Lane County Mass Transit District	998	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY			
SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX Individual and partnership filings for calendar year 1998	Date rece Penalty d				
or Fiscal Year Mo / Day / Year Mo / Beginning: / 98 Ending: /	Day / Year Code	Тах	P&I	Payment	
st name (if an individual filing)	and initial		Social Securit	y number (SS	SN)
tnership name (if a partnership filing)			Federal emplo	oyer ID numbe	er
iling address		Telephone nur	mber		
State	ZIP Code	County			
d you file Form LTD for 1997?			FOR OFFICE	USE ONLY	
Yes No (if No, give reason)	Extension Filed		2 3	4	5
 Total self-employment earnings from federal Schedule SE. S Apportionment percentage. From line 3d, column C or line 6 or more than 100%. If all your business activity is within the L Net self-employment earnings. Multiply line 1 by line 2 Less: Exclusion. Not more than \$400 per taxpayer. Each tax is the lesser of the taxpayer's self-employment earnings or \$4 Net earnings from self-employment subject to transit district t Tax on self-employment earnings within the Lane Transit Dis Multiply the amount on line 5 by .006	of worksheet on back ane Transit District, fi payer's exclusion 400 ax. Line 3 minus line trict.	. Not less tha ill in 100% 4	n -0- 2 3 4 4 6 6 6 7 D-PAY • 8 9		
11. REFUND . Is line 7 more than line 6? If so, line 7 minus line 6		RE	FUND •11		
Individuals: Attach a copy of federal Schedule SE. If a partnersh federal employer ID number below: Partnerships: Attach a schedule listing each partner's name, Sc		-			me a
Partnership name		Federal em	ployer ID number		
nder penalties for false swearing, I declare that I have examined this return, includ elief it is true, correct, and complete. If prepared by a person other than taxpayer, th				-	-
IGN ERE Your signature Date	- Signature of preparer	other than taxpa	yer	License	e No.
e check or money order payable to:		eturn to: LTE	~~		

Make check or money order payable to):
Oregon Department of Revenue	

APPORTIONMENT WORKSHEET Don't fill in this schedule if all your business activities are within the transit district. Note: If you use the sales factor only, skip lines 1 and 2 of this

worksheet. Fill in the percentage from line 3d, column C, on line 2 on the front of the form.

	Property Factor Value of real and tangible personal property used in the business (owned, at average value; rented, at capitalized value) a. Owned property (at original cost; see instructions below):	(A) Total within the district	(B) Total in and out of the district	(C) Percent within the district (A) ÷ (B)
	Inventories Inventories Buildings and other depreciable assets Inventories Land Inventories Other assets (describe) Inventories Less: construction in progress Inventories) ()	
	Total of section a			
	b. Rented property (capitalize at 8 times the rental paid)			
	c. Total owned and rented property	\$	\$	%
	Wages, salaries, commissions, and other compensation to employees	\$	\$	%
3.	Sales Factor			
-	a. Sales delivered or shipped to purchasers in the district:		_	
	(1) Shipped from outside the district			
	(2) Shipped from inside the district			
	b. Sales shipped from the district to:			
	(1) The United States government (see ORS 314.665(3) for exception)		-	
	(2) Purchasers in a state or country where business income is not taxable (e.g., under Public Law 86-272)			
	c. Other business gross receipts			
	d. Total sales and other business gross receipts	\$	\$	%
4.	Sales factor (same as line 3d)	\$	\$	%
	Total percent (add items 1c, 2, 3d, and 4, within column C)			%
6.	Average percent (divide line 5 by the number of factors in column B (see below). Fill in here and on line 2 on the front of this form)		%	

If some of your business activity is carried on outside the transit district, you may use one of two methods to figure your apportionment percentage.

- 1. Use the entire three-factor formula (above) to find the average percentage,
 - or
- 2. Use the sales factor only.

If you use method 1, you must count the sales factor twice.

Don't count any factor with a zero in column B. For example, if you have only sales and payroll in column B, divide the amount on line 5 by three factors.

If you choose to use method 2, you must continue to use it in future years, unless the Department of Revenue allows you to change it.

PROPERTY FACTOR:

- a. Owned property is valued at original cost. Show the average value during the taxable year of real and tangible personal property used in the business. This is the average of property values at the beginning and the end of the tax period. An average of the monthly values may be required if a more reasonable value results.
- b. Rented property is valued at eight times the annual rent you pay. The annual rent paid must be reduced by nonbusiness subrentals.

Each item of owned or rented business property should be entered in column B. Business property within the district is entered in column A.

PAYROLL FACTOR: Compensation to employees for services performed must be included in the payroll factor. Payroll is assigned to the district if:

- 1. The services are performed entirely inside the district; or
- 2. The services are performed both in and out of the district, but those services performed outside are only incidental; **or**
- 3. Some of the services are performed in the district and, (a) the base of operation or control is located in the district or, (b) the base of operation or control is not in this state or in any state where the employee's services are performed, but the employee's residence is in the district.

SALES FACTOR: The sales factor is the percentage that sales or other business gross receipts within the district compare to sales or other gross receipts everywhere for the taxable year. Other business gross receipts are any items other than sales of tangible personal property.

Sales of tangible personal property are assigned to the district if:

- 1. The property is shipped or delivered to a purchaser in the district; or
- 2. The property is shipped from a warehouse or other place of storage in the district; and (a) the purchaser is the U.S. government or, (b) the business income is not taxable outside the district or in the state of the purchaser. See ORS 314.665(3) for exceptions.

Amounts received for services should be entered on line 3(c), along with other business gross receipts. Charges for services are included in the district to the extent the services are performed in the district.