information on earnings of workers in a variety of occupations and at different work levels. Also contained in this bulletin are information on the program, a technical note describing survey procedures, and an appendix with detailed information on occupational classifications.

Most of the earnings estimates in this bulletin are presented as mean hourly earnings. Mean weekly and annual earnings, and the corresponding hours, also are provided for full-time employees in specific occupations. Some occupations, such as teachers and fire fighters, typically have shorter or longer work schedules than do the majority of full-time workers. The weekly and annual estimates are useful for comparing the earnings of occupations having different work schedules.

NCS products

The Bureau's National Compensation Survey provides comprehensive measures of occupational earnings, compensation cost trends, benefit incidence, and detailed plan provisions. The Employment Cost Index, a quarterly measure of the change in employer costs for wages and benefits, is derived from the NCS. Employer Costs for Employee Compensation measures employers' average hourly costs for wages and benefits. NCS also measures the incidence and provisions of benefit plans. This bulletin is limited to data on occupational wages and salaries.

Changes to the publications

The locality wage publications have undergone a number of significant changes. Beginning with the 3135 bulletin series, the releases employ:

1. The 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)
2. An expanded scope of establishments, lowering the minimum establishment size for private industry from 50 workers to 1 worker
3. Imputation for temporary non-response situations
4. Benchmarking of estimated employment
5. Redesigned tables, to reflect the new classification system and to emphasize work levels

About the tables

The tables that follow present data on straight-time occupational earnings, which include wages and salaries, incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. These earnings exclude premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. About 800 detailed occupations, listed in Appendix B, are used to describe all occupations in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding the Federal Government and private households). Data are not shown for any occupations if they would raise concerns about the confidentiality of the survey respondents or if the data are insufficient to support reliable estimates.

Table 1 presents an overview of all tables in this bulletin. Mean hourly earnings, weekly hours, and relative standard errors are given for all industries, private industry, and State and local government for selected worker and establishment characteristics. The worker characteristics include high-level occupational aggregation, full-time or part-time status, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Establishment characteristics include goods and service producing and size of establishment.

Table 2 presents mean hourly earnings data by work level for major occupational groups and for detailed occupations. Separate data are also shown for full-time and part-time workers. Table 3 provides work level data for private industry workers. Table 4 provides similar data for State and local government workers. Table 5 simplifies the work levels by combining them into broader groups within major and detailed occupations, and for full-time and part-time workers.

Tables 6 through 10 present hourly wage percentiles that describe the distribution of hourly earnings for individual workers within each published occupation. Data are provided for the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, State and local government, full-time workers, and part-time workers.

Table 11 presents mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings, and the associated hours, for major occupational groups and detailed occupations for full-time workers. Table 12 provides the same type of information for private industry workers. Table 13 provides similar data for State and local government workers.

Table 14 presents mean hourly earnings data for establishment employment sizes by high-level occupational ag-

gregations in the private sector. Tables 15 and 16 provide mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings data for full-time employees in private establishments with fewer than 100 workers, and in private establishments with 100 workers or more.

Table 17 presents mean hourly earnings data for union and nonunion workers in all, private, and State and local government establishments by high-level occupational aggregation. Table 18 provides hourly earnings data for time and incentive workers in all and private establishments by

high-level occupational aggregation. Table 19 presents mean hourly earnings data for major industry divisions within the private sector.

Appendix table 1 presents the number of workers represented by the survey, by high-level occupational aggregation and for all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Appendix table 2 provides the number of establishments in the sampling frame and the number of responding and nonresponding establishments.

Table 1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings¹ and weekly hours for selected worker and establishment characteristics, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Worker and establishment characteristics	Civilian workers			Private industry workers			State and local government workers		
	Hourly earnings		Mean weekly hours ³	Hourly earnings		Mean weekly hours ³	Hourly earnings		Mean weekly hours ³
	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)		Mean	Relative error ² (percent)		Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	
All workers	\$16.20	3.6	37.0	\$15.25	4.5	36.8	\$22.29	3.3	38.4
Worker characteristics^{4,5}									
Management, professional, and related	29.36	4.1	38.2	29.38	5.4	38.3	29.33	3.1	37.8
Management, business, and financial	32.30	7.9	40.2	32.52	8.7	40.3	31.07	16.5	39.6
Professional and related	27.80	4.4	37.2	27.33	6.6	37.1	28.87	2.9	37.4
Service	10.28	5.9	35.2	8.86	4.4	34.8	19.33	2.1	38.4
Sales and office	13.34	2.5	37.0	13.07	2.7	36.8	16.48	10.1	38.9
Sales and related	12.43	4.5	34.8	12.43	4.5	34.7	—	—	—
Office and administrative support	13.74	3.1	38.1	13.38	3.4	38.0	16.59	10.2	38.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	16.58	2.5	39.8	15.79	2.0	39.8	21.51	2.7	39.9
Construction and extraction	15.49	4.3	40.0	14.47	6.9	40.0	22.42	3.0	39.9
Installation, maintenance, and repair	18.47	4.2	39.5	18.17	4.7	39.4	20.18	3.9	39.9
Production, transportation, and material moving	13.65	2.6	37.0	13.32	2.2	36.8	16.21	12.5	38.4
Production	11.49	4.9	39.7	10.83	2.1	39.7	19.67	29.4	39.9
Transportation and material moving	15.16	3.0	35.3	15.20	3.4	34.9	14.88	2.5	37.8
Full time	16.77	3.5	39.6	15.80	4.5	39.7	22.49	3.3	39.1
Part time	10.65	6.7	22.6	10.48	7.0	22.7	14.97	8.8	22.5
Union	23.06	4.1	36.9	22.88	8.4	34.2	23.15	4.5	38.3
Nonunion	15.02	4.8	37.0	14.81	5.1	37.0	19.92	5.8	38.6
Time	15.82	3.8	37.0	14.76	4.8	36.8	22.29	3.3	38.4
Incentive	25.06	18.6	37.3	25.06	18.6	37.3	—	—	—
Establishment characteristics									
Goods producing	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	14.22	7.1	39.9	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Service providing	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	—	—	—	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
1-99 workers	14.24	8.6	37.0	14.24	8.6	37.0	—	—	—
100-499 workers	14.33	4.4	37.0	14.27	4.4	36.9	18.01	11.0	39.2
500 workers or more	21.38	3.5	37.1	20.40	6.2	36.0	22.43	3.3	38.4

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

² The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

³ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

⁴ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on

hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

⁵ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

⁶ Classification of establishments into goods-producing and service-providing industries applies to private industry only. Industries are determined by the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 2. **Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005**

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
All workers	\$16.20	3.6	\$16.77	3.5	\$10.65	6.7
Management occupations	36.48	9.8	36.51	9.8	—	—
Level 7	20.50	8.6	20.55	8.7	—	—
Level 9	29.77	7.1	29.77	7.1	—	—
Level 11	41.89	12.3	41.89	12.3	—	—
Level 12	73.12	26.8	73.12	26.8	—	—
Not able to be leveled	44.49	8.0	44.49	8.0	—	—
General and operations managers	48.02	23.4	48.02	23.4	—	—
Level 9	32.98	7.2	32.98	7.2	—	—
Not able to be leveled	52.71	21.0	52.71	21.0	—	—
Financial managers	38.94	5.4	38.94	5.4	—	—
Not able to be leveled	40.98	19.3	40.98	19.3	—	—
Education administrators	44.68	26.0	45.33	25.6	—	—
Education administrators, postsecondary	49.62	41.5	51.28	40.3	—	—
Business and financial operations occupations	27.75	7.8	27.74	8.3	—	—
Level 6	19.00	5.6	19.24	5.9	—	—
Level 7	22.67	7.0	22.06	6.1	—	—
Level 8	24.77	9.3	24.77	9.3	—	—
Level 9	33.39	4.6	33.39	4.6	—	—
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	27.30	23.8	27.30	23.8	—	—
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists	22.56	7.9	23.50	7.3	—	—
Accountants and auditors	27.13	11.8	27.13	11.8	—	—
Financial analysts and advisors	26.51	12.2	26.51	12.2	—	—
Loan counselors and officers	33.33	20.2	32.28	24.9	—	—
Loan officers	33.49	21.1	—	—	—	—
Computer and mathematical science occupations	27.34	8.9	27.34	8.9	—	—
Level 8	24.79	6.9	24.79	6.9	—	—
Architecture and engineering occupations	28.36	8.6	28.45	8.4	—	—
Level 7	24.12	7.4	24.12	7.4	—	—
Level 9	25.58	9.1	25.58	9.1	—	—
Engineers	28.93	10.5	29.05	10.3	—	—
Level 9	24.15	10.6	—	—	—	—
Community and social services occupations	18.26	10.4	17.97	10.7	—	—
Level 7	13.91	2.3	13.94	2.5	—	—
Counselors	18.70	26.9	18.83	27.0	—	—
Level 7	13.53	3.2	—	—	—	—
Social workers	17.49	6.1	16.84	3.1	—	—
Level 7	14.11	3.8	14.11	3.8	—	—
Mental health and substance abuse social workers	17.59	8.1	—	—	—	—
Legal occupations	38.36	15.5	38.89	13.4	—	—
Lawyers	44.58	12.4	44.58	12.4	—	—
Education, training, and library occupations	30.18	2.6	30.34	2.6	14.84	23.3
Level 8	30.81	1.8	30.81	1.8	—	—
Level 9	30.49	5.0	30.47	5.0	—	—
Postsecondary teachers	39.74	4.9	39.87	5.0	—	—
Level 9	37.25	5.7	—	—	—	—
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	34.33	20.3	—	—	—	—
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	31.05	1.5	31.12	1.5	—	—
Level 8	31.30	1.8	—	—	—	—
Elementary and middle school teachers	30.11	3.6	30.24	3.7	—	—
Level 8	30.24	3.7	30.24	3.7	—	—
Elementary school teachers, except special education	28.70	4.3	28.87	4.3	—	—
Level 8	28.87	4.3	28.87	4.3	—	—
Teacher assistants	8.51	3.9	—	—	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. **Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005** — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	\$24.91	10.7	\$25.01	11.4	—	—
Not able to be leveled	30.04	40.6	—	—	—	—
Designers	17.96	15.0	17.96	15.0	—	—
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	26.49	4.2	25.21	4.6	\$32.10	9.8
Level 4	14.68	7.5	14.80	7.7	—	—
Level 5	18.16	2.4	18.00	3.6	—	—
Level 6	20.36	7.4	20.38	7.9	—	—
Level 7	24.83	5.3	24.45	5.7	—	—
Level 8	28.90	7.4	26.35	3.1	—	—
Level 9	28.54	4.2	27.22	1.3	33.62	12.9
Level 10	27.85	31.5	—	—	—	—
Pharmacists	40.93	12.5	46.25	2.9	33.76	12.4
Registered nurses	28.03	3.0	27.18	1.8	31.36	7.2
Level 7	24.73	3.0	24.36	3.0	—	—
Level 8	29.67	5.4	27.09	2.7	—	—
Level 9	27.71	1.8	27.70	2.0	27.79	3.7
Therapists	33.59	14.5	25.99	5.3	—	—
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	23.83	6.6	—	—	—	—
Medical and clinical laboratory technologists	24.23	4.9	—	—	—	—
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	25.19	15.8	25.19	15.8	—	—
Radiologic technologists and technicians	24.20	2.3	24.20	2.3	—	—
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	18.22	4.8	18.30	5.0	—	—
Respiratory therapy technicians	18.48	3.5	18.48	3.5	—	—
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	17.71	4.3	17.31	3.2	—	—
Level 6	18.05	3.2	—	—	—	—
Healthcare support occupations	11.96	5.8	11.96	6.8	11.93	8.6
Level 2	9.38	1.9	9.46	1.9	—	—
Level 3	11.38	6.1	10.95	5.6	—	—
Level 4	11.91	7.2	11.94	7.3	—	—
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	10.20	1.6	9.98	2.1	11.21	10.3
Level 2	9.40	2.0	9.49	2.0	—	—
Level 3	12.09	7.3	—	—	—	—
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	10.13	2.7	9.83	3.3	11.49	9.2
Level 2	9.43	2.4	9.54	2.4	—	—
Level 3	12.38	7.2	—	—	—	—
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	11.95	3.9	11.99	3.9	—	—
Level 3	10.77	8.4	10.84	8.5	—	—
Level 4	12.10	8.1	12.13	8.2	—	—
Medical assistants	12.68	5.1	12.75	5.3	—	—
Level 4	12.55	11.1	—	—	—	—
Pharmacy aides	10.21	14.3	—	—	—	—
Level 3	10.62	14.3	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	13.92	12.3	14.18	12.5	9.97	8.3
Level 3	9.32	1.3	9.30	1.4	—	—
Level 4	11.62	5.6	—	—	—	—
Level 5	19.27	5.0	19.27	5.0	—	—
Level 7	26.15	.6	26.15	.6	—	—
Level 8	25.94	4.3	25.94	4.3	—	—
Level 9	33.76	3.2	33.76	3.2	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers, law enforcement workers	37.72	4.1	37.72	4.1	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	38.80	.5	38.80	.5	—	—
Fire fighters	21.51	1.4	21.51	1.4	—	—
Level 7	21.33	3.3	21.33	3.3	—	—
Police officers	27.24	1.7	27.24	1.7	—	—
Level 7	27.70	.9	27.70	.9	—	—
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	27.24	1.7	27.24	1.7	—	—
Level 7	27.70	.9	27.70	.9	—	—
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	9.21	4.3	9.23	4.4	8.84	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. **Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005** — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers						
—Continued						
Level 3	\$9.28	1.3	\$9.30	1.4	—	—
Security guards	9.21	4.3	9.23	4.4	\$8.84	4.6
Level 3	9.28	1.3	9.30	1.4	—	—
Miscellaneous protective service workers	11.44	7.6	—	—	11.44	7.6
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.57	4.6	7.87	8.2	6.77	7.7
Level 1	5.82	7.5	5.76	15.1	5.91	6.1
Level 2	6.80	11.0	6.58	16.2	7.27	6.8
Level 3	8.82	6.6	8.71	8.0	—	—
Level 4	9.64	9.7	9.70	10.0	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers, food preparation and serving workers	15.42	16.0	15.42	16.0	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	13.80	14.4	13.80	14.4	—	—
Cooks	10.09	6.8	10.18	9.5	—	—
Level 4	10.29	5.6	10.25	6.0	—	—
Cooks, restaurant	10.00	3.1	10.20	6.0	—	—
Level 4	10.17	4.9	10.12	5.2	—	—
Food preparation workers	8.29	20.0	8.29	26.3	8.31	5.5
Level 2	9.28	6.8	—	—	8.10	3.2
Food service, tipped	4.75	7.6	4.07	8.0	6.42	18.0
Level 1	4.23	14.3	—	—	—	—
Level 2	5.04	12.3	—	—	—	—
Level 3	6.33	30.6	—	—	—	—
Bartenders	4.73	27.6	—	—	—	—
Waiters and waitresses	4.24	7.7	3.43	.5	6.16	20.4
Level 1	3.04	3.5	3.02	4.2	3.08	1.4
Level 2	4.89	14.1	—	—	—	—
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	7.76	7.7	7.56	3.1	—	—
Level 1	7.77	9.3	—	—	—	—
Fast food and counter workers	6.86	2.7	7.64	4.5	6.27	2.9
Level 1	6.57	1.4	7.12	6.5	6.20	3.3
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	6.92	2.4	7.85	3.4	6.29	2.3
Level 1	6.62	1.6	—	—	—	—
Food servers, nonrestaurant	7.45	11.3	7.45	11.3	—	—
Dishwashers	7.18	2.2	7.10	2.7	—	—
Level 1	7.15	2.6	7.05	3.2	—	—
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	7.29	3.6	—	—	—	—
Level 1	7.29	3.6	—	—	—	—
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	9.52	3.7	9.78	3.2	7.00	3.3
Level 1	8.44	4.2	8.63	4.0	—	—
Level 2	9.79	4.0	9.79	4.0	—	—
Level 3	11.33	13.4	12.41	10.9	—	—
Building cleaning workers	9.21	4.8	9.49	4.0	6.92	3.7
Level 1	8.18	4.5	8.36	4.4	—	—
Level 2	10.32	3.6	10.32	3.6	—	—
Level 3	10.03	12.2	11.13	9.6	—	—
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	9.47	6.8	9.93	5.5	6.78	2.3
Level 1	7.87	6.6	8.20	6.8	—	—
Level 2	10.90	2.6	10.90	2.6	—	—
Level 3	10.01	13.3	—	—	—	—
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	8.57	3.1	8.56	3.2	—	—
Level 1	8.54	3.3	8.54	3.4	—	—
Grounds maintenance workers	10.17	9.9	10.29	10.1	—	—
Level 1	9.29	5.7	—	—	—	—
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	10.17	9.9	10.29	10.1	—	—
Level 1	9.29	5.7	—	—	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. **Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005** — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Personal care and service occupations	\$10.43	13.0	\$10.65	15.8	\$9.01	6.5
Level 1	7.56	1.5	—	—	—	—
Level 2	7.00	5.2	—	—	—	—
Level 3	7.50	8.2	7.50	8.2	—	—
Child care workers	7.46	2.7	—	—	—	—
Recreation and fitness workers	10.65	13.3	—	—	—	—
Recreation workers	10.72	14.3	—	—	—	—
Sales and related occupations	12.43	4.5	13.64	6.0	7.92	3.0
Level 1	7.75	4.7	—	—	—	—
Level 2	8.38	4.1	—	—	—	—
Level 3	10.11	1.8	—	—	—	—
Level 4	13.18	6.2	—	—	—	—
Level 5	15.45	5.8	—	—	—	—
Level 6	19.80	10.4	—	—	—	—
Level 7	20.94	12.5	—	—	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	22.52	16.6	22.52	16.6	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	17.29	8.2	17.29	8.2	—	—
Retail sales workers	9.90	7.2	10.70	9.6	7.95	2.9
Level 1	7.63	6.2	—	—	—	—
Level 2	8.27	5.4	—	—	—	—
Level 3	10.41	2.0	—	—	—	—
Level 4	12.02	7.4	—	—	—	—
Level 5	12.56	3.3	—	—	—	—
Cashiers, all workers	8.76	6.4	9.31	9.3	7.71	2.2
Level 1	7.12	1.2	7.31	.6	6.84	2.7
Level 2	8.27	7.8	8.67	21.0	7.86	2.3
Level 3	10.11	1.3	10.36	1.3	9.28	1.9
Cashiers	8.76	6.4	9.31	9.3	7.71	2.2
Level 1	7.12	1.2	7.31	.6	6.84	2.7
Level 2	8.27	7.8	8.67	21.0	7.86	2.3
Level 3	10.11	1.3	10.36	1.3	9.28	1.9
Retail salespersons	11.16	4.2	12.03	5.9	8.35	2.0
Level 1	9.15	9.8	—	—	—	—
Level 2	8.35	2.7	8.79	3.9	7.36	.9
Level 4	11.70	8.5	12.58	6.4	9.13	6.7
Level 5	12.56	3.3	—	—	—	—
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	15.46	10.1	15.46	10.1	—	—
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and scientific products	15.46	10.1	15.46	10.1	—	—
Miscellaneous sales and related workers	13.46	17.8	15.39	14.5	—	—
Office and administrative support occupations	13.74	3.1	13.92	2.8	11.03	9.4
Level 1	9.88	2.8	—	—	—	—
Level 2	10.53	4.6	—	—	—	—
Level 3	11.14	3.1	—	—	—	—
Level 4	14.33	3.1	—	—	—	—
Level 5	15.17	4.5	—	—	—	—
Level 6	19.23	6.6	—	—	—	—
Level 7	21.87	6.3	—	—	—	—
Level 8	22.17	7.2	—	—	—	—
Not able to be leveled	14.05	8.3	—	—	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	23.03	9.6	23.04	9.6	—	—
Level 7	23.03	10.9	23.03	10.9	—	—
Switchboard operators, including answering service	—	—	9.03	8.9	—	—
Financial clerks	13.61	5.5	13.66	6.1	13.21	11.0
Level 2	9.36	4.0	—	—	—	—
Level 3	11.93	3.3	—	—	—	—
Level 4	13.58	8.2	—	—	—	—
Level 5	17.44	6.6	—	—	—	—
Bill and account collectors	12.61	8.9	12.61	8.9	—	—
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	12.63	7.9	12.63	7.9	—	—
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	15.76	7.8	16.24	5.0	—	—
Level 3	12.83	5.0	12.83	5.0	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. **Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005** — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks						
–Continued						
Level 4	\$14.32	9.5	\$15.27	7.0	–	–
Level 5	19.06	4.8	19.06	4.8	–	–
Tellers	10.49	2.3	10.57	3.8	–	–
Customer service representatives	12.55	4.6	12.68	4.5	–	–
Level 4	13.54	10.8	13.54	10.8	–	–
Level 5	12.79	7.0	–	–	–	–
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	9.46	6.8	9.46	6.8	–	–
Loan interviewers and clerks	16.63	15.9	16.63	15.9	–	–
Human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping	13.50	11.3	–	–	–	–
Receptionists and information clerks	11.70	5.6	11.72	5.6	–	–
Level 2	11.71	8.7	11.71	8.8	–	–
Level 4	13.58	3.1	13.58	3.1	–	–
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	14.41	7.8	13.67	9.0	–	–
Level 4	15.47	7.3	–	–	–	–
Dispatchers	12.23	21.1	12.23	21.1	–	–
Level 4	16.73	4.4	16.73	4.4	–	–
Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers	17.80	11.4	17.80	11.4	–	–
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	11.15	3.1	11.16	3.1	–	–
Level 2	10.70	8.3	–	–	–	–
Stock clerks and order fillers	10.73	7.0	11.61	8.0	–	–
Level 1	9.84	1.0	10.93	3.7	–	–
Secretaries and administrative assistants	14.94	1.5	14.98	1.6	–	–
Level 3	12.82	7.0	12.92	7.6	–	–
Level 4	14.92	2.7	14.92	2.7	–	–
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	16.34	4.7	16.34	4.7	–	–
Level 4	14.39	3.8	14.39	3.8	–	–
Medical secretaries	13.95	2.5	13.98	2.7	–	–
Level 4	13.89	2.9	13.89	2.9	–	–
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	14.83	3.4	14.95	3.7	–	–
Level 3	12.29	7.8	12.35	8.5	–	–
Level 4	15.84	6.1	15.84	6.1	–	–
Level 5	15.62	2.8	15.62	2.8	–	–
Data entry and information processing workers	13.02	7.4	13.19	8.1	–	–
Data entry keyers	11.99	7.9	12.12	8.5	–	–
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	12.68	6.9	–	–	–	–
Office clerks, general	12.61	4.7	12.60	4.7	–	–
Level 2	10.18	7.1	10.18	7.1	–	–
Level 3	12.42	2.7	12.40	2.7	–	–
Level 4	11.49	7.4	11.46	7.4	–	–
Level 5	13.73	6.2	13.73	6.2	–	–
Construction and extraction occupations	15.49	4.3	15.49	4.3	–	–
Level 4	13.58	.7	13.58	.7	–	–
Level 6	20.35	8.6	20.35	8.6	–	–
Level 7	18.17	20.3	18.17	20.3	–	–
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	18.47	4.2	18.51	4.3	–	–
Level 3	12.76	9.6	–	–	–	–
Level 5	20.38	7.4	–	–	–	–
Level 7	22.25	7.2	–	–	–	–
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	15.01	4.2	15.01	4.2	–	–
Maintenance and repair workers, general	14.12	4.3	14.12	4.3	–	–
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers	10.45	14.6	10.45	14.6	–	–
Production occupations	11.49	4.9	11.50	4.9	–	–
Level 1	7.68	3.0	–	–	–	–
Level 2	9.89	2.2	–	–	–	–
Level 3	10.47	7.7	–	–	–	–
Level 4	15.14	5.7	–	–	–	–

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. **Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005** — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Production occupations —Continued						
Level 5	\$15.88	7.7	—	—	—	—
Level 7	22.90	7.8	—	—	—	—
Not able to be leveled	10.89	17.3	—	—	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	16.97	9.1	\$16.97	9.1	—	—
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	11.70	6.7	11.70	6.7	—	—
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	12.90	14.3	12.90	14.3	—	—
Printers	16.59	14.9	16.59	14.9	—	—
Printing machine operators	18.09	21.8	18.09	21.8	—	—
Sewing machine operators	7.19	7.8	7.21	8.0	—	—
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	9.48	13.1	9.48	13.1	—	—
Miscellaneous production workers	8.65	9.4	8.65	9.4	—	—
Level 1	8.27	9.8	8.27	9.8	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	15.16	3.0	15.90	3.6	\$9.67	5.7
Level 1	9.39	6.8	—	—	—	—
Level 2	10.28	8.4	—	—	—	—
Level 3	16.11	4.2	—	—	—	—
Level 4	16.45	3.0	—	—	—	—
Level 5	15.59	6.5	—	—	—	—
Not able to be leveled	12.47	15.4	—	—	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	15.41	11.6	15.48	12.0	—	—
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	14.88	11.5	15.70	7.5	—	—
Level 2	10.49	13.3	10.49	13.3	—	—
Level 3	20.61	9.7	20.61	9.7	—	—
Level 4	—	—	18.20	4.7	—	—
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	19.52	12.7	19.52	12.7	—	—
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	14.53	15.3	15.71	12.5	—	—
Industrial truck and tractor operators	14.26	5.2	14.26	5.2	—	—
Laborers and material movers, hand	10.63	4.3	10.97	4.5	8.82	7.3
Level 1	9.00	5.9	9.25	6.8	7.91	3.4
Level 3	16.20	2.3	16.44	2.5	—	—
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	11.21	4.0	11.34	4.1	10.15	9.8
Level 1	9.39	6.7	9.46	7.4	8.85	7.5
Level 3	16.20	2.3	16.44	2.5	—	—
Packers and packagers, hand	7.55	3.1	—	—	—	—
Level 1	7.55	3.1	—	—	—	—

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the

occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

⁴ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
All workers	\$15.25	4.5	\$15.80	4.5	\$10.48	7.0
Management occupations	36.50	11.0	36.54	11.0	—	—
Level 7	20.50	8.6	20.55	8.7	—	—
Level 9	31.15	9.2	31.15	9.2	—	—
Level 11	37.83	16.9	37.83	16.9	—	—
Level 12	96.92	10.7	96.92	10.7	—	—
Not able to be leveled	45.24	8.1	45.24	8.1	—	—
General and operations managers	48.87	23.4	48.87	23.4	—	—
Level 9	32.98	7.2	32.98	7.2	—	—
Financial managers	39.51	5.4	39.51	5.4	—	—
Not able to be leveled	40.98	19.3	40.98	19.3	—	—
Business and financial operations occupations	28.49	8.1	28.49	8.7	—	—
Level 6	19.00	5.6	19.24	5.9	—	—
Level 7	22.77	7.2	22.14	6.3	—	—
Level 8	27.31	8.8	27.31	8.8	—	—
Level 9	33.73	4.5	33.73	4.5	—	—
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	27.30	23.8	27.30	23.8	—	—
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists	21.56	8.8	—	—	—	—
Accountants and auditors	27.74	12.2	27.74	12.2	—	—
Financial analysts and advisors	26.51	12.2	26.51	12.2	—	—
Loan counselors and officers	33.33	20.2	32.28	24.9	—	—
Loan officers	33.49	21.1	—	—	—	—
Computer and mathematical science occupations	27.30	9.4	27.30	9.4	—	—
Architecture and engineering occupations	29.09	10.9	29.09	10.9	—	—
Community and social services occupations	17.17	6.4	16.69	4.8	—	—
Level 7	13.92	3.5	13.98	3.9	—	—
Social workers	17.84	6.5	17.14	3.1	—	—
Level 7	13.83	4.8	13.83	4.8	—	—
Mental health and substance abuse social workers	17.59	8.1	—	—	—	—
Legal occupations	38.45	15.7	38.99	13.5	—	—
Lawyers	44.71	12.3	44.71	12.3	—	—
Education, training, and library occupations	27.44	10.6	27.80	10.5	—	—
Postsecondary teachers	38.45	6.9	38.57	7.0	—	—
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	24.88	11.1	24.98	11.8	—	—
Not able to be leveled	30.04	40.6	—	—	—	—
Designers	17.96	15.0	17.96	15.0	—	—
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	27.00	4.1	25.67	4.8	32.32	10.1
Level 4	13.58	5.0	13.71	5.4	—	—
Level 5	18.23	2.6	18.07	3.8	—	—
Level 6	18.66	3.7	18.54	4.0	—	—
Level 7	25.98	2.1	25.69	2.3	—	—
Level 8	29.09	7.6	26.45	3.3	—	—
Level 9	29.39	4.7	27.98	.6	34.45	13.8
Level 10	27.85	31.5	—	—	—	—
Pharmacists	40.93	12.5	46.25	2.9	33.76	12.4
Registered nurses	28.20	3.2	27.30	1.9	31.74	7.4
Level 7	24.73	3.0	24.36	3.0	—	—
Level 8	29.67	5.4	27.09	2.7	—	—
Level 9	27.97	1.9	28.00	2.0	27.70	5.1
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	23.83	6.6	—	—	—	—
Medical and clinical laboratory technologists	24.23	4.9	—	—	—	—
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	25.19	15.8	25.19	15.8	—	—
Radiologic technologists and technicians	24.20	2.3	24.20	2.3	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	\$18.34	5.2	\$18.42	5.5	—	—
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	17.69	4.8	17.22	3.7	—	—
Level 6	18.05	3.2	—	—	—	—
Healthcare support occupations	11.99	6.6	11.96	7.7	\$12.21	8.4
Level 2	9.28	1.7	9.36	1.6	—	—
Level 3	11.40	8.3	10.60	7.8	—	—
Level 4	11.77	7.9	11.79	8.1	—	—
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	9.91	2.6	9.54	1.9	11.49	9.2
Level 2	9.29	1.7	9.38	1.7	—	—
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	9.97	2.8	9.58	2.4	11.49	9.2
Level 2	9.32	2.1	9.42	2.1	—	—
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	11.97	4.3	12.01	4.3	—	—
Level 3	10.47	9.5	10.54	9.7	—	—
Level 4	12.10	8.1	12.13	8.2	—	—
Medical assistants	12.68	5.1	12.75	5.3	—	—
Level 4	12.55	11.1	—	—	—	—
Pharmacy aides	10.21	14.3	—	—	—	—
Level 3	10.62	14.3	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	9.23	4.1	9.25	4.1	8.84	4.4
Level 3	9.24	1.2	9.25	1.3	—	—
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	9.11	3.9	9.13	3.9	8.84	4.6
Level 3	9.24	1.2	9.25	1.3	—	—
Security guards	9.11	3.9	9.13	3.9	8.84	4.6
Level 3	9.24	1.2	9.25	1.3	—	—
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.55	4.6	7.86	8.3	6.77	7.7
Level 1	5.81	7.6	5.74	15.6	5.91	6.1
Level 2	6.80	11.0	6.58	16.2	7.27	6.8
Level 3	8.82	6.6	8.71	8.0	—	—
Level 4	9.52	8.9	9.57	9.3	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers, food preparation and serving workers	15.42	16.0	15.42	16.0	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	13.80	14.4	13.80	14.4	—	—
Cooks	10.02	6.7	10.11	9.3	—	—
Level 4	10.17	4.9	10.12	5.2	—	—
Cooks, restaurant	10.00	3.1	10.20	6.0	—	—
Level 4	10.17	4.9	10.12	5.2	—	—
Food preparation workers	8.29	20.0	8.29	26.3	8.31	5.5
Level 2	9.28	6.8	—	—	8.10	3.2
Food service, tipped	4.75	7.6	4.07	8.0	6.42	18.0
Level 1	4.23	14.3	4.07	16.7	4.62	21.2
Level 2	5.04	12.3	4.17	4.1	—	—
Level 3	6.33	30.6	—	—	—	—
Bartenders	4.73	27.6	—	—	—	—
Waiters and waitresses	4.24	7.7	3.43	.5	6.16	20.4
Level 1	3.04	3.5	3.02	4.2	3.08	1.4
Level 2	4.89	14.1	—	—	—	—
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	7.76	7.7	7.56	3.1	—	—
Level 1	7.77	9.3	—	—	—	—
Fast food and counter workers	6.88	2.7	7.78	4.1	6.27	2.9
Level 1	6.58	1.6	—	—	6.20	3.3
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	6.94	2.3	—	—	6.29	2.3
Level 1	6.64	1.8	—	—	—	—
Food servers, nonrestaurant	7.45	11.3	7.45	11.3	—	—
Dishwashers	7.18	2.2	7.10	2.7	—	—
Level 1	7.15	2.6	7.05	3.2	—	—
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	7.29	3.6	—	—	—	—
Level 1	7.29	3.6	—	—	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	\$9.04	3.6	\$9.29	3.1	\$6.95	3.1
Level 1	8.20	3.6	8.37	3.6	—	—
Level 2	9.40	2.3	9.40	2.3	—	—
Level 3	9.90	12.0	—	—	—	—
Building cleaning workers	8.97	5.1	9.26	4.4	6.87	3.4
Level 1	8.13	4.6	8.32	4.4	—	—
Level 2	9.95	3.5	9.95	3.5	—	—
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	9.20	7.2	9.68	6.1	6.72	1.7
Level 1	7.87	6.6	8.20	6.8	—	—
Level 2	10.71	3.6	10.71	3.6	—	—
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	8.42	3.0	8.41	3.1	—	—
Level 1	8.46	3.3	8.45	3.4	—	—
Grounds maintenance workers	8.70	3.3	8.75	3.3	—	—
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	8.70	3.3	8.75	3.3	—	—
Personal care and service occupations	10.29	13.3	10.46	15.9	—	—
Level 1	7.56	1.5	—	—	—	—
Level 3	7.50	8.2	7.50	8.2	—	—
Child care workers	7.46	2.7	—	—	—	—
Sales and related occupations	12.43	4.5	13.65	6.1	7.92	3.0
Level 1	7.75	4.7	8.30	6.9	7.10	2.9
Level 2	8.38	4.1	8.89	7.6	7.64	.6
Level 3	10.09	1.9	10.21	2.1	9.26	1.7
Level 4	13.18	6.3	13.76	4.6	9.15	6.6
Level 5	15.45	5.8	15.85	5.1	—	—
Level 6	19.80	10.4	19.80	10.4	—	—
Level 7	20.94	12.5	20.94	12.5	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	22.52	16.6	22.52	16.6	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	17.29	8.2	17.29	8.2	—	—
Retail sales workers	9.88	7.3	10.68	9.8	7.95	2.9
Level 1	7.63	6.2	8.16	8.5	6.92	2.2
Level 2	8.27	5.4	8.67	11.2	7.72	2.5
Level 3	10.38	2.1	10.67	1.7	9.28	1.9
Level 4	12.00	7.6	12.70	5.2	9.15	6.6
Level 5	12.56	3.3	—	—	—	—
Cashiers, all workers	8.69	6.5	9.23	9.5	7.71	2.2
Level 1	7.12	1.2	7.31	.6	6.84	2.7
Level 2	8.27	7.8	8.67	21.0	7.86	2.3
Level 3	10.07	1.2	10.32	1.2	9.28	1.9
Cashiers	8.69	6.5	9.23	9.5	7.71	2.2
Level 1	7.12	1.2	7.31	.6	6.84	2.7
Level 2	8.27	7.8	8.67	21.0	7.86	2.3
Level 3	10.07	1.2	10.32	1.2	9.28	1.9
Retail salespersons	11.16	4.2	12.03	5.9	8.35	2.0
Level 1	9.15	9.8	—	—	—	—
Level 2	8.35	2.7	8.79	3.9	7.36	.9
Level 4	11.70	8.5	12.58	6.4	9.13	6.7
Level 5	12.56	3.3	—	—	—	—
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	15.46	10.1	15.46	10.1	—	—
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and scientific products	15.46	10.1	15.46	10.1	—	—
Miscellaneous sales and related workers	13.46	17.8	15.39	14.5	—	—
Office and administrative support occupations	13.38	3.4	13.58	3.1	10.52	8.6
Level 1	9.68	2.8	10.20	3.9	7.74	1.8
Level 2	10.52	4.7	10.54	4.9	10.14	5.3
Level 3	11.07	3.2	11.49	2.5	8.51	12.2
Level 4	14.06	3.0	14.13	3.0	13.04	6.6
Level 6	20.86	4.9	20.80	3.9	—	—
Level 7	21.92	6.3	21.92	6.3	—	—
Not able to be leveled	14.05	8.3	14.08	8.6	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	\$20.95	10.0	\$20.95	10.0	—	—
Level 7	23.01	10.9	23.01	10.9	—	—
Financial clerks	13.46	5.6	13.50	6.2	\$13.21	11.0
Level 2	9.36	4.0	9.36	4.0	—	—
Level 3	11.85	3.3	12.12	2.6	—	—
Level 4	13.40	8.3	13.62	9.4	—	—
Level 5	17.69	7.4	17.69	7.4	—	—
Bill and account collectors	12.41	9.3	12.41	9.3	—	—
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	12.63	7.9	12.63	7.9	—	—
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	15.69	8.5	16.21	5.6	—	—
Level 3	12.60	5.0	12.60	5.0	—	—
Level 4	14.00	10.5	14.97	8.6	—	—
Tellers	10.49	2.3	10.57	3.8	—	—
Customer service representatives	12.55	4.6	12.68	4.5	—	—
Level 4	13.54	10.8	13.54	10.8	—	—
Level 5	12.79	7.0	—	—	—	—
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	9.46	6.8	9.46	6.8	—	—
Loan interviewers and clerks	16.63	15.9	16.63	15.9	—	—
Receptionists and information clerks	11.70	5.6	11.72	5.6	—	—
Level 2	11.71	8.7	11.71	8.8	—	—
Level 4	13.58	3.1	13.58	3.1	—	—
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	14.41	7.8	13.67	9.0	—	—
Level 4	15.47	7.3	—	—	—	—
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	11.15	3.1	11.16	3.1	—	—
Level 2	10.70	8.3	—	—	—	—
Stock clerks and order fillers	10.66	7.0	11.52	8.0	—	—
Level 1	9.84	1.0	10.93	3.7	—	—
Secretaries and administrative assistants	14.71	.8	14.74	.9	—	—
Level 3	12.82	7.0	12.92	7.6	—	—
Level 4	14.64	2.3	14.64	2.3	—	—
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	15.44	3.9	15.44	3.9	—	—
Level 4	14.39	3.8	14.39	3.8	—	—
Medical secretaries	13.96	2.6	13.99	2.8	—	—
Level 4	13.90	3.0	13.90	3.0	—	—
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	14.36	3.0	14.48	3.5	—	—
Level 3	12.29	7.8	12.35	8.5	—	—
Level 4	15.18	7.8	15.18	7.8	—	—
Data entry and information processing workers	13.02	8.6	13.23	9.7	—	—
Data entry keyers	11.96	8.9	12.11	9.6	—	—
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	12.68	6.9	—	—	—	—
Office clerks, general	12.50	5.8	12.49	5.8	—	—
Level 2	10.04	7.8	10.04	7.8	—	—
Level 3	12.42	2.7	12.40	2.7	—	—
Level 4	10.90	7.8	10.84	7.8	—	—
Construction and extraction occupations	14.47	6.9	14.47	6.9	—	—
Level 7	18.06	21.8	18.06	21.8	—	—
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	18.17	4.7	18.20	4.8	—	—
Level 3	12.76	9.6	12.76	9.6	—	—
Level 5	19.54	10.2	19.54	10.2	—	—
Level 7	22.63	8.5	23.14	8.9	—	—
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	13.55	2.0	13.55	2.0	—	—
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers	10.17	15.0	10.17	15.0	—	—
Production occupations	10.83	2.1	10.84	2.0	—	—
Level 1	7.68	3.0	7.68	3.0	—	—
Level 2	9.73	2.1	9.75	2.1	—	—
Level 3	10.47	7.7	10.47	7.7	—	—
Level 4	15.14	5.7	15.14	5.7	—	—
Level 5	15.83	7.8	15.83	7.8	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Production occupations —Continued						
Not able to be leveled	\$10.89	17.3	—	—	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	16.97	9.1	\$16.97	9.1	—	—
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	11.70	6.7	11.70	6.7	—	—
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	12.90	14.3	12.90	14.3	—	—
Printers	16.59	14.9	16.59	14.9	—	—
Printing machine operators	18.09	21.8	18.09	21.8	—	—
Sewing machine operators	7.19	7.8	7.21	8.0	—	—
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	9.48	13.1	9.48	13.1	—	—
Miscellaneous production workers	8.12	9.0	8.12	9.0	—	—
Level 1	8.27	9.8	8.27	9.8	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	15.20	3.4	16.08	4.3	\$9.70	5.8
Level 1	8.85	4.7	9.05	5.4	7.91	3.4
Level 2	10.15	9.3	10.15	9.4	—	—
Level 3	17.01	5.0	17.26	5.3	—	—
Level 4	16.22	4.4	16.12	4.7	—	—
Level 5	15.59	6.5	15.59	6.5	—	—
Not able to be leveled	12.47	15.4	14.46	17.6	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	15.04	11.9	15.10	12.3	—	—
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	14.80	12.0	15.64	7.9	—	—
Level 3	20.75	10.1	20.75	10.1	—	—
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	14.52	15.5	15.71	12.7	—	—
Industrial truck and tractor operators	14.26	5.2	14.26	5.2	—	—
Laborers and material movers, hand	10.41	3.9	10.72	4.2	8.82	7.3
Level 1	8.60	4.4	8.76	5.3	7.91	3.4
Level 3	16.21	2.4	16.46	2.6	—	—
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	10.97	3.5	11.08	3.6	10.15	9.8
Level 1	8.87	4.9	8.87	5.6	8.85	7.5
Level 3	16.21	2.4	16.46	2.6	—	—
Packers and packagers, hand	7.55	3.1	—	—	—	—
Level 1	7.55	3.1	—	—	—	—

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the

occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

⁴ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 4. State and local government workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
All workers	\$22.29	3.3	\$22.49	3.3	\$14.97	8.8
Management occupations	36.38	19.8	36.38	19.8	—	—
Level 9	27.27	2.1	27.27	2.1	—	—
Education administrators	56.83	24.3	56.83	24.3	—	—
Business and financial operations occupations	22.35	6.2	22.35	6.2	—	—
Architecture and engineering occupations	26.63	5.6	26.89	5.1	—	—
Education, training, and library occupations	31.10	.7	31.17	.6	—	—
Level 8	31.86	.4	31.86	.4	—	—
Postsecondary teachers	42.03	3.2	—	—	—	—
Healthcare support occupations	11.76	3.5	11.98	5.9	—	—
Protective service occupations	24.52	4.4	25.56	3.1	11.84	.8
Level 5	19.96	5.1	19.96	5.1	—	—
Level 7	26.15	.6	26.15	.6	—	—
Level 8	25.94	4.3	25.94	4.3	—	—
Level 9	33.76	3.2	33.76	3.2	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers, law enforcement workers	37.72	4.1	37.72	4.1	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	38.80	.5	38.80	.5	—	—
Fire fighters	21.51	1.4	21.51	1.4	—	—
Level 7	21.33	3.3	21.33	3.3	—	—
Police officers	27.24	1.7	27.24	1.7	—	—
Level 7	27.70	.9	27.70	.9	—	—
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	27.24	1.7	27.24	1.7	—	—
Level 7	27.70	.9	27.70	.9	—	—
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	11.78	5.1	11.83	5.1	—	—
Level 3	14.71	12.1	—	—	—	—
Building cleaning workers	11.14	3.6	—	—	—	—
Grounds maintenance workers	12.34	4.7	12.46	3.4	—	—
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	12.34	4.7	12.46	3.4	—	—
Office and administrative support occupations	16.59	10.2	16.53	10.7	—	—
Level 3	13.14	8.1	13.14	8.1	—	—
Level 4	16.39	1.6	16.12	1.4	—	—
Level 5	15.65	5.5	15.65	5.5	—	—
Financial clerks	16.45	3.8	16.45	3.8	—	—
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	16.51	3.8	16.51	3.8	—	—
Dispatchers	17.16	10.0	17.16	10.0	—	—
Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers	17.80	11.4	17.80	11.4	—	—
Secretaries and administrative assistants	16.91	3.6	16.91	3.6	—	—
Level 5	17.46	4.1	17.46	4.1	—	—
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	16.75	2.5	16.75	2.5	—	—
Office clerks, general	13.15	.5	13.15	.5	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. **State and local government workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005** — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Construction and extraction occupations	\$22.42	3.0	\$22.42	3.0	—	—
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	20.18	3.9	20.18	3.9	—	—
Level 7	20.35	9.1	20.35	9.1	—	—
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	17.01	4.9	17.01	4.9	—	—
Production occupations	19.67	29.4	19.67	29.4	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.88	2.5	14.97	2.3	—	—
Level 2	11.56	16.6	—	—	—	—
Level 3	13.14	3.7	13.14	3.7	—	—
Level 4	16.99	1.1	16.99	1.1	—	—

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the

occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

⁴ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 5. Combined work levels¹ for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings² for full-time and part-time workers³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
All workers	\$16.20	3.6	\$16.77	3.5	\$10.65	6.7
Management occupations	36.48	9.8	36.51	9.8	—	—
Group II	22.06	9.8	—	—	—	—
Group III	38.14	12.8	—	—	—	—
General and operations managers	48.02	23.4	48.02	23.4	—	—
Group III	53.35	32.4	53.35	32.4	—	—
Financial managers	38.94	5.4	38.94	5.4	—	—
Group III	38.45	11.9	38.45	11.9	—	—
Education administrators	44.68	26.0	45.33	25.6	—	—
Group III	35.90	19.3	—	—	—	—
Education administrators, postsecondary	49.62	41.5	51.28	40.3	—	—
Business and financial operations occupations	27.75	7.8	27.74	8.3	—	—
Group II	22.14	7.7	—	—	—	—
Group III	35.29	6.5	—	—	—	—
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	27.30	23.8	27.30	23.8	—	—
Group II	22.66	24.1	—	—	—	—
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists	22.56	7.9	23.50	7.3	—	—
Accountants and auditors	27.13	11.8	27.13	11.8	—	—
Group II	20.65	3.8	20.65	3.8	—	—
Group III	35.11	12.5	35.11	12.5	—	—
Financial analysts and advisors	26.51	12.2	26.51	12.2	—	—
Loan counselors and officers	33.33	20.2	32.28	24.9	—	—
Loan officers	33.49	21.1	—	—	—	—
Computer and mathematical science occupations	27.34	8.9	27.34	8.9	—	—
Group II	21.60	13.0	—	—	—	—
Architecture and engineering occupations	28.36	8.6	28.45	8.4	—	—
Group II	23.36	3.0	—	—	—	—
Group III	31.98	16.2	—	—	—	—
Engineers	28.93	10.5	29.05	10.3	—	—
Group III	32.50	18.8	—	—	—	—
Community and social services occupations	18.26	10.4	17.97	10.7	—	—
Group II	17.96	13.3	—	—	—	—
Counselors	18.70	26.9	18.83	27.0	—	—
Group II	18.70	26.9	—	—	—	—
Social workers	17.49	6.1	16.84	3.1	—	—
Group II	16.59	12.7	—	—	—	—
Mental health and substance abuse social workers	17.59	8.1	—	—	—	—
Legal occupations	38.36	15.5	38.89	13.4	—	—
Group III	44.70	12.4	—	—	—	—
Lawyers	44.58	12.4	44.58	12.4	—	—
Group III	44.70	12.4	44.70	12.4	—	—
Education, training, and library occupations	30.18	2.6	30.34	2.6	14.84	23.3
Group I	8.51	3.9	—	—	—	—
Group II	30.69	1.7	—	—	—	—
Group III	38.01	7.2	—	—	—	—
Postsecondary teachers	39.74	4.9	39.87	5.0	—	—
Group III	45.17	1.9	—	—	—	—
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	34.33	20.3	—	—	—	—
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	31.05	1.5	31.12	1.5	—	—
Group II	31.23	1.8	—	—	—	—
Elementary and middle school teachers	30.11	3.6	30.24	3.7	—	—
Group II	30.11	3.6	—	—	—	—
Elementary school teachers, except special education	28.70	4.3	28.87	4.3	—	—
Group II	28.70	4.3	28.87	4.3	—	—
Teacher assistants	8.51	3.9	—	—	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Combined work levels¹ for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings² for full-time and part-time workers³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Teacher assistants –Continued						
Group I	\$8.51	3.9	–	–	–	–
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations						
Group II	24.91	10.7	\$25.01	11.4	–	–
Group III	19.13	8.8	–	–	–	–
Group III	34.19	4.5	–	–	–	–
Designers	17.96	15.0	17.96	15.0	–	–
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations						
Group I	26.49	4.2	25.21	4.6	\$32.10	9.8
Group II	14.23	6.8	–	–	–	–
Group III	24.14	5.2	–	–	–	–
Group III	29.57	4.1	–	–	–	–
Pharmacists	40.93	12.5	46.25	2.9	33.76	12.4
Group III	40.45	13.5	46.28	3.0	–	–
Registered nurses	28.03	3.0	27.18	1.8	31.36	7.2
Group II	28.35	5.5	26.10	1.9	–	–
Group III	27.76	2.0	27.76	2.2	27.79	3.7
Therapists	33.59	14.5	25.99	5.3	–	–
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	23.83	6.6	–	–	–	–
Medical and clinical laboratory technologists	24.23	4.9	–	–	–	–
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	25.19	15.8	25.19	15.8	–	–
Group II	27.35	6.2	–	–	–	–
Radiologic technologists and technicians	24.20	2.3	24.20	2.3	–	–
Group II	24.02	3.2	24.02	3.2	–	–
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	18.22	4.8	18.30	5.0	–	–
Group II	18.45	4.4	–	–	–	–
Respiratory therapy technicians	18.48	3.5	18.48	3.5	–	–
Group II	18.48	3.5	18.48	3.5	–	–
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	17.71	4.3	17.31	3.2	–	–
Group II	18.34	2.0	17.92	1.5	–	–
Healthcare support occupations						
Group I	11.96	5.8	11.96	6.8	11.93	8.6
Group II	10.78	4.0	–	–	–	–
Group II	17.51	10.9	–	–	–	–
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	10.20	1.6	9.98	2.1	11.21	10.3
Group I	10.20	1.6	–	–	–	–
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	10.13	2.7	9.83	3.3	11.49	9.2
Group I	10.13	2.7	9.83	3.3	11.49	9.2
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	11.95	3.9	11.99	3.9	–	–
Group I	11.50	7.5	–	–	–	–
Medical assistants	12.68	5.1	12.75	5.3	–	–
Group I	11.90	12.0	11.96	12.5	–	–
Pharmacy aides	10.21	14.3	–	–	–	–
Group I	10.21	14.3	–	–	–	–
Protective service occupations						
Group I	13.92	12.3	14.18	12.5	9.97	8.3
Group II	9.48	5.1	–	–	–	–
Group II	24.94	2.3	–	–	–	–
Group III	32.87	6.7	–	–	–	–
First-line supervisors/managers, law enforcement workers	37.72	4.1	37.72	4.1	–	–
Group III	39.34	1.5	–	–	–	–
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	38.80	.5	38.80	.5	–	–
Group III	39.34	1.5	39.34	1.5	–	–
Fire fighters	21.51	1.4	21.51	1.4	–	–
Group II	21.51	1.4	21.51	1.4	–	–
Police officers	27.24	1.7	27.24	1.7	–	–
Group II	27.24	1.7	–	–	–	–
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	27.24	1.7	27.24	1.7	–	–
Group II	27.24	1.7	27.24	1.7	–	–
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	9.21	4.3	9.23	4.4	8.84	4.6
Group I	9.13	4.0	–	–	–	–
Security guards	9.21	4.3	9.23	4.4	8.84	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Combined work levels¹ for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings² for full-time and part-time workers³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Security guards—Continued						
Group I	\$9.13	4.0	\$9.14	4.0	—	—
Miscellaneous protective service workers	11.44	7.6	—	—	\$11.44	7.6
Group I	11.44	7.6	—	—	—	—
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.57	4.6	7.87	8.2	6.77	7.7
Group I	6.99	5.1	—	—	—	—
Group II	15.29	15.7	—	—	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers, food preparation and serving workers	15.42	16.0	15.42	16.0	—	—
Group II	15.29	15.8	—	—	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	13.80	14.4	13.80	14.4	—	—
Group II	14.28	12.9	14.28	12.9	—	—
Cooks	10.09	6.8	10.18	9.5	—	—
Group I	10.05	7.3	—	—	—	—
Cooks, restaurant	10.00	3.1	10.20	6.0	—	—
Group I	10.00	3.1	10.20	6.0	—	—
Food preparation workers	8.29	20.0	8.29	26.3	8.31	5.5
Group I	8.25	20.6	8.29	26.3	8.10	3.2
Food service, tipped	4.75	7.6	4.07	8.0	6.42	18.0
Group I	4.75	7.6	—	—	—	—
Bartenders	4.73	27.6	—	—	—	—
Group I	4.73	27.6	—	—	—	—
Waiters and waitresses	4.24	7.7	3.43	.5	6.16	20.4
Group I	4.24	7.7	3.43	.5	6.16	20.4
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	7.76	7.7	7.56	3.1	—	—
Group I	7.76	7.7	7.56	3.1	—	—
Fast food and counter workers	6.86	2.7	7.64	4.5	6.27	2.9
Group I	6.86	2.7	—	—	—	—
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	6.92	2.4	7.85	3.4	6.29	2.3
Group I	6.92	2.4	7.85	3.4	6.29	2.3
Food servers, nonrestaurant	7.45	11.3	7.45	11.3	—	—
Group I	7.45	11.3	7.45	11.3	—	—
Dishwashers	7.18	2.2	7.10	2.7	—	—
Group I	7.18	2.2	7.10	2.7	—	—
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	7.29	3.6	—	—	—	—
Group I	7.29	3.6	—	—	—	—
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	9.52	3.7	9.78	3.2	7.00	3.3
Group I	9.46	4.2	—	—	—	—
Building cleaning workers	9.21	4.8	9.49	4.0	6.92	3.7
Group I	9.21	4.9	—	—	—	—
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	9.47	6.8	9.93	5.5	6.78	2.3
Group I	9.48	7.1	9.97	5.8	6.78	2.3
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	8.57	3.1	8.56	3.2	—	—
Group I	8.57	3.1	8.56	3.2	—	—
Grounds maintenance workers	10.17	9.9	10.29	10.1	—	—
Group I	10.17	9.9	—	—	—	—
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	10.17	9.9	10.29	10.1	—	—
Group I	10.17	9.9	10.29	10.1	—	—
Personal care and service occupations	10.43	13.0	10.65	15.8	9.01	6.5
Group I	7.58	3.4	—	—	—	—
Child care workers	7.46	2.7	—	—	—	—
Group I	7.46	2.7	—	—	—	—
Recreation and fitness workers	10.65	13.3	—	—	—	—
Recreation workers	10.72	14.3	—	—	—	—
Sales and related occupations	12.43	4.5	13.64	6.0	7.92	3.0
Group I	9.95	3.4	—	—	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Combined work levels¹ for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings² for full-time and part-time workers³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Sales and related occupations —Continued						
Group II	\$18.12	7.6	—	—	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	22.52	16.6	\$22.52	16.6	—	—
Group II	18.42	15.3	—	—	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	17.29	8.2	17.29	8.2	—	—
Group II	18.80	17.3	18.80	17.3	—	—
Retail sales workers	9.90	7.2	10.70	9.6	\$7.95	2.9
Group I	9.37	4.0	—	—	—	—
Group II	15.74	7.2	—	—	—	—
Cashiers, all workers	8.76	6.4	9.31	9.3	7.71	2.2
Group I	8.74	7.4	—	—	—	—
Cashiers	8.76	6.4	9.31	9.3	7.71	2.2
Group I	8.74	7.4	9.33	10.7	7.71	2.3
Retail salespersons	11.16	4.2	12.03	5.9	8.35	2.0
Group I	10.22	6.6	11.12	6.5	8.01	1.9
Group II	15.74	7.2	16.60	9.5	—	—
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	15.46	10.1	15.46	10.1	—	—
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and scientific products	15.46	10.1	15.46	10.1	—	—
Miscellaneous sales and related workers	13.46	17.8	15.39	14.5	—	—
Group I	11.33	18.7	—	—	—	—
Office and administrative support occupations	13.74	3.1	13.92	2.8	11.03	9.4
Group I	12.20	2.5	—	—	—	—
Group II	16.78	4.6	—	—	—	—
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	23.03	9.6	23.04	9.6	—	—
Group II	22.90	6.3	22.90	6.3	—	—
Switchboard operators, including answering service	—	—	9.03	8.9	—	—
Group I	—	—	9.03	8.9	—	—
Financial clerks	13.61	5.5	13.66	6.1	13.21	11.0
Group I	12.55	5.0	—	—	—	—
Group II	18.54	6.2	—	—	—	—
Bill and account collectors	12.61	8.9	12.61	8.9	—	—
Group I	11.75	11.0	11.75	11.0	—	—
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	12.63	7.9	12.63	7.9	—	—
Group I	12.63	7.9	12.63	7.9	—	—
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	15.76	7.8	16.24	5.0	—	—
Group I	14.04	7.7	14.66	6.1	—	—
Group II	20.05	4.4	19.82	4.8	—	—
Tellers	10.49	2.3	10.57	3.8	—	—
Group I	10.43	2.1	10.51	3.6	—	—
Customer service representatives	12.55	4.6	12.68	4.5	—	—
Group I	11.60	5.4	11.74	5.3	—	—
Group II	15.24	5.6	15.43	6.1	—	—
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	9.46	6.8	9.46	6.8	—	—
Group I	9.46	6.8	9.46	6.8	—	—
Loan interviewers and clerks	16.63	15.9	16.63	15.9	—	—
Human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping	13.50	11.3	—	—	—	—
Receptionists and information clerks	11.70	5.6	11.72	5.6	—	—
Group I	11.70	5.6	11.72	5.6	—	—
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	14.41	7.8	13.67	9.0	—	—
Group I	11.16	14.2	—	—	—	—
Dispatchers	12.23	21.1	12.23	21.1	—	—
Group I	10.56	22.4	—	—	—	—
Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers	17.80	11.4	17.80	11.4	—	—
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	11.15	3.1	11.16	3.1	—	—
Group I	11.20	4.3	11.22	4.4	—	—
Stock clerks and order fillers	10.73	7.0	11.61	8.0	—	—
Group I	10.50	6.5	11.35	7.7	—	—
Secretaries and administrative assistants	14.94	1.5	14.98	1.6	—	—
Group I	14.45	2.4	—	—	—	—
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	16.34	4.7	16.34	4.7	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. **Combined work levels¹ for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings² for full-time and part-time workers³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued**

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants –Continued						
Group I	\$14.39	3.8	\$14.39	3.8	–	–
Medical secretaries	13.95	2.5	13.98	2.7	–	–
Group I	13.95	2.5	13.97	2.7	–	–
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	14.83	3.4	14.95	3.7	–	–
Group I	14.49	5.8	14.61	6.1	–	–
Group II	15.75	3.0	15.75	3.0	–	–
Data entry and information processing workers	13.02	7.4	13.19	8.1	–	–
Group I	13.08	8.1	–	–	–	–
Data entry keyers	11.99	7.9	12.12	8.5	–	–
Group I	11.94	8.9	12.09	9.7	–	–
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	12.68	6.9	–	–	–	–
Group I	12.68	6.9	–	–	–	–
Office clerks, general	12.61	4.7	12.60	4.7	–	–
Group I	11.68	3.3	11.67	3.4	–	–
Group II	15.56	6.2	15.56	6.2	–	–
Construction and extraction occupations	15.49	4.3	15.49	4.3	–	–
Group I	12.61	4.0	–	–	–	–
Group II	19.32	6.9	–	–	–	–
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	18.47	4.2	18.51	4.3	–	–
Group I	12.37	7.1	–	–	–	–
Group II	21.45	4.2	–	–	–	–
Bus and truck mechanics and diesel engine specialists Group II	23.00	6.8	23.00	6.8	–	–
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	15.01	4.2	15.01	4.2	–	–
Group I	14.20	6.4	–	–	–	–
Group II	15.72	7.0	–	–	–	–
Maintenance and repair workers, general	14.12	4.3	14.12	4.3	–	–
Group I	14.11	8.2	14.11	8.2	–	–
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers	10.45	14.6	10.45	14.6	–	–
Production occupations	11.49	4.9	11.50	4.9	–	–
Group I	9.81	1.7	–	–	–	–
Group II	18.85	9.1	–	–	–	–
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	16.97	9.1	16.97	9.1	–	–
Group II	16.97	9.1	16.97	9.1	–	–
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	11.70	6.7	11.70	6.7	–	–
Group I	11.55	8.6	–	–	–	–
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	12.90	14.3	12.90	14.3	–	–
Printers	16.59	14.9	16.59	14.9	–	–
Printing machine operators	18.09	21.8	18.09	21.8	–	–
Sewing machine operators	7.19	7.8	7.21	8.0	–	–
Group I	7.19	7.8	7.21	8.0	–	–
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	9.48	13.1	9.48	13.1	–	–
Miscellaneous production workers	8.65	9.4	8.65	9.4	–	–
Group I	8.27	9.8	–	–	–	–
Transportation and material moving occupations	15.16	3.0	15.90	3.6	\$9.67	5.7
Group I	12.16	3.5	–	–	–	–
Group II	16.43	7.6	–	–	–	–
First-line supervisors/managers of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	15.41	11.6	15.48	12.0	–	–
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	14.88	11.5	15.70	7.5	–	–
Group I	15.83	7.1	–	–	–	–
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	19.52	12.7	19.52	12.7	–	–
Group I	19.52	12.7	19.52	12.7	–	–
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	14.53	15.3	15.71	12.5	–	–
Group I	15.90	11.2	15.71	12.5	–	–

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Combined work levels¹ for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings² for full-time and part-time workers³, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ⁴ and level	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Industrial truck and tractor operators	\$14.26	5.2	\$14.26	5.2	—	—
Group I	13.29	5.3	13.29	5.3	—	—
Laborers and material movers, hand	10.63	4.3	10.97	4.5	\$8.82	7.3
Group I	10.64	4.5	—	—	—	—
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	11.21	4.0	11.34	4.1	10.15	9.8
Group I	11.28	4.2	11.40	4.3	10.31	9.9
Packers and packagers, hand	7.55	3.1	—	—	—	—
Group I	7.55	3.1	—	—	—	—

¹ Combined work levels simplify the presentation of work levels by combining levels 1 through 15 into four broad groups. Group I combines levels 1-4, group II combines levels 5-8, group III combines levels 9-12, and group IV combines levels 13-15.

² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where

a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 6. Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$7.00	\$9.38	\$12.92	\$19.34	\$27.73
Management occupations	17.02	24.31	28.17	38.41	55.81
General and operations managers	15.50	28.17	37.66	45.16	118.59
Financial managers	23.47	28.47	33.75	39.00	64.95
Education administrators	18.58	22.22	30.85	50.83	53.56
Education administrators, postsecondary	17.85	23.66	30.85	30.85	158.81
Business and financial operations occupations	16.34	20.66	24.04	32.46	44.87
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	13.98	17.66	25.06	32.46	43.75
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists	16.50	17.44	21.26	25.48	31.61
Accountants and auditors	18.75	19.75	24.04	31.25	45.67
Financial analysts and advisors	16.36	19.58	25.42	25.42	42.09
Loan counselors and officers	13.25	22.05	24.78	42.23	78.80
Loan officers	13.25	22.05	23.98	42.23	78.80
Computer and mathematical science occupations	14.38	20.55	29.34	36.13	37.70
Architecture and engineering occupations	17.30	21.64	26.34	29.58	46.00
Engineers	16.83	21.64	25.00	37.34	46.00
Community and social services occupations	11.83	13.09	16.49	20.00	26.17
Counselors	11.98	12.00	14.42	16.68	37.25
Social workers	11.54	14.23	18.00	20.00	22.90
Mental health and substance abuse social workers	11.54	13.09	19.00	20.00	24.00
Legal occupations	21.15	24.23	33.65	50.76	61.54
Lawyers	24.23	31.89	48.08	54.47	62.50
Education, training, and library occupations	17.33	23.35	27.88	37.86	44.16
Postsecondary teachers	23.04	23.04	37.79	46.67	60.57
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	23.04	23.04	23.04	41.64	58.30
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	22.89	24.08	28.40	37.52	43.66
Elementary and middle school teachers	22.55	24.01	27.38	35.42	43.43
Elementary school teachers, except special education	21.00	23.35	26.12	32.01	41.66
Teacher assistants	7.75	7.75	8.42	8.65	10.70
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	15.00	17.50	19.31	27.99	38.47
Designers	10.50	15.00	17.50	21.88	25.00
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	16.25	20.16	26.00	29.99	35.00
Pharmacists	26.67	26.67	44.82	48.00	48.10
Registered nurses	22.10	25.00	27.16	31.00	35.00
Therapists	22.14	26.73	29.02	45.00	45.00
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	18.00	21.43	22.00	27.73	30.75
Medical and clinical laboratory technologists	18.92	21.43	22.00	27.73	30.75
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	13.24	20.43	25.03	29.74	34.00
Radiologic technologists and technicians	17.50	22.66	24.21	27.50	28.33
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	16.25	16.25	18.98	20.16	20.16
Respiratory therapy technicians	16.97	17.20	17.48	19.45	21.95
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	14.50	16.00	17.70	18.13	21.00
Healthcare support occupations	8.50	9.27	11.00	13.00	15.99
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	8.24	8.80	9.67	11.31	12.37
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	8.26	8.80	9.67	11.00	12.37
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	9.00	10.00	12.58	13.94	15.00
Medical assistants	9.35	10.00	13.94	14.00	15.00
Pharmacy aides	9.00	9.00	9.34	12.58	12.58
Protective service occupations	7.00	8.50	10.20	17.49	27.88
First-line supervisors/managers, law enforcement workers	31.77	33.00	36.32	42.32	46.61

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. **Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005** —
Continued

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	\$32.94	\$34.81	\$37.49	\$42.32	\$46.66
Fire fighters	16.42	19.20	22.13	23.56	26.00
Police officers	19.76	23.60	27.78	30.55	33.40
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	19.76	23.60	27.78	30.55	33.40
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	7.00	7.75	9.00	10.20	11.44
Security guards	7.00	7.75	9.00	10.20	11.44
Miscellaneous protective service workers	9.01	10.18	10.55	13.24	14.65
Food preparation and serving related occupations	3.13	5.31	7.00	9.50	12.00
First-line supervisors/managers, food preparation and serving workers	9.39	11.06	15.39	20.94	21.28
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	8.50	11.06	14.21	15.39	20.94
Cooks	7.25	8.00	9.75	11.78	13.08
Cooks, restaurant	7.87	7.87	10.00	11.50	13.00
Food preparation workers	2.30	7.00	9.09	10.40	11.50
Food service, tipped	3.13	3.13	3.38	5.50	9.70
Bartenders	3.38	3.38	4.16	5.51	8.29
Waiters and waitresses	3.06	3.13	3.35	3.75	8.50
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	6.40	6.61	7.45	9.70	10.00
Fast food and counter workers	5.91	5.91	6.40	7.00	9.50
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	5.91	5.91	6.40	7.02	9.50
Food servers, nonrestaurant	4.91	4.91	8.00	8.95	9.27
Dishwashers	6.50	6.75	7.00	7.73	8.00
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	4.25	6.55	8.00	8.00	8.50
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	6.50	7.67	8.80	10.63	13.04
Building cleaning workers	6.40	7.50	8.70	10.63	12.25
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	6.40	7.00	9.30	10.89	13.04
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	7.14	7.67	8.50	8.80	10.75
Grounds maintenance workers	7.81	8.18	9.00	10.17	14.44
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	7.81	8.18	9.00	10.17	14.44
Personal care and service occupations	6.15	6.40	7.75	9.75	12.75
Child care workers	6.15	6.40	6.50	7.29	11.00
Recreation and fitness workers	8.00	8.24	8.74	12.75	16.00
Recreation workers	8.00	8.24	8.54	12.75	16.64
Sales and related occupations	6.50	8.00	10.00	13.76	20.00
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	12.25	14.09	19.06	23.08	37.07
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	12.25	14.09	16.27	20.32	23.08
Retail sales workers	6.40	7.30	8.80	11.44	13.56
Cashiers, all workers	6.40	6.66	7.95	10.07	13.13
Cashiers	6.40	6.66	7.95	10.07	13.13
Retail salespersons	7.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.48
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	11.00	13.76	13.76	16.67	20.07
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and scientific products	11.00	13.76	13.76	16.67	20.07
Miscellaneous sales and related workers	6.40	8.00	11.05	18.00	24.32
Office and administrative support occupations	9.00	10.50	13.72	15.25	19.71
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	14.15	18.65	22.04	26.70	33.31
Financial clerks	9.02	10.90	12.22	15.63	19.71
Bill and account collectors	9.45	9.45	11.00	14.34	20.99
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	8.00	9.78	13.00	14.08	20.00
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	11.00	12.00	15.63	18.75	20.00
Tellers	8.88	9.02	10.47	11.22	12.26
Customer service representatives	9.00	10.07	11.44	13.74	18.82
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	7.59	8.50	8.50	10.75	10.80
Loan interviewers and clerks	10.81	12.05	15.07	22.22	28.17

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. **Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005** —
Continued

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping	\$8.50	\$10.00	\$13.50	\$16.83	\$16.83
Receptionists and information clerks	9.00	9.50	11.50	13.83	13.83
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	7.00	7.80	13.84	20.88	20.91
Dispatchers	7.25	7.25	8.36	16.32	21.09
Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers	14.90	15.27	16.32	19.61	23.84
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	8.73	9.50	10.66	12.12	14.56
Stock clerks and order fillers	7.25	7.95	10.91	12.75	16.00
Secretaries and administrative assistants	12.00	14.16	14.16	15.05	19.14
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	13.25	13.72	15.87	19.07	21.02
Medical secretaries	11.00	12.00	12.48	18.03	18.10
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	11.24	12.08	14.72	17.46	19.75
Data entry and information processing workers	10.15	10.50	11.50	15.00	16.00
Data entry keyers	10.00	10.50	10.50	15.00	15.25
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	9.00	11.69	11.95	14.62	15.63
Office clerks, general	9.23	10.25	12.00	14.00	15.83
Construction and extraction occupations	11.00	11.90	15.00	18.00	22.00
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	11.00	12.43	16.00	25.89	27.01
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	11.71	12.50	14.45	16.71	19.92
Maintenance and repair workers, general	11.50	12.50	13.00	15.19	18.10
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers	6.47	7.00	9.00	13.50	16.00
Production occupations	6.40	8.25	10.00	13.70	18.85
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	13.75	13.75	14.60	19.38	21.25
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	9.28	9.50	10.58	14.00	16.25
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	7.75	9.50	10.76	16.57	19.00
Printers	13.00	13.14	14.25	17.10	27.04
Printing machine operators	12.55	13.00	15.00	24.99	29.69
Sewing machine operators	6.40	6.40	6.40	7.00	9.86
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	6.40	6.40	8.00	12.80	14.97
Miscellaneous production workers	6.50	6.65	7.50	9.25	13.00
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.64	8.25	11.69	16.13	20.45
First-line supervisors/managers of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	9.14	12.08	14.25	17.49	20.98
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	8.00	9.00	14.59	19.28	21.20
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	16.14	17.15	17.15	26.27	26.27
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	8.14	8.25	14.04	18.46	20.79
Industrial truck and tractor operators	10.16	13.60	15.00	16.00	16.30
Laborers and material movers, hand	6.40	7.15	9.79	12.72	16.19
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	6.40	8.00	10.92	13.35	17.05
Packers and packagers, hand	6.30	6.64	7.00	8.06	10.00

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 7. Private industry workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$6.90	\$9.00	\$12.00	\$17.23	\$26.00
Management occupations	16.39	23.47	28.17	39.00	71.26
General and operations managers	15.50	28.17	37.66	45.16	118.59
Financial managers	23.47	28.85	33.75	39.00	64.95
Business and financial operations occupations	16.21	21.15	25.00	33.65	45.55
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	13.98	17.66	25.06	32.46	43.75
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists	16.50	17.44	21.26	25.48	25.48
Accountants and auditors	19.54	21.39	24.04	31.25	48.08
Financial analysts and advisors	16.36	19.58	25.42	25.42	42.09
Loan counselors and officers	13.25	22.05	24.78	42.23	78.80
Loan officers	13.25	22.05	23.98	42.23	78.80
Computer and mathematical science occupations	14.38	20.55	29.34	36.13	37.70
Architecture and engineering occupations	16.83	21.64	25.00	37.34	46.33
Community and social services occupations	11.54	13.09	16.86	20.00	24.00
Social workers	11.54	15.39	19.00	20.00	24.00
Mental health and substance abuse social workers	11.54	13.09	19.00	20.00	24.00
Legal occupations	21.15	24.23	33.65	50.76	61.54
Lawyers	24.23	31.89	50.30	55.29	64.90
Education, training, and library occupations	7.75	20.00	23.40	33.93	46.67
Postsecondary teachers	21.84	23.04	37.78	47.06	63.03
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	15.00	17.48	19.31	28.01	38.47
Designers	10.50	15.00	17.50	21.88	25.00
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	16.25	21.00	26.26	30.54	36.34
Pharmacists	26.67	26.67	44.82	48.00	48.10
Registered nurses	22.65	25.00	26.96	31.20	35.00
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	18.00	21.43	22.00	27.73	30.75
Medical and clinical laboratory technologists	18.92	21.43	22.00	27.73	30.75
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	13.24	20.43	25.03	29.74	34.00
Radiologic technologists and technicians	17.50	22.66	24.21	27.50	28.33
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	16.25	16.25	19.20	20.16	20.16
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	14.50	16.00	17.70	19.00	21.12
Healthcare support occupations	8.50	9.23	10.74	13.00	16.00
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	8.24	8.80	9.27	10.74	12.00
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	8.24	8.80	9.35	10.75	12.00
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	9.00	10.00	12.58	13.94	15.00
Medical assistants	9.35	10.00	13.94	14.00	15.00
Pharmacy aides	9.00	9.00	9.34	12.58	12.58
Protective service occupations	7.00	8.00	9.00	10.50	11.44
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	7.00	7.75	9.00	10.00	11.25
Security guards	7.00	7.75	9.00	10.00	11.25
Food preparation and serving related occupations	3.13	5.31	7.00	9.50	11.90
First-line supervisors/managers, food preparation and serving workers	9.39	11.06	15.39	20.94	21.28
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	8.50	11.06	14.21	15.39	20.94
Cooks	7.25	8.00	9.20	11.63	13.00
Cooks, restaurant	7.87	7.87	10.00	11.50	13.00
Food preparation workers	2.30	7.00	9.09	10.40	11.50
Food service, tipped	3.13	3.13	3.38	5.50	9.70
Bartenders	3.38	3.38	4.16	5.51	8.29
Waiters and waitresses	3.06	3.13	3.35	3.75	8.50
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	6.40	6.61	7.45	9.70	10.00

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Private industry workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Fast food and counter workers	\$5.91	\$5.91	\$6.40	\$7.00	\$9.50
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	5.91	5.91	6.40	7.02	9.50
Food servers, nonrestaurant	4.91	4.91	8.00	8.95	9.27
Dishwashers	6.50	6.75	7.00	7.73	8.00
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	4.25	6.55	8.00	8.00	8.50
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	6.40	7.50	8.50	10.36	12.05
Building cleaning workers	6.40	7.25	8.50	10.36	12.00
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	6.40	7.00	9.07	10.63	12.25
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	7.07	7.53	8.36	8.70	10.75
Grounds maintenance workers	7.81	8.18	8.18	9.00	10.00
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	7.81	8.18	8.18	9.00	10.00
Personal care and service occupations	6.15	6.40	7.75	9.29	11.00
Child care workers	6.15	6.40	6.50	7.29	11.00
Sales and related occupations	6.50	8.00	10.00	13.76	20.00
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	12.25	14.09	19.06	23.08	37.07
Retail sales workers	12.25	14.09	16.27	20.32	23.08
Cashiers, all workers	6.40	7.25	8.75	11.44	13.61
Cashiers	6.40	6.65	7.80	10.00	13.13
Retail salespersons	6.40	6.65	7.80	10.00	13.13
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and scientific products	7.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.48
Miscellaneous sales and related workers	11.00	13.76	13.76	16.67	20.07
Miscellaneous sales and related workers	6.40	8.00	11.05	18.00	24.32
Office and administrative support occupations	8.85	10.49	13.10	14.90	18.95
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	14.15	18.50	21.64	26.70	26.70
Financial clerks	9.02	10.90	12.00	15.39	19.71
Bill and account collectors	9.45	9.45	11.00	14.34	20.99
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	8.00	9.78	13.00	14.08	20.00
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	11.00	12.00	15.28	18.75	20.00
Tellers	8.88	9.02	10.47	11.22	12.26
Customer service representatives	9.00	10.07	11.44	13.74	18.82
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	7.59	8.50	8.50	10.75	10.80
Loan interviewers and clerks	10.81	12.05	15.07	22.22	28.17
Receptionists and information clerks	9.00	9.50	11.50	13.83	13.83
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	7.00	7.80	13.84	20.88	20.91
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	8.73	9.50	10.66	12.12	14.56
Stock clerks and order fillers	7.25	7.95	10.91	12.75	16.00
Secretaries and administrative assistants	11.98	14.06	14.16	14.16	18.10
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	13.25	13.72	14.06	15.87	20.00
Medical secretaries	11.00	11.85	12.48	18.03	18.10
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	10.00	11.80	14.12	15.06	19.75
Data entry and information processing workers	10.15	10.50	10.55	15.00	16.39
Data entry keyers	10.00	10.36	10.50	15.00	15.25
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	9.00	11.69	11.95	14.62	15.63
Office clerks, general	9.00	10.00	12.00	13.50	15.55
Construction and extraction occupations	11.00	11.50	14.00	16.75	21.50
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	10.79	11.50	15.04	25.89	27.01
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	11.61	12.50	13.00	15.19	15.19
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers	6.47	7.00	8.99	12.00	14.62
Production occupations	6.40	7.93	10.00	13.13	16.03

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Private industry workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	\$13.75	\$13.75	\$14.60	\$19.38	\$21.25
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	9.28	9.50	10.58	14.00	16.25
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	7.75	9.50	10.76	16.57	19.00
Printers	13.00	13.14	14.25	17.10	27.04
Printing machine operators	12.55	13.00	15.00	24.99	29.69
Sewing machine operators	6.40	6.40	6.40	7.00	9.86
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	6.40	6.40	8.00	12.80	14.97
Miscellaneous production workers	6.50	6.65	7.40	9.25	10.50
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.50	8.00	11.00	15.45	20.54
First-line supervisors/managers of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	9.14	12.08	14.25	17.49	20.45
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	8.00	8.25	14.28	19.68	21.20
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	8.14	8.25	14.04	18.30	20.80
Industrial truck and tractor operators	10.16	13.60	15.00	16.00	16.30
Laborers and material movers, hand	6.40	7.00	9.54	12.04	16.60
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	6.40	7.80	10.50	12.72	18.50
Packers and packagers, hand	6.30	6.64	7.00	8.06	10.00

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 8. State and local government workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$11.31	\$14.54	\$21.14	\$27.00	\$34.75
Management occupations	24.25	27.00	28.22	32.60	53.56
Education administrators	21.64	29.29	49.19	53.01	158.81
Business and financial operations occupations	16.80	20.66	20.66	24.52	26.44
Architecture and engineering occupations	20.48	25.06	26.34	29.58	29.72
Education, training, and library occupations	22.77	24.08	29.24	38.95	43.74
Postsecondary teachers	32.00	34.62	38.69	44.55	58.28
Healthcare support occupations	10.43	11.31	11.42	12.37	14.27
Protective service occupations	14.40	18.82	24.74	29.75	33.40
First-line supervisors/managers, law enforcement workers	31.77	33.00	36.32	42.32	46.61
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	32.94	34.81	37.49	42.32	46.66
Fire fighters	16.42	19.20	22.13	23.56	26.00
Police officers	19.76	23.60	27.78	30.55	33.40
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	19.76	23.60	27.78	30.55	33.40
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	8.66	9.41	10.17	14.39	19.23
Building cleaning workers	8.51	9.49	10.00	12.33	15.31
Grounds maintenance workers	8.66	9.41	10.17	14.44	19.23
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	8.66	9.41	10.17	14.44	19.23
Office and administrative support occupations	10.95	13.36	15.52	18.24	22.53
Financial clerks	13.13	14.87	16.27	18.04	19.98
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	13.13	15.34	16.27	17.94	19.05
Dispatchers	12.16	15.27	16.32	18.86	23.84
Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers	14.90	15.27	16.32	19.61	23.84
Secretaries and administrative assistants	13.75	14.67	16.31	19.52	20.99
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	12.13	14.85	17.34	18.76	19.64
Office clerks, general	10.81	11.68	12.71	14.62	15.83
Construction and extraction occupations	18.27	21.45	22.19	23.63	25.52
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	13.86	17.73	22.53	22.53	23.04
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	12.50	13.49	17.15	19.66	23.18
Production occupations	11.67	11.67	24.29	25.57	25.57
Transportation and material moving occupations	10.61	12.92	16.19	17.31	17.31

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 9. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles², Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ³	Full-time workers				
	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$7.50	\$10.00	\$13.75	\$20.16	\$28.17
Management occupations	17.02	24.31	28.17	38.41	55.81
General and operations managers	15.50	28.17	37.66	45.16	118.59
Financial managers	23.47	28.47	33.75	39.00	64.95
Education administrators	18.58	23.66	30.85	50.83	53.56
Education administrators, postsecondary	20.14	23.66	30.85	30.85	158.81
Business and financial operations occupations	16.34	20.66	24.04	32.46	45.33
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	13.98	17.66	25.06	32.46	43.75
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists	17.44	19.88	21.26	25.48	31.61
Accountants and auditors	18.75	19.75	24.04	31.25	45.67
Financial analysts and advisors	16.36	19.58	25.42	25.42	42.09
Loan counselors and officers	12.50	21.55	23.77	41.75	78.80
Computer and mathematical science occupations	14.38	20.55	29.34	36.13	37.70
Architecture and engineering occupations	17.53	21.64	26.34	29.58	46.00
Engineers	17.30	21.64	25.00	37.34	46.00
Community and social services occupations	11.83	13.09	16.35	20.00	26.17
Counselors	11.98	12.00	14.42	17.01	37.96
Social workers	11.54	13.68	16.86	19.00	20.76
Legal occupations	21.39	25.00	34.66	50.76	61.54
Lawyers	24.23	31.89	48.08	54.47	62.50
Education, training, and library occupations	19.96	23.35	28.02	37.86	44.26
Postsecondary teachers	23.04	23.04	38.40	46.67	61.03
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	22.89	24.08	28.40	37.52	43.66
Elementary and middle school teachers	22.67	24.01	27.40	35.48	43.43
Elementary school teachers, except special education	21.47	23.35	26.39	32.01	41.66
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	15.00	17.50	19.60	27.99	38.47
Designers	10.50	15.00	17.50	21.88	25.00
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	16.00	19.11	25.00	28.45	33.60
Pharmacists	43.10	45.00	48.00	48.10	48.10
Registered nurses	22.00	24.72	26.44	29.56	32.66
Therapists	19.92	24.01	26.73	29.02	29.02
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	13.24	20.43	25.03	29.74	34.00
Radiologic technologists and technicians	17.50	22.66	24.21	27.50	28.33
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	16.25	16.25	19.15	20.16	20.16
Respiratory therapy technicians	16.97	17.20	17.48	19.45	21.95
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	14.50	16.00	17.70	18.00	21.00
Healthcare support occupations	8.75	9.34	11.00	13.00	15.50
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	8.24	8.80	9.68	10.97	12.37
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	8.25	8.80	9.60	10.74	11.83
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	9.00	10.00	12.58	13.94	15.00
Medical assistants	9.35	10.00	13.94	14.00	15.00
Protective service occupations	7.00	8.50	10.25	18.59	28.51
First-line supervisors/managers, law enforcement workers	31.77	33.00	36.32	42.32	46.61
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	32.94	34.81	37.49	42.32	46.66
Fire fighters	16.42	19.20	22.13	23.56	26.00
Police officers	19.76	23.60	27.78	30.55	33.40
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	19.76	23.60	27.78	30.55	33.40
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	7.00	7.75	9.00	10.25	11.44

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles², Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ³	Full-time workers				
	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Security guards	\$7.00	\$7.75	\$9.00	\$10.25	\$11.44
Food preparation and serving related occupations	3.13	4.50	7.50	10.00	12.88
First-line supervisors/managers, food preparation and serving workers	9.39	11.06	15.39	20.94	21.28
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	8.50	11.06	14.21	15.39	20.94
Cooks	7.87	8.00	9.20	12.00	13.14
Cooks, restaurant	7.87	8.00	10.63	12.00	13.00
Food preparation workers	2.30	6.50	10.00	10.50	11.50
Food service, tipped	3.06	3.13	3.38	4.50	7.00
Waiters and waitresses	3.06	3.13	3.13	3.50	4.50
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	6.40	6.50	7.45	7.70	9.70
Fast food and counter workers	5.50	6.40	7.02	9.50	9.50
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	6.10	6.50	7.47	9.50	9.50
Food servers, nonrestaurant	4.91	4.91	8.00	8.95	9.27
Dishwashers	6.50	6.75	7.00	7.58	8.00
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	7.00	8.00	9.05	10.75	14.00
Building cleaning workers	7.00	7.67	9.00	10.63	12.33
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	6.50	7.65	9.81	11.54	14.25
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	7.14	7.67	8.50	8.80	10.75
Grounds maintenance workers	8.00	8.18	9.00	10.61	15.11
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	8.00	8.18	9.00	10.61	15.11
Personal care and service occupations	6.15	6.40	7.50	8.77	14.53
Sales and related occupations	7.10	9.00	11.26	15.00	21.07
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	12.25	14.09	19.06	23.08	37.07
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	12.25	14.09	16.27	20.32	23.08
Retail sales workers	6.50	7.95	9.87	12.00	14.00
Cashiers, all workers	6.40	6.92	8.30	11.50	14.00
Cashiers	6.40	6.92	8.30	11.50	14.00
Retail salespersons	8.00	8.91	10.50	12.50	15.60
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	11.00	13.76	13.76	16.67	20.07
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and scientific products	11.00	13.76	13.76	16.67	20.07
Miscellaneous sales and related workers	8.00	11.05	15.00	18.00	24.32
Office and administrative support occupations	9.23	10.80	13.83	15.34	19.75
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	14.15	18.65	22.04	26.70	33.31
Switchboard operators, including answering service	6.50	7.00	9.00	9.73	10.86
Financial clerks	9.00	10.90	13.00	15.63	19.71
Bill and account collectors	9.45	9.45	11.00	14.34	20.99
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	8.00	9.78	13.00	14.08	20.00
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	11.00	12.48	16.68	18.75	20.00
Tellers	8.67	9.02	10.50	11.22	12.88
Customer service representatives	10.00	10.07	11.44	14.61	18.82
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	7.59	8.50	8.50	10.75	10.80
Loan interviewers and clerks	10.81	12.05	15.07	22.22	28.17
Receptionists and information clerks	9.00	9.50	11.50	13.83	13.83
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	7.00	7.80	11.54	20.88	22.15
Dispatchers	7.25	7.25	8.36	16.32	21.09
Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers	14.90	15.27	16.32	19.61	23.84
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	8.73	9.51	10.78	12.12	14.56
Stock clerks and order fillers	7.50	8.12	11.93	13.40	16.00
Secretaries and administrative assistants	12.36	14.16	14.16	15.05	19.14
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	13.25	13.72	15.87	19.07	21.02
Medical secretaries	11.00	12.00	12.48	18.03	18.10
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	11.44	12.47	14.72	17.47	19.75

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles², Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ³	Full-time workers				
	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Data entry and information processing workers	\$10.36	\$10.50	\$12.00	\$15.00	\$16.18
Data entry keyers	10.15	10.50	10.55	15.00	15.25
Office clerks, general	9.11	10.25	12.00	14.00	15.83
Construction and extraction occupations	11.00	11.90	15.00	18.00	22.00
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	11.00	12.00	16.39	25.89	27.01
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	11.71	12.50	14.45	16.71	19.92
Maintenance and repair workers, general	11.50	12.50	13.00	15.19	18.10
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers	6.47	7.00	9.00	13.50	16.00
Production occupations	6.40	8.25	10.00	13.70	18.85
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	13.75	13.75	14.60	19.38	21.25
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	9.28	9.50	10.58	14.00	16.25
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	7.75	9.50	10.76	16.57	19.00
Printers	13.00	13.14	14.25	17.10	27.04
Printing machine operators	12.55	13.00	15.00	24.99	29.69
Sewing machine operators	6.40	6.40	6.40	7.00	9.86
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	6.40	6.40	8.00	12.80	14.97
Miscellaneous production workers	6.50	6.65	7.50	9.25	13.00
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.75	9.00	12.08	16.19	20.54
First-line supervisors/managers of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	9.14	12.08	14.25	17.49	20.98
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	8.00	11.00	15.25	20.63	26.17
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	16.14	17.15	17.15	26.27	26.27
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	8.00	11.00	14.59	20.61	26.17
Industrial truck and tractor operators	10.16	13.60	15.00	16.00	16.30
Laborers and material movers, hand	6.40	7.75	10.35	12.72	16.75
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	6.40	8.25	11.00	13.80	18.50

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

² Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly

wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

³ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 10. Part-time¹ civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles², Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ³	Part-time workers				
	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$6.15	\$6.65	\$8.00	\$11.30	\$18.24
Education, training, and library occupations	7.25	7.25	12.00	16.25	29.37
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	22.20	26.67	30.75	35.00	45.00
Pharmacists	26.67	26.67	26.67	44.75	47.20
Registered nurses	24.46	28.90	34.00	35.00	35.00
Healthcare support occupations	8.26	8.42	12.00	16.00	16.00
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	8.26	8.30	9.27	12.00	16.00
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	8.26	8.41	12.00	16.00	16.00
Protective service occupations	7.32	8.50	10.00	11.74	11.74
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	7.00	8.00	8.50	9.81	10.77
Security guards	7.00	8.00	8.50	9.81	10.77
Miscellaneous protective service workers	9.01	10.18	10.55	13.24	14.65
Food preparation and serving related occupations	3.38	5.91	6.40	8.00	10.00
Food preparation workers	7.05	7.50	8.30	9.05	10.25
Food service, tipped	3.13	3.13	5.31	10.00	10.00
Waiters and waitresses	3.13	3.13	3.38	10.00	11.00
Fast food and counter workers	5.91	5.91	6.40	6.40	6.85
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	5.91	5.91	6.40	6.40	6.85
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	6.32	6.32	6.40	7.72	8.00
Building cleaning workers	6.32	6.32	6.40	7.72	8.46
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	6.32	6.32	6.40	6.50	7.72
Personal care and service occupations	7.22	7.29	10.00	10.00	10.00
Sales and related occupations	6.15	6.66	7.50	8.70	10.00
Retail sales workers	6.15	6.66	7.50	8.60	10.07
Cashiers, all workers	6.15	6.50	7.30	8.50	9.85
Cashiers	6.15	6.50	7.30	8.50	9.85
Retail salespersons	6.15	7.00	7.73	9.50	11.58
Office and administrative support occupations	6.81	7.25	10.00	12.00	18.24
Financial clerks	9.25	12.00	12.00	12.25	17.50
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.50	7.00	8.14	10.37	15.79
Laborers and material movers, hand	6.50	6.86	7.50	9.25	13.42
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	6.86	7.00	9.00	12.84	14.69

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

² Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly

wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

³ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 11. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$16.77	\$13.75	\$664	\$549	39.6	\$34,057	\$28,575	2,031
Management occupations	36.51	28.17	1,516	1,135	41.5	78,530	59,213	2,151
General and operations managers	48.02	37.66	2,200	1,807	45.8	114,405	93,939	2,382
Financial managers	38.94	33.75	1,573	1,350	40.4	81,819	70,200	2,101
Education administrators	45.33	30.85	1,733	1,157	38.2	90,103	60,159	1,988
Education administrators, postsecondary	51.28	30.85	1,960	1,157	38.2	101,918	60,159	1,988
Business and financial operations occupations	27.74	24.04	1,106	962	39.9	57,532	50,003	2,074
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	27.30	25.06	1,083	1,000	39.7	56,300	52,000	2,062
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists	23.50	21.26	940	850	40.0	48,871	44,221	2,080
Accountants and auditors	27.13	24.04	1,083	962	39.9	56,296	50,003	2,075
Financial analysts and advisors	26.51	25.42	1,069	1,017	40.3	55,564	52,867	2,096
Loan counselors and officers	32.28	23.77	1,286	951	39.8	66,857	49,442	2,071
Computer and mathematical science occupations	27.34	29.34	1,094	1,173	40.0	56,890	61,017	2,081
Architecture and engineering occupations	28.45	26.34	1,141	1,054	40.1	59,323	54,796	2,085
Engineers	29.05	25.00	1,166	1,000	40.1	60,624	52,000	2,087
Community and social services occupations	17.97	16.35	719	654	40.0	36,424	34,407	2,027
Counselors	18.83	14.42	753	589	40.0	36,598	31,200	1,943
Social workers	16.84	16.86	673	675	40.0	35,019	35,077	2,080
Legal occupations	38.89	34.66	1,615	1,435	41.5	83,979	74,620	2,159
Lawyers	44.58	48.08	1,880	2,019	42.2	97,755	104,998	2,193
Education, training, and library occupations	30.34	28.02	1,130	1,041	37.2	47,054	45,423	1,551
Postsecondary teachers	39.87	38.40	1,519	1,379	38.1	63,392	55,249	1,590
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	31.12	28.40	1,144	1,046	36.8	46,985	42,295	1,510
Elementary and middle school teachers	30.24	27.40	1,104	1,003	36.5	45,489	41,150	1,504
Elementary school teachers, except special education	28.87	26.39	1,051	968	36.4	43,018	38,976	1,490
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	25.01	19.60	1,010	772	40.4	52,498	40,165	2,099
Designers	17.96	17.50	718	700	40.0	37,353	36,400	2,080
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	25.21	25.00	995	967	39.5	51,743	50,294	2,053
Pharmacists	46.25	48.00	1,850	1,920	40.0	96,205	99,840	2,080
Registered nurses	27.18	26.44	1,056	1,048	38.8	54,890	54,494	2,019
Therapists	25.99	26.73	1,006	1,069	38.7	52,336	55,588	2,014
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	25.19	25.03	1,008	1,001	40.0	52,405	52,062	2,080
Radiologic technologists and technicians	24.20	24.21	968	968	40.0	50,338	50,357	2,080
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	18.30	19.15	709	720	38.7	36,846	37,440	2,013
Respiratory therapy technicians	18.48	17.48	726	688	39.3	37,742	35,766	2,042
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	17.31	17.70	692	708	40.0	35,972	36,816	2,078
Healthcare support occupations	11.96	11.00	469	433	39.2	24,401	22,523	2,040

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	\$9.98	\$9.68	\$395	\$383	39.6	\$20,540	\$19,918	2,059
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	9.83	9.60	389	382	39.5	20,211	19,864	2,056
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	11.99	12.58	466	502	38.8	24,213	26,103	2,020
Medical assistants	12.75	13.94	492	502	38.6	25,602	26,103	2,008
Protective service occupations	14.18	10.25	572	408	40.3	29,724	21,216	2,096
First-line supervisors/managers, law enforcement workers	37.72	36.32	1,509	1,453	40.0	78,459	75,546	2,080
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	38.80	37.49	1,552	1,500	40.0	80,714	77,983	2,080
Fire fighters	21.51	22.13	1,097	1,132	51.0	57,019	58,856	2,651
Police officers	27.24	27.78	1,090	1,112	40.0	56,699	57,826	2,082
Police and sheriff's patrol officers ...	27.24	27.78	1,090	1,112	40.0	56,699	57,826	2,082
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	9.23	9.00	369	360	40.0	19,195	18,720	2,079
Security guards	9.23	9.00	369	360	40.0	19,195	18,720	2,079
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.87	7.50	312	295	39.6	16,109	15,080	2,046
First-line supervisors/managers, food preparation and serving workers ..	15.42	15.39	642	708	41.6	32,961	36,801	2,138
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	13.80	14.21	581	611	42.1	30,198	31,782	2,188
Cooks	10.18	9.20	407	368	40.0	21,178	19,132	2,080
Cooks, restaurant	10.20	10.63	408	425	40.0	21,213	22,100	2,080
Food preparation workers	8.29	10.00	331	400	40.0	17,234	20,800	2,080
Food service, tipped	4.07	3.38	156	126	38.5	8,128	6,552	1,999
Waiters and waitresses	3.43	3.13	130	125	38.1	6,781	6,510	1,979
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	7.56	7.45	302	298	40.0	15,720	15,496	2,080
Fast food and counter workers	7.64	7.02	304	281	39.7	15,194	14,560	1,989
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	7.85	7.47	312	299	39.7	15,516	14,602	1,976
Food servers, nonrestaurant	7.45	8.00	298	320	40.0	15,503	16,640	2,080
Dishwashers	7.10	7.00	284	280	40.0	14,769	14,560	2,080
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	9.78	9.05	389	362	39.8	20,249	18,826	2,071
Building cleaning workers	9.49	9.00	377	360	39.8	19,629	18,720	2,068
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	9.93	9.81	395	383	39.8	20,538	19,939	2,067
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	8.56	8.50	341	340	39.8	17,717	17,680	2,069
Grounds maintenance workers	10.29	9.00	412	360	40.0	21,400	18,720	2,080
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	10.29	9.00	412	360	40.0	21,400	18,720	2,080
Personal care and service occupations	10.65	7.50	373	300	35.1	19,410	15,600	1,823
Sales and related occupations	13.64	11.26	537	442	39.3	27,898	22,992	2,046
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	22.52	19.06	974	770	43.2	50,624	40,019	2,248
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	17.29	16.27	767	704	44.4	39,887	36,629	2,307
Retail sales workers	10.70	9.87	412	380	38.5	21,432	19,760	2,004
Cashiers, all workers	9.31	8.30	355	320	38.1	18,451	16,640	1,982
Cashiers	9.31	8.30	355	320	38.1	18,451	16,640	1,982

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Retail salespersons	\$12.03	\$10.50	\$466	\$403	38.7	\$24,242	\$20,948	2,015
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	15.46	13.76	618	550	40.0	32,160	28,625	2,080
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and scientific products	15.46	13.76	618	550	40.0	32,160	28,625	2,080
Miscellaneous sales and related workers	15.39	15.00	616	600	40.0	32,020	31,200	2,080
Office and administrative support occupations	13.92	13.83	554	553	39.8	28,762	28,671	2,066
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	23.04	22.04	934	901	40.5	48,568	46,862	2,108
Switchboard operators, including answering service	9.03	9.00	361	360	40.0	18,780	18,720	2,080
Financial clerks	13.66	13.00	539	520	39.5	27,756	25,896	2,032
Bill and account collectors	12.61	11.00	502	440	39.8	26,087	22,880	2,068
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	12.63	13.00	487	520	38.5	25,312	27,040	2,004
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	16.24	16.68	641	637	39.4	32,449	32,302	1,998
Tellers	10.57	10.50	420	396	39.7	21,818	20,592	2,065
Customer service representatives	12.68	11.44	505	458	39.8	26,262	23,795	2,071
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks ...	9.46	8.50	378	340	40.0	19,674	17,680	2,080
Loan interviewers and clerks	16.63	15.07	665	603	40.0	34,584	31,354	2,080
Receptionists and information clerks ..	11.72	11.50	465	453	39.7	24,199	23,580	2,065
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	13.67	11.54	547	462	40.0	28,436	23,999	2,080
Dispatchers	12.23	8.36	487	334	39.8	25,321	17,389	2,070
Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers	17.80	16.32	708	653	39.8	36,835	33,946	2,070
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	11.16	10.78	446	431	40.0	23,208	22,422	2,080
Stock clerks and order fillers	11.61	11.93	459	477	39.6	23,870	24,814	2,057
Secretaries and administrative assistants	14.98	14.16	597	567	39.9	31,034	29,459	2,072
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	16.34	15.87	654	635	40.0	33,988	32,999	2,080
Medical secretaries	13.98	12.48	556	499	39.8	28,890	25,958	2,067
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	14.95	14.72	594	589	39.7	30,873	30,618	2,065
Data entry and information processing workers	13.19	12.00	526	481	39.9	27,342	24,987	2,073
Data entry keyers	12.12	10.55	485	422	40.0	25,216	21,944	2,080
Office clerks, general	12.60	12.00	503	480	39.9	26,155	24,960	2,076
Construction and extraction occupations	15.49	15.00	620	600	40.0	32,226	31,200	2,081
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	18.51	16.39	740	656	40.0	38,477	34,087	2,079
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	15.01	14.45	599	578	39.9	31,167	30,056	2,077
Maintenance and repair workers, general	14.12	13.00	565	520	40.0	29,360	27,040	2,080
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers	10.45	9.00	418	360	40.0	21,728	18,720	2,080
Production occupations	11.50	10.00	457	400	39.7	23,503	20,488	2,043

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	\$16.97	\$14.60	\$687	\$584	40.5	\$35,717	\$30,368	2,105
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	11.70	10.58	462	423	39.5	24,009	22,006	2,052
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	12.90	10.76	516	430	40.0	26,834	22,381	2,080
Printers	16.59	14.25	664	570	40.0	34,516	29,640	2,080
Printing machine operators	18.09	15.00	723	600	40.0	37,619	31,200	2,080
Sewing machine operators	7.21	6.40	285	256	39.5	14,799	13,312	2,053
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	9.48	8.00	379	320	40.0	19,722	16,640	2,080
Miscellaneous production workers	8.65	7.50	345	300	39.9	17,124	15,600	1,980
Transportation and material moving occupations	15.90	12.08	615	487	38.7	31,421	24,920	1,976
First-line supervisors/managers of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	15.48	14.25	632	570	40.8	32,852	29,640	2,123
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	15.70	15.25	633	610	40.3	32,909	31,720	2,096
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	19.52	17.15	775	686	39.7	40,319	35,672	2,065
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	15.71	14.59	633	584	40.3	32,921	30,347	2,095
Industrial truck and tractor operators ..	14.26	15.00	570	600	40.0	28,506	31,200	1,999
Laborers and material movers, hand ..	10.97	10.35	438	414	39.9	22,783	21,528	2,077
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	11.34	11.00	453	440	39.9	23,549	22,880	2,077

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

³ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

⁴ Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries

paid to employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

⁵ Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

Table 12. Full-time¹ private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$15.80	\$12.50	\$627	\$499	39.7	\$32,491	\$25,958	2,056
Management occupations	36.54	28.17	1,535	1,157	42.0	79,434	60,000	2,174
General and operations managers	48.87	37.66	2,250	1,807	46.0	117,023	93,939	2,394
Financial managers	39.51	33.75	1,598	1,375	40.5	83,122	71,481	2,104
Business and financial operations occupations	28.49	25.00	1,137	971	39.9	59,099	50,502	2,074
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	27.30	25.06	1,083	1,000	39.7	56,300	52,000	2,062
Accountants and auditors	27.74	24.04	1,108	962	39.9	57,606	50,003	2,076
Financial analysts and advisors	26.51	25.42	1,069	1,017	40.3	55,564	52,867	2,096
Loan counselors and officers	32.28	23.77	1,286	951	39.8	66,857	49,442	2,071
Computer and mathematical science occupations	27.30	29.34	1,093	1,173	40.0	56,817	61,017	2,081
Architecture and engineering occupations	29.09	25.00	1,168	1,000	40.1	60,731	52,000	2,088
Community and social services occupations	16.69	16.54	672	662	40.3	34,954	34,407	2,094
Social workers	17.14	18.13	686	725	40.0	35,650	37,710	2,080
Legal occupations	38.99	34.66	1,620	1,435	41.6	84,263	74,620	2,161
Lawyers	44.71	50.30	1,887	2,019	42.2	98,108	104,998	2,194
Education, training, and library occupations	27.80	23.40	1,096	936	39.4	47,553	46,000	1,711
Postsecondary teachers	38.57	37.78	1,493	1,417	38.7	64,397	56,599	1,670
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	24.98	19.31	1,008	772	40.4	52,442	40,165	2,099
Designers	17.96	17.50	718	700	40.0	37,353	36,400	2,080
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	25.67	25.00	1,006	978	39.2	52,287	50,844	2,037
Pharmacists	46.25	48.00	1,850	1,920	40.0	96,205	99,840	2,080
Registered nurses	27.30	26.44	1,070	1,050	39.2	55,620	54,621	2,038
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	25.19	25.03	1,008	1,001	40.0	52,405	52,062	2,080
Radiologic technologists and technicians	24.20	24.21	968	968	40.0	50,338	50,357	2,080
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	18.42	19.20	711	720	38.6	36,959	37,440	2,006
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	17.22	17.50	688	700	40.0	35,790	36,400	2,078
Healthcare support occupations	11.96	10.74	468	412	39.1	24,329	21,403	2,034
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	9.54	9.27	377	371	39.5	19,601	19,282	2,055
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	9.58	9.27	378	371	39.5	19,676	19,282	2,053
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	12.01	12.58	465	502	38.7	24,180	26,103	2,013
Medical assistants	12.75	13.94	492	502	38.6	25,602	26,103	2,008
Protective service occupations	9.25	9.00	370	360	40.0	19,244	18,720	2,080
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	9.13	9.00	365	360	40.0	18,985	18,720	2,080
Security guards	9.13	9.00	365	360	40.0	18,985	18,720	2,080
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.86	7.58	311	298	39.6	16,160	15,496	2,056

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Full-time¹ private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
First-line supervisors/managers, food preparation and serving workers ..	\$15.42	\$15.39	\$642	\$708	41.6	\$32,961	\$36,801	2,138
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers ..	13.80	14.21	581	611	42.1	30,198	31,782	2,188
Cooks ..	10.11	9.20	404	368	40.0	21,020	19,132	2,080
Cooks, restaurant ..	10.20	10.63	408	425	40.0	21,213	22,100	2,080
Food preparation workers ..	8.29	10.00	331	400	40.0	17,234	20,800	2,080
Food service, tipped ..	4.07	3.38	156	126	38.5	8,128	6,552	1,999
Waiters and waitresses ..	3.43	3.13	130	125	38.1	6,781	6,510	1,979
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers ..	7.56	7.45	302	298	40.0	15,720	15,496	2,080
Fast food and counter workers ..	7.78	7.29	309	292	39.7	16,073	15,163	2,065
Food servers, nonrestaurant ..	7.45	8.00	298	320	40.0	15,503	16,640	2,080
Dishwashers ..	7.10	7.00	284	280	40.0	14,769	14,560	2,080
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations ..	9.29	8.70	370	348	39.8	19,220	18,092	2,069
Building cleaning workers ..	9.26	8.70	368	348	39.7	19,140	18,092	2,066
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners ..	9.68	9.50	385	380	39.7	19,999	19,760	2,065
Maids and housekeeping cleaners ..	8.41	8.25	335	330	39.8	17,395	17,160	2,068
Grounds maintenance workers ..	8.75	8.18	350	327	40.0	18,208	17,012	2,080
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers ..	8.75	8.18	350	327	40.0	18,208	17,012	2,080
Personal care and service occupations ..	10.46	7.50	365	300	34.9	18,980	15,600	1,814
Sales and related occupations ..	13.65	11.25	537	442	39.3	27,922	22,992	2,045
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers ..	22.52	19.06	974	770	43.2	50,624	40,019	2,248
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers ..	17.29	16.27	767	704	44.4	39,887	36,629	2,307
Retail sales workers ..	10.68	9.80	411	378	38.5	21,382	19,656	2,002
Cashiers, all workers ..	9.23	8.25	351	315	38.1	18,253	16,380	1,979
Cashiers ..	9.23	8.25	351	315	38.1	18,253	16,380	1,979
Retail salespersons ..	12.03	10.50	466	403	38.7	24,242	20,948	2,015
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing ..	15.46	13.76	618	550	40.0	32,160	28,625	2,080
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and scientific products ..	15.46	13.76	618	550	40.0	32,160	28,625	2,080
Miscellaneous sales and related workers ..	15.39	15.00	616	600	40.0	32,020	31,200	2,080
Office and administrative support occupations ..	13.58	13.62	541	540	39.8	28,108	28,080	2,069
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers ..	20.95	21.64	854	882	40.8	44,413	45,843	2,120
Financial clerks ..	13.50	12.27	533	492	39.5	27,732	25,588	2,055
Bill and account collectors ..	12.41	11.00	493	440	39.8	25,656	22,880	2,067
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators ..	12.63	13.00	487	520	38.5	25,312	27,040	2,004
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks ..	16.21	16.83	642	647	39.6	33,394	33,650	2,060
Tellers ..	10.57	10.50	420	396	39.7	21,818	20,592	2,065
Customer service representatives ..	12.68	11.44	505	458	39.8	26,262	23,795	2,071
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks ..	9.46	8.50	378	340	40.0	19,674	17,680	2,080
Loan interviewers and clerks ..	16.63	15.07	665	603	40.0	34,584	31,354	2,080

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Full-time¹ private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Receptionists and information clerks ..	\$11.72	\$11.50	\$465	\$453	39.7	\$24,199	\$23,580	2,065
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	13.67	11.54	547	462	40.0	28,436	23,999	2,080
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	11.16	10.78	446	431	40.0	23,208	22,422	2,080
Stock clerks and order fillers	11.52	11.93	456	470	39.5	23,695	24,440	2,056
Secretaries and administrative assistants	14.74	14.16	587	567	39.8	30,534	29,459	2,072
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	15.44	14.06	618	562	40.0	32,119	29,236	2,080
Medical secretaries	13.99	12.48	556	499	39.7	28,904	25,958	2,067
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	14.48	14.72	575	571	39.7	29,877	29,682	2,063
Data entry and information processing workers	13.23	10.55	527	422	39.8	27,397	21,944	2,071
Data entry keyers	12.11	10.50	484	420	40.0	25,186	21,840	2,080
Office clerks, general	12.49	12.00	499	480	40.0	25,969	24,960	2,079
Construction and extraction occupations	14.47	14.00	579	560	40.0	30,109	29,120	2,081
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	18.20	15.04	728	602	40.0	37,859	31,289	2,080
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	13.55	13.00	542	520	40.0	28,194	27,040	2,080
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers	10.17	8.99	407	360	40.0	21,146	18,699	2,080
Production occupations	10.84	10.00	431	390	39.7	22,288	20,259	2,056
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	16.97	14.60	687	584	40.5	35,717	30,368	2,105
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	11.70	10.58	462	423	39.5	24,009	22,006	2,052
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	12.90	10.76	516	430	40.0	26,834	22,381	2,080
Printers	16.59	14.25	664	570	40.0	34,516	29,640	2,080
Printing machine operators	18.09	15.00	723	600	40.0	37,619	31,200	2,080
Sewing machine operators	7.21	6.40	285	256	39.5	14,799	13,312	2,053
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	9.48	8.00	379	320	40.0	19,722	16,640	2,080
Miscellaneous production workers	8.12	7.40	325	296	40.0	16,080	15,032	1,980

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Full-time¹ private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Transportation and material moving occupations	\$16.08	\$11.00	\$623	\$470	38.8	\$32,338	\$24,430	2,012
First-line supervisors/managers of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	15.10	14.25	617	570	40.8	32,078	29,640	2,124
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	15.64	14.98	631	599	40.4	32,820	31,158	2,099
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	15.71	14.59	633	584	40.3	32,919	30,347	2,095
Industrial truck and tractor operators ..	14.26	15.00	570	600	40.0	28,506	31,200	1,999
Laborers and material movers, hand ..	10.72	10.17	428	407	39.9	22,271	21,143	2,077
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	11.08	10.92	442	436	39.9	23,003	22,672	2,077

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

³ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

⁴ Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries

paid to employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

⁵ Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Table 13. Full-time¹ State and local government workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$22.49	\$21.45	\$880	\$831	39.1	\$42,544	\$39,838	1,892
Management occupations	36.38	28.22	1,436	1,129	39.5	74,665	58,687	2,052
Education administrators	56.83	49.19	2,160	1,844	38.0	112,336	95,913	1,977
Business and financial operations occupations	22.35	20.66	890	826	39.8	46,262	42,967	2,070
Architecture and engineering occupations	26.89	26.34	1,076	1,054	40.0	55,935	54,796	2,080
Education, training, and library occupations	31.17	29.36	1,140	1,069	36.6	46,910	44,150	1,505
Healthcare support occupations	11.98	11.42	479	457	40.0	24,910	23,752	2,080
Protective service occupations	25.56	25.56	1,049	1,046	41.0	54,540	54,413	2,134
First-line supervisors/managers, law enforcement workers	37.72	36.32	1,509	1,453	40.0	78,459	75,546	2,080
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	38.80	37.49	1,552	1,500	40.0	80,714	77,983	2,080
Fire fighters	21.51	22.13	1,097	1,132	51.0	57,019	58,856	2,651
Police officers	27.24	27.78	1,090	1,112	40.0	56,699	57,826	2,082
Police and sheriff's patrol officers ...	27.24	27.78	1,090	1,112	40.0	56,699	57,826	2,082
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	11.83	10.17	473	407	40.0	24,613	21,162	2,080
Grounds maintenance workers	12.46	10.17	498	407	40.0	25,909	21,162	2,080
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	12.46	10.17	498	407	40.0	25,909	21,162	2,080
Office and administrative support occupations	16.53	15.37	657	610	39.8	33,756	31,302	2,042
Financial clerks	16.45	16.27	634	610	38.6	28,090	26,764	1,707
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	16.51	16.27	628	610	38.1	26,494	25,599	1,605
Dispatchers	17.16	16.32	678	647	39.5	35,274	33,648	2,055
Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers	17.80	16.32	708	653	39.8	36,835	33,946	2,070
Secretaries and administrative assistants	16.91	16.31	676	653	39.9	35,131	33,933	2,077
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	16.75	17.34	668	694	39.9	34,741	36,076	2,074
Office clerks, general	13.15	12.71	521	508	39.6	27,092	26,435	2,060

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. Full-time¹ State and local government workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Construction and extraction occupations	\$22.42	\$22.19	\$895	\$887	39.9	\$46,542	\$46,147	2,076
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	20.18	22.53	805	901	39.9	41,869	46,858	2,075
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	17.01	17.15	678	683	39.9	35,265	35,539	2,073
Production occupations	19.67	24.29	784	971	39.9	37,336	44,304	1,898
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.97	16.19	570	593	38.1	26,937	27,552	1,799

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

³ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

⁴ Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries

paid to employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

⁵ Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Table 14. **Size of establishment: Mean hourly earnings¹ of private industry establishments for major occupational groups, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005**

Occupational group ²	Total	1-99 workers	100-499 workers	500 workers or more
All workers	\$15.25	\$14.24	\$14.27	\$20.40
Management, professional, and related	29.38	29.04	27.86	31.85
Management, business, and financial	32.52	30.59	30.93	39.89
Professional and related	27.33	27.90	25.57	28.36
Service	8.86	8.31	8.82	10.49
Sales and office	13.07	13.13	12.34	14.57
Sales and related	12.43	12.08	11.77	18.17
Office and administrative support	13.38	13.56	12.81	13.62
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	15.79	14.51	13.99	-
Construction and extraction	14.47	14.49	-	-
Installation, maintenance, and repair	18.17	14.59	13.69	-
Production, transportation, and material moving	13.32	11.17	11.34	25.85
Production	10.83	11.35	8.97	12.55
Transportation and material moving	15.20	10.95	12.50	30.92
	Relative error ³ (percent)			
All workers	4.5	8.6	4.4	6.2
Management, professional, and related	5.4	8.7	9.0	7.7
Management, business, and financial	8.7	8.0	17.8	14.3
Professional and related	6.6	16.2	8.2	2.5
Service	4.4	6.2	6.3	4.5
Sales and office	2.7	4.7	2.7	7.6
Sales and related	4.5	7.9	4.7	21.0
Office and administrative support	3.4	5.3	3.9	5.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.0	6.0	5.3	-
Construction and extraction	6.9	7.7	-	-
Installation, maintenance, and repair	4.7	10.6	10.4	-
Production, transportation, and material moving	2.2	3.1	8.7	9.0
Production	2.1	7.9	11.0	12.4
Transportation and material moving	3.4	2.6	5.8	14.7

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

³ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 15. Establishments with fewer than 100 workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time¹ private industry workers, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$14.83	\$12.48	\$590	\$490	39.8	\$30,649	\$25,480	2,067
Management occupations	30.91	26.80	1,298	1,154	42.0	66,955	60,000	2,166
Financial managers	34.90	33.75	1,392	1,350	39.9	72,400	70,200	2,075
Business and financial operations occupations	30.16	25.64	1,191	1,000	39.5	61,921	52,000	2,053
Architecture and engineering occupations	30.06	25.00	1,207	1,000	40.2	62,759	52,000	2,088
Legal occupations	41.56	35.90	1,731	1,783	41.6	89,999	92,706	2,165
Lawyers	45.70	50.48	1,925	2,019	42.1	100,114	105,000	2,191
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	23.10	20.16	885	756	38.3	46,028	39,312	1,992
Healthcare support occupations	13.33	13.00	522	503	39.1	27,127	26,166	2,035
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	11.70	12.58	456	503	38.9	23,690	26,166	2,025
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.57	7.00	303	280	40.0	15,735	14,560	2,077
Cooks	9.43	9.20	377	368	40.0	19,606	19,132	2,080
Food service, tipped	3.96	3.38	157	126	39.7	8,168	6,552	2,063
Waiters and waitresses	3.48	3.15	138	125	39.6	7,168	6,510	2,060
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	9.39	8.70	374	348	39.9	19,469	18,092	2,073
Building cleaning workers	9.53	9.19	380	368	39.8	19,738	19,115	2,072
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	9.88	10.36	395	414	40.0	20,544	21,549	2,080
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	8.52	8.60	336	344	39.5	17,479	17,888	2,052
Personal care and service occupations	7.40	7.15	293	286	39.6	15,250	14,872	2,059
Sales and related occupations	12.98	11.44	503	440	38.7	26,140	22,880	2,014
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	20.21	15.00	891	704	44.1	46,350	36,629	2,293
Retail sales workers	10.55	8.91	393	320	37.3	20,436	16,640	1,938
Cashiers, all workers	9.26	7.50	341	279	36.9	17,758	14,528	1,918
Cashiers	9.26	7.50	341	279	36.9	17,758	14,528	1,918
Retail salespersons	12.08	9.93	455	378	37.7	23,682	19,656	1,961
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	15.46	13.76	618	550	40.0	32,160	28,625	2,080
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and scientific products	15.46	13.76	618	550	40.0	32,160	28,625	2,080
Office and administrative support occupations	13.83	14.16	551	567	39.8	28,636	29,459	2,070
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	23.13	24.45	942	978	40.7	49,006	50,856	2,118
Financial clerks	13.19	11.00	520	440	39.5	27,063	22,880	2,052
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	16.29	17.75	646	710	39.6	33,570	36,920	2,060
Tellers	9.91	9.40	392	378	39.5	20,375	19,635	2,056
Customer service representatives	11.50	11.00	448	440	39.0	23,296	22,880	2,026
Receptionists and information clerks	10.70	10.50	428	420	40.0	22,262	21,840	2,080
Medical secretaries	14.57	14.00	578	560	39.7	30,062	29,120	2,064
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	14.87	13.75	594	550	39.9	30,879	28,600	2,076
Office clerks, general	12.41	12.00	496	480	40.0	25,804	24,960	2,079
Construction and extraction occupations	14.49	14.00	580	560	40.0	30,139	29,120	2,080
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	14.54	12.50	581	500	40.0	30,233	26,000	2,080
Production occupations	11.37	10.00	449	400	39.5	23,371	20,800	2,056
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	11.84	10.00	463	360	39.1	24,091	18,720	2,035

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. Establishments with fewer than 100 workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time¹ private industry workers, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	\$14.48	\$15.00	\$579	\$600	40.0	\$30,128	\$31,200	2,080
Miscellaneous production workers	8.47	8.00	339	320	40.0	17,610	16,640	2,080
Transportation and material moving occupations	11.41	11.00	460	440	40.3	23,897	22,880	2,094
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	12.86	11.00	524	495	40.8	27,251	25,740	2,120
Laborers and material movers, hand	9.23	8.50	369	340	40.0	19,202	17,680	2,080
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	9.30	9.00	372	360	40.0	19,342	18,720	2,080

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

³ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

⁴ Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to

employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

⁵ Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

Table 16. Establishments with 100 workers or more: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time¹ private industry workers, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$16.93	\$12.60	\$669	\$502	39.5	\$34,599	\$26,146	2,044
Management occupations	43.77	31.41	1,838	1,310	42.0	95,580	68,110	2,184
General and operations managers	59.26	37.66	2,615	1,807	44.1	135,999	93,939	2,295
Financial managers	47.82	36.75	1,985	1,654	41.5	103,218	86,000	2,159
Business and financial operations occupations	27.64	23.13	1,108	923	40.1	57,635	48,006	2,085
Accountants and auditors	30.38	27.88	1,212	1,115	39.9	63,035	57,990	2,075
Computer and mathematical science occupations	27.30	29.34	1,092	1,173	40.0	56,794	61,017	2,080
Architecture and engineering occupations	24.03	25.96	963	1,039	40.1	50,101	54,003	2,085
Community and social services occupations	17.54	19.00	708	760	40.4	36,816	39,520	2,099
Social workers	17.25	19.00	690	760	40.0	35,878	39,520	2,080
Education, training, and library occupations	35.31	31.03	1,399	1,270	39.6	57,680	53,000	1,634
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	26.34	20.73	1,065	784	40.4	55,362	40,760	2,101
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	26.57	26.20	1,049	1,030	39.5	54,527	53,560	2,052
Pharmacists	44.80	45.25	1,792	1,810	40.0	93,175	94,122	2,080
Registered nurses	27.50	26.65	1,075	1,058	39.1	55,892	54,995	2,032
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	25.19	25.03	1,008	1,001	40.0	52,405	52,062	2,080
Radiologic technologists and technicians	24.20	24.21	968	968	40.0	50,338	50,357	2,080
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	17.37	17.13	692	685	39.9	36,007	35,630	2,073
Healthcare support occupations	10.88	10.09	425	400	39.1	22,124	20,800	2,034
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	9.53	9.27	376	370	39.5	19,576	19,240	2,053
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	9.58	9.35	378	371	39.4	19,653	19,282	2,051
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	12.70	13.94	485	502	38.2	25,226	26,103	1,986
Protective service occupations	9.20	9.00	368	360	40.0	19,126	18,720	2,080
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	9.12	9.00	365	360	40.0	18,963	18,720	2,080
Security guards	9.12	9.00	365	360	40.0	18,963	18,720	2,080
Food preparation and serving related occupations	8.41	8.41	326	326	38.8	16,951	16,952	2,015
First-line supervisors/managers, food preparation and serving workers	14.10	11.39	564	456	40.0	29,329	23,689	2,080
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	14.10	11.39	564	456	40.0	29,329	23,689	2,080
Cooks	11.83	11.22	473	449	40.0	24,613	23,329	2,080
Food preparation workers	10.16	10.19	406	408	40.0	21,125	21,199	2,080
Food service, tipped	4.27	3.38	155	135	36.3	8,057	7,030	1,887
Food servers, nonrestaurant	7.45	8.00	298	320	40.0	15,503	16,640	2,080
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	9.19	8.50	365	340	39.7	18,982	17,680	2,065
Building cleaning workers	8.98	8.50	356	340	39.6	18,501	17,680	2,060
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	9.43	9.44	371	378	39.4	19,306	19,635	2,047
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	8.33	8.05	333	322	40.0	17,333	16,744	2,080
Personal care and service occupations	19.24	8.54	500	494	26.0	26,010	25,669	1,352
Sales and related occupations	14.43	11.25	578	450	40.1	30,062	23,400	2,083
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	24.54	20.00	1,043	800	42.5	54,231	41,600	2,210
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	17.46	20.00	754	800	43.2	39,196	41,600	2,245
Retail sales workers	10.82	10.05	432	407	40.0	22,476	21,154	2,077

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. Establishments with 100 workers or more: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time¹ private industry workers, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005 — Continued

Occupation ²	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Cashiers, all workers	\$9.18	\$8.95	\$367	\$358	40.0	\$19,085	\$18,616	2,080
Cashiers	9.18	8.95	367	358	40.0	19,085	18,616	2,080
Retail salespersons	11.99	10.75	476	435	39.7	24,772	22,610	2,066
Miscellaneous sales and related workers	16.14	12.50	646	500	40.0	33,567	26,000	2,080
Office and administrative support occupations	13.21	12.54	527	494	39.9	27,339	25,588	2,069
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	17.19	14.90	701	577	40.8	36,464	29,994	2,122
Financial clerks	14.03	13.31	556	530	39.6	28,893	27,560	2,060
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	12.34	13.00	486	525	39.3	25,252	27,310	2,046
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks ...	16.05	15.80	635	621	39.6	33,045	32,302	2,059
Tellers	11.79	11.22	472	449	40.0	24,532	23,338	2,080
Customer service representatives	12.90	11.44	516	458	40.0	26,841	23,795	2,080
Loan interviewers and clerks	14.27	13.14	571	526	40.0	29,691	27,331	2,080
Secretaries and administrative assistants	14.00	13.72	555	549	39.6	28,865	28,538	2,062
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	15.41	13.78	616	551	40.0	32,044	28,671	2,080
Medical secretaries	11.19	11.48	448	459	40.0	23,275	23,878	2,080
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	13.90	14.72	546	571	39.3	28,417	29,682	2,044
Data entry and information processing workers	12.10	10.55	484	422	40.0	25,173	21,944	2,080
Data entry keyers	10.82	10.36	433	414	40.0	22,509	21,545	2,080
Office clerks, general	12.72	12.54	509	502	40.0	26,463	26,085	2,080
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	21.17	25.34	847	1,014	40.0	44,041	52,703	2,080
Production occupations	9.89	8.10	397	324	40.1	20,333	16,640	2,056
Transportation and material moving occupations	19.37	12.72	731	509	37.8	37,908	26,451	1,958
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	18.12	17.12	725	685	40.0	37,689	35,614	2,080
Laborers and material movers, hand	11.77	10.50	470	420	39.9	24,416	21,840	2,075
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	12.33	11.55	492	462	39.9	25,585	24,024	2,074

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

³ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

⁴ Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to

employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

⁵ Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

Table 17. Union¹ and nonunion workers: Mean hourly earnings² for major occupational groups, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupational group ³	Union			Nonunion		
	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	\$23.06	\$22.88	\$23.15	\$15.02	\$14.81	\$19.92
Management, professional, and related	29.12	20.69	30.07	29.43	29.62	27.39
Management, business, and financial	27.19	—	33.59	32.70	33.06	29.93
Professional and related	29.40	24.74	29.72	27.20	27.40	24.64
Service	18.43	13.42	20.12	8.88	8.66	16.01
Sales and office	18.09	18.61	17.84	13.02	12.94	14.92
Sales and related	—	—	—	12.30	12.31	—
Office and administrative support	18.16	18.76	17.96	13.35	13.25	15.03
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	22.27	22.29	22.24	14.13	14.12	14.95
Construction and extraction	—	—	22.96	—	13.73	—
Installation, maintenance, and repair	23.31	—	21.06	15.04	15.02	—
Production, transportation, and material moving	23.94	30.97	16.52	10.99	10.95	13.58
Production	19.23	—	—	10.88	10.80	—
Transportation and material moving	24.76	31.40	15.32	11.09	11.08	—
	Relative error ⁴ (percent)					
All workers	4.1	8.4	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.8
Management, professional, and related	2.7	12.2	2.1	5.0	5.3	11.0
Management, business, and financial	25.1	—	18.8	8.1	8.6	19.7
Professional and related	1.7	4.3	1.8	6.5	6.7	12.7
Service	6.8	18.1	3.3	4.8	4.2	18.9
Sales and office	12.1	7.7	17.7	2.7	2.9	4.4
Sales and related	—	—	—	4.7	4.7	—
Office and administrative support	13.5	7.3	18.0	3.4	3.7	4.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	3.9	6.8	2.1	3.5	3.6	7.8
Construction and extraction	—	—	1.9	—	5.4	—
Installation, maintenance, and repair	4.1	—	.6	8.0	8.3	—
Production, transportation, and material moving	8.4	13.6	13.9	3.3	3.3	12.2
Production	30.7	—	—	2.1	2.1	—
Transportation and material moving	8.1	13.4	2.8	6.6	6.7	—

¹ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

³ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more

information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 18. Time and incentive workers¹: Mean hourly earnings² for major occupational groups, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupational group ³	Time		Incentive	
	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	Civilian workers	Private industry workers
All workers	\$15.82	\$14.76	\$25.06	\$25.06
Management, professional, and related	28.30	27.93	54.14	54.14
Management, business, and financial	29.35	28.99	54.14	54.14
Professional and related	27.80	27.33	—	—
Service	10.28	8.86	—	—
Sales and office	12.98	12.66	18.08	18.08
Sales and related	11.07	11.06	18.95	18.95
Office and administrative support	13.71	13.34	15.19	15.19
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	16.60	15.81	—	—
Construction and extraction	—	14.47	—	—
Installation, maintenance, and repair	18.59	18.30	—	—
Production, transportation, and material moving	13.49	13.13	—	—
Production	11.49	10.83	—	—
Transportation and material moving	15.00	15.01	—	—
	Relative error ⁴ (percent)			
All workers	3.8	4.8	18.6	18.6
Management, professional, and related	3.5	4.9	29.8	29.8
Management, business, and financial	5.0	5.3	29.8	29.8
Professional and related	4.4	6.6	—	—
Service	5.9	4.5	—	—
Sales and office	2.8	3.1	11.5	11.5
Sales and related	3.0	3.0	15.1	15.1
Office and administrative support	3.1	3.5	14.4	14.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.5	2.0	—	—
Construction and extraction	—	6.9	—	—
Installation, maintenance, and repair	4.3	5.0	—	—
Production, transportation, and material moving	2.7	2.2	—	—
Production	4.9	2.1	—	—
Transportation and material moving	3.0	3.5	—	—

¹ Wages of time workers are based solely on hourly rate or salary. Incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

³ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000

Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 19. Industry sector¹: Mean hourly earnings² for private industry workers by major occupational group, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005

Occupational group ³	Goods producing		Service providing						
	Construction	Manufacturing	Trade, transportation, and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
All workers	-	\$12.52	\$13.90	-	\$20.85	-	\$17.85	-	\$9.88
Management, professional, and related	-	25.05	26.12	-	34.43	-	25.45	-	-
Management, business, and financial	-	29.98	27.95	-	35.22	-	27.76	-	-
Professional and related	-	21.34	23.75	-	-	-	25.22	-	-
Service	-	-	11.38	-	10.26	-	10.65	-	9.13
Sales and office	-	14.33	11.80	-	14.45	-	13.41	-	9.60
Sales and related	-	-	11.39	-	21.63	-	-	-	8.82
Office and administrative support	-	13.16	12.56	-	13.90	-	13.20	-	11.54
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	13.91	20.49	-	-	-	-	-	-
Installation, maintenance, and repair	-	11.65	20.49	-	-	-	-	-	-
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	10.80	15.75	-	-	-	-	-	9.64
Production	-	11.16	10.39	-	-	-	-	-	10.17
Transportation and material moving	-	9.16	17.17	-	-	-	-	-	8.77
	Relative error ⁴ (percent)								
All workers	-	3.4	2.0	-	9.7	-	3.2	-	0.8
Management, professional, and related	-	23.9	6.1	-	16.9	-	2.5	-	-
Management, business, and financial	-	29.3	13.3	-	16.6	-	5.8	-	-
Professional and related	-	8.0	10.5	-	-	-	2.4	-	-
Service	-	-	14.0	-	6.6	-	9.2	-	15.3
Sales and office	-	12.2	1.8	-	2.8	-	7.2	-	4.2
Sales and related	-	-	3.7	-	17.8	-	-	-	3.8
Office and administrative support	-	7.2	4.5	-	5.3	-	6.5	-	19.7
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	18.2	7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Installation, maintenance, and repair	-	5.0	7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	2.2	3.5	-	-	-	-	-	14.3
Production	-	2.5	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	.0
Transportation and material moving	-	26.2	4.1	-	-	-	-	-	28.0

¹ Industry sectors are determined by the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

³ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Appendix A: Technical Note

This section provides basic information on the procedures and concepts used to produce the data contained in this bulletin. It is divided into three parts: Planning for the survey; data collection; and processing and analyzing the data. Although this section answers some questions commonly asked by data users, it is not a comprehensive description of all of the steps required to produce the data.

Planning for the survey

The overall design of the National Compensation Survey (NCS) includes questions of scope, frame, and sample selection.

Survey scope

This survey covered establishments employing one worker or more in private goods-producing industries (mining, construction, and manufacturing); private service-providing industries (trade, transportation, and utilities, information, financial activities, professional and business services, education and health services, leisure and hospitality, and other services); and State and local governments employing 50 or more workers. Agriculture, private households, and the Federal Government were excluded from the scope of the survey. For purposes of this survey, an establishment is an economic unit that produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. For private industries in this survey, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government entity within the sampled area.

The Miami–Fort Lauderdale, FL, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Broward and Dade Counties.

Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports. Due to the volatility of industries within the private sector, sampling frames were developed using the most recent month of reference available at the time the sample was selected. Approximately one-fifth of the sample is reselected each year.

Sample design

The sample for this survey area was selected using a two-stage stratified design with probability proportional to em-

ployment sampling at each stage. The first stage of sample selection was a probability sample of establishments. The sample of establishments was drawn by first stratifying the sampling frame by industry and ownership. The number of sample establishments allocated to each stratum is approximately proportional to the stratum employment. Each sampled establishment is selected within a stratum with a probability proportional to its employment. Use of this technique means that the larger an establishment's employment, the greater its chance of selection. Weights were applied to each establishment when the data were tabulated so that it represents similar units (by industry and employment size) in the economy that were not selected for collection. The second stage of sample selection, detailed below, was a probability sample of occupations within a sampled establishment.

Data collection

The collection of data from survey respondents required detailed procedures. Field economists collected the data, working out of the Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS) Regional Offices and visiting each establishment surveyed. Other contact methods, such as mail and telephone, were used to clarify and update data.

Occupational selection and classification

Identification of the occupations for which wage data were to be collected was a multistep process:

1. Probability-proportional-to-size selection of establishment jobs
2. Classification of jobs into occupations based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system
3. Characterization of jobs as full-time versus part-time, union versus nonunion, and time versus incentive
4. Determination of the level of work of each job

For each occupation, wage data were collected for those workers whose jobs could be characterized by the criteria identified in the last three steps. If a specific work level could not be determined, wages were still collected.

In step one, the jobs to be sampled were selected at each establishment by the BLS field economist during a personal visit. A complete list of employees was used for sampling,

with each selected worker representing a job within the establishment.

As with the selection of establishments, the selection of a job was based on probability proportional to its size in the establishment. The greater the number of people working in a job in the establishment, the greater its chance of selection.

The number of jobs for which data were collected in each establishment was based on the establishment's employment size. The number of jobs selected followed this schedule:

<i>Number of employees</i>	<i>Number of selected jobs</i>
1–49	Up to 4
50–249	6
250 or more	8

The second step of the process entailed classifying the selected jobs into occupations based on their duties. NCS now uses the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. A selected job may fall into any one of about 800 occupational classifications, from accountant to zoologist. For cases in which a job's duties overlapped two or more SOC classification codes, the duties used to set the wage level were used to classify the job. Classification by primary duties was the fallback.

Each occupational classification is an element of a broader classification known as a major group. Occupations can fall into any of 22 major groups. Appendix B contains a complete list of all individual occupations, classified by the major group to which they belong.

In step three, certain other job characteristics of the chosen worker were identified. First, the worker was identified as holding either a full-time or part-time job, based on the establishment's definition of those terms. Then, the worker was classified as having a time versus incentive job, depending on whether any part of pay was directly based on the actual production of the worker, rather than solely on hours worked. Finally, the worker was identified as being in a union job or a nonunion job. See the "Definition of terms" section on the following page for more detail.

Occupational leveling

In the last step before wage data were collected, the work level of each selected job was determined using a "point factor leveling" process. Point factor leveling matches certain aspects of a job to specific levels of work with assigned point values. Points for each factor are then totaled to determine the overall work level for the job.

The NCS program is in the process of converting from a nine-factor to a four-factor occupational leveling system. The conversion is being phased in via annual NCS sample replenishment groups and will require several years for full implementation. The four occupational leveling factors are:

- Knowledge
- Job controls and complexity
- Contacts (nature and purpose)
- Physical environment

Each factor consists of several levels, and each level has an associated description and assigned points. A knowledge guide for 24 families of closely related occupations contains short definitions of the point levels of knowledge expected for the occupations and presents relevant examples. The other three factors use identical descriptions for all occupational categories and contain a definition of each point level within each factor.

The description within each factor best matching the job is chosen. The point levels within each factor are designed to describe the thresholds of distinct levels of work. When a job does not meet the full description of a point level, the next lowest point level is used. Points for the four factors are totaled to determine the overall work level. NCS publishes data for up to 15 work levels.

Most supervisory occupations are evaluated based on their duties and responsibilities. A modified approach is used for professional and administrative supervisors when they direct professional work and are paid primarily to supervise. Such supervisory occupations are leveled based on the work level of the highest position reporting to them.

For a complete description of point factor leveling, refer to the publication "National Compensation Survey: Guide for Evaluating Your Firm's Jobs and Pay," available at the BLS National Compensation Survey Internet site at <http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/sp/ncbr0004.pdf>.

Combined work levels

This bulletin includes a table which simplifies the presentation of work levels by combining them into four broad groups. The groups were determined by combinations of knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, physical environment, and supervisory duties, and are meant to be comparable across different occupations. The broad groups and the combined work levels are:

<i>Group designation</i>	<i>Levels combined</i>
Group I	Levels 1–4
Group II	Levels 5–8
Group III	Levels 9–12
Group IV	Levels 13–15

Collection period

Survey data were collected over a 13-month period for 60 metropolitan areas in the NCS program. For 20 small metropolitan areas, data were collected over a 4-month period. For each establishment in the survey, the data reflect the establishment's most recent information at the time of collection. The payroll reference month shown in the tables re-

flects the average date of this information for all sample units.

Earnings

Earnings were defined as regular payments from the employer to the employee as compensation for straight-time hourly work, or for any salaried work performed. The following components were included as part of earnings:

- Incentive pay, including commissions, production bonuses, and piece rates
- Cost-of-living allowances
- Hazard pay
- Payments of income deferred due to participation in a salary reduction plan
- Deadhead pay, defined as pay given to transportation workers returning in a vehicle without freight or passengers

The following forms of payments were *not* considered part of straight-time earnings:

- Shift differentials, defined as extra payment for working a schedule that varies from the norm, such as night or weekend work
- Premium pay for overtime, holidays, and weekends
- Bonuses not directly tied to production (such as Christmas and profit-sharing bonuses)
- Uniform and tool allowances
- Free or subsidized room and board
- Payments made by third parties (for example, tips, bonuses given by manufacturers to department store salespeople, referral incentives in real estate)
- On-call pay

To calculate earnings for various periods (hourly, weekly, and annual), data on work schedules also were collected. For hourly workers, scheduled hours worked per day and per week, exclusive of overtime, were recorded. Annual weeks worked were determined. Because salaried workers who are exempt from overtime provisions often work beyond the assigned work schedule, their typical number of hours actually worked was collected.

Definition of terms

Full-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be full time.

Part-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be part time.

Time-based worker. Any employee whose earnings are solely tied to an hourly rate or salary.

Incentive worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied, at least in part, to commissions, piece rates, production bonuses, or other incentives based on production or sales.

Nonunion worker. An employee in an occupation not meeting the conditions for union coverage.

Union worker. Any employee is in a union occupation when all of the following conditions are met:

- A labor organization is recognized as the bargaining agent for all workers in the occupation
- Wage and salary rates are determined through collective bargaining or negotiations
- Settlement terms, which must include earnings provisions and may include benefit provisions, are embodied in a signed, mutually binding collective bargaining agreement

Level. A ranking within an occupation based on the requirements of the position.

Processing and analyzing the data

Data were processed and analyzed at the BLS National Office following collection.

Weighting and nonresponse

Sample weights were calculated for each establishment and occupation in the survey. These weights reflected the relative size of the occupation within the establishment and of the establishment within the sample universe. Weights were used to aggregate data for the individual establishments or occupations into the various data series. Some of the establishments surveyed could not supply or refused to supply information. If data were not provided by a sample member during the initial interview, the weights of responding sample members in the same or similar “cells” were adjusted to account for the missing data. This technique assumes that the mean value of data for the nonrespondents equals the mean value of data for the respondents at some detailed “cell” level. Responding and nonresponding establishments were classified into these cells according to industry and employment size. Responding and nonresponding occupations within responding establishments were classified into cells that were additionally defined by major occupation group.

If average hourly earnings data were not provided by a sample member during the update interview, then missing average hourly earnings were imputed by multiplying prior average hourly earnings by the rate of change in the average hourly earnings of respondents. The regression model that takes into account available establishment characteristics is used to derive the rate of change in the average hourly earnings.

Establishments that were determined to be out of business or outside the scope of the survey had their weights changed to zero. If only partial data were given by a sample establishment or occupation, or data were missing, the response was treated as a refusal.

Estimation

The wage series in the tables are computed by combining the wages for each sampled occupation. Before being combined, individual wage rates are weighted by the number of workers; the sample weight, adjusted for nonresponding establishments and other factors; and the occupation's scheduled hours of work. The sample weight reflects the inverse of each unit's probability of selection at each sample selection stage and four weight adjustment factors. The first factor adjusts for establishment nonresponse and the second factor adjusts for occupational nonresponse. The third factor adjusts for any special situations that may have occurred during data collection. The fourth factor, poststratification, also called benchmarking, is introduced to adjust estimated employment totals to the current counts of employment by industry. The latest available employment counts were used to derive average hourly earnings in this publication.

Not all calculated series met the criteria for publication. Before any series was published, it was reviewed to make sure that the number of observations underlying it was sufficient. This review prevented the publication of a series that could have revealed information about a specific establishment.

Estimates of the number of workers represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study, and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of the number of workers obtained from the sample of establishments serve to indicate only the relative importance of the occupational groups studied.

Percentiles

The percentiles presented in tables 6 through 10 are computed using earnings reported for individual workers in sampled establishment jobs and their scheduled hours of work. Establishments in the survey may report only individual-worker earnings for each sampled job. For the calculation of percentile estimates, the individual-worker hourly earnings are appropriately weighted and then arrayed from lowest to highest.

The published 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution within

each published occupation. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic.

Data reliability

The data in this bulletin are estimates from a scientifically selected probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey, sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample and not from an entire population. The sample used for this survey is one of a number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is called the standard error or sampling error. It indicates the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error divided by the estimate. RSE data are provided alongside the earnings data in the bulletin tables.

The standard error can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. As an example, suppose a table shows that mean hourly earnings for all workers were \$17.75, with a relative standard error of 1.0 percent for this estimate. At the 90-percent level, the confidence interval for this estimate is from \$16.46 to \$18.04 (\$17.75 minus and plus \$0.29, where \$0.29 is the product of 1.645 times 1.0 percent times \$17.75). If all possible samples were selected to estimate the population value, the interval from each sample would include the true population value approximately 90 percent of the time.

Nonsampling errors also affect survey results. They can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information for some establishments, difficulties with survey definitions, inability of the respondents to provide correct information, or mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained. Although they were not specifically measured, the nonsampling errors were expected to be minimal due to the extensive training of the field economists who gathered the survey data by personal visit, computer edits of the data, and detailed data review.

Appendix table 1. **Number of workers¹ represented by the survey, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005**

Occupational group ²	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	1,633,400	1,407,100	226,300
Management, professional, and related	332,000	238,400	93,600
Management, business, and financial	104,400	88,300	16,000
Professional and related	227,700	150,100	77,600
Service	363,600	318,200	45,400
Sales and office	594,500	549,400	45,100
Sales and related	194,900	193,800	–
Office and administrative support	399,600	355,600	44,000
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	107,000	92,400	14,600
Construction and extraction	67,600	58,900	8,700
Installation, maintenance, and repair	39,400	33,500	5,900
Production, transportation, and material moving	236,400	208,800	27,600
Production	90,800	83,500	7,300
Transportation and material moving	145,600	125,300	20,300

¹ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the

2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Appendix table 2. **Survey establishment response, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2005**

Establishments	Total	Private industry	State and local government
Total in sampling frame ¹	113,386	113,325	60
Total in sample	692	665	27
Responding	377	354	23
Refused or unable to provide data	184	180	4
Out of business or not in survey scope	131	131	0

¹ The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports and is based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For private industries, an establishment is usually a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a

government entity.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.