#### Private Forests & Coho

Our Part

#### **ODF** Actions

Provide Support for Continued Landowner Involvement in Oregon Plan

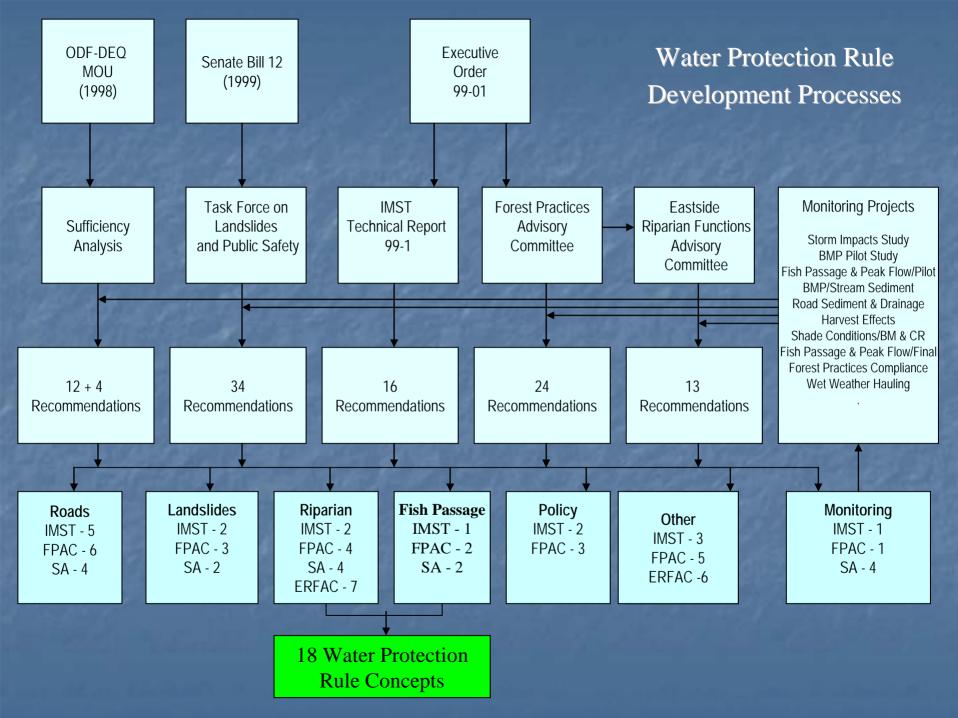
Ongoing Adaptive Management Process

Considering new ideas

#### Regulatory & Voluntary Paths

- Rules provide the foundation
- Preventing
- Protecting
- Test assumptions
- Additional Options

- Volunteered work
   provides <u>alternate</u>
   <u>means of achieving a</u>
   <u>rules' objectives</u>
- Restoring
- Accelerating



Region	Concept	Decision/Schedule
Statewide	Clarify Water Protection Rules policy statement	Draft rule language approved July 2004
	2. Type F prescriptions for large and medium Type N	Voluntary approach March 04
	3. Riparian management areas (RMA) above fish barriers	Proceed with rulemaking November 05
	4. Wood from debris flows and landslides	Proceed with rulemaking November 05
	5. Channel migration zones	Voluntary approach Sept. 03
	6. Stratification	Use guidance March 04
	7. Large wood placement	Move to voluntary Sept. 05
Western Oregon	8. Basal area target increase for medium and small Type Fs	Consider Alternatives Nov. 05
	9. 60% Basal area cap	Voluntary approach Oct. 03
	10. No harvest within ½ RMA	Voluntary approach Oct. 03
	11. Retain largest trees within the RMA	Voluntary approach Oct. 03
	12. Small Type N streams	Work with stakeholders to develop proposal April 05
Eastern Oregon	13. Desired future condition	Continue evaluation March 04
	14. Basal area targets	Monitoring needed March 04
	15. No harvest alternative	Monitoring needed March 04
	16. Small Type N streams	Do not proceed with rule April 04
Statewide	17. Fish habitat incentives	Voluntary approach April 05
	18. Small Type N stream monitoring	Draft rule language approved July 2004

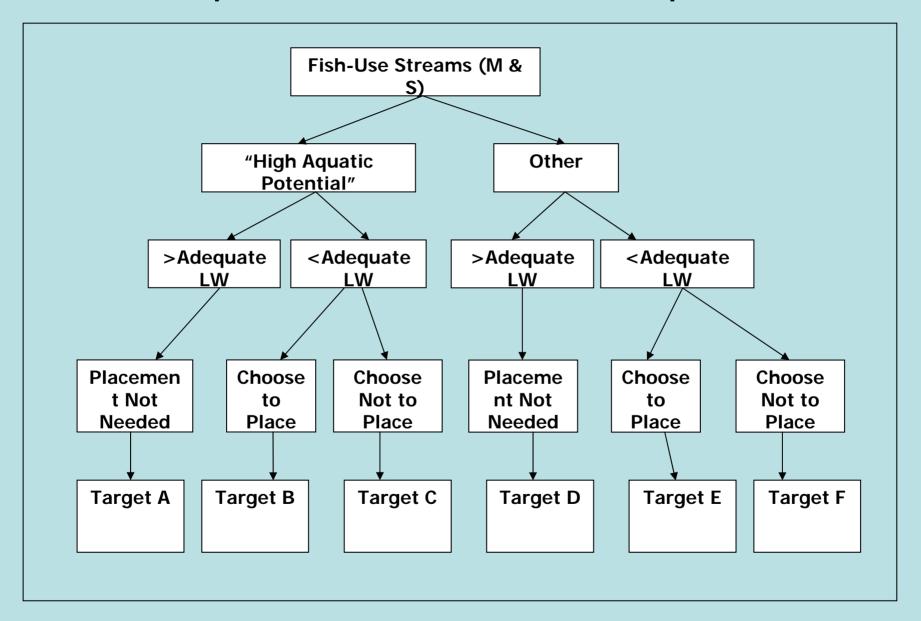
#### Board of Forestry's Work

- Leave Trees Along Debris Torrent Prone Small Non Fish Streams
- RMAs Above Fish Passage Barriers
- Western Oregon small & medium fish streams & Large Wood inputs
- Small Non-fish Streams

#### Why Alternatives to RC#8?

- The concept did little to address the immediate needs for instream large wood.
- The concept did not address the disincentives that currently prevent active management.
- The benefits of a passive approach to leaving more trees was not in balance with the costs and the principle of active management.

#### Conceptual model of the Alternative Proposal



#### High Aquatic Habitat Project aka HAP

Field validation & information gathering

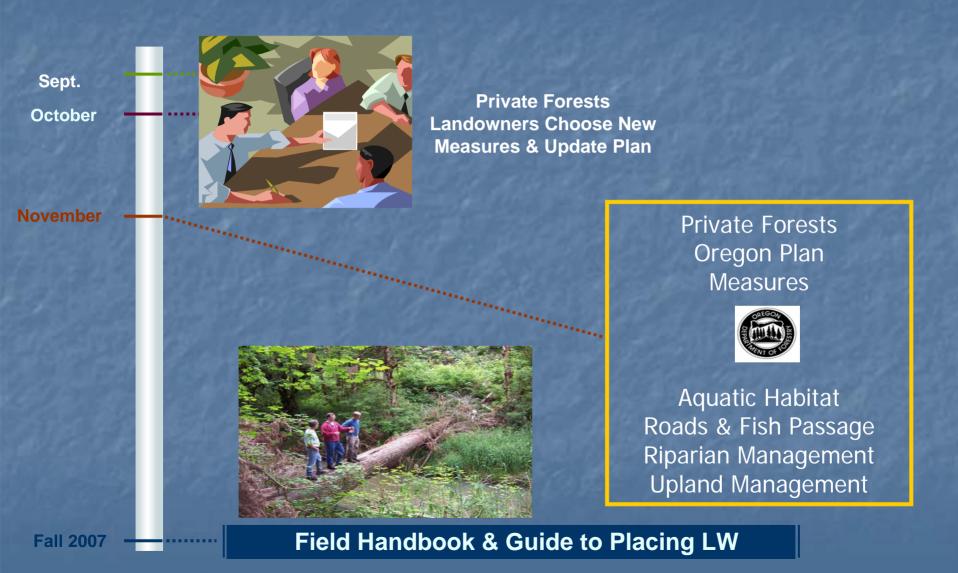
Results of monitoring will inform BOF

Bottom line: More large wood in streams now & for later...and best way to make it happen!

#### **EPA** Determination

- LW placed under authority of FPA exempt
  - Rely on size of wood for stability
  - Emulate natural large wood configurations
  - Purpose is for habitat restoration
- Temporary Rule
- Permanent Rule & Guidance

#### Oregon Plan Measures



# Orangon Plan Measures for Private Forestands



A Field Handbook

#### Challenges

- ODF Capacity
  - Monitoring & Research
  - Sufficient Staff Levels (ODF & ODFW)
- Meaningful Measures & Incentives
- Land Use Trends
- Communications Plan
- Training
  - Field Handbook
  - Guide to Placing Large Wood

#### State Forests & Coho

Our Part

#### State Forests Policy

- Management must be pursued within a broader management context that:
  - Results in a high probability of maintaining and restoring properly functioning aquatic habitats for salmonids, and other native fish and aquatic life.

    (OAR 629-035-0020)

#### State Forests Policy

ODF State Forest management plans will include an aquatic conservation strategy that has a high likelihood of protecting and restoring properly functioning aquatic habitat for salmonids on state forest lands. (Oregon Plan -Executive Order EO 99-01 (3)(d))

#### Elliott State Forest

- Implement existing or revised HCP:
  - Existing and proposed HCPs both include measures to provide for key aquatic species.
  - Existing HCP includes riparian "reserve" areas.
  - Proposed revision would shift to NW FMP aquatic standards.

## North and Central Coast State Forests

- Implement Northwest FMP Aquatic and Riparian standards:
  - Blended approach of landscape level and site specific approaches.
  - Key planning elements.
  - Monitoring and adaptive management program.

- Landscape level elements:
  - Stand Type Array (desired future condition)
  - Landscape Design Guidelines
  - Structural Component Targets

- Site-specific elements:
  - Riparian management area standards
  - Forest road standards
  - Slope stability strategies
  - Salmon anchor habitat strategies (10-year)

- Key planning elements:
  - Watershed assessment and analysis in priority watersheds (5<sup>th</sup> field)
  - Transportation planning

- Monitoring and Adaptive Management:
  - Applying results of watershed analysis through local implementation plans.
  - Implementing strategic monitoring plan for state forests.
  - Pursuing watershed scale effectiveness monitoring
    - Paired watershed study OSU research cooperative

### The End

