# **Archived Information**

# NATIONAL PROGRAMS (PERKINS VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION ACT)

Goal: Increase access to and improve education programs that strengthen educational achievement, workforce preparation, and lifelong learning.

**Relationship of Program to Volume 1, Department-wide Objectives:** All these objectives are designed to improve the quality, usefulness, and accessibility of projects funded by our National Programs budget. Projects have been prioritized according to program objectives and the Department's Strategic Plan Objective 1.2, which states, "Schools help all students make successful transitions to college and careers."

FY 2000—\$17.500.000

FY 2001—\$17,500,000 (Requested budget)

#### OBJECTIVE 1: INCREASE THE USE OF RESEARCH FINDINGS TO INFORM PROGRAM DIRECTION AND TO IMPROVE STATE AND LOCAL PRACTICE.

Indicator 1.1 Disseminate quality research: By 2001, the number of customers using the products and services of the National Centers for Research and Dissemination in Vocational Education\* will increase to 38,000.

\*Note: In accordance with the newly enacted Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act, cooperative agreements for two new National Centers were awarded in 1999. The new centers were fully operational by January 1, 2000.

1999. The	1999. The new centers were furly operational by January 1, 2000.					
Targets and Performance Data			Data Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Customers requesting information and/or resources from the National Center for				om the National Center for	Status: Target exceeded.	Source: NCRVE Reports.
Research in	Vocational Ed	ucation				Frequency: Quarterly.
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets*		<b>Explanation:</b> Performance is likely to continue	Next Update: 2000 (for 1999 data).		
	Electronic	Print	Total		to increase. Beginning in 2000, the Department	
1998:	31,000	3,127	34,127		will increase emphasis on both the development	Validation Procedures: Data collection
1999:	36,000	3,157	39,157	36,000	of practitioner-oriented products and services	processes were developed before ED standards
2000:				36,000	and the dissemination function of the newly	for evaluating the quality of program
2001:	1			38,000	funded centers. For the new centers, funds will	performance data were developed.
*Note: Perf	*Note: Performance targets for 2000 and 2001 are based on actual performance data				be split 50/50 for research and dissemination.	
from the previously funded National Center. During the transition year to the new				ne transition year to the new	The previous centers split funds 60/40, with	Limitations of Data and Planned
centers, it is expected that the new centers will achieve at least the same minimum				at least the same minimum	slightly more funds being allocated for research.	Improvements: None.
level of customer satisfaction as the previous center. Should the new center greatly			hould the new center greatly			
exceed or fall below this level, performance targets for 2000 and 2001 will be				2000 and 2001 will be		
adjusted for future GPRA reporting.						

Indicator 1.2 Promote quality research: By 2001, the percentage of customers who are "very satisfied" with products and services received from the National
Center for Research in Vocational Education will increase to 85 percent.

Targets and Performance Data					
Customers responding to a customer satisfaction survey indicated that they were					
"very satisfied" with the products and services received from the National Center					
for Research in Vocational Education					

Year Actual Performance		Performance Targets		
1998:	81%			
1999:	Data not yet available	83%		
2000:		83%		
2001:		85%		

\*Note: See note on performance targets under 1.1 above.

Assessment of Progress

Status: It is likely that performance targets for 2000-2001 will be met.

**Explanation:** Performance targets are likely to be met, given the Department's heightened emphasis on both the development of practitioner-oriented products and services and the dissemination function of the newly funded centers. For the new centers, funds will be split 50/50 for research and dissemination. The previous centers split funds 60/40, with slightly more funds being allocated for research.

**Source:** Customer Satisfaction Survey. *Frequency:* Annually. *Next Update:* 2000.

Validation Procedure: Data collection processes were developed before ED standards for evaluating the quality of program performance data were developed.

Sources and Data Quality

# Limitations of Data and Planned Improvements: This survey is voluntary and, to date, has reflected the perceptions of only half (53 percent) of the total number of customers that receive National Center for Research in Vocational Education products and services. Strategies are being considered to improve

response rates.

OBJECTIVE 2: IMPROVE AND EXPAND THE USE OF EFFECTIVE STRATEGIES THAT PROMOTE SECONDARY AND POSTSECONDARY REFORMS.

Indicator 2.1 Identify New American High Schools: By 2001, 200 high schools will receive Department recognition for implementing New American High School strategies that combine career and academic preparation—often in smaller learning environments—to prepare all students for college and careers.

strategies that combine career and academic preparation—often in smaller learning environments—to prepare all students for college and career				
Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of se	chools having received Departme	nt recognition for fully adopting New	Status: Although the performance target for	Source: New American High School application
American H	igh School strategies		1999 was not met, it is likely that the	tracking documents.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	performance targets for 2000-2001 will be met.	Frequency: Annually.
1996:	10			Next Update: 2000.
1998:	17		<b>Explanation:</b> The 1999 performance target was	
1999:	30	100	not met because fewer applications than	Validation Procedure: Data collection
2000:		150	expected were received from schools for the	processes were developed before ED standards
2001:		200	New American High School recognition,	for evaluating the quality of program
			probably because the application process	performance data were developed.
			coincided with end-of-school-year testing and	
			related activities. The timing of the application	Limitations of Data and Planned
			process has been adjusted, which should greatly	Improvements: None.
			increase the number of applications received and,	
			thus, the number of schools eligible to receive	
			the New American High School recognition.	

Indicator 2.2 Promote New American High School strategies: By 2001, 2,500 high schools will be working toward implementing New American High	gh School
strategies. Implementation is defined as working with a high school reform network to implement one or more New American High School strates	zies.

Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of schools working with three high school reform networks			<b>Status:</b> It is likely that performance targets for	Source: Grantee reports.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	2000-2001 will be met.	Frequency: Annually.
1999:	1,500	See note below	]	Next Update: 2000.
2000:		2,000	<b>Explanation:</b> Performance targets are likely to	
2001:		2,500	be met, given the Department's investment in	Validation Procedures: Data collection
Note: The Department first began working with reform networks in 1999 as a strategy to help high schools implement New American High School initiatives. Therefore, the first year to collect baseline data was 1999. Accordingly, performance targets are set beginning in 2000.			providing technical assistance and resources through reform networks to help high schools implement New American High School strategies and, ultimately, prepare successful applications for the New American High School recognition.	processes were developed before ED standards for evaluating the quality of program performance data were developed.  Limitations of Data and Planned Improvements: None.

Indicator 2.3 Promote professional development: By 2001, 3,000 prospective and current teachers will be trained to teach academic and technical coursework in the context of real-life applications and careers (hereafter referred to as contextual teaching and learning).

Targets and Performance Date			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of p	prospective and current teachers to	rained to implement contextual	Status: It is likely that performance targets will	Source: Contractor Progress Reports
teaching and learning approaches			be met.	Frequency: Annually.
Year Actual Performance Performance Targets			Next Update: 2000 (for 2000 data).	
1999:	750	See note below	<b>Explanation:</b> Performance targets are likely to	
2000:		1,800	be met, given the Department's priority to	Validation Procedures: Data collection
2001:		3,000	provide technical assistance and resources to	processes were developed before ED standards
Note: The D	Department first awarded contracts	in 1998 to seven universities to train	help teachers implement contextual teaching and	for evaluating the quality of program
	•	l teaching and learning approaches.	learning approaches. The Department also will	performance data were developed.
	he first year to collect baseline dat		begin sharing with all states the resources	
	e targets are set beginning in 2000		developed by the contractors, so that many more	Limitations of Data and Planned
1			teachers will be trained to implement contextual	Improvements: None.
			teaching and learning approaches.	

#### **KEY STRATEGIES**

# Strategies Continued from 1999

- Providing leadership and support for national research to improve the quality of vocational, adult, and workforce education.
- Disseminating research-based strategies that promote education reform at secondary and postsecondary levels.
- Training prospective and current teachers to implement contextual teaching and learning approaches that enable students to understand real-life applications of their academic and technical coursework.
- Partnering with firmly established and experienced reform networks to help high schools implement New American High School strategies that help all students prepare for college and careers.

## New or Strengthened Strategies

Promoting the development and dissemination of practitioner-oriented products and services through the newly funded centers.

#### HOW THIS PROGRAM COORDINATES WITH OTHER FEDERAL ACTIVITIES

- To establish its research agenda, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) collaborates with the National School-to-Work Office, the Office of the Under Secretary's Planning and Evaluation Service, the Office of Education Research and Improvement, and the National Center for Education Statistics.
- To conduct research and dissemination, the National Centers are expected to coordinate efforts with the National School-to-Work Office and the Office of Education Research and Improvement's Research Labs and Centers.
- To implement the New American High School initiative, OVAE collaborates with the Department's Comprehensive School Reform Demonstration Programs, Blue Ribbon Schools Initiative, Parents and Families in Education Initiative, and Empowerment Zone and Enterprise Communities Initiative.
- To provide professional development on contextual teaching and learning approaches, OVAE works with the Office of Education Research and Improvement's Postsecondary Institute and the Department-wide Professional Development Team.

#### CHALLENGES TO ACHIEVING PROGRAM GOAL

- Realigning previously funded activities with requirements of the newly enacted legislation to ensure that its full intent is achieved.
- Achieving scale in efforts such as New American High School and professional development so that all schools and teachers have access to state-of-the-art instructional approaches and all students are provided with research-based learning strategies.

#### INDICATOR CHANGES

# From FY 1999 (two years old)

#### Adjusted

- Objective 1 was renumbered as this year's Objective 2.
- ❖ Objective 2 was renumbered as this year's Objective 1.
- ❖ Indicator 2.1 was renumbered as this year's Indicator 1.2.

#### Dropped

- Indicator 1.1 was dropped, as it was determined to be a system output measure rather than a student outcome measure.
- Objective 3 and Indicator 3.1 were dropped, as they were determined to be system output measures rather than student outcome measures.

## From FY 2000 (last year's)

# **Adjusted**

- Indicator 1.1 was renumbered as this year's Indicator 1.2, and the language was strengthened to focus more on customer satisfaction with products and services received.
- Objective 3 was renumbered as this year's Objective 2.
- Lindicator 3.1 was divided into this year's Indicators 2.1 and 2.2 for ease and clarity in annual reporting on actual performance.
- Indicator 3.2 was renumbered as this year's Indicator 2.3.

# Dropped

- Objective 2 was dropped, as it was determined to be captured in last year's—and this year's—Objective 1.
- Indicator 2.1 was dropped, as it was determined to be a system output measure rather than a student outcome measure.
- ❖ Indicator 2.3 was dropped, as it was determined to be a system output measure rather than a student outcome measure.

# New

Indicator 1.1 was added to provide another indicator and gauge of customer use of national research findings.