

Science Topics Monthly Statistics

Web Log Analysis Monthly Report September 2007

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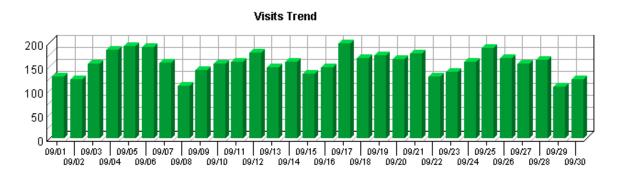
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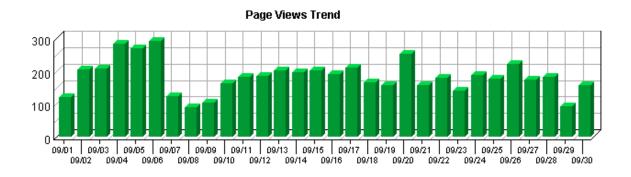
Overview Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the entire report. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.



Visit Summary

Visits	4,685
Average per Day	156
Average Visit Length	00:09:21
Median Visit Length	00:01:43
International Visits	6.13%
Visits of Unknown Origin	64.57%
Visits from Your Country: United States (US)	29.31%

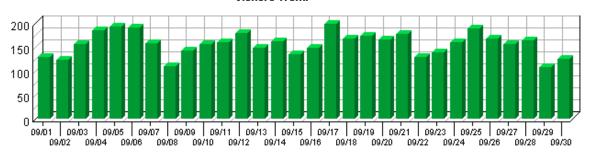


Page View Summary

Page Views	5,458
Average per Day	181
Average Page Views per Visit	1.16

Overview Dashboard 1

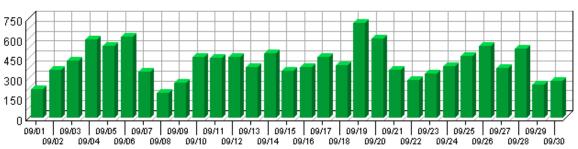
Visitors Trend



Visitor Summary

Unique Visitors	2,720
Visitors Who Visited Once	2,352
Visitors Who Visited More Than Once	368
Average Visits per Visitor	1.72

Hits Trend



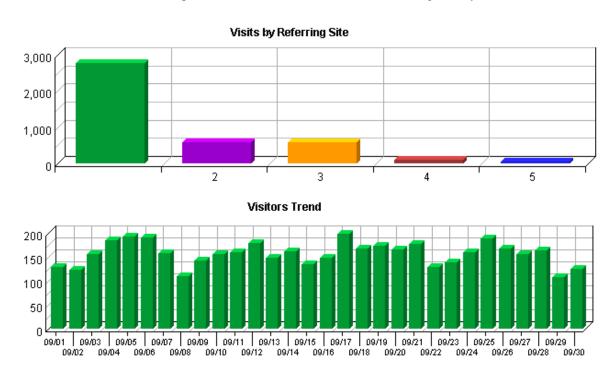
Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	12,490
Average Hits per Day	416
Home Page Hits	448

2 Overview Dashboard

Marketing Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to online marketing activity.



Marketing Dashboard 3

Ads Served Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Ads Served chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

Ads Served Dashboard 5

6 Ads Served Dashboard

Ad Views

This report shows how often specific ads were viewed by visitors.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Ad Views - Help Card

Ad Title – Name of the ad being analyzed.

Ad View Visits – Number of visits by visitors who saw the specified ad. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator. A visitor may see an ad more than once during a visit, but the ad will only be counted once in this table and graph. Contrast this page with the Ad Views page.

Ad Views – Number of times the specified ad was displayed on a page viewed by a visitor.

% – Percentage of visitors who saw the specified ad.

We this information to sell ad space and bill clients.

Ad Views 7

8 Ad Views

Ad Clicks

This report shows how often specific ads were viewed by visitors.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Ad Clicks - Help Card

Ad Title – Name of the ad being analyzed.

Ad Click Visits – Number of visits to your site that resulted in the specified ad being clicked on. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Ad Clicks – Number of times the ad was clicked on by a visitor.

% – Percentage of times the specified ad was clicked on compared with all ads that were clicked on.

You can track the ongoing effectiveness of specific ads and patterns of potential customers throughout a given period. This can be used to help summarize the click—through rate during a marketing campaign.

Ad Clicks 9

10 Ad Clicks

Ads Served Click Through Rate

This report shows you the effectiveness of the ads on your web site.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Ads Served Click Through Rate - Help Card

? Ad Title – Name of the ad being analyzed.

Ad Clicks – Number of times the ad was clicked on by a visitor.

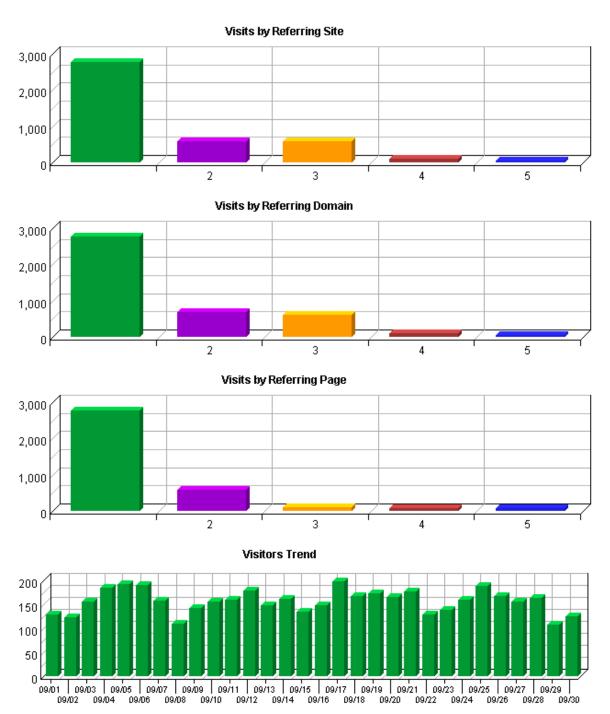
Ad Views – Number of times the specified ad was displayed on a page viewed by a visitor.

Click Thru Rate – Percentage of ads that were clicked on.

 $\mathbf{\hat{q}}$ This report shows you the effectiveness of the ads on your web site.

Referrers Dashboard

The table includes statistics on the total activity for this server during the reporting period. All dates and times refer to the location of the system running the analysis.

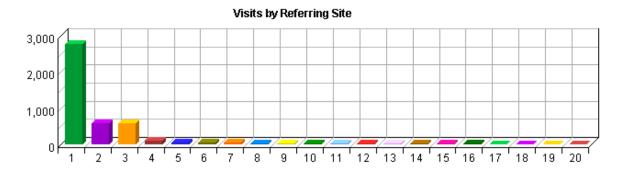


Referrers Dashboard 13

14 Referrers Dashboard

Activity by Referring Site

This report identifies the domain names and IP addresses that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Site

	Site	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	2,781	59.36%
2.	http://www.google.com/	587	12.53%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/	573	12.23%
4.	http://search.yahoo.com/	99	2.11%
5.	http://www.google.co.in/	47	1.00%
6.	http://cfpub.epa.gov/	47	1.00%
7.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/	41	0.88%
8.	http://www.google.ca/	36	0.77%
9.	http://www.google.co.uk/	27	0.58%
10.	http://www.google.com.au/	23	0.49%
11.	http://www.google.it/	23	0.49%
12.	http://www.env-econ.net/	19	0.41%
13.	http://www.epa.gov/	17	0.36%
14.	http://www.google.co.za/	15	0.32%
15.	http://images.google.com/	14	0.30%
16.	http://aolsearch.aol.com/	14	0.30%
17.	http://www.google.com.my/	11	0.23%
18.	http://search.live.com/	11	0.23%
19.	http://www.google.com.br/	9	0.19%
20.	http://www.google.de/	9	0.19%
	Subtotal	4,403	93.98%
	Other	282	6.02%
	Total	4,685	100.00%

Activity by Referring Site - Help Card

Referring Sites – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.

Site – Specific referring site being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified site referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified site.

No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

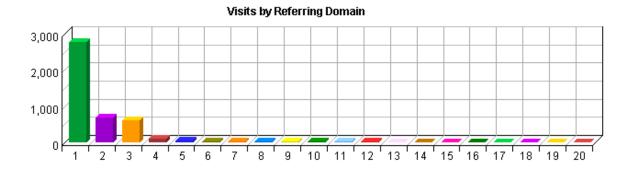
Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

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You can use this page to determine which sites are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Domain

This report identifies the top-level domains that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Domain

	Domain	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	2,781	59.36%
2.	epa.gov	687	14.66%
3.	google.com	604	12.89%
4.	yahoo.com	108	2.31%
5.	google.co.in	53	1.13%
6.	google.ca	38	0.81%
7.	google.co.uk	29	0.62%
8.	google.com.au	24	0.51%
9.	google.it	24	0.51%
10.	aol.com	20	0.43%
11.	env-econ.net	19	0.41%
12.	google.co.za	15	0.32%
13.	live.com	12	0.26%
14.	google.com.my	12	0.26%
15.	google.co.th	9	0.19%
16.	google.com.br	9	0.19%
17.	google.se	9	0.19%
18.	google.de	9	0.19%
19.	google.com.ph	9	0.19%
20.	google.nl	8	0.17%
	Subtotal	4,479	95.60%
	Other	206	4.40%
	Total	4,685	100.00%

Activity by Referring Domain - Help Card

Referring Domain – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.

Domain – Specific referring domain being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified domain referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified domain.

No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

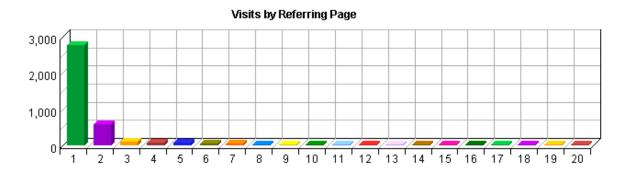
Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

B

You can use this page to determine which domains are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Page

This report provides the pages from the sites with links to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the referrer information.



Activity by Referring Page

	Page	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	2,781	59.36%
2.	http://www.google.com/search	575	12.27%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	105	2.24%
4.	http://search.yahoo.com/ search	68	1.45%
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/	65	1.39%
6.	http://www.google.co.in/ search	47	1.00%
7.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/ epasearch/epasearch	40	0.85%
8.	http://www.google.ca/search	35	0.75%
9.	http://www.google.co.uk/ search	26	0.55%
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/events/ news/2007/07_14_07_feature. html	24	0.51%
11.	http://www.google.com.au/ search	23	0.49%
12.	http://www.google.it/search	23	0.49%
13.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/grants/	22	0.47%
14.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2008/2008_star_fellow.html	20	0.43%
15.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/	19	0.41%
16.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/fellow/	18	0.38%
17.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ results/	16	0.34%
18.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2008/2008_p3.html	15	0.32%
19.	http://www.google.co.za/ search	15	0.32%
20.	http://aolsearch.aol.com/aol/ search	14	0.30%
	Subtotal	3,951	84.33%
	Other	734	15.67%

Total 4,685 100.00%

Activity by Referring Page - Help Card

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visitors referred from the specified URL.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who came from the specified site.

No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

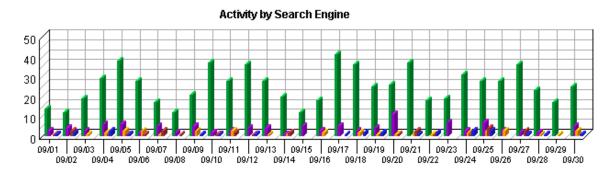
Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

Voy con use this information to determ

You can use this information to determine the sites that provide the most referrals to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways to attract visitors.

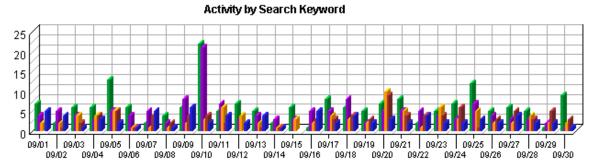
Search Engines Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to specific search engines.



Visitors Trend 200 150 09/01 09/03 09/05 09/07 09/09 09/11 09/13 09/15 09/17 09/19 09/21 09/23 09/25 09/27 09/29 09/02 09/02 09/04 09/06 09/08 09/10 09/12 09/14 09/16 09/18 09/29 09/22 09/24 09/26 09/28 09/30



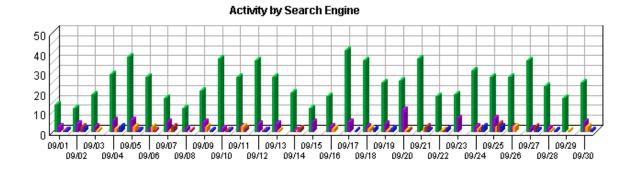


Activity by Search Engine

The first table identifies which search engines referred visitors to your site most often, the number of referrals, and its percentage of the total.

The second table identifies the most popular search phrases for each search engine.

The third table identifies the most popular keywords for each search engine.



Activity by Search Engine

	Engines	Referrals	%
1.	google	759	72.29%
2.	yahoo	110	10.48%
3.	google canada	40	3.81%
4.	google uk	31	2.95%
5.	google australia	27	2.57%
6.	google italy	25	2.38%
7.	aol netfind	16	1.52%
8.	google germany	9	0.86%
9.	msn	8	0.76%
10.	google france	8	0.76%
11.	yahoo spain	7	0.67%
12.	google japan	6	0.57%
13.	google austria	1	0.10%
14.	yahoo india	1	0.10%
15.	netscape	1	0.10%
16.	yahoo taiwan	1	0.10%
	Total	1,050	100.00%

Activity by Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail

	Phrases	Referrals	%
1. google	particulate matter	21	2.00%
	microorganisms and the future of water treatment pdf	18	1.71%
	safe drinking water	8	0.76%
	cryptospordiosis	7	0.67%
	science topics	7	0.67%
	endocrine disruption in adolescence	6	0.57%
	endocrine disruptors	5	0.48%
	disinfectants evaluation	4	0.38%
	water background	4	0.38%
	epa star grant #r826310	4	0.38%
	technology sustainable environment	3	0.29%
	sustainable environment technology	3	0.29%
	endocrine disruptors of mud snails	3	0.29%
	science topic	3	0.29%
	endocrine disruptor	3	0.29%
	environmental research topics	3	0.29%
	foam surfactant oil recovery filetype:pdf	3	0.29%
	technology for sustainable environment	3	0.29%
	endocrine disruptor news	3	0.29%
	what are the different entities of economics?	2	0.19%
2. yahoo	endocrine disruption in adolescence	4	0.38%
	environmental research topics	4	0.38%
	environmental science topics	4	0.38%
	particulate matter	3	0.29%
	environmental science research topics	3	0.29%
	research of endocrine	2	0.19%
	nmmaps: samet et al.2000	2	0.19%
	research topics on envoronmental health science	1	0.10%
	dissolved organic carbon stream south carolina	1	0.10%
	what is in our drinking water science project	1	0.10%
	how is the drinking water related to developing country?	1	0.10%
	the benefits of ncer	1	0.10%
	hydrogen peroxide, fred cannon, and surfactant	1	0.10%
	epa safe drinking water	1	0.10%
	identification of protozoa from water	1	0.10%
	what is environmental protection agency?	1	0.10%
	chemical reactions (global warming)	1	0.10%
	major sources of edcs	1	0.10%
	lee ferguson	1	0.10%

	drinking water and toc and australia	1	0.10%
3. google	rtp metformin		0.10%
canada	student teamwork	1	0.10%
	environmental fate of pharmaceuticals	1	0.10%
	stages of biological organization	_	0.10%
	egg chemical effect	1	0.10%
	environmental research topic questions	1	0.10%
	percocious puberty and endocrine disruptors	_	0.10%
	is particulate matter chemical	1	0.10%
	particulate matter size distribution in combustion emissions	1	0.10%
	product formation types	1	0.10%
	silver disinfectant	1	0.10%
	common pharmaceuticals present in waste water	_	0.10%
	disruption of testosterone feedback loop		0.10%
	tampa bay shark species	1	0.10%
	pcb sites in toronto	1	0.10%
	how are polychlorinated biphenyls stored?	1	0.10%
	dom ultrafiltration trihalomethane		0.10%
	mink frog and deformity		0.10%
	global change unprecedented	1	0.10%
	real-time, pcr, microsporidia, cell culture	1	0.10%
4. google	russian boys	3	0.29%
uk	science of drinking harmful	2	0.19%
	pah endocrine disruption	1	0.10%
	pesticides on the endocrine cells of gastrointestinal tract	1	0.10%
	cryptospordiosis in animals	1	0.10%
	steroid for endometriosis	1	0.10%
	how technology has made an impact on the environment	1	0.10%
	technologies can harm environment	1	0.10%
	tse and detergent guidance	1	0.10%
	eckert liotta leitner	1	0.10%
	transgenic fish ere	1	0.10%
	not known water topics	1	0.10%
	hydrogen peroxide quenching of chlorine	1	0.10%
	control data for cryptosporidium	1	0.10%
	can the spleen effect thyroid function	1	0.10%
	des effects on immune system	1	0.10%
	how can mask the negative charge of quartz sand	1	0.10%
	safe drinking water	1	0.10%
	about agent grees	1	0.10%
	physical development 8-9 years	1	0.10%
	cryptosporidium parvum site:.gov	2	0.19%

5. google	safe drinking water	2	0.19%
australia	cryptospordiosis	2	0.19%
	environmentally friendly methods of paper bleaching	2	0.19%
	what is sustainable environment	1	0.10%
	short story of lbs technology	1	0.10%
	timeline for endocrine system	1	0.10%
	atrazine endocrine disrupting classification board	1	0.10%
	ssis validation stop	1	0.10%
	uv absorbance water	1	0.10%
	future use of uv radiation	1	0.10%
	interactions between humic acids and pharmaceutical and personal care products in sewage	1	0.10%
	endocrine shark	1	0.10%
	vitellogenin for western blot using fish serum	1	0.10%
	fluid bed biofilter design	1	0.10%
	technology and environment background	1	0.10%
	phytoestrogen and pregnancy	1	0.10%
	science topics	1	0.10%
	risk factors cryptosporidium parvum	1	0.10%
	free ammonia monochloramines	1	0.10%
6. google	russian boys	3	0.29%
italy	endocrine disruptors	1	0.10%
	particulate matter respiratory	1	0.10%
	pbde thyroid tr rat	1	0.10%
	multi layer fuel cell desimone manufacturing	1	0.10%
	mcpp mono-3-carboxypropyl phthalate) cas	1	0.10%
	removal of organic matter with ultrafiltration	1	0.10%
	ndma drinking water	1	0.10%
	suva organic matter	1	0.10%
	ifa immunological	1	0.10%
	global change	1	0.10%
	environmental protection agency an sab report	1	0.10%
	disinfection by products formation during ozonation of water	1	0.10%
	toc drinking water ozonation uv treatment	1	0.10%
	endocrine program topics	1	0.10%
	thyroid rat pbde	1	0.10%
	particulate matter	1	0.10%
	visual representation of hormones		0.10%
	endometriosis risk genetic polymorphisms	1	0.10%
	epa primary particles	1	0.10%
7. aol	frog deformities	1	0.10%
netfind	pharmaceticals plants in baltimore md	1	0.10%

	testing h. pylori drinking water culture media	1 0.10%
	levels of biological organization	1 0.10%
	research science related topics	1 0.10%
	what is the geographical source of bromine?	1 0.10%
	water screening systems	1 0.10%
	nashville,tn endometriosis	1 0.10%
	cargill employees omaha ne: saar	1 0.10%
	technology for sustainable environment (tse)	1 0.10%
	development of zebra finch chicks	1 0.10%
	drinking water science experiments	1 0.10%
	cattle with ccl injury	1 0.10%
	treatment and control of cryptosporidiosis	1 0.10%
	epa on cryptosporidiosis	1 0.10%
	university sustainability nsf report	1 0.10%
8. google	anogenital distance relevance	1 0.10%
germany	integrated disinfection approach for the better water treatment	1 0.10%
	polycarbonate polyol synthesis from carbon dioxide, alcohol and propylene oxide	1 0.10%
	river bank filtration	1 0.10%
	daphnia egg deposition ecdysteroids vitellogenin	1 0.10%
	epa on endocrine disruptors on sharks in the gulf	1 0.10%
	disinfectant, dissertation	1 0.10%
	endometriosis	1 0.10%
	endocrine disruption conference august 2007	1 0.10%
9. msn	particulate matter	3 0.29%
	drinking water research	1 0.10%
	grants for drinking water	1 0.10%
	us epa uv water treatment	1 0.10%
	environmental science topics	1 0.10%
	environmental protection agency	1 0.10%
10. google	ha-hs syndrom	1 0.10%
france	russian boys puberty	1 0.10%
	sperm counts mice method epididymis	1 0.10%
	estrogenic compounds legislation	1 0.10%
	endocrine disrupters conferences 2008	1 0.10%
	reanalysis of the harvard six cities study and the american cancer society study of particulate air pollution and mortality	1 0.10%
	us epa dde	1 0.10%
	endocrine disruption prostate cancer male fetus	1 0.10%
11. yahoo	particulate matter	3 0.29%
spain	global hydrologic and climate center	1 0.10%
	air pollution health effects	1 0.10%

	health effects of air pollution	1 0.10%
	environmental economics	1 0.10%
12. google	male measurement guide genital	1 0.10%
japan	coumestrol pregnant oral	1 0.10%
	hydrogen peroxide silver disinfect?	1 0.10%
	the effect of fatty acid composition on the acrylation kinetics of epoxidized triacylglycerols	1 0.10%
	steric electrostatic alignment	1 0.10%
	inverted dose	1 0.10%
13. google austria	the influence of speciated diesel fuel composition on speciated particulate sof emissions	1 0.10%
14. yahoo india	supercritical carbon-dioxide as green solvent	1 0.10%
15. netscape	male yr old puberty	1 0.10%
16. yahoo taiwan	global changes	1 0.10%

Activity by Search Engines with Keywords Detail

Engines	Keywords	Referrals	%
1. google	of	130	12.38%
	water	94	8.95%
	in	64	6.10%
	endocrine	62	5.90%
	epa	59	5.62%
	the	56	5.33%
	particulate	48	4.57%
	drinking	48	4.57%
	matter	46	4.38%
	environmental	36	3.43%
	environment	36	3.43%
	science	32	3.05%
	disruptors	30	2.86%
	research	29	2.76%
	treatment	28	2.67%
	on	27	2.57%
	sustainable	26	2.48%
	topics	25	2.38%
	pdf	24	2.29%
	for	22	2.10%
2. yahoo	water	32	3.05%
	of	23	2.19%

	drinking	22	2.10%
	environmental	22	2.10%
	in	21	2.00%
	science	16	1.52%
	research	16	1.52%
	topics	15	1.43%
	endocrine	11	1.05%
	epa	8	0.76%
	pdf	6	0.57%
	matter	6	0.57%
	on	6	0.57%
	particulate	5	0.48%
	effect	5	0.48%
	chlorine	5	0.48%
	disruptors	5	0.48%
	for	5	0.48%
	the	4	0.38%
	disinfection	4	0.38%
3. google canada	of	9	0.86%
	endocrine	5	0.48%
	environmental	5	0.48%
	biological	4	0.38%
	organization	4	0.38%
	disruption	3	0.29%
	research	3	0.29%
	in	3	0.29%
	levels	3	0.29%
	water	2	0.19%
	molecular	2	0.19%
	effect	2	0.19%
	approaches	2	0.19%
	topic	2	0.19%
	pharmaceuticals	2	0.19%
	particulate	2	0.19%
	is	2	0.19%
	chemical	2	0.19%
	matter	2	0.19%
	carbon	1	0.10%
4. google uk	of	6	0.57%
0 0	the	4	0.38%
	boys	4	0.38%
	drinking	3	0.29%
	<u></u>	3	0.27/0

	environment	3	0.29%
	can	3	0.29%
	endocrine	3	0.29%
	on	3	0.29%
	russian	3	0.29%
	water	2	0.19%
	in	2	0.19%
	sand	2	0.19%
	how	2	0.19%
	control	2	0.19%
	for	2	0.19%
	science	2	0.19%
	is	2	0.19%
	what	2	0.19%
	harmful	2	0.19%
	quartz	2	0.19%
5. google australia	endocrine	4	0.38%
	of	4	0.38%
	parvum	3	0.29%
	water	3	0.29%
	for	3	0.29%
	cryptosporidium	3	0.29%
	environmentally	2	0.19%
	safe	2	0.19%
	paper	2	0.19%
	cryptospordiosis	2	0.19%
	methods	2	0.19%
	environment	2	0.19%
	in	2	0.19%
	drinking	2	0.19%
	site:.gov	2	0.19%
	friendly	2	0.19%
	uv	2	0.19%
	bleaching	2	0.19%
	technology	2	0.19%
	lbs	1	0.10%
6. google italy	matter	4	0.38%
	of	4	0.38%
	water	3	0.29%
	boys	3	0.29%
	thyroid	3	0.29%
	russian	3	0.29%

	endocrine	2	0.19%
	protection	2	0.19%
	particulate	2	0.19%
	environmental	2	0.19%
	hormones	2	0.19%
	pbde	2	0.19%
	drinking	2	0.19%
	organic	2	0.19%
	ozonation	2	0.19%
	rat	2	0.19%
	agency	2	0.19%
	phthalate)	1	0.10%
	representation	1	0.10%
	treatment	1	0.10%
7. aol netfind	of	4	0.38%
	water	3	0.29%
	science	2	0.19%
	cryptosporidiosis	2	0.19%
	drinking	2	0.19%
	topics	1	0.10%
	nashville,tn	1	0.10%
	the	1	0.10%
	pharmaceticals	1	0.10%
	experiments	1	0.10%
	h.	1	0.10%
	organization	1	0.10%
	testing	1	0.10%
	baltimore	1	0.10%
	sustainable	1	0.10%
	pylori	1	0.10%
	epa	1	0.10%
	biological	1	0.10%
	treatment	1	0.10%
	geographical	1	0.10%
8. google germany	on	2	0.19%
0 0 6	endocrine	2	0.19%
	the	2	0.19%
	filtration	1	0.10%
	daphnia	1	0.10%
	disinfection	1	0.10%
	2007	1	0.10%
	gulf	1	0.10%
	5011	1	0.10/0

	synthesis	1	0.10%
	distance	1	0.10%
	endometriosis	1	0.10%
	from	1	0.10%
	disruptors	1	0.10%
	anogenital	1	0.10%
	in	1	0.10%
	water	1	0.10%
	vitellogenin	1	0.10%
	for	1	0.10%
	treatment	1	0.10%
	relevance	1	0.10%
9. msn	matter	3	0.29%
	water	3	0.29%
	particulate	3	0.29%
	environmental	2	0.19%
	drinking	2	0.19%
	protection	1	0.10%
	grants	1	0.10%
	science	1	0.10%
	us	1	0.10%
	topics	1	0.10%
	uv	1	0.10%
	agency	1	0.10%
	treatment	1	0.10%
	research	1	0.10%
	epa	1	0.10%
	for	1	0.10%
10. google france	endocrine	2	0.19%
	study	2	0.19%
	the	2	0.19%
	cancer	2	0.19%
	of	2	0.19%
	conferences	1	0.10%
	method	1	0.10%
	cities	1	0.10%
	dde	1	0.10%
	sperm	1	0.10%
	harvard	1	0.10%
	ha-hs	1	0.10%
	syndrom	1	0.10%
	legislation	1	0.10%

	prostate	1	0.10%
	mice	1	0.10%
	reanalysis	1	0.10%
	male	1	0.10%
	russian	1	0.10%
	puberty	1	0.10%
11. yahoo spain	matter	3	0.29%
	particulate	3	0.29%
	pollution	2	0.19%
	air	2	0.19%
	health	2	0.19%
	effects	2	0.19%
	hydrologic	1	0.10%
	global	1	0.10%
	economics	1	0.10%
	climate	1	0.10%
	of	1	0.10%
	center	1	0.10%
	environmental	1	0.10%
12. google japan	of	2	0.19%
	the	2	0.19%
	hydrogen	1	0.10%
	epoxidized	1	0.10%
	dose	1	0.10%
	male	1	0.10%
	pregnant	1	0.10%
	coumestrol	1	0.10%
	disinfect?	1	0.10%
	measurement	1	0.10%
	triacylglycerols	1	0.10%
	electrostatic	1	0.10%
	genital	1	0.10%
	effect	1	0.10%
	fatty	1	0.10%
	acid	1	0.10%
	on	1	0.10%
	peroxide	1	0.10%
	acrylation	1	0.10%
	composition	1	0.10%
13. google austria	speciated	2	0.19%
	diesel	1	0.10%
	on	1	0.10%

	composition	1	0.10%
	of	1	0.10%
	particulate	1	0.10%
	sof	1	0.10%
	emissions	1	0.10%
	influence	1	0.10%
	fuel	1	0.10%
	the	1	0.10%
14. yahoo india	green	1	0.10%
	carbon-dioxide	1	0.10%
	solvent	1	0.10%
	as	1	0.10%
	supercritical	1	0.10%
15. netscape	puberty	1	0.10%
	yr	1	0.10%
	old	1	0.10%
	male	1	0.10%
16. yahoo taiwan	changes	1	0.10%
	global	1	0.10%

Activity by Search Engine - Help Card

Top Search Engines Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who were referred by the search engine specified.

Top Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrases – The search phrases being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor, which can include one or more individual keywords.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

Top Search Engines with Keywords Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The search keywords being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

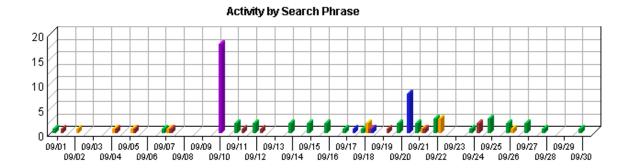


This information can give you an idea how your meta tags are performing with each search engine.

Activity by Search Phrase

The first table identifies search phrases that led the most visitors to your site, regardless of the search engine they used.

The second table identifies, for each phrase, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Phrase

1.	particulate matter		
1.	r *** *** *******	31	2.95%
2.	microorganisms and the future of water treatment pdf	18	1.71%
3.	safe drinking water	11	1.05%
4.	cryptospordiosis	11	1.05%
5.	endocrine disruption in adolescence	10	0.95%
6.	russian boys	8	0.76%
7.	science topics	8	0.76%
8.	endocrine disruptors	7	0.67%
9.	environmental research topics	7	0.67%
10.	environmental science topics	6	0.57%
11.	water background	4	0.38%
12.	disinfectants evaluation	4	0.38%
13.	epa star grant #r826310	4	0.38%
14.	endocrine disruptor	3	0.29%
15.	global change	3	0.29%
16.	science topic	3	0.29%
17.	endocrine disruptors of mud snails	3	0.29%
18.	endocrine disruptor news	3	0.29%
19.	frog deformities	3	0.29%
20.	sustainable environment technology	3	0.29%
	Subtotal	150	14.29%

Total 1,050 100.00%

Activity by Search Phrase with Engines Detail

Phrases	Engines	Referrals	%
1. particulate matter	google	21	2.00%
	yahoo spain	3	0.29%
	msn	3	0.29%
	yahoo	3	0.29%
	google italy	1	0.10%
2. microorganisms and the future of water treatment pdf	google	18	1.71%
3. safe drinking water	google	8	0.76%
	google australia	2	0.19%
	google uk	1	0.10%
4. cryptospordiosis	google	7	0.67%
	google australia	2	0.19%
	google uk	1	0.10%
	yahoo	1	0.10%
5. endocrine disruption in adolescence	google	6	0.57%
	yahoo	4	0.38%
6. russian boys	google italy	3	0.29%
	google uk	3	0.29%
	google	2	0.19%
7. science topics	google	7	0.67%
	google australia	1	0.10%
8. endocrine disruptors	google	5	0.48%
	google italy	1	0.10%
	yahoo	1	0.10%
9. environmental research topics	yahoo	4	0.38%
	google	3	0.29%
10. environmental science topics	yahoo	4	0.38%
	google	1	0.10%
	msn	1	0.10%
11. water background	google	4	0.38%
12. disinfectants evaluation	google	4	0.38%
13. epa star grant #r826310	google	4	0.38%
14. endocrine disruptor	google	3	0.29%
15. global change	google	2	0.19%
	google italy	1	0.10%
16. science topic	google	3	0.29%
17. endocrine disruptors of mud snails	google	3	0.29%
18. endocrine disruptor news	google	3	0.29%

19. frog deformities	google	2 0.19%
	aol netfind	1 0.10%
20. sustainable environment technology	google	3 0.29%

Activity by Search Phrase - Help Card

? Top Search Phrases Table

Phrases – The specific search phrases being analyzed. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor. It can include one or more keywords.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site who used the specified search phrase, regardless of the search engine they used.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who used the specified search phrase.

Top Search Phrases with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrase – The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.

Referrals– Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

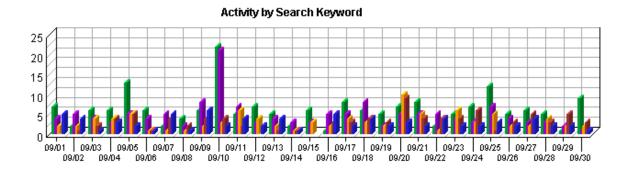


How are people getting to your site? Use these tables to find out if your visitors are using the search phrases you expect. Do you need to use different keywords in page titles to make it easier for people to find your site with search engines?

Activity by Search Keyword

The first table identifies keywords that led the most visitors to the site (regardless of the search engine).

The second table identifies, for each keyword, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Keyword

	Keywords	Referrals	%
1.	of	186	4.35%
2.	water	143	3.35%
3.	in	94	2.20%
4.	endocrine	91	2.13%
5.	drinking	81	1.90%
6.	the	74	1.73%
7.	epa	74	1.73%
8.	environmental	68	1.59%
9.	particulate	65	1.52%
10.	matter	64	1.50%
11.	science	54	1.26%
12.	research	50	1.17%
13.	topics	46	1.08%
14.	environment	42	0.98%
15.	on	41	0.96%
16.	disruptors	38	0.89%
17.	for	35	0.82%
18.	treatment	33	0.77%
19.	pdf	30	0.70%
20.	sustainable	29	0.68%
	Subtotal	1,338	31.31%
	Total	4,274	100.00%

Activity by Search Keyword with Engines Detail

Keywords	Engines	Referrals	%
1. of	google	130	3.04%
	yahoo	23	0.54%
	google canada	9	0.21%
	google uk	6	0.14%
	google italy	4	0.09%
	aol netfind	4	0.09%
	google australia	4	0.09%
	google france	2	0.05%
	google japan	2	0.05%
	yahoo spain	1	0.02%
	google austria	1	0.02%
2. water	google	94	2.20%
	yahoo	32	0.75%
	aol netfind	3	0.07%
	google italy	3	0.07%
	google australia	3	0.07%
	msn	3	0.07%
	google canada	2	0.05%
	google uk	2	0.05%
	google germany	1	0.02%
3. in	google	64	1.50%
	yahoo	21	0.49%
	google canada	3	0.07%
	google australia	2	0.05%
	google uk	2	0.05%
	google germany	1	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
4. endocrine	google	62	1.45%
	yahoo	11	0.26%
	google canada	5	0.12%
	google australia	4	0.09%
	google uk	3	0.07%
	google germany	2	0.05%
	google france	2	0.05%
	google italy	2	0.05%
5. drinking	google	48	1.12%
	yahoo	22	0.51%
	google uk	3	0.07%
	google australia	2	0.05%

	msn	2	0.05%
	google italy	2	0.05%
	aol netfind	2	0.05%
6. the	google	56	1.31%
0. 1.1.0	google uk	4	0.09%
	yahoo	4	0.09%
	google japan	2	0.05%
	google germany	2	0.05%
	google france	2	0.05%
	google canada	1	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	google austria	1	0.02%
	google italy	1	0.02%
7. epa	google	59	1.38%
// opu	yahoo	8	0.19%
	google france	1	0.02%
	google uk	1	0.02%
	google italy	1	0.02%
	google germany	1	0.02%
	msn	1	0.02%
	google canada	1	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
8. environmental	google	36	0.84%
	yahoo	22	0.51%
	google canada	5	0.12%
	google italy	2	0.05%
	msn	2	0.05%
	yahoo spain	1	0.02%
9. particulate	google	48	1.12%
	yahoo	5	0.12%
	msn	3	0.07%
	yahoo spain	3	0.07%
	google italy	2	0.05%
	google canada	2	0.05%
	google france	1	0.02%
	google austria	1	0.02%
10. matter	google	46	1.08%
	yahoo	6	0.14%
	google italy	4	0.09%
	yahoo spain	3	0.07%
	msn	3	0.07%
	google canada	2	0.05%

	11. science	google	32	0.75%
		yahoo	16	0.37%
		aol netfind	2	0.05%
		google uk	2	0.05%
		msn	1	0.02%
		google australia	1	0.02%
	12. research	google	29	0.68%
		yahoo	16	0.37%
		google canada	3	0.07%
		msn	1	0.02%
		aol netfind	1	0.02%
	13. topics	google	25	0.58%
		yahoo	15	0.35%
		msn	1	0.02%
		google australia	1	0.02%
		aol netfind	1	0.02%
		google uk	1	0.02%
		google italy	1	0.02%
		google canada	1	0.02%
	14. environment	google	36	0.84%
		google uk	3	0.07%
		google australia	2	0.05%
		aol netfind	1	0.02%
	15. on	google	27	0.63%
		yahoo	6	0.14%
		google uk	3	0.07%
		google germany	2	0.05%
		google austria	1	0.02%
		google japan	1	0.02%
		aol netfind	1	0.02%
	16. disruptors	google	30	0.70%
		yahoo	5	0.12%
		google germany	1	0.02%
		google canada	1	0.02%
		google italy	1	0.02%
	17. for	google	22	0.51%
		yahoo	5	0.12%
		google australia	3	0.07%
		google uk	2	0.05%
		aol netfind	1	0.02%
		msn	1	0.02%
		google germany	1	0.02%

18. treatment	google	28	0.66%
	msn	1	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	yahoo	1	0.02%
	google germany	1	0.02%
	google italy	1	0.02%
19. pdf	google	24	0.56%
	yahoo	6	0.14%
20. sustainable	google	26	0.61%
	google uk	1	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	google australia	1	0.02%

Activity by Search Keyword - Help Card

? Top Search Keywords Table

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site with the specified keywords.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

Top Search Keywords Table with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

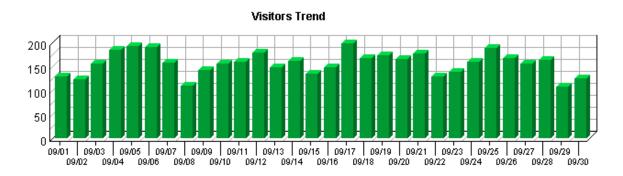
% Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

B

At the most basic level, this section tells you which search engines are being used most frequently to find your site. You also may find that some search engines are referring visitors to your site with the keywords you expect and that other search engines are not.

Visitors Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Visitors chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.



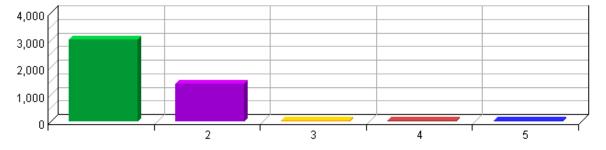
Visit Summary

Visits	4,685
Average per Day	156
Average Visit Length	00:09:21
Median Visit Length	00:01:43
International Visits	6.13%
Visits of Unknown Origin	64.57%
Visits from Your Country: United States (US)	29.31%

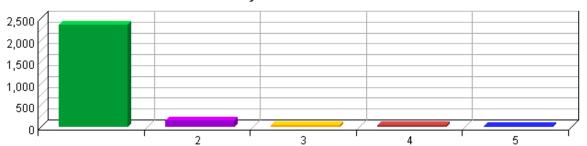
Average Length of Visit Trend



Top Countries by Visits







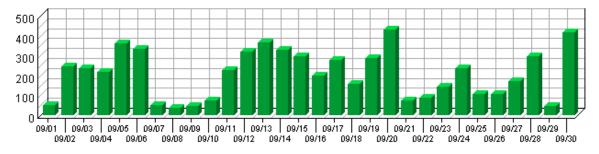
Visitors Trend



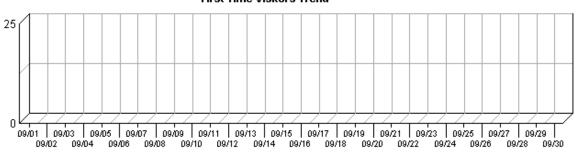
Visitor Summary

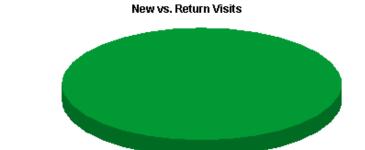
Unique Visitors	2,720
Visitors Who Visited Once	2,352
Visitors Who Visited More Than Once	368
Average Visits per Visitor	1.72

Visitor Minutes Trend

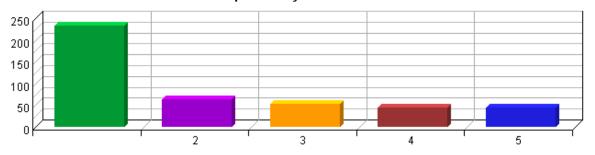


First Time Visitors Trend





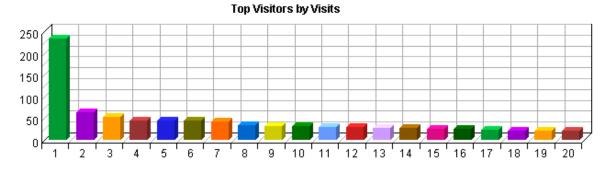
Top Visitors by Visits



Top Visitors

This report identifies the IP address, domain name, or cookie of each visitor, and identifies the visitor's relative activity level on the site. If you use cookies to track visits, Reporting Center can differentiate between hits from different visitors with the same IP address.





Top Visitors

	Visitor	Visits	%	Hits
1.	66.249.70.162_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html)	233	4.97%	614
2.	210.165.9.96_PEAR HTTP_Request class (http://pear.php.net/)	64	1.37%	80
3.	65.55.210.95_msnbot/1.0 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	52	1.11%	64
4.	65.55.210.90_msnbot/1.0 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	45	0.96%	57
5.	65.55.210.93_msnbot/1.0 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	45	0.96%	60
6.	livebot-65-55-210-91.search. live.com_msnbot/1.0 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	44	0.94%	61
7.	65.55.210.94_msnbot/1.0 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	43	0.92%	61
8.	65.55.210.97_msnbot/1.0 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	34	0.73%	41

9.	65.55.210.92_msnbot/1.0 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	32	0.68%	45
10.	208.80.140.110_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; heritrix/1.5 +http://www.metacarta.com)	31	0.66%	51
11.	65.55.210.96_msnbot/1.0 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	30	0.64%	41
12.	livebot-207-46-98-147.search. live.com_msnbot/1.0 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	29	0.62%	35
13.	134.67.99.162_NLESE USEPA	28	0.60%	132
14.	65.54.165.47_msnbot/1.0 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	27	0.58%	48
15.	bl1sch2041712.phx.gbl_msnbot/ 1.0 (+http://search.msn.com/ msnbot.htm)	25	0.53%	26
16.	crow2.beriltech. com_Sirketcebot/v.01 (http://www.sirketce.com/bot.html)	25	0.53%	27
17.	134.67.99.163_NLESE USEPA	23	0.49%	174
18.	yenlab5.ist.psu. edu_psuistnanobot/Nutch-0.9 (Penn State IST' s Nanotechnology Crawler; http://ist.psu.edu; mikflut AT gmail DOT com)	22	0.47%	22
19.	livebot-207-46-98-148.search. live.com_msnbot/1.0 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	22	0.47%	29
20.	by1sch2061820.phx.gbl_msnbot/ 1.0 (+http://search.msn.com/ msnbot.htm)	22	0.47%	32
	Subtotal	876	18.70%	1,700
	Other	3,808	81.30%	10,789
	Total	4,684	100.00%	12,489

Top Visitors - Help Card

Hits – Number of hits attributed to the specified visitor. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Visitor – The IP address, domain name, or cookie of the visitor.

Visits – Number of times the specified visitor visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits or hits made by the specified visitor.

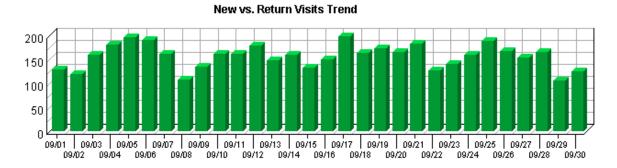
Q

Consider the visitors who use the site most, and tailor your site to their interests and needs. If your site is an intranet, notice which employees use the site most, and find out what they like about it. You might also get feedback from those who use it the least and find out what they are looking for.

Note: If a visitor has a dynamic IP address, or if a group of visitors are behind a proxy server or firewall, this data might be misleading. In the case of a dynamic IP address, multiple IP addresses could be shown for a single visitor, and in the case of a firewall or proxy server, one IP address could be used by more than one visitor.

New vs. Return Visits

This report compares the number of visits by new and returning visitors to your site.







New vs. Return Visits

	Visitor Type	Visits	%
1.	Returning Users	4,684	100.00%
	Total	4,684	100.00%

New vs. Return Visits - Help Card

? New Visitors – Visitors who didn't have a cookie from your site on their first hit, but had one on later hits.

Returning Visitors – Visitors who already had a cookie from your site when they visited.

Visitors Not Accepting Cookies – Visitors not accepting cookies from your site. There is no way to determine if these visitors are new or returning.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors who fit into the specified visitor category. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visitors who fit into the specified visitor category.

New vs. Return Visits 55

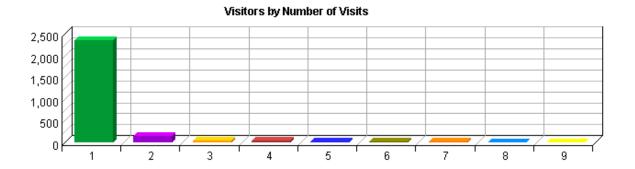
O

By tracking the ratio between new and return visits over a period of time, you can determine if your site is attracting enough returning visitors.

New vs. Return Visits

Visitors by Number of Visits

This report shows the distribution of visitors based on how many times each visitor visited your site.



Visitors by Number of Visits

Number of Visits	Unique Visitors	0/0
1 visit	2,352	86.47%
2 visits	142	5.22%
3 visits	49	1.80%
4 visits	44	1.62%
5 visits	29	1.07%
6 visits	28	1.03%
7 visits	23	0.85%
8 visits	6	0.22%
9 visits	6	0.22%
Subtotal	2,679	98.49%
Other	41	1.51%
Total	2,720	100.00%

Visitors by Number of Visits - Help Card

Number of Visits – The number of visits, beginning with one and increasing by increments of one, being analyzed in the other columns.

Unique Visitors– Number of unique individuals who came to your site the amount of times specified in the Number of Visits column.

% – Percentage of unique visitors who came to your site the amount of times specified in the Number of Visits column.

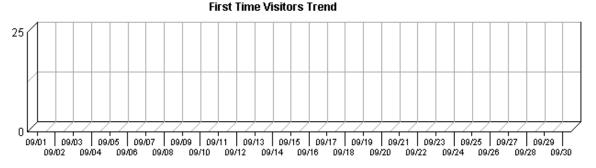
This information can indicate whether or not your site compels visitors to return. Updating web site content is one way to draw return visitors.

Visitors Trend

This report shows how many times visitors visited your web site and how long they stayed. The information is divided into time slices based on the duration of the log file. Visits are freshly counted during each time interval in the report. Some visits may span more than one time interval, and therefore a single visit may be counted more than once. This manner of counting visits may cause the Visits Trend total visits to exceed the total visits shown on the Overview Dashboard page.

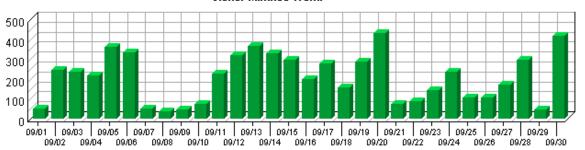








Visitor Minutes Trend



Visitors Trend

Time Interval	Visits Unio	que Visitors	First Time Visitors	Avg Visit , Length	Visitor Minutes
09/01	129	103	0	00:00:23	50.50
09/02	123	94	0	00:01:59	245.95
09/03	156	118	0	00:01:30	234.93
09/04	185	156	0	00:01:11	219.90
09/05	193	175	0	00:01:52	361.35
09/06	191	156	0	00:01:44	333.28
09/07	158	135	0	00:00:19	50.60
09/08	109	92	0	00:00:19	34.97
09/09	142	116	0	00:00:19	46.88
09/10	155	145	0	00:00:28	73.47
09/11	160	134	0	00:01:25	227.65
09/12	178	146	0	00:01:48	321.28
09/13	149	125	0	00:02:26	364.25
09/14	161	136	0	00:02:03	330.90
09/15	135	96	0	00:02:12	297.75
09/16	148	126	0	00:01:19	196.82
09/17	198	143	0	00:01:24	277.83
09/18	167	137	0	00:00:56	157.77
09/19	173	150	0	00:01:39	287.47
09/20	166	142	0	00:02:34	428.42
09/21	177	151	0	00:00:25	74.47
09/22	128	112	0	00:00:41	89.30
09/23	139	101	0	00:01:01	141.95
09/24	160	133	0	00:01:28	234.75
09/25	189	172	0	00:00:33	106.52
09/26	168	153	0	00:00:37	105.40
09/27	155	144	0	00:01:05	169.00
09/28	164	137	0	00:01:48	295.42
09/29	107	91	0	00:00:26	48.02
09/30	125	114	0	00:03:21	418.93

Average	156	131	0	N/A	207.52
Total	4,688	3,933	0	N/A	6,225.72

Visitors Trend - Help Card

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Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Visits – Number of visits to your web site. If a visit spans multiple time intervals, it is counted in each interval. Every visit from a visitor is counted, even if the same visitor came to your web site multiple times. Also included are zero–length visits. A zero–length visit occurs when all hits for that visit are logged with the exact same time stamp.

Unique Visitors – Number of individuals who visited your site during the report period. If someone visits more than once, they are counted only the first time they visit. Values of "N/A" indicate that the detailed data required for Unique Visitors per time period is not available. This situation occurs when the Top Visitors report has reached its configured limit.

First Time Visitors – Number of visitors who had never visited your web site before.

Avg Visit Length – The average amount of time visitors spent at your site within the given time interval. The data is formatted as hh:mm:ss (hours:minutes:seconds). The average visit length is calculated by dividing the value from the Visitor Minutes column by the value from the Visits column.

Visitor Minutes – Number of minutes your web site was viewed, regardless of who was viewing it.

Average – This row gives the average for each column.

Total – The total for the column. Some visits may span more than one time interval, and be counted more than once. These duplicate visit counts may cause the total visits count on this row to exceed the actual total number of visits shown on the Overview Dashboard page.



Use this page to determine which times your web site is busiest.

Daily averages cut off visits that continue into the next day, whereas weekly averages do not. Therefore, weekly averages may appear a bit longer than daily averages.

Visits Trend

This report helps you understand the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking visits over the course of the report period.



Visits Trend

Time Interval	Visits	%
09/01	129	2.75%
09/02	123	2.63%
09/03	156	3.33%
09/04	185	3.95%
09/05	193	4.12%
09/06	191	4.08%
09/07	158	3.37%
09/08	109	2.33%
09/09	142	3.03%
09/10	155	3.31%
09/11	160	3.42%
09/12	178	3.80%
09/13	149	3.18%
09/14	160	3.42%
09/15	135	2.88%
09/16	148	3.16%
09/17	198	4.23%
09/18	167	3.56%
09/19	173	3.69%
09/20	166	3.54%
09/21	177	3.78%
09/22	128	2.73%
09/23	139	2.97%
09/24	160	3.42%
09/25	189	4.03%

09/26	168	3.59%
09/27	155	3.31%
09/28	163	3.48%
09/29	107	2.28%
09/30	124	2.65%
Total	4,685	100.00%

Visits Trend – Help Card

Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Visits – Number of visits to your site during the specified time interval. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits to your site during the specified time interval compared with all visits to your site during the report period.

Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Top Organizations

If you have enabled the WebTrends GeoTrends Database for this profile, this page will list the most active companies and other organizations visiting your web site. The second table will show you the most active domain names from each organization.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Organizations - Help Card

Pomain Name – The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, netiq.com is a domain name. The domain name can be determined if it was logged by the web server or, if it is defined in the Internet Domain Name System then it may be found using DNS resolution. Otherwise, the domain name is not known and this table shows the IP address.

The domain name shown is the second—level domain name, such as netiq.com. If the top—level domain name is a country code, then this shows the third—level domain name, such as anycompany.com.au. For example, all visitors from sales.netiq.com, us.sales.netiq.com, and service.net.iq.com are combined in the statistics for netiq.com.

Click on the domain name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Organization – The name of the organization, which could be a company, a government agency, a school, or any other type of organization. This name was determined by looking up the visitor's IP address in the WebTrends GeoTrends Database. Click on the organization name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Total – The total for all visits or hits.

Unknown – The sum for any IP addresses which could not be found in the WebTrends GeoTrends Database.

Visits – Number of visits to your site from this organization. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Number of hits to your site from this organization. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

% – Percentage of the total activity that was from this organization.

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Top Organizations 65

Use this information when you are interested in an organization as a whole, such as NetIQ Corporation. You can identify the major domain names from each company, such as netiq.com and webtrends.com from NetIQ.

66 Top Organizations

Top Authenticated Usernames

This report identifies the true name and relative activity level of the visitors logging onto a server that requires a user name and password.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Authenticated Usernames - Help Card

Authenticated Username – A unique visitor tracked by user name and password rather than by IP address. You may find more authenticated user names than total visitors because several persons may be using the same IP address. Since many ISPs dynamically assign IP addresses, and since multiple visitors may use a single IP address, authentication is a much more accurate way to identify visitors.

Hits – Number of hits generated by the specified visitor. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Visitor – Authenticated name of the user being analyzed.

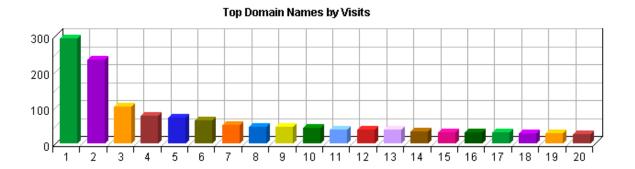
Visits – Number of times the specified visitor visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits or hits to your site by the specified visitor out of those by all authenticated user names.

You may use this information for your marketing efforts, such as special promotions or newsletters.

Top Domain Names

This report lists the domain name that generates the most activity to your web site.



Top Domain Names

	Domain Name	Visits	%	Hits
1.	yahoo.net	292	6.23%	296
2.	66.249.70.162	233	4.97%	614
3.	live.com	103	2.20%	134
4.	become.com	76	1.62%	79
5.	phx.gbl	72	1.54%	120
6.	210.165.9.96	64	1.37%	80
7.	65.55.210.95	52	1.11%	64
8.	65.55.210.90	45	0.96%	57
9.	65.55.210.93	45	0.96%	60
10.	65.55.210.94	43	0.92%	61
11.	ask.com	39	0.83%	53
12.	aol.com	39	0.83%	47
13.	comcast.net	38	0.81%	116
14.	65.55.210.97	34	0.73%	41
15.	65.55.210.92	32	0.68%	45
16.	208.80.140.110	31	0.66%	51
17.	65.55.210.96	30	0.64%	41
18.	134.67.99.162	28	0.60%	132
19.	65.54.165.47	27	0.58%	48
20.	beriltech.com	25	0.53%	27
	Subtotal	1,348	28.77%	2,166
	Other	3,337	71.23%	10,324
	Total	4,685	100.00%	12,490

Top Domain Names 69

Top Domain Names - Help Card

Domain Name – The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, netiq.com is a domain name. The domain name can be determined if it was logged by the web server or, if it is defined in the Internet Domain Name System then it may be found using DNS resolution. Otherwise, the domain name is not known and this table shows the IP address.

The domain name shown is the second—level domain name, such as netiq.com. If the top—level domain name is a country code, then this shows the third—level domain name, such as anycompany.com.au. For example, all visitors from sales.netiq.com, us.sales.netiq.com, and service.net.iq.com are combined in the statistics for netiq.com.

Click on the domain name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Total – The total for all visits or hits.

Hits – Number of hits to your site from this domain name. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Visits – Number of visits to your site from this domain name. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of the total activity that was from this domain name or IP address.

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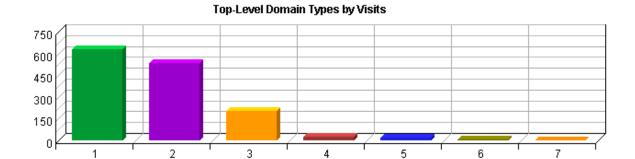
.A.

Use this information when you are interested in high-level domain names of visitors generating the most activity to your web site.

70 Top Domain Names

Top-Level Domain Types

This report provides a breakdown of top-level domain types.



Top-Level Domain Types

	Top-Level Domain Types	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Network	631	44.47%	1,329
2.	Commercial	531	37.42%	1,322
3.	Education	203	14.31%	600
4.	Government	28	1.97%	44
5.	Organization	20	1.41%	88
6.	Military	4	0.28%	8
7.	ARPANET	2	0.14%	2
	Total	1,419	100.00%	3,393

Top-Level Domain Types - Help Card

Top-Level Domain – The suffix of a domain name. A top-level domain can be based on the type of organization (.com, .edu, .museum, .name, etc) or it can be a country code (.uk, .de, .jp, .us, etc.). The top-level domain can be used to identify the type of web site. The following is a partial list of how this report categorizes top-level domains:

ARPANET: .arpa

Commercial: .com .co .com.[country code] .co.[country code] .firm.co .firm.ve .ltd.uk .info .biz

Education: .edu .edu.[country-code] .ed.[country code] .ac.[country code] .school.[country code] .k12.[country code] .re.kr .sch.uk .edunet.tn

International: .int .int.co .int.ve .intl.tn

Government: .gov .gov.[country code] .gove.[country code] .go.[country code]

Military: .mil .mil.[country code]

Network: .net .ad.jp .ne.kr .net.[country code]

Organization: .org .or .org.[country code] .or.[country code]

Personal: .name

Hits – Number of hits to your site from the specified top–level domain. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Total – The total visits or hits where there was sufficient information to identify the top–level domain. This number may be less than the total activity overall.

Visits – Number of visits to your site from the specified top–level domain. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits or hits from sites in the specified top–level domain. The percentages refer to the total number of visits for which the domain name can be determined. Some IP addresses cannot be resolved to a domain name.

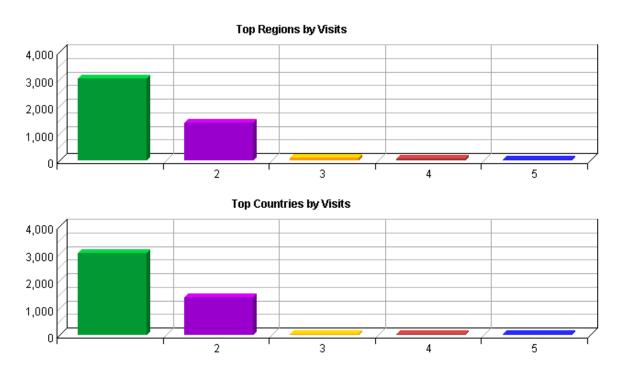
Q

Consider which types of organizations are interested in your site, and consider how you can interest other types of organizations.

Note: This information can be displayed only if reverse DNS lookups have been performed. Even when DNS lookups are performed, some IP addresses cannot be resolved to a domain name.

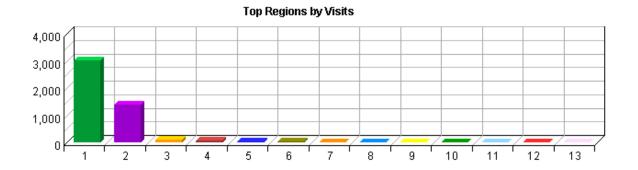
Geography Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of this chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.



Top Regions

This report identifies the top geographic regions of the visitors to your site.



Top Regions

	Geographic Regions	Visits	%
1.	Region Un-Specified	3,025	64.57%
2.	North America	1,396	29.80%
3.	Asia	107	2.28%
4.	Western Europe	68	1.45%
5.	Australia	22	0.47%
6.	South America	18	0.38%
7.	Eastern Europe	16	0.34%
8.	Northern Europe	15	0.32%
9.	Southern Africa	8	0.17%
10.	Middle East	7	0.15%
11.	Western Africa	1	0.02%
12.	Northern Africa	1	0.02%
13.	Caribbean Islands	1	0.02%
	Total	4,685	100.00%

Top Regions - Help Card

Geographic Regions – The geographic part of the world where visitors to your web site are located. "Region Unspecified" represents visitors whose geographic region could not be determined. "Region Unknown" represents visitors whose country has been determined but not identified with a specific region. If the WebTrends GeoTrends Database is turned on for this profile, the region is determined by looking up the visitor's IP address in this database. If GeoTrends is not enabled, the region will be determined from the domain name.

Total – The total visits.

Visits – Number of visits from this geographic region. A visit is a series of actions that

Top Regions 75

begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits that were from this geographic region.

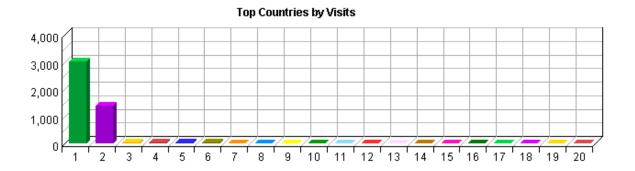
This information can help you meet the needs of your target audience as well as discover new audiences. Consider how you can make the content comprehensive and relevant to an international audience.

Note: Use this information carefully because it is based on Internet registration, and may not always be an accurate identifier of the visitor's actual location.

76 Top Regions

Top Countries

This report identifies the top countries of the visitors to your site.



Top Countries

	Countries	Visits	%
1.	Unknown Origin	3,025	64.57%
2.	United States (US)	1,373	29.31%
3.	Japan (JP)	27	0.58%
4.	Australia (AU)	22	0.47%
5.	Canada (CA)	21	0.45%
6.	India (IN)	19	0.41%
7.	Singapore (SG)	16	0.34%
8.	Germany (DE)	14	0.30%
9.	Malaysia (MY)	13	0.28%
10.	Brazil (BR)	13	0.28%
11.	United Kingdom (UK)	12	0.26%
12.	Italy (IT)	9	0.19%
13.	Philippines (PH)	8	0.17%
14.	Sweden (SE)	8	0.17%
15.	Thailand (TH)	7	0.15%
16.	Greece (GR)	6	0.13%
17.	Romania (RO)	6	0.13%
18.	Austria (AT)	5	0.11%
19.	South Africa (ZA)	5	0.11%
20.	China (CN)	5	0.11%
	Subtotal	4,614	98.48%
	Other	71	1.52%
	Total	4,685	100.00%

Top Countries 77

Top Countries - Help Card

Countries – If the WebTrends GeoTrends Database is turned on for this profile, the country is determined by looking up the visitor's IP address in this database. If GeoTrends is not enabled, the country will be determined from the domain name.

Total – The total visits where there was sufficient information to identify the country. This number may be less than the total visits overall.

Visits – Number of visits from the specified country. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits from the specified country.

Unknown Origin – The country associated with the visitor's domain name could not be determined.

This information can help you meet the needs of your target audience as well as discover new audiences. Consider how you can make the content comprehensive and relevant to an international audience.

Note: Use this information carefully because it is based on Internet registration, and may not always be an accurate identifier of the visitor's actual location.

78 Top Countries

Top States and Provinces

If you have enabled the WebTrends GeoTrends Database for this profile, this page will list the states and provinces of North America and Australia, and regions of the United Kingdom with your most active visitors. Note that new data is being added as available.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top States and Provinces - Help Card

States and Provinces – If the WebTrends GeoTrends Database is turned on for this profile, the location is determined by looking up the visitor's IP address in this database.

Total – The total visits identified from states and provinces in North America. This number may be less than the total visits overall due to visitors from outside North America and visitors whose location could not be determined.

Visits – Number of visits from this state or province. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits from this state or province.

This information can help you meet the needs of your target audience as well as discover new audiences. Consider how you can make the content comprehensive and relevant to an international audience.

Note: Use this information carefully because it is based on Internet registration, and may not always be an accurate identifier of the visitor's actual location.

Top Cities

If you have enabled the WebTrends GeoTrends Database for this profile, this page will list the cities with your most active visitors.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Cities - Help Card

City – If the WebTrends GeoTrends Database is turned on for this profile, the location is determined by looking up the visitor's IP address in this database.

Total – The total visits where there was sufficient information to identify the city. This number may be less than the total visits overall due to visitors whose location could not be determined.

Visits – Number of visits from this city. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits from this city.

This information can help you meet the needs of your target audience as well as discover new audiences. Consider how you can make the content comprehensive and relevant to an international audience.

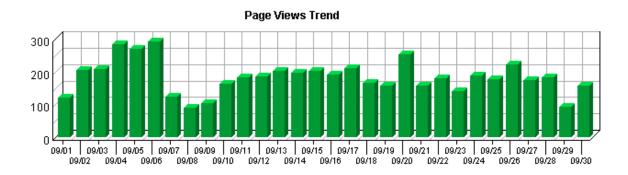
Note: Use this information carefully because it is based on Internet registration, and may not always be an accurate identifier of the visitor's actual location.

Top Cities 81

82 Top Cities

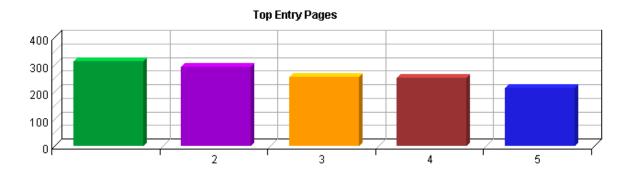
Pages Dashboard

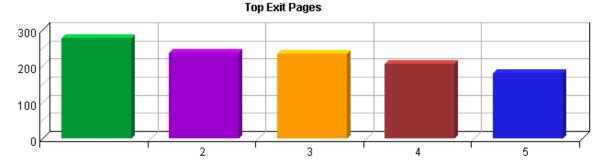
This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Pages chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.



Page View Summary

Page Views	5,458
Average per Day	181
Average Page Views per Visit	1.16

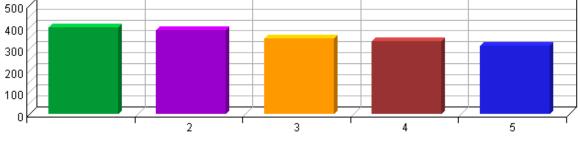


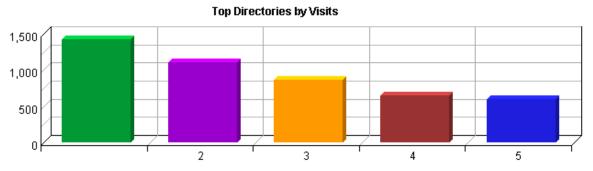


Pages Dashboard 83



Top Pages by Visits



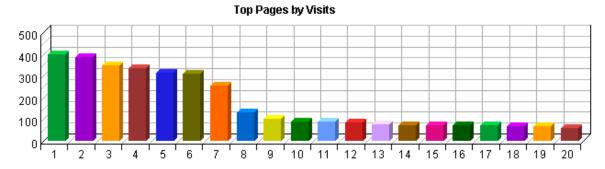


84 Pages Dashboard

Top Pages

This identifies the most popular web pages on your site and shows you the number of visits for each, and displays the average length of time the page was viewed.





Top Pages

	Pages	Visits	%	Views	Avg Time Viewed	Avg Time to Serve
1.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	400	7.91%	448	00:02:23	0
2.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	385	7.61%	433	00:02:22	0
3.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/	347	6.86%	392	00:01:52	0
4.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/	335	6.62%	365	00:02:16	0
5.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	312	6.17%	331	00:02:02	0
6.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA	308	6.09%	347	00:03:10	0

	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/					
7.	Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/	253	5.00%	291	00:02:30	0
8.	Research Results Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/results.html	131	2.59%	139	00:03:49	0
9.	Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/researchproj. html	103	2.04%	113	00:04:32	0
10.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/ success.html	91	1.80%	95	00:00:46	0
11.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/economics.html	90	1.78%	91	00:00:47	0
12.	Solicitations Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/solicitations.html	86	1.70%	86	00:01:52	0
13.	Solicitations Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/solicitations.html	75	1.48%	75	00:00:34	0
14.	Solicitations Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/solicitations.html	74	1.46%	76	00:02:55	0
15.	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ solicitations.html	73	1.44%	74	00:02:59	0
16.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ centers.html	71	1.40%	72	00:01:54	0
17.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/research.html	70	1.38%	71	00:03:14	0
18.	Reports and Publications Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics	68	1.34%	72	00:02:51	0

	NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/reportspub.html					
19.	Research Results Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/highlights. html	66	1.30%	74	00:01:10	0
20.	Progress/ Results by Grant Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD U http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ results2.html	60	1.19%	62	00:04:48	0
	Subtotal	3,398	67.15%	3,707	00:02:26	
	Other	1,662	32.85%	1,751	00:02:16	
	Total	5,060	100.00%	5,458	00:02:22	

Top Pages - Help Card

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits to this page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views the first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

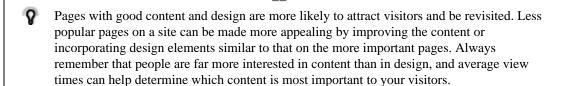
Views – Number of times this page was viewed by visitors.

% – Percentage of the total visits in which the visitor viewed this page at least once.

Average Time Viewed – Average length of time the specified page was viewed. (The format is hh:mm:ss – hours:minutes:seconds.)

Average Time to Serve – Average amount of time (in milliseconds) it took to serve each document during the specified time interval. The time to serve spans from the time the server got a page request until it transmitted all the data.

Note: Zero values in this column probably indicates that your web server is not logging Time to Serve information.



Top Content Groups

This report identifies the most popular groups of web site pages and how often they were visited.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Content Groups - Help Card

? Content Group – A defined group of web pages with specific things in common, such as the same types of products, services, or information.

Group Name – Name of the content group being analyzed.

Total – The sum of the visit counts for the content groups. During a single visit, the visitor may view pages in zero, one, or multiple content groups, causing some visits to be omitted from this total and some visits to be counted more than once.

Visits – Number of visits where the visitor viewed at least one page in the specified content group. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

% – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

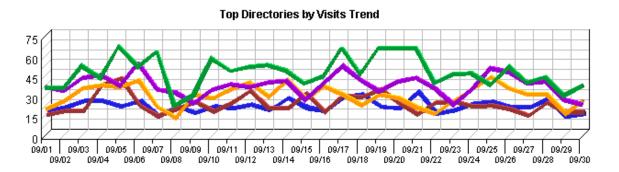
The information on this page can show you which content groups were most popular. This will reveal the reasons people visit your web site, and what is most interesting and least interesting to them.

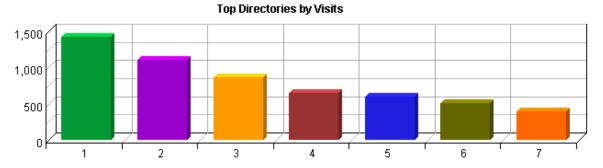
Top Content Groups 89

90 Top Content Groups

Top Directories

This report lists the most commonly accessed directories on your web site. This information can help determine the types of data most often requested.





Top Directories

	Path To Directory	Visits	%	Hits	Kbytes Transferred
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine	1,425	25.69%	3,495	316,830
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater	1,112	20.05%	1,659	65,969
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm	859	15.49%	2,648	390,677
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse	651	11.74%	2,227	160,349
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics	597	10.76%	1,286	83,720
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate	503	9.07%	727	26,037
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/	400	7.21%	448	7,513
	Total	5,547	100.00%	12,490	1,051,091

Top Directories 91

Top Directories - Help Card

? Path to Directory – The full URL path to the directory being analyzed.

Visits – Number of visits to pages within the specified directory. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Kbytes Transferred – Number of kilobytes of data transferred by the server from the specified directory to your visitors.

% – Percentage of visits or hits to, or kilobytes of data transferred from the specified directory compared to all other directories.

This report indicates the content visitors are most interested in. Use this information to determine which content areas to develop further, which areas to focus on less, and how you can arrange your content most effectively. If the table is sorted by kilobytes of data transferred, this page reveals what kind of data the server spends the most time transferring, and may suggest different ways to organize your data, or different ways to distribute the server load if you have more than one server.

92 Top Directories

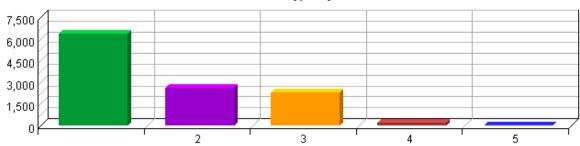
Files Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Files chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

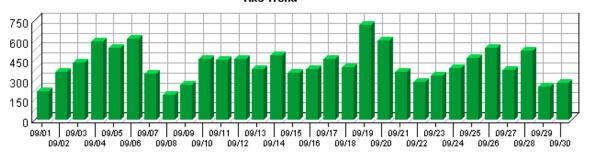
Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	12,490
Average Hits per Day	416
Home Page Hits	448

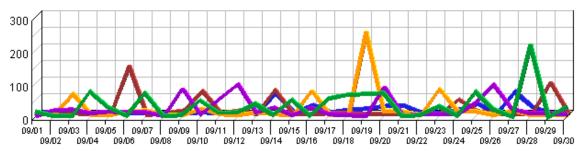
Most Accessed File Types by Files



Hits Trend



Most Downloaded Files Trend



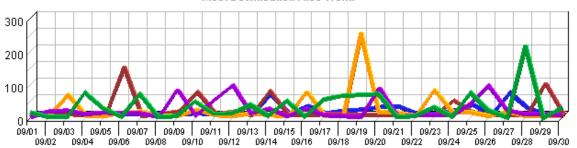
Files Dashboard 93

94 Files Dashboard

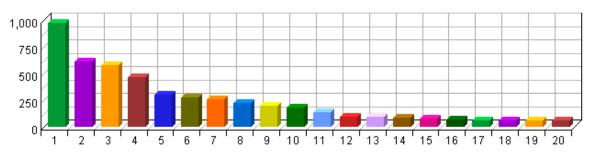
Most Downloaded Files

This report identifies the most popular files downloaded from your site.





Most Downloaded Files



Most Downloaded Files

	Downloaded Files	Downloads	%	Visits
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/sos.pdf	975	14.31%	96
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/hei/DieselSpecialReport02. pdf	613	9.00%	66
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/pm.pdf	580	8.51%	41
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/science_econ1.pdf	465	6.83%	35
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/hei/Rean–ExecSumm.pdf	306	4.49%	37
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/decade_innovation.pdf	278	4.08%	64
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/review/ edcsubcommitteereport-finalversion. pdf	259	3.80%	40
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ francis.pdf	220	3.23%	24
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ lazorchak.pdf	201	2.95%	34
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/	181	2.66%	19

swan.pdf 11. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/epafinal.pdf 12. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ zoeller.pdf 13. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/
science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ zoeller.pdf 13. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ 22 science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/
science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/
ferguson.pdf
14. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ 85 1.25% 21 science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ hauser.pdf
15. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ 75 1.10% science/pm/hei/Rean-part1.pdf
16. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ 67 0.98% 44 science/drinkingwater/ryan_r829010. pdf
17. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ 64 0.94% science/drinkingwater/ westerhoff_r826831.pdf
18. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ 62 0.91% 23 science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ stoker.pdf
19. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ 60 0.88% science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ laws.pdf
20. http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ 60 0.88% 51 science/drinkingwater/
kilduff_r828045.pdf
kilduff_r828045.pdf

Most Downloaded Files - Help Card

Pownloads – Number of times the specified file was downloaded by a visitor. If an error occurred during a transfer, the transfer is not counted.

Files – The path and filename of the file being analyzed.

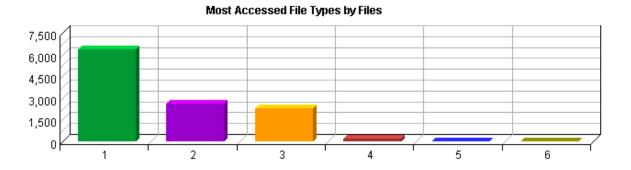
 ${f Visits}$ – The number of unique visitors who downloaded the specified file. If an error occurred in the transfer, the transfer is not counted.

% – Percentage of times the specified file was downloaded compared to all downloaded files.

This information shows you the most popular downloadable files on your web site. Files that don't appear on the list, or appear low on the list, may require maintenance such as decreasing the file size, improving link placement, or elimination to make room for more popular content.

Most Accessed File Types

This report identifies the types of files accessed on your site and the total number of kilobytes of data transferred for each file type. Cached requests and erred hits are excluded from the totals. The types of files accessed are listed in descending order.



Most Accessed File Types

	File Type	Files	%	Kbytes Transferred
1.	pdf	6,338	55.14%	916,055
2.	html	2,635	22.92%	76,955
3.	htm	2,314	20.13%	51,524
4.	CSS	173	1.51%	1,733
5.	ppt	25	0.22%	4,100
6.	doc	10	0.09%	727
	Total	11,495	100.00%	1,051,091

Most Accessed File Types - Help Card



File Type – Identifies types of files by their file extension. For example, a file named graphic.gif is identified as type "gif."

Files – Number of files of the specified type accessed by visitors to your site.

Kbytes Transferred – Number of kilobytes of data transferred for all files of the specified type.

% – Percentage of all kilobytes of data transferred for the specified file type.



This report provides general statistics for the type of data that visitors access on your site.

Most Uploaded Files

This report identifies the most popular files uploaded using FTP PUT, HTTP PUT, or HTTP POST.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Most Uploaded Files - Help Card

3

Files – The path and filename of the uploaded file being analyzed.

Top Uploads – Number of times the specified file was uploaded to your site. If an error occurred during a transfer, the transfer is not counted.

Visits – Number of visits to your site where the specified file was uploaded. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times the specified file was uploaded compared with all uploaded files.



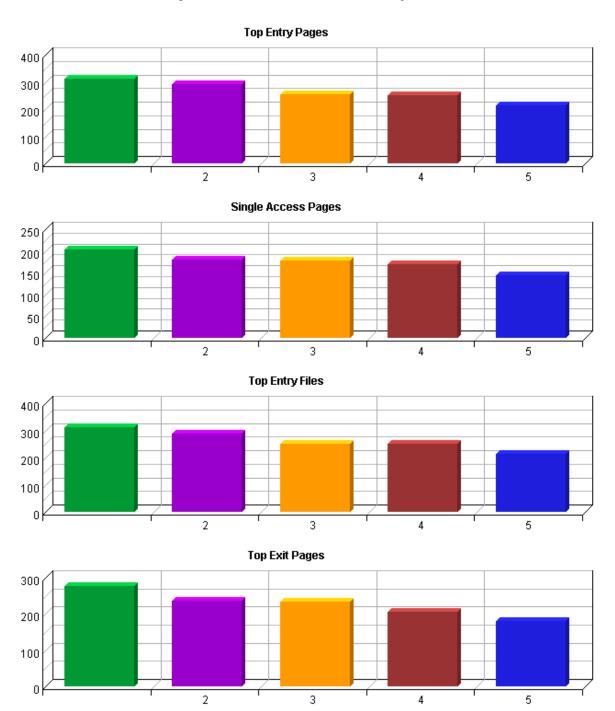
You may want to run virus scans on uploaded files.

Most Uploaded Files 101

102 Most Uploaded Files

Navigation Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to online navigation.

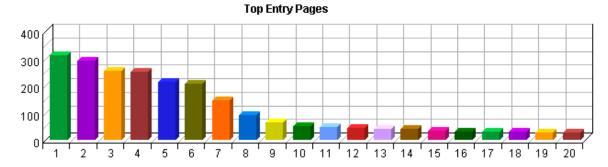


Navigation Dashboard 103

Top Entry Pages

This report identifies the first page viewed when a visitor visits your site. The most common entry page is usually the home page, but other common entry pages include specific URLs that visitors type, pages that have been bookmarked, or pages referred to by other sites.





Top Entry Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	312	10.61%
2.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	291	9.90%
3.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/economics/	253	8.61%
4.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/	252	8.57%
5.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	213	7.24%
6.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	207	7.04%

	endocrine/		
7.	Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/	146	4.97%
8.	Research Results Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/results. html	90	3.06%
9.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/ success.html	65	2.21%
10.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/economics.html	52	1.77%
11.	Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/researchproj. html	46	1.56%
12.	Wildlife Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/ wildlife. html	44	1.50%
13.	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ solicitations.html	42	1.43%
14.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ centers.html	39	1.33%
15.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/research. html	34	1.16%
16.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/ 02_22_07_event.html	31	1.05%
17.	Solicitations Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/solicitations.html	31	1.05%
18.	Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD	29	0.99%

	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/other.html		
19.	Solicitations Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/solicitations.html	27	0.92%
20.	Reports and Publications Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/reportspub. html	27	0.92%
	Subtotal	2,231	75.88%
	Other	709	24.12%
	Total	2,940	100.00%

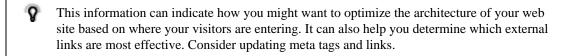
Top Entry Pages - Help Card

Entry Page – The first page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non–page files, that visit has no entry page. This can cause the total number of entry pages to be less than the total number of visits.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

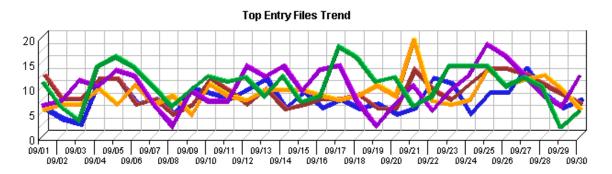
Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the entry page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

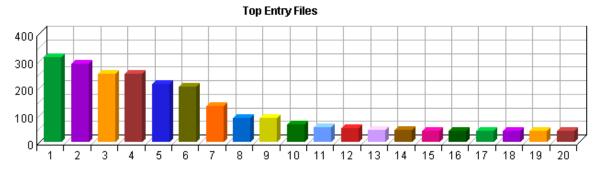
% – Percentage of times this page was the entry page compared with other entry pages.



Top Entry Files

This report identifies the first hit from a visitor visiting your site. This is most likely the home page but, in some cases it may also be specific URLs that visitors enter to go directly to a particular file or page.





Top Entry Files

	Files	Visits	%
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/	311	6.64%
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/	289	6.17%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/	252	5.38%
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater/	250	5.34%
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/	212	4.53%
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/	205	4.38%
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/	132	2.82%
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater/results.html	88	1.88%
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/sos.pdf	87	1.86%
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/hei/DieselSpecialReport02. pdf	64	1.37%
11.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/success.html	55	1.17%
12.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/economics.html	52	1.11%
13.		44	0.94%

Top Entry Files 109

http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/researchproj.html

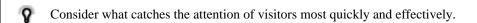
	science/endocrine/researchproj.num		
14.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater/ kilduff_r828045.pdf	43	0.92%
15.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/decade_innovation.pdf	42	0.90%
16.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater/ westerhoff_r826831.pdf	42	0.90%
17.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/solicitations.html	42	0.90%
18.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/wildlife.html	41	0.88%
19.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater/ batterman_r825362.pdf	40	0.85%
20.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/centers.html	39	0.83%
	Subtotal	2,330	49.73%
	Other	2,355	50.27%
	Total	4,685	100.00%
		•	

Top Entry Files - Help Card

Files – Refers to the first file loaded to a visitor's browser. Contrast this with the first page loaded to a visitor's browser. The entry page for some visitors is not a formally defined page, so the information in this table and graph include all first hits regardless if the hit was on a formal page or not.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors whose first hit was the specified file. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

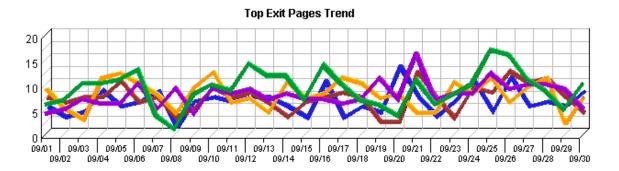
% – Refers to the total numbers of visits.

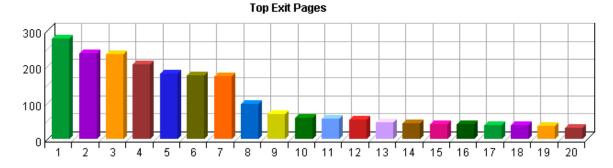


110 Top Entry Files

Top Exit Pages

This report identifies the last page visitors viewed before they left your site.





Top Exit Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	278	9.46%
2.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/	236	8.03%
3.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	233	7.93%
4.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/	206	7.01%
5.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/	181	6.16%
6.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	176	5.99%
7.		173	5.89%

Technology for a Sustainable
Environment | Science Topics | NCER |
ORD | US EPA
http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/

	http://es.epa.gov/ licer/ science/ tse/		
8.	Research Results Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/results.html	97	3.30%
9.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/ success.html	69	2.35%
10.	Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/researchproj. html	59	2.01%
11.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/economics.html	55	1.87%
12.	Solicitations Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/solicitations.html	53	1.80%
13.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ centers.html	46	1.57%
14.	Wildlife Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/wildlife.html	42	1.43%
15.	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ solicitations.html	41	1.40%
16.	Solicitations Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/solicitations.html	40	1.36%
17.	Solicitations Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/solicitations.html	37	1.26%
18.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	37	1.26%

	globalclimate/ 02_22_07_event.html		
19.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/research.html	35	1.19%
20.	Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ other.html	31	1.05%
	Subtotal	2,125	72.30%
	Other	814	27.70%
	Total	2,939	100.00%

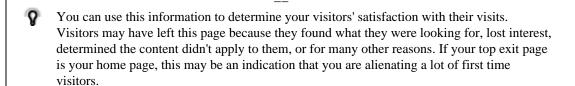
Top Exit Pages - Help Card

Exit Page – The last page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non–page files, that visit has no exit page. This can cause the total number of exit pages to be less than the total number of visits.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

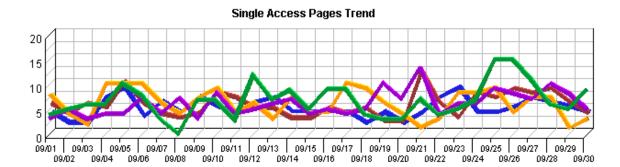
Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the exit page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

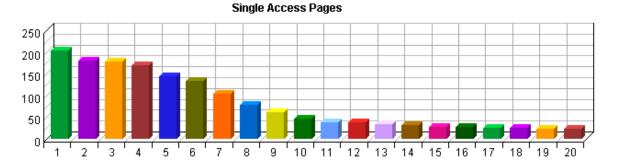
% – Percentage of times this page was the exit page compared with other exit pages.



Single Access Pages

This report identifies the pages on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page.





Single Access Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	204	9.33%
2.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/	181	8.28%
3.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	178	8.14%
4.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/	169	7.73%
5.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	145	6.63%
6.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/	134	6.13%
7.		104	4.76%

Single Access Pages 115

Technology for a Sustainable
Environment | Science Topics | NCER |
ORD | US EPA
http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/

	http://cs.cpa.gov/hcci/science/tse/		
8.	Research Results Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/results. html	78	3.57%
9.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/ success.html	61	2.79%
10.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/economics.html	47	2.15%
11.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ centers.html	38	1.74%
12.	Wildlife Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/wildlife.html	38	1.74%
13.	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ solicitations.html	33	1.51%
14.	Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/researchproj. html	32	1.46%
15.	Solicitations Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/solicitations.html	27	1.23%
16.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/02_22_07_event.html	27	1.23%
17.	Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ other.html	26	1.19%
18.	Solicitations Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US	25	1.14%

116 Single Access Pages

	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/solicitations.html		
19.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/research.html	24	1.10%
20.	Early Developmental Outcomes Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/development.html	24	1.10%
	Subtotal	1,595	72.93%
	Other	592	27.07%
	Total	2,187	100.00%

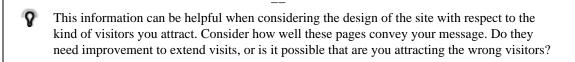
Single Access Pages - Help Card

Single Access Page – A page on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page. To qualify, the visit must be to a page with a valid document type. If the visit is to a document with a different type (such as a graphic or sound file), the file does not count as a single access page, and the visit is not included in the total. Such visits are often the result of other sites referencing a specific downloadable file or graphic on your site. In these cases, a visit may have a single hit to a non–document type file, and will not be counted in the percentage calculations.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the exit page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times this page was a single access page compared with other single access pages.



Single Access Pages 117

Top Paths Through Site

This report tracks visitor activity beginning with their entry page into the site—the first page they open—then all subsequent pages during their visit. The default definition for a page in this context is defined as a document ending with the extension .htm, .html, or .asp. This definition can be changed by the system administrator.

Top Paths Through Site

g, ,, ,	D. (1. 6. G)	T 70 4/	0.4
Starting Page	Paths from Start	Visits	%
All Entry Pages	1. Particulate Matter Science	236	8.03%
	Topics NCER ORD US EPA		
	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/		
		206	7.01%
	1. Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US		
	EPA		
	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/		
		197	6.70%
	1. Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA		
	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/		
	1 1 0	179	6.09%
	1. Drinking Water Science Topics	177	0.0570
	NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/		
	science/drinkingwater/		
	selence/armangwater/	1.47	5 000/
	1. Global Change Science Topics	147	5.00%
	NCER ORD US EPA		
	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/		
	science/globalclimate/		
	•	140	4.76%
	1. Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US	110	1.7070
	EPA		
	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/		
	science/endocrine/		
		124	4.22%
	1. Technology for a Sustainable		
	Environment Science Topics		
	NCER ORD US EPA		
	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/		
	1 December December 1 December 2 Western	83	2.82%
	1. Research Results Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA		
	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/		
	science/drinkingwater/results.html		

1. Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC	63	2.14%
http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/success.html	47	1.60%
1. Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	7,	1.0070
science/economics/economics.html	38	1.29%
1. Wildlife Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics http://es.epa.gov/ncer/		
science/endocrine/wildlife.html 1. PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA	38	1.29%
http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/centers.html	25	1.100/
1. Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD	35	1.19%
http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/researchproj.html	33	1.12%
1. Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA		
http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/solicitations.html	27	0.92%
1. Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	21	0.5270
science/pm/other.html	27	0.92%
1. Solicitations Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/solicitations.		
html	27	0.92%
1. Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/		

science/globalclimate/02_22_07_event. html

25 0.85% 1. Research Results | Global Change | Science Topics | NCER | ORD | US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/research.html 25 0.85% 1. Solicitations | Endocrine **Disruptors Research | Science** Topics | NCER | ORD | US http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/solicitations.html 24 0.82% 1. Early Developmental Outcomes Research Projects | Endocrine

Top Paths Through Site - Help Card

Path Through Site – The sequence of pages a visitor views, from the entry page to the exit page.

science/endocrine/development.html

Disruptors Research http://es.epa.gov/ncer/

Paths From Start – With the exception of the starting page, this column lists the pages of the top paths taken through your site. The paths listed are limited to the paths configured for path analysis for this profile. These lists are grouped so that more than one row has the same starting page. To see the starting page for each of these lists, look in the Starting Page column and find the first entry up from the Paths from Start row.

Starting Page – The first page, or entry page, in the full path visitors take through your site.

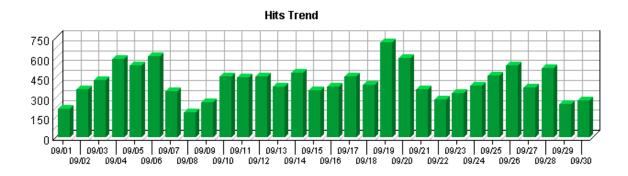
Visits – Number of visits where the specified path was followed. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times that the specified path through your site was taken compared to all other listed paths through your site.

Use this information to evaluate the design of your web site. Where do your visitors go once they reach your site? Which pages are visited first? Do your visitors appear to be looking for pages that should be more accessible?

Technical Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to online technical activity.



Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	12,490
Average Hits per Day	416
Home Page Hits	448



Technical Statistics

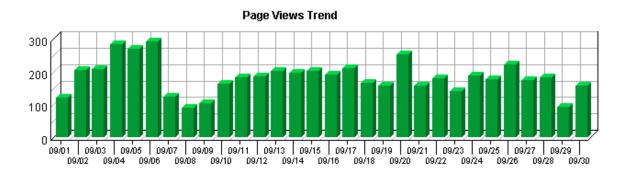
Total Hits	14,195	100%
Successful Hits	12,490	87.99%
Failed Hits	1,705	12.01%
Cached Hits	995	7.01%

Technical Dashboard 123

124 Technical Dashboard

Page Views Trend

This report helps you determine the bandwidth requirements of your web site by tracking page views over the course of the report period.



Page Views Trend

Time Interval	Page Views	%
09/01	120	2.20%
09/02	204	3.74%
09/03	207	3.79%
09/04	283	5.19%
09/05	270	4.95%
09/06	292	5.35%
09/07	124	2.27%
09/08	89	1.63%
09/09	104	1.91%
09/10	163	2.99%
09/11	182	3.33%
09/12	184	3.37%
09/13	201	3.68%
09/14	195	3.57%
09/15	203	3.72%
09/16	191	3.50%
09/17	209	3.83%
09/18	165	3.02%
09/19	157	2.88%
09/20	251	4.60%
09/21	157	2.88%
09/22	179	3.28%
09/23	139	2.55%
09/24	187	3.43%
09/25	177	3.24%

Page Views Trend 125

09/26	221	4.05%
09/27	174	3.19%
09/28	181	3.32%
09/29	92	1.69%
09/30	157	2.88%
Total	5,458	100.00%

Page Views Trend - Help Card



Page – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Page View – A hit to any file classified as a page. In order to view a web page with embedded images, for example, a browser must retrieve multiple files. The page and its embedded files counts as a single page view.

Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

% – Percentage of total page views that occurred during the specified time interval.

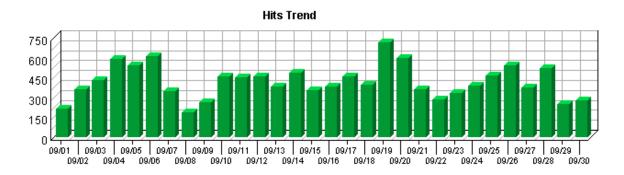


Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

126 Page Views Trend

Hits Trend

This report helps you learn the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking hits over the course of the report period.



Hits Trend

Time Interval	Hits	%
09/01	215	1.72%
09/02	360	2.88%
09/03	433	3.47%
09/04	588	4.71%
09/05	540	4.32%
09/06	612	4.90%
09/07	344	2.75%
09/08	190	1.52%
09/09	264	2.11%
09/10	461	3.69%
09/11	452	3.62%
09/12	458	3.67%
09/13	381	3.05%
09/14	488	3.91%
09/15	354	2.83%
09/16	383	3.07%
09/17	457	3.66%
09/18	397	3.18%
09/19	716	5.73%
09/20	599	4.80%
09/21	360	2.88%
09/22	286	2.29%
09/23	335	2.68%
09/24	387	3.10%
09/25	462	3.70%

Hits Trend 127

09/26	542	4.34%
09/27	374	2.99%
09/28	520	4.16%
09/29	253	2.03%
09/30	279	2.23%
Total	12,490	100.00%

Hits Trend – Help Card

? Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

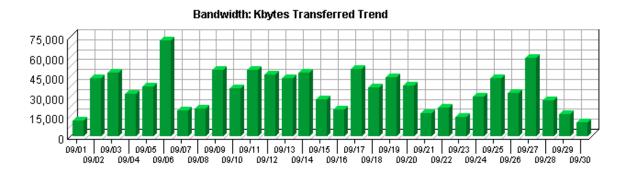
% – Percentage of hits that occurred during the specified time interval.

Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

128 Hits Trend

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend

This report helps you see the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking kilobytes transferred over the course of the report period.



Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend

Time Interval	Kbytes Transferred	%
09/01	11,607	1.10%
09/02	43,814	4.17%
09/03	47,603	4.53%
09/04	31,673	3.01%
09/05	37,767	3.59%
09/06	71,922	6.84%
09/07	19,239	1.83%
09/08	21,028	2.00%
09/09	49,832	4.74%
09/10	35,872	3.41%
09/11	50,300	4.79%
09/12	46,391	4.41%
09/13	43,505	4.14%
09/14	47,668	4.54%
09/15	28,017	2.67%
09/16	20,297	1.93%
09/17	50,958	4.85%
09/18	36,999	3.52%
09/19	44,450	4.23%
09/20	38,520	3.66%
09/21	17,427	1.66%
09/22	21,820	2.08%
09/23	14,854	1.41%
09/24	29,807	2.84%
09/25	43,966	4.18%

09/26	32,397	3.08%
09/27	59,052	5.62%
09/28	27,353	2.60%
09/29	16,542	1.57%
09/30	10,427	0.99%
Total	1,051,091	100.00%

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend - Help Card

Reserved – Number of kilobytes of data transferred during the specified time interval.

Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

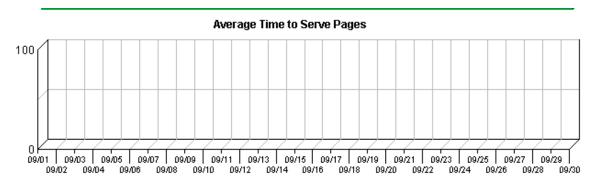
% – Percentage of total kilobytes of data transferred that were transferred during the specified time interval.

Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Average Time to Serve Pages

This report displays the average amount of time (in milliseconds) it takes to serve pages.

Note: Not all web servers log the information necessary to create this report.



Average Time to Serve Pages

Time Interval	Total Time to Serve	Pages Served	Average Time to Serve
09/01	0	120	0
09/02	0	204	0
09/03	0	207	0
09/04	0	283	0
09/05	0	270	0
09/06	0	292	0
09/07	0	124	0
09/08	0	89	0
09/09	0	104	0
09/10	0	163	0
09/11	0	182	0
09/12	0	184	0
09/13	0	201	0
09/14	0	195	0
09/15	0	203	0
09/16	0	191	0
09/17	0	209	0
09/18	0	165	0
09/19	0	157	0
09/20	0	251	0
09/21	0	157	0
09/22	0	179	0
09/23	0	139	0
09/24	0	187	0
09/25	0	177	0

09/26	0	221	0
09/27	0	174	0
09/28	0	181	0
09/29	0	92	0
09/30	0	157	0
Total	0	5,458	0.0

Average Time to Serve Pages - Help Card

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Total Time to Serve – The total amount of time the server spent serving documents during the specified time interval.

Pages Served – Number of pages served to visitors during the specified time interval.

Average Time to Serve – Average amount of time (in milliseconds) it took to serve each document during the specified time interval. The time to serve spans from the time the server got a page request until it transmitted all the data.

Note: Zero values in this column probably indicates that your web server is not logging Time to Serve information.

Consider increasing your available bandwidth if the times to serve spike at rates disproportionate to the number of documents served during the same time interval. If you see this problem and have enough bandwidth, your server power may be a factor.

Errors Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Errors chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

Technical Statistics

Total Hits	14,195	100%
Successful Hits	12,490	87.99%
Failed Hits	1,705	12.01%
Cached Hits	995	7.01%





Errors Dashboard 133

134 Errors Dashboard

Client Errors

This report identifies the error codes from the browsers accessing your server.



Client Errors

	HTTP Status Codes	Hits	%
1.	403 Forbidden Access	1,419	83.23%
2.	404 Page or File Not Found	284	16.66%
3.	000 Incomplete / Undefined	2	0.12%
	Total	1,705	100.00%

Client Errors – Help Card

ş

Client Errors – An error caused by a problem on your visitor's end of the web site connection. The server is not responsible for client errors.

Hits – Number of failed hits that returned this status code.

HTTP Status Codes – The status code for the specific error that occurred.

% – Percentage of total failed hits that returned this status code.

O

Use this page to determine what maintenance is necessary.

Client Errors 135

136 Client Errors

File Not Found Errors

This report identifies files that returned "404 – Not Found" or "410 – Gone" errors from your server.



File Not Found Errors

	Files Not Found and Referring URL	Hits	%
1.	/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ review/ EDCProgramReviewResponsetoBOSC-narrative.pdf (no referrer)	9	3.17%
2.	/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ 2006endoworkshop.html (no referrer)	9	3.17%
3.	/ncer/science/tse/idnex.html (no referrer)	7	2.46%
4.	/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ review/edcresponsetobosc- table090705.pdf (no referrer)	7	2.46%
5.	/ncer/science/drinkingwater/ impact/ (no referrer)	7	2.46%
6.	/ncer/science/economics/pdf/ 2002_decison_making_proceedings. pdf (no referrer)	7	2.46%
7.	/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ 2006endoworkshop.html http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ publications/workshop/ endocrineworkshp71306.html	6	2.11%
8.	/ncer/science/tse/idnex.html http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/recipients.html	6	2.11%
9.	/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ review/ EDCProgramReviewResponsetoBOSC-narrative.pdf http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ publications/workshop/index.html	6	2.11%
10.	/ncer/science/endocrine/epa- content.css (no referrer)	5	1.76%
11.	/ncer/science/economics/ ncer_results.hts http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/	5	1.76%
12.	/ncer/science/economics/ epafiles_default.hts http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/	5	1.76%
13.	/ncer/science/pm/ <td>5</td> <td>1.76%</td>	5	1.76%

File Not Found Errors 137

2003_nano.html

14.	/ncer/science/tse/samplefilt. hts http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/	5	1.76%
15.	/ncer/science/economics)/ http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ archive/grants/03/current/ 2003_market_mech.html	5	1.76%
16.	/ncer/science/tse/ ncer_results.hts http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/	5	1.76%
17.	/ncer/science/economics/pdf/ 2002_decison_making_proceedings. pdf http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/economics/reviews.html	5	1.76%
18.	/ncer/science/drinkingwater/ impact/ http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater/results.html	5	1.76%
19.	/ncer/science/tse/ epafiles_default.hts http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/	5	1.76%
20.	/ncer/science/economics/ samplefilt.hts http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/	5	1.76%
	Subtotal	119	41.90%
	Other	165	58.10%
	Total	284	100.00%

File Not Found Errors - Help Card

5

Hits – Number of times a request for this file returned a "404 – Not Found" error or a "410 – Gone" error from your server.

Files – This column lists the file that could not be found and the URL of the referrer (if known).

% – Percentage of the total 404 and 410 errors that were for this file.



Check the links to all pages and files listed in this table. The files were either moved or they no longer exist, and the links are no longer successful.

138 File Not Found Errors

Server Errors

This report lists the errors which occurred on the server.

These errors did not occur in the log data during the requested reporting period.

Server Errors - Help Card

5

Hits – Number of failed hits of the type specified in the "Pages" column. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

HTTP Status Codes – The status code for the specific error that occurred.

% – Percentage of failed hits that were of the specified type.



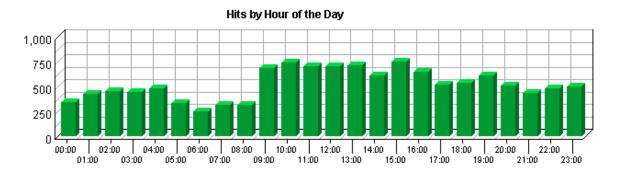
Use this page to determine what maintenance is necessary.

Server Errors 139

140 Server Errors

Activity Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Activity chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

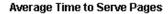


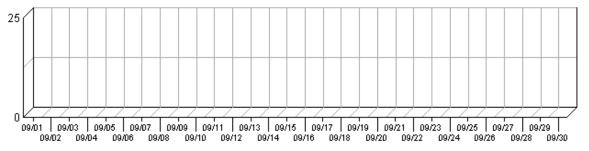
Most Active Summary

Most Active Date	September 19, 2007
Number of Hits on Most Active Date	716
Most Active Day of the Week	Wed
Most Active Hour of the Day	15:00-15:59

Activity on Weekdays Summary

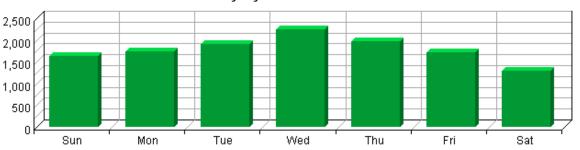
Total Hits Weekdays	9,571
Total Visits Weekdays	3,401
Average Number of Visits per day on Weekdays	170
Average Number of Hits per day on Weekdays	478





Activity Dashboard 141

Hits by Day of the Week



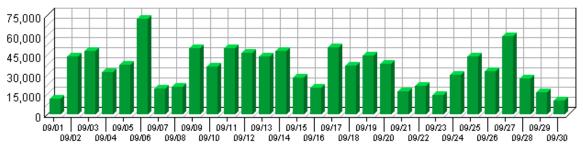
Least Active Summary

Least Active Date	September 08, 2007
Number of Hits on Least Active Date	190
Least Active Day of the Week	Sat
Least Active Hour of the Day	06:00-06:59

Activity on Weekends Summary

Total Hits Weekend	2,919
Total Visits Weekend	1,284
Average Number of Visits per Weekend	256
Average Number of Hits per Weekend	583

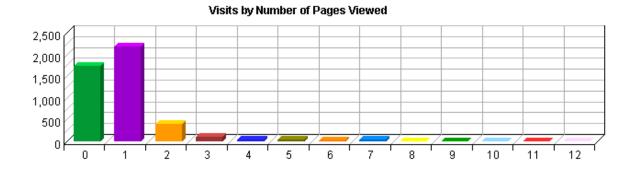




142 Activity Dashboard

Visits by Number of Pages Viewed

This report shows you how many times visitors viewed one page, how many viewed two pages, etc.



Visits by Number of Pages Viewed

Number of Pages Viewed	Visits	%
0	1,745	37.25%
1	2,187	46.69%
2	413	8.82%
3	114	2.43%
4	50	1.07%
5	34	0.73%
6	31	0.66%
7	49	1.05%
8	9	0.19%
9	6	0.13%
10	2	0.04%
11	5	0.11%
12	4	0.09%
Subtotal	4,649	99.25%
Other	35	0.75%
Total	4,684	100.00%

Visits by Number of Pages Viewed - Help Card

Number of Pages Viewed – The number of pages viewed during a visit. If the visitor viewed only non–page files such as a .gif or a .jpeg, the count of pages viewed is zero for that visit.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors who viewed the specified number of pages. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default

idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

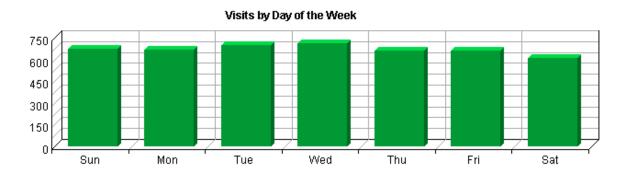
% – Percentage of total visits by people who viewed the specified number of pages.



You can use this information to quickly find out the number and percentages of viewers who read a given number of pages on your site. If most visitors only view a few pages, it may indicate that they cannot find the content they are looking for.

Visits by Day of the Week

This report shows the activity for each day of the week within the reporting period. Unsuccessful hits are not included.



Visits by Day of the Week

Day	Visits	%
Sun	676	14.43%
Mon	669	14.28%
Tue	701	14.96%
Wed	712	15.20%
Thu	661	14.11%
Fri	658	14.04%
Sat	608	12.98%
Total Weekend	1,284	27.41%
Total Weekdays	3,401	72.59%
Total	4,685	100.00%

Visits by Day of the Week - Help Card

3

 $\boldsymbol{Day}-\boldsymbol{Specified}$ day of the week being tracked.

Visits – Number of visits on the specified day of the week. If the report period is longer than one week, and there are, for example, two Mondays, the value represented includes the combined total of both Mondays. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits that occurred on the specified day of the week.

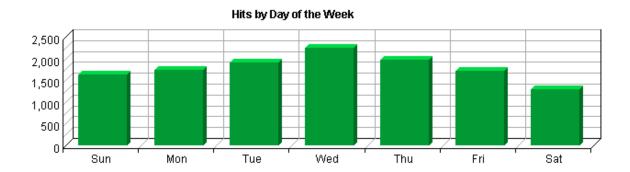
B

Number of visits on the specified day of the week. If the report period is longer than one

week, and there are, for example, two Mondays, the value represented includes the combined total of both Mondays. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits by Day of the Week

This report shows the activity for each day of the week within the reporting period. Unsuccessful hits are not included.



Hits by Day of the Week

Day	Hits	%
Sun	1,621	12.98%
Mon	1,738	13.92%
Tue	1,899	15.20%
Wed	2,256	18.06%
Thu	1,966	15.74%
Fri	1,712	13.71%
Sat	1,298	10.39%
Total Weekend	2,919	23.37%
Total Weekdays	9,571	76.63%
Total	12,490	100.00%

Hits by Day of the Week - Help Card

3

Day – Specified day of the week being tracked.

Hits – Number of hits on the specified day of the week. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

 $\mbox{\%}$ – Percentage of total hits that occurred on the specified day of the week.

S

Days of less activity should be considered good days for maintenance and content improvement.

Visits by Hour of the Day

This report shows activity for each hour of the day. It also shows the most and the least active hours of the day for the report period.



Visits by Hour of the Day

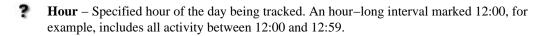
Hour	Visits	%
00:00	183	3.91%
01:00	166	3.54%
02:00	122	2.60%
03:00	188	4.01%
04:00	160	3.42%
05:00	171	3.65%
06:00	138	2.95%
07:00	136	2.90%
08:00	177	3.78%
09:00	236	5.04%
10:00	249	5.31%
11:00	251	5.36%
12:00	240	5.12%
13:00	229	4.89%
14:00	256	5.46%
15:00	250	5.34%
16:00	239	5.10%
17:00	192	4.10%
18:00	214	4.57%
19:00	178	3.80%
20:00	179	3.82%
21:00	161	3.44%
22:00	185	3.95%
23:00	185	3.95%
Total Visits during Work Hours (8:00am-5:00pm)	2,127	45.40%

Total Visits during After Hours (5:01pm-7:59am)	2,558	54.60%
Total	4,685	100.00%

Summary of Visits by Hour of the Day

Most Active Hour of the Day	14:00-14:59
Least Active Hour of the Day	02:00-02:59

Visits by Hour of the Day - Help Card



Least Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the fewest number of hits.

Most Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the largest number of visits

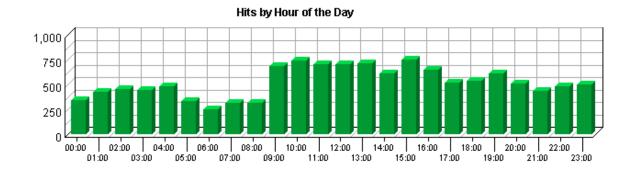
Visits – Number of visits to your site during the specified hour. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all visits during that hour for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits to your site that occurred during the specified hour.

This information can be used to determine which hour of the day is best for system maintenance.

Hits by Hour of the Day

This report shows the most and the least active hour of the day for the report period. The second table breaks down activity for the given report period to show the average activity for each individual hour of the day. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all hits during that period of time for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis.



Hits by Hour of the Day

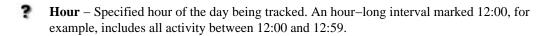
Hour	Hits	%
00:00	344	2.75%
01:00	428	3.43%
02:00	456	3.65%
03:00	447	3.58%
04:00	477	3.82%
05:00	331	2.65%
06:00	254	2.03%
07:00	313	2.51%
08:00	319	2.55%
09:00	682	5.46%
10:00	741	5.93%
11:00	700	5.60%
12:00	701	5.61%
13:00	710	5.68%
14:00	609	4.88%
15:00	749	6.00%
16:00	644	5.16%
17:00	518	4.15%
18:00	534	4.28%
19:00	607	4.86%
20:00	508	4.07%
21:00	433	3.47%
22:00	485	3.88%
23:00	500	4.00%

Total Hits during Work Hours (8:00am-5:00pm)	5,855	46.88%
Total Hits during After Hours (5:01pm-7:59am)	6,635	53.12%
Total	12,490	100.00%

Summary of Hits by Hour of the Day

Most Active Hour of the Day	15:00–15:59
Least Active Hour of the Day	06:00-06:59

Hits by Hour of the Day - Help Card



Hits – Number of hits to your site during the specified hour. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all visits during that hour for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Least Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the fewest number of hits.

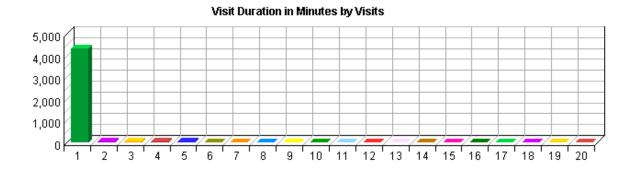
Most Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the largest number of hits.

% – Percentage of hits to your site that occurred during the specified hour.

This information can be used to determine which hour of the day is best for system maintenance.

Visit Duration by Visits

This report shows the number and percentages of visits over selected visit lengths.



Visit Duration by Visits

Visit Duration in Minutes	Visits	%
0–1	4,307	91.95%
1–2	59	1.26%
2–3	37	0.79%
3–4	36	0.77%
4–5	22	0.47%
5–6	17	0.36%
6–7	16	0.34%
7–8	14	0.30%
8–9	9	0.19%
9–10	8	0.17%
10–11	9	0.19%
11–12	7	0.15%
12–13	9	0.19%
13–14	6	0.13%
14–15	7	0.15%
15–16	5	0.11%
16–17	1	0.02%
17–18	9	0.19%
18–19	4	0.09%
19–20	4	0.09%
Subtotal	4,586	97.91%
Other	98	2.09%
Total	4,684	100.00%

Visit Duration by Visits 153

Visit Duration by Visits - Help Card

? Visit Duration (minutes) – The number of minutes your web site was viewed.

Visits – Number of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

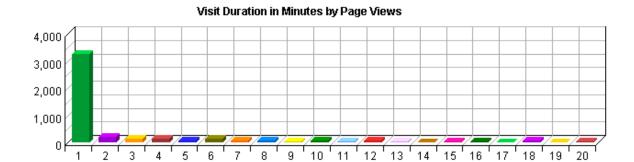
% – Percentage of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time.

7 Th

This information tells you how many visitors view your site for specific intervals of time.

Visit Duration by Page Views

This report shows the number and percentages of pages views over selected visit lengths.



Visit Duration by Page Views

Visit Duration in Minutes	Views	%
0–1	3,271	59.94%
1–2	214	3.92%
2–3	138	2.53%
3–4	120	2.20%
4–5	81	1.48%
5–6	123	2.25%
6–7	65	1.19%
7–8	69	1.26%
8–9	36	0.66%
9–10	74	1.36%
10–11	40	0.73%
11–12	61	1.12%
12–13	45	0.82%
13–14	15	0.27%
14–15	25	0.46%
15–16	18	0.33%
16–17	3	0.05%
17–18	80	1.47%
18–19	9	0.16%
19–20	23	0.42%
Subtotal	4,510	82.65%
Other	947	17.35%
Total	5,457	100.00%

Visit Duration by Page Views - Help Card

3

Page – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visit Duration (minutes) – The number of minutes your web site was viewed.

Views – A page view is A hit to any file classified as a page. Contrast page views with hits, which counts files of every type.

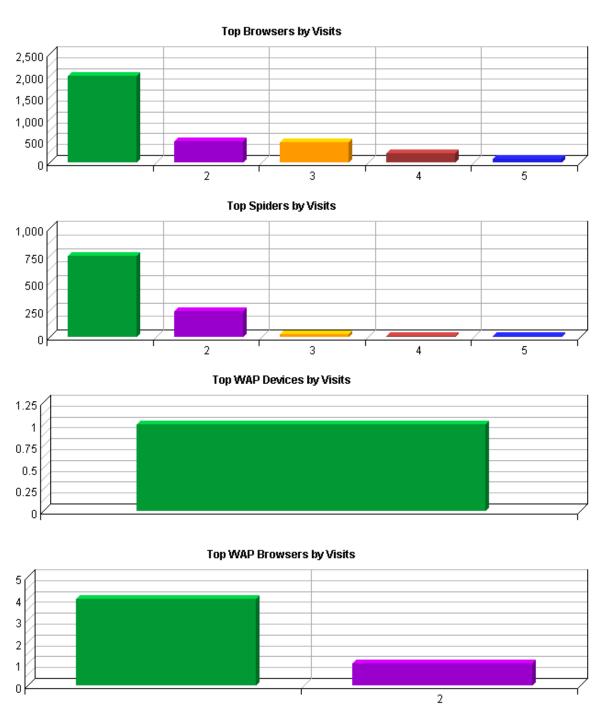
% – Percentage of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time.



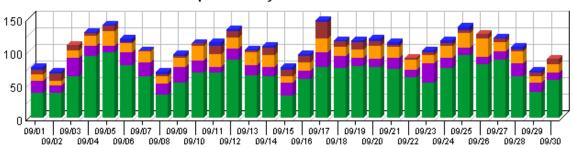
This information tells you how many visitors view your site for specific intervals of time.

Browsers and Platforms Dashboard

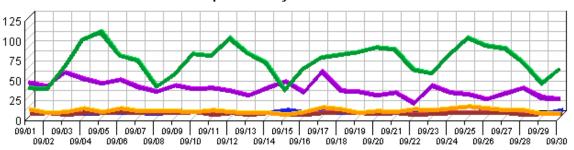
This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Browsers and Platforms chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.



Top Browsers by Visits Trend

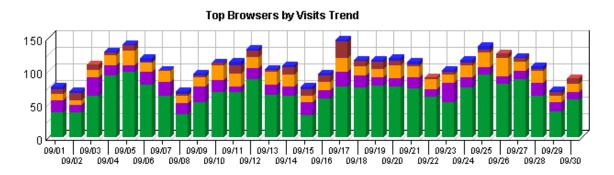


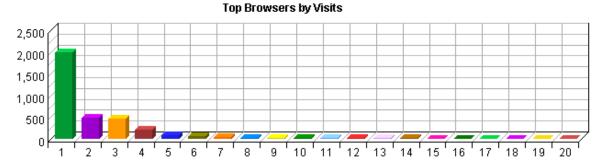
Top Platforms by Visits Trend



Top Browsers

This report identifies the most popular browsers used by visitors to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the browser/platform information.





Top Browsers

	Browser	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Microsoft Internet Explorer	1,991 5	5.65%	6,258
2.	msnbot/1.0 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	480 1	3.42%	661
3.	Mozilla	475 1	3.28%	1,743
4.	Other Netscape Compatible	203	5.67%	738
5.	PEAR HTTP_Request class (http://pear.php.net/)	77	2.15%	95
6.	Safari	64	1.79%	98
7.	NLESE USEPA	51	1.43%	306
8.	Sirketcebot/v.01 (http://www.sirketce.com/bot.html)	25	0.70%	27
9.	Others	17	0.48%	20
10.	voyager/1.0	17	0.48%	17
11.	Netscape	16	0.45%	57
12.	NLESE for intraUSEPA	14	0.39%	28
13.	Python-urllib/2.4	12	0.34%	12
14.	Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0-rc3	12	0.34%	54
15.	Opera	10	0.28%	11
16.	WebVac (webmaster@pita.stanford.edu WebVac.org)	9	0.25%	208
17.	Python-urllib/2.5	9	0.25%	11

Top Browsers 159

18.	Konqueror	9	0.25%	15
19.	msnbot-media/1.0 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	8	0.22%	21
20.	ia_archiver	7	0.20%	7
	Subtotal	3,506	97.99%	10,387
	Other	72	2.01%	195
	Total	3,578	100.00%	10,582

Top Browsers - Help Card

Prowser – A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Microsoft Internet Explorer, Opera and others.

Hits – Number of hits from visitors using the specified browser. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Total – The total activity based on the sort column (hits or visits) where there was sufficient information to identify the browser. This number may be less than the total visits or hits overall.

Visits – The total visits where there was sufficient information to identify the browser. This number may be less than the total visits overall. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total for the sort column (hits or visits) by those using the specified browser.

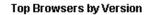
Prowser data can help you determine how to configure your site for optimal viewing.

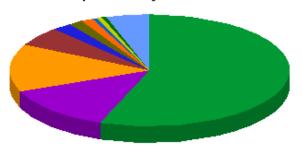
Note: Any hits identified as originating from a spider (an automated program that searches the Internet) are not counted in this table. Also, if a browser does not identify itself in its request to the Web server, it will get counted on this page as an "Other."

160 Top Browsers

Top Browsers by Version

This report lists the browser versions most common among your visitors.





Top Browsers by Version

	•	v			
	Browser	Version	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Microsoft Internet Explorer	6.0	1,292	36.11%	4,274
		7.0	651	18.19%	1,839
		5.0	10	0.28%	22
		3.02	10	0.28%	10
		5.5	7	0.20%	20
		5.00	3	0.08%	54
		Version Unknown	3	0.08%	3
		5.01	3	0.08%	8
		1.	2	0.06%	3
		6.0b	2	0.06%	10
		5.17	2	0.06%	3
		6.1	1	0.03%	5
		6.01	1	0.03%	1
		7.0b	1	0.03%	1
		5.14	1	0.03%	2
		5.16	1	0.03%	2
		5.23	1	0.03%	1
		Other	0	0.00%	0
2.	msnbot/1.0 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	Version Unknown	480	13.42%	661
		Other	0	0.00%	0
3.	Mozilla	20070725	194	5.42%	714
		20070914	124	3.47%	552
		20070308	26	0.73%	26
		20070713	20	0.56%	24
		20070508	15	0.42%	100

		20070515	14	0.39%	26
		20061010	13	0.36%	29
		Version Unknown	7	0.20%	9
		20070309	6	0.17%	15
		20060909	6	0.17%	12
		20051107	6	0.17%	9
		20050915	6	0.17%	66
		20061204	4	0.11%	17
		20070219	3	0.08%	7
		20060508	3	0.08%	29
		20061206	3	0.08%	3
		20060111	2	0.06%	3
		20050716	2	0.06%	3
		20060728	2	0.06%	5
		20060722	2	0.06%	60
		20051111	1	0.03%	4
		20070324	1	0.03%	3
		20050319	1	0.03%	1
		20041107	1	0.03%	1
		20050511	1	0.03%	1
		20050414	1	0.03%	6
		20061025	1	0.03%	1
		20060719	1	0.03%	2
		20040514	1	0.03%	5
		20070509	1	0.03%	1
		20041210	1	0.03%	1
		20070815	1	0.03%	1
		20031007	1	0.03%	1
		20040906	1	0.03%	1
		20060601	1	0.03%	1
		20070606	1	0.03%	2
		20050919	1	0.03%	2
		Other	0	0.00%	0
4.	Other Netscape Compatible	Version Unknown	203	5.67%	738
		Other	0	0.00%	0
5.	PEAR HTTP_Request class (http://pear.php.net/)	Version Unknown	77	2.15%	95
		Other	0	0.00%	0
6.	Safari	419.3	47	1.31%	77
		YY/ADOBE	6	0.17%	6

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		312.6	5	0.14%	5
		417.9.2	1	0.03%	1
		YY	1	0.03%	2
		312.3	1	0.03%	1
		85.8.1	1	0.03%	3
		312.6_ADOBE	1	0.03%	2
		412	1	0.03%	1
		Other	0	0.00%	0
7.	NLESE USEPA	Version Unknown	51	1.43%	306
		Other	0	0.00%	0
8.	Sirketcebot/v.01 (http://www.sirketce.com/bot.html)	Version Unknown	25	0.70%	27
		Other	0	0.00%	0
9.	Others	Version Unknown	17	0.48%	20
		Other	0	0.00%	0
10.	voyager/1.0	Version Unknown	17	0.48%	17
		Other	0	0.00%	0
11.	Netscape	7.2	4	0.11%	10
		7.1	4	0.11%	9
		8.1.3	2	0.06%	27
		4.5	1	0.03%	1
		8.0.4	1	0.03%	2
		7.0	1	0.03%	2
		7.02	1	0.03%	3
		4.78	1	0.03%	1
		8.1.2	1	0.03%	2
		Other	0	0.00%	0
12.	NLESE for intraUSEPA	Version Unknown	14	0.39%	28
		Other	0	0.00%	0
13.	Python-urllib/2.4	Version Unknown	12	0.34%	12
		Other	0	0.00%	0
14.	Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0-rc3	Version Unknown	12	0.34%	54
		Other	0	0.00%	0
15.	Opera	9.23	4	0.11%	4
		8.54	1	0.03%	1
		9.22	1	0.03%	2
		9.02	1	0.03%	1

		7.23	1	0.03%	1
		7.11	1	0.03%	1
		9.10	1	0.03%	1
		Other	0	0.00%	0
16.	WebVac (webmaster@pita.stanford.edu WebVac.org)	Version Unknown	9	0.25%	208
		Other	0	0.00%	0
17.	Python–urllib/2.5	Version Unknown	9	0.25%	11
		Other	0	0.00%	0
18.	Konqueror	3.2	9	0.25%	15
		Other	0	0.00%	0
19.	msnbot-media/1.0 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	Version Unknown	8	0.22%	21
		Other	0	0.00%	0
20.	ia_archiver	Version Unknown	7	0.20%	7
		Other	0	0.00%	0
	Subtotal		3,506	97.99%	10,387
	Other		72	2.01%	195
	Total		3,578	100.00%	10,582

Top Browsers by Version - Help Card

Prowser – A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Microsoft Internet Explorer, Opera and others.

Visits – Number of visits to this page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views the first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

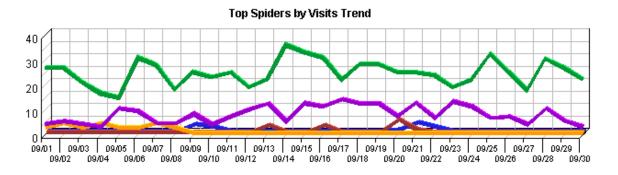
% – Percentage of the total visits in which the visitor viewed this page at least once.

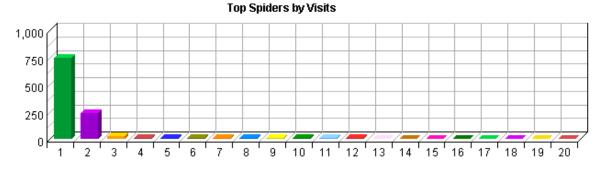
Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

This information can help you decide which technology to implement on your site. You can determine whether the majority of your visitors are ready to benefit from the latest technologies (DHTML, Flash, etc.) available with the most recent versions of the main browsers.

Top Spiders

This report identifies robots, spiders, crawlers and search services visiting your site. The spiders shown in this report are based on a configured list in the product code. If your site uses JavaScript tagging to monitor traffic (for example, WebTrends SmartSource Data Collector), only spiders that use JavaScript will appear in this report.





Top Spiders

	Spider	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	745	67.30%	780
2.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; http://www.google.com/bot.html)	234	21.14%	615
3.	psuistnanobot	22	1.99%	22
4.	FAST Enterprise Crawler 6 used by FAST Search (fastuser@fastsearch.com)	12	1.08%	106
5.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Synoobot/0.9; http://www.synoo.com/search/bot.html)	12	1.08%	14
6.	Yeti	9	0.81%	12
7.	Speedy Spider (http:	9	0.81%	9
8.	disco	9	0.81%	60
9.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp China; http://misc.yahoo.com.cn/help.html)	8	0.72%	8
10.	WebTrends	6	0.54%	111
11.	ConveraCrawler	5	0.45%	12
12.	FAST Enterprise Crawler 6	5	0.45%	6
13.		4	0.36%	9

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	FAST MetaWeb Crawler (helpdesk at fastsearch dot com)		
14.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible;heritrix/1.11.x http://crawler.archive.org)	3 0.27%	41
15.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; heritrix/1.12.0 http://www.accelobot.com)	3 0.27%	62
16.	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 4.01; Windows NT; MS Search 5.0 Robot)	2 0.18%	3
17.	Findexa Crawler (http:	2 0.18%	2
18.	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT; MS Search 4.0 Robot)	2 0.18%	8
19.	gsa-crawler (Enterprise; M2-FWMMCTABUC6JT; james@hartenergy.com)	2 0.18%	2
20.	Mozilla/5.0 (Twiceler–0.9 http://www.cuill.com/twiceler/robot.html)	2 0.18%	2
	Subtotal	1,096 99.01%	1,884
	Other	11 0.99%	24
	Total	1,107 100.00%	1,908

Top Spiders – Help Card

Hits – Number of times the specified spider hit your site. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Spider – An automated program which searches the Internet.

Visits – Number of times the specified spider visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

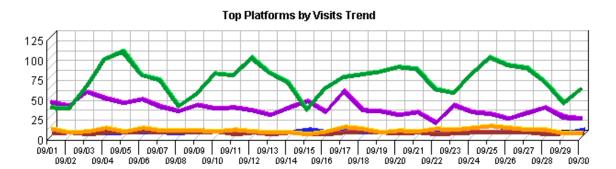
% – Percentage of total spider visits or hits by the specified spider.

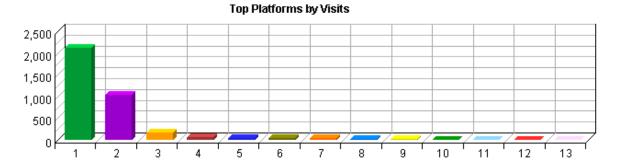
This information is important for a Webmaster trying to block spiders that tax the server. It also tells you what kind of automated attention you have attracted to your site.

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Top Platforms

This report identifies the operating systems most used by the visitors to the site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the browser/platform information.





Top Platforms

	Platform	Visits	%	Views
1.	Windows XP	2,111	59.00%	7,054
2.	Others	1,030	28.79%	2,422
3.	Windows 2000	174	4.86%	495
4.	Macintosh PowerPC	57	1.59%	78
5.	Windows NT	52	1.45%	147
6.	Macintosh	50	1.40%	83
7.	Windows 98	42	1.17%	195
8.	Linux	30	0.84%	36
9.	Windows 2003	17	0.48%	50
10.	FreeBSD	9	0.25%	15
11.	Windows ME	3	0.08%	4
12.	Windows Win32s	2	0.06%	2
13.	Windows 95	1	0.03%	1
	Total	3,578	100.00%	10,582

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Top Platforms - Help Card

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Hits – Number of hits by visitors using the specified platform. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Platform – The specified platform being analyzed. The operating system used by the visitor to your site.

Total – The total hits or visits that were not identified as from a spider. This number may be less than the total overall.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors using the specified platform. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of hits or visits by those using the specified platform.



This information is useful when determining what content to include on your web site.

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Glossary

The following terms are used in Reporting Center reports, and some are used throughout the World Wide Web in general.

Glossary

Active Campaign	The Active Campaign is one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
Active Campaigns	The Active Campaign is one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
Ad	A graphic or banner which takes a visitor to another web site when clicked.
Ad Click	A click on an advertisement which takes a visitor to another web site.
Ad View	Occurs when an ad is displayed to a visitor. Once visitors have viewed an ad, they can click on it (see Ad Click). There may be more than one ad on an ad view.
Authenticated Username	A unique visitor tracked by user name and password rather than by IP address. You may find more authenticated user names than total visitors because several persons may be using the same IP address. Since many ISPs dynamically assign IP addresses, and since multiple visitors may use a single IP address, authentication is a much more accurate way to identify visitors.
Authentication	Technique that limits access to Internet or intranet resources to visitors who identify themselves by entering a user name and password.
Avg. Frequency	This measure is the average number of times these visitors have visited your site over their lifetime.
Avg. Latency	This measure is the average number of days between visits for visitors over their lifetime. Note: A zero latency means the average time between visits is less than 24 hours.
Avg. Lifetime Value	The average lifetime value is the average of the sum of all order values.
Avg. Most Recent Purchase Amt.	The average most recent purchase amount for this group of visitors.
Avg. Recency	The number of days since the last visit is averaged for each visit in the reporting timeframe. Note: A zero recency means you have visited within the last 24 hours, or that the average value is less than one day.
Bandwidth	Measure of the traffic on a site. Bandwidth is expressed as the amount of data transferred in a specified unit of time.
Browser	A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Mosaic, Microsoft Internet Explorer, and others.
Campaign Lifetime Value	The total order value associated to the campaign.
Click Through Rate	Percentage of visitors who viewed an ad and also clicked on it. This is a good indication of an ad's effectiveness.
Client	A computer that accesses resources provided by another computer, called a server.
Client Errors	An error occurring due to an invalid request by the visitor's browser. Client errors are in the 400–range. See the "Status Code" glossary entry for more information.

Company Database	The database installed and used by Reporting Center to look up the company name, city, state, and country corresponding to a specific domain name.
Cookies	Files containing information about web site visitors. This information can include the visitor's user name, preferences, etc. The information is provided by visitors during their first visit to a web site. The server records this information in a text file and stores it on the visitor's hard drive. At the beginning of later visits, the server looks for a cookie and configures itself based on the information provided.
Days Since First Purchase	The number of days since the first purchase since these visitors have been tracked.
Days Since Most Recent Purchase	The number of days since the last purchase for the campaign.
Destination Page	A page chosen by the system administrator for Path Analysis. The Path Analysis pages track which clicks brought each visitor to the selected Destination Page.
Domain Name	The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, www.webtrends.com is a domain name.
Domain Name Lookup	The process of converting an IP address into a text name (for example, 204.245.240.194 is converted to www.webtrends.com).
Entry File	The first file requested by a visitor during a visit to your web site.
Entry Page	The first page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non-page files, that visit has no entry page. This can cause the total number of entry pages to be less than the total number of visits.
Exit Page	The last page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non-page files, that visit has no exit page. This can cause the total number of exit pages to be less than the total number of visits.
FTP	File Transfer Protocol. It is a standard method of sending files from one computer to another over the Internet.
File Type	Identifies types of files by their file extension. For example, a file named graphic.gif is identified as type "gif."
Filters	A means of narrowing the scope of a report by specifying ranges or types of data to include or exclude.
First Campaign	The First Campaign is the one that originally drove a visitor to your site.
First Campaign Lifetime Value	The lifetime value is the sum of all order values.
First Campaign Type	User-defined category shown for the first campaign for a visitor. Examples include online banner ads, e-marketing newsletters, and direct mail campaigns.
Frequency	Frequency is the number of times this visitor has visited your site since this visitor has been tracked.
GIF	Graphics Interchange Format. It is a graphics file format commonly used in HTML documents.
Geography	Geography indicates the world region, country, state/province, and city.
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language. It is the programming language for static web pages. It usually includes hypertext links between related objects and documents.
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol. It is a standard method of transferring data between a Web server and a Web browser.
Hit	Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.
Home Page	The main or introductory page of a web site. The home page provides visitors with an

overview and links to the rest of the site. It often contains or links to a Table of Contents.

	Contents.
Home Page URL	The URL for the home page of the site analyzed in the report.
IP Address	Internet Protocol Address. It is a series of four one—to three—digit numbers separated by periods. It is used to identify a computer connected to the Internet. For example, 212.6.125.76 is an IP address.
JPEG	Joint Photographic Expert Group. It is a compressed graphics format common on the Internet.
Latency	This measure is the average number of days between visits for visitors over their lifetime. Note: A zero latency means the average time between visits is less than 24 hours.
Lifetime Value	This is the maximum value for all orders for this period.
Log File	A file created by a Web or proxy server which contains information about the activity of the server.
Most Recent Campaign	The Most Recent Camapaign is the last one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
New Users	Visitors who didn't have a cookie on their first visit, but had one during later visits.
No Referrer	Indicates visits to your web site that did not originate from any other site. For example, any visitor who types the URL of your site directly into their browser window fits into this category.
Order Count	This measure reflects the number of orders from completed purchases.
Order Value	This measure reflects the monetary amount generated from completed purchases.
Other	In tables showing a variable-length list of items, the number of items may exceed the number that can be viewed at one time. The values for the items not currently shown are added together and shown in the row named "Other."
Page	Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator.
Page View	A hit to any file classified as a page. Contrast the value for "page views" with the value for "hits," which includes hits to files of every type.
Palm Browser	A program used on a Palm device to display site content, similar to Netscape or Internet Explorer on PCs.
Palm Device	A portable personal computer small enough to fit in the palm of a person's hand. Reporting Center reports only include Palm devices if the log files shows the device used a Palm browser.
Path Through Site	The sequence of pages a visitor views, from the entry page to the exit page and all pages in between.
Paths from Start	The sequence of pages a visitor views, excluding the entry page.
Paths to Destination	The sequence of pages a visitor views before arriving at a selected Destination Page.
Platform	Refers to the operating system, such as Linux or Windows 98.
Protocol	An established method of exchanging data over the Internet.
Purchase Conversion Funnel	Analysis of the conversion process through a four-step purchase process.
Purchase Count	The total number of purchase transactions (not units ordered) for this visitor since the visitor has been tracked.
Recency	This measure is the number of days since the most recent visit for a visitor.

Referrer	URL of a web page that refers visitors to your site.
Report Period	The dates covered in the report. You may select a report period of any day, week, month, quarter, or year within the data provided by the log analysis.
Returning Visitors	Visitors who already had a cookie from your site before they visited.
Scenario Analysis Step	The name of the step in the defined scenario. The step marks progress on the path that is being monitored.
Script	A simple programming language used to execute specific or limited tasks. Scripts are often used for pages on the Internet to serve dynamic content and to tailor pages for individual visitors.
Search Keywords	A keyword is a single word from within a search phrase. In the phrase "cordless phone" the individual keywords are "cordless" and "phone".
Search Phrase	The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.
Server	A computer that hosts information available to anyone accessing the Internet or an internal intranet.
Server Error	An error occurring on the server. Web server errors have codes in the 500 range.
Single Access Page	A page on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page. To qualify, the visit must be to a page with a valid document type. If the visit is to a document with a different type (such as a graphic or sound file), the file does not count as a single access page, and the visit is not included in the total. Such visits are often the result of other sites referencing a specific downloadable file or graphic on your site. In these cases, a visit may have a single hit to a non–document type file, and will not be counted in the percentage calculations.
Spider	An automated program which searches the internet.
Status Code	The HTTP status code of a file request specifies whether the transfer was successful or not, and why. These codes are defined in RFC 2616, section 6.1.1.

"Success" codes:

100 = Success: Continue

101 = Success: Switching Protocols

200 = Success: OK 201 = Success: Created 202 = Success: Accepted

203 = Success: Non–Authoritative Information

204 = Success: No Content
205 = Success: Reset Content
206 = Success: Partial Content
300 = Success: Multiple Choices
301 = Success: Moved Permanently

302 = Success: Found 303 = Success: See Other 304 = Success: Not Modified 305 = Success: Use Proxy

307 = Success : Temporary Redirect

"Failed" codes:

400 = Failed: Bad Request401 = Failed: Unauthorized402 = Failed: Payment Required

403 = Failed: Forbidden

404 = **Failed**: Not Found **405** = **Failed**: Method Not Allowed **406** = **Failed**: Not Acceptable **407** = **Failed**: Proxy Authentication Required **408** = **Failed**: Request Time-out **409** = **Failed**: Conflict 410 = Failed: Gone 411 = Failed: Length Required 412 = Failed: Precondition Failed 413 = Failed: Request Entity Too Large **414 = Failed**: Request–URI Too Large **415** = **Failed**: Unsupported Media Type **416** = **Failed**: Requested range not satisfiable **417** = **Failed**: Expectation Failed **500** = **Failed**: Internal Server Error **501** = **Failed**: Not Implemented **502** = **Failed**: Bad Gateway **503** = **Failed**: Service Unavailable **504** = **Failed**: Gateway Time–out **505** = **Failed**: HTTP Version Not Supported Subtotal In tables showing a variable length list of items, the number of items may exceed the number that can be viewed at one time. The values for the items currently shown are added together and shown in the row named "Subtotal." See "Top-Level Domain." Suffix (Domain Name) Time Interval A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59. Time before The number of days between a new buyer's first visit and first purchase. Order Time between The number of days between a visitor's previous purchase and most recent purchase in Purchases this report period. Top-Level The suffix of a domain name. A top-level domain can be based on the type of **Domain** organization (.com, .edu, .museum, .name, etc) or it can be a country code (.uk, .de, .jp, .us, etc.). The top-level domain can be used to identify the type of web site. The following is a partial list of how this report categorizes top-level domains: ARPANET: .arpa Commercial: .com .co .com.[country code] .co.[country code] .firm.co .firm.ve .ltd.uk .info .biz **Education**: .edu .edu.[country-code] .ed.[country code] .ac.[country code] .school.[country code] .k12.[country code] .re.kr .sch.uk .edunet.tn **International**: .int .int.co .int.ve .intl.tn Government: .gov .gov.[country code] .gove.[country code] .go.[country code] Military: .mil .mil.[country code]

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Network: .net .ad.jp .ne.kr .net.[country code]

 ${\bf Organization:.org.or..org.[country\ code]\ .or.[country\ code]}$

Personal: .name

	1 or botter. Harrie
Total	This table row gives the sum of all of the items for the current table during this report period. If the number of items for the table exceeds the number that can be viewed at one time, then a "Subtotal" row and an "Other" row will also be provided, and their sum will equal the Total row.
Traffic	The quantity of data transferred.
URL	Uniform Resource Locator. It is a means of identifying an exact location on the Internet. For example, http://www.webtrends.com/html/info/default.htm is the URL which defines the location of the page Default.htm in the /html/info/ directory on the NetIQ Corporation web site. As the previous example shows, a URL is comprised of four parts: Protocol Type (HTTP), Machine Name (webtrends.com), Directory Path (/html/info/), and File Name (default.htm).
Unique Visitors	Individuals who visited your site during the report period. If someone visits more than once, they are counted only the first time they visit.
User Agent	Portion of a log file that identifies the browser and platform used by a visitor.
Users Without Cookies	Visitors who come to your site with cookies disabled. There is no way to determine if these visitors are new or returning.
Visit	A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.
Visit Duration (Minutes)	The number of minutes your web site was viewed by a visitor.
Visitor Minutes	Total number of minutes your site was viewed by all visitors during the report period.
Visits with Clicks	Visits to your site where at least one ad was clicked on.
WAP Browser	A program used on a WAP device to display site content, similar to Netscape or Internet Explorer on PCs.
WAP Carrier	A server that acts as an intermediary and relays requests from visitors with WAP devices to your site.
WAP Device	A wireless device using Wireless Application Protocol (WAP), such as a cellular telephone or radio transceiver, that can be used to access the Internet. Reporting Center reports only include WAP devices if the log file shows the device used a WAP browser.
WTLS	Acronym for Wireless Transport Layer Security protocol, which is the security layer endorsed by the WAP Forum (www.wapforum.org). Its primary goal is to provide privacy, data integrity, and authentication for WAP applications.