## The Road To Getting Your License

If you're under 18 and getting your license for the first time, here's what you need to do.

### Starting off in the Right Direction

Learning to drive? Cool.

Oregon's teen driving law is designed to keep you safe in the process. The fact is, as a young driver, you're more likely to be involved in a fatal crash within the first six months of getting your license than at any other time.

And nobody wants to see that happen. The new law lets you ease into driving, with plenty of time for practice so you can learn how to do it right — without wrapping yourself around a tree.

To get started down the road to your license, just follow these directions.

And learn how to drive safely — for life.

#### The First Leg of the Trip

GET YOUR OREGON INSTRUCTION PERMIT. You have to have your permit for at least six months before you can get a license. (To get your permit — if you haven't already — you need to be at least 15 years old and pass a written test.)

#### Practice, Practice, Practice

Seriously. You have to be able to show that you've had at least 50 HOURS of supervised driving practice\*.

#### And Practice Some More

DO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

Complete a driver education course that's approved by the Oregon Department of Transportation.

ONE WAY

#### OR

Complete an additional 50 HOURS of driving practice with a supervising driver\*.

Both you and a parent or guardian will need to certify your hours of supervised driving and/or your driver education course completion.

\* Your supervising driver needs to be someone who's at least 21 years old and who's had a valid license for at least three years. (Hint: Like Mom or Dad. Believe it or not, it's pretty likely that they actually know more about driving than you think. Besides, it's a chance to do that whole bonding thing. Humor them — you may need to borrow money someday.)

### Entering the Restricted Zone

YOU'RE OFF AND ROLLING. But there are still some restrictions after you get your provisional license. These are designed to keep you safe (and alive) during that crucial first year of licensed driving.

#### The Big Test

PASS THE DRIVING TEST AND GET YOUR PROVISIONAL LICENSE. (This is where all that practice starts to pay off.)



Getting

License

Comfortable -

Months After

You Get Your

The Second Six

# The Home Stretch

For the first year, you can't drive between midnight and 5:00 a.m. unless you are:

- a) driving between home and work.
- b) driving between home and a school event for which there is no other transportation available.
- c) driving for employment purposes.
- d) accompanied by a licensed driver who is at least 25 years old.

The reason for this is simple. As a young driver, your greatest risk of being involved in a fatal or injury crash is at night.



All of the restrictions listed are only for the first year or until you turn 18, whichever comes first. Then you're off driving in the real world. But remember to play it smart. There are a lot of cars out there. So drive safely — for life.



Passenger restrictions do not apply while driving with an instructor as part of a certified driver education course or with a parent or stepparent who has valid driving privileges (per ORS 807.122(3) a & b).

# Covering New Territory — the First Six Months After You Get Your License

For the first six months, you can't drive with a passenger under the age of 20 who isn't a member of your immediate family.

Why? You still need time to get used to driving solo, without a lot of distractions. It's hard to focus on the road if your friends are bugging you to change the radio station or stop and get nachos. For right now, concentrate on getting into safe driving habits.



For the second six months, you can't drive with more than three passengers who are under the age of 20 who are not members of your immediate family.

Makes sense. At this point, you're still getting comfortable handling the car safely and following traffic rules. Besides — how big is your car anyway?

 Practice is the best way to turn safe driving skills into habits.

 An emergency safety kit should have, at a minimum, jumper cables, flares, reflectors, a first aid kit and a flashlight. You never know when you might need them.

 Windows rolled down halfway may become guillotines in a crash.

 The top three contributing causes of crashes involving young drivers are driving under the influence of intoxicants, speeding and failure to maintain lane position.

ABS brakes should not be pumped.
 Instead, use constant pressure.

 17 habits go into making a right turn.

 With air bags in newer cars, you shouldn't drive with your arms across the steering wheel. • The safest place for your hands on the steering wheel is in the clock positions of 9:00 and 4:00.

 When you are driving, you have approximately 1,000 skills constantly demanded of you.

#### Dig You Know?

REMAIN AWAKE, even as a passenger to help keep the driver alert.

NEVER LET FRIENDS DRIVE
 YOUR CAR. If they crash, you
 sould lose money, car privileges
 and a friendship.

 FOLLOW TRAFFIC RULES and pay attention to what's going on around you.

CHECK YOUR REAR VIEW
 Drake, every time.

 DON'T GET MAD AT THE OTHER DRIVERS. Nobody wins with road rage.

 DON'T LOAD UP YOUR CAR WITH TOO MANY FRIENDS. It's distracting, especially while you're still getting the hang of driving. Remember, you're responsible for the lives of your passengers as well as your own.

 SLOW DOWN. Speeding isn't impressive, just stupid. Stay within the speed limit. It's there for a reason.

• BE A DEFENSIVE DRIVER AND STAY ALERT. Tailgating is a lame reason to get in a crash. Keep at least four seconds of following distance between your car and the vehicle in front of you.

eating, putting on make-up, messing with the stereo or talking on the phone.

and safer for you. Also, make sure your car is in good working order.

There's a reason it has a sun visor, door locks and parking brakes — to make driving easier

GET TO KNOW YOUR CAR.

ALWAYS WEAR YOUR SAFETY
 BELT — IT'S THE LAW IN
 Safety belt while you have a
 provisional license could cause
 your license to be suspended.
 Mot pretty.

RIDE WITH SOBER
 DRIVERS. 48 percent of people who die in car crashes are passengers. Don't be one of them. If the driver has been drinking or doing drugs, find another way to get where you're going.

 DRIVE SOBER. It saves lives. And if you get caught in possession of alcohol or drugs, don't expect to see your license again until you're 21.

**LIELD** 

More Tips On Steeving Clear of Trouble Transportation Safety — ODOT

(90-9)6148-787

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#### Drive Safely. The Way to Go.

For more information about graduated driver licensing vequivements and getting your license, you can call the DMV at 503-945-5000.

Ov, visit the Oregon DMV Web site at www.oregon.gov/ODOT/DMV

1905 Lana Ave., NE Salem, OR 97314 VMQ\TOQO\vODOROP

#### Driver & Motor Vehicle Services



235 Union Street NE Salem, OR 97301-1054 www.oregon.gov/ODO/75

#### Transportation Safety Division



OREGON DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### Frequently Asked Questions

Q. How do I know if a driver education course is approved by the Oregon Department of Transportation?

A. The department has a list of approved courses offered through public schools and private companies. You can also check with the course provider to see if their program is ODOT-approved, or check www.oregon.gov/ODOT/DMV.

Q. I had a permit from another state for three months. Do I only need one for three months in Oregon?

A. No, you need a permit from Oregon for six months or you need a permit from another state for six months.

# Q. How do I certify my hours of supervised driving practice?

A. You will need to keep a driving log to track your hours.

### Q. Can my parent take my license away?

A. Yes. If you are under age 18, the parent who signed your original driver license application can send a written request for cancellation to the DMV. The DMV then verifies the information and if it meets the criteria, cancels your driver license and sends letters out to the parties involved.

Q. I am 15 years old. My dad had his driver license revoked and there are no other relatives who can supervise my driving. What can I do?

A. Try asking a school counselor, a church pastor or a friend's mom or dad to help. The supervising driver must be licensed.

# Q. I am 16 and an emancipated minor. Do all these requirements apply to me?

A. Yes, with one exception. You must certify your 50 or 100 hours of supervised driving experience, but this doesn't need to also be certified by a parent or guardian.

Q. I am 16 years old and have a driver license from another state. Do I still have to meet all the preliminary requirements (e.g., Oregon instruction permit, hours of practice, driver's education) to get an Oregon driver license?

A. No. A valid driver license from another state can be turned in to receive an Oregon provisional driver license. You will still need to follow all the rules of an Oregon provisional license for the first year or until you turn 18.

# Q. What happens if I'm caught driving outside the curfew restrictions and/or the passenger restrictions?

A. Law enforcement can cite you. If this happens, you could have your license suspended and be required to complete a driver improvement program before you get it back. Further violations can mean losing your license altogether until you're 18.

#### Q. Does the law mean that I can't drive after midnight, or can I be on my way home?

A. For the first year after receiving your license or until you turn 18, you can't be driving after midnight unless you're driving between home and work, driving home after a school event for which no other transportation is available, driving for employment purposes or driving accompanied by a licensed driver who's at least 25 years old.



What You Need To Know About
Oregon's Teen Driving Law