DEBRA W. YANG 1 United States Attorney GARY PLESSMAN Assistant United States Attorney Chief, Civil Fraud Section 3 California Bar No.: 101233 300 North Los Angeles Street Los Angeles, California 90012 (213) 894-2474 Telephone: 5 (213) 894-2380 Facsimile: б ROBERT D. McCALLUM, JR. Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division 7 SONDRA L. MILLS Trial Attorney, Office of Consumer Litigation A United States Department of Justice P.O. Box 386, Ben Franklin Station 20044 Washington, D.C. Telephone: (202) 616-2375 10 Attorneys for Plaintiff United States of America 11 12 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 13 FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 14 WESTERN DIVISION 15 Case No. 4.0 2 - 5 1 1 5 16 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES, FMOX 17 INJUNCTIVE, AND OTHER RELIEF Plaintiff, 18 ν, 19 DC CREDIT SERVICES, INC., a corporation; and 20 21 DAVID COHEN. individually and as an officer of said corporation, 23 Defendants. 24 Plaintiff, the United States of America, acting upon 25 notification and authorization to the Attorney General by the 26 Federal Trade Commission ("Commission"), by its undersigned 27 attorneys, for its complaint alleges as follows: 28

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1. This is an action arising under §§ 5(a), 13(b), and 16(a), of the Federal Trade Commission Act ("FTC Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 45(a), 53(b), and 56(a), the Fair Credit Reporting Act ("FCRA"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1681u, and the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act ("FDCPA"), 15 U.S.C. § 1692, to secure permanent injunctive and other relief for violations of the FTC Act. the FCRA and the FDCPA, and to obtain monetary civil penalties for violations of the FCRA and the FDCPA.

- 2. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1337, 1345, and 1355, and under 15 U.S.C. §§ 45(a), 45(m)(1)(A), 53(b), 57b, 1681s and 16921. This action arises under 15 U.S.C. § 45(a)(1), 15 U.S.C. § 1681s and 15 U.S.C. § 16921.
- 3. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Central District of California under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b-c) and 1395(a), and 15 U.S.C. § 53(b).

# PLAINTIFF

4. This action is brought by the United States on behalf of the Federal Trade Commission. The Commission is an independent agency of the United States Government given statutory authority and responsibility by the FTC Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. §§ 41-58. The Commission is charged, inter alia, with enforcing § 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a), which prohibits unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce, the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1681-1681u, which imposes duties upon consumer reporting agencies and those who furnish information to a consumer reporting agency or use information obtained from a consumer reporting

agency, and the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, which imposes duties upon debt collectors.

#### DEFENDANTS

- 5. Defendant DC Credit Services, Inc. ("DCCSI") is a for-profit corporation organized, existing, and doing business under the laws of the State of California. Its principal place of business is located at 7445 Topanga Canyon Boulevard, Canoga Park. California 91303-2358. At all times relevant to this complaint, defendant DCCSI has transacted business in this district.
- 6. Defendant David Cohen ("Cohen") is president and coowner, with his spouse, of DCCSI. Cohen resides at 6330 Germania
  Court, Agoura Hills, California 91301. Individually and in his
  capacity as president of, and in concert with, DCCSI, defendant
  Cohen has formulated, directed and controlled the acts and
  practices of DCCSI, including the acts and practices alleged
  herein. At all times relevant to this complaint, defendant Cohen,
  individually and acting through DCCSI, has transacted business in
  this district.
- 7. Defendants DCCI and Cohen are "debt collectors" as defined in Section 803(6) of the FDCPA, 15 U.S. C. § 1692a(5).
- 8. Defendants are enjoined from violating various provisions of the FDCPA by virtue of consent orders entered by this Court in 1992 in Civil Action No. 92-3778-AWT(Bx) and in Civil Action No. 92-3777-ER (5x).
- 9. As part of its debt collection activities, defendants furnish information to consumer reporting agencies. As such, defendants are subject to Section 623 of the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2, which imposes a series of duties and prohibitions upon

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#### COMMERCE

10. At all times material to this complaint, defendants have maintained a course of trade in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in Section 4 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 44.

# VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT

#### FIRST COUNT

- 11. Section 623(a)(1)(A) of the FCRA provides that a person shall not furnish information relating to any consumer to a consumer reporting agency if the person knows or consciously avoids knowing that the information is inaccurate.
- 12. Section 623(a)(1)(C) provides, however, that such person shall not be subject to Section 623(a)(1)(A) if such person clearly and conspicuously specifies to a consumer an address for mailing notices disputing the accuracy of said information.
- 13. In numerous instances, in the course and conduct of their business, defendants have furnished information relating to consumers to a consumer reporting agency when defendants knew or consciously avoided knowing that the information was inaccurate.
- 14. In numerous instances alleged in Paragraph 12 in which defendants furnished credit information regarding consumers which they knew or consciously avoided knowing was inaccurate, defendants did not, clearly and conspicuously, specify to the consumers an address for mailing notices disputing the accuracy of said information.
  - 15. The acts and practices alleged in Paragraph 12 under,

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#### SECOND COUNT

- 16. Section 623(a)(2) of the FCRA provides that a person who (A) regularly and in the ordinary course of business furnishes information to one or more consumer reporting agencies about the person's transactions or experiences with any consumer; and (B) has furnished to a consumer reporting agency information that the person determines is not complete and accurate, shall promptly notify the consumer reporting agency of that determination and provide to the agency any corrections to that information, or any additional information, that is necessary to make the information provided by the person to the agency complete and accurate, and shall not thereafter furnish to the agency any of the information that remains not complete and accurate.
- 17. Defendants are persons who regularly and in the ordinary course of business furnish information to one or more consumer reporting agencies about the person's transactions or experiences with any consumer.
- 18. In numerous instances in which defendants have furnished to a consumer reporting agency information that defendants determine is not complete and accurate, defendants have failed to promptly notify the consumer reporting agency of that determination and provide to the agency any corrections to that

19. The acts and practices alleged in Paragraph 16, under the circumstances alleged in Paragraph 17, constitute violations of Section 623(a)(2) of the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2(a)(2). Pursuant to Section 621(a)(1) of the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1681s(a)(1), the acts and practices alleged in Paragraph 16, under the circumstances alleged in Paragraph 17, also constitute unfair or deceptive acts or practices in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a).

#### THIRD COUNT

- 20. Section 623(a)(3) of the FCRA provides that if the completeness or accuracy of any information furnished by any person to any consumer reporting agency is disputed by a consumer, the information must be noted as disputed in the information reported by such person to any consumer reporting agency. This provision does not require consumer disputes to be in writing.
- 21. In numerous instances in which consumers have informed defendants, over the telephone and/or in writing, that they dispute information furnished by defendants to a consumer reporting agency, defendants have not reported the disputes to any or all of the consumer reporting agencies to which they furnish or have furnished the information.
- 22. The acts and practices alleged in Paragraph 20 constitute violations of Section 623(a)(3) of the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2(a)(3). Pursuant to Section 621(a) of the FCRA, 15

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U.S.C. § 1681s(a)(1), the acts and practices alleged in Paragraph 29 also constitute unfair or deceptive acts or practices in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a).

### FOURTH COUNT

- 23. Section 623(a)(5) of the FCRA requires anyone furnishing information to a consumer reporting agency regarding a delinquent account placed for collection, charged to profit or loss, or subjected to any similar action, to provide to the consumer reporting agency, not later than 90 days after furnishing the information, the month and year of the commencement of the delinquency that immediately preceded the action.
- 24. In numerous instances, in the course and conduct of their business, defendants have reported information about debts to consumer reporting agencies using a date of delinquency other than the month and year of the delinquency that immediately preceded the action.
- 25. The acts and practices alleged in Paragraph 23 constitute violations of Section 623(a)(5) of the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2(a)(5). Pursuant to Section 621(a)(1) of the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1681s(a)(1), the acts and practices alleged in Paragraph 23 also constitute unfair or deceptive acts or practices in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a).

# VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT

26. On numerous occasions, in connection with the collection of debts, defendants have engaged in conduct the natural consequence of which is to harass, oppress, or abuse a person, in

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violation of Section 806 of the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692d, including but not limited to using obscene or profane language. or language the natural consequence of which is to abuse the hearer, in violation of Section 806(2) of the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692d(2).

#### SIXTH COUNT

- 27. On numerous occasions, in connection with the collection of debts, defendants have used false, deceptive, or misleading representations or means, in violation of Section 807 of the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692e, including but not limited to the following:
  - a) communicating to persons, including consumer reporting agencies, adverse credit information regarding consumers that was known or should have been known by defendants to be false, in violation of Section 807(8) of the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C.

    § 1692e(8):
  - b) threatening to communicate to persons, including consumer reporting agencies, adverse credit information regarding consumers that was known or should have been known by defendants to be false, in violation of Section 807(8) of the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(8); and
  - in connection with a debt reported by defendants to a consumer reporting agency, failing to communicate to such consumer reporting agency that the debt has been disputed, after it has been disputed, orally

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# CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE FCRA

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28. Except as to violations of Section 623(a)(1), 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2(a)(1), each instance in which each defendant has violated the FCRA since September 30, 1997, the date that the amended FCRA went into effect providing for civil penalties for violations of the law, constitutes a separate violation of the

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FCRA for which plaintiff seeks monetary civil penalties under Section 621 of the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1681s.

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29. Section 621 of the FCRA authorizes the Court to award monetary civil penalties of not more than \$2,500 per violation for violations occurring after September 30, 1997.

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30. Under Section 13(b) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(b), this Court is authorized to issue a permanent injunction prohibiting defendants from violating the FTC Act and the FCRA, including violations of Section 623(a)(1).

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# CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE FDCPA

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31. Defendants have violated the FDCPA as described above, with actual knowledge or knowledge fairly implied on the basis of objective circumstances, as set forth in Section 5(m)(1)(A) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(m)(1)(A).

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32. Section 5(m)(1)(A) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(m)(1)(A), Section 814(a) of the FDCFA, 15 U.S.C. § 16921 and Section 4 of the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act

- 33. Each instance within five years preceding the filing of this complaint, in which each defendant has failed to comply with the FDCPA in one or more of the ways described above, constitutes a separate violation for which plaintiff seeks monetary civil penalties.
- 34. Under Section 13(b) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(b), this Court is authorized to issue a permanent injunction to ensure that defendants will not continue to violate the FDCPA.

# PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff requests that this Court, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 45(a), 45(m)(l)(A), and 53(b), 1681s. and 1692, and pursuant to this Court's own equity powers:

- 1. Award plaintiff such preliminary injunctive and ancillary relief as may be necessary to avert the likelihood of consumer injury during the pendency of this action;
- 2. Enter judgment against defendants and in favor of plaintiff for each violation alleged in this complaint;
- 3. Award plaintiff monetary civil penalties for each violation of the FCRA as alleged in this complaint, except as to violations of Section 623(a)(1), 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2(a)(1);
- 4. Award plaintiff monetary civil penalties for each violation of the FDCPA as alleged in this complaint;
- 5. Enjoin defendants from violating the FDCPA, the FCRA and the FTC Act;
  - 6. Award such relief as the Court finds necessary to redress

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1	injury to consumers resulting	from the defendants' violations of	
2	the FDCPA, the FCRA and the F	FTC Act, including but not limited to	
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4	AC 277		
5	7. rermanently enjoin defendant David Cohen from engaging,		
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	paramotal the costs of billinging this action, as		
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1	DATED: JUNE 27, 2002		
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