# National Climatic Data Center

## DATA DOCUMENTATION

## FOR

DATASET 5913 & 5914 (DSI-5913 & DSI 5914)

Unisys Radio Acoustic Sounding System RASS-6 & -60 (6 min & 60 min)

February 18, 2004

National Climatic Data Center 151 Patton Ave. Asheville, NC 28801-5001 USA

## Table of Contents

Top:	ic	Page	Numbe	er
1.	Abstract			3
2.	Element Names and Definitions:			3
3.	Start Date			6
4.	Stop Date			6
5.	Coverage			6
6.	How to order data			6
7.	Archiving Data Center			6
8.	Technical Contact			6
9.	Known Uncorrected Problems			6
10.	Quality Statement			6
11.	Essential Companion Data Sets			6
12.	References			6

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1. Abstract: Since 1990, the Forecast Systems Laboratory (FSL) has operated the Wind Profiler Demonstration Network (WPDN) to demonstrate and assess the utility of wind profiler technology in a quasi-operational environment, and to help define operational specifications for a possible future U.S. national network.

The first phase of the WPDN was completed in May 1992 with the installation of a network of 32 wind profilers in the U.S. Near continuous real-time data from this network are available to meteorological centers around the world.

The second phase of the WPDN is the addition of Radio Acoustic Sounding System (RASS) sensors to 8 network sites. This phase began in 1993 with the installation of the first RASS unit at Platteville, CO.

RASS is a technique that remotely measures atmospheric (virtual) temperature by combining wind profilers and acoustic sources in such a way that temperature profiles are produced with the same temporal—and spatial—resolution as the radar. The wind profiler measures the speed of refractive index perturbations induced by sound waves generated with the acoustic waves generated with the acoustic sources. This allows the measurement of the local speed of sound as the acoustic waved ascend through the atmosphere. Since the speed of sound is proportional to the square root of the virtual temperature, profiles of virtual temperature are generated at the same heights and temporal frequencies as the wind measurements. Maximum height coverage is determined by attenuation of sound, which is a function radar frequency and meteorological conditions, such as temperature, humidity, and wind speed.

Temperature measurement capability is from -55 degrees Celsius to +45 degrees Celsius with 0.3 degree resolution. Instrumented height range is 6.0 km to be compatible with previous experimental data accumulated to 5.25 km. Range gating is maintained at 250-meter increments.

Shelter-housed system equipment consists of a small rack containing a dual channel audio amplifier and digitally controlled audio sweep generator. RASS signal processing is performed by a dedicated signal processor installed in the existing signal processor chassis. The data processor incorporates additional software to perform the control, monitoring, and algorithm functions. Four acoustic transducers (one in each corner of the antenna array) are used to provide a broad wavefront to maximize the received radar echoes.

#### 2. Element Names and Definitions:

Rass data is transmitted to the control center by both landline (6 minute) and GOES (hourly) systems. GOES RASS data consists of the average temperatures profiles prior to GOES transmissions. Landline data contains temperature profiles measured within the preceding six minute cycle. Each transmission format has been extended to include RASS data.

The following four blocks have been added to the landline format and immediately follow the spectral data block for non-radiometer-selected profilers or follow the radiometer data block for radiometer selected sites.

3

RASS data description block (mode 3, submode 22) - 204 bytes RASS data block (mode 3, submode 1) - 156 bytes

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RASS spectral data description block (mode 3, submode 22) - 188 bytes RASS spectral data block (mode 3, dubmode 1) - 538 bytes Additional new bytes - 1086

### RASS Data Description Block

Number of Element Sets: 12 Number of Bytes/Section: 150

Number of Sections: 1

Element	Start	Number of	Number of	Data	Units
Set	Byte	Bytes/	Bytes/	Rep.	Code
Mnemonic		Element Set	Element	Code	(Octal)
FGH	0	2	2	0	3
ABA	2	2	2	0	37
ABE	4	2	2	0	37
VGW	6	2	2	0	3
VGS	8	2	2	0	3
PRP	10	2	2	0	102
TDA	12	2	2	0	23
NSA	14	2	2	0	23
TSP	16	2	2	0	23
RSP	18	44	2	0	23
TMP	62	44	2	0	2
RVV	106	44	2	0	23

#### Notes:

- 1. RSP, TMP and RVV use 2 bytes per element.
- 2. ABA and ABE are included, in the spirit of the original format specifications, to show that the temperature profile is along the vertical beam. PRP and TSP (assumed to be 512) are included to fully define the radar parameters used in the calculation of the temperature data.
- 3. If RASS data were not acquired, for any reason, during the 6-minute cycle being reported, the RSP, TMP and RVV fields will be zeroed. The remaining fields may be zeroed or can be filled in. Data is valid for the RASS cycle numbers that have been selected via the PMT.

#### GOES Data Transmission Format

RASS Format Code: 244

The minimum transmission is 22 bytes of temperature scaled to fit into the range 1 to 240 (-75...+75 into 1...240). The value 0 signifies no temperature available.

The information word follows the number of bytes i.e. 22 for TMP only, 44 for TMP followed by RSP and 66 for TMP, RSP followed by RVV. RSP and RVV are scaled identically as the wind RSR and RVV data sent over GOES.

RASS PMT Display Operations

The following pages show PMT displays of:

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4

Landline Output Selections Menu RASS Data Description Block RASS Data RASS Operations Menu System LRU Status

## Data Layouts for RASS\_6 and 60 Data

Parameter Name	Elements	Units	F	xx	ууу	Width	Description
LOC_TIME_YEAR		Years	0	04	001	12	Year of
							observation
LOC_TIME_MONTH		Months	0	04	002	4	Month of
							observation
LOC_TIME_DAY		Days	0	04	003	6	Day of
							observation
LOC_TIME_HOUR		Hours	0	04	004	5	Hour of
							observation
LOC_TIME_MINUTE		Minutes	0	04	005	6	Minute of
				0.4	000		observation
LOC_TIME_PERIOD		Minutes	0	04	800	12	Time period of
							displacement
TOO BIND STONESTONES		Q 1 . 1.1	_	0.0	0.01	_	in minutes
LOC_TIME_SIGNIFICANCE		Code table	0	08	021	5	Time
LOC LATITUDE		Do	0	0.5	001	25	significance Station
LOC_LATITODE		Degrees	U	05	001	∠5	latitude (high
							accuracy)
LOC_LONGITUDE		Degrees	0	06	001	26	Station
LOC_TONGITODE		Degrees	U	00	001	20	longitude
							(high
							accuracy)
LOC_STATION_HEIGHT		Meters	0	07	001	15	Height of
		1100022			001		station above
							sea level
LOC_INITIAL_HEIGHT		Meters	0	07	006	15	Height above
							station
LOC_HEIGHT_INCREMENT		Meters	0	07	005	15	Height
							increment
REPEAT_03		Descriptors	1	03	022	0	Repeat the
							following 03
							descriptors 22
Repeat_04							times
D6_RASS_QC	(1-22)	Code table	0	25	034	4	NOAA Wind
							Profile QC
D60_RASS_QC	(1 05)			0.7		_	Test results
D6_RASS_RSP	(1-22)	Decibels	0	21	192	7	RASS spectral
DCO DAGG DCD							peak power
D60_RASS_RSP	(1 22)	D	_	1.0	0.07	1.0	D700
D6_RASS_TEMP	(1-22)	Degrees	0	12	007	12	RASS virtual
DEO DACC MEMO		Kelvin					temperature
D60_RASS_TEMP		Code table	0	62	021	2	Profiler in
RASS_CHECKOUT_FLAG		code cabie	U	02	021	∠	RASS checkout
							mode flag
						l	mode rrag

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5

- 3. Start Date: 19950201
- 4. Stop Date: Ongoing.
- 5. Coverage:

a. Southernmost Latitude: -90.0S
b. Northernmost Latitude: 90.0N
c. Westernmost Longitude: -180.0W
d. Easternmost Longitude: 180.0E

### 6. How to Order Data:

Ask NCDC's Climate Services about the cost of obtaining this data set.

Phone: 828-271-4800 FAX: 828-271-4876

E-mail: <a href="mailto:NCDC.Orders@noaa.gov">NCDC.Orders@noaa.gov</a>

## 7. Archiving Data Center:

Archive Branch National Climatic Data Center 151 Patton Avenue Asheville, NC 28801

## 8. <u>Technical Contact</u>:

National Climatic Data Center 151 Patton Avenue Asheville, NC 28801

- 9. Known Uncorrected Problems: None.
- 10. Quality Statement:
- 11. Essential Companion Datasets:
- 12. References:

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: 6