

Oregon Department of Transportation

Bridge Limitation Study

Third Oregon Symposium on Integrated
Land Use & Transport Models

July 23, 2002



MAGNITUDE OF THE PROBLEM

Bridge Deficiencies:

6,500 Bridges in Oregon (40% ODOT maintained)

5% nearing design life

50 year design, average age 39 yrs

8% detected cracking

10% slated for repair/replace

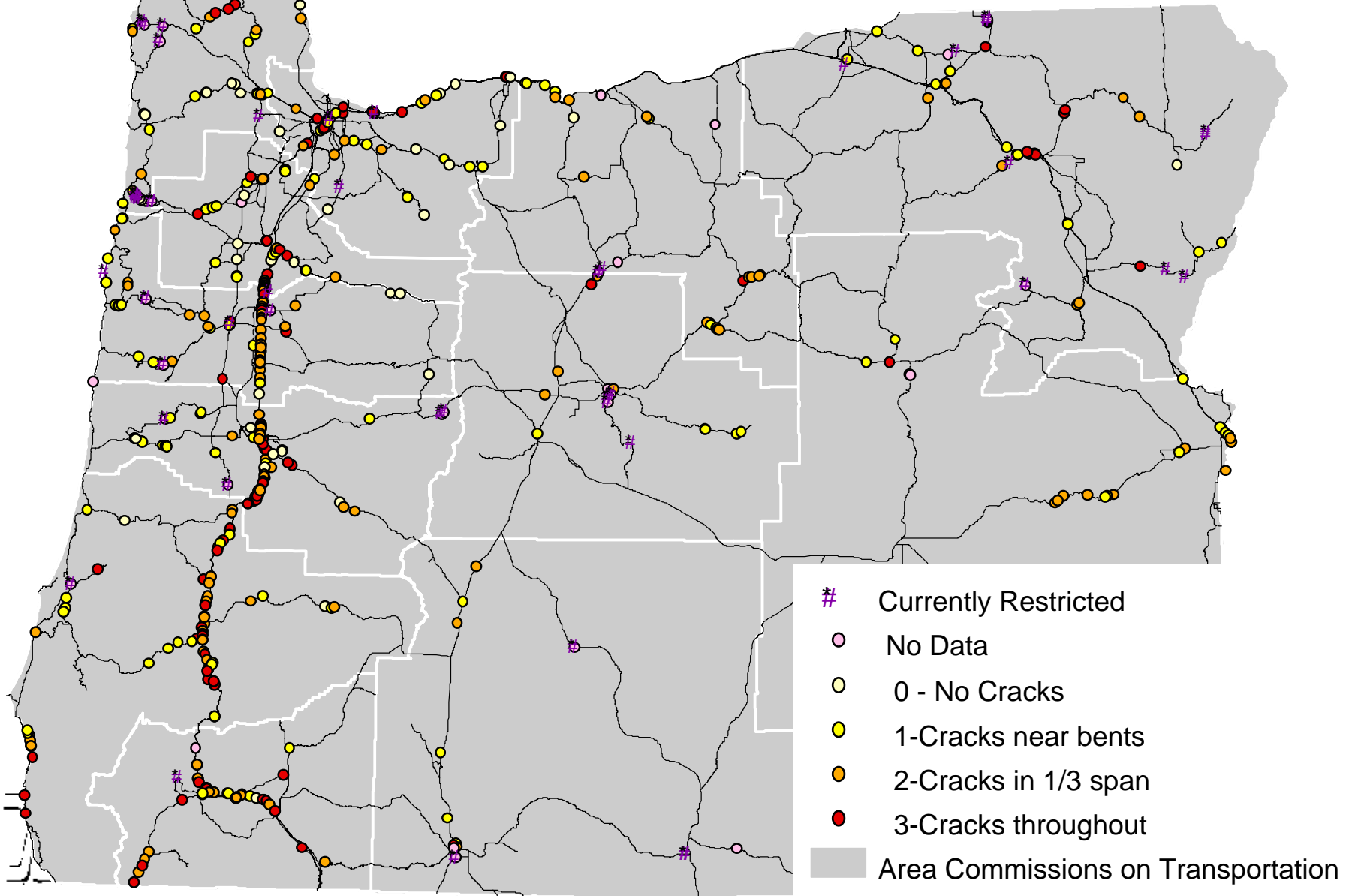
Price Tag:

\$109M/year (in 2000\$) over 10 years (\$1B+)

Double current funding level.



OREGON BRIDGES



TYPICAL APPROACH

- ODOT Problem
- Focused Engineering solution
 - maintain mobility
 - minimize bridge repair/replacement costs
 - “Worst first” approach to improvements
- Little focus on impact to other state issues
 - economy
 - environment
 - sustainability
 - livability
 - connectivity



PROPOSED APPROACH

(using integrated analysis)

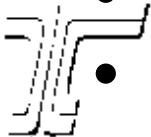
- Oregon Problem
- Economic Crisis
- Optimal economic and technical solutions
 - maintain mobility
 - minimize bridge repair/replacement costs
 - Costs to key industries
 - Costs to communities
 - Costs to local/national transport sectors
- Opportunities for integrated strategic policy solutions
 - Stimulate economic development
 - Limit impacts on community livability
 - Sustainable growth



WHO IS IMPACTED?

Bridge load limitations affect:

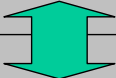
- Very heavy goods transport (over 80,000 lbs)
 - operational cost
 - manufacturing/locations
 - warehousing/transfers
- Industry
- Communities
 - Migration of industry/population
 - Land consumption patterns
 - Disruption to Downtowns
 - Air/Water Quality Impacts
- Roadway on new routes
- Consumers
- Environmental, livability, and sustainability



ALTERNATIVES

- No Change (fix worst first)
- Base Case: Maintain Existing Freight Mobility

- Corridor-based combinations

REPAIR	I-5/I-84
	ODOT Frt Routes
REPLACE	NHS
	Key Local Roads

LIMIT TO 105.5K
local roads

- Fix All Bridges

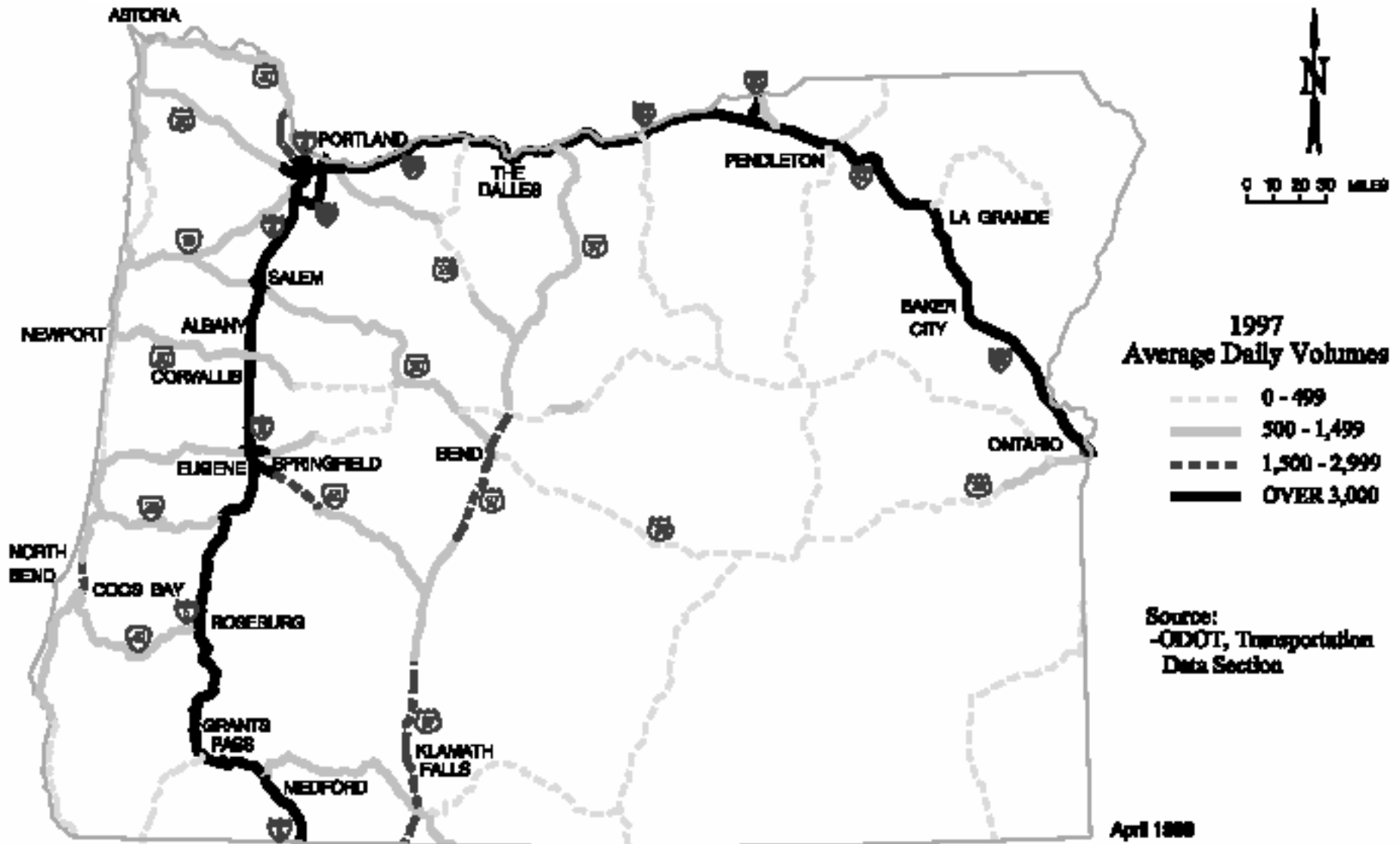
LIMIT TO 80K
district roads

Evaluate
for each alternative:



{ **Bridge Improvement Costs**
Economic/Community Costs

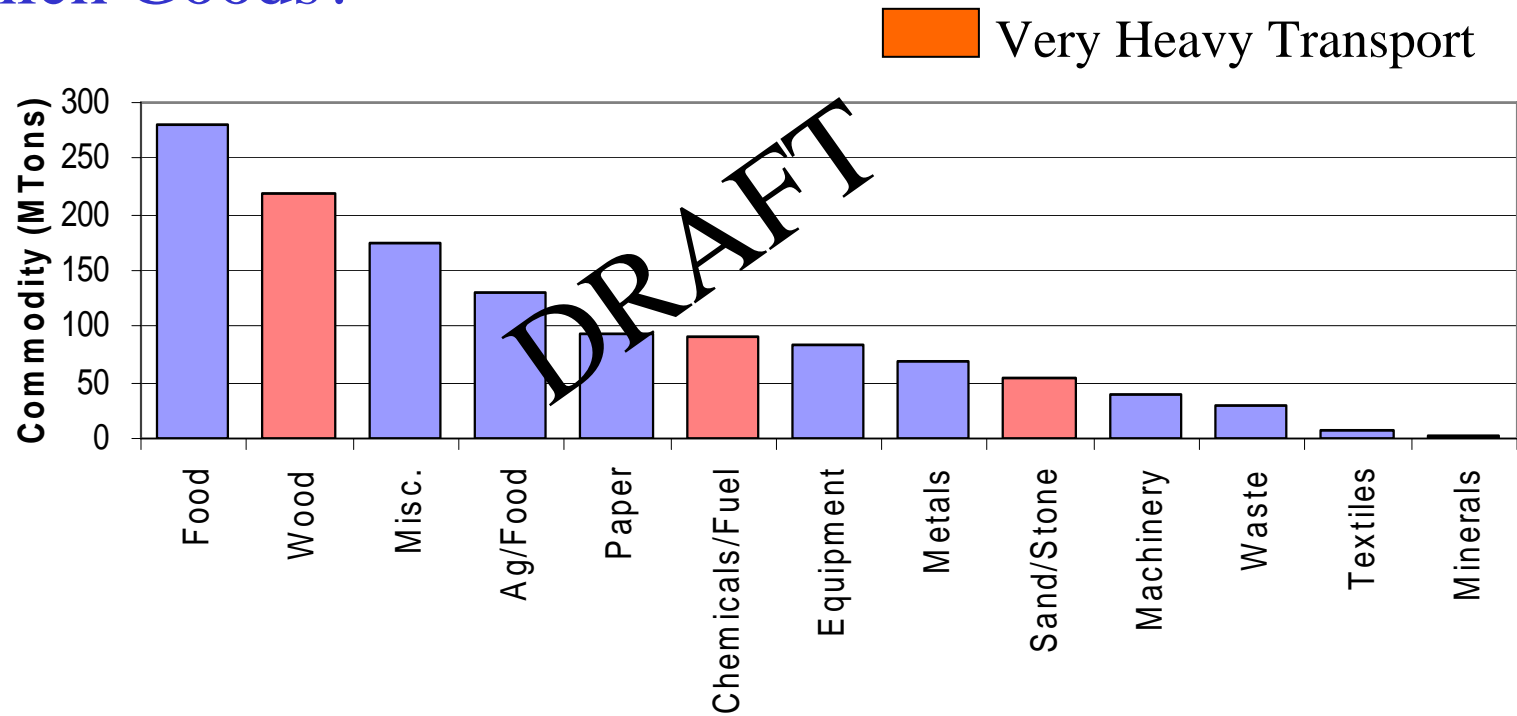
KEY FREIGHT ROUTES



April 1998

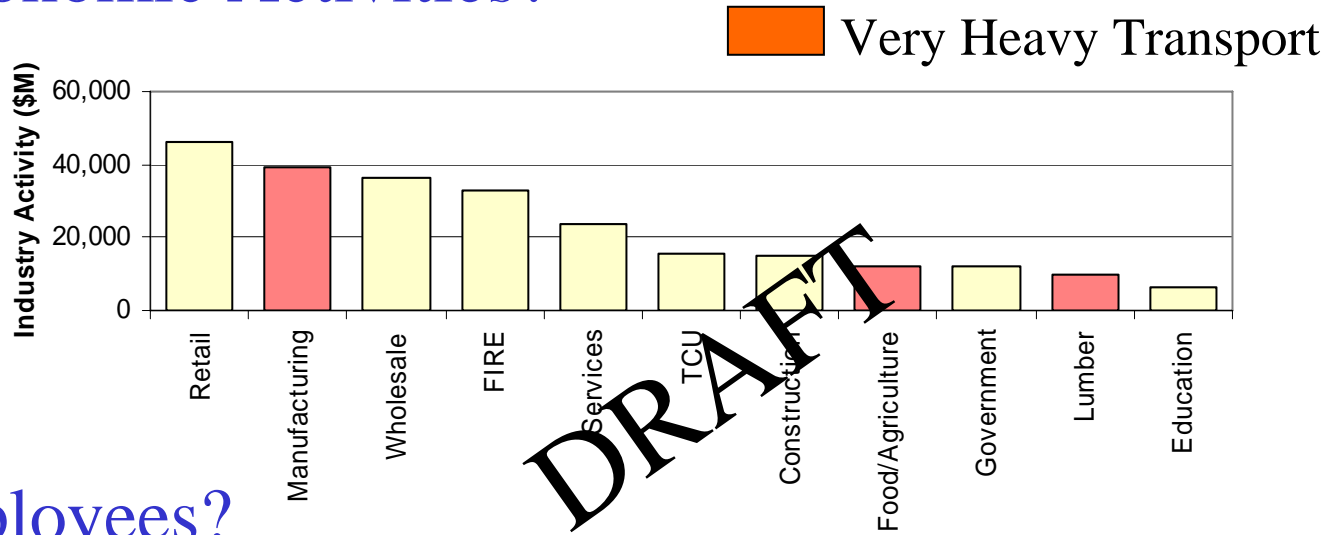
OREGON ECONOMIC IMPACTS

Which Goods?

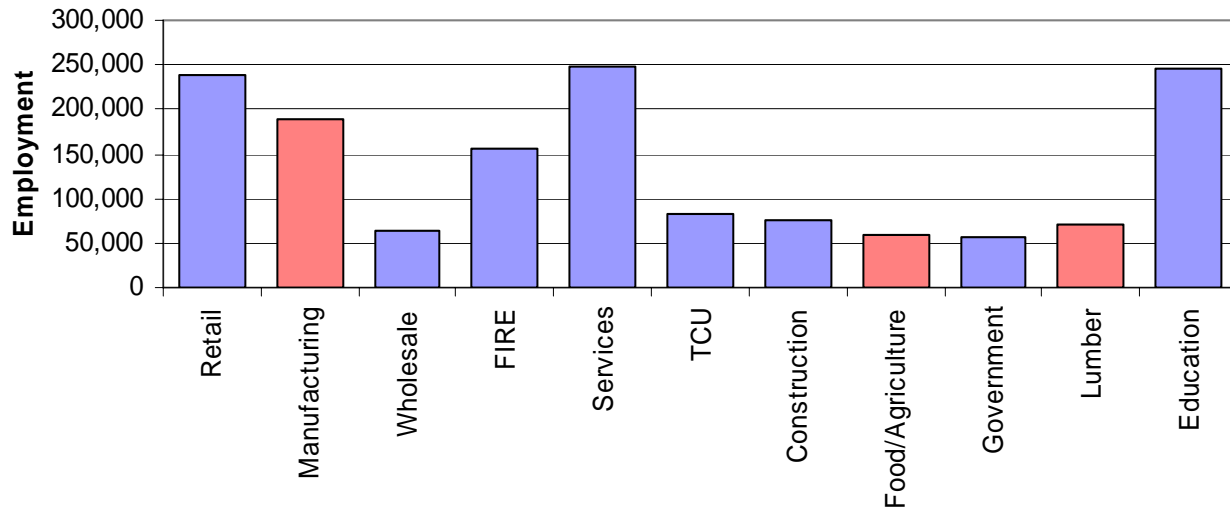


OREGON ECONOMIC IMPACTS

Which Economic Activities?

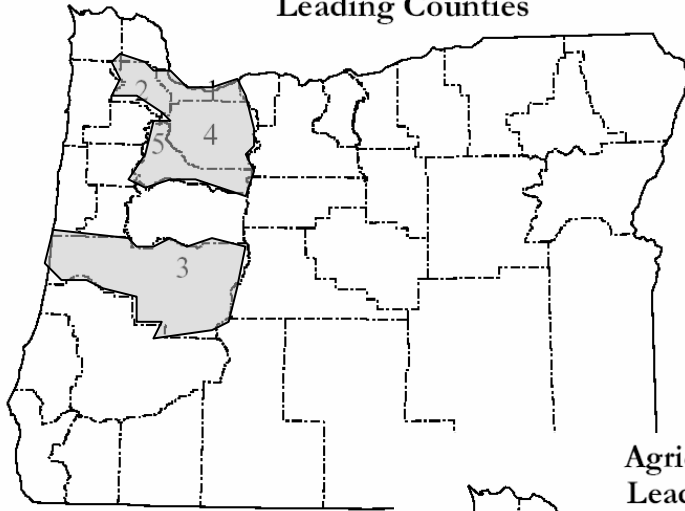


What Employees?

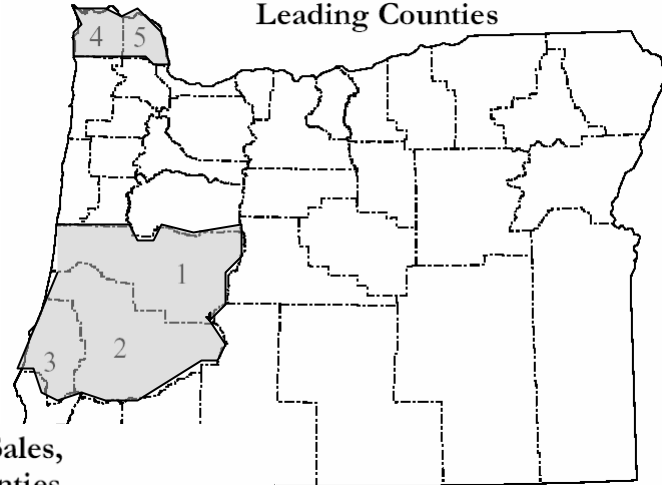


LOCATION OF KEY INDUSTRIES

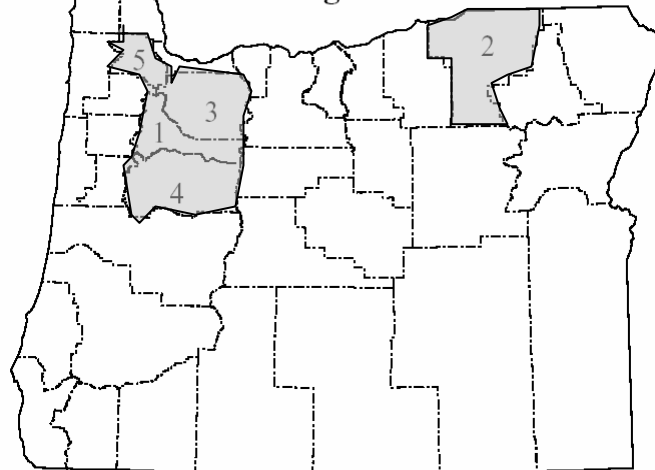
**Manufacturing Employment,
Leading Counties**



**Timber Harvest,
Leading Counties**



**Agricultural Sales,
Leading Counties**



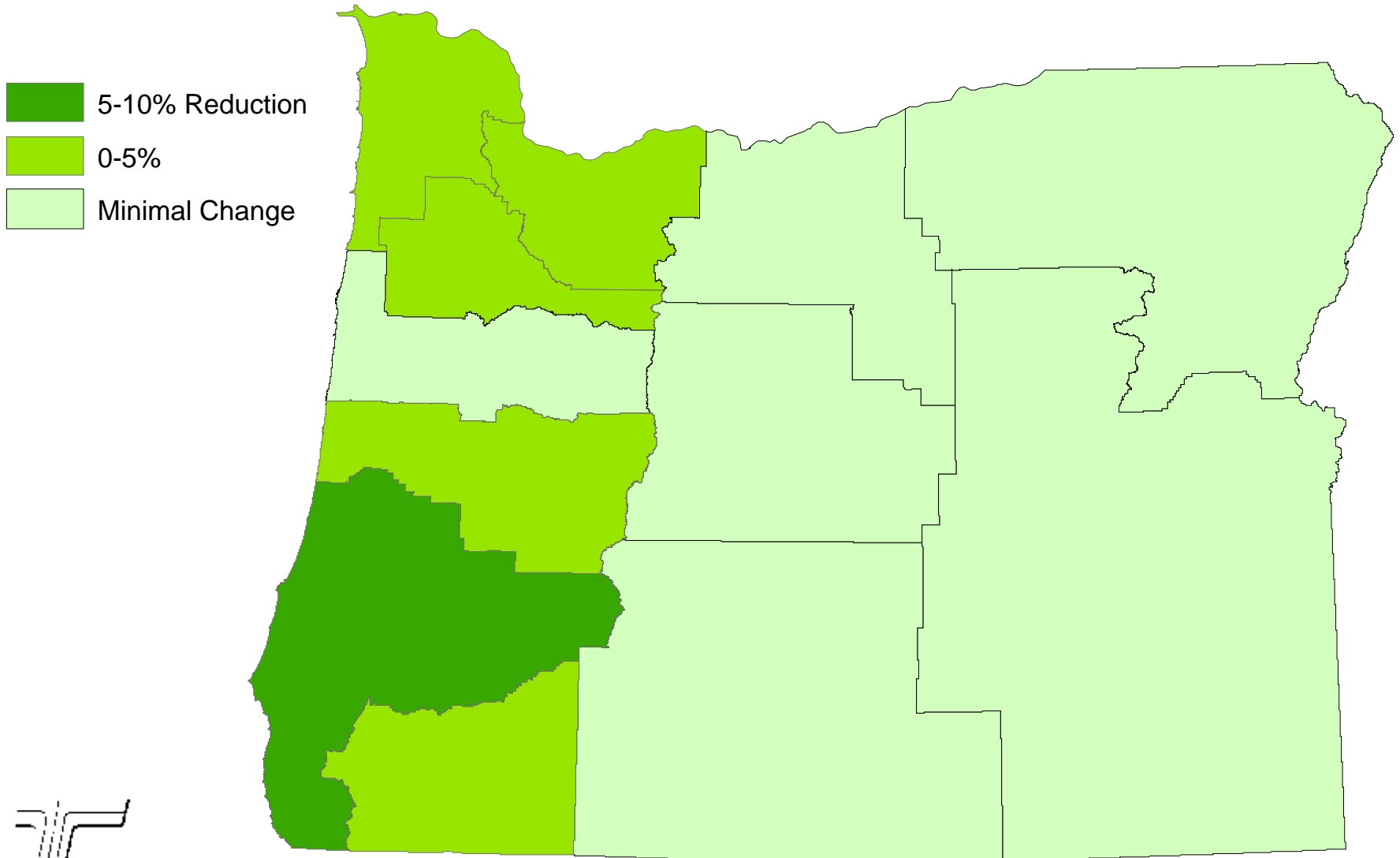
MODELING METRICS

- Transport Costs
 - Distance/time
 - Shipping
- Production Costs
- Employment/Households
- Roadway volumes (freight trips and tons)
- Energy Consumption
- Emissions

Proportional differences relative to Base Case scenario

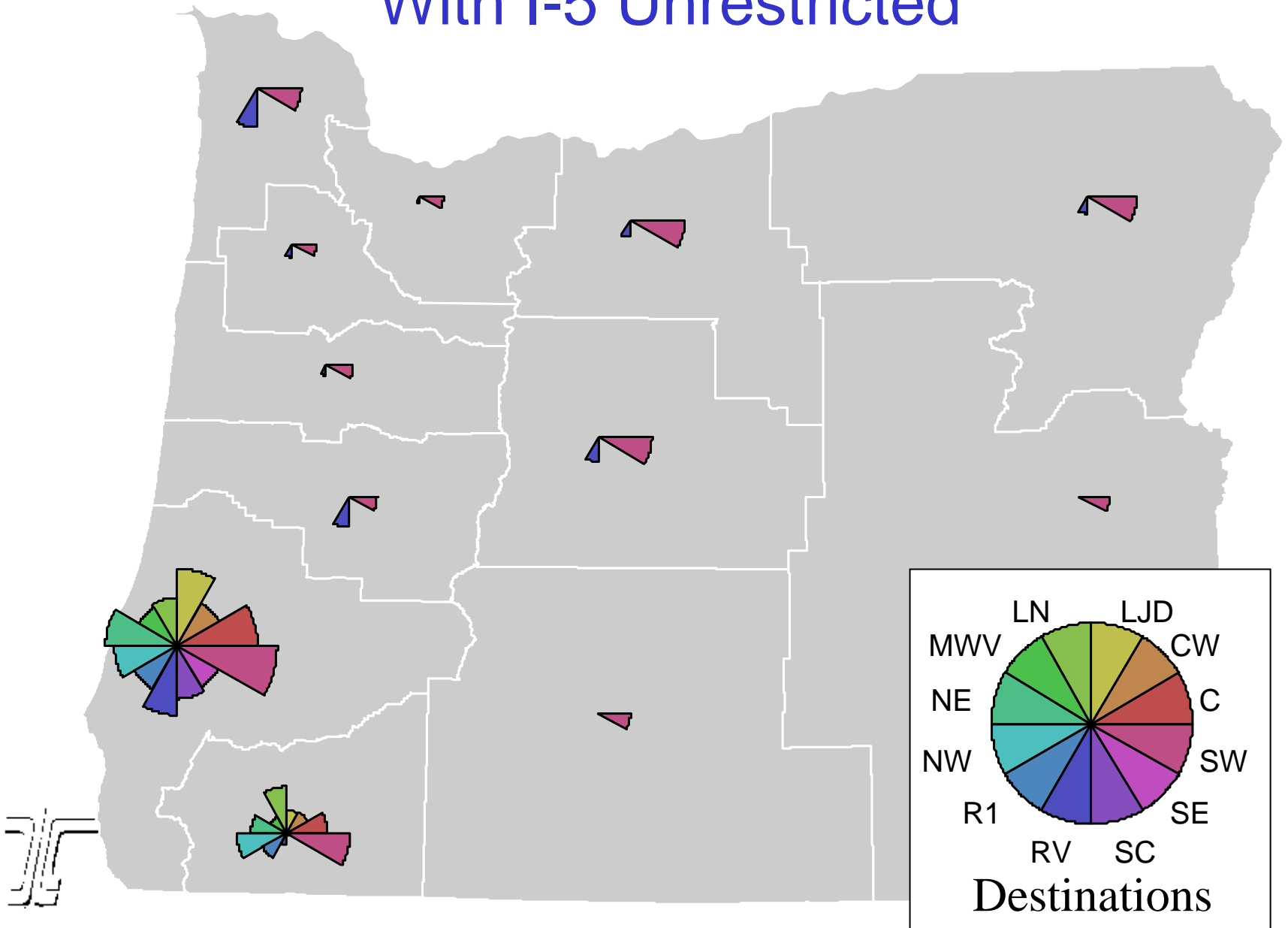


SHIPPING COSTS

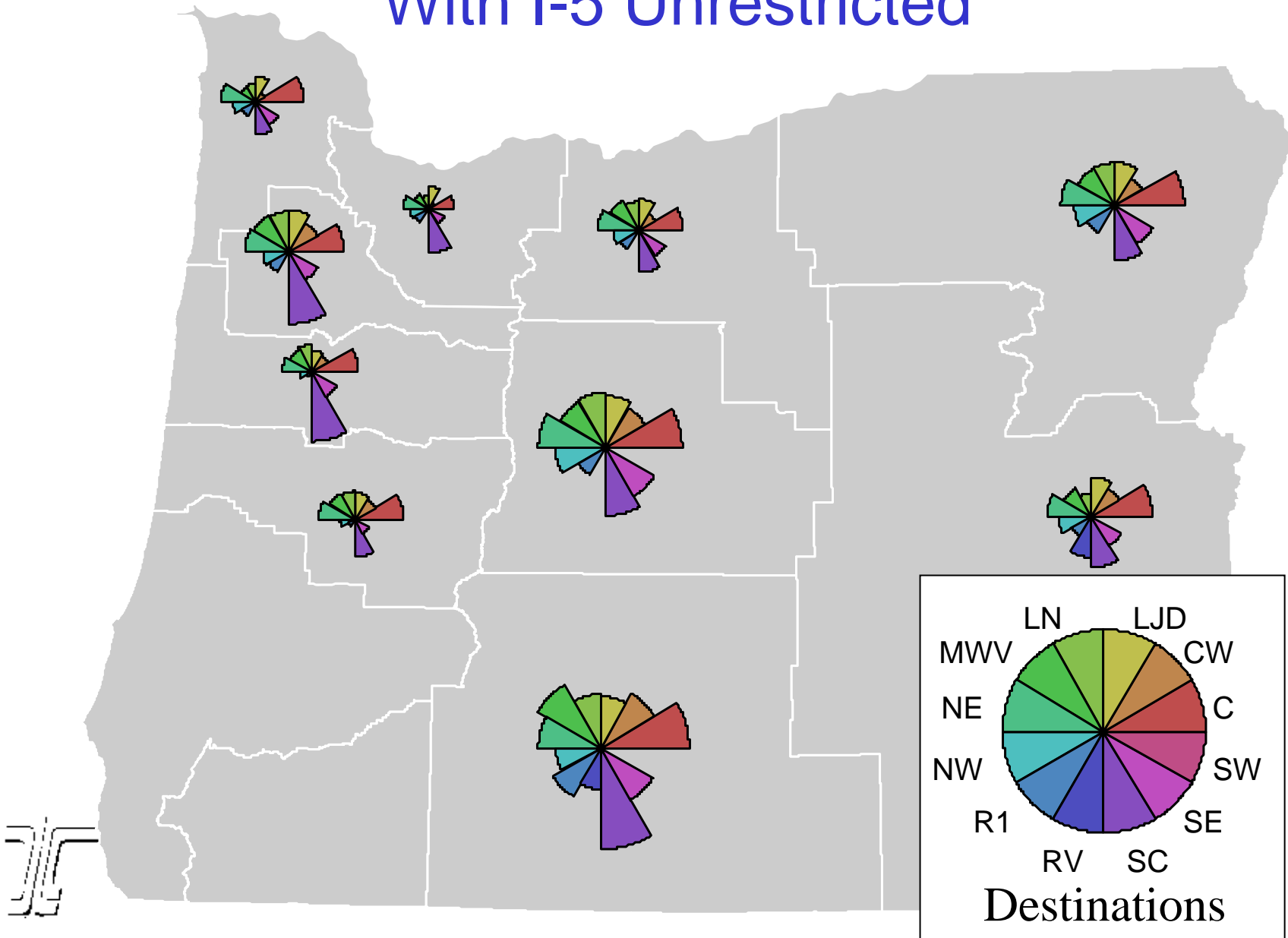


Source: Preliminary TRANUS model output, July 2002

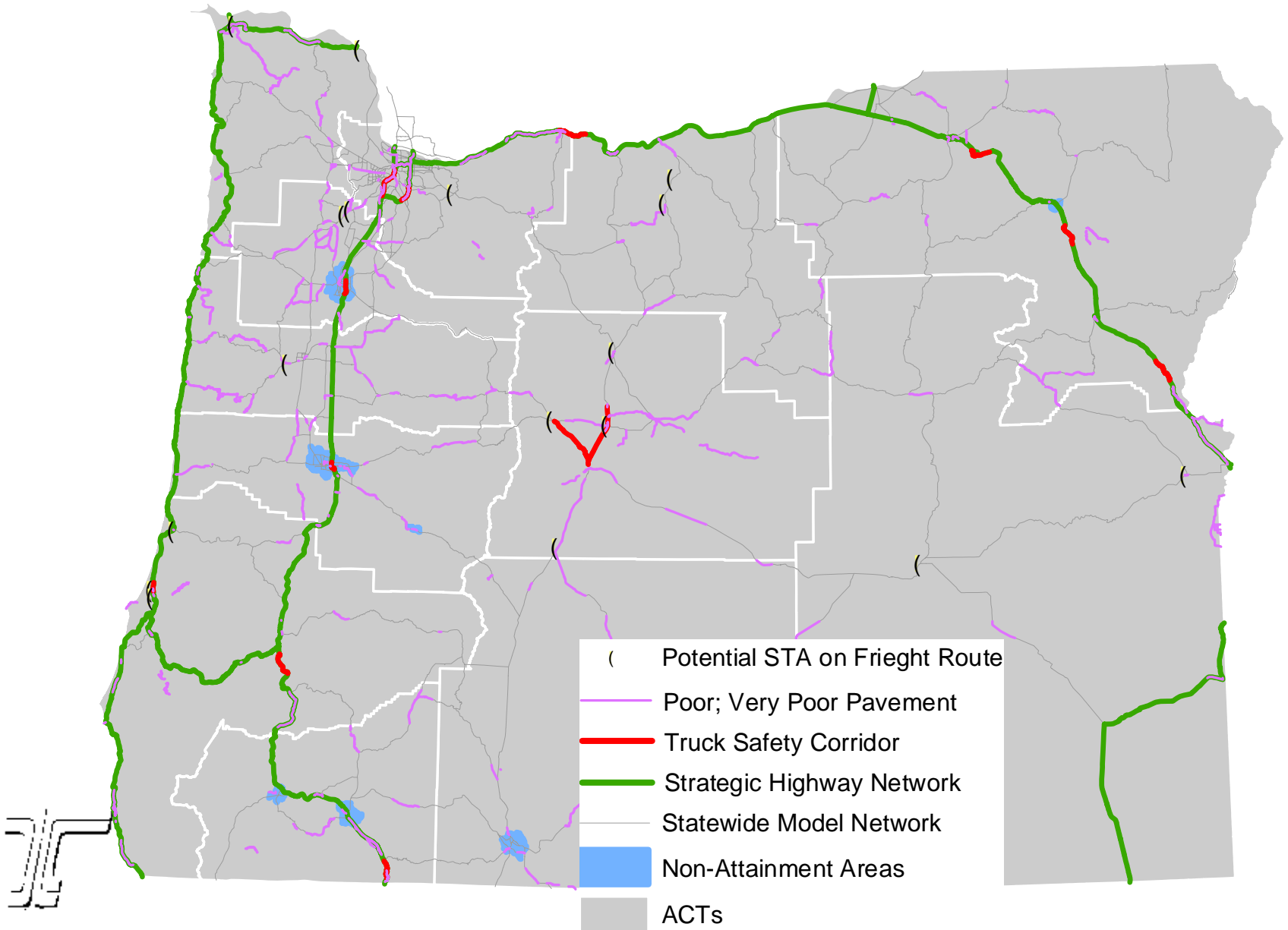
Truck Flow Gains With I-5 Unrestricted



Truck Flow Losses With I-5 Unrestricted



FREIGHT SYSTEM CONDITIONS



ANALYSIS TEAM

- Oregon Transportation Commission (OTC)
 - Select approach
 - Recommend to Legislature
- ODOT Bridge Options Team
 - Mobilize staff for data/analysis
 - Evaluate staff analyses
 - Recommend to OTC
- Project team
 - Propose project approach/alternatives for study
 - Conduct analyses



SCHEDULE

Late July

Complete initial model runs

Mid-August

Complete modeling and roadway analysis

September

Complete economic, land use,
environmental, local impact analyses

On-going

Review with ODOT Senior Mgmt/OTC

January

Finalize presentation for legislature

