

List of Figures

Figure 1. Fishing mortality rate and biomass status of 19 groundfish stocks managed under the Northeast Multispecies FMP	xv
Figure 2. Median catch-weighted depth at capture of various groundfish species in NMFS bottom trawl surveys pre and post trawl warp offset problems.....	xvi
Figure 3. Results of side-by-side tows made by NOAA R/Vs <i>Albatross IV</i> and <i>Delaware II</i> in paired towing in the 1980s and 2002	xvii
Figure A1a. Total commercial landings of Georges Bank cod, 1893-2001.....	29
Figure A1b. Total commercial landings of Georges Bank cod, 1960-2001	29
Figure A2. Standardized stratified mean catch per tow of Atlantic cod in NEFSC spring and autumn research vessel bottom trawl surveys on Georges Bank, 1963-2001.....	30
Figure A3. Standardized stratified mean number per tow of Atlantic cod in NEFSC and DFO spring and NEFSC autumn research vessel bottom trawl surveys on Georges Bank, 1963-2002.....	30
Figure A4. Trends in total commercial landings and fishing mortality for Georges Bank cod, 1978-2001	31
Figure A5. Trends in stock biomass and recruitment for Georges Bank Atlantic cod, 1978-2001	32
Figure A6. Retrospective analysis of Georges Bank cod recruits at age 1, spawning stock biomass, and fishing mortality, based on the final ADAPT VPA formulation, 2001-1996	33
Figure A7. Fishing mortality and spawning stock biomass estimates from VPA calibrated using survey indices increased by 0% (base), 10% (110), 25% (125), and 100 % (200).....	34
Figure A8. Median and 80% confidence intervals of predicted spawning stock biomass and predicted catch for Georges Bank Atlantic cod under $F_{rebuild} = 0.10$	35
Figure B1. Total commercial landings of haddock from Georges Bank and south, 1904-2001	53
Figure B2. Georges Bank haddock research survey indices, 1963-2002.....	54
Figure B3. Trends in spawning stock biomass and recruitment for Georges Bank haddock from 1931-2001.....	55
Figure B4. Trends in commercial landings and fishing mortality for Georges Bank haddock from 1931-2001	56
Figure B5. Retrospective analysis of Georges Bank haddock recruitment, spawning stock biomass and fishing mortality.....	57
Figure B6. Georges Bank haddock sensitivity to hypothetical NEFSC survey index adjustments due to trawl warp offsets during 2000-2002.....	58
Figure B7. Georges Bank haddock projection results for $F=F_{REBUILD}$	59
Figure C1. Total catch of Georges Bank yellowtail flounder.....	75
Figure C2. Survey indices of Georges Bank yellowtail flounder biomass	75
Figure C3. Survey indices of abundance at age.....	76
Figure C4. Summary of Georges Bank yellowtail flounder VPA results	77
Figure C5. Population abundance at age from VPA compared to equilibrium levels at MSY	78
Figure C6. Retrospective patterns in Georges Bank yellowtail flounder VPA.....	79
Figure C7. Point estimate and 80% confidence intervals for F and SSB in 2001 for the base run and three sensitivity analyses which increased the impacted survey catches	80
Figure C8. Projected spawning stock biomass under $F_{Rebuild}=0.22$ in years 2003 through 2009 to achieve a 50% probability of B_{msy} in 2009	81
Figure C9. Mean biomass of Georges Bank yellowtail flounder and fishing mortality on biomass.....	82
Figure D1. Total catch of southern New England yellowtail flounder	97
Figure D2. Survey indices of southern New England yellowtail flounder biomass	97
Figure D3a. Estimates of fishing mortality, recruitment and spawning stock biomass for southern New England yellowtail flounder from VPA	98
Figure D3b. Abundance at age of southern New England yellowtail flounder	99
Figure D4. Retrospective analysis of the southern New England yellowtail flounder VPA	100
Figure D5. Stochastic projection of spawning biomass and total catch under two scenarios of recruitment and a constant F of $F_{rebuild} = 0.10$	101
Figure D6. Mean biomass of southern New England yellowtail flounder and fishing mortality on biomass.....	102
Figure D7. Sensitivity of results to increasing NEFSC indices since 2000 by 10%, 25% and 100%.....	103
Figure E1. Total catch of Cape Cod yellowtail flounder	118
Figure E2. Survey indices of Cape Cod yellowtail flounder biomass	118
Figure E3. Cape Cod yellowtail flounder VPA results.....	119
Figure E4. Retrospective analysis of the Cape Cod yellowtail flounder VPA	120
Figure E5. Stochastic projection of Cape Cod yellowtail flounder for $F_{rebuild}=0.12$	121

Figure E6. Sensitivity of results to excluding NEFSC survey indices and increasing NEFSC indices since 2000 by 10%, 25% and 100%.....	122
Figure F1. Total commercial landings of Gulf of Maine cod, 1893-2001	139
Figure F2. Biomass indices for Gulf of Maine cod from NEFSC autumn bottom trawl surveys	140
Figure F3. Trends in landings and fishing mortality for Gulf of Maine cod.....	141
Figure F4. Trends in recruitment and biomass for Gulf of Maine cod	142
Figure F5. Retrospective analysis of estimates of terminal year F, recruitment and SSB from the VPA for Gulf of Maine Cod	143
Figure F6. Sensitivity of VPA estimates of F and SSB in 2001 to presumed differences in survey catchability during 2000-2002 based on 1000 bootstrap replications of the base VPA.....	144
Figure F7. Projected SSB, recruitment and catch for Gulf of Maine cod	145
Figure G1. Historical USA witch flounder landings the Grand Banks in the mid-1980's	163
Figure G2. Number of witch flounder at age in the total catch, by fishery, 1982-2001	164-165
Figure G3. Stratified mean weight per tow and mean number per tow of witch flounder in the NEFSC spring and autumn bottom trawl surveys, 1963-2002.....	166
Figure G4. Trends in total catch and fishing mortality for witch flounder, 1982-2001	167
Figure G5. Trends in spawning stock biomass and recruitment for witch flounder	167
Figure G6. Retrospective analysis results of fishing mortality, spawning stock biomass, and age 3 recruitment	168
Figure G7. Stock status of witch flounder in 2001 and three sensitivity analyses.....	169
Figure G8. Projected median spawning stock biomass and median catch with 80% confidence intervals	170
Figure H1. Total commercial landings of Gulf of Maine-Georges Bank American plaice, 1960-2001	187
Figure H2. Number American plaice at age in the total catch, 1980 – 2001	188-189
Figure H3. Standardized stratified mean weight per tow of American plaice in NEFSC spring and autumn research vessel bottom trawl survey in the Gulf of Maine-Georges Bank region, 1963-2002.....	190
Figure H4. Standardized stratified mean number per tow of American plaice in NEFSC spring and autumn research vessel bottom trawl survey in the Gulf of Maine-Georges Bank region, 1963-2002.....	190
Figure H5. Trends in total commercial landings and fishing mortality for Gulf of Maine-Georges Bank American plaice, 1980-2001	191
Figure H6. Trends in recruitment and spawning stock biomass for Gulf of Maine-Georges Bank American plaice, 1980-2001	191
Figure H7. Retrospective analysis of Gulf of Maine-Georges Bank American plaice recruits at age 1, spawning stock biomass, and fishing mortality, based on the final ADAPT VPA formulation, 2001-1996.....	192
Figure H8. Fishing mortality and spawning stock biomass estimates from VPA calibrated using survey indices increased by 0% (base), 10% (110), 25% (125), and 100 % (200).....	193
Figure H9. Median and 80% confidence intervals of predicted spawning stock biomass and predicted landings for American plaice under $F_{rebuild} = 0.10$	194
Figure I1. Total commercial landings of Georges Bank winter flounder during 1964-2001	203
Figure I2. Relative biomass indices of Georges Bank winter flounder from NEFSC spring (1968-2002) and autumn (1963-2001) bottom trawl surveys and the Canadian spring (1987-2002) bottom trawl survey.....	203
Figure I3. Trends in total landings and fishing mortality rates for Georges Bank winter flounder during 1964-2001	204
Figure I4. Trends in Georges Bank winter flounder total biomass, estimated from an ASPIC biomass dynamics model, during 1964-2001 in relation to BMSY	204
Figure I5. Retrospective analysis of ASPIC-derived estimates of fishing mortality rates and total biomass for Georges Bank winter flounder during 1995-2001	205
Figure I6. Point estimates and 80% confidence intervals of relative total biomass and fishing mortality rates during 2001 generated from a bootstrapped nominal run of an ASPIC biomass dynamics model and three sensitivity runs, including increased NEFSC survey biomass indices during spring 2000-2002, for the Georges Bank winter flounder stock.....	206
Figure I7. Median and 80% confidence intervals of projected yield and total biomass of Georges Bank winter flounder under F_{MSY} fishing mortality rates ($F=0.32$) during 2003-2010	207
Figure J1. Commercial landings (1964-2001), commercial discards (1981-2001) recreational landings (1981-2001), recreational discards (1981-2001) and total fishery catch (1981-2001) for the SNE/MA winter flounder stock complex	226
Figure J2. Trends in research survey biomass indices for SNE/MA winter flounder.....	227
Figure J3. Trends in research survey recruitment indices for SNE/MA winter flounder.....	228-229
Figure J4. Total catch and fishing mortality rate for SNE/MA winter flounder.....	230

Figure J5. Spawning stock biomass and recruitment for SNE/MA winter flounder.....	231
Figure J6. Retrospective VPAs for SNE/MA winter flounder.....	232
Figure J7. SNE/MA winter flounder VPA sensitivity to hypothetical NEFSC winter, spring, and fall survey index adjustments	233
Figure K1. Total landings and discards of white hake from the Gulf of Maine to Mid-Atlantic region, 1964-2001	245
Figure K2. Trends in catch and survey indices of biomass by size class.....	246
Figure K3. White hake indices of biomass and abundance from the NEFSC bottom trawl spring and autumn surveys in the Gulf of Maine to Northern Georges Bank region, 1963-2002	247
Figure K4. Six-panel plot depicting relationship between relative F and replacement ratio, trend in replacement ratio, relationship between biomass and relative F, trend in biomass, trend in catch, and trend in relative F .	248
Figure L1. Trends in total and USA landings of pollock from Divisions 4VWX and Subareas 5 and 6, and NEFSC autumn survey biomass index, 1963-2001.....	258
Figure L2. Trends in total landings of pollock from Divisions 4VWX and from Subareas 5 and 6, and NEFSC autumn survey biomass index, 1963-2001.....	258
Figure L3. Trends in total landings of pollock from Divisions 4VWX and Subareas 5 and 6, and indices of relative exploitation, 1963-2001	259
Figure L4. Trends in total landings of pollock from Subareas 5 and 6, and indices of relative exploitation, 1963-2001	259
Figure L5. Trends in the NEFSC autumn survey biomass index for pollock from Subareas 5 and 6, 1963-2001	260
Figure L6. Trends in total landings of pollock from Subareas 5 and 6, 1963-2001.....	260
Figure L7. Trends in relative F for pollock in Subareas 5 and 6, 1963-2001	261
Figure L8. Trends in replacement ratio for pollock in Subareas 5 and 6, 1963-2001	261
Figure L9. Relationship between the replacement ratio and relative F for pollock in Subareas 5 and 6, 1963-2001	262
Figure L10. Relationship between the NEFSC autumn survey biomass index and relative F for pollock in Subareas 5 and 6, 1963-2001	262
Figure L11. Six-panel plot illustrating relationships between landings, survey biomass indices, relative F, and replacement ratios for pollock in Subareas 5 and 6, 1963-2001	263
Figure M1. Total commercial landings of Acadian redfish from the Gulf of Maine-Georges Bank region, 1934-2001	272
Figure M2. Commercial landings and biomass index derived from NEFSC autumn survey biomass indices for Acadian redfish, 1963-2001	273
Figure M3. Commercial landings and exploitation ratios derived from NEFSC autumn survey biomass indices for Acadian redfish	274
Figure N1. Trends in landings and NEFSC spring survey biomass (kg/tow) for ocean pout, 1968-2002	281
Figure N2. Exploitation indices for ocean pout, 1970-2002.....	281
Figure N3. Ocean pout stock status in 2001 and three sensitivity analyses in which NEFSC spring survey biomass was arbitrarily adjusted by 10%, 25% and 100%	282
Figure O1. Commercial landings of Gulf of Maine-Georges Bank windowpane flounder during 1975-2001.....	286
Figure O2. Relative biomass indices for Gulf of Maine-Georges Bank windowpane flounder from the NEFSC autumn bottom trawl surveys during 1963-2001	286
Figure O3. Relative exploitation indices and landings of Gulf of Maine-Georges Bank windowpane flounder during 1975-2001	287
Figure P1. Landings of Southern New England-Mid-Atlantic Bight windowpane flounder during 1963-2001	291
Figure P2. Relative biomass indices for Southern New England- Mid-Atlantic Bight windowpane flounder from the NEFSC autumn research vessel bottom trawl surveys during 1963-2001	291
Figure P3. Relative exploitation indices and landings of Southern New England-Mid-Atlantic Bight windowpane flounder during 1975-2001	292
Figure Q1. Landings and exploitation index of Mid Atlantic yellowtail flounder.....	296
Figure Q2. Indices of Mid Atlantic yellowtail flounder biomass	296
Figure Q3. Sensitivity of results to increasing NEFSC indices since 2000 by 10%, 25% and 100%.....	297
Figure R1. Gulf of Maine haddock commercial landings during 1956-2001 and provisional recreational landings during 1982-2001.....	303
Figure R2. Northeast Fisheries Science Center research standardized and stratified survey abundance and biomass indices for Gulf of Maine haddock from 1963-2002	304
Figure R3. Observed and smoothed exploitation rate indices for Gulf of Maine haddock, 1963-2001	305

Figure S1. Atlantic halibut landings from the Gulf of Maine- Georges Bank region during 1893-2001	311
Figure S2. Trends in swept-area biomass indices of Atlantic halibut from NEFSC spring and autumn bottom trawl surveys	311
Figure S3. Trends in Atlantic halibut landings from the Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank in comparison to 5-year moving averages of spring and autumn survey indices, 1967-2001	312
Figure S4. Trends in exploitation rate indices for Atlantic halibut from the Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank based on 5-year moving averages of NEFSC spring and autumn survey indices, 1967-2001 Exploitation Rate Index	313
Figure T1. Gulf of Maine winter flounder landings by gear	322
Figure T2. Recreational landings in numbers and metric tons for Gulf of Maine winter flounder	323
Figure T3. NEFSC Spring survey stratified mean numbers and mean weight per tow for Gulf of Maine winter flounder	324
Figure T4. NEFSC Fall survey stratified mean numbers and mean weight per tow for Gulf of Maine winter flounder	325
Figure T5. Massachusetts Division of Marine Fisheries spring survey stratified mean numbers and mean weight per tow for Gulf of Maine winter flounder	326
Figure T6. Massachusetts Division of Marine Fisheries Fall survey stratified mean numbers and mean weight per tow for Gulf of Maine winter flounder	327
Figure T7. Seabrook Nuclear Power Plant in spring and fall survey mean numbers per tow for Gulf of Maine winter flounder	328
Figure 3.1.1. Difference between port and starboard warp marks vs. fishing depth	335
Figure 3.1.2. Predicted effect of trawl offset on reduction in area swept for fishing depths from 0 to 400 m	336
Figure 3.2.1. Location of tows by the <i>R/V Albatross IV</i> with “any” damage in NEFSC fall, spring and winter surveys during 1983-2002	342
Figure 3.2.2. Location of tows by the <i>R/V Albatross IV</i> with “major” damage in NEFSC fall, spring and winter surveys during 1983-2002	343
Figure 3.2.3. Proportion of tows with any, minor and major damage in NEFSC fall, spring and winter surveys during 1983-2002.	344
Figure 3.2.4. Estimated warp effects in the final GAM model for the frequency of any damage during NEFSC survey tows	345
Figure 3.2.5. Predicted frequency of tows with any and major gear damage as a function of tow depth, based on separate GAM models for surveys during 2000-2002 with mis-marked warps and surveys during 1983-2001 without mis-marked warps	346
Figure 3.3-1. Length composition data for cod on Georges Bank in spring surveys	349
Figure 3.3-2. Length composition data for haddock on Georges Bank in spring surveys	349
Figure 3.3-3. Length composition data for yellowtail flounder on Georges Bank in spring surveys	349
Figure 3.3-4. Length composition data for monkfish during 2001 in the NEFSC winter survey and commercial vessels in the Cooperative Monkfish Survey	350
Figure 3.3.5. Length composition data for cod, haddock and yellowtail flounder in paired tows for a fishing power experiment during the spring of 2002	351
Figure 3.4.1. Locations of stations where video and trawl sensor data were collected to assess the effects of warp length offsets on the trawl performance of the <i>R/V Albatross IV</i> during 25-26 September, 2002	354
Figure 3.4.2. Yankee 36 headrope height and wing spread measurements recorded by the Simrad ITI system of the <i>R/V Albatross IV</i> at stations sampled during a 25-26 September, 2002 warp length offset experiment	355
Figure 3.4.3.....356	
Figure 3.4.4. Means and standard deviations of headrope height and wing spread measurements of the Yankee 36 net of the <i>R/V Albatross IV</i> , at starboard and port trawl warp length offsets of 0 ft., 2 ft., 4 ft., 6 ft., 12 ft., for stations 906, 907, 908 and 909 combined	357
Figure 3.5.1. Example behavior of Model 2 for varying levels of θ	360
Figure 3.6.1. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for Georges Bank stock of cod for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	362
Figure 3.6.2. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for Gulf of Maine stock of cod for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	363
Figure 3.6.3. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for Georges Bank stock of haddock for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	364
Figure 3.6.4. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for Gulf of Maine stock of haddock for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	365

Figure 3.6.5. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for Georges Bank stock of yellowtail flounder for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	366
Figure 3.6.6. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for Southern New England stock of yellowtail flounder for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	367
Figure 3.6.7. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for Cape Cod stock of yellowtail flounder for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys.....	368
Figure 3.6.8. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for American plaice for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	369
Figure 3.6.9. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for Georges Bank stock of winter flounder for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys.....	370
Figure 3.6.10. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for Southern New England stock of winter flounder for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys.....	371
Figure 3.6.11. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for Acadian redfish for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	372
Figure 3.6.12. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for white hake for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys.....	373
Figure 3.6.13. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for pollock for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys.....	374
Figure 3.6.14. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for northern stock of windowpane flounder for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys.....	375
Figure 3.6.15. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for southern stock of windowpane flounder for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys.....	376
Figure 3.6.16. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for ocean pout for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys.....	377
Figure 3.6.17. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for spiny dogfish for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	378
Figure 3.6.18. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for summer flounder for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	379
Figure 3.6.19. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for longhorn sculpins for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	380
Figure 3.6.20. Box plots of stratum-specific coefficients of catch for fourspot flounders for fall, spring, and winter NEFSC trawl surveys	381
Figure 3.7.1. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Georges Bank Cod stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	399
Figure 3.7.2. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Gulf of Maine Cod stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	400
Figure 3.7.3. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Georges Bank Haddock stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	401
Figure 3.7.4. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Gulf of Maine Haddock stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	402
Figure 3.7.5. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Georges Bank Yellowtail stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	403
Figure 3.7.6. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Southern New England Yellowtail stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	404
Figure 3.7.7. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Cape Cod Yellowtail Flounder stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	405
Figure 3.7.8. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Witch Flounder stock for fall, winter and spring surveys.....	406
Figure 3.7.9. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for American Plaice stock for fall, winter and spring surveys.....	407
Figure 3.7.10. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Acadian Redfish stock for fall, winter and spring surveys.....	408
Figure 3.7.11. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for White Hake stock for fall, winter and spring surveys.....	409
Figure 3.7.12. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for pollock stock for fall, winter and spring surveys.....	410

Figure 3.7.13. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Georges Bank Winter Flounder stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	411
Figure 3.7.14. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Southern New England Winter Flounder stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	412
Figure 3.7.15. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Northern Windowpane Flounder stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	413
Figure 3.7.16. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Windowpane Flounder stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	414
Figure 3.7.17. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Ocean Pout stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	415
Figure 3.7.18. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Spiny Dogfish stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	416
Figure 3.7.19. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Summer Flounder stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	417
Figure 3.7.20. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Fourspot Flounder stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	418
Figure 3.7.21. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Longhorn Sculpin stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	419
Figure 3.7.22. Temporal trends in catch weighted average depth for Halibut stock for fall, winter and spring surveys	420
Figure 3.7.23. Distribution of standardized difference in catch rates vs. depth interval for all species combined	421
Figure 3.7.24. Distribution of standardized difference in catch rates vs. depth interval for gadoid species (GB cod, GOM cod, GB haddock, GOM haddock, white hake, and pollock)	422
Figure 3.7.25. Distribution of standardized difference in catch rates vs. depth interval for flatfish species, GB winter flounder SNE winter flounder, summer flounder, and fourspot flounder	423
Figure 3.7.26. Distribution of standardized difference in catch rates vs. depth interval for flatfish species, GB winter flounder, GB cod, GOM cod, SNE winter flounder, summer flounder, fourspot flounder, ocean pout, longhorn sculpin, spiny dogfish	424
Figure 3.7.27. Distribution of standardized difference in catch rates vs. depth interval for flatfish species	425
Figure 3.7.28. Predicted reductions in relative efficiency of capture for cod in fall and spring surveys given hypothesized increases in overall abundance of 10, 25, and 100%	426
Figure 3.7.29. Predicted reductions in relative efficiency of capture for haddock in fall and spring surveys given hypothesized increases in overall abundance of 10, 25, and 100%	427
Figure 3.7.30. Predicted reductions in relative efficiency of capture for yellowtail flounder in fall and spring surveys given hypothesized increases in overall abundance of 10, 25, and 100%	428
Figure 3.7.31. Catch weighted average depths at capture for 16 species of groundfish taken in NEFSC bottom trawl surveys	429
Figure 3.7.32. Catch weighted average depths at capture for 16 species of groundfish taken in NEFSC bottom trawl surveys	430
Figure 3.8. Directional change in abundance (numbers per tow) of various species/stocks for pairs of years	433
Figure 3.9.1. Time series of survey catch rates for all species comparisons in this analysis	442-445
Figure 3.9.2. Time series of SLSCR indices of relative fishing power for all species comparisons in this analysis	446-449
Figure 3.11.1. Results of fishing power calibration studies for NOAA R/Vs <i>Albatross IV</i> and <i>Delaware II</i> during two time periods	455
Figure 3.11.2. Calculated ratios of <i>Albatross</i> to <i>Delaware</i> surveys that can be detected at the 0.05 level of significance, using a twotailed test	456
Figure 5.1.1. Status of 19 Northeast groundfish stocks relative to status determination criteria of fishing mortality and stock biomass	464
Figure 5.1.2. Changes in stock biomass (spawning biomass or total biomass survey index) for 20 Northeast groundfish stocks, 1990-2001	465
Figure 5.1.3. Changes in fishing mortality rate or exploitation rate indices for 19 stocks of Northeast groundfish between 1994 and 2001	466
Figure 5.3. Trends in bottom trawl survey abundance indices, 1963-2001	472
Figure 6.3. Summary of biological sampling for catch-at-age estimation, 1998-2001	477
Figure H23. Predicted shift in average depth distribution for population distribution at depth for varying levels of underestimation of abundance	511