S Corporation Tax

This publication is a guide, not a complete statement, of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) or Oregon Department of Revenue Administrative Rules (OAR). For more information, refer to the laws and rules on our website, www.oregon.gov/DOR.

New information

General information

Composite return. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, Form OC, *Oregon Composite Return*, will replace Form MNR, *Multiple Nonresident Schedule*. See the "Shareholder tax returns" section for more information.

Withholding requirement. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, an S corporation with one or more non-resident owners that have no other Oregon source income is required to withhold tax. See the "Withholding requirement" section for more information.

Enterprise zones. Effective January 1, 2006, new legislation provides that the director of the Economic and Community Development Department may approve the designation of up to 17 areas as rural enterprise zones, and up to 10 areas as urban or rural enterprise zones. An enterprise zone identified as a non-urban zone is referred to as a rural enterprise zone.

Oregon sales (ORS 314.665). Effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, if a taxpayer's only activity in Oregon is the storage of goods in a public warehouse prior to shipment and the presence of employees within the state is solely for purpose of soliciting sales of the taxpayer's products, then the sale will not be considered to take place in the state of Oregon.

Sale of manufactured dwelling park. Amounts received as a result of the sale of a manufactured dwelling park to a tenant's association, facility purchase association, or tenant's association supported nonprofit organization as described in ORS 90.820; to a community development corporation as described in ORS 458.210; or to a housing authority as defined in ORS 456.005 are exempt from the corporation excise tax. This will take effect for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006 and before January 1, 2008.

Subtractions

Dividends-received deduction. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, the following dividends will not be eligible for the Oregon dividend deduction under ORS 317.267:

- A dividend not treated as a dividend under IRC section 243(d).
- A dividend not treated as a dividend under IRC section 965(c)(3).

• A dividend for which a federal dividend received deduction is not allowed because of IRC section 246(a) or (c).

Credits

Electronic commerce. New legislation expanded the number of zones that may be approved for electronic commerce from four to 10 for applications filed with the Economic and Community Development Department on or after July 1, 2006.

Qualified research activities credits. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, the maximum amount of the credit that may be taken is increased from \$750,000 to \$2 million, and may be carried forward up to five years (ORS 317.152, 317.154).

Due to 2003 legislation, the former limit to five high tech areas no longer applies. Any research qualifying for a federal credit qualifies for the Oregon credit if the research is conducted in Oregon.

University venture fund credit. A credit is allowed for contributions to a university venture development fund when a tax credit certificate has been issued. The credit amount is 60 percent of the certified amount with limitations as to how much can be claimed yearly. Eligible contributions may be made on or after January 1, 2006.

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Checklist of forms and schedules (* indicates form is included in this booklet)

For forms not included in this booklet, go to our website at www.oregon.gov/DOR

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Form number W	ho must file
Form 20Ev	very corporation (except S corporations and insurance companies) doing business in Oregon.
Form 20-IEv	very corporation (except S corporations and insurance companies) with income from an
O	regon source, but not doing business in Oregon. Every Real Estate Mortgage Investment
C	onduit (REMIC) required to file.
Form 20-INSEv	very insurance company doing business in Oregon.
*Form 20-SEv	very S corporation doing business in Oregon or with income from an Oregon source.
*Form 20-VEv	very corporation that needs to make a payment.
Form 24	regon Like-Kind Exchanges/Involuntary Conversions.
*Form 37Ev	very corporation with an underpayment of estimated tax or meeting an exception.
Schedule AFEv	very corporation doing business in Oregon with affiliates.
*Schedule APEv	very corporation apportioning income.
Federal Form 1120S	
	very corporation required to file. (**In general, Oregon's computation of corporation taxable income
be	gins with federal taxable income, with certain modifications. See line instructions for modifications.)

Water transit vessel credit. A credit is allowed based on wages paid to a person employed in Oregon to assist in the manufacture of a water transit vessel. The maximum credit available is the lesser of \$5,000 or 15 percent of the wages paid. Wages must be paid to a person initially hired on or after January 1, 2006. This credit is available for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2013.

Looking ahead

Additions

Prescription drug plans. If you were allowed a deduction for subsidy payments received for prescription drug plans under IRC section 139A for federal tax purposes, you have an addition on your Oregon return for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2008.

Filing information

Who must file with Oregon?

S corporations that are **doing business** in Oregon are required to file an *Oregon S Corporation Tax Return* (Form 20-S) and pay a \$10 minimum excise tax.

S corporations that have <u>income from Oregon</u>, but are not doing business in Oregon are required to file an *Oregon S Corporation Tax Return* (Form 20-S) and are not subject to a minimum tax.

Important information

For processing your return

- **Payments.** Please write the following information on your payments:
 - Oregon business identification number (BIN).
 - Federal employer identification number (FEIN).
 - Tax year 2006.
- Type of tax your payment is for: excise or income.
- Enclose your payment and payment voucher with your Oregon return.
- Form 20-V payment voucher. When filing your tax return, enclose Form 20-V and your tax payment.
- **Estimated payments.** Identify all estimated payments claimed on your return by completing Schedule ES. Include the corporation name and FEIN if a payment was made by an affiliate of the filing corporation.
- Oregon business identification number. Each corporation is identified by a business identification number (BIN) assigned by the department. You have a BIN if you have made payments to the state of Oregon for payroll taxes; workers' compensation; unemployment; or estimated tax for S corporation, excise, or income tax payments. If you do not have a BIN, one will be assigned when your return is received.

On the internet

Refer to our website, www.oregon.gov/DOR, for helpful information about the Corporation Tax program.

Estimated tax

If you expect to owe tax of \$500 or more, the corporation is required to make estimated tax payments. Oregon estimated tax laws are not the same as federal estimated tax laws. Use

Oregon instructions to determine if you need to make estimated tax payments for 2007.

To make estimated tax payments, include Form 20-V with your payment and mail to: Oregon Department of Revenue, PO Box 14780, Salem OR 97309-0469.

Electronic funds transfer (EFT). You must make your Oregon estimated tax payments by EFT if you are required to make federal estimated tax payments by EFT. Information is available on the internet at www.oregon.gov/DOR or by calling the EFT help/message line at 503-947-2017.

Interest on underpayment of estimated tax

You may owe interest on any *underpayment* of estimated tax. To avoid an interest charge, make estimated tax payments as required. If you have an underpayment, refer to Form 37, *Underpayment of Oregon Estimated Tax*.

How to assemble your Oregon tax return

Put your tax return in the following order before mailing:

- 1. Oregon Form 20-S.
- 2. Schedule AP, Apportionment of Income.
- 3. Schedule AF, Schedule of Affiliates.
- 4. Form 37, Underpayment of Oregon Corporation Estimated Tax.
- 5. Form 24, Oregon Like-Kind Exchanges/Involuntary Conversions.
- 6. Worksheet FCG-20, Farm Liquidation Long-Term Capital Gain Tax Rate.
- 7. Other Oregon statements.
- 8. Oregon credit forms.
- 9. Federal Extension, Form 7004.
- 10. Copy of federal tax return and schedules.

Mail tax-to-pay returns to:

Oregon Department of Revenue PO Box 14790 Salem OR 97309-0470

Mail refund returns or no-tax-due returns to:

Refund PO Box 14777 Salem OR 97309-0960

Oregon tie to federal tax law

Oregon law is connected to the laws of the United States and the Internal Revenue Code as they are amended and in effect on December 31, 2004, with two exceptions:

- No connection to the qualified production activities income (QPAI) deduction. An addition on the Oregon return is required, effective January 1, 2005.
- No connection to certain subsidies for prescription drug plans, effective January 1, 2008.

Oregon follows the federal provisions and tax treatment for S corporations owning qualified subchapter S subsidiaries (QSSS).

Consolidated returns. S corporations cannot be included in consolidated federal returns. IRC 1361(b) provides that a corporation that is a QSSS is not treated as a separate corporation. All income, deductions, and credits of the QSSS will be treated as belonging to the parent S corporation.

Filing requirements

File **Form 20-S**, *Oregon S Corporation Tax Return*, if your corporation files federal Form 1120S and meets the excise tax or income tax filing requirements.

Excise tax requirements

S corporations doing business in Oregon must file Form 20-S under the **excise** tax provisions in ORS Chapter 317.

"Doing business" means being engaged in any profit-seeking activity in Oregon not protected by Federal Public Law 86-272. A taxpayer having one or more of the following in this state is clearly doing business in Oregon:

- A stock of goods.
- An office.
- A place of business (other than an office) where affairs of the corporation are regularly conducted.
- Employees or representatives providing services to customers as the primary business activity, such as accounting or personnel services, or services incidental to the sale of tangible or intangible personal property, such as installation of a product or warranty work.

If the S corporation has an **Oregon address**, generally the S corporation will file and pay excise tax.

Excise tax filers with business activity in Oregon are subject to a \$10 minimum tax.

Corporations with **no business activity** in Oregon, even if registered to do business in the state, are **not** subject to the \$10 minimum tax and are not required to file a return. You may still be subject to Oregon corporation income tax if you have income from an Oregon source.

Income tax requirements

S corporations that derive income from sources within Oregon, but whose income producing activity does not actually constitute "doing business" must file Form 20-S under the **income** tax provisions in ORS Chapter 318.

Income is from an Oregon source if it is derived from:

- Tangible or intangible property located in Oregon.
- Any activity carried on in Oregon, whether intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce.

There is no minimum tax for a corporate *income* tax filer.

When you file your first Oregon S corporation return, attach a copy of your federal S corporation election, federal Form 2553. Oregon accepts the election made for federal purposes.

Shareholder tax returns

Shareholders who meet Oregon filing requirements must file an Oregon tax return. Refer to the appropriate Oregon tax returns and instructions, based on what type (individual, corporation, trust, or estate) of taxpayer the shareholder is, and for an explanation of those requirements.

Resident shareholders are taxed on their pro rata share of S corporation income, loss, and deductions from the federal K-1s. Those amounts are modified by Oregon additions and subtractions.

Nonresident shareholders are taxed on their share of modified income from the Federal K-1s multiplied by the S corporation's apportionment percentage from **Schedule AP-1.** See ORS 314.734.

Each individual shareholder of an S corporation may claim their pro rata share of the corporations tax credits if the same credit is allowable for individuals. See ORS 314.752 and OAR 150-314.752. The credit is allowable for the tax year of the individual in which the S corporation's tax year ends.

A pass-through entity is required to file a Form OC, *Oregon Composite Return*, if one or more nonresident owners elect to be included in such return. A nonresident owner is an individual who is not a resident of Oregon, a business entity that has a commercial domicile outside of Oregon, a nonresident trust or a qualified funeral trust.

For more information refer to the *Oregon Composite Return* instructions available on our website or see "Taxpayer assistance."

Withholding requirement

An S corporation with one or more nonresident owners that have no other Oregon source income is required to withhold tax on the owner's distributive share of S corporation income. The requirement is waived if the owner makes an election to join in the filing of a composite return, sends the department a signed *Oregon Affidavit for a Nonresident Owner in a Pass-through Entity*, or meets another exception listed in Oregon Administrative Rule 150-314.775.

The S corporation must withhold 9 percent of the owner's share of distributive income for owners who will file personal income tax returns and 6.6 percent for owners that file corporate excise or income tax returns. The S corporation must send an annual payment on Form 40-ESV for each individual owner or on Form 20-V for each corporate owner. Each payment voucher must include the owners name and tax identification number, and identify the quarter in which the payment is being made. The payment must be made on or before the date the S corporation is required to issue Schedule K-1 to its shareholders.

An S corporation with 50 or more non-electing owners may send one check and one payment voucher for each type of owner. This payment should be accompanied by a schedule identifying each shareholder and the amount of withholding attributable to them.

When is my return due?

Returns for the calendar year are due on or before April 15. When the 15th falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the due date is the next business day. Returns for other tax periods are due on or before the 15th day of the month following the due date of the federal return. **Do not file your return before the end of your tax year.**

Oregon will not charge a **late filing penalty** if the return is filed by the Oregon due date, including extensions. Interest and a 5 percent **late payment penalty** are charged if the tax is not paid by the due date.

If you have an extension, the late payment penalty will not be charged if you:

- Pay at least 90 percent of the tax due on or before the original due date of the return; and
- Pay the balance of the tax when you file within the extension period; and
- Pay any interest due either when the return is filed or within 30 days of the department's billing.

Extension of time for filing

If you need more time to file **both** your federal and Oregon returns:

Oregon accepts the extension you have for your federal tax return. See "When you file your return" below.

If you need an extension of time to file for **Oregon only**:

- Attach a copy of Federal extension Form 7004 to your Oregon return when you file.
- Write "For Oregon only" at the top of the form.
- Complete the information for question 1, and leave questions 2 through 6 blank on Form 7004.
- **Do not** send the federal Form 7004 to the department before you file your Oregon return.

If you're making an extension payment

- Please use Form 20-V when making a payment. Do not use Form 20-V as an extension form.
- Check the "Extension Payment" box when completing Form 20-V.
- Make check payable to "Oregon Department of Revenue."
- **Do not** send a copy of your return or federal extension with your payment.
- Mail any tax due on or before the original due date of your return to avoid penalty and interest. More time to file does not mean more time to pay your tax.

- Mail your payment with Form 20-V to: Oregon Department of Revenue PO Box 14780 Salem OR 97309-0469
- Form 20-V is included with this booklet and also is available on our website at www.oregon.gov/DOR.

When you file your return

- Attach a copy of your extension to the **back** of your Oregon return. It should be the last item before the federal corporation return (see "How to assemble your Oregon tax return").
- Check the "Extension" box on your return.
- Enter the amount of tax paid with your extension on Schedule ES, line 6.

Federal audit changes

If the IRS changes your federal net income for any tax year, you must notify the Oregon Department of Revenue. File an amended Oregon return and attach a copy of the federal audit report. Mail this separately from your current year's return to: Oregon Department of Revenue, PO Box 14777, Salem OR 97309-0960. If you do not amend or send a copy of the federal report, the Oregon Department of Revenue has two years from the date the department is notified of the change by the IRS to issue a deficiency notice. You **must** file an amended return within two years after the date of the federal report to receive a refund.

Amended returns

If you change taxable net income by amending your federal return, you **must** file an amended Oregon return within 90 days. Attach a copy of your amended federal return to your amended Oregon return and explain the adjustments made. Use the tax form for the tax year you are amending and check the "Amended" box.

If you filed Form 20-S and later determined you should file Form 20, check the "Amended" box on Form 20.

On the line for estimated tax payments, enter the net excise or income tax from your original return. Add or subtract prior tax adjustments to your original return tax amount.

Pay all tax and interest due when you file an amended return or within 30 days after receiving a billing notice from the department. Otherwise, you may be charged a 5 percent late payment penalty.

Note: If a deficiency is assessed against any taxpayer as a result of the retroactive adoption of the federal changes, the department will cancel any penalty or interest pertaining to these changes. If a taxpayer files an amended return showing a refund due based on the retroactive adoption of federal changes, the department will not pay interest.

Deferred gain

Corporations may defer, for Oregon tax purposes, all gains realized in the exchange of like-kind property and involuntary conversions under IRC § 1031 or 1033, even though the replacement property is outside Oregon. Oregon will tax the deferred gain when it is included in federal taxable income.

Attach a copy of Oregon Form 24 to your return and check the "Form 24" box if **all** of the following apply:

- The corporation reported deferred gain on a federal Form 8824:
- All or part of the property exchanged or given up was located in Oregon; and
- All or part of the acquired property was located outside of Oregon.

See OAR 150-314.650 and 150-314.665(5) regarding apportionment of deferred gain.

Form 20-S instructions

Heading

Enter all information as requested.

Type of tax. Do you pay an *excise tax* or *income tax* to Oregon? One box must be checked:

- Excise tax if you do business in Oregon.
- Income tax if you have taxable income from Oregon.

Fiscal year. Fill in the starting and ending dates of your fiscal year. These dates are required for processing your tax return.

Name. Enter the complete legal name of the S corporation. If this is a new corporation or the name has changed from the last filed return, please check the "New name" box.

BIN. Your Oregon business identification number is required unless this is your first return filed. A number will be assigned to you when you file your first return.

FEIN. Your federal employer identification number is required. A FEIN is issued by the IRS. If you do not have a FEIN, you must apply to the IRS for one.

Address. Provide the complete address of the S corporation. If the address is new or has changed from last year's return as filed, please check the "New address" box.

Contact person. Enter the name of a contact person for the S corporation.

Web address. Please provide your address as found on the internet for your business.

Telephone number. A telephone number for the corporation or the contact person is required.

Check the appropriate box as it applies to your return if you have any of the following:

- An **extension** is attached.
- Form 37 is attached.
- This is an amended return.
- Form 24 is attached.
- Worksheet FCG-20 is attached.
- Form 8886. If you are required to report listed or reportable transactions to the IRS on Form 8886, check the "Form 8886" box. Retain the form with your Oregon tax records. Do not attach a copy of the form to your Oregon return.
- State School Fund. Check the "OR School Fund" box if you elect to donate the amount of your state surplus tax credit to the Oregon State School Fund. This fund is used for public education in Oregon. The election is made by checking the box on the return. If you check the box, do not use the credit to calculate your net tax. Any state surplus refund credit that you would have received on your *Oregon Corporation Excise Tax Return* will be send directly to the State School Fund. If you check the box, you cannot change your decision after your original return is filed.

Questions

Please answer all questions and provide additional information where necessary for processing your return.

First time filers are required to answer questions A through K.

Question G. If this is the corporation's first return, check the box and provide all information as requested.

Question H. Final returns: A final tax return is required when a corporation has ceased to exist, withdrawn from doing business in Oregon, dissolved, merged, or reorganized. Check the box and provide requested information.

Question J. Taxpayers primarily engaged in utilities or telecommunications may elect to apportion income using double-weighted sales factor formula [OAR 150-314.280(3)]. Check the box if making this election.

Taxpayers in the forest products industry that own or manage at least 300,000, but not more than 400,000 acres, and process at least 20 percent of the total wood chip supply for papermaking from sawmill residue generated within the state, must use the double-weighted sales factor provided in ORS 314.650. Check the box if you fit this requirement.

Question K. Non-apportioning S corporations, enter the amount of Oregon sales, as defined by ORS 314.665.

Line instructions

Tax computation for S corporations with federal taxable income or LIFO benefit recapture. S corporations without federal taxable income, start on line 7.

Line 1. Income taxed on federal Form 1120S. On line 1(a), enter the amount from Form 1120S, Schedule D, Part III, line

16. To determine the amount to enter on line 1(b), refer to federal Form 1120S **instructions**, "Worksheet for line 22a." On Oregon Form 20-S, enter the total of lines 1(a) and 1(b) on line 1. Do not complete these lines unless you have taxable income and tax on federal Form 1120S.

Line 2. Additions. Enter only additions that apply to taxable income included in line 1. See ORS 317.259 through 317.488. Examples of additions that apply to S corporation income are:

- Claim of right income repayment adjustment when credit is claimed. The deduction under IRC section 1341 of the federal return must be added back to federal taxable income on the Oregon return if the Oregon credit is claimed (ORS 317.388).
- Contributions of computers or scientific equipment for research to educational organizations credit. The amount of federal deduction must be added to federal taxable income if the Oregon credit is claimed [ORS 317.151(4)].
- **Dependent care credit.** The business expense deducted for providing dependent care assistance, information, or referral services must be reduced by the amount of dependent care credit claimed [ORS 315.204(7)].
- Gain or loss on disposition of depreciable property. The difference in gain or loss on sale of business assets when the Oregon basis is less than it is for federal purposes (ORS 317.356).
- Interest income. State, municipal, or other interest income excluded from federal taxable income. Reduce the addition by any interest incurred to carry the obligations and by any expenses incurred in producing this interest income. Income tax filers should not include interest on State of Oregon obligations.
- Oregon excise tax and other state or foreign taxes on or measured by net income or profits.
- **QPAI deduction.** Add to federal taxable income the amount of QPAI deduction per IRC 199 claimed on the federal return.

Line 3. Subtractions. Enter only subtractions that apply to income included in line 1. See ORS 317.259 through 317.488. Examples of subtractions for S corporations are:

- Film production labor rebate. The amount of rebate received and included on the federal return is allowed as a subtraction on the Oregon return.
- **Interest on obligations** of the United States and its instrumentalities included in line 1. **This applies to income tax** filers only.
- Temporary dividends-received deduction. Dividends from controlled foreign corporations are deductible to the extent deductible for federal tax purposes per IRC 965.
- The difference in gain or loss on sale of assets when the Oregon basis is greater than it is for federal purposes.

Line 7. Tax. Oregon minimum tax of \$10 is required for excise taxpayers. Income taxpayers do not pay a minimum tax.

Line 8. Tax adjustments. Enter the **net** amount of both adjustments on this line:

- Interest on certain installment sales. Interest you owe on deferred tax liabilities with respect to installment obligations under ORS 314.302. Attach a schedule showing how you figured the interest.
- Net long-term capital gain from farm property. Subtract the amount of adjustment for tax on net long-term capital gain from farm property (ORS 317.063) from line 9 of Worksheet FCG-20, Farm Liquidation Long-Term Capital Gain Tax Adjustment.

Line 10. Credits against tax. Taxpayers must take the full amount of credit allowed per year, to the extent of the tax liability (ORS 314.078).

Only credits carried forward from C corporation years are allowed to offset the tax on built-in gains [ORS 314.740(5)(b)]. No credits are allowed to offset the tax on excess net passive income. Attach a list of credits claimed and the required credit form listed below. **Credits with a carryover provision are:**

- Alternative fuel vehicle fueling stations (ORS 317.115).
- Bone marrow donor expense (ORS 315.604).
- Child Care Division and community agency contributions (ORS 315.213).
- Contribution of computers or scientific equipment for research (ORS 317.151).
- Crop donation (form 150-101-240) (ORS 315.156).
- Dependent care (form 150-102-032) (ORS 315.204).
- Diesel engine replacement (notes following ORS 315.356).
- Electronic commerce in designated enterprise zone (ORS 315.507).
- Emission reducing production technology or process (ORS 315.311).
- Employee and dependent scholarship program payments (ORS 315.237).
- Energy conservation facilities (ORS 315.354, 315.356, 469.185).
- Farmworker housing project investment (ORS 315.164, 315.167, 315.169).
- Film production development contribution (ORS 315.514).
- First Break program (ORS 315.259).
- Fish habitat improvement (ORS 315.134).
- Fish screening devices (ORS 315.138).
- Individual development account (ORS 315.271).
- Lenders loans for affordable housing (ORS 317.097, 317.112).
- Long-term enterprise zone facilities (ORS 317.124, 317.125).
- Mile-based or time-based motor vehicle insurance (notes following ORS 317.122).
- On-farm processing facilities (ORS 315.119).
- Pollution control facilities (ORS 315.304).
- Qualified research activities (form 150-102-128) (ORS 317.152, 317.153, 317.154).
- Reclaimed plastics recycling (ORS 315.324).
- Reforestation (ORS 315.104, 315.106).
- University venture fund credit (ORS 315.521).

- Voluntary removal of riparian land from farm production (ORS 315.113).
- Water transit vessel credit (ORS 315.517).

See www.oregon.gov/DOR/BUS/docs/102-694-9.pdf to learn more about *Tax Credits for Corporations*.

Line 13. Tax adjustment for LIFO benefit recapture. Make this adjustment in the first three years after a C corporation becomes an S corporation. Add one-third of the tax that was deferred on the final C corporation return (ORS 314.750).

Line 15. Estimated tax payments and other prepayments. Fill in the total estimated tax payments for tax year 2006 from Schedule ES. Include payments made with an extension.

Line 18. Penalty. Include a penalty payment if you:

- Mail your payment of tax due after the original due date (even if you have an extension), **or**
- File your tax return showing tax due after the due date, including any extension.

Penalty is 5 percent of the unpaid balance of your tax.

If you have an extension, the late payment penalty will not be charged if you:

- Pay at least 90 percent of the tax due on or before the original due date of the return; **and**
- Pay the balance of the tax when you file within the extension period; and
- Pay any interest due either when the return is filed or within 30 days of the department's billing.

If you file more than three months after the original or extended due date, add an additional penalty of 20 percent of the unpaid tax. If you do not file returns for three consecutive years by the due date of the third year's return, including extensions, you must pay a 100 percent penalty on the tax liability for each tax year.

Include any penalty due on Form 20-S, line 17.

Line 19. Interest. If you do not pay the tax by the due date, interest will be charged on the unpaid tax. Interest periods generally begin on the 16th day of the month the return is due. Returns are due on the 15th unless the 15th falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday. Interest is figured daily for periods of less than a month. A month, for example, is May 16 to June 15. Interest rates may change once a calendar year.

To calculate interest due:

- Tax × Annual interest rate × Number of full years.
- Tax × Monthly interest rate × Number of months.
- Tax × Daily interest rate × Number of days.

Interest rates and effective dates:

For periods beginning	Annual	Monthly	Daily
January 1, 2007	9%	0.75%	0.0247%
January 1, 2006	7%	0.5833%	0.0192%

Interest accrues on any unpaid tax during an extension of time to file.

For more information, see *Computing Interest on Tax You Owe*, www.oregon.gov/DOR.

Additional interest on deficiencies and delinquencies. Interest will increase by one-third of 1 percent per month (4 percent yearly) on deficiencies or delinquencies if the following occurs:

- You file a return showing tax due, or the Department of Revenue has assessed an existing deficiency, and
- The assessment is not paid within 60 days after the notice of assessment is issued, and
- You have not filed a timely appeal.

Line 20. Interest on underpayment of estimated tax. Enter interest due from underpayment of estimated tax. You have an underpayment if you paid less than 100 percent of the tax due on each estimated tax payment due date. Interest on underpayment will not be imposed if net tax on Form 20-S, line 14, is less than \$500 on your 2006 return.

If you have an underpayment, you must file Form 37, *Underpayment of Oregon Corporation Estimated Tax* with your return.

Use Form 37 to:

- Calculate the amount of underpayment of estimated tax;
- Compute the amount of interest you owe on the underpayment; or
- Show you meet an exception to the payment of interest.

Form 37 is provided with these instructions and is available on our website at www.oregon.gov/DOR.

Line 22. Total due. Enclose your check (or money order) and payment voucher with your return. Make your check or money order payable to the "Oregon Department of Revenue." Do not send cash or postdated checks. Please use blue or black ink on your check. **Do not use** gel pens or red ink.

Please include the following information on your check:

- Federal employer identification number (FEIN).
- Oregon business identification number (BIN).
- "Tax year 2006."

Special instructions. Do you owe penalty or interest and have an overpayment on line 17? If your overpayment is less than the total penalty and interest, fill in the result of line 21 minus line 17, on line 22.

Schedule SM instructions

Modifications passed through to shareholders

Line 1. Interest on government bonds of other states. Enter interest the corporation received from states and local governments other than Oregon and its municipalities. Example: Include interest from state of Washington bonds or San Francisco city bonds, but omit interest from Oregon government bonds.

Line 2. Gain or loss on the sale of depreciable property. Enter the difference in gain or loss on the sale of business assets when the Oregon basis is less than it is for federal purposes. See ORS 316.716.

Line 3. Other additions. See ORS 316.680–316.848. Examples of other additions are:

- **Gain from involuntary conversion.** The S corporation shall make the election to defer gain from the involuntary conversion of property owned by it.
- Depletion in excess of basis.
- High yield discount obligation interest.

Line 5. Interest from U.S. government. Enter the amount of interest received from the U.S. government, its instrumentalities, and organizations that invest in U.S. government securities.

Line 6. Gain or loss on the sale of depreciable property. Enter the difference in gain or loss on the sale of business assets when the Oregon basis is greater than it is for federal purposes. See ORS 316.716.

Line 7. Work opportunity credit wage reductions. Were salaries and wages on federal Form 1120S reduced for the work opportunity tax credit? Enter the amount of reduction here.

Line 8. Other subtractions. See ORS 316.680 through 316.848 and ORS 314.734(4) and (5). You may subtract the Oregon corporation tax paid on built-in gains reported on line 1 of the return. Examples of other subtractions are:

- Local government bond interest.
- Like-kind exchanges.
- High yield discount obligation dividends.
- Sale of public utility dividend reinvestment plan stock.
- Depreciation of basis differences due to claiming a federal tax credit.
- Long-term capital gains from sale of farm.

Each shareholder's share of additions and subtractions must be reported to the shareholder. These amounts may be added to the federal K-1s and labeled "Oregon additions" and "Oregon subtractions." Nonresident shareholders must report their ownership percentage of modifications, multiplied by the S corporation's Oregon apportionment percentage from Schedule AP.

Schedule ES instructions

Estimated tax payment instructions

Estimated tax paid for the 2006 tax year. List all estimated tax payments made prior to filing your Oregon return on lines 1 through 4. Enter any refund applied from your 2005 tax return or an Oregon amended return on line 5. Enter payments made with your extension on line 6. On line 7, enter the total of line 1 through 6, then carry total to Form 20-S, line 15. List name and FEIN of payer only if different from corporation filing this return.

Schedule AP instructions

Apportionment instructions

Apportionment and allocation. Apportionment is dividing business income among the states by use of a formula. **Allocation** is the assignment of specific nonbusiness income to a state. A corporation having unitary business activities both inside and outside Oregon must use the apportionment and allocation methods provided under the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act (ORS 314.605 through 314.690) and the rules under ORS 314.280.

The following businesses use modified or different apportionment factors as provided in the following Oregon Administrative Rules (OARs) and laws:

Airlines	.OAR 150-314.280-(I)
Financial corporations	.OAR 150-314.280-(N)
Forest products industry	
Health care service contractors	.OAR 150-314.280-(E)
Insurance companies	.ORS 317.660
Interstate broadcasters	ORS 314.682-314.686
	OAR 150-314.684(4)
	OAR 150-314.686
Interstate river transportation	
companies	.OAR 150-314.280-(L)
Long-term construction contractors	.OAR 150-314.615-(F)
Movie and television production	
companies	.OAR 150-314.615-(H)
Publishing companies	
Railroads	.OAR 150-314.280-(H)
Sea transportation companies	.OAR 150-314.280-(K)
Title insurance companies	
incorporated in Oregon	.OAR 150-314.280-(E)
Trucking companies	.OAR 150-314.280-(J)

Oregon income is the total of the corporation's apportioned and allocated income assigned to Oregon.

Schedule AP must be completed by each corporation carrying on a unitary business both inside and outside Oregon. If another method of assigning income is proposed, Schedule AP still must be completed. A full explanation of the other method must be made.

Schedule AP-1—Apportionment formula

Check the box on question J on the front of your return if one of the following applies:

- Utilities and telecommunications companies may elect to use the alternative apportionment method provided in ORS 314.650 (1999 edition).
- Qualifying forest products industry taxpayers for tax years beginning on or after July 1, 2005, *must* use the double-weighted sales factor method provided in ORS 314.650(2) (2005 edition).

The denominators of the property, payroll, and sales factors include only amounts from the S corporation that filed the

federal return. The numerators of the factors must include the Oregon property, payroll, and sales from the S corporation.

A negative amount is not accepted. Enter zero if the factor is less than zero.

When computing the property, payroll, and sales factor percentages, as well as the Oregon apportionment or alternative apportionment, round the percentage to four decimal places. For example, 12.34558 percent should be 12.3456 percent.

Property factor. (1) Value owned property at original cost. Show the average value during the taxable year of real and tangible personal property used in the business. This is the average of property values at the beginning and end of the tax period. An average of the monthly values may be required if a more reasonable value results.

(2) Value rented property at eight times the annual rental value. Reduce the annual rental value by nonbusiness subrentals.

Enter all owned or rented business property in Column B of Schedule AP-1. Enter business property within Oregon in Column A. See ORS 314.655 and administrative rules.

Payroll factor. Assign payroll to Oregon if:

- The services are performed entirely inside Oregon; or
- The services are both inside and outside Oregon but those services outside are only incidental; or
- Some of the services are performed in Oregon and (a) the base of operation or control is located in Oregon, **or** (b) the base of operation or control is not in any state in which the services are performed, and the employee's residence is in Oregon.

See ORS 314.660 and administrative rules.

Sales factor. Assign sales to Oregon if:

- The property is shipped or delivered to a purchaser in Oregon other than the United States Government; or
- The property is shipped from a warehouse or other place of storage in Oregon; and (a) the purchaser is the United States Government or (b) the corporation is not taxable in the state of the purchaser. See ORS 314.665(3) for exception.

See ORS 314.620 and Public Law 86-272 to determine if a corporation is taxable in another state.

Charges for services are Oregon sales to the extent the services are performed in Oregon. See ORS 314.665 and administrative rules.

Gross receipts from the sale, exchange, or redemption of intangible assets cannot be included in the sales factor if not derived from your primary business activity.

The net gain from sales, exchanges, or redemption of intangible assets that are not derived from your primary business activity are included in the sales factor if the gains are business income.

Schedule AP-2—Taxable income computation

Business and nonbusiness income. "Business income" is income arising from transactions and activities in the regular course of the taxpayer's business. It includes income from tangible and intangible property related to the regular business operation.

Examples of business income are:

- Sales of products or services;
- Rents, if property rental is a related business activity;
- Royalties, if the patent, processes, etc., were developed by or used in the business operation;
- Gain or loss on the disposal of business property; and
- Interest income on trade receivables or installment contracts arising out of the business or from the investment of working capital.

"Nonbusiness income" means all income other than business income. Rents, royalties, gains or losses, and interest also can be nonbusiness income if they arise from investments not related to the taxpayer's business. Nonbusiness income is allocated to a particular state based upon the source of the income. Gain or loss from the sale of a partner-

ship interest may be allocable to Oregon [ORS 314.635(4)]. A schedule of nonbusiness income must be attached to the return. The amounts allocable to Oregon must be added to Oregon's apportioned income. See ORS 314.610 and administrative rules.

Line 3. Subtract: Gains from prior year installment sales included in line 1. OAR 150-314.615-(G) requires that installment gains be apportioned to Oregon using the average percent from the year of the sale rather than the year payment is received.

Line 8. Add: Gains from prior year installment sales apportioned to Oregon. Multiply the installment gains subtracted on line 3 by the average percent from the year of the sale.

Line 10. Net loss and net capital loss deduction.

- Oregon net loss carried over from a year the corporation was a C corporation is allowed as a deduction.
- Income from built-in gains may be offset by net loss deductions [ORS 314.740(4)].

SCHEDULES FOR COMPUTING OREGON APPORTIONMENT PERCENTAGE

These schedules are for corporations having business activities both inside and outside of Oregon. If the corporation's business activities are all within Oregon, do not use this form.

Oregon standard apportionment method

Business income is apportioned to Oregon by multiplying the income by a multiplier equal to Oregon sales and other receipts as determined by Schedule AP-1, divided by total sales and other receipts from the federal return. See ORS 314.650.

	(A)	(B)	$_{-}(C) = (A \div B) \times 100$
1. Total sales and other receipts (Schedule AP-1, line 17)			
2. Oregon apportionment percentage (enter on Schedule AP-1, line 18)		2	%

Alternative apportionment method (double-weighted sales factor formula) for utility or telecommunication corporations and qualified forest products taxpayers

Taxpayers primarily engaged in utilities or telecommunications may elect to apportion business income using the double-weighted sales factor provided in ORS 314.650 (1999 edition).

Qualifying forest products industry taxpayers must apportion business income using the double-weighted sales factor formula provided in ORS 314.650(2) (2005 edition).

Check the box for question J on page 1 of Form 20-S if this election applies. All others use the Oregon standard apportionment schedule above.

	(A)	(B)	$(C) = (A \div B) \times 100$
1. Total owned and rented property (Schedule AP-1, line 8)			%
2. Total wages and salaries (Schedule AP-1, line 11)			%
3. Total sales and other receipts (Schedule AP-1, line 17)			%
4. Total sales and other receipts (same as line 3 above)			%
5. Total percent (add lines C1–C4 above)		5	%
6. Number of factors with a positive number in column B		6	
7. Alternative apportionment percentage (divide line 5 by line 6; enter on Schedule AP-	1, line 18)	7	%

Taxpayer assistance

www.oregon.gov/DOR

- Download forms and publications.
- Get up-to-date tax information.
- E-mail: corp.help.dor@state.or.us

This e-mail address is not secure and confidentiality cannot be ensured. General tax and policy questions only.

Telephone

Salem	503-378-4988
Toll-free from Oregon prefix	-800-356-4222

Call one of the numbers above to hear recorded tax information or order tax forms.

For help from Tax Services, call one of the help numbers:

Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday	7:30 a.m.–5:10 p.m.
Wednesday	10:00 a.m.–5:10 p.m.
April 2-April 16, Monday-Friday	7:00 a.m.–7:00 p.m.
Saturday, April 14	9:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m.
Wait times may vary. Closed on holidays.	

Asistencia en español:

Salem	503-945-8618
Gratis de prefijo de Oregon	1-800-356-4222

TTY (hearing or speech impaired; machine only):

Salem	503-945-8617
Toll-free from Oregon prefix	1-800-886-7204

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA): Call one of the help numbers for information in alternative formats.

Correspondence

Include your BIN or FEIN and a daytime telephone number for faster service. **Write to:** Oregon Department of Revenue, 955 Center St NE, Salem OR 97301-2555.

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Oregon	\cdot 200	16	20	C			Payment
S Corpo	ration · ∠∪ ∪		· Z U	-0	•		•
Tax Retu		iscal year beginning	Fiscal year e	ending	1	2	3
lax Hote	• ☐ Income Tax	/ /	• /	1	•	•	•
Name:	- Intoffic Tax	, ,	,		EIN:		Extension
ivanie.					IN:		Form 37
Address				• 0	IIV.		
Address:							Amended
							Form 24
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FO	R FUTURE COMPUTER US	E ONLY					
Complete A the	rough D only if this is your first retur	n or the answer ch	hanged dur	ing 2006.			
A. Incorporated	in (state); • Incorporated on (date)	B. State of commercia	al domicile	C. Date but	ısiness activity beç	gan in Oregon	D. Business Activity Co.
• E. List the tax ye	ears for which federal waivers of the statute	of limitations are in effe	ect and dates	on which wai	ivers expire; if mor	e than four year	ars, see instructions
F. List the tax vea	ars for which your federal taxable income was ch	nanged by an IRS audit of	or by an ameno	ded federal retu	urn filed during this t	ax vear: if more	than four years, see instruction
		3,	,		3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , ,
G. If first return	indicate	Name of previous b	nucinace				
l		Name of previous b	Jusiness				
☐ New bi	usiness, or						
☐ Succes	ssor to previously existing business	FEIN			BIN		
H. If final return	n, indicate	Name of merged or	r reorganized	corporation			
Withdra	awn						
Dissolv	·	FEIN			BIN		
I =	•				Biit		
	d or reorganized						
	mount from federal Form 1120S, line 2				_		
J. Utility, telec	communications, or timber companies:	see instructions			• J <u>_</u>		
K. If you did n	ot complete Schedule AP, fill in the am	ount of your Oregor	n sales		• K		
-							
	S Corporations without federal tax	able income, start	on line 7.		Round	all amounts	to the nearest whole do
	Income taxed on federal Form 112		011 11110 11		7104714	an announto	to the hourder whole de
	(a) Built-in gains				⊢ _		
	(b) Excess net passive income						
	2. Additions					• 2	
	3. Subtractions					• 3	
Staple	4. S corporation income before net lo	ss deduction (line 1	1 plus line 2	, minus line	3)	4	
payment here	If income is derived from sources by						
	5. Net loss from prior years as C corpo	_				. 5	
	• •						
	6. Oregon taxable income (line 4 min				ne II)	• б	
	7. Tax (6.6 percent of line 6) (excise						
	8. Tax adjustments						
	9. Total tax (line 7 plus line 8)					9	

	1	0. Credits against tax (attach schedule and explanation)								
	1	1.	Tax after credits (line 9 minus line 10) (excise tax ne	ot less tl	han minimun	n tax	α)		11	
	1	2.	2. State surplus refund credit (0% of line 11)							
	1	3.	. Tax adjustment for LIFO benefit recapture • 13							
	1	4.	Net tax (line 11, minus line 12 plus line 13) (excise $$	tax not l	ess than mir	nimu	m tax)		• 14	
	1	5.	2006 estimated tax payments from Schedule ES. Ir	nclude p	ayments ma	de w	vith extens	sion	• 15	
	1	6.	Tax Due. Is line 14 more than line 15? If so, line 14	minus I	ine 15			Tax Due	• 16	
	1	7.	Overpayment. Is line 14 less than line 15? If so, lin	ne 15 mi	nus line 14		Ove	rpayment	• 17	
	1	8.	Penalty due with this return		18					
	1	9.	Interest due with this return		19					
	2	0.	Interest on underpayment of estimated tax (attach I	Form 37) • 20					
			Total penalty and interest (add lines 18 through 20)							
	2	2.	Total Due (line 16 plus line 21)					Total Due	22	
	2	3.	Refund available (line 17 minus line 21)					Refund	23	
	2	4.	Amount of refund to be credited to 2007 estimated	tax			20	007 Credit	• 24	
	2	5.	Net Refund (line 23 minus line 24)				N	et Refund	25	
			EDULE SM — OREGON MODIFICATIONS PA							
			me passed through to the shareholders is adjusted to e provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, Chapters 31							
-							i lederal c	oriedale it	1 11110	
ADDIT			Interest on government bonds of other states	•	•	-				
			Gain or loss on the sale of depreciable property							
			Other (attach schedule)			$\overline{}$				
		4.	Total Oregon additions						4	
CLIDTO	PACTIONS	5	Interest from U.S. government, such as Series EE and HH bonds	/K₋1 line	\ \ 5]
30016			Gain or loss on the sale of depreciable property							
			Work opportunity credit wage reductions			-				
			Other (attach schedule)	•	,					
			Total Oregon subtractions						9	
		٠.	Total Crogon outsidesions							
			SCHEDULE ES — ESTIMATED	PAYME	NTS OR C	TH	ER PREI	PAYMEN	ΓS	
		П	Name of payer	Payer F				of Payment	Ť	Amount Paid
1. V	oucher 1					1	/	/	1	
2. V	oucher 2					2	/	1	2	
3. V	oucher 3					3	/	1	3	
4. V	oucher 4					4	/	1	4	
5. C	verpayme	nt c	of last year's tax elected as a credit against this year	r's tax					5	
			le with extension or other prepayments for this tax y			6	/	/	6	
			ents (carry to line 15 above)						7	
Und	ler penalti	es	of false swearing, I declare that I have examin	ned this	return, inc	ludi	ng accor	npanying	sche	dules and statements.
			y knowledge and belief it is true, correct, and							
dec			ased on all information of which the preparer h	as any	knowledge).				
SIGN	Signature of	offic	cer		Signature of p	repar	er other thai	n taxpayer	Licens	e number of preparer
HERE	X				Χ				•	
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	DIEACE		TTACH A COMPLETE CODY OF YOUR FED	EDAL	FODRA 440	000	AND CO	HEDIII E	2 IN14	CLUDING ALL K 1-

PLEASE ATTACH A COMPLETE COPY OF YOUR FEDERAL FORM 1120S AND SCHEDULES, INCLUDING ALL K-1s				
Mail refund returns and no tax due returns to:	Mail tax-to-pay returns to:			
Refund, PO Box 14777, Salem OR 97309-0960	Oregon Department of Revenue, PO Box 14790, Salem OR 97309-0470			

SCHEDULE AP — APPORTIONMENT OF INCOME for Form 20-S

Describe the nature and location(s) of your Oregon business activities:

SCHEDULE AP-1 — APPORTIONMENT INFORMATION

Property factor - Value of real and tangible personal property used in the unital	y	(Do not enter an	amount less than zero)
business (owned, at average value; rented, at capitalized value)		(A)	(B)
Owned property (at original cost; see instructions):	7	Total within Oregon	Total within and without Oregon
1. Inventories	1		
2. Buildings and other depreciable assets	2		
3. Land	3		
4. Other assets (attach description)	4		
5. MINUS: Construction in progress	5		
6. Total of lines 1–5 (add lines 1–4, then subtract line 5)	6		
7. Rented property (capitalize at 8 times the rental paid)	7		
8. Total owned and rented property (add lines 6 and 7)	8 •		•
Payroll factor—Wages, salaries, commissions, other compensation to employed	es:		
9. Compensation of officers.			
10. Other wages, salaries, and commissions	10		
11. Total wages and salaries (add lines 9 and 10)			•
Sales factor—Sales delivered or shipped to Oregon purchasers:			
12. Shipped from outside Oregon	12		
13. Shipped from inside Oregon			
Sales shipped from Oregon to:			
14. The United States government	14		
15. Purchasers in a state or country where the corporation is not taxable			
16. Other business receipts			
17. Total sales and other business receipts (add lines 12–16)			•
Go to worksheets on page 10 before completing line 18. 18. Oregon apportionment percentage. Enter the amount from the appropriate	schedule on pag	je 101	8%
SCHEDULE AP-2 — TAXABLE INCOME COMPUTATION			
1. Net income from business both in Oregon and other states (from Form 20-S, li	ne 4)		1
2. Subtract: Net nonbusiness income included in line 1. Attach schedule			2
3. Subtract: Gains from prior year installment sales included in line 1. Attach sch	edule		3 •
4. Total net income subject to apportionment (line 1 minus line 2 and line 3)			4
5. Oregon apportionment percentage (from Schedule AP-1, line 18)			5 × %
6. Income apportioned to Oregon (line 5 times line 4)			6
7. Add: Net nonbusiness income allocated entirely to Oregon. Attach schedule			7 •
8. Add: Gain from prior year installment sales apportioned to Oregon. Attach sch			
9. Total of lines 6, 7, and 8			9
10. (a) Oregon apportioned net loss from prior years			
(b) Net capital loss from other years [from tax year(s)]		
Total loss (line 10a plus line 10b)		1	0 •
11. Oregon taxable income (line 9 minus line 10) (carry to Form 20-S, line 6)		-	I1

Tax Year:

50RM **37**

UNDERPAYMENT OF OREGON CORPORATION ESTIMATED TAX

O1					
Name of Corporation as Shown on your Oregon Corporate Return	Oregon Business Identification Number Federal Employer Identification Number				
Current and Prior Year Information					
1. Net Excise or Income tax (from Form 20, Form 20-I, F	orm 20-S, o	r Form	20-INS)	1	
2. Prior year's tax liability (high income taxpayers, see	instruction	s)		2	
PART I — Underpayment. To figure your underpayment	nt, fill in lines	3 thro	ugh 9.		
3. Divide the amount on line 1 by the number of payments required for the year (usually 4). Fill in the result for the quarters you owed estimated tax 3	First Qua	rter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
4. Estimated tax paid this year for each quarter 4					
5. Refund from last year applied to this year's tax 5					
6. Overpayment from line 8 from previous quarter 6					
 7. Total tax paid (add lines 4, 5, and 6)					
PART II — Exceptions to Paying Interest. Exception a Check box if last year's tax due was \$10 and you are not a "high-income taxpayer" (see instructions).	First Qua	rter	Second Quarter 25% of line 1	Third Quarter 25% of line 1	Fourth Quarter 25% of line 1
 10. Exception 1—Current year's tax due	25% of line		25% of line 2	25% of line 1	25% of line 1
quarter only) (see instructions)	25% of line	20	25% of line 20	25% of line 20	25% of line 20
You will NOT be subject to interest on underpayment o or exceeds the amounts for one of the exceptions (line					
Exception 3 Worksheet — To figure your annualized in	ncome, use t	he forn	nula and chart below	V.	
Actual income × Factor = Annualized income	First Qua	rter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Ending date of annualization period (see instructions)					
annualized period (see instructions)					
17. Annualized income (line 16 × line 15)					
18. Annualized tax (0.066 × line 17)					
19. Less tax credits available at end of quarter 19					
20. Net annualized tax (use to figure line 12)					

Part III - Interest on Underpayments. (See instructions below.)

21. Amount of underpayment for each quarter. If	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
you met an exception, enter -0 If not, enter				
amount from Part I, line 921				
22a. Date estimated payment was due22a				
22b. Date underpayment amount was paid or the				
due date of the return, whichever is earlier 22b				
23. Number of full months between dates				
on line 22a and 22b				
24. Number of days in a partial month between				
dates on line 22a and 22b				
25. Number of full months on line 23 × monthly				
interest rates × line 21				
26. Number of days on line $24 \times daily$				
interest rates × line 21				
	a.	b.	C.	d.
27. Interest due (line 25 plus line 26)27				
28. Total interest due (add line 27, columns a, b, c, and d)		28	

Enter the amount from line 28 above on the "interest on underpayment of estimated tax" line of Form 20, Form 20-I, Form 20-S, or Form 20-INS. Attach this form to your return and check the appropriate box at the top of your return to indicate "Form 37 is attached."

FORM 37 INSTRUCTIONS

If your tax on the prior year's return was not over \$10, interest on any underpayment will not be imposed. (This exception does not apply to high-income taxpayers.) High-income taxpayers may use Exception 2 for their first quarter only (see below).

A "high-income taxpayer" is one that had federal taxable income, before net operating loss and capital loss carryovers and carrybacks, of \$1,000,000 or more in any one of the last three tax years, not including the current year.

Line 11—Exception 2. You qualify to use this exception if the prior year's return (1) covers a period of 12 months and (2) shows a liability.

You meet this exception if the current year's tax you paid (Part I, line 7) is equal to or more than the amount of net income tax reported on your prior year's tax return. Each quarterly installment must be paid on or before its due date.

Low income taxpayer. If you paid estimated tax during the first quarter equal to or greater than the net tax for the prior tax year, you qualify for exception two for the entire year and owe no interest on underpayment of estimated tax.

High income taxpayer. This exception only applies to the **first** installment payment of a high income taxpayer. If you meet this exception, any reduction to the first installment payment due to this exception **must** be added to the second installment payment.

The reduction amount is the lower of the actual underpayment (difference between line 3 and line 7) in the first quarter column, or the difference between the amount on line 11 and the next lowest exception amount in the first installment column. Add the reduction from the first quarter to the amount on line 3 and the lowest amount on line 10, 12, or 13 in the column for the second quarter.

Line 13—Exception 4. This applies to taxpayers with recurring seasonal income. The taxpayer must pay, by each installment due date, an amount equal to 100 percent of the amount by applying Section 6655(e)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) to Oregon taxable income. Attach a schedule of your computation.

Line 14—Annualization periods. If you did not elect to use the optional annualization periods for federal purposes allowable under section 6655(e)(2)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code, you must use the standard Oregon annualization periods provided in ORS 314.525(2)(c)(A). If you elected to use the optional annualization periods for federal purposes, you must use the same annualization periods for Oregon.

Months in Annualization Periods

18	t Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Standard Oregon Periods	3	3 or 5	6 or 8	9 or 11
Federal Option #1	2	4	7	10
Federal Option #2	3	5	8	11

Line 16—Annualization factors. The annualization factor is based on the number of months in the annualization period.

Annualization Factor

Number of Months	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Annualization Factor	6	4	3	2.4	2	1.714	1.5	1.333	1.2	1.091

Lines 27 and 28—Interest is computed on the underpayment amount from Part III, line 21. Interest rates may change once a calendar year. The chart below shows the interest rates and effective dates.

Interest Rates					
For Periods Beginning	Annual	Monthly	Daily		
February 1, 2002	8%	0.6667%	0.0219%		
February 1, 2003	7%	0.5833%	0.0192%		
January 1, 2004	6%	0.5000%	0.0164%		
January 1, 2005	5%	0.4167%	0.0137%		
January 1, 2006	7%	0.5833%	0.0192%		
January 1, 2007	9%	0.7500%	0.0247%		

OREGON CORPORATION TAX PAYMENT VOUCHER INSTRUCTIONS

Use this form to send the following payments:

- Tax due when you file your original return for any year.
- Tax due by the return due date, if you are filing your return on **extension**.
- Estimated tax payments for any quarterly due date. Fill in the quarter for which the payment is intended.
- Tax due with an amended return for any tax year.

Do not use this voucher if you are sending your payment electronically (EFT).

Helpful tips:

- Tax Year: Check the box for calendar or fiscal year. If you are a fiscal year filer, fill in the beginning and ending dates of your tax year.
- **BIN:** Fill in your BIN (Oregon business identification number) if known. If this is your first filing with the department, leave blank and a BIN will be assigned.
- **FEIN:** Fill in your FEIN (federal employer identification number).
- Composite Return: Check this box if you are a pass-through entity making a payment on behalf of corporate owners electing to be part of a Composite Return.
- Include the voucher with your check in the same envelope. If you are making a payment and filing your return at the same time, put the voucher, check, and tax return in the same envelope to ensure faster processing.

Make your check payable to: Oregon Department of Revenue. To ensure proper credit to your account, write the filer's name, BIN or FEIN, and tax year (quarter if applicable) on your check.

Mailing information:

Estimated and extension payments:	Oregon Department of Revenue PO Box 14780 Salem OR 97309-0469
All other payments:	Oregon Department of Revenue

PO Box 14790 Salem OR 97309-0470

This voucher is not an extension to file. Oregon accepts the extension you have for your federal return. If you need an extension of time to file for Oregon only, fill out the federal extension form and write "for Oregon only" at the top. Do not send a copy now. Include the extension form when you file your return, and check the "Extension" box.

✓ Did you know that you can print additional vouchers at www.oregon.gov/DOR? ---- Always include the completed voucher with your check ---**FORM OREGON CORPORATION TAX PAYMENT VOUCHER** Department of Revenue Use Only 150-102-172 (Rev. 12-06) • Payment Type (check only one): Return ● Tax Year (check only one): Calendar Year: Extension Payment Fiscal Year — Begins: _ Estimated Payment, Quarter: _ Amended Return **Enter Payment Amount** BIN: FEIN: First time filer Name of Filer on Return: New name or address Composite Return (204) City: State: _____ Zip Code: _____