

U.S. AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE POPULATION

3.3 million	Number of American Indians and Alaska Natives in 2007 (according to the U.S. census)
561	Number of Federally-recognized American Indian and Alaska Native Tribes

DIABETES IN AMERICAN INDIANS AND ALASKA NATIVES

16.3%	Percent of American Indian and Alaska Native adults who have diagnosed diabetes (compared with 8.7% of non-Hispanic whites)
1,758	Number of American Indian and Alaska Native youth under the age of 19 who have diagnosed diabetes (2005)
68%	Percent increase in diabetes from 1994 to 2004 in American Indian and Alaska Native youth aged 15-19 years
95%	Percent of American Indians and Alaska Natives with diabetes who have type 2 diabetes (as opposed to type 1 diabetes)
30%	Estimated percent of American Indians and Alaska Natives who have pre-diabetes
2.2 times higher	Likelihood of American Indians and Alaska Natives to have diabetes compared with non-Hispanic whites
58%	Increase in diabetes prevalence among American Indians and Alaska Natives aged 20–29 from 1990 to 1998, as compared with 9.1% in the U.S. general population
3 times higher	Death rate due to diabetes for American Indians and Alaska Natives compared with the general U.S. population (2004)

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3.5 times higher	Rate of diabetes-related kidney failure in American Indians and Alaska Natives compared with the general U.S. population (2004)
18.5%	Percent reduction in new cases of kidney failure in American Indians and Alaska Natives from 1999-2004
3-4 times higher	The risk for developing cardiovascular disease in American Indians and Alaska Natives with diabetes compared with American Indians and Alaska Natives without diabetes
66%	Percent of American Indians and Alaska Natives with cardiovascular disease that had diabetes first
GENERAL DIABETES	
15 years	Number of years by which diabetes can shorten a person's life span
\$13,243	Average annual medical care cost for a person with diabetes
\$2,560	Average annual medical care cost for a person without diabetes

The Special Diabetes Program for Indians (SDPI) is responding by implementing the most far-reaching, innovative program to address the growing diabetes epidemic in American Indians and Alaska Natives. The program has helped improve the health and quality of life of thousands of American Indians and Alaska Natives.

See separate Special Diabetes Program for Indians: Facts At-a-Glance fact sheet for more information.

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