

Science Topics Monthly Statistics

Web Log Analysis Monthly Report April 2008

Report Range:04/01/2008 00:00:00 – 04/30/2008 23:59:59



This report was generated by WebTrends(R) Friday May 16, 2008 – 11:19:57
Final report conversion by WebTrends Document Utility, Version 6.1a (build 423)

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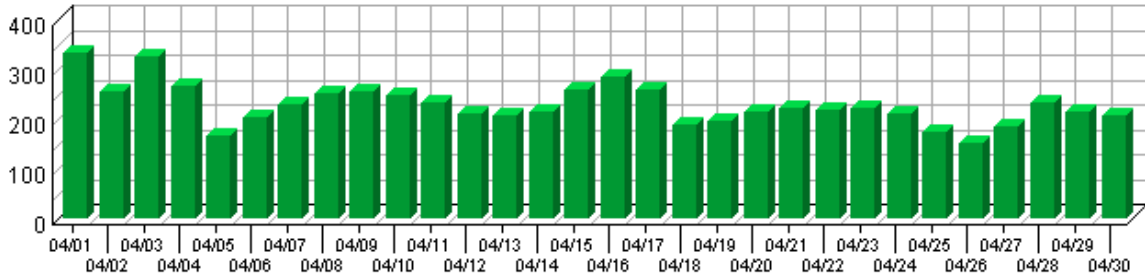
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Overview Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the entire report. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

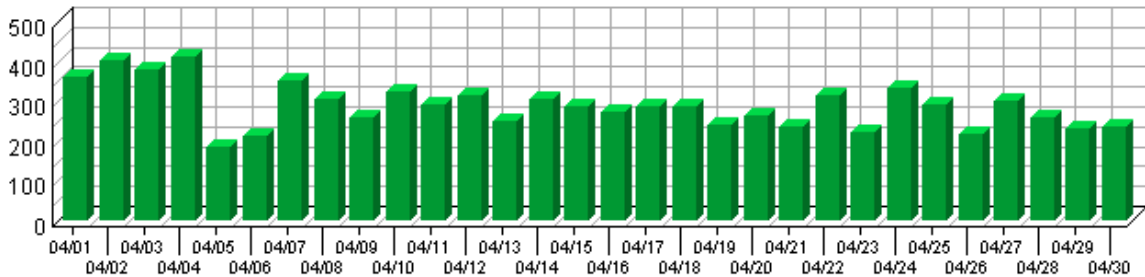
Visits Trend



Visit Summary

Visits	6,851
Average per Day	228
Average Visit Length	00:12:19
Median Visit Length	00:02:20
International Visits	4.96%
Visits of Unknown Origin	61.28%
Visits from Your Country: United States (US)	33.76%

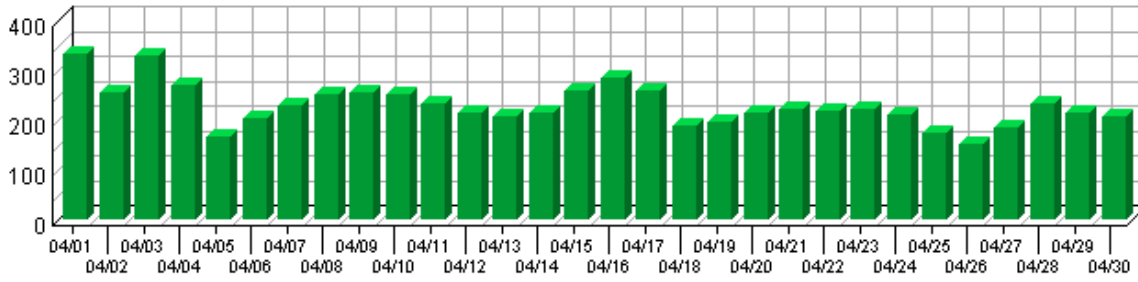
Page Views Trend



Page View Summary

Page Views	8,641
Average per Day	288
Average Page Views per Visit	1.26

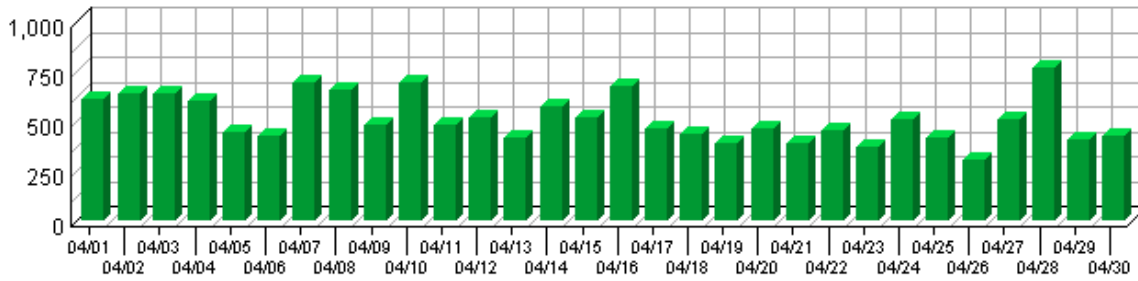
Visitors Trend



Visitor Summary

Unique Visitors	3,189
Visitors Who Visited Once	2,579
Visitors Who Visited More Than Once	610
Average Visits per Visitor	2.15

Hits Trend

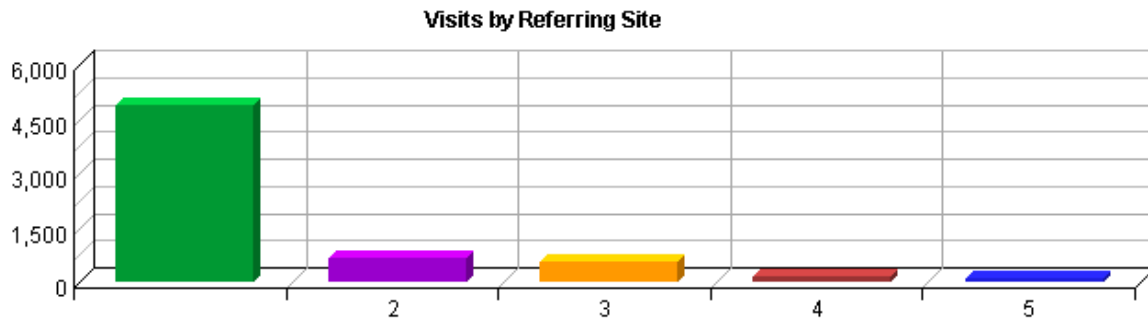


Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	15,378
Average Hits per Day	512
Home Page Hits	490

Marketing Dashboard

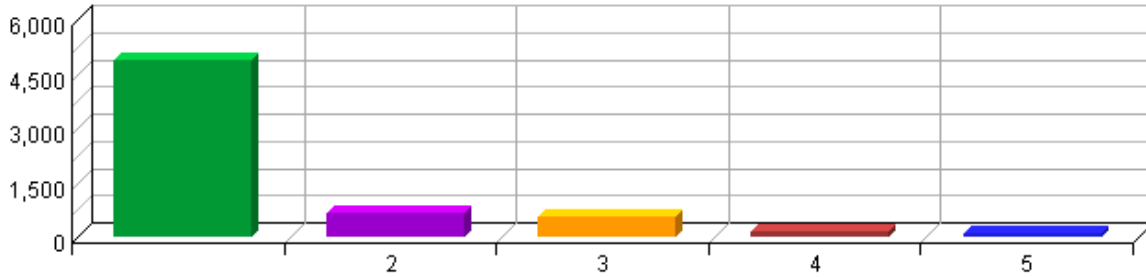
This dashboard summarizes important information related to online marketing activity.



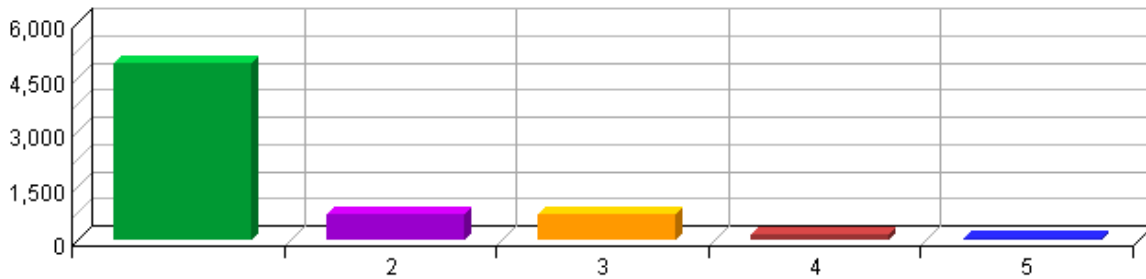
Referrers Dashboard

The table includes statistics on the total activity for this server during the reporting period. All dates and times refer to the location of the system running the analysis.

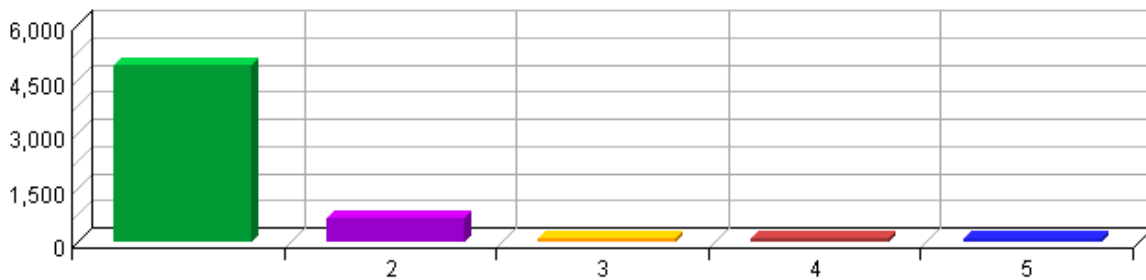
Visits by Referring Site



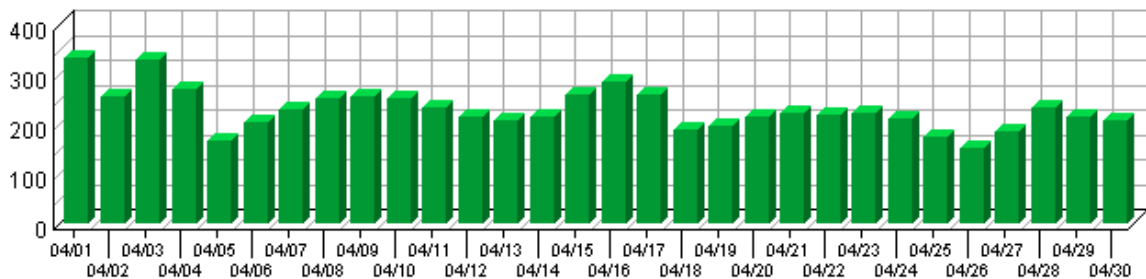
Visits by Referring Domain



Visits by Referring Page



Visitors Trend



Activity by Referring Site

This report identifies the domain names and IP addresses that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Site

	Site	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	4,857	70.89%
2.	http://www.google.com/	671	9.79%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/	534	7.79%
4.	http://search.yahoo.com/	135	1.97%
5.	http://cfpub.epa.gov/	106	1.55%
6.	http://www.google.co.in/	39	0.57%
7.	http://www.epa.gov/	38	0.55%
8.	http://www.google.ca/	37	0.54%
9.	http://images.google.com/	32	0.47%
10.	http://www.google.co.uk/	27	0.39%
11.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/	21	0.31%
12.	http://search.msn.com/	20	0.29%
13.	http://search.live.com/	20	0.29%
14.	http://www.google.com.au/	16	0.23%
15.	http://www.env-econ.net/	13	0.19%
16.	http://www.google.fr/	12	0.18%
17.	http://www.google.de/	12	0.18%
18.	http://www.google.co.kr/	9	0.13%
19.	http://www.google.com.tr/	7	0.10%
20.	http://www.google.it/	7	0.10%
	Subtotal	6,613	96.53%
	Other	238	3.47%
	Total	6,851	100.00%

Activity by Referring Site – Help Card

? Referring Sites – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.

Site – Specific referring site being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified site referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified site.

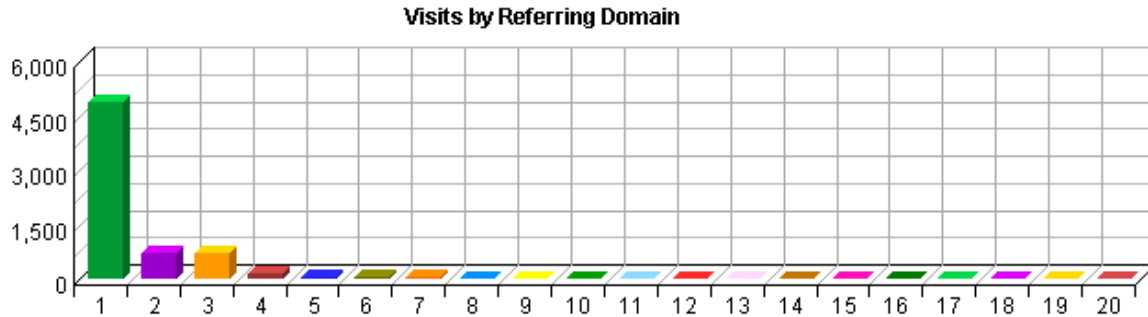
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

💡 You can use this page to determine which sites are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Domain

This report identifies the top-level domains that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Domain

	Domain	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	4,857	70.89%
2.	google.com	710	10.36%
3.	epa.gov	708	10.33%
4.	yahoo.com	150	2.19%
5.	google.co.in	43	0.63%
6.	google.ca	38	0.55%
7.	google.co.uk	32	0.47%
8.	msn.com	22	0.32%
9.	live.com	20	0.29%
10.	google.com.au	16	0.23%
11.	google.de	13	0.19%
12.	env-econ.net	13	0.19%
13.	google.fr	12	0.18%
14.	aol.com	11	0.16%
15.	google.co.kr	10	0.15%
16.	google.com.tr	8	0.12%
17.	google.com.pk	7	0.10%
18.	google.com.ph	7	0.10%
19.	google.it	7	0.10%
20.	google.co.id	7	0.10%
	Subtotal	6,691	97.66%
	Other	160	2.34%
	Total	6,851	100.00%

Activity by Referring Domain – Help Card

? Referring Domain – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.

Domain – Specific referring domain being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified domain referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified domain.

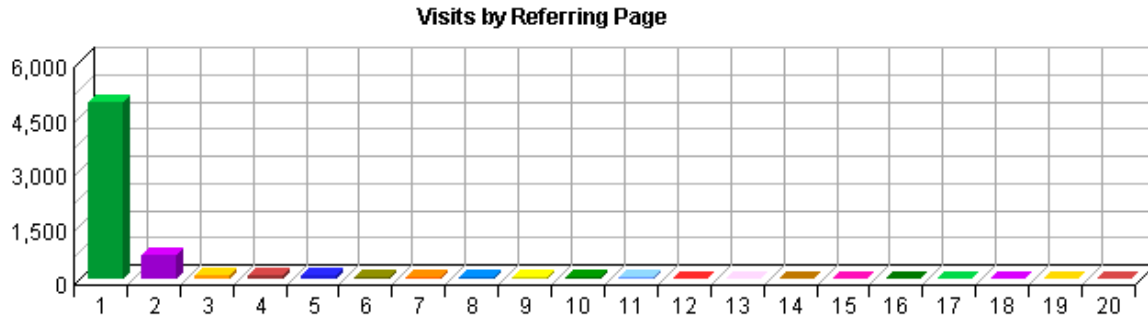
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

💡 You can use this page to determine which domains are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Page

This report provides the pages from the sites with links to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the referrer information.



Activity by Referring Page


	Page	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	4,857	70.89%
2.	http://www.google.com/search	656	9.58%
3.	http://search.yahoo.com/ search	87	1.27%
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	86	1.26%
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_gcwq.html	80	1.17%
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/	74	1.08%
7.	http://www.google.co.in/ search	39	0.57%
8.	http://www.google.ca/search	36	0.53%
9.	http://images.google.com/ imgres	32	0.47%
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/fellow/	29	0.42%
11.	http://www.google.co.uk/ search	27	0.39%
12.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/about/	20	0.29%
13.	http://search.msn.com/results.aspx	20	0.29%
14.	http://search.live.com/ results.aspx	20	0.29%
15.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/epasearch/epasearch	19	0.28%
16.	http://www.google.com.au/ search	16	0.23%
17.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_baa.html	14	0.20%
18.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_sbir_phase1.html	14	0.20%
19.	http://www.google.de/search	12	0.18%
20.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/grants/	11	0.16%
	Subtotal	6,149	89.75%
	Other	702	10.25%

Total

6,851

100.00%

Activity by Referring Page – Help Card

 **Pages** – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.


Visits – Number of visitors referred from the specified URL.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who came from the specified site.

No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

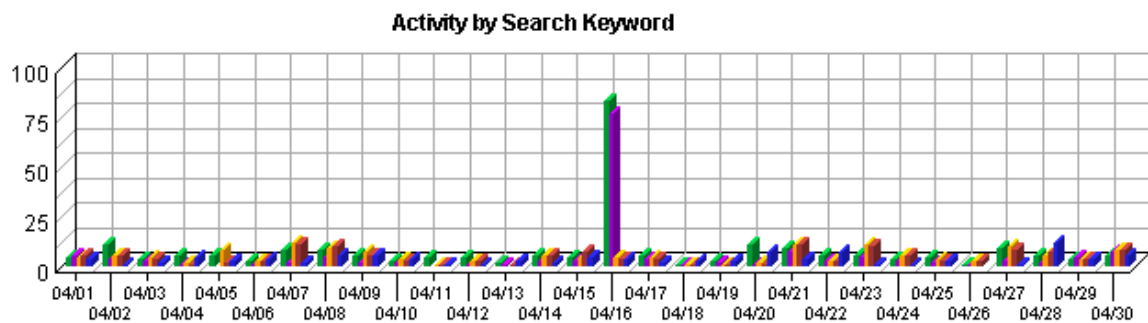
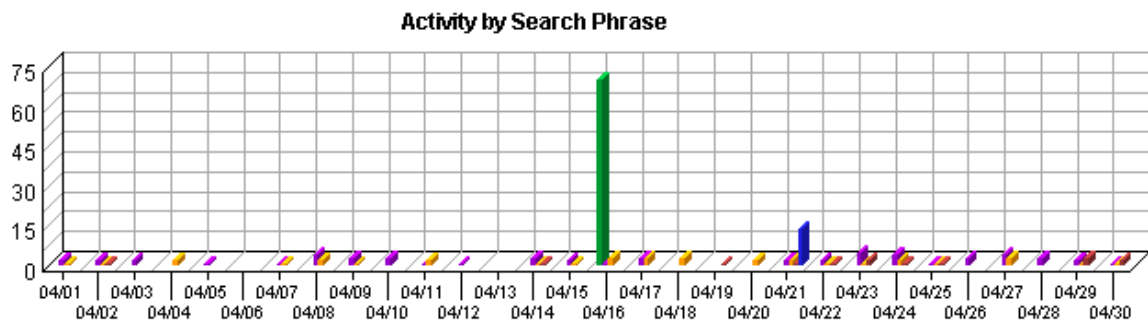
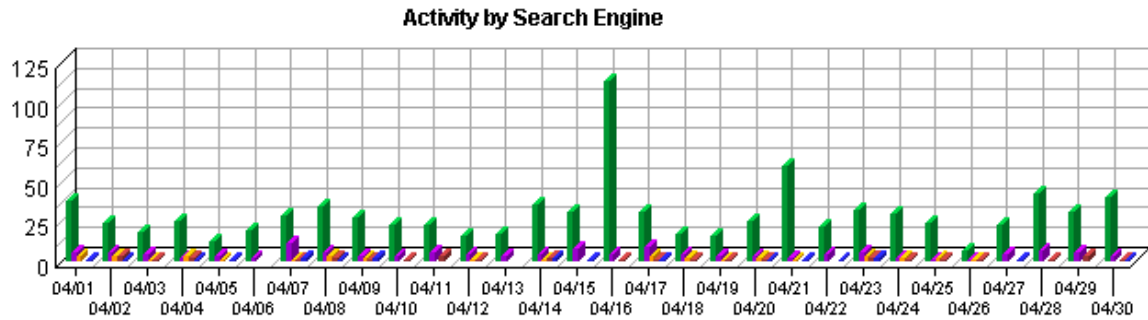
Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

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 You can use this information to determine the sites that provide the most referrals to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways to attract visitors.

Search Engines Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to specific search engines.

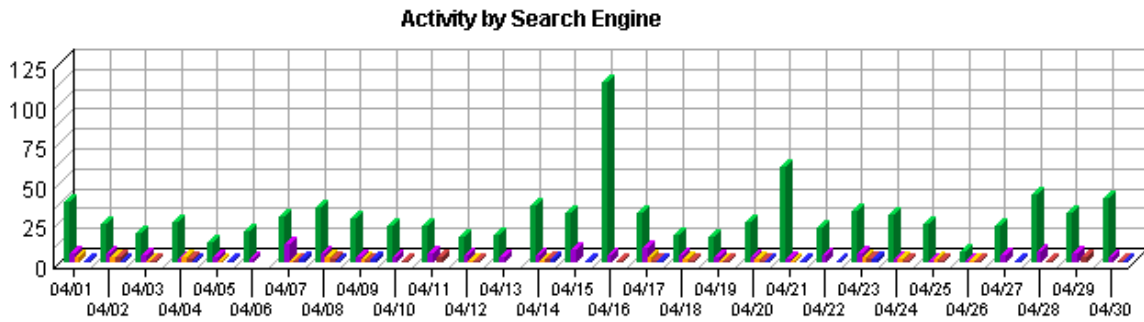


Activity by Search Engine

The first table identifies which search engines referred visitors to your site most often, the number of referrals, and its percentage of the total.

The second table identifies the most popular search phrases for each search engine.

The third table identifies the most popular keywords for each search engine.



Activity by Search Engine

	Engines	Referrals	%
1.	google	893	74.17%
2.	yahoo	142	11.79%
3.	google canada	38	3.16%
4.	google uk	32	2.66%
5.	msn	20	1.66%
6.	google australia	15	1.25%
7.	google germany	14	1.16%
8.	google france	12	1.00%
9.	aol netfind	11	0.91%
10.	google italy	8	0.66%
11.	yahoo spain	4	0.33%
12.	google japan	4	0.33%
13.	yahoo singapore	3	0.25%
14.	google austria	2	0.17%
15.	yahoo korea	2	0.17%
16.	altavista	2	0.17%
17.	yahoo australia &nz	1	0.08%
18.	yahoo japan	1	0.08%
	Total	1,204	100.00%

Activity by Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail

Engines	Phrases	Referrals	%
1. google	microbial filtration of water using sand	70	5.81%
	particulate matter	46	3.82%
	science topics	24	1.99%
	chemical for plain nylon synthesis	14	1.16%
	safe drinking water	11	0.91%
	transport in porous media filetype:pdf	10	0.83%
	science topic	7	0.58%
	cryptosporidiosis	6	0.50%
	qsar filetype:pdf	5	0.42%
	suva water	5	0.42%
	characterization of dissolved organic matter (dom) in surface waters	4	0.33%
	drinkingwater	4	0.33%
	riverbank filtration	4	0.33%
	river bank filtration	3	0.25%
	pm research	3	0.25%
	scientific american filetype:pdf	3	0.25%
	drink water analysis of halide pdf	3	0.25%
	atmospheric particulate matter	3	0.25%
	endocrine disruptors	3	0.25%
	phthalates pregnancy	3	0.25%
2. yahoo	environmental science topics	8	0.66%
	particulate matter	8	0.66%
	science research topics	4	0.33%
	riverbank filtration	3	0.25%
	environmental science research topics	3	0.25%
	endocrine disruptors	2	0.17%
	ozonation in drinking water	2	0.17%
	science projects for matter	2	0.17%
	anti-androgenic pesticides impact on male reproduction	2	0.17%

	particulate model of matter	2	0.17%
	economics descision	2	0.17%
	ozonation estimation	1	0.08%
	ecg injected subcutaneously	1	0.08%
	drinking water research	1	0.08%
	rodents in endocrine disruptor research	1	0.08%
	nsf technologies	1	0.08%
	us environmental and protection agency research on airbourne particles	1	0.08%
	projects of matter	1	0.08%
	reserach topics for economics	1	0.08%
	research topics in environmental science	1	0.08%
3. google canada	science topics	4	0.33%
	particulate matter respiratory	2	0.17%
	us epa wtp software	1	0.08%
	pcb estrogen receptors	1	0.08%
	pla plastic for household products	1	0.08%
	wtp epa model	1	0.08%
	tbt exposure endocrine disruptor hormone release	1	0.08%
	cn calder yard heavy duty mechanic	1	0.08%
	sediments mixtures effect on vitellogenin	1	0.08%
	us epa particulate matter measurement standards	1	0.08%
	microfiche 7.3 diesel	1	0.08%
	research paper environment	1	0.08%
	silver as disinfectant	1	0.08%
	how has technology harm the environment	1	0.08%
	nitrogen in atmospheric particulate matter analysis, epa method	1	0.08%
	toronto star polychlorinated	1	0.08%

	biphenyls		
	drinkingwater	1	0.08%
	technology sustainable environment	1	0.08%
	inverted estrogen	1	0.08%
	pollution chemistry	1	0.08%
4. google uk	safe drinking water	3	0.25%
	endocrine disruptors and effect in wildlife population	1	0.08%
	health effect of pm	1	0.08%
	science topics that are relevant to the work	1	0.08%
	yeast desposal industries prevention	1	0.08%
	cleaning chicken feathers	1	0.08%
	infertile ova	1	0.08%
	the stages of gametes production	1	0.08%
	development of male sex organs in female gastropods	1	0.08%
	endocrine disrupters sertoli cells	1	0.08%
	advantages of interim reviews	1	0.08%
	ultrafine particulate material emission sources gas combustion	1	0.08%
	burning chicken feathers toxic dioxin	1	0.08%
	excess testosterone foetus or embryo	1	0.08%
	what is the induction of cytochrome p450 in endocrine disruption	1	0.08%
	soybean-based nylon	1	0.08%
	xenoestrogens exposure and mechanism of endocrine disruption	1	0.08%
	peroxide silver disinfectant	1	0.08%
	endocrine disruptors upon sperm function	1	0.08%
	chapaevsk study	1	0.08%
5. msn	endocrine disrupters	2	0.17%
		2	0.17%

	epa drinking water standards		
	endocrine disruptors	1	0.08%
	environmental science research topics	1	0.08%
	particulate matter	1	0.08%
	environmental science topics	1	0.08%
	epa drinking water	1	0.08%
	endosulfan florida bay	1	0.08%
	phytosteroids	1	0.08%
	particulate models of matter	1	0.08%
	steel mill dusts illness	1	0.08%
	science topics	1	0.08%
	mechanisms of particular matter effects	1	0.08%
	endocrine disruptors sources	1	0.08%
	epa	1	0.08%
	endocrine disruptors edcs	1	0.08%
	develop sustainable environment	1	0.08%
	nominal particles class in the water	1	0.08%
6. google australia	science topics	3	0.25%
	ord's disease treatment	1	0.08%
	shapes of molecules activities	1	0.08%
	particle matter	1	0.08%
	sex ratios of invertebrates endocrine	1	0.08%
	epa diesel gasoline particulate emissions toxicity	1	0.08%
	circulating chemicals during puberty	1	0.08%
	development of male eight year old boys	1	0.08%
	positive impacts of applied science involved in the manufacture of nylon	1	0.08%
	practical endocrinology tlc	1	0.08%
	water topics young children	1	0.08%

	science topic: matter	1	0.08%
	how has the uses of sulfur changed over time as technology has advanced	1	0.08%
7. google germany	past climate	2	0.17%
	research pm	1	0.08%
	allintext: nanometer particle sampler -filetype:pdf	1	0.08%
	what is foci c. parvum cell culture	1	0.08%
	ne 5100 kit of 1.5 ml each of the 16 pah priority pollutants in acetonitrile	1	0.08%
	pm center	1	0.08%
	assessment of ligand prediction	1	0.08%
	yolk deposition marine animals	1	0.08%
	cours solicitation simple	1	0.08%
	testosterone esterification	1	0.08%
	the effect of egg collection florida alligators	1	0.08%
	male glands exposure	1	0.08%
	additivity new endpoints testing animal	1	0.08%
8. google france	science topic	2	0.17%
	effects of pesticides on male reproduction	1	0.08%
	ecosar conference 2009	1	0.08%
	ddt physiological effects fish	1	0.08%
	secondary sexual trait in neonates human	1	0.08%
	surface effect of ozone treatment with fluidized bed	1	0.08%
	molting growth crustacea hormones	1	0.08%
	endocrine disruptor crocodile	1	0.08%
	pilot plant fluidized bed	1	0.08%
	international congress endocrine disruptors	1	0.08%
	concurrents mucell	1	0.08%

9. aol netfind	science topics	2	0.17%	
	frog deformities article pdf	1	0.08%	
	the u.s. environmental protection agency particulate matter health effects research centers program: midcourse report of status, progress, and plans	1	0.08%	
	frog deformities pdf	1	0.08%	
	crocodile endocrine	1	0.08%	
	claud hughes and carole lewis	1	0.08%	
	silver as disinfectant	1	0.08%	
	steroid effects on endometriosis	1	0.08%	
	inhalation of tcp human	1	0.08%	
	development of boys at age 10	1	0.08%	
	10. google italy	dunn bagley based diesel fuel 1995	2	0.17%
		epa, edc	1	0.08%
		us epa mixtures pollutants	1	0.08%
hydrogen peroxide silver ions formulation		1	0.08%	
epa drinking water		1	0.08%	
estrogen receptor molecular descriptors toxicity filetype:pdf		1	0.08%	
des and fertility		1	0.08%	
11. yahoo spain	effects of air pollution	1	0.08%	
	environmental economics	1	0.08%	
	picture of earth	1	0.08%	
	particulate matter	1	0.08%	
12. google japan	hei special report 16	1	0.08%	
	phytoestrogen pregnant human	1	0.08%	
	crocodile scute	1	0.08%	
	coi¼'ã€ionic critical generator	1	0.08%	
13. yahoo singapore	diesel storage risk assessment	1	0.08%	
	drinking water	1	0.08%	
		1	0.08%	

		particulate model of matter		
14.	google austria	diesel book	1	0.08%
		mercury endocrine alligator	1	0.08%
15.	yahoo korea	dehp, ppt	2	0.17%
16.	altavista	hydrogen peroxide water disinfection	1	0.08%
		exhaust chlorine unregulated pollutants	1	0.08%
17.	yahoo australia &nz	particulate matter ratio	1	0.08%
18.	yahoo japan	post-hatch	1	0.08%

Activity by Search Engines with Keywords Detail

Engines	Keywords	Referrals	%
1. google	of	190	15.78%
	matter	124	10.30%
	water	123	10.22%
	particulate	117	9.72%
	filtration	81	6.73%
	endocrine	80	6.64%
	epa	79	6.56%
	in	75	6.23%
	microbial	71	5.90%
	using	71	5.90%
	sand	70	5.81%
	science	56	4.65%
	topics	49	4.07%
	the	44	3.65%
	for	43	3.57%
	on	39	3.24%
	research	38	3.16%
drinking	30	2.49%	
effects	30	2.49%	
disruptors	27	2.24%	
2. yahoo	science	27	2.24%
	topics	25	2.08%
	of	23	1.91%
	water	22	1.83%
	environmental	20	1.66%
	research	18	1.50%

	in	18	1.50%
	matter	17	1.41%
	particulate	14	1.16%
	drinking	14	1.16%
	for	10	0.83%
	epa	10	0.83%
	endocrine	9	0.75%
	on	9	0.75%
	effects	6	0.50%
	filtration	6	0.50%
	exposure	5	0.42%
	detection	5	0.42%
	the	4	0.33%
	global	4	0.33%
3. google canada	epa	6	0.50%
	matter	5	0.42%
	science	4	0.33%
	particulate	4	0.33%
	environment	4	0.33%
	in	4	0.33%
	topics	4	0.33%
	estrogen	3	0.25%
	of	3	0.25%
	toronto	2	0.17%
	technology	2	0.17%
	the	2	0.17%
	respiratory	2	0.17%
	research	2	0.17%
	us	2	0.17%
	star	2	0.17%
	polychlorinated	2	0.17%
	atmospheric	2	0.17%
	disinfectant	2	0.17%
	model	2	0.17%
4. google uk	of	7	0.58%
	endocrine	6	0.50%
	the	4	0.33%
	water	4	0.33%
	drinking	4	0.33%
	in	3	0.25%
	disruption	3	0.25%
	safe	3	0.25%

	effect	2	0.17%
	topics	2	0.17%
	what	2	0.17%
	science	2	0.17%
	chicken	2	0.17%
	is	2	0.17%
	particulate	2	0.17%
	disruptors	2	0.17%
	health	2	0.17%
	feathers	2	0.17%
	function	1	0.08%
	combustion	1	0.08%
5. msn	endocrine	5	0.42%
	water	4	0.33%
	epa	4	0.33%
	science	3	0.25%
	disruptors	3	0.25%
	matter	3	0.25%
	topics	3	0.25%
	drinking	3	0.25%
	particulate	2	0.17%
	environmental	2	0.17%
	of	2	0.17%
	standards	2	0.17%
	disrupters	2	0.17%
	research	1	0.08%
	particles	1	0.08%
	bay	1	0.08%
	mechanisms	1	0.08%
	develop	1	0.08%
	sources	1	0.08%
	dusts	1	0.08%
6. google australia	of	6	0.50%
	science	5	0.42%
	topics	4	0.33%
	the	2	0.17%
	has	2	0.17%
	matter	2	0.17%
	topic:	1	0.08%
	ord's	1	0.08%
	chemicals	1	0.08%
	involved	1	0.08%

	during	1	0.08%
	puberty	1	0.08%
	nylon	1	0.08%
	emissions	1	0.08%
	male	1	0.08%
	manufacture	1	0.08%
	changed	1	0.08%
	advanced	1	0.08%
	young	1	0.08%
	year	1	0.08%
7. google germany	of	4	0.33%
	the	2	0.17%
	climate	2	0.17%
	past	2	0.17%
	pm	2	0.17%
	yolk	1	0.08%
	in	1	0.08%
	assessment	1	0.08%
	priority	1	0.08%
	prediction	1	0.08%
	endpoints	1	0.08%
	ne	1	0.08%
	ligand	1	0.08%
	pollutants	1	0.08%
	particle	1	0.08%
	allintext:	1	0.08%
	center	1	0.08%
	c.	1	0.08%
	foci	1	0.08%
	testing	1	0.08%
8. google france	effects	2	0.17%
	fluidized	2	0.17%
	bed	2	0.17%
	topic	2	0.17%
	of	2	0.17%
	science	2	0.17%
	endocrine	2	0.17%
	ozone	1	0.08%
	surface	1	0.08%
	fish	1	0.08%
	hormons	1	0.08%
	plant	1	0.08%

	crustacea	1	0.08%
	sexual	1	0.08%
	molting	1	0.08%
	pesticides	1	0.08%
	physiological	1	0.08%
	with	1	0.08%
	male	1	0.08%
	congress	1	0.08%
9. aol netfind	of	3	0.25%
	topics	2	0.17%
	science	2	0.17%
	effects	2	0.17%
	deformities	2	0.17%
	frog	2	0.17%
	pdf	2	0.17%
	as	1	0.08%
	environmental	1	0.08%
	human	1	0.08%
	report	1	0.08%
	health	1	0.08%
	matter	1	0.08%
	crocodile	1	0.08%
	u.s.	1	0.08%
	endometriosis	1	0.08%
	10	1	0.08%
	midcourse	1	0.08%
	status,	1	0.08%
	age	1	0.08%
10. google italy	diesel	2	0.17%
	bagley	2	0.17%
	dunn	2	0.17%
	1995	2	0.17%
	fuel	2	0.17%
	based	2	0.17%
	epa	2	0.17%
	mixtures	1	0.08%
	molecular	1	0.08%
	hydrogen	1	0.08%
	peroxide	1	0.08%
	estrogen	1	0.08%
	edc	1	0.08%
	epa,	1	0.08%

	fertility	1	0.08%
	us	1	0.08%
	filetype:pdf	1	0.08%
	silver	1	0.08%
	formulation	1	0.08%
	ions	1	0.08%
11. yahoo spain	of	2	0.17%
	air	1	0.08%
	matter	1	0.08%
	economics	1	0.08%
	picture	1	0.08%
	environmental	1	0.08%
	pollution	1	0.08%
	effects	1	0.08%
	earth	1	0.08%
	particulate	1	0.08%
12. google japan	scute	1	0.08%
	phytoestrogen	1	0.08%
	critical	1	0.08%
	human	1	0.08%
	generator	1	0.08%
	hei	1	0.08%
	special	1	0.08%
	report	1	0.08%
	16	1	0.08%
	crocodile	1	0.08%
	pregnant	1	0.08%
	coi¼'ã€ionic	1	0.08%
13. yahoo singapore	assessment	1	0.08%
	storage	1	0.08%
	of	1	0.08%
	model	1	0.08%
	water	1	0.08%
	diesel	1	0.08%
	matter	1	0.08%
	risk	1	0.08%
	drinking	1	0.08%
	particulate	1	0.08%
14. google austria	endocrine	1	0.08%
	alligator	1	0.08%
	diesel	1	0.08%
	book	1	0.08%

	mercury	1	0.08%
15. yahoo korea	ppt	2	0.17%
	dehp,	2	0.17%
16. altavista	pollutants	1	0.08%
	unregulated	1	0.08%
	hydrogen	1	0.08%
	disinfection	1	0.08%
	peroxide	1	0.08%
	water	1	0.08%
	chlorine	1	0.08%
	exhaust	1	0.08%
17. yahoo australia &nz	ratio	1	0.08%
	matter	1	0.08%
	particulate	1	0.08%
18. yahoo japan	post-hatch	1	0.08%

Activity by Search Engine – Help Card

? Top Search Engines Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who were referred by the search engine specified.

Top Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrases – The search phrases being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor, which can include one or more individual keywords.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

Top Search Engines with Keywords Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The search keywords being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in

the adjacent column.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

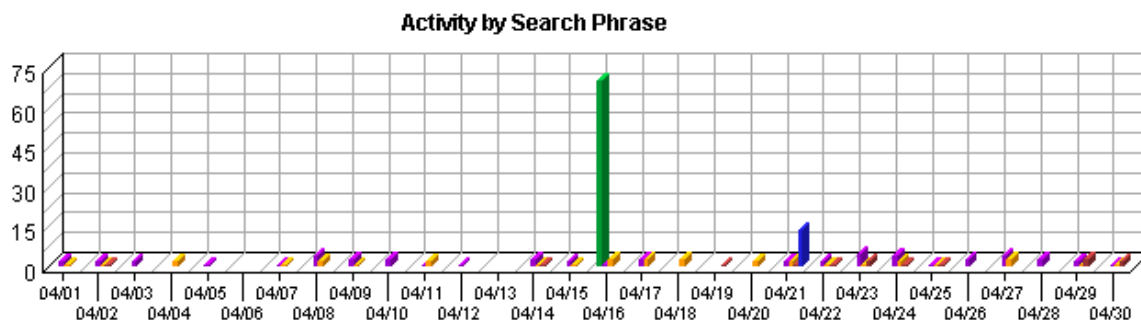


—
This information can give you an idea how your meta tags are performing with each search engine.

Activity by Search Phrase

The first table identifies search phrases that led the most visitors to your site, regardless of the search engine they used.

The second table identifies, for each phrase, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Phrase

	Phrases	Referrals	%
1.	microbial filtration of water using sand	70	5.81%
2.	particulate matter	56	4.65%
3.	science topics	35	2.91%
4.	safe drinking water	14	1.16%
5.	chemical for plain nylon synthesis	14	1.16%
6.	transport in porous media filetype:pdf	10	0.83%
7.	science topic	9	0.75%
8.	environmental science topics	9	0.75%
9.	riverbank filtration	7	0.58%
10.	endocrine disruptors	6	0.50%
11.	cryptosporidiosis	6	0.50%
12.	drinkingwater	5	0.42%
13.	suva water	5	0.42%
14.	qsar filetype:pdf	5	0.42%
15.	characterization of dissolved organic matter (dom) in surface waters	4	0.33%
16.	environmental science research topics	4	0.33%
17.	river bank filtration	4	0.33%
18.	science research topics	4	0.33%
19.	silver as disinfectant	3	0.25%

20.	phthalates pregnancy	3	0.25%
	Subtotal	273	22.67%
	Total	1,204	100.00%

Activity by Search Phrase with Engines Detail

Phrases	Engines	Referrals	%
1. microbial filtration of water using sand	google	70	5.81%
2. particulate matter	google	46	3.82%
	yahoo	8	0.66%
	msn	1	0.08%
	yahoo spain	1	0.08%
3. science topics	google	24	1.99%
	google canada	4	0.33%
	google australia	3	0.25%
	aol netfind	2	0.17%
	msn	1	0.08%
	google uk	1	0.08%
4. safe drinking water	google	11	0.91%
	google uk	3	0.25%
5. chemical for plain nylon synthesis	google	14	1.16%
6. transport in porous media filetype:pdf	google	10	0.83%
7. science topic	google	7	0.58%
	google france	2	0.17%
8. environmental science topics	yahoo	8	0.66%
	msn	1	0.08%
9. riverbank filtration	google	4	0.33%
	yahoo	3	0.25%
10. endocrine disruptors	google	3	0.25%
	yahoo	2	0.17%
	msn	1	0.08%
11. cryptosporidiosis	google	6	0.50%
12. drinkingwater	google	4	0.33%
	google canada	1	0.08%
13. suva water	google	5	0.42%
14. qsar filetype:pdf	google	5	0.42%
15. characterization of dissolved organic matter (dom) in surface waters	google	4	0.33%
16. environmental science research topics	yahoo	3	0.25%
	msn	1	0.08%
17. river bank filtration	google	3	0.25%

	yahoo	1	0.08%
18. science research topics	yahoo	4	0.33%
19. silver as disinfectant	aol netfind	1	0.08%
	google canada	1	0.08%
	google	1	0.08%
20. phthalates pregnancy	google	3	0.25%

Activity by Search Phrase – Help Card

? **Top Search Phrases Table**

Phrases – The specific search phrases being analyzed. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor. It can include one or more keywords.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site who used the specified search phrase, regardless of the search engine they used.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who used the specified search phrase.

Top Search Phrases with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrase – The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

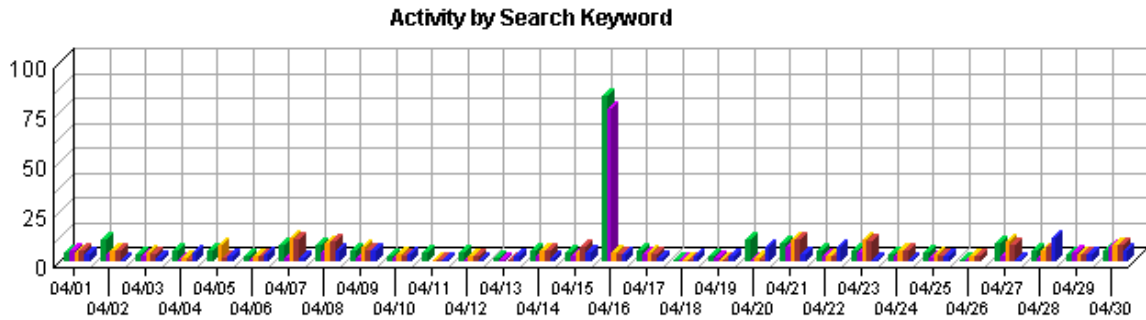
% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

💡 How are people getting to your site? Use these tables to find out if your visitors are using the search phrases you expect. Do you need to use different keywords in page titles to make it easier for people to find your site with search engines?

Activity by Search Keyword

The first table identifies keywords that led the most visitors to the site (regardless of the search engine).

The second table identifies, for each keyword, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Keyword

	Keywords	Referrals	%
1.	of	243	4.86%
2.	water	157	3.14%
3.	matter	156	3.12%
4.	particulate	144	2.88%
5.	endocrine	107	2.14%
6.	in	104	2.08%
7.	epa	102	2.04%
8.	science	101	2.02%
9.	topics	89	1.78%
10.	filtration	87	1.74%
11.	using	71	1.42%
12.	microbial	71	1.42%
13.	sand	70	1.40%
14.	research	61	1.22%
15.	the	60	1.20%
16.	for	54	1.08%
17.	drinking	53	1.06%
18.	on	53	1.06%
19.	environmental	45	0.90%
20.	effects	44	0.88%
	Subtotal	1,872	37.45%
	Total	4,998	100.00%

Activity by Search Keyword with Engines Detail

Keywords	Engines	Referrals	%
1. of	google	190	3.80%
	yahoo	23	0.46%
	google uk	7	0.14%
	google australia	6	0.12%
	google germany	4	0.08%
	google canada	3	0.06%
	aol netfind	3	0.06%
	yahoo spain	2	0.04%
	msn	2	0.04%
	google france	2	0.04%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.02%
2. water	google	123	2.46%
	yahoo	22	0.44%
	google uk	4	0.08%
	msn	4	0.08%
	google italy	1	0.02%
	google australia	1	0.02%
	altavista	1	0.02%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.02%
3. matter	google	124	2.48%
	yahoo	17	0.34%
	google canada	5	0.10%
	msn	3	0.06%
	google australia	2	0.04%
	yahoo australia &nz	1	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	google uk	1	0.02%
	yahoo spain	1	0.02%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.02%
	4. particulate	google	117
yahoo		14	0.28%
google canada		4	0.08%
msn		2	0.04%
google uk		2	0.04%
yahoo australia &nz		1	0.02%
aol netfind		1	0.02%
yahoo singapore		1	0.02%
yahoo spain		1	0.02%
google australia		1	0.02%

5. endocrine	google	80	1.60%
	yahoo	9	0.18%
	google uk	6	0.12%
	msn	5	0.10%
	google france	2	0.04%
	google canada	2	0.04%
	google australia	1	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	google austria	1	0.02%
6. in	google	75	1.50%
	yahoo	18	0.36%
	google canada	4	0.08%
	google uk	3	0.06%
	google germany	1	0.02%
	google france	1	0.02%
	google australia	1	0.02%
	msn	1	0.02%
7. epa	google	79	1.58%
	yahoo	10	0.20%
	google canada	6	0.12%
	msn	4	0.08%
	google italy	2	0.04%
	google australia	1	0.02%
8. science	google	56	1.12%
	yahoo	27	0.54%
	google australia	5	0.10%
	google canada	4	0.08%
	msn	3	0.06%
	google uk	2	0.04%
	aol netfind	2	0.04%
	google france	2	0.04%
9. topics	google	49	0.98%
	yahoo	25	0.50%
	google australia	4	0.08%
	google canada	4	0.08%
	msn	3	0.06%
	aol netfind	2	0.04%
	google uk	2	0.04%
10. filtration	google	81	1.62%
	yahoo	6	0.12%
11. using	google	71	1.42%
12. microbial	google	71	1.42%

13. sand	google	70	1.40%
14. research	google	38	0.76%
	yahoo	18	0.36%
	google canada	2	0.04%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	google germany	1	0.02%
	msn	1	0.02%
	15. the	google	44
yahoo		4	0.08%
google uk		4	0.08%
google canada		2	0.04%
google australia		2	0.04%
google germany		2	0.04%
aol netfind		1	0.02%
msn		1	0.02%
16. for	google	43	0.86%
	yahoo	10	0.20%
	google canada	1	0.02%
17. drinking	google	30	0.60%
	yahoo	14	0.28%
	google uk	4	0.08%
	msn	3	0.06%
	google italy	1	0.02%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.02%
18. on	google	39	0.78%
	yahoo	9	0.18%
	google canada	2	0.04%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	google france	1	0.02%
	google uk	1	0.02%
	19. environmental	google	21
yahoo		20	0.40%
msn		2	0.04%
yahoo spain		1	0.02%
aol netfind		1	0.02%
20. effects	google	30	0.60%
	yahoo	6	0.12%
	google france	2	0.04%
	aol netfind	2	0.04%
	yahoo spain	1	0.02%
	google canada	1	0.02%
	msn	1	0.02%

Activity by Search Keyword – Help Card**? Top Search Keywords Table**

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site with the specified keywords.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

Top Search Keywords Table with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

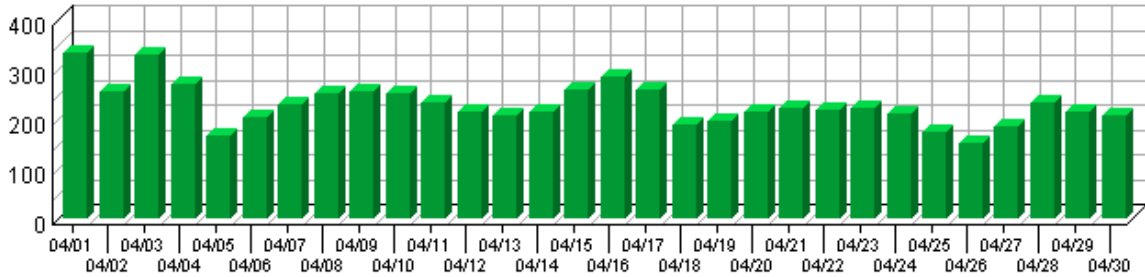
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💡 At the most basic level, this section tells you which search engines are being used most frequently to find your site. You also may find that some search engines are referring visitors to your site with the keywords you expect and that other search engines are not.

Visitors Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Visitors chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

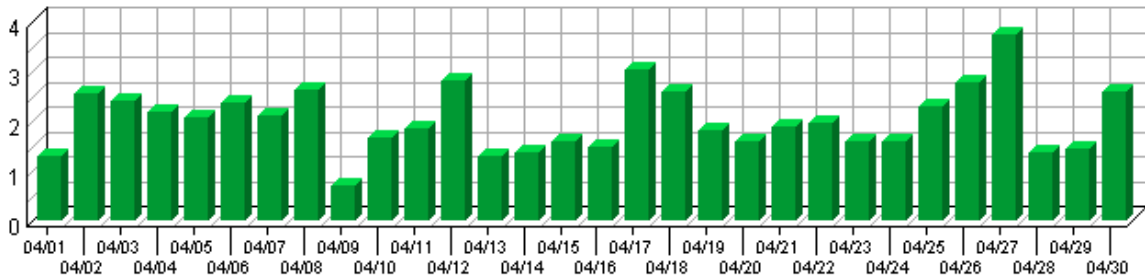
Visitors Trend



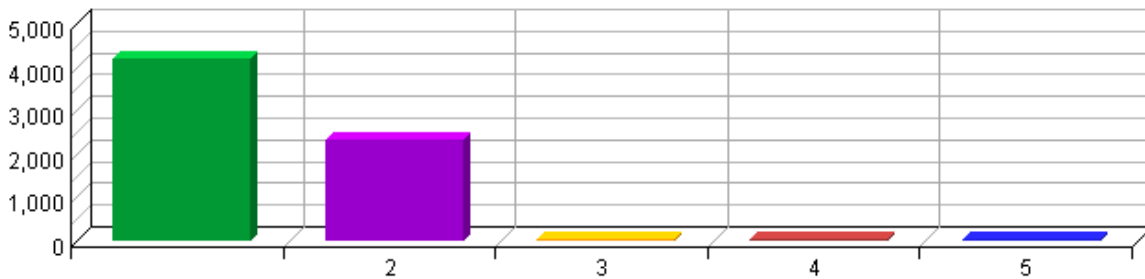
Visit Summary

Visits	6,851
Average per Day	228
Average Visit Length	00:12:19
Median Visit Length	00:02:20
International Visits	4.96%
Visits of Unknown Origin	61.28%
Visits from Your Country: United States (US)	33.76%

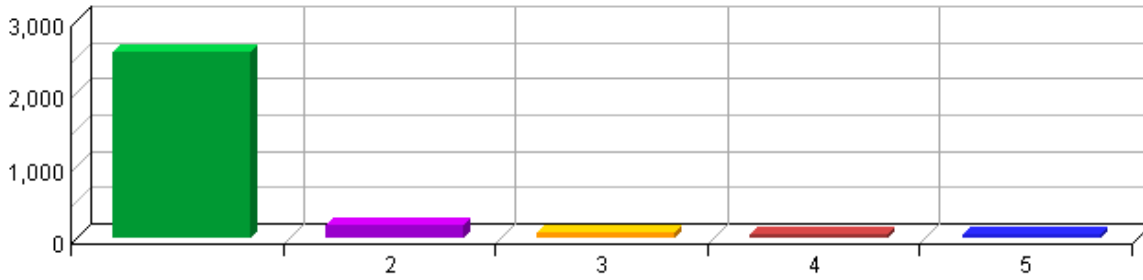
Average Length of Visit Trend



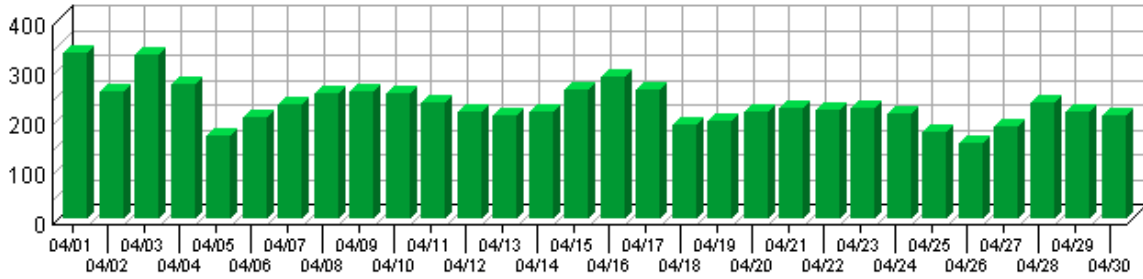
Top Countries by Visits



Visitors by Number of Visits



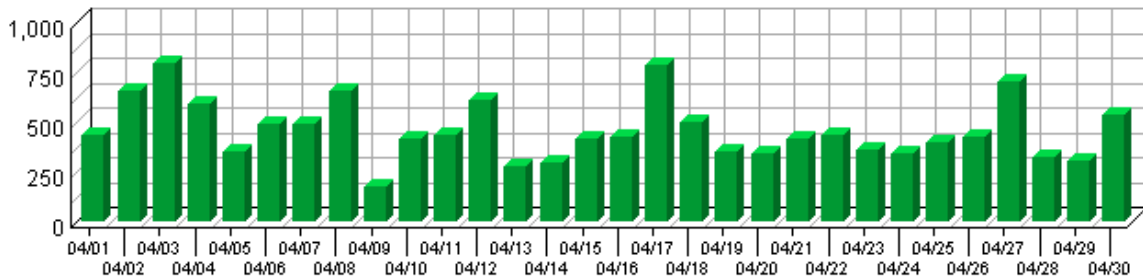
Visitors Trend



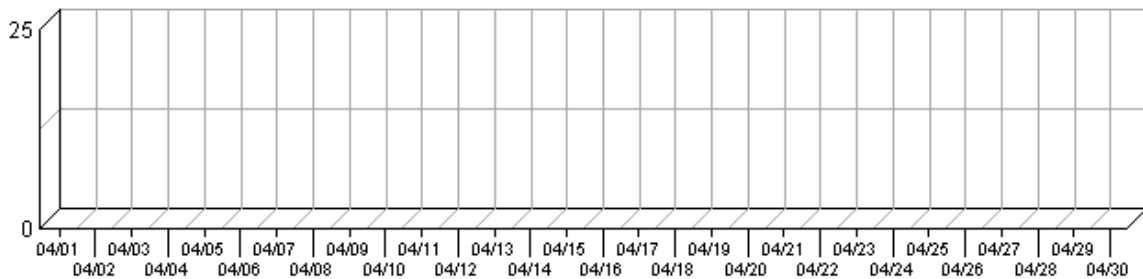
Visitor Summary

Unique Visitors	3,189
Visitors Who Visited Once	2,579
Visitors Who Visited More Than Once	610
Average Visits per Visitor	2.15

Visitor Minutes Trend



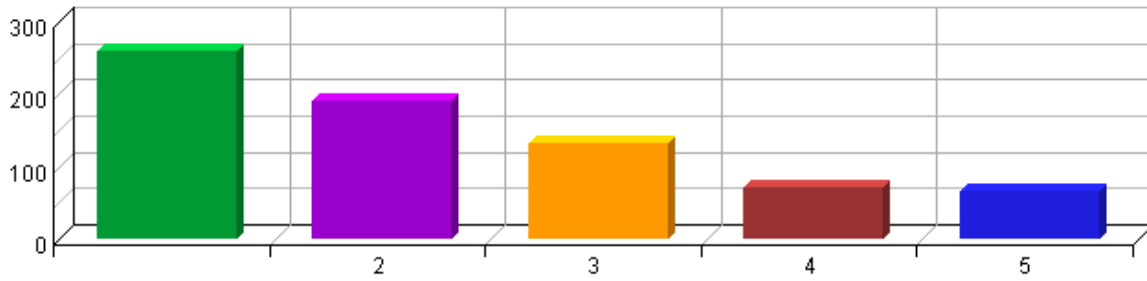
First Time Visitors Trend



New vs. Return Visits



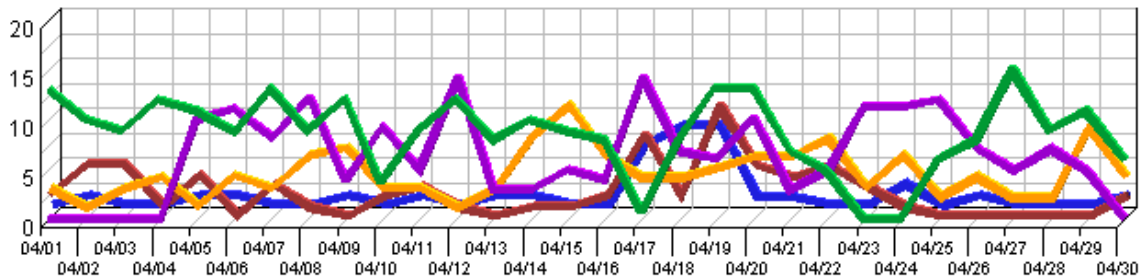
Top Visitors by Visits



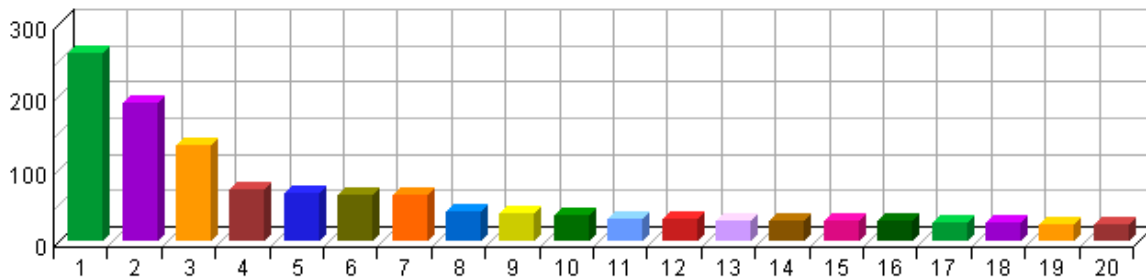
Top Visitors

This report identifies the IP address, domain name, or cookie of each visitor, and identifies the visitor's relative activity level on the site. If you use cookies to track visits, Reporting Center can differentiate between hits from different visitors with the same IP address.

Top Visitors by Visits Trend



Top Visitors by Visits



Top Visitors

	Visitor	Visits	%	Hits
1.	crawl-66-249-72-80.googlebot.com_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html)	260	3.80%	874
2.	67.195.37.166_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp/3.0; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	191	2.79%	438
3.	66.231.188.52_Gigabot/3.0 (http://www.gigablast.com/spider.html)	132	1.93%	203
4.	72.36.94.20_Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0.1	72	1.05%	287
5.	216.55.155.26_Clearware web browser	65	0.95%	88
6.	72.36.94.70_Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0.1	64	0.93%	93
7.	134.67.99.163_NLESE USEPA	63	0.92%	502
8.	67.195.58.170_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://	40	0.58%	42

	help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)			
9.	67.195.58.171_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	39	0.57%	44
10.	65.55.210.95_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	35	0.51%	39
11.	rj301028.crawl.yahoo.net_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	31	0.45%	32
12.	msnbot-65-55-210-97.search.msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	30	0.44%	34
13.	msnbot-65-55-210-90.search.msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	28	0.41%	35
14.	67.195.58.178_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	28	0.41%	28
15.	msnbot-65-55-210-93.search.msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	28	0.41%	37
16.	livebot-65-55-210-94.search.live.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	27	0.39%	31
17.	67.195.58.186_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	26	0.38%	26
18.	67.195.51.228_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	25	0.36%	39
19.	rz311181.crawl.yahoo.net_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	24	0.35%	24
20.	65.55.232.34_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	24	0.35%	86
	Subtotal	1,232	17.98%	2,982
	Other	5,619	82.02%	12,401
	Total	6,851	100.00%	15,383

Top Visitors – Help Card

? Hits – Number of hits attributed to the specified visitor. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Visitor – The IP address, domain name, or cookie of the visitor.

Visits – Number of times the specified visitor visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits or hits made by the specified visitor.

💡 Consider the visitors who use the site most, and tailor your site to their interests and needs. If your site is an intranet, notice which employees use the site most, and find out what they like about it. You might also get feedback from those who use it the least and find out what they are looking for.

Note: If a visitor has a dynamic IP address, or if a group of visitors are behind a proxy server or firewall, this data might be misleading. In the case of a dynamic IP address, multiple IP addresses could be shown for a single visitor, and in the case of a firewall or proxy server, one IP address could be used by more than one visitor.

New vs. Return Visits

This report compares the number of visits by new and returning visitors to your site.



New vs. Return Visits

Visitor Type	Visits	%
1. Returning Visitors	6,851	100.00%
Total	6,851	100.00%

New vs. Return Visits – Help Card

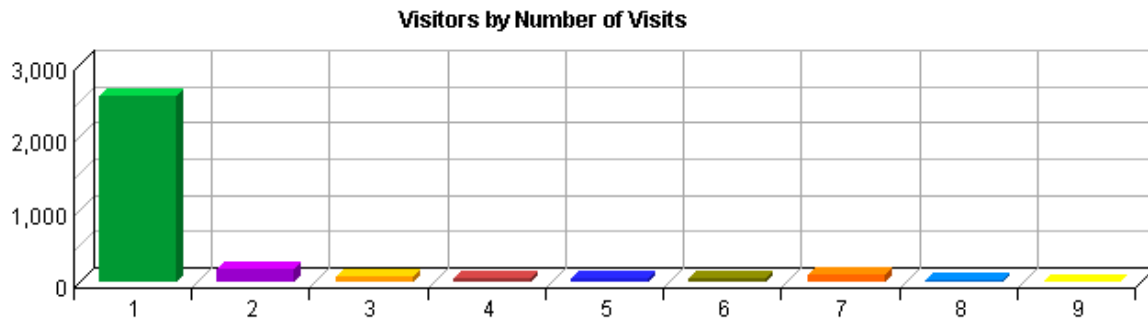
- ? New Visitors** – Visitors who didn't have a cookie from your site on their first hit, but had one on later hits.
- Returning Visitors** – Visitors who already had a cookie from your site when they visited.
- Visitors Not Accepting Cookies** – Visitors not accepting cookies from your site. There is no way to determine if these visitors are new or returning.
- Visits** – Number of visits by visitors who fit into the specified visitor category. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.
- %** – Percentage of visitors who fit into the specified visitor category.



By tracking the ratio between new and return visits over a period of time, you can determine if your site is attracting enough returning visitors.

Visitors by Number of Visits

This report shows the distribution of visitors based on how many times each visitor visited your site.



Visitors by Number of Visits

Number of Visits	Unique Visitors	%
1 visit	2,579	80.87%
2 visits	172	5.39%
3 visits	72	2.26%
4 visits	57	1.79%
5 visits	45	1.41%
6 visits	59	1.85%
7 visits	102	3.20%
8 visits	25	0.78%
9 visits	9	0.28%
Subtotal	3,120	97.84%
Other	69	2.16%
Total	3,189	100.00%

Visitors by Number of Visits – Help Card

? Number of Visits – The number of visits, beginning with one and increasing by increments of one, being analyzed in the other columns.

Unique Visitors– Number of unique individuals who came to your site the amount of times specified in the Number of Visits column.

% – Percentage of unique visitors who came to your site the amount of times specified in the Number of Visits column.

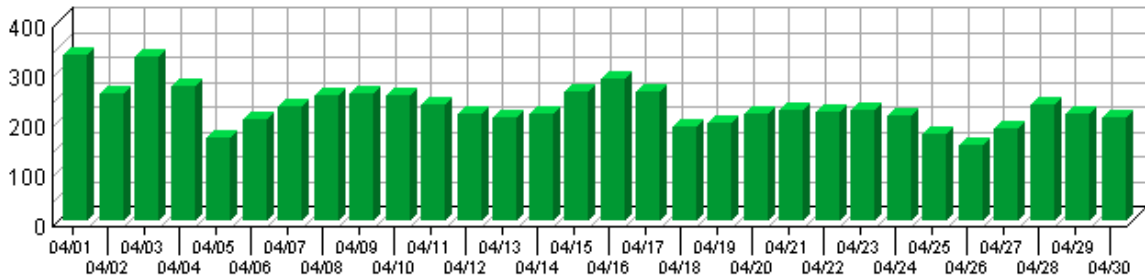
💡 This information can indicate whether or not your site compels visitors to return. Updating web site content is one way to draw return visitors.



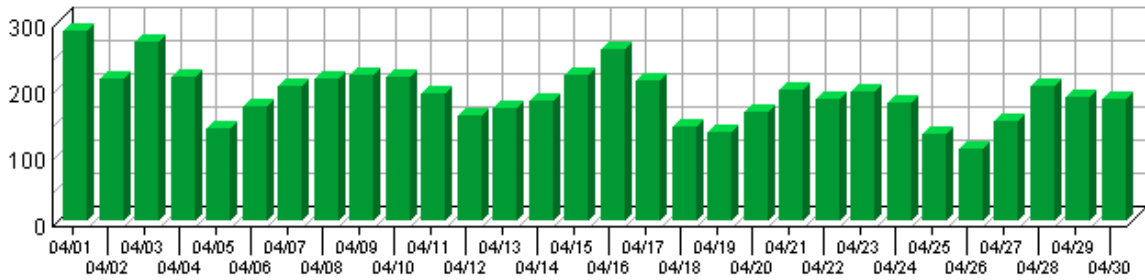
Visitors Trend

This report shows how many times visitors visited your web site and how long they stayed. The information is divided into time slices based on the duration of the log file. Visits are freshly counted during each time interval in the report. Some visits may span more than one time interval, and therefore a single visit may be counted more than once. This manner of counting visits may cause the Visits Trend total visits to exceed the total visits shown on the Overview Dashboard page.

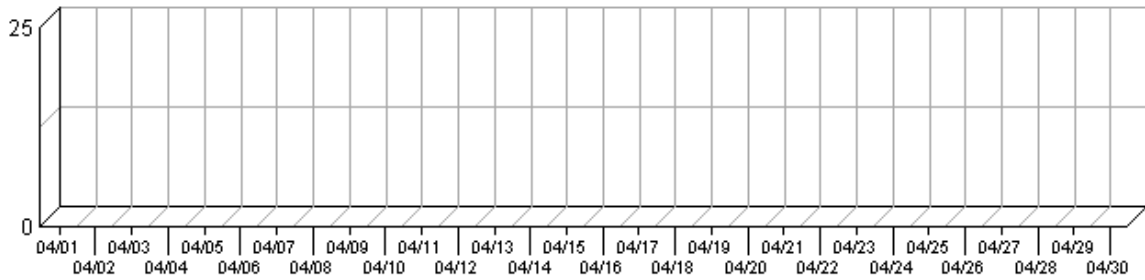
Visitors Trend



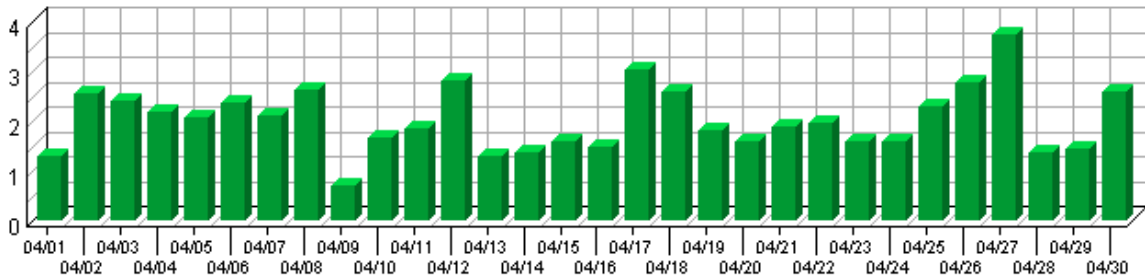
Unique Visitors Trend



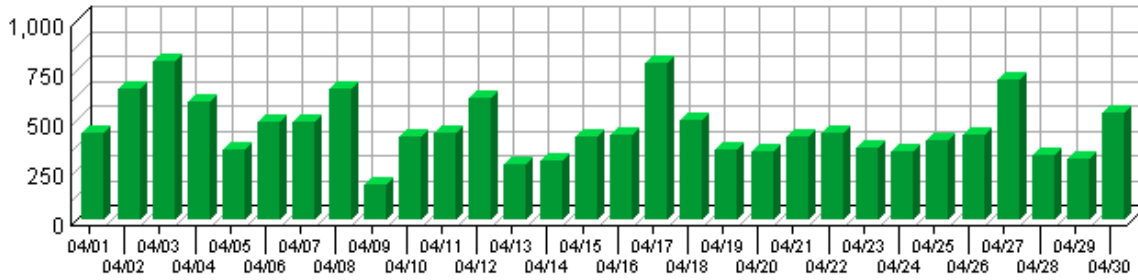
First Time Visitors Trend



Average Length of Visit Trend



Visitor Minutes Trend



Visitors Trend

Time Interval	Visits	Unique Visitors	First Time Visitors	Avg Visit Length	Visitor Minutes
04/01	334	285	0	00:01:18	436.98
04/02	257	214	0	00:02:34	660.67
04/03	329	269	0	00:02:25	798.27
04/04	269	216	0	00:02:12	592.25
04/05	168	139	0	00:02:04	349.53
04/06	205	172	0	00:02:22	486.58
04/07	231	202	0	00:02:06	488.83
04/08	250	214	0	00:02:38	659.20
04/09	257	220	0	00:00:42	180.15
04/10	251	217	0	00:01:40	420.35
04/11	232	192	0	00:01:52	433.45
04/12	213	157	0	00:02:50	606.80
04/13	208	170	0	00:01:19	274.65
04/14	213	180	0	00:01:23	297.40
04/15	260	219	0	00:01:36	419.52
04/16	286	257	0	00:01:29	428.92
04/17	259	212	0	00:03:02	788.23
04/18	190	143	0	00:02:37	499.35
04/19	197	133	0	00:01:48	355.93
04/20	214	164	0	00:01:35	341.67
04/21	222	197	0	00:01:53	418.67
04/22	220	184	0	00:01:59	439.28
04/23	221	194	0	00:01:37	360.83
04/24	212	178	0	00:01:37	343.43
04/25	173	130	0	00:02:18	398.35
04/26	152	107	0	00:02:47	425.58
04/27	186	150	0	00:03:45	700.57
04/28	234	203	0	00:01:23	324.35
04/29	214	186	0	00:01:26	309.72
04/30	208	183	0	00:02:35	539.33

Average	228	189	0	N/A	459.30
Total	6,865	5,687	0	N/A	13,778.85

Visitors Trend – Help Card

? Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Visits – Number of visits to your web site. If a visit spans multiple time intervals, it is counted in each interval. Every visit from a visitor is counted, even if the same visitor came to your web site multiple times. Also included are zero–length visits. A zero–length visit occurs when all hits for that visit are logged with the exact same time stamp.

Unique Visitors – Number of individuals who visited your site during the report period. If someone visits more than once, they are counted only the first time they visit. Values of "N/A" indicate that the detailed data required for Unique Visitors per time period is not available. This situation occurs when the Top Visitors report has reached its configured limit.

First Time Visitors – Number of visitors who had never visited your web site before.

Avg Visit Length – The average amount of time visitors spent at your site within the given time interval. The data is formatted as hh:mm:ss (hours:minutes:seconds). The average visit length is calculated by dividing the value from the Visitor Minutes column by the value from the Visits column.

Visitor Minutes – Number of minutes your web site was viewed, regardless of who was viewing it.

Average – This row gives the average for each column.

Total – The total for the column. Some visits may span more than one time interval, and be counted more than once. These duplicate visit counts may cause the total visits count on this row to exceed the actual total number of visits shown on the Overview Dashboard page.

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💡 Use this page to determine which times your web site is busiest.

Daily averages cut off visits that continue into the next day, whereas weekly averages do not. Therefore, weekly averages may appear a bit longer than daily averages.

Visits Trend

This report helps you understand the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking visits over the course of the report period.



Visits Trend

Time Interval	Visits	%
04/01	334	4.88%
04/02	255	3.72%
04/03	327	4.77%
04/04	268	3.91%
04/05	167	2.44%
04/06	205	2.99%
04/07	231	3.37%
04/08	250	3.65%
04/09	256	3.74%
04/10	249	3.63%
04/11	232	3.39%
04/12	212	3.09%
04/13	208	3.04%
04/14	213	3.11%
04/15	260	3.80%
04/16	286	4.17%
04/17	259	3.78%
04/18	189	2.76%
04/19	197	2.88%
04/20	214	3.12%
04/21	221	3.23%
04/22	220	3.21%
04/23	221	3.23%
04/24	212	3.09%
04/25	173	2.53%

04/26	152	2.22%
04/27	186	2.71%
04/28	234	3.42%
04/29	213	3.11%
04/30	207	3.02%
Total	6,851	100.00%

Visits Trend – Help Card

? Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Visits – Number of visits to your site during the specified time interval. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits to your site during the specified time interval compared with all visits to your site during the report period.

💡 Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Top Organizations

If you have enabled the WebTrends GeoTrends Database for this profile, this page will list the most active companies and other organizations visiting your web site. The second table will show you the most active domain names from each organization.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Organizations – Help Card

? **Domain Name** – The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, netiq.com is a domain name. The domain name can be determined if it was logged by the web server or, if it is defined in the Internet Domain Name System then it may be found using DNS resolution. Otherwise, the domain name is not known and this table shows the IP address.

The domain name shown is the second-level domain name, such as netiq.com. If the top-level domain name is a country code, then this shows the third-level domain name, such as anycompany.com.au. For example, all visitors from sales.netiq.com, us.sales.netiq.com, and service.net.iq.com are combined in the statistics for netiq.com.

Click on the domain name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Organization – The name of the organization, which could be a company, a government agency, a school, or any other type of organization. This name was determined by looking up the visitor's IP address in the WebTrends GeoTrends Database. Click on the organization name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Total – The total for all visits or hits.

Unknown – The sum for any IP addresses which could not be found in the WebTrends GeoTrends Database.

Visits – Number of visits to your site from this organization. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Number of hits to your site from this organization. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

% – Percentage of the total activity that was from this organization.



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Use this information when you are interested in an organization as a whole, such as NetIQ Corporation. You can identify the major domain names from each company, such as netiq.com and webtrends.com from NetIQ.

Top Authenticated Usernames

This report identifies the true name and relative activity level of the visitors logging onto a server that requires a user name and password.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Authenticated Usernames – Help Card


 **Authenticated Username** – A unique visitor tracked by user name and password rather than by IP address. You may find more authenticated user names than total visitors because several persons may be using the same IP address. Since many ISPs dynamically assign IP addresses, and since multiple visitors may use a single IP address, authentication is a much more accurate way to identify visitors.

Hits – Number of hits generated by the specified visitor. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Visitor – Authenticated name of the user being analyzed.

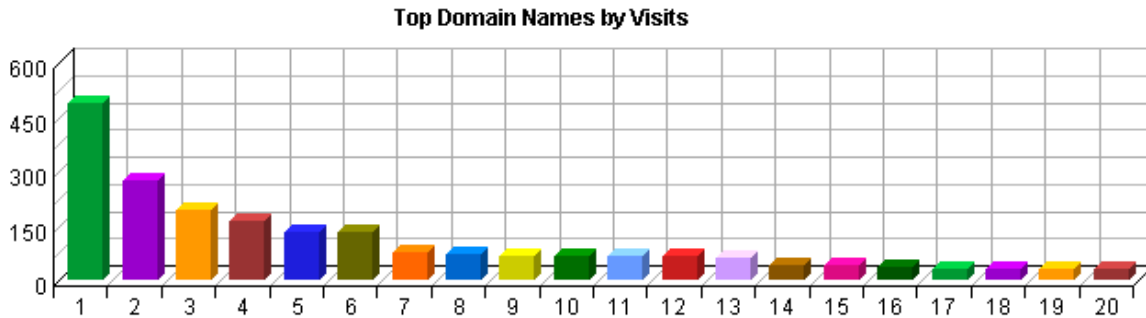
Visits – Number of times the specified visitor visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits or hits to your site by the specified visitor out of those by all authenticated user names.

 You may use this information for your marketing efforts, such as special promotions or newsletters.

Top Domain Names

This report lists the domain name that generates the most activity to your web site.



Top Domain Names

	Domain Name	Visits	%	Hits
1.	yahoo.net	490	7.15%	615
2.	googlebot.com	275	4.01%	903
3.	67.195.37.166	191	2.79%	438
4.	msn.com	162	2.36%	194
5.	66.231.188.52	132	1.93%	203
6.	comcast.net	130	1.90%	308
7.	rr.com	76	1.11%	192
8.	72.36.94.20	73	1.07%	289
9.	72.36.94.70	65	0.95%	95
10.	searchme.com	65	0.95%	100
11.	216.55.155.26	65	0.95%	88
12.	verizon.net	65	0.95%	238
13.	134.67.99.163	63	0.92%	502
14.	67.195.58.170	40	0.58%	42
15.	67.195.58.171	39	0.57%	44
16.	65.55.210.95	35	0.51%	39
17.	cox.net	33	0.48%	114
18.	phx.gbl	31	0.45%	46
19.	live.com	29	0.42%	33
20.	67.195.58.178	28	0.41%	28
	Subtotal	2,087	30.46%	4,511
	Other	4,764	69.54%	10,867
	Total	6,851	100.00%	15,378

Top Domain Names – Help Card

? **Domain Name** – The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, netiq.com is a domain name. The domain name can be determined if it was logged by the web server or, if it is defined in the Internet Domain Name System then it may be found using DNS resolution. Otherwise, the domain name is not known and this table shows the IP address.

The domain name shown is the second-level domain name, such as netiq.com. If the top-level domain name is a country code, then this shows the third-level domain name, such as anycompany.com.au. For example, all visitors from sales.netiq.com, us.sales.netiq.com, and service.net.iq.com are combined in the statistics for netiq.com.

Click on the domain name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Total – The total for all visits or hits.

Hits – Number of hits to your site from this domain name. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

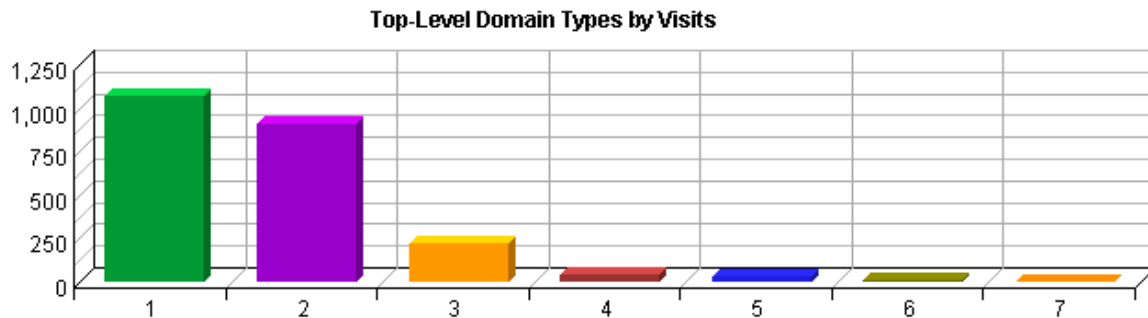
Visits – Number of visits to your site from this domain name. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of the total activity that was from this domain name or IP address.

💡 Use this information when you are interested in high-level domain names of visitors generating the most activity to your web site.

Top-Level Domain Types

This report provides a breakdown of top-level domain types.



Top-Level Domain Types

	Top-Level Domain Types	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Network	1,072	46.77%	2,093
2.	Commercial	916	39.97%	2,451
3.	Education	219	9.55%	604
4.	Government	42	1.83%	103
5.	Organization	32	1.40%	60
6.	Military	8	0.35%	9
7.	ARPANET	3	0.13%	4
	Total	2,292	100.00%	5,324

Top-Level Domain Types – Help Card

? Top-Level Domain – The suffix of a domain name. A top-level domain can be based on the type of organization (.com, .edu, .museum, .name, etc) or it can be a country code (.uk, .de, .jp, .us, etc.). The top-level domain can be used to identify the type of web site. The following is a partial list of how this report categorizes top-level domains:

ARPANET: .arpa

Commercial: .com .co .com.[country code] .co.[country code] .firm.co .firm.ve .ltd.uk .info .biz

Education: .edu .edu.[country-code] .ed.[country code] .ac.[country code] .school.[country code] .k12.[country code] .re.kr .sch.uk .edunet.tn

International: .int .int.co .int.ve .intl.tn

Government: .gov .gov.[country code] .gove.[country code] .go.[country code]

Military: .mil .mil.[country code]

Network: .net .ad.jp .ne.kr .net.[country code]

Organization: .org .or .org.[country code] .or.[country code]

Personal: .name

Hits – Number of hits to your site from the specified top–level domain. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Total – The total visits or hits where there was sufficient information to identify the top–level domain. This number may be less than the total activity overall.

Visits – Number of visits to your site from the specified top–level domain. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits or hits from sites in the specified top–level domain. The percentages refer to the total number of visits for which the domain name can be determined. Some IP addresses cannot be resolved to a domain name.



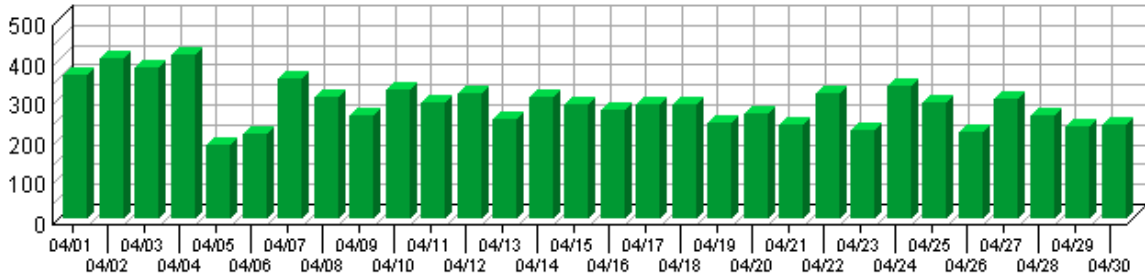
Consider which types of organizations are interested in your site, and consider how you can interest other types of organizations.

Note: This information can be displayed only if reverse DNS lookups have been performed. Even when DNS lookups are performed, some IP addresses cannot be resolved to a domain name.

Pages Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Pages chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

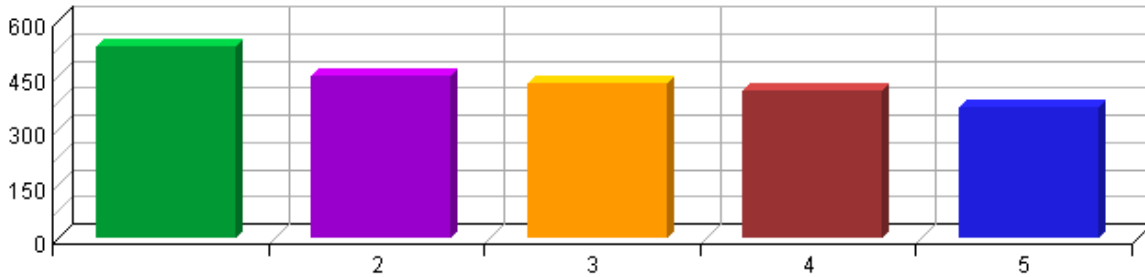
Page Views Trend



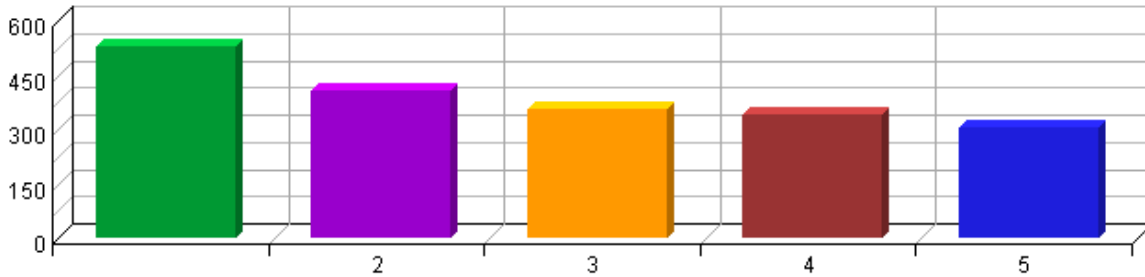
Page View Summary

Page Views	8,641
Average per Day	288
Average Page Views per Visit	1.26

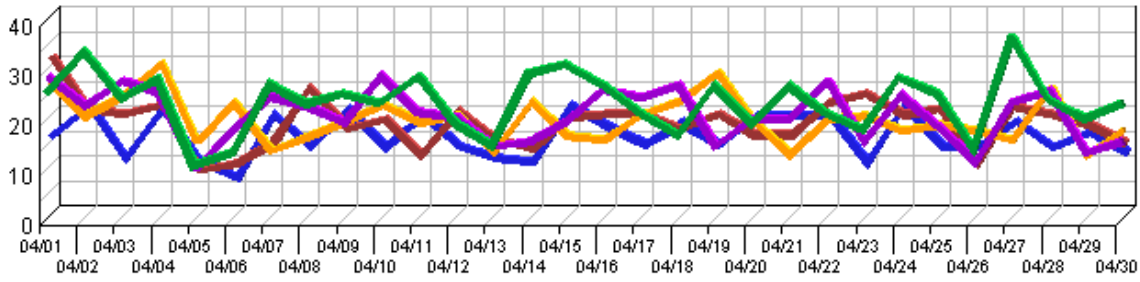
Top Entry Pages



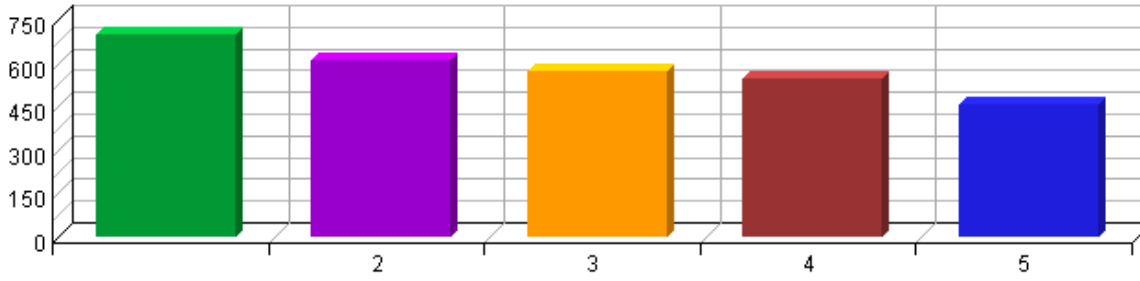
Top Exit Pages



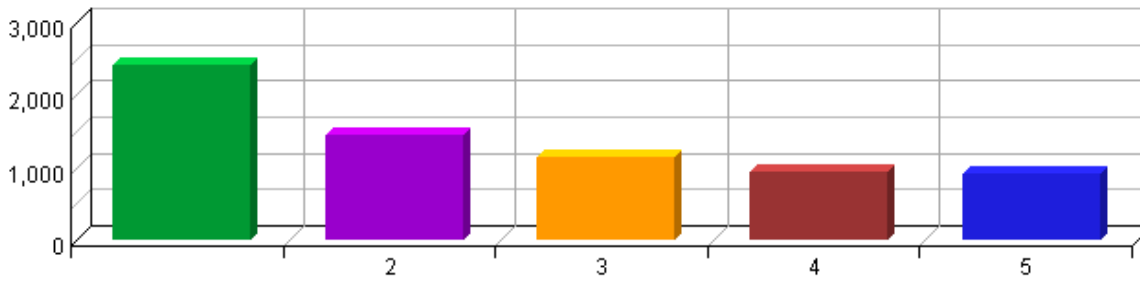
Top Pages by Visits Trend



Top Pages by Visits

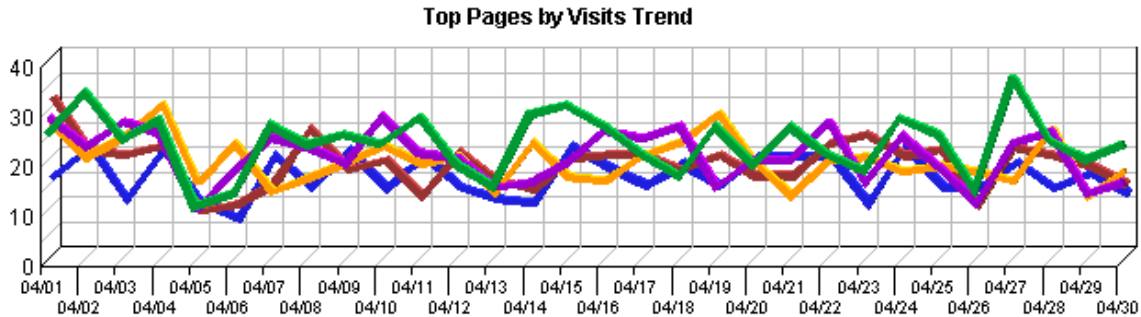


Top Directories by Visits



Top Pages

This identifies the most popular web pages on your site and shows you the number of visits for each, and displays the average length of time the page was viewed.



Top Pages

	Pages	Visits	%	Views	Avg Time Viewed	Avg Time to Serve
1.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	699	8.74%	842	00:02:37	0
2.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	609	7.61%	688	00:03:03	0
3.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/economics/	575	7.19%	686	00:02:41	0
4.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/drinkingwater/	547	6.84%	643	00:02:44	0
5.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	459	5.74%	490	00:03:32	0
6.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA	446	5.57%	482	00:02:39	0

	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/					
7.	Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/	387	4.84%	413	00:03:28	0
8.	Recipients and their Research Projects Global Change Science Topics NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/recipients.html	163	2.04%	166	00:04:41	0
9.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/research.html	114	1.42%	120	00:03:37	0
10.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/02_22_07_event.html	111	1.39%	121	00:03:33	0
11.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/success.html	111	1.39%	111	00:05:36	0
12.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/centers.html	110	1.37%	112	00:04:28	0
13.	Solicitations Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/solicitations.html	107	1.34%	108	00:02:45	0
14.	Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/researchproj.html	102	1.27%	107	00:03:40	0
15.	News and Events Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/newsevent.html	99	1.24%	99	00:03:04	0
16.	Solicitations Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/solicitations.html	98	1.22%	98	00:02:47	0
17.	Solicitations Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/drinkingwater/solicitations.html	98	1.22%	102	00:03:11	0

18.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ economics/ economics. html	98	1.22%	98	00:03:40	0
19.	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ solicitations.html	97	1.21%	99	00:04:00	0
20.	Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ other.html	96	1.20%	98	00:05:53	0
Subtotal		5,126	64.06%	5,683	00:03:10	
Other		2,876	35.94%	2,958	00:03:30	
Total		8,002	100.00%	8,641	00:03:17	

Top Pages – Help Card

? Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits to this page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views the first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Views – Number of times this page was viewed by visitors.

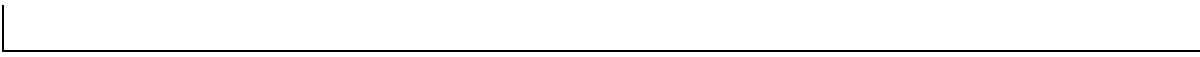
% – Percentage of the total visits in which the visitor viewed this page at least once.

Average Time Viewed – Average length of time the specified page was viewed. (The format is hh:mm:ss – hours:minutes:seconds.)

Average Time to Serve – Average amount of time (in milliseconds) it took to serve each document during the specified time interval. The time to serve spans from the time the server got a page request until it transmitted all the data.

Note: Zero values in this column probably indicates that your web server is not logging Time to Serve information.

💡 Pages with good content and design are more likely to attract visitors and be revisited. Less popular pages on a site can be made more appealing by improving the content or incorporating design elements similar to that on the more important pages. Always remember that people are far more interested in content than in design, and average view times can help determine which content is most important to your visitors.



Top Content Groups

This report identifies the most popular groups of web site pages and how often they were visited.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Content Groups – Help Card

? **Content Group** – A defined group of web pages with specific things in common, such as the same types of products, services, or information.

Group Name – Name of the content group being analyzed.

Total – The sum of the visit counts for the content groups. During a single visit, the visitor may view pages in zero, one, or multiple content groups, causing some visits to be omitted from this total and some visits to be counted more than once.

Visits – Number of visits where the visitor viewed at least one page in the specified content group. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

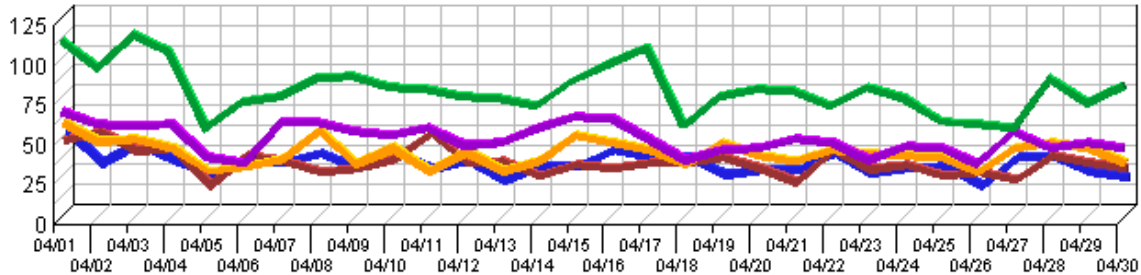
% – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

💡 The information on this page can show you which content groups were most popular. This will reveal the reasons people visit your web site, and what is most interesting and least interesting to them.

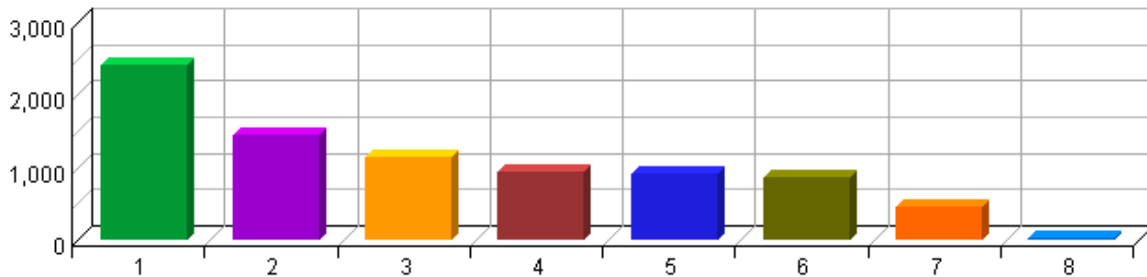
Top Directories

This report lists the most commonly accessed directories on your web site. This information can help determine the types of data most often requested.

Top Directories by Visits Trend



Top Directories by Visits



Top Directories

	Path To Directory	Visits	%	Hits	Kbytes Transferred
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncet/science/endocrine	2,404	29.30%	4,512	219,755
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncet/science/pm	1,452	17.70%	3,928	428,775
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncet/science/drinkingwater	1,149	14.01%	1,663	28,826
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncet/science/tse	947	11.54%	2,109	150,147
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncet/science/globalclimate	907	11.06%	1,378	18,929
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncet/science/economics	870	10.60%	1,279	23,553
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncet/science/	459	5.59%	490	4,891
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncet/science/additional	16	0.20%	19	1,017
	Total	8,204	100.00%	15,378	875,890

Top Directories – Help Card

? Path to Directory – The full URL path to the directory being analyzed.

Visits – Number of visits to pages within the specified directory. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Kbytes Transferred – Number of kilobytes of data transferred by the server from the specified directory to your visitors.

% – Percentage of visits or hits to, or kilobytes of data transferred from the specified directory compared to all other directories.

💡 This report indicates the content visitors are most interested in. Use this information to determine which content areas to develop further, which areas to focus on less, and how you can arrange your content most effectively. If the table is sorted by kilobytes of data transferred, this page reveals what kind of data the server spends the most time transferring, and may suggest different ways to organize your data, or different ways to distribute the server load if you have more than one server.

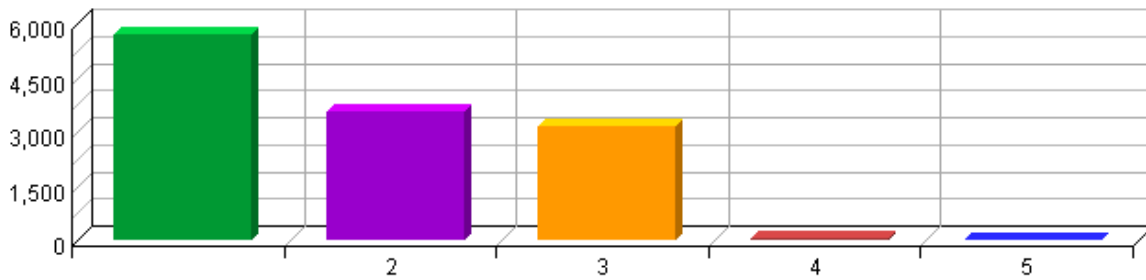
Files Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Files chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

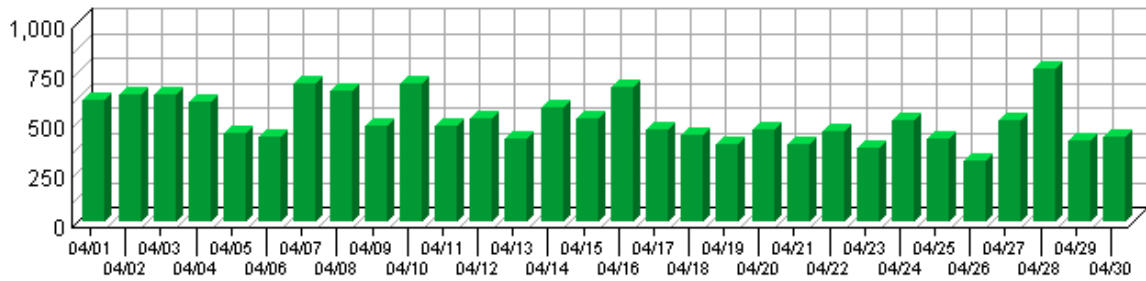
Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	15,378
Average Hits per Day	512
Home Page Hits	490

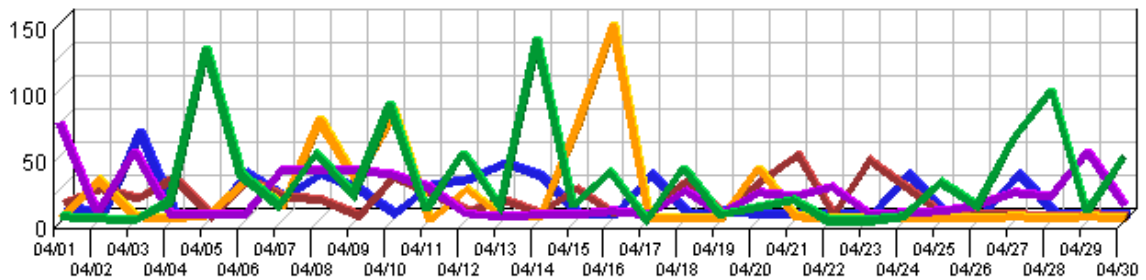
Most Accessed File Types by Files



Hits Trend

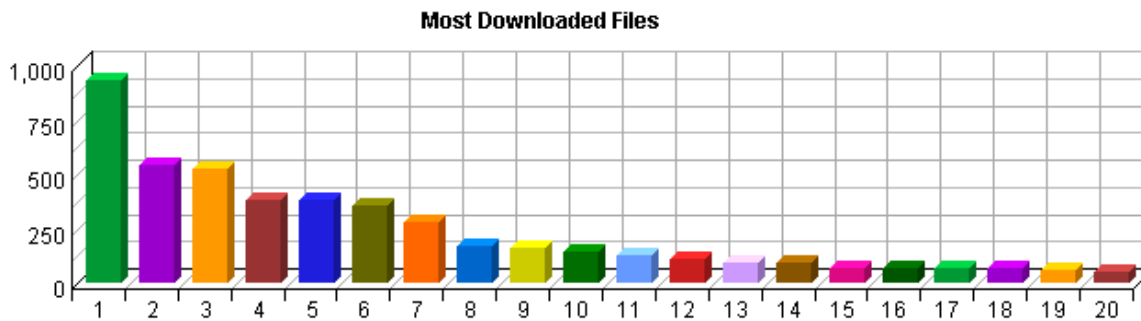
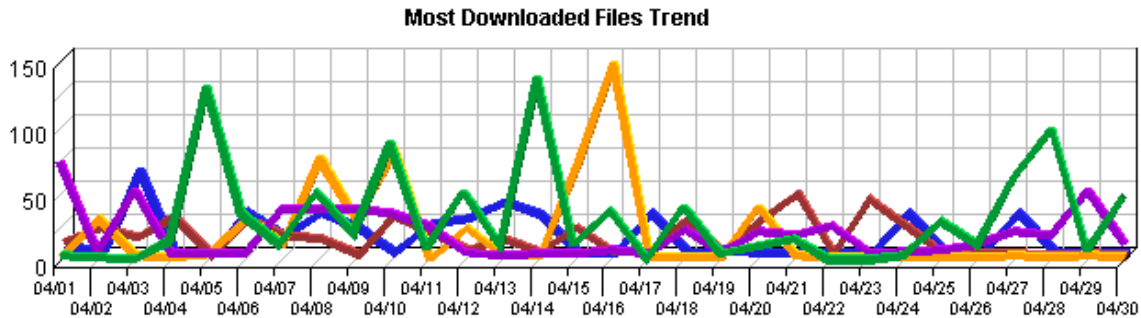


Most Downloaded Files Trend



Most Downloaded Files

This report identifies the most popular files downloaded from your site.



Most Downloaded Files

	Downloaded Files	Downloads	%	Visits
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/hei/DieselSpecialReport02.pdf	935	14.03%	111
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/sos.pdf	542	8.14%	117
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/pm.pdf	525	7.88%	27
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/decade_innovation.pdf	383	5.75%	82
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/hei/Rean-ExecSumm.pdf	378	5.67%	39
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/holt.pdf	355	5.33%	19
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/review/edsubcommitteereport-finalversion.pdf	280	4.20%	64
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/lazorchak.pdf	171	2.57%	30
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/swan.pdf	163	2.45%	20
10.		144	2.16%	55

	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/epafinal.pdf			
11.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/hei/Rean-part2.pdf	126	1.89%	22
12.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/drinkingwater/ryan_r829010.pdf	113	1.70%	32
13.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/hei/Rean-part1.pdf	95	1.43%	21
14.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/wildlife/r827398_gardiner-030105-final.pdf	91	1.37%	70
15.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/development/r827405_skinner_0415.pdf	70	1.05%	50
16.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/hauser.pdf	68	1.02%	29
17.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ferguson.pdf	65	0.98%	18
18.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/francis.pdf	64	0.96%	10
19.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/screening/r826133_welsh-final.pdf	56	0.84%	43
20.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/wildlife/r826310_mcmurry-030105-final.pdf	55	0.83%	48
	Subtotal	4,679	70.23%	907
	Other	1,983	29.77%	1,778
	Total	6,662	100.00%	2,685

Most Downloaded Files – Help Card

? Downloads – Number of times the specified file was downloaded by a visitor. If an error occurred during a transfer, the transfer is not counted.

Files – The path and filename of the file being analyzed.

Visits – The number of unique visitors who downloaded the specified file. If an error occurred in the transfer, the transfer is not counted.

% – Percentage of times the specified file was downloaded compared to all downloaded files.

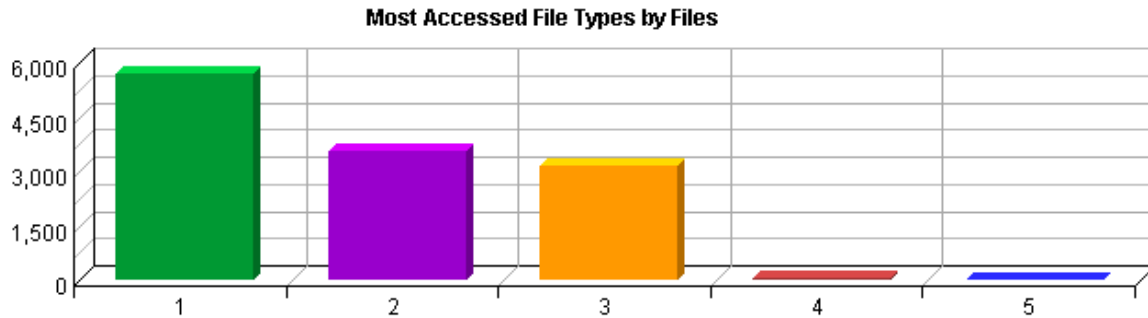
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This information shows you the most popular downloadable files on your web site. Files that don't appear on the list, or appear low on the list, may require maintenance such as decreasing the file size, improving link placement, or elimination to make room for more popular content.

Most Accessed File Types

This report identifies the types of files accessed on your site and the total number of kilobytes of data transferred for each file type. Cached requests and erred hits are excluded from the totals. The types of files accessed are listed in descending order.



Most Accessed File Types

	File Type	Files	%	Kbytes Transferred
1.	pdf	5,680	45.54%	736,593
2.	htm	3,575	28.66%	52,541
3.	html	3,164	25.37%	76,019
4.	ppt	33	0.26%	9,182
5.	doc	21	0.17%	1,556
	Total	12,473	100.00%	875,890

Most Accessed File Types – Help Card

? File Type – Identifies types of files by their file extension. For example, a file named graphic.gif is identified as type "gif."

Files – Number of files of the specified type accessed by visitors to your site.

Kbytes Transferred – Number of kilobytes of data transferred for all files of the specified type.

% – Percentage of all kilobytes of data transferred for the specified file type.

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💡 This report provides general statistics for the type of data that visitors access on your site.

Most Uploaded Files

This report identifies the most popular files uploaded using FTP PUT, HTTP PUT, or HTTP POST.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.


Most Uploaded Files – Help Card

 **Files** – The path and filename of the uploaded file being analyzed.

Top Uploads – Number of times the specified file was uploaded to your site. If an error occurred during a transfer, the transfer is not counted.

Visits – Number of visits to your site where the specified file was uploaded. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

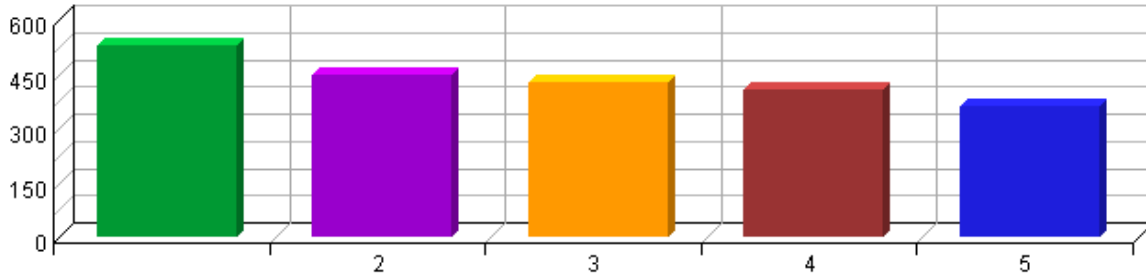
% – Percentage of times the specified file was uploaded compared with all uploaded files.

 You may want to run virus scans on uploaded files.

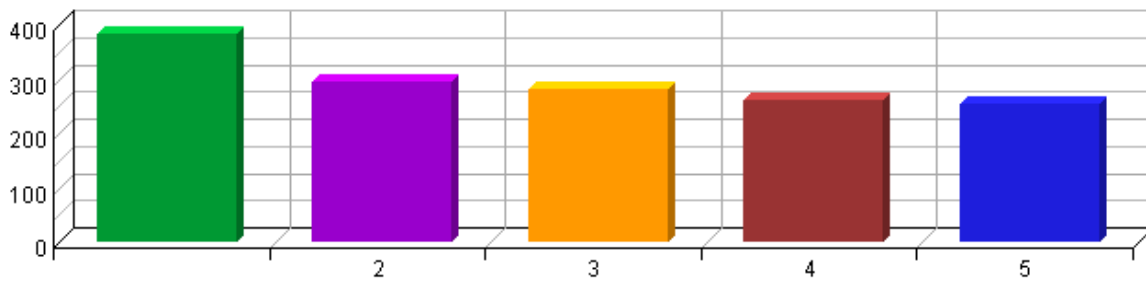
Navigation Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to online navigation.

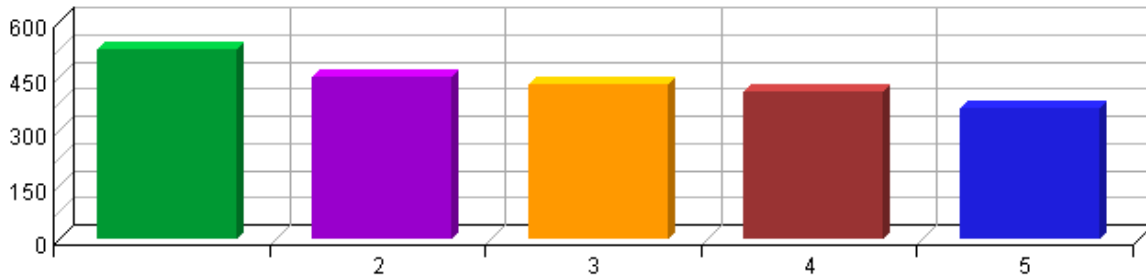
Top Entry Pages



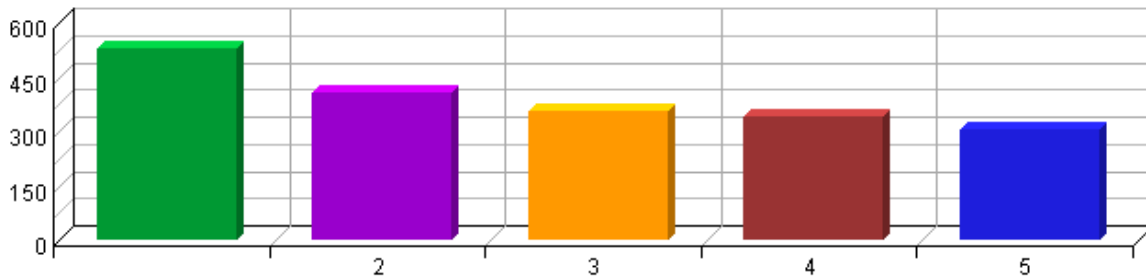
Single Access Pages



Top Entry Files



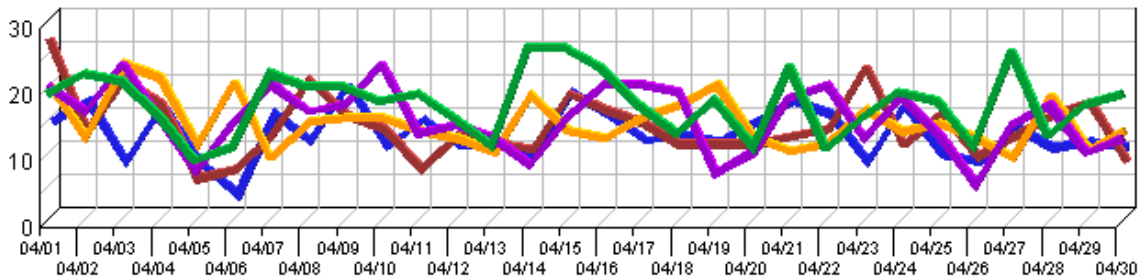
Top Exit Pages



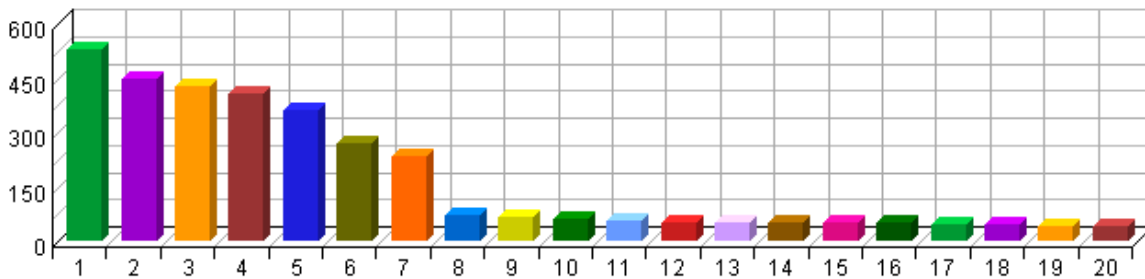
Top Entry Pages

This report identifies the first page viewed when a visitor visits your site. The most common entry page is usually the home page, but other common entry pages include specific URLs that visitors type, pages that have been bookmarked, or pages referred to by other sites.

Top Entry Pages Trend



Top Entry Pages



Top Entry Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	528	11.28%
2.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	448	9.57%
3.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/economics/	428	9.15%
4.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/drinkingwater/	405	8.65%
5.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	362	7.74%
6.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	272	5.81%

	endocrine/		
7.	Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ tse/	233	4.98%
8.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ tse/ success.html	70	1.50%
9.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ centers.html	67	1.43%
10.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ economics/ economics. html	61	1.30%
11.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ globalclimate/ 02_22_07_ event.html	54	1.15%
12.	Wildlife Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ endocrine/ wildlife. html	51	1.09%
13.	Monitoring Results Synopsis Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ results4.html	50	1.07%
14.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ globalclimate/ research. html	50	1.07%
15.	Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ other.html	50	1.07%
16.	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ solicitations.html	49	1.05%
17.	Recipients and their Research Projects Global Change Science Topics NCER http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ globalclimate/ recipients.html	45	0.96%
18.		44	0.94%

	Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ endocrine/ researchproj. html		
19.	News and Events Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ endocrine/ newsevent. html	43	0.92%
20.	Solicitations Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ endocrine/ solicitations.html	43	0.92%
	Subtotal	3,353	71.65%
	Other	1,327	28.35%
	Total	4,680	100.00%

Top Entry Pages – Help Card

? Entry Page – The first page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non–page files, that visit has no entry page. This can cause the total number of entry pages to be less than the total number of visits.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the entry page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

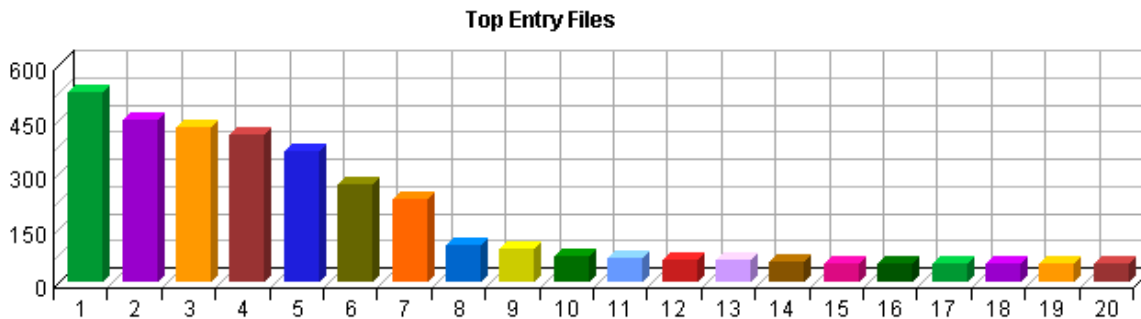
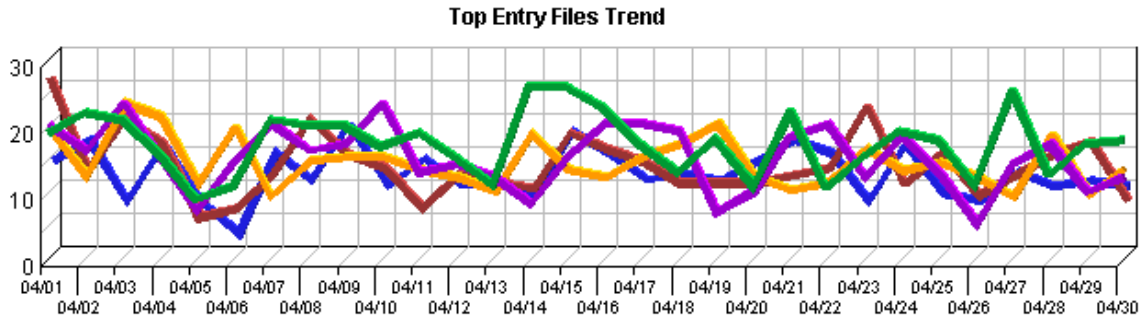
% – Percentage of times this page was the entry page compared with other entry pages.

—

💡 This information can indicate how you might want to optimize the architecture of your web site based on where your visitors are entering. It can also help you determine which external links are most effective. Consider updating meta tags and links.

Top Entry Files

This report identifies the first hit from a visitor visiting your site. This is most likely the home page but, in some cases it may also be specific URLs that visitors enter to go directly to a particular file or page.



Top Entry Files

	Files	Visits	%
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/	524	7.65%
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/	448	6.54%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/	425	6.20%
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater/	405	5.91%
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/	361	5.27%
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/	269	3.93%
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/	229	3.34%
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/sos.pdf	103	1.50%
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/hei/DieselSpecialReport02. pdf	91	1.33%
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/success.html	70	1.02%
11.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/centers.html	67	0.98%
12.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/wildlife/ r827398_gardiner-030105-final.pdf	62	0.90%

13.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/economics/economics.html	61	0.89%
14.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/02_22_07_event.html	54	0.79%
15.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/research.html	50	0.73%
16.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/decade_innovation.pdf	50	0.73%
17.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/review/edcsubcommitteereport-finalversion.pdf	50	0.73%
18.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/results4.html	49	0.72%
19.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/other.html	49	0.72%
20.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/solicitations.html	49	0.72%
	Subtotal	3,466	50.59%
	Other	3,385	49.41%
	Total	6,851	100.00%

Top Entry Files – Help Card

? Files – Refers to the first file loaded to a visitor's browser. Contrast this with the first page loaded to a visitor's browser. The entry page for some visitors is not a formally defined page, so the information in this table and graph include all first hits regardless if the hit was on a formal page or not.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors whose first hit was the specified file. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

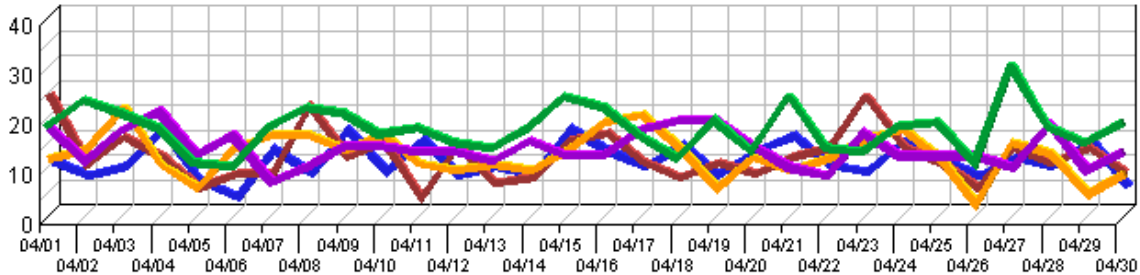
% – Refers to the total numbers of visits.

💡 Consider what catches the attention of visitors most quickly and effectively.

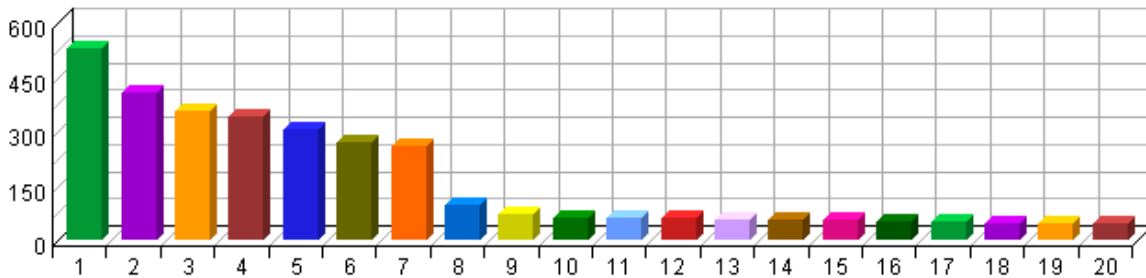
Top Exit Pages

This report identifies the last page visitors viewed before they left your site.

Top Exit Pages Trend



Top Exit Pages



Top Exit Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	531	11.35%
2.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/economics/	405	8.66%
3.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	355	7.59%
4.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/drinkingwater/	340	7.27%
5.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	303	6.48%
6.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/	271	5.79%
7.		259	5.54%

Technology for a Sustainable Environment | Science Topics | NCER | ORD | US EPA
[http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ tse/](http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/)

8.	Recipients and their Research Projects Global Change Science Topics NCER http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ globalclimate/ recipients.html	99	2.12%
9.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ tse/ success.html	70	1.50%
10.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ globalclimate/ 02_22_07_event.html	62	1.33%
11.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ centers.html	62	1.33%
12.	Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ other.html	60	1.28%
13.	Solicitations Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ drinkingwater/ solicitations.html	58	1.24%
14.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ globalclimate/ research. html	58	1.24%
15.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ economics/ economics. html	56	1.20%
16.	Wildlife Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ endocrine/ wildlife. html	53	1.13%
17.	Monitoring Results Synopsis Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ results4.html	51	1.09%
18.	Recipients and their Research Projects Particulate Matter Science Topics N	48	1.03%

	http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ recipients.html		
19.	Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ endocrine/ researchproj. html	48	1.03%
20.	Solicitations Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ endocrine/ solicitations.html	48	1.03%
	Subtotal	3,237	69.21%
	Other	1,440	30.79%
	Total	4,677	100.00%

Top Exit Pages – Help Card

? Exit Page – The last page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non–page files, that visit has no exit page. This can cause the total number of exit pages to be less than the total number of visits.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

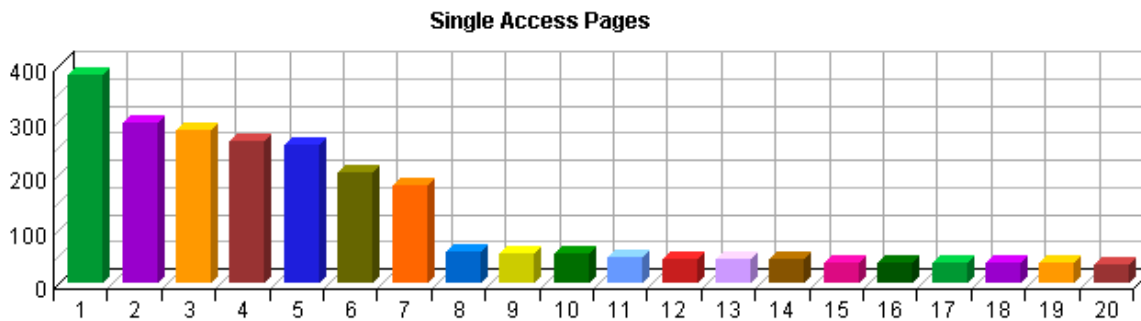
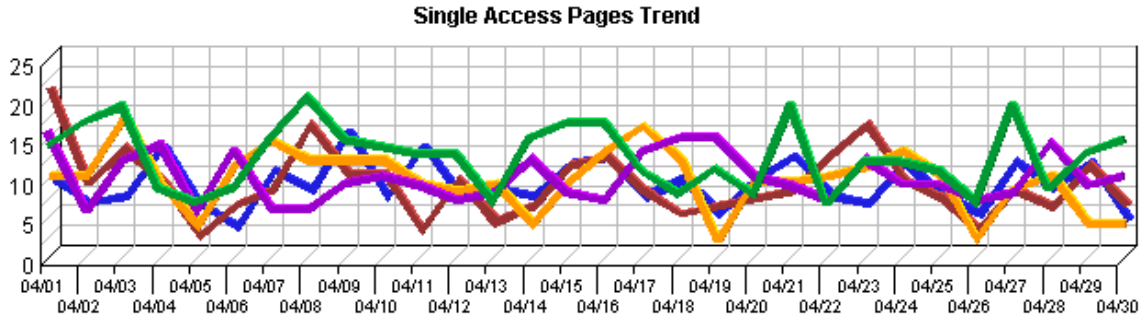
Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the exit page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times this page was the exit page compared with other exit pages.

💡 You can use this information to determine your visitors' satisfaction with their visits. Visitors may have left this page because they found what they were looking for, lost interest, determined the content didn't apply to them, or for many other reasons. If your top exit page is your home page, this may be an indication that you are alienating a lot of first time visitors.

Single Access Pages

This report identifies the pages on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page.



Single Access Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	383	10.95%
2.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/economics/	296	8.46%
3.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	283	8.09%
4.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/drinkingwater/	261	7.46%
5.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	254	7.26%
6.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/	202	5.78%
7.		179	5.12%

Technology for a Sustainable Environment | Science Topics | NCER | ORD | US EPA
[http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ tse/](http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/)

8.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ tse/ success.html	59	1.69%
9.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ centers.html	53	1.52%
10.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ economics/ economics. html	53	1.52%
11.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ globalclimate/ 02_22_07_event.html	47	1.34%
12.	Wildlife Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ endocrine/ wildlife. html	45	1.29%
13.	Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ other.html	44	1.26%
14.	Monitoring Results Synopsis Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ results4.html	43	1.23%
15.	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ pm/ solicitations.html	38	1.09%
16.	Solicitations Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ endocrine/ solicitations.html	37	1.06%
17.	News and Events Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ endocrine/ newsevent. html	37	1.06%
18.		36	1.03%

	Solicitations Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ drinkingwater/ solicitations.html		
19.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ globalclimate/ research. html	36	1.03%
20.	Recipients and their Research Projects Global Change Science Topics NCER http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ science/ globalclimate/ recipients.html	35	1.00%
	Subtotal	2,421	69.23%
	Other	1,076	30.77%
	Total	3,497	100.00%

Single Access Pages – Help Card

? Single Access Page – A page on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page. To qualify, the visit must be to a page with a valid document type. If the visit is to a document with a different type (such as a graphic or sound file), the file does not count as a single access page, and the visit is not included in the total. Such visits are often the result of other sites referencing a specific downloadable file or graphic on your site. In these cases, a visit may have a single hit to a non–document type file, and will not be counted in the percentage calculations.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the exit page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times this page was a single access page compared with other single access pages.

💡 This information can be helpful when considering the design of the site with respect to the kind of visitors you attract. Consider how well these pages convey your message. Do they need improvement to extend visits, or is it possible that are you attracting the wrong visitors?

Top Paths Through Site

This report tracks visitor activity beginning with their entry page into the site—the first page they open—then all subsequent pages during their visit. The default definition for a page in this context is defined as a document ending with the extension .htm, .html, or .asp. This definition can be changed by the system administrator.

Top Paths Through Site

Starting Page	Paths from Start	Visits	%
All Entry Pages		463	9.90%
	1. Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	370	7.91%
	1. Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/economics/	304	6.50%
	1. Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	302	6.46%
	1. Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/drinkingwater/	269	5.75%
	1. Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	210	4.49%
	1. Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/	188	4.02%
	1. Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/	59	1.26%
	1. Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/success.html		

1. PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/centers.html	54	1.15%
	53	1.13%
1. Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/economics/economics.html		
	53	1.13%
1. Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/		
2. Recipients and their Research Projects Global Change Science Topics NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/recipients.html		
	48	1.03%
1. Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/02_22_07_event.html		
	46	0.98%
1. Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/other.html		
	46	0.98%
1. Wildlife Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/wildlife.html		
	43	0.92%
1. Monitoring Results Synopsis Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/results4.html		
	39	0.83%
1. Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/research.html		

1. Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/solicitations.html	38	0.81%
1. News and Events Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/newsevent.html	37	0.79%
1. Solicitations Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/endocrine/solicitations.html	37	0.79%
1. Solicitations Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/drinkingwater/solicitations.html	36	0.77%

Top Paths Through Site – Help Card

? Path Through Site – The sequence of pages a visitor views, from the entry page to the exit page.

Paths From Start – With the exception of the starting page, this column lists the pages of the top paths taken through your site. The paths listed are limited to the paths configured for path analysis for this profile. These lists are grouped so that more than one row has the same starting page. To see the starting page for each of these lists, look in the Starting Page column and find the first entry up from the Paths from Start row.

Starting Page – The first page, or entry page, in the full path visitors take through your site.

Visits – Number of visits where the specified path was followed. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times that the specified path through your site was taken compared to all other listed paths through your site.

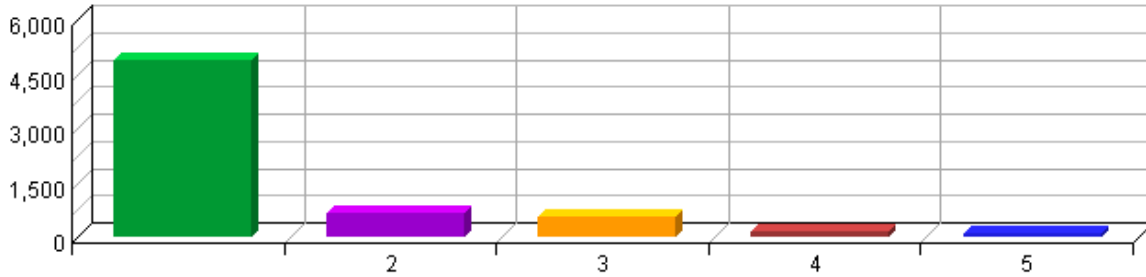
💡 Use this information to evaluate the design of your web site. Where do your visitors go once they reach your site? Which pages are visited first? Do your visitors appear to be looking for pages that should be more accessible?



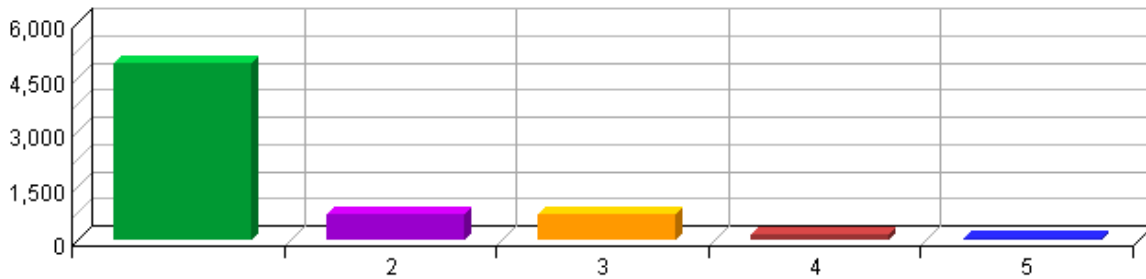
Referrers Dashboard

The table includes statistics on the total activity for this server during the reporting period. All dates and times refer to the location of the system running the analysis.

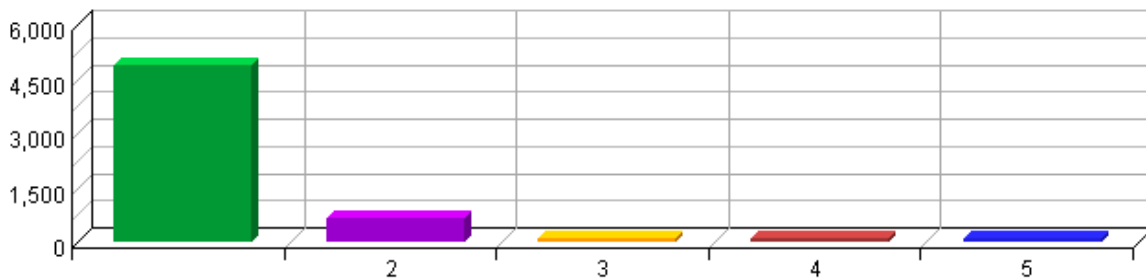
Visits by Referring Site



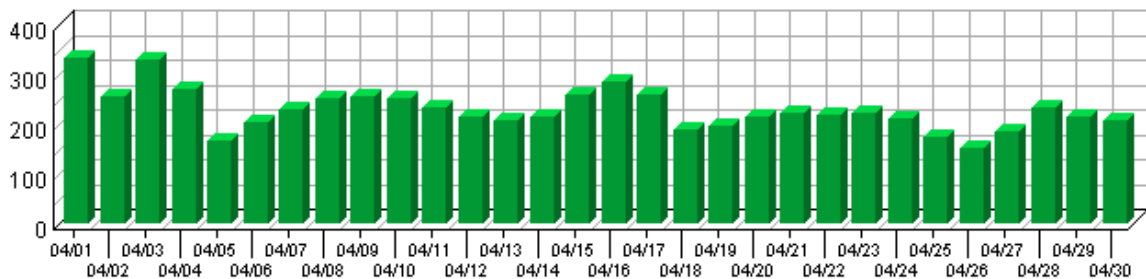
Visits by Referring Domain



Visits by Referring Page

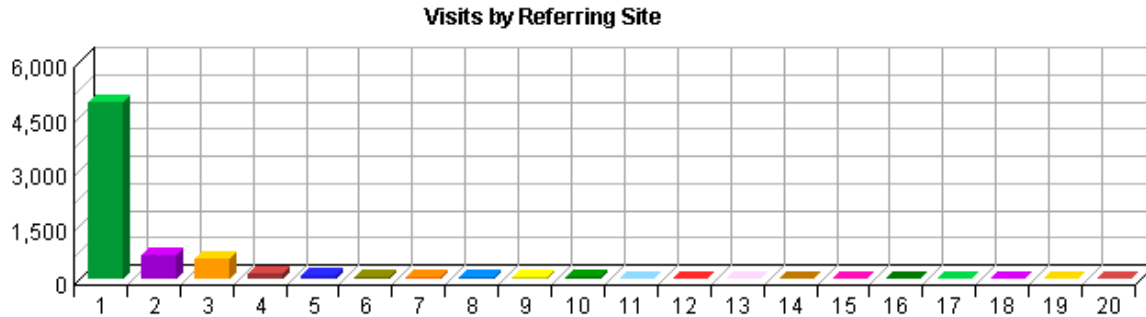


Visitors Trend



Activity by Referring Site

This report identifies the domain names and IP addresses that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Site

	Site	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	4,857	70.89%
2.	http://www.google.com/	671	9.79%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/	534	7.79%
4.	http://search.yahoo.com/	135	1.97%
5.	http://cfpub.epa.gov/	106	1.55%
6.	http://www.google.co.in/	39	0.57%
7.	http://www.epa.gov/	38	0.55%
8.	http://www.google.ca/	37	0.54%
9.	http://images.google.com/	32	0.47%
10.	http://www.google.co.uk/	27	0.39%
11.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/	21	0.31%
12.	http://search.msn.com/	20	0.29%
13.	http://search.live.com/	20	0.29%
14.	http://www.google.com.au/	16	0.23%
15.	http://www.env-econ.net/	13	0.19%
16.	http://www.google.fr/	12	0.18%
17.	http://www.google.de/	12	0.18%
18.	http://www.google.co.kr/	9	0.13%
19.	http://www.google.com.tr/	7	0.10%
20.	http://www.google.it/	7	0.10%
	Subtotal	6,613	96.53%
	Other	238	3.47%
	Total	6,851	100.00%

Activity by Referring Site – Help Card

? Referring Sites – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.

Site – Specific referring site being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified site referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified site.

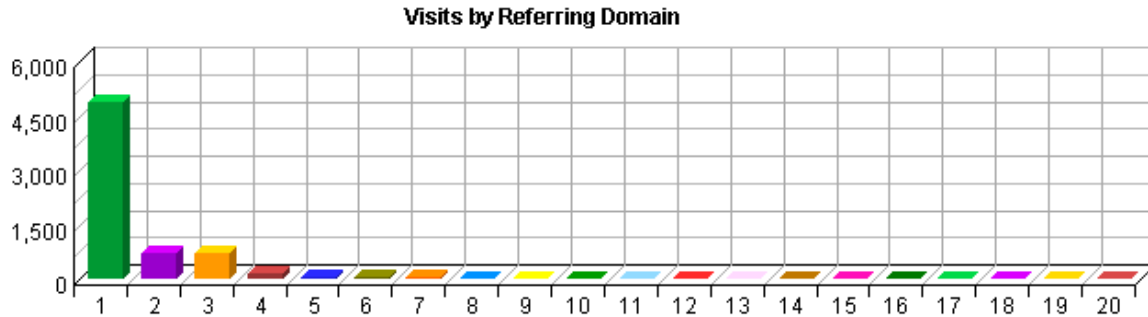
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

💡 You can use this page to determine which sites are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Domain

This report identifies the top-level domains that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Domain

	Domain	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	4,857	70.89%
2.	google.com	710	10.36%
3.	epa.gov	708	10.33%
4.	yahoo.com	150	2.19%
5.	google.co.in	43	0.63%
6.	google.ca	38	0.55%
7.	google.co.uk	32	0.47%
8.	msn.com	22	0.32%
9.	live.com	20	0.29%
10.	google.com.au	16	0.23%
11.	google.de	13	0.19%
12.	env-econ.net	13	0.19%
13.	google.fr	12	0.18%
14.	aol.com	11	0.16%
15.	google.co.kr	10	0.15%
16.	google.com.tr	8	0.12%
17.	google.com.pk	7	0.10%
18.	google.com.ph	7	0.10%
19.	google.it	7	0.10%
20.	google.co.id	7	0.10%
	Subtotal	6,691	97.66%
	Other	160	2.34%
	Total	6,851	100.00%

Activity by Referring Domain – Help Card

? Referring Domain – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.

Domain – Specific referring domain being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified domain referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified domain.

No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

💡 You can use this page to determine which domains are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Page

This report provides the pages from the sites with links to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the referrer information.



Activity by Referring Page


	Page	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	4,857	70.89%
2.	http://www.google.com/search	656	9.58%
3.	http://search.yahoo.com/ search	87	1.27%
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	86	1.26%
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_gcwq.html	80	1.17%
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/	74	1.08%
7.	http://www.google.co.in/ search	39	0.57%
8.	http://www.google.ca/search	36	0.53%
9.	http://images.google.com/ imgres	32	0.47%
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/fellow/	29	0.42%
11.	http://www.google.co.uk/ search	27	0.39%
12.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/about/	20	0.29%
13.	http://search.msn.com/results.aspx	20	0.29%
14.	http://search.live.com/ results.aspx	20	0.29%
15.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/epasearch/epasearch	19	0.28%
16.	http://www.google.com.au/ search	16	0.23%
17.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_baa.html	14	0.20%
18.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_sbir_phase1.html	14	0.20%
19.	http://www.google.de/search	12	0.18%
20.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/grants/	11	0.16%
	Subtotal	6,149	89.75%
	Other	702	10.25%

Total

6,851

100.00%

Activity by Referring Page – Help Card


 **Pages** – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visitors referred from the specified URL.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who came from the specified site.

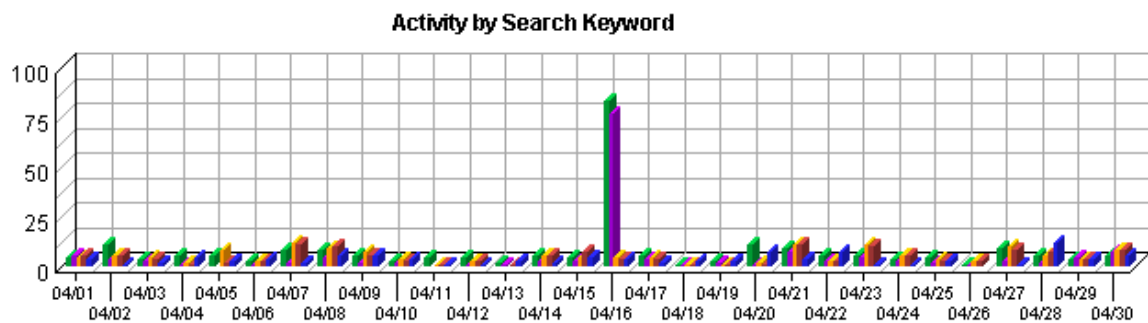
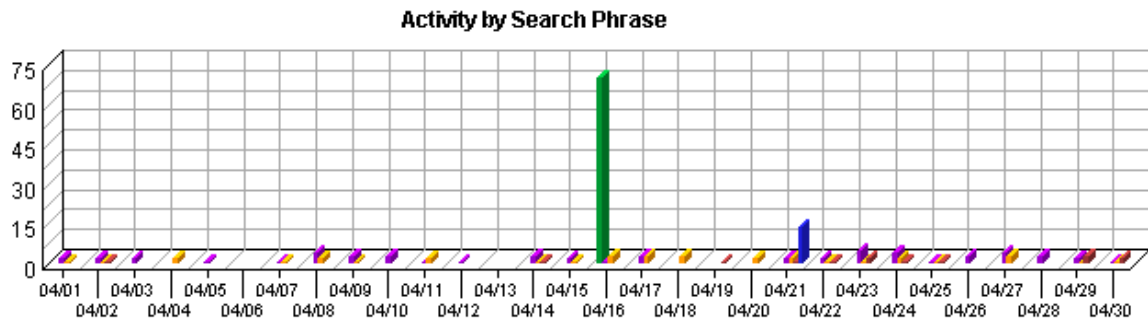
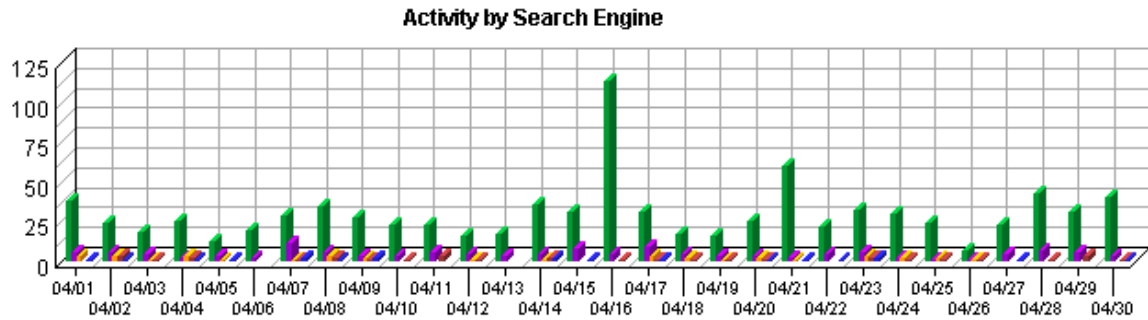
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

—
 You can use this information to determine the sites that provide the most referrals to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways to attract visitors.

Search Engines Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to specific search engines.

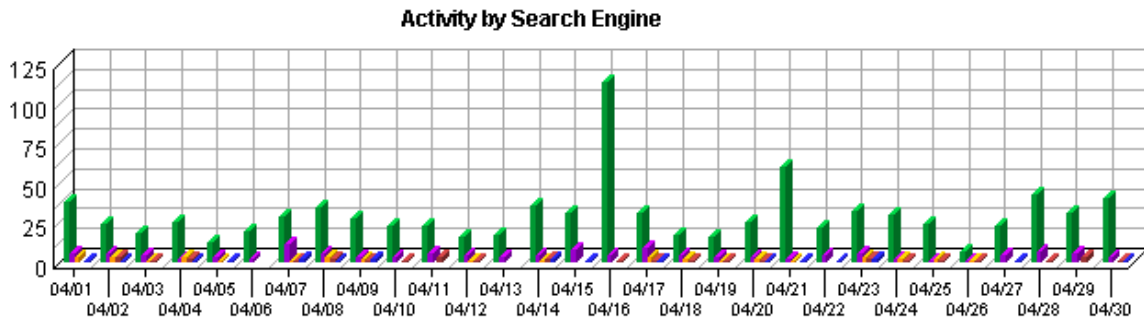


Activity by Search Engine

The first table identifies which search engines referred visitors to your site most often, the number of referrals, and its percentage of the total.

The second table identifies the most popular search phrases for each search engine.

The third table identifies the most popular keywords for each search engine.



Activity by Search Engine

	Engines	Referrals	%
1.	google	893	74.17%
2.	yahoo	142	11.79%
3.	google canada	38	3.16%
4.	google uk	32	2.66%
5.	msn	20	1.66%
6.	google australia	15	1.25%
7.	google germany	14	1.16%
8.	google france	12	1.00%
9.	aol netfind	11	0.91%
10.	google italy	8	0.66%
11.	yahoo spain	4	0.33%
12.	google japan	4	0.33%
13.	yahoo singapore	3	0.25%
14.	google austria	2	0.17%
15.	yahoo korea	2	0.17%
16.	altavista	2	0.17%
17.	yahoo australia &nz	1	0.08%
18.	yahoo japan	1	0.08%
	Total	1,204	100.00%

Activity by Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail

Engines	Phrases	Referrals	%
1. google	microbial filtration of water using sand	70	5.81%
	particulate matter	46	3.82%
	science topics	24	1.99%
	chemical for plain nylon synthesis	14	1.16%
	safe drinking water	11	0.91%
	transport in porous media filetype:pdf	10	0.83%
	science topic	7	0.58%
	cryptosporidiosis	6	0.50%
	qsar filetype:pdf	5	0.42%
	suva water	5	0.42%
	characterization of dissolved organic matter (dom) in surface waters	4	0.33%
	drinkingwater	4	0.33%
	riverbank filtration	4	0.33%
	river bank filtration	3	0.25%
	pm research	3	0.25%
	scientific american filetype:pdf	3	0.25%
	drink water analysis of halide pdf	3	0.25%
	atmospheric particulate matter	3	0.25%
	endocrine disruptors	3	0.25%
	phthalates pregnancy	3	0.25%
2. yahoo	environmental science topics	8	0.66%
	particulate matter	8	0.66%
	science research topics	4	0.33%
	riverbank filtration	3	0.25%
	environmental science research topics	3	0.25%
	endocrine disruptors	2	0.17%
	ozonation in drinking water	2	0.17%
	science projects for matter	2	0.17%
	anti-androgenic pesticides impact on male reproduction	2	0.17%

	particulate model of matter	2	0.17%
	economics descision	2	0.17%
	ozonation estimation	1	0.08%
	ecg injected subcutaneously	1	0.08%
	drinking water research	1	0.08%
	rodents in endocrine disruptor research	1	0.08%
	nsf technologies	1	0.08%
	us environmental and protection agency research on airbourne particles	1	0.08%
	projects of matter	1	0.08%
	reserach topics for economics	1	0.08%
	research topics in environmental science	1	0.08%
3. google canada	science topics	4	0.33%
	particulate matter respiratory	2	0.17%
	us epa wtp software	1	0.08%
	pcb estrogen receptors	1	0.08%
	pla plastic for household products	1	0.08%
	wtp epa model	1	0.08%
	tbt exposure endocrine disruptor hormone release	1	0.08%
	cn calder yard heavy duty mechanic	1	0.08%
	sediments mixtures effect on vitellogenin	1	0.08%
	us epa particulate matter measurement standards	1	0.08%
	microfiche 7.3 diesel	1	0.08%
	research paper environment	1	0.08%
	silver as disinfectant	1	0.08%
	how has technology harm the environment	1	0.08%
	nitrogen in atmospheric particulate matter analysis, epa method	1	0.08%
	toronto star polychlorinated	1	0.08%

	biphenyls		
	drinkingwater	1	0.08%
	technology sustainable environment	1	0.08%
	inverted estrogen	1	0.08%
	pollution chemistry	1	0.08%
4. google uk	safe drinking water	3	0.25%
	endocrine disruptors and effect in wildlife population	1	0.08%
	health effect of pm	1	0.08%
	science topics that are relevant to the work	1	0.08%
	yeast desposal industries prevention	1	0.08%
	cleaning chicken feathers	1	0.08%
	infertile ova	1	0.08%
	the stages of gametes production	1	0.08%
	development of male sex organs in female gastropods	1	0.08%
	endocrine disrupters sertoli cells	1	0.08%
	advantages of interim reviews	1	0.08%
	ultrafine particulate material emission sources gas combustion	1	0.08%
	burning chicken feathers toxic dioxin	1	0.08%
	excess testosterone foetus or embryo	1	0.08%
	what is the induction of cytochrome p450 in endocrine disruption	1	0.08%
	soybean-based nylon	1	0.08%
	xenoestrogens exposure and mechanism of endocrine disruption	1	0.08%
	peroxide silver disinfectant	1	0.08%
	endocrine disruptors upon sperm function	1	0.08%
	chapaevsk study	1	0.08%
5. msn	endocrine disrupters	2	0.17%
		2	0.17%

	epa drinking water standards		
	endocrine disruptors	1	0.08%
	environmental science research topics	1	0.08%
	particulate matter	1	0.08%
	environmental science topics	1	0.08%
	epa drinking water	1	0.08%
	endosulfan florida bay	1	0.08%
	phytosteroids	1	0.08%
	particulate models of matter	1	0.08%
	steel mill dusts illness	1	0.08%
	science topics	1	0.08%
	mechanisms of particular matter effects	1	0.08%
	endocrine disruptors sources	1	0.08%
	epa	1	0.08%
	endocrine disruptors edcs	1	0.08%
	develop sustainable environment	1	0.08%
	nominal particles class in the water	1	0.08%
6. google australia	science topics	3	0.25%
	ord's disease treatment	1	0.08%
	shapes of molecules activities	1	0.08%
	particle matter	1	0.08%
	sex ratios of invertebrates endocrine	1	0.08%
	epa diesel gasoline particulate emissions toxicity	1	0.08%
	circulating chemicals during puberty	1	0.08%
	development of male eight year old boys	1	0.08%
	positive impacts of applied science involved in the manufacture of nylon	1	0.08%
	practical endocrinology tlc	1	0.08%
	water topics young children	1	0.08%

	science topic: matter	1	0.08%
	how has the uses of sulfur changed over time as technology has advanced	1	0.08%
7. google germany	past climate	2	0.17%
	research pm	1	0.08%
	allintext: nanometer particle sampler -filetype:pdf	1	0.08%
	what is foci c. parvum cell culture	1	0.08%
	ne 5100 kit of 1.5 ml each of the 16 pah priority pollutants in acetonitrile	1	0.08%
	pm center	1	0.08%
	assessment of ligand prediction	1	0.08%
	yolk deposition marine animals	1	0.08%
	cours solicitation simple	1	0.08%
	testosterone esterification	1	0.08%
	the effect of egg collection florida alligators	1	0.08%
	male glands exposure	1	0.08%
	additivity new endpoints testing animal	1	0.08%
8. google france	science topic	2	0.17%
	effects of pesticides on male reproduction	1	0.08%
	ecosar conference 2009	1	0.08%
	ddt physiological effects fish	1	0.08%
	secondary sexual trait in neonates human	1	0.08%
	surface effect of ozone treatment with fluidized bed	1	0.08%
	molting growth crustacea hormones	1	0.08%
	endocrine disruptor crocodile	1	0.08%
	pilot plant fluidized bed	1	0.08%
	international congress endocrine disruptors	1	0.08%
	concurrents mucell	1	0.08%

9. aol netfind	science topics	2	0.17%	
	frog deformities article pdf	1	0.08%	
	the u.s. environmental protection agency particulate matter health effects research centers program: midcourse report of status, progress, and plans	1	0.08%	
	frog deformities pdf	1	0.08%	
	crocodile endocrine	1	0.08%	
	claud hughes and carole lewis	1	0.08%	
	silver as disinfectant	1	0.08%	
	steroid effects on endometriosis	1	0.08%	
	inhalation of tcp human	1	0.08%	
	development of boys at age 10	1	0.08%	
	10. google italy	dunn bagley based diesel fuel 1995	2	0.17%
		epa, edc	1	0.08%
		us epa mixtures pollutants	1	0.08%
hydrogen peroxide silver ions formulation		1	0.08%	
epa drinking water		1	0.08%	
estrogen receptor molecular descriptors toxicity filetype:pdf		1	0.08%	
des and fertility		1	0.08%	
11. yahoo spain	effects of air pollution	1	0.08%	
	environmental economics	1	0.08%	
	picture of earth	1	0.08%	
	particulate matter	1	0.08%	
12. google japan	hei special report 16	1	0.08%	
	phytoestrogen pregnant human	1	0.08%	
	crocodile scute	1	0.08%	
	coi¼'ã€ionic critical generator	1	0.08%	
13. yahoo singapore	diesel storage risk assessment	1	0.08%	
	drinking water	1	0.08%	
		1	0.08%	

		particulate model of matter		
14.	google austria	diesel book	1	0.08%
		mercury endocrine alligator	1	0.08%
15.	yahoo korea	dehp, ppt	2	0.17%
16.	altavista	hydrogen peroxide water disinfection	1	0.08%
		exhaust chlorine unregulated pollutants	1	0.08%
17.	yahoo australia &nz	particulate matter ratio	1	0.08%
18.	yahoo japan	post-hatch	1	0.08%

Activity by Search Engines with Keywords Detail

Engines	Keywords	Referrals	%
1. google	of	190	15.78%
	matter	124	10.30%
	water	123	10.22%
	particulate	117	9.72%
	filtration	81	6.73%
	endocrine	80	6.64%
	epa	79	6.56%
	in	75	6.23%
	microbial	71	5.90%
	using	71	5.90%
	sand	70	5.81%
	science	56	4.65%
	topics	49	4.07%
	the	44	3.65%
	for	43	3.57%
	on	39	3.24%
	research	38	3.16%
drinking	30	2.49%	
effects	30	2.49%	
disruptors	27	2.24%	
2. yahoo	science	27	2.24%
	topics	25	2.08%
	of	23	1.91%
	water	22	1.83%
	environmental	20	1.66%
	research	18	1.50%

	in	18	1.50%
	matter	17	1.41%
	particulate	14	1.16%
	drinking	14	1.16%
	for	10	0.83%
	epa	10	0.83%
	endocrine	9	0.75%
	on	9	0.75%
	effects	6	0.50%
	filtration	6	0.50%
	exposure	5	0.42%
	detection	5	0.42%
	the	4	0.33%
	global	4	0.33%
3. google canada	epa	6	0.50%
	matter	5	0.42%
	science	4	0.33%
	particulate	4	0.33%
	environment	4	0.33%
	in	4	0.33%
	topics	4	0.33%
	estrogen	3	0.25%
	of	3	0.25%
	toronto	2	0.17%
	technology	2	0.17%
	the	2	0.17%
	respiratory	2	0.17%
	research	2	0.17%
	us	2	0.17%
	star	2	0.17%
	polychlorinated	2	0.17%
	atmospheric	2	0.17%
	disinfectant	2	0.17%
	model	2	0.17%
4. google uk	of	7	0.58%
	endocrine	6	0.50%
	the	4	0.33%
	water	4	0.33%
	drinking	4	0.33%
	in	3	0.25%
	disruption	3	0.25%
	safe	3	0.25%

	effect	2	0.17%
	topics	2	0.17%
	what	2	0.17%
	science	2	0.17%
	chicken	2	0.17%
	is	2	0.17%
	particulate	2	0.17%
	disruptors	2	0.17%
	health	2	0.17%
	feathers	2	0.17%
	function	1	0.08%
	combustion	1	0.08%
5. msn	endocrine	5	0.42%
	water	4	0.33%
	epa	4	0.33%
	science	3	0.25%
	disruptors	3	0.25%
	matter	3	0.25%
	topics	3	0.25%
	drinking	3	0.25%
	particulate	2	0.17%
	environmental	2	0.17%
	of	2	0.17%
	standards	2	0.17%
	disrupters	2	0.17%
	research	1	0.08%
	particles	1	0.08%
	bay	1	0.08%
	mechanisms	1	0.08%
	develop	1	0.08%
	sources	1	0.08%
	dusts	1	0.08%
6. google australia	of	6	0.50%
	science	5	0.42%
	topics	4	0.33%
	the	2	0.17%
	has	2	0.17%
	matter	2	0.17%
	topic:	1	0.08%
	ord's	1	0.08%
	chemicals	1	0.08%
	involved	1	0.08%

	during	1	0.08%
	puberty	1	0.08%
	nylon	1	0.08%
	emissions	1	0.08%
	male	1	0.08%
	manufacture	1	0.08%
	changed	1	0.08%
	advanced	1	0.08%
	young	1	0.08%
	year	1	0.08%
7. google germany	of	4	0.33%
	the	2	0.17%
	climate	2	0.17%
	past	2	0.17%
	pm	2	0.17%
	yolk	1	0.08%
	in	1	0.08%
	assessment	1	0.08%
	priority	1	0.08%
	prediction	1	0.08%
	endpoints	1	0.08%
	ne	1	0.08%
	ligand	1	0.08%
	pollutants	1	0.08%
	particle	1	0.08%
	allintext:	1	0.08%
	center	1	0.08%
	c.	1	0.08%
	foci	1	0.08%
	testing	1	0.08%
8. google france	effects	2	0.17%
	fluidized	2	0.17%
	bed	2	0.17%
	topic	2	0.17%
	of	2	0.17%
	science	2	0.17%
	endocrine	2	0.17%
	ozone	1	0.08%
	surface	1	0.08%
	fish	1	0.08%
	hormons	1	0.08%
	plant	1	0.08%

	crustacea	1	0.08%
	sexual	1	0.08%
	molting	1	0.08%
	pesticides	1	0.08%
	physiological	1	0.08%
	with	1	0.08%
	male	1	0.08%
	congress	1	0.08%
9. aol netfind	of	3	0.25%
	topics	2	0.17%
	science	2	0.17%
	effects	2	0.17%
	deformities	2	0.17%
	frog	2	0.17%
	pdf	2	0.17%
	as	1	0.08%
	environmental	1	0.08%
	human	1	0.08%
	report	1	0.08%
	health	1	0.08%
	matter	1	0.08%
	crocodile	1	0.08%
	u.s.	1	0.08%
	endometriosis	1	0.08%
	10	1	0.08%
	midcourse	1	0.08%
	status,	1	0.08%
	age	1	0.08%
10. google italy	diesel	2	0.17%
	bagley	2	0.17%
	dunn	2	0.17%
	1995	2	0.17%
	fuel	2	0.17%
	based	2	0.17%
	epa	2	0.17%
	mixtures	1	0.08%
	molecular	1	0.08%
	hydrogen	1	0.08%
	peroxide	1	0.08%
	estrogen	1	0.08%
	edc	1	0.08%
	epa,	1	0.08%

	fertility	1	0.08%
	us	1	0.08%
	filetype:pdf	1	0.08%
	silver	1	0.08%
	formulation	1	0.08%
	ions	1	0.08%
11. yahoo spain	of	2	0.17%
	air	1	0.08%
	matter	1	0.08%
	economics	1	0.08%
	picture	1	0.08%
	environmental	1	0.08%
	pollution	1	0.08%
	effects	1	0.08%
	earth	1	0.08%
	particulate	1	0.08%
12. google japan	scute	1	0.08%
	phytoestrogen	1	0.08%
	critical	1	0.08%
	human	1	0.08%
	generator	1	0.08%
	hei	1	0.08%
	special	1	0.08%
	report	1	0.08%
	16	1	0.08%
	crocodile	1	0.08%
	pregnant	1	0.08%
	coï¼’ã€šionic	1	0.08%
13. yahoo singapore	assessment	1	0.08%
	storage	1	0.08%
	of	1	0.08%
	model	1	0.08%
	water	1	0.08%
	diesel	1	0.08%
	matter	1	0.08%
	risk	1	0.08%
	drinking	1	0.08%
	particulate	1	0.08%
14. google austria	endocrine	1	0.08%
	alligator	1	0.08%
	diesel	1	0.08%
	book	1	0.08%

	mercury	1	0.08%
15. yahoo korea	ppt	2	0.17%
	dehp,	2	0.17%
16. altavista	pollutants	1	0.08%
	unregulated	1	0.08%
	hydrogen	1	0.08%
	disinfection	1	0.08%
	peroxide	1	0.08%
	water	1	0.08%
	chlorine	1	0.08%
	exhaust	1	0.08%
17. yahoo australia &nz	ratio	1	0.08%
	matter	1	0.08%
	particulate	1	0.08%
18. yahoo japan	post-hatch	1	0.08%

Activity by Search Engine – Help Card

? Top Search Engines Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who were referred by the search engine specified.

Top Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrases – The search phrases being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor, which can include one or more individual keywords.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

Top Search Engines with Keywords Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The search keywords being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in

the adjacent column.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

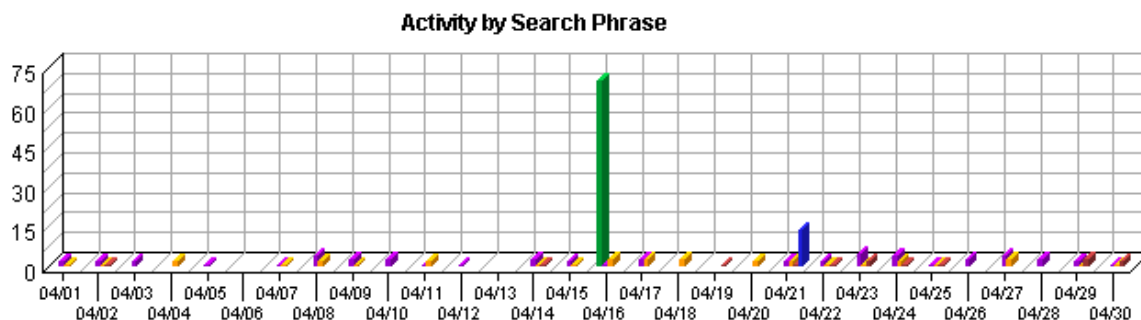


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This information can give you an idea how your meta tags are performing with each search engine.

Activity by Search Phrase

The first table identifies search phrases that led the most visitors to your site, regardless of the search engine they used.

The second table identifies, for each phrase, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Phrase

	Phrases	Referrals	%
1.	microbial filtration of water using sand	70	5.81%
2.	particulate matter	56	4.65%
3.	science topics	35	2.91%
4.	safe drinking water	14	1.16%
5.	chemical for plain nylon synthesis	14	1.16%
6.	transport in porous media filetype:pdf	10	0.83%
7.	science topic	9	0.75%
8.	environmental science topics	9	0.75%
9.	riverbank filtration	7	0.58%
10.	endocrine disruptors	6	0.50%
11.	cryptosporidiosis	6	0.50%
12.	drinkingwater	5	0.42%
13.	suva water	5	0.42%
14.	qsar filetype:pdf	5	0.42%
15.	characterization of dissolved organic matter (dom) in surface waters	4	0.33%
16.	environmental science research topics	4	0.33%
17.	river bank filtration	4	0.33%
18.	science research topics	4	0.33%
19.	silver as disinfectant	3	0.25%

20.	phthalates pregnancy	3	0.25%
	Subtotal	273	22.67%
	Total	1,204	100.00%

Activity by Search Phrase with Engines Detail

Phrases	Engines	Referrals	%
1. microbial filtration of water using sand	google	70	5.81%
2. particulate matter	google	46	3.82%
	yahoo	8	0.66%
	msn	1	0.08%
	yahoo spain	1	0.08%
3. science topics	google	24	1.99%
	google canada	4	0.33%
	google australia	3	0.25%
	aol netfind	2	0.17%
	msn	1	0.08%
	google uk	1	0.08%
4. safe drinking water	google	11	0.91%
	google uk	3	0.25%
5. chemical for plain nylon synthesis	google	14	1.16%
6. transport in porous media filetype:pdf	google	10	0.83%
7. science topic	google	7	0.58%
	google france	2	0.17%
8. environmental science topics	yahoo	8	0.66%
	msn	1	0.08%
9. riverbank filtration	google	4	0.33%
	yahoo	3	0.25%
10. endocrine disruptors	google	3	0.25%
	yahoo	2	0.17%
	msn	1	0.08%
11. cryptosporidiosis	google	6	0.50%
12. drinkingwater	google	4	0.33%
	google canada	1	0.08%
13. suva water	google	5	0.42%
14. qsar filetype:pdf	google	5	0.42%
15. characterization of dissolved organic matter (dom) in surface waters	google	4	0.33%
16. environmental science research topics	yahoo	3	0.25%
	msn	1	0.08%
17. river bank filtration	google	3	0.25%

		yahoo	1	0.08%
18.	science research topics	yahoo	4	0.33%
19.	silver as disinfectant	aol netfind	1	0.08%
		google canada	1	0.08%
		google	1	0.08%
20.	phthalates pregnancy	google	3	0.25%

Activity by Search Phrase – Help Card

? Top Search Phrases Table

Phrases – The specific search phrases being analyzed. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor. It can include one or more keywords.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site who used the specified search phrase, regardless of the search engine they used.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who used the specified search phrase.

Top Search Phrases with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrase – The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

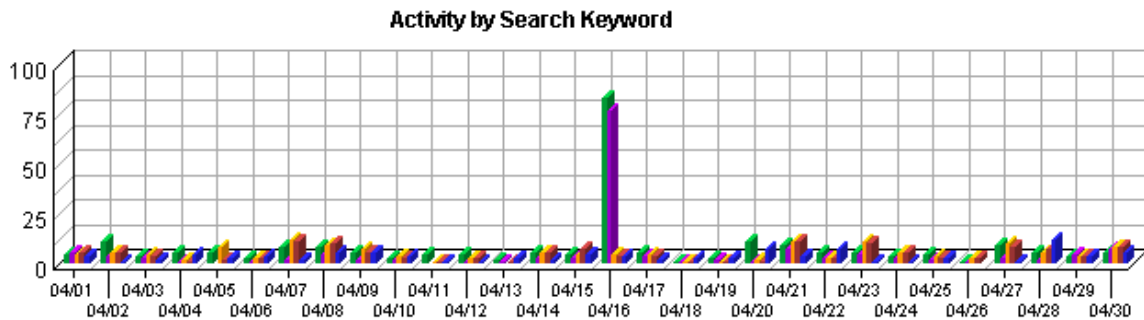
% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

💡 How are people getting to your site? Use these tables to find out if your visitors are using the search phrases you expect. Do you need to use different keywords in page titles to make it easier for people to find your site with search engines?

Activity by Search Keyword

The first table identifies keywords that led the most visitors to the site (regardless of the search engine).

The second table identifies, for each keyword, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Keyword

	Keywords	Referrals	%
1.	of	243	4.86%
2.	water	157	3.14%
3.	matter	156	3.12%
4.	particulate	144	2.88%
5.	endocrine	107	2.14%
6.	in	104	2.08%
7.	epa	102	2.04%
8.	science	101	2.02%
9.	topics	89	1.78%
10.	filtration	87	1.74%
11.	using	71	1.42%
12.	microbial	71	1.42%
13.	sand	70	1.40%
14.	research	61	1.22%
15.	the	60	1.20%
16.	for	54	1.08%
17.	drinking	53	1.06%
18.	on	53	1.06%
19.	environmental	45	0.90%
20.	effects	44	0.88%
	Subtotal	1,872	37.45%
	Total	4,998	100.00%

Activity by Search Keyword with Engines Detail

Keywords	Engines	Referrals	%
1. of	google	190	3.80%
	yahoo	23	0.46%
	google uk	7	0.14%
	google australia	6	0.12%
	google germany	4	0.08%
	google canada	3	0.06%
	aol netfind	3	0.06%
	yahoo spain	2	0.04%
	msn	2	0.04%
	google france	2	0.04%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.02%
2. water	google	123	2.46%
	yahoo	22	0.44%
	google uk	4	0.08%
	msn	4	0.08%
	google italy	1	0.02%
	google australia	1	0.02%
	altavista	1	0.02%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.02%
3. matter	google	124	2.48%
	yahoo	17	0.34%
	google canada	5	0.10%
	msn	3	0.06%
	google australia	2	0.04%
	yahoo australia &nz	1	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	google uk	1	0.02%
	yahoo spain	1	0.02%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.02%
	4. particulate	google	117
yahoo		14	0.28%
google canada		4	0.08%
msn		2	0.04%
google uk		2	0.04%
yahoo australia &nz		1	0.02%
aol netfind		1	0.02%
yahoo singapore		1	0.02%
yahoo spain		1	0.02%
google australia		1	0.02%

5. endocrine	google	80	1.60%
	yahoo	9	0.18%
	google uk	6	0.12%
	msn	5	0.10%
	google france	2	0.04%
	google canada	2	0.04%
	google australia	1	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	google austria	1	0.02%
6. in	google	75	1.50%
	yahoo	18	0.36%
	google canada	4	0.08%
	google uk	3	0.06%
	google germany	1	0.02%
	google france	1	0.02%
	google australia	1	0.02%
	msn	1	0.02%
7. epa	google	79	1.58%
	yahoo	10	0.20%
	google canada	6	0.12%
	msn	4	0.08%
	google italy	2	0.04%
	google australia	1	0.02%
8. science	google	56	1.12%
	yahoo	27	0.54%
	google australia	5	0.10%
	google canada	4	0.08%
	msn	3	0.06%
	google uk	2	0.04%
	aol netfind	2	0.04%
	google france	2	0.04%
9. topics	google	49	0.98%
	yahoo	25	0.50%
	google australia	4	0.08%
	google canada	4	0.08%
	msn	3	0.06%
	aol netfind	2	0.04%
	google uk	2	0.04%
10. filtration	google	81	1.62%
	yahoo	6	0.12%
11. using	google	71	1.42%
12. microbial	google	71	1.42%

13. sand	google	70	1.40%
14. research	google	38	0.76%
	yahoo	18	0.36%
	google canada	2	0.04%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	google germany	1	0.02%
	msn	1	0.02%
	15. the	google	44
yahoo		4	0.08%
google uk		4	0.08%
google canada		2	0.04%
google australia		2	0.04%
google germany		2	0.04%
aol netfind		1	0.02%
msn		1	0.02%
16. for	google	43	0.86%
	yahoo	10	0.20%
	google canada	1	0.02%
17. drinking	google	30	0.60%
	yahoo	14	0.28%
	google uk	4	0.08%
	msn	3	0.06%
	google italy	1	0.02%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.02%
18. on	google	39	0.78%
	yahoo	9	0.18%
	google canada	2	0.04%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
	google france	1	0.02%
	google uk	1	0.02%
	19. environmental	google	21
yahoo		20	0.40%
msn		2	0.04%
yahoo spain		1	0.02%
aol netfind		1	0.02%
20. effects	google	30	0.60%
	yahoo	6	0.12%
	google france	2	0.04%
	aol netfind	2	0.04%
	yahoo spain	1	0.02%
	google canada	1	0.02%
	msn	1	0.02%

Activity by Search Keyword – Help Card**? Top Search Keywords Table**

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site with the specified keywords.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

Top Search Keywords Table with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

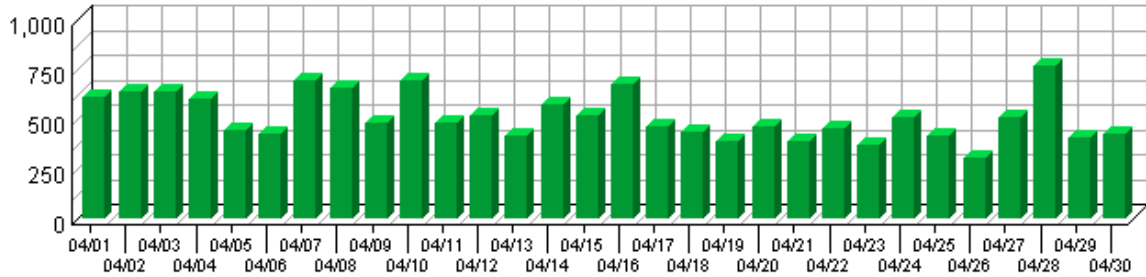
—

💡 At the most basic level, this section tells you which search engines are being used most frequently to find your site. You also may find that some search engines are referring visitors to your site with the keywords you expect and that other search engines are not.

Technical Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to online technical activity.

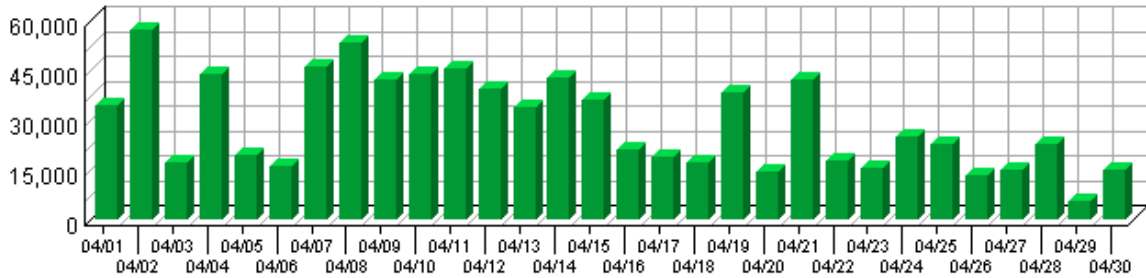
Hits Trend



Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	15,378
Average Hits per Day	512
Home Page Hits	490

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend

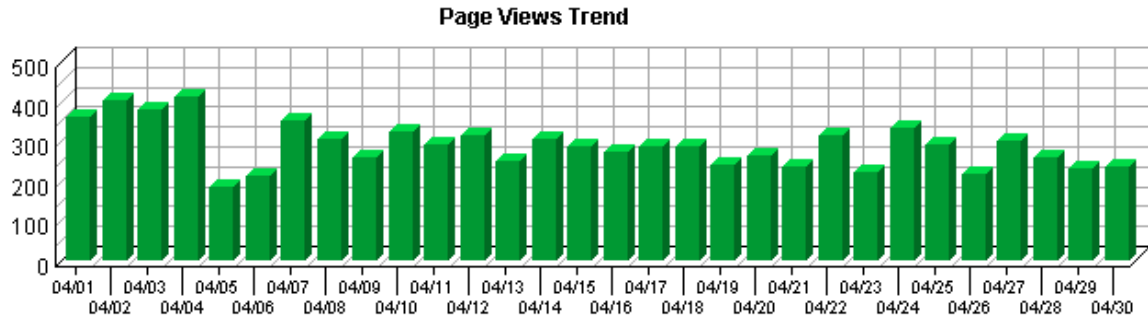


Technical Statistics

Total Hits	17,221	100%
Successful Hits	15,378	89.30%
Failed Hits	1,843	10.70%
Cached Hits	2,905	16.87%

Page Views Trend

This report helps you determine the bandwidth requirements of your web site by tracking page views over the course of the report period.



Page Views Trend

Time Interval	Page Views	%
04/01	361	4.18%
04/02	401	4.64%
04/03	379	4.39%
04/04	414	4.79%
04/05	185	2.14%
04/06	212	2.45%
04/07	353	4.09%
04/08	305	3.53%
04/09	259	3.00%
04/10	325	3.76%
04/11	290	3.36%
04/12	316	3.66%
04/13	252	2.92%
04/14	306	3.54%
04/15	289	3.34%
04/16	273	3.16%
04/17	286	3.31%
04/18	285	3.30%
04/19	239	2.77%
04/20	264	3.06%
04/21	237	2.74%
04/22	314	3.63%
04/23	222	2.57%
04/24	334	3.87%
04/25	292	3.38%

04/26	217	2.51%
04/27	302	3.49%
04/28	261	3.02%
04/29	231	2.67%
04/30	237	2.74%
Total	8,641	100.00%

Page Views Trend – Help Card

? Page – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Page View – A hit to any file classified as a page. In order to view a web page with embedded images, for example, a browser must retrieve multiple files. The page and its embedded files counts as a single page view.

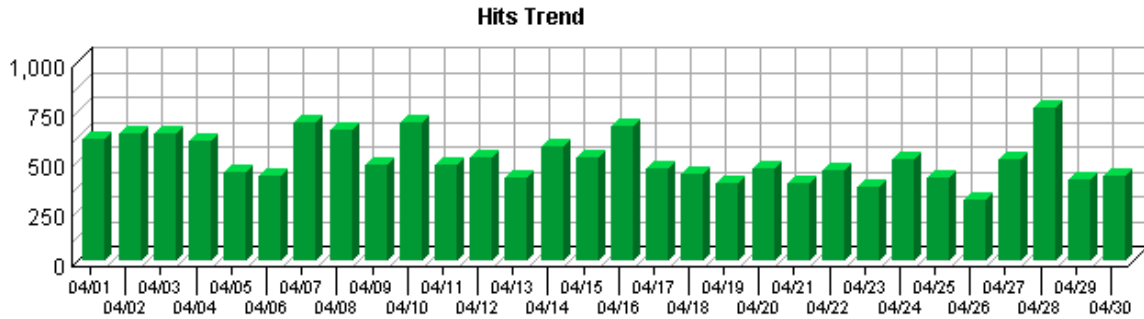
Time Interval – A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

% – Percentage of total page views that occurred during the specified time interval.

💡 Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Hits Trend

This report helps you learn the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking hits over the course of the report period.



Hits Trend

Time Interval	Hits	%
04/01	613	3.99%
04/02	641	4.17%
04/03	639	4.16%
04/04	603	3.92%
04/05	442	2.87%
04/06	427	2.78%
04/07	696	4.53%
04/08	655	4.26%
04/09	478	3.11%
04/10	697	4.53%
04/11	485	3.15%
04/12	516	3.36%
04/13	419	2.72%
04/14	575	3.74%
04/15	523	3.40%
04/16	676	4.40%
04/17	459	2.98%
04/18	434	2.82%
04/19	392	2.55%
04/20	463	3.01%
04/21	386	2.51%
04/22	452	2.94%
04/23	366	2.38%
04/24	505	3.28%
04/25	415	2.70%

04/26	303	1.97%
04/27	510	3.32%
04/28	772	5.02%
04/29	406	2.64%
04/30	430	2.80%
Total	15,378	100.00%

Hits Trend – Help Card

? Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

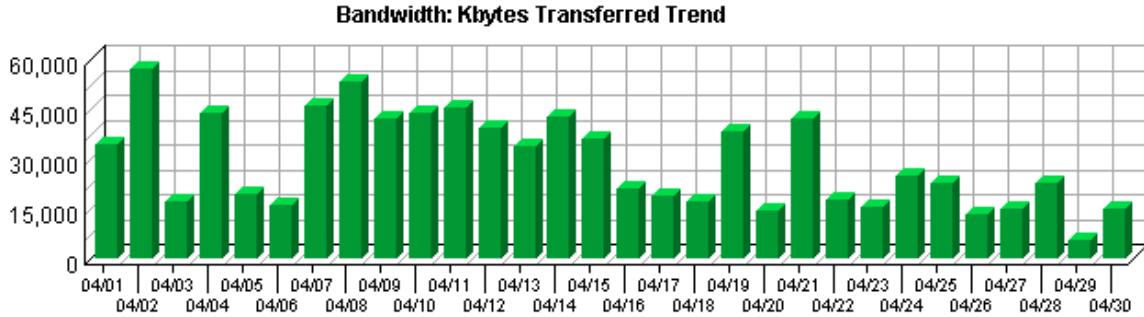
Time Interval – A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

% – Percentage of hits that occurred during the specified time interval.

💡 Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend

This report helps you see the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking kilobytes transferred over the course of the report period.




Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend

Time Interval	Kbytes Transferred	%
04/01	34,525	3.94%
04/02	56,960	6.50%
04/03	17,433	1.99%
04/04	43,836	5.00%
04/05	19,434	2.22%
04/06	15,908	1.82%
04/07	45,917	5.24%
04/08	53,333	6.09%
04/09	42,100	4.81%
04/10	43,770	5.00%
04/11	45,657	5.21%
04/12	39,418	4.50%
04/13	33,816	3.86%
04/14	42,708	4.88%
04/15	35,977	4.11%
04/16	21,205	2.42%
04/17	18,699	2.13%
04/18	16,974	1.94%
04/19	38,111	4.35%
04/20	14,713	1.68%
04/21	42,484	4.85%
04/22	17,514	2.00%
04/23	15,610	1.78%
04/24	25,034	2.86%
04/25	22,801	2.60%


04/26	13,453	1.54%
04/27	14,804	1.69%
04/28	23,045	2.63%
04/29	5,515	0.63%
04/30	15,152	1.73%
Total	875,890	100.00%

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend – Help Card

 **Kbytes Transferred** – Number of kilobytes of data transferred during the specified time interval.

Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

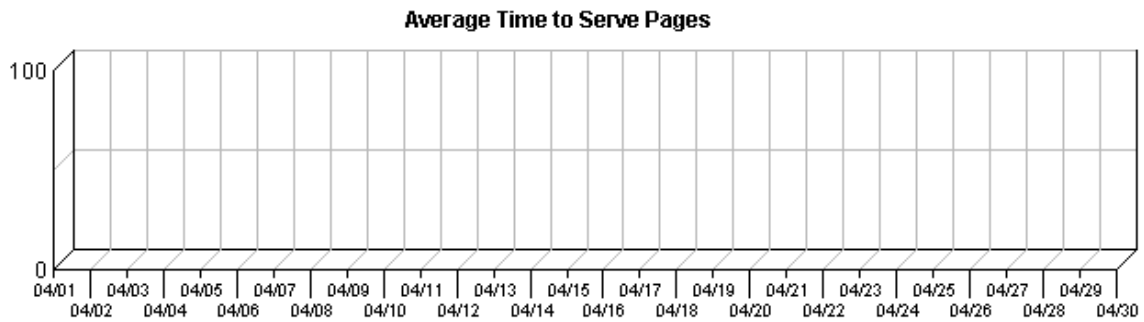
% – Percentage of total kilobytes of data transferred that were transferred during the specified time interval.

 Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Average Time to Serve Pages

This report displays the average amount of time (in milliseconds) it takes to serve pages.

Note: Not all web servers log the information necessary to create this report.



Average Time to Serve Pages

Time Interval	Total Time to Serve	Pages Served	Average Time to Serve
04/01	0	361	0
04/02	0	401	0
04/03	0	379	0
04/04	0	414	0
04/05	0	185	0
04/06	0	212	0
04/07	0	353	0
04/08	0	305	0
04/09	0	259	0
04/10	0	325	0
04/11	0	290	0
04/12	0	316	0
04/13	0	252	0
04/14	0	306	0
04/15	0	289	0
04/16	0	273	0
04/17	0	286	0
04/18	0	285	0
04/19	0	239	0
04/20	0	264	0
04/21	0	237	0
04/22	0	314	0
04/23	0	222	0
04/24	0	334	0
04/25	0	292	0

04/26	0	217	0
04/27	0	302	0
04/28	0	261	0
04/29	0	231	0
04/30	0	237	0
Total	0	8,641	0.0

Average Time to Serve Pages – Help Card

? Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Time Interval – A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Total Time to Serve – The total amount of time the server spent serving documents during the specified time interval.

Pages Served – Number of pages served to visitors during the specified time interval.

Average Time to Serve – Average amount of time (in milliseconds) it took to serve each document during the specified time interval. The time to serve spans from the time the server got a page request until it transmitted all the data.

Note: Zero values in this column probably indicates that your web server is not logging Time to Serve information.

💡 Consider increasing your available bandwidth if the times to serve spike at rates disproportionate to the number of documents served during the same time interval. If you see this problem and have enough bandwidth, your server power may be a factor.

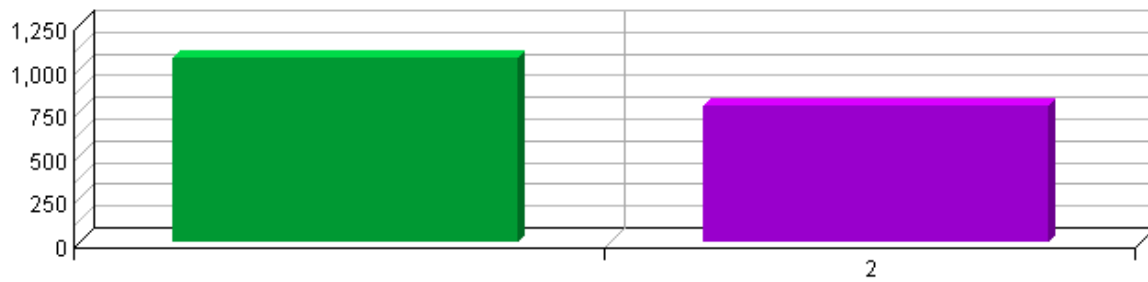
Errors Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Errors chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

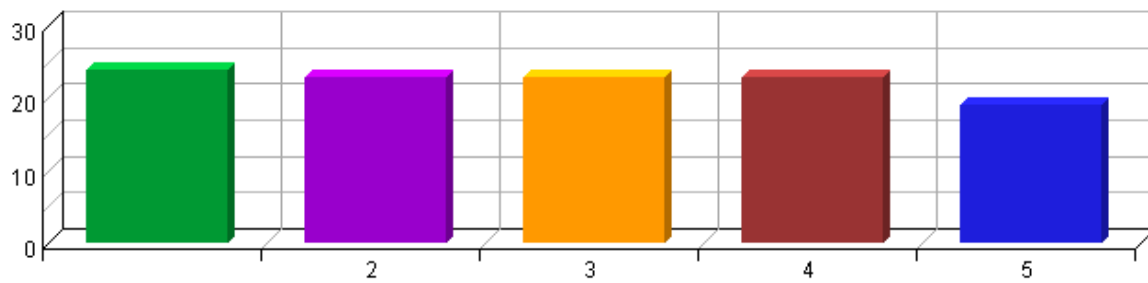
Technical Statistics

Total Hits	17,221	100%
Successful Hits	15,378	89.30%
Failed Hits	1,843	10.70%
Cached Hits	2,905	16.87%

Client Errors



File Not Found Errors



Client Errors

This report identifies the error codes from the browsers accessing your server.



Client Errors

	HTTP Status Codes	Hits	%
1.	403 Forbidden Access	1,061	57.57%
2.	404 Page or File Not Found	782	42.43%
	Total	1,843	100.00%

Client Errors – Help Card

? Client Errors – An error caused by a problem on your visitor's end of the web site connection. The server is not responsible for client errors.

Hits – Number of failed hits that returned this status code.

HTTP Status Codes – The status code for the specific error that occurred.

% – Percentage of total failed hits that returned this status code.

💡 Use this page to determine what maintenance is necessary.

File Not Found Errors

This report identifies files that returned "404 – Not Found" or "410 – Gone" errors from your server.



File Not Found Errors

	Files Not Found and Referring URL	Hits	%
1.	/ncer/science/economics/pdf/2002_decison_making_proceedings.pdf (no referrer)	24	3.07%
2.	/ncer/science/pm/supersit01.html (no referrer)	23	2.94%
3.	/ncer/science/pm/ supersitesrfa.html (no referrer)	23	2.94%
4.	/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ review/EDCProgramReviewResponsetoBOSC–narrative.pdf (no referrer)	23	2.94%
5.	/ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ review/edcresponsetobosc– table090705.pdf (no referrer)	19	2.43%
6.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ results.html (no referrer)	12	1.53%
7.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ TEMPLATES/workshop06/gilbert.pdf (no referrer)	11	1.41%
8.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ TEMPLATES/workshop06/sepaniak.pdf (no referrer)	11	1.41%
9.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ TEMPLATES/workshop06/martin.pdf (no referrer)	10	1.28%
10.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ TEMPLATES/workshop06/andersonh.pdf (no referrer)	10	1.28%
11.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ TEMPLATES/workshop06/swan.pdf (no referrer)	10	1.28%
12.	/ncer/science/endocrine/	10	1.28%

	TEMPLATES/workshop06/zoeller.pdf (no referrer)		
13.	/ncer/science/endocrine/TEMPLATES/workshop06/paneldis.pdf (no referrer)	10	1.28%
14.	/ncer/science/endocrine/TEMPLATES/workshop06/laws.pdf (no referrer)	10	1.28%
15.	/ncer/science/endocrine/TEMPLATES/workshop06/leblanc.pdf (no referrer)	10	1.28%
16.	/ncer/science/endocrine/TEMPLATES/workshop06/workshopsum. pdf (no referrer)	10	1.28%
17.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ partnership.html (no referrer)	10	1.28%
18.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ recipients.html (no referrer)	10	1.28%
19.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ evaluations.html (no referrer)	10	1.28%
20.	/ncer/science/endocrine/TEMPLATES/workshop06/schoenfuss.pdf (no referrer)	10	1.28%
	Subtotal	266	34.02%
	Other	516	65.98%
	Total	782	100.00%

File Not Found Errors – Help Card

? Hits – Number of times a request for this file returned a "404 – Not Found" error or a "410 – Gone" error from your server.

Files – This column lists the file that could not be found and the URL of the referrer (if known).

% – Percentage of the total 404 and 410 errors that were for this file.

💡 Check the links to all pages and files listed in this table. The files were either moved or they no longer exist, and the links are no longer successful.

Server Errors

This report lists the errors which occurred on the server.

These errors did not occur in the log data during the requested reporting period.

Server Errors – Help Card

? Hits – Number of failed hits of the type specified in the "Pages" column. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

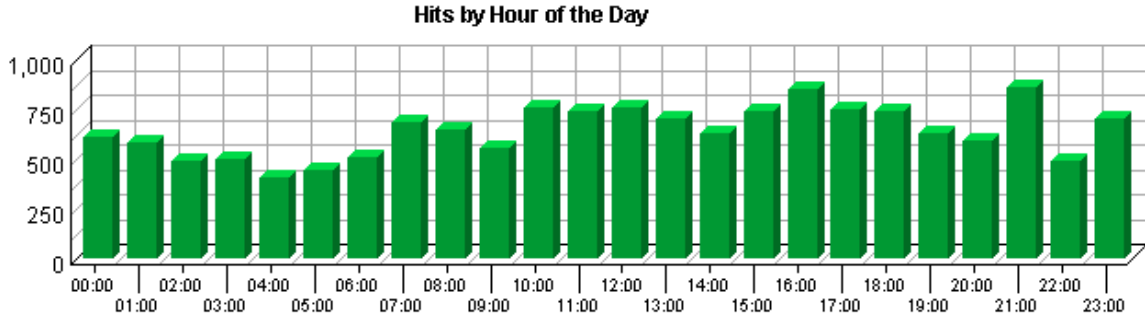
HTTP Status Codes – The status code for the specific error that occurred.

% – Percentage of failed hits that were of the specified type.

💡 Use this page to determine what maintenance is necessary.

Activity Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Activity chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

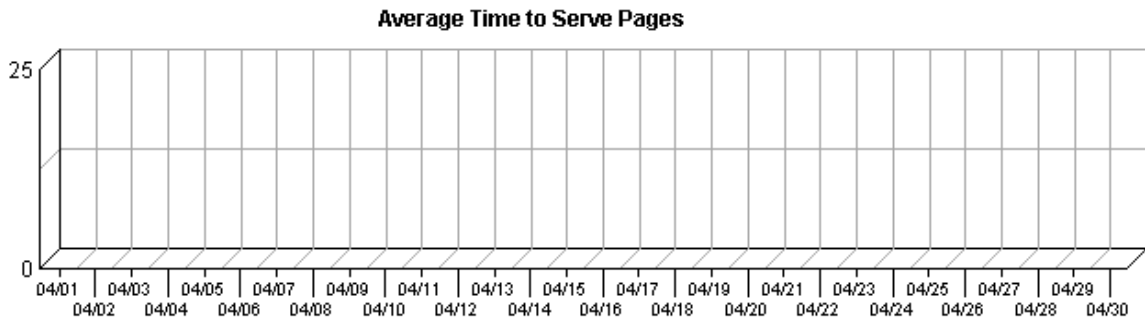


Most Active Summary

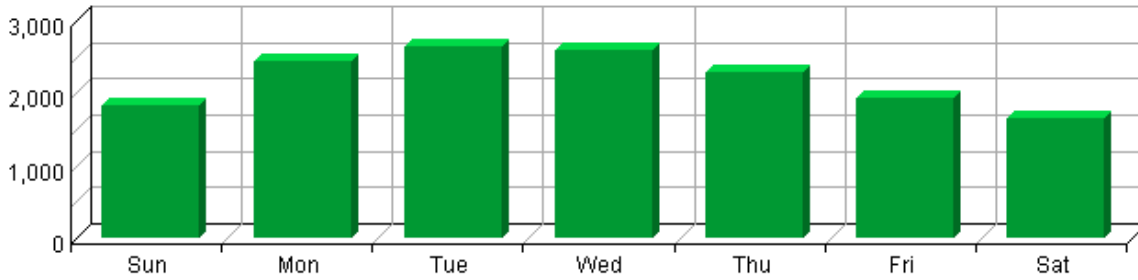
Most Active Date	April 28, 2008
Number of Hits on Most Active Date	772
Most Active Day of the Week	Tue
Most Active Hour of the Day	21:00–21:59

Activity on Weekdays Summary

Total Hits Weekdays	11,906
Total Visits Weekdays	5,310
Average Number of Visits per day on Weekdays	241
Average Number of Hits per day on Weekdays	541



Hits by Day of the Week



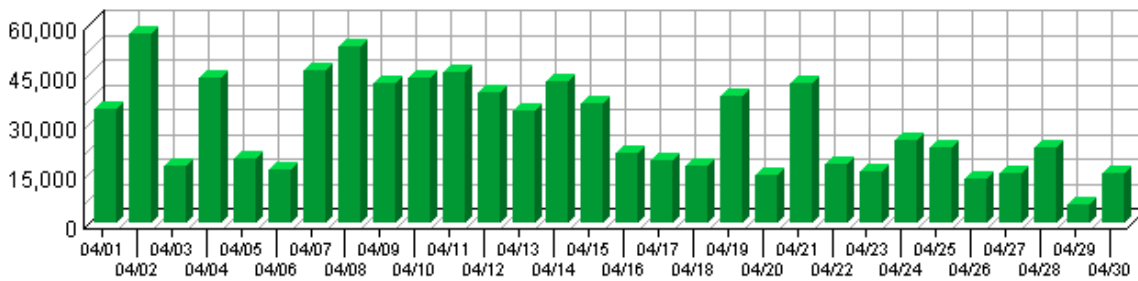
Least Active Summary

Least Active Date	April 26, 2008
Number of Hits on Least Active Date	303
Least Active Day of the Week	Sat
Least Active Hour of the Day	04:00–04:59

Activity on Weekends Summary

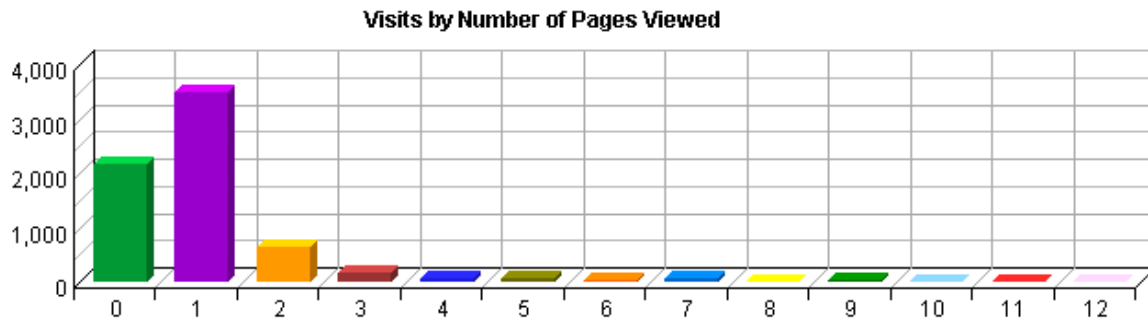
Total Hits Weekend	3,472
Total Visits Weekend	1,541
Average Number of Visits per Weekend	385
Average Number of Hits per Weekend	868

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend



Visits by Number of Pages Viewed

This report shows you how many times visitors viewed one page, how many viewed two pages, etc.



Visits by Number of Pages Viewed

Number of Pages Viewed	Visits	%
0	2,174	31.73%
1	3,497	51.04%
2	647	9.44%
3	182	2.66%
4	74	1.08%
5	58	0.85%
6	39	0.57%
7	64	0.93%
8	16	0.23%
9	22	0.32%
10	8	0.12%
11	11	0.16%
12	7	0.10%
Subtotal	6,799	99.24%
Other	52	0.76%
Total	6,851	100.00%

Visits by Number of Pages Viewed – Help Card

? Number of Pages Viewed – The number of pages viewed during a visit. If the visitor viewed only non-page files such as a .gif or a .jpeg, the count of pages viewed is zero for that visit.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors who viewed the specified number of pages. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default

idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

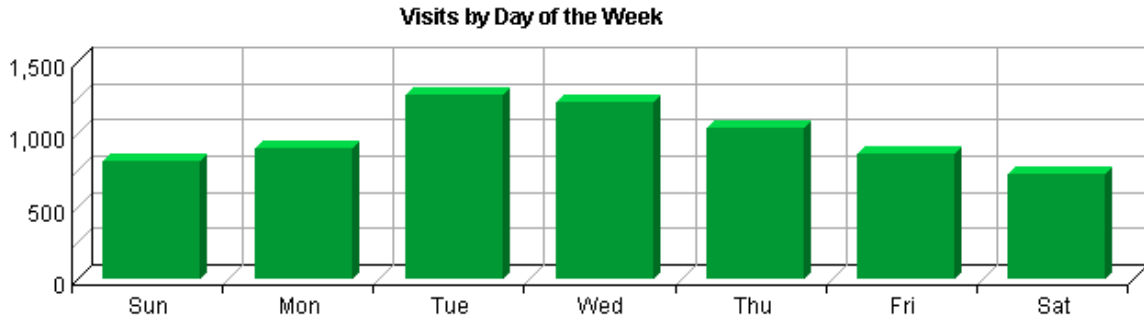
% – Percentage of total visits by people who viewed the specified number of pages.



You can use this information to quickly find out the number and percentages of viewers who read a given number of pages on your site. If most visitors only view a few pages, it may indicate that they cannot find the content they are looking for.

Visits by Day of the Week

This report shows the activity for each day of the week within the reporting period. Unsuccessful hits are not included.



Visits by Day of the Week

Day	Visits	%
Sun	813	11.87%
Mon	899	13.12%
Tue	1,277	18.64%
Wed	1,225	17.88%
Thu	1,047	15.28%
Fri	862	12.58%
Sat	728	10.63%
Total Weekend	1,541	22.49%
Total Weekdays	5,310	77.51%
Total	6,851	100.00%

Visits by Day of the Week – Help Card

? **Day** – Specified day of the week being tracked.

Visits – Number of visits on the specified day of the week. If the report period is longer than one week, and there are, for example, two Mondays, the value represented includes the combined total of both Mondays. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

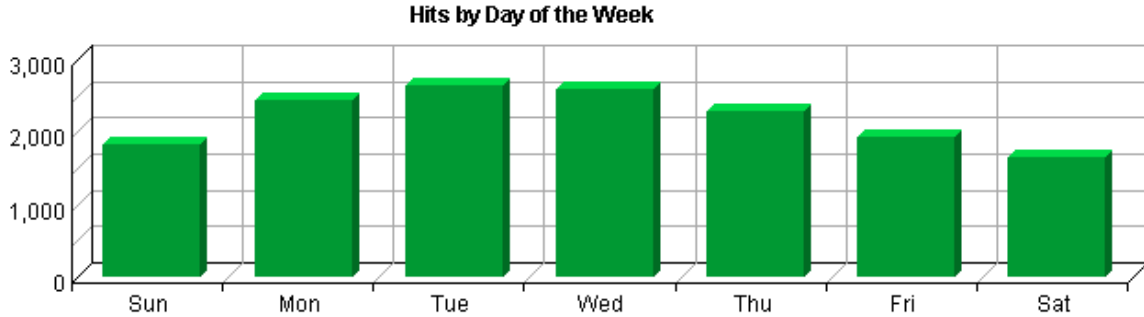
% – Percentage of total visits that occurred on the specified day of the week.

💡 Number of visits on the specified day of the week. If the report period is longer than one

week, and there are, for example, two Mondays, the value represented includes the combined total of both Mondays. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits by Day of the Week

This report shows the activity for each day of the week within the reporting period. Unsuccessful hits are not included.



Hits by Day of the Week

Day	Hits	%
Sun	1,819	11.83%
Mon	2,429	15.80%
Tue	2,649	17.23%
Wed	2,591	16.85%
Thu	2,300	14.96%
Fri	1,937	12.60%
Sat	1,653	10.75%
Total Weekend	3,472	22.58%
Total Weekdays	11,906	77.42%
Total	15,378	100.00%

Hits by Day of the Week – Help Card

? Day – Specified day of the week being tracked.

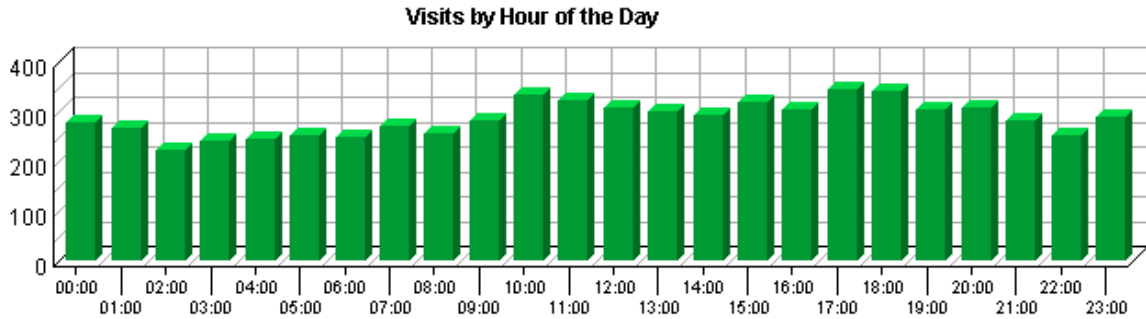
Hits – Number of hits on the specified day of the week. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

% – Percentage of total hits that occurred on the specified day of the week.

💡 Days of less activity should be considered good days for maintenance and content improvement.

Visits by Hour of the Day

This report shows activity for each hour of the day. It also shows the most and the least active hours of the day for the report period.



Visits by Hour of the Day

Hour	Visits	%
00:00	277	4.04%
01:00	265	3.87%
02:00	222	3.24%
03:00	241	3.52%
04:00	243	3.55%
05:00	253	3.69%
06:00	249	3.63%
07:00	269	3.93%
08:00	257	3.75%
09:00	283	4.13%
10:00	335	4.89%
11:00	321	4.69%
12:00	308	4.50%
13:00	299	4.36%
14:00	294	4.29%
15:00	320	4.67%
16:00	303	4.42%
17:00	344	5.02%
18:00	339	4.95%
19:00	302	4.41%
20:00	307	4.48%
21:00	282	4.12%
22:00	250	3.65%
23:00	288	4.20%
Total Visits during Work Hours (8:00am–5:00pm)	2,720	39.70%

Total Visits during After Hours (5:01pm–7:59am)	4,131	60.30%
Total	6,851	100.00%

Summary of Visits by Hour of the Day

Most Active Hour of the Day	17:00–17:59
Least Active Hour of the Day	02:00–02:59

Visits by Hour of the Day – Help Card

? Hour – Specified hour of the day being tracked. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Least Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the fewest number of hits.

Most Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the largest number of visits.

Visits – Number of visits to your site during the specified hour. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all visits during that hour for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

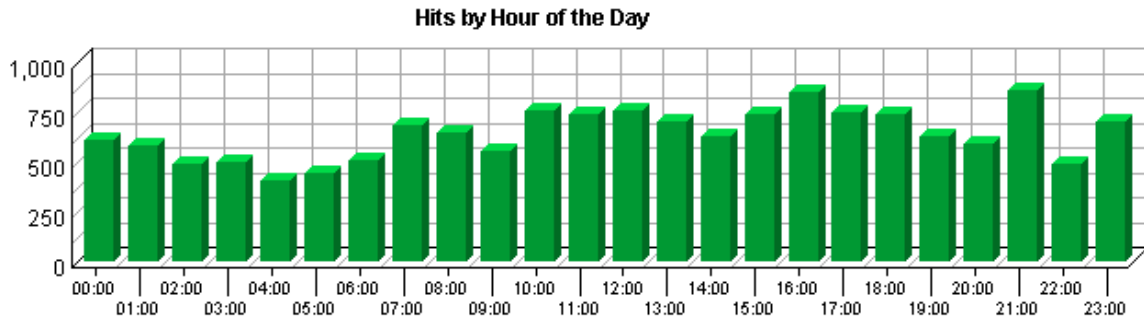
% – Percentage of visits to your site that occurred during the specified hour.

—

💡 This information can be used to determine which hour of the day is best for system maintenance.

Hits by Hour of the Day

This report shows the most and the least active hour of the day for the report period. The second table breaks down activity for the given report period to show the average activity for each individual hour of the day. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all hits during that period of time for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis.



Hits by Hour of the Day

Hour	Hits	%
00:00	608	3.95%
01:00	581	3.78%
02:00	495	3.22%
03:00	499	3.24%
04:00	408	2.65%
05:00	449	2.92%
06:00	512	3.33%
07:00	682	4.43%
08:00	647	4.21%
09:00	558	3.63%
10:00	757	4.92%
11:00	737	4.79%
12:00	760	4.94%
13:00	703	4.57%
14:00	627	4.08%
15:00	742	4.83%
16:00	849	5.52%
17:00	746	4.85%
18:00	738	4.80%
19:00	631	4.10%
20:00	592	3.85%
21:00	859	5.59%
22:00	493	3.21%
23:00	705	4.58%

Total Hits during Work Hours (8:00am–5:00pm)	6,380	41.49%
Total Hits during After Hours (5:01pm–7:59am)	8,998	58.51%
Total	15,378	100.00%

Summary of Hits by Hour of the Day

Most Active Hour of the Day	21:00–21:59
Least Active Hour of the Day	04:00–04:59

Hits by Hour of the Day – Help Card

? Hour – Specified hour of the day being tracked. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Hits – Number of hits to your site during the specified hour. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all visits during that hour for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Least Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the fewest number of hits.

Most Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the largest number of hits.

% – Percentage of hits to your site that occurred during the specified hour.

💡 This information can be used to determine which hour of the day is best for system maintenance.

Visit Duration by Visits

This report shows the number and percentages of visits over selected visit lengths.



Visit Duration by Visits

Visit Duration in Minutes	Visits	%
0-1	6,197	90.45%
1-2	92	1.34%
2-3	41	0.60%
3-4	29	0.42%
4-5	25	0.36%
5-6	33	0.48%
6-7	12	0.18%
7-8	18	0.26%
8-9	23	0.34%
9-10	17	0.25%
10-11	18	0.26%
11-12	12	0.18%
12-13	12	0.18%
13-14	16	0.23%
14-15	15	0.22%
15-16	17	0.25%
16-17	11	0.16%
17-18	10	0.15%
18-19	18	0.26%
19-20	15	0.22%
Subtotal	6,631	96.79%
Other	220	3.21%
Total	6,851	100.00%

Visit Duration by Visits – Help Card

? Visit Duration (minutes) – The number of minutes your web site was viewed.

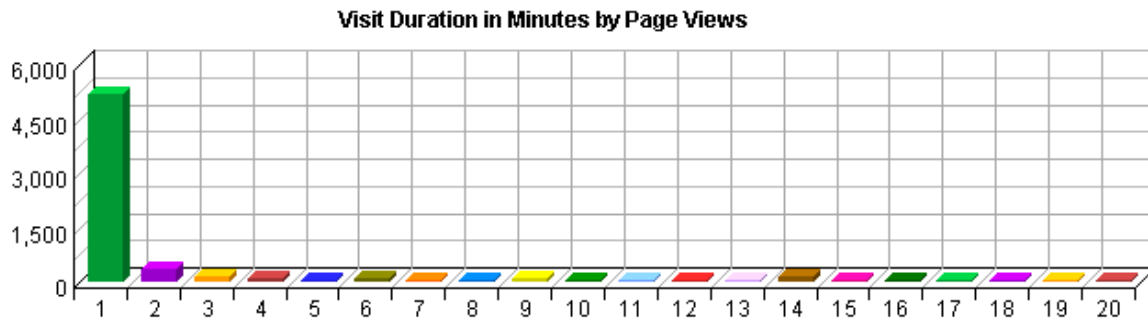
Visits – Number of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time.

💡 This information tells you how many visitors view your site for specific intervals of time.

Visit Duration by Page Views

This report shows the number and percentages of pages views over selected visit lengths.



Visit Duration by Page Views

Visit Duration in Minutes	Views	%
0-1	5,198	60.18%
1-2	358	4.14%
2-3	175	2.03%
3-4	103	1.19%
4-5	70	0.81%
5-6	100	1.16%
6-7	38	0.44%
7-8	51	0.59%
8-9	108	1.25%
9-10	49	0.57%
10-11	55	0.64%
11-12	41	0.47%
12-13	41	0.47%
13-14	128	1.48%
14-15	49	0.57%
15-16	65	0.75%
16-17	39	0.45%
17-18	35	0.41%
18-19	62	0.72%
19-20	74	0.86%
Subtotal	6,839	79.17%
Other	1,799	20.83%
Total	8,638	100.00%

Visit Duration by Page Views – Help Card

? **Page** – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visit Duration (minutes) – The number of minutes your web site was viewed.

Views – A page view is A hit to any file classified as a page. Contrast page views with hits, which counts files of every type.

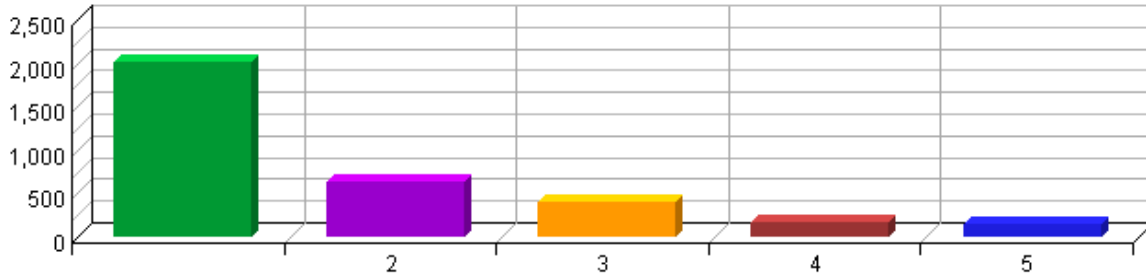
% – Percentage of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time.

💡 This information tells you how many visitors view your site for specific intervals of time.

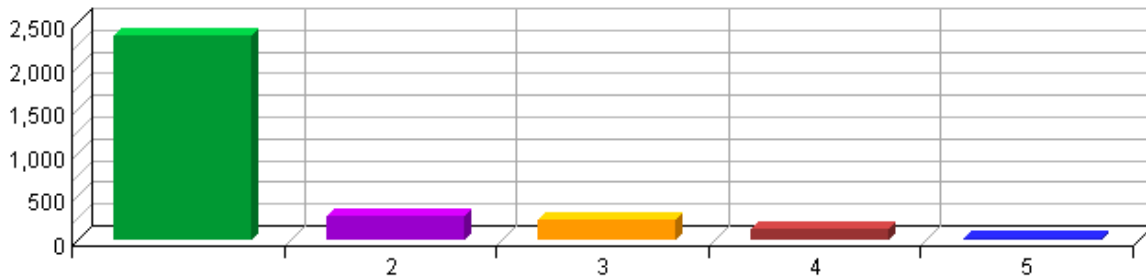
Browsers and Platforms Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Browsers and Platforms chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

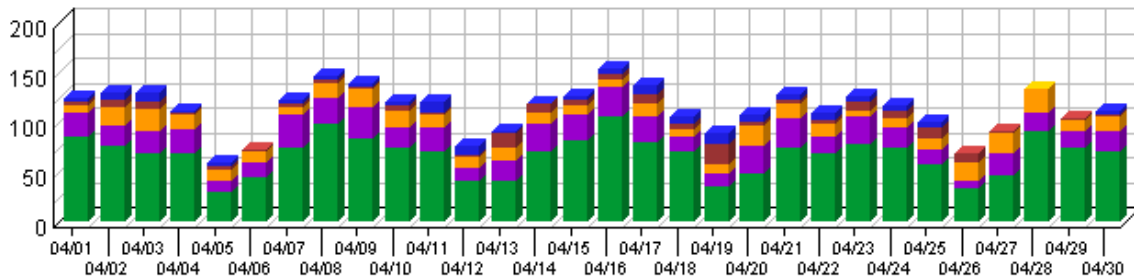
Top Browsers by Visits



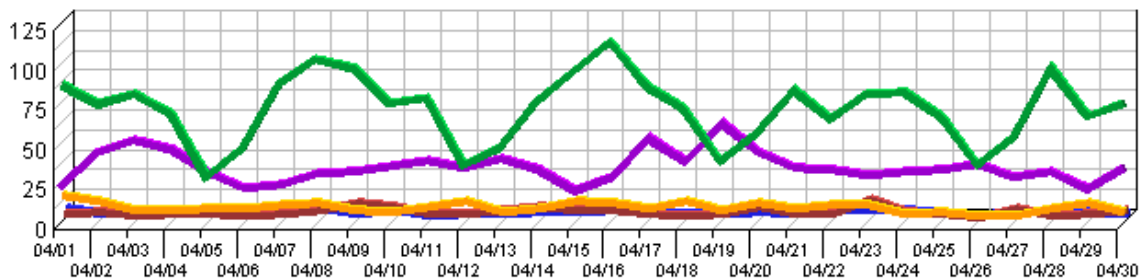
Top Spiders by Visits



Top Browsers by Visits Trend



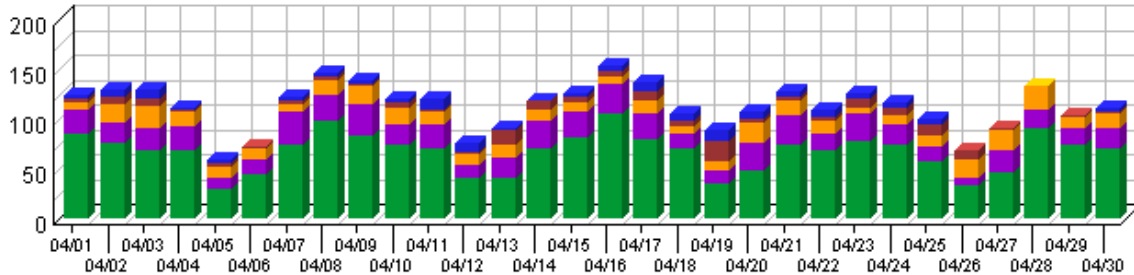
Top Platforms by Visits Trend



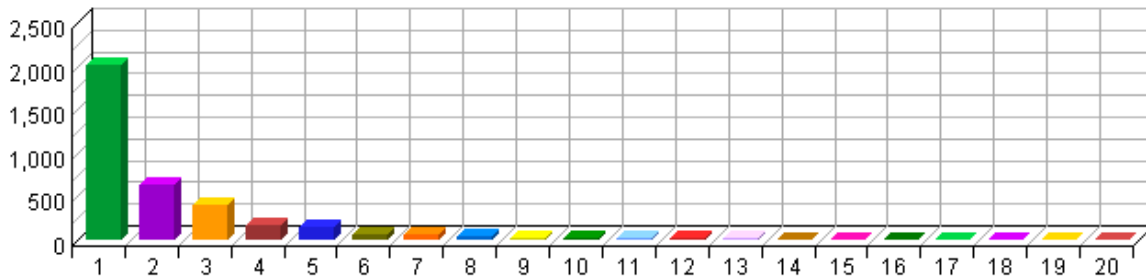
Top Browsers

This report identifies the most popular browsers used by visitors to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the browser/platform information.

Top Browsers by Visits Trend



Top Browsers by Visits



Top Browsers

	Browser	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Microsoft Internet Explorer	2,017	53.90%	5,858
2.	Mozilla	642	17.16%	2,030
3.	msnbot/1.1 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	394	10.53%	675
4.	Other Netscape Compatible	169	4.52%	554
5.	Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0.1	144	3.85%	399
6.	Clearware web browser	65	1.74%	88
7.	NLESE USEPA	63	1.68%	502
8.	Others	34	0.91%	224
9.	Safari	28	0.75%	51
10.	ColdFusion	23	0.61%	24
11.	Konqueror	17	0.45%	27
12.	Opera	13	0.35%	15
13.	NLESE for intraUSEPA	12	0.32%	24
14.	Netscape	10	0.27%	12
15.	larbin_2.6.3 larbin2.6.3@unspecified.mail	9	0.24%	55
16.	ia_archiver	7	0.19%	22
17.	Java/1.6.0_03	5	0.13%	6

18.	WebVac (webmaster@pita.stanford.edu WebVac.org)	4	0.11%	64
19.	boitho.com-dc/0.85 (http://www.boitho.com/dcbot.html)	4	0.11%	4
20.	Yandex/1.01.001 (compatible; Win16; I)	4	0.11%	78
	Subtotal	3,664	97.92%	10,712
	Other	78	2.08%	202
	Total	3,742	100.00%	10,914

Top Browsers – Help Card

? Browser – A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Microsoft Internet Explorer, Opera and others.

Hits – Number of hits from visitors using the specified browser. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Total – The total activity based on the sort column (hits or visits) where there was sufficient information to identify the browser. This number may be less than the total visits or hits overall.

Visits – The total visits where there was sufficient information to identify the browser. This number may be less than the total visits overall. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

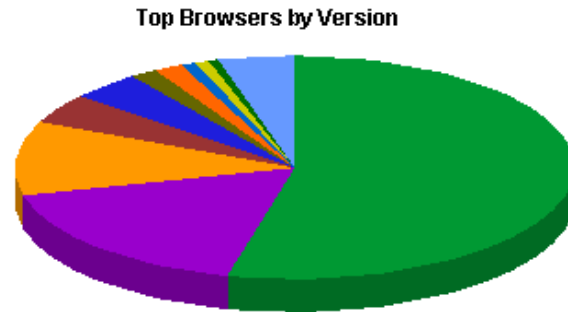
% – Percentage of total for the sort column (hits or visits) by those using the specified browser.

💡 Browser data can help you determine how to configure your site for optimal viewing.

Note: Any hits identified as originating from a spider (an automated program that searches the Internet) are not counted in this table. Also, if a browser does not identify itself in its request to the Web server, it will get counted on this page as an "Other."

Top Browsers by Version

This report lists the browser versions most common among your visitors.



Top Browsers by Version

	Browser	Version	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Microsoft Internet Explorer	6.0	1,014	27.10%	3,077
		7.0	967	25.84%	2,718
		5.0	14	0.37%	22
		5.01	7	0.19%	23
		3.02	5	0.13%	5
		Version Unknown	4	0.11%	4
		7.0b	3	0.08%	3
		5.5	2	0.05%	3
		6.0b	1	0.03%	3
		Other	0	0.00%	0
		2.	Mozilla	20080311	231
20080404	159			4.25%	433
Version Unknown	75			2.00%	145
20070308	18			0.48%	18
20080201	17			0.45%	115
20071127	16			0.43%	43
20070515	15			0.40%	24
20070725	13			0.35%	16
20070508	9			0.24%	38
20061206	7			0.19%	18
20071025	7			0.19%	11
20070309	5			0.13%	5
20050511	5			0.13%	5
20080325	4			0.11%	9
20061010	4			0.11%	5

	20041107	4	0.11%	7
	20061201	3	0.08%	3
	20060111	3	0.08%	4
	2008032620	3	0.08%	3
	20080109	3	0.08%	3
	20071204	2	0.05%	7
	20070312	2	0.05%	2
	20060414	2	0.05%	31
	20071008	2	0.05%	4
	20060909	2	0.05%	2
	20050716	2	0.05%	6
	20050915	2	0.05%	3
	20070713	2	0.05%	4
	20030225	1	0.03%	1
	20030422	1	0.03%	1
	20060426	1	0.03%	1
	2008030714	1	0.03%	2
	20050717	1	0.03%	1
	20070216	1	0.03%	1
	20050317	1	0.03%	1
	20080313	1	0.03%	1
	20071206	1	0.03%	1
	20071020	1	0.03%	1
	20060728	1	0.03%	1
	20070914	1	0.03%	1
	2008041514	1	0.03%	1
	20070802	1	0.03%	1
	20061023	1	0.03%	1
	20061204	1	0.03%	1
	20071015	1	0.03%	1
	20070723	1	0.03%	1
	20050319	1	0.03%	1
	20060308	1	0.03%	16
	20080418	1	0.03%	1
	20050414	1	0.03%	1
	2008032619	1	0.03%	1
	20041103	1	0.03%	1
	20021126	1	0.03%	1
	Other	0	0.00%	0
3.	msnbot/1.1 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	Version Unknown	394 10.53%	675
		Other	0 0.00%	0

4.	Other Netscape Compatible	Version	169	4.52%	554
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
5.	Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0.1	Version	144	3.85%	399
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
6.	Clearware web browser	Version	65	1.74%	88
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
7.	NLESE USEPA	Version	63	1.68%	502
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
8.	Others	Version	34	0.91%	224
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
9.	Safari	YY/ADOBE	8	0.21%	8
		419.3	7	0.19%	9
		312.6	6	0.16%	10
		YY	4	0.11%	15
		312	1	0.03%	1
		312.6_ADOBE	1	0.03%	6
		125.12	1	0.03%	2
		Other	0	0.00%	0
10.	ColdFusion	Version	23	0.61%	24
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
11.	Konqueror	3.2	16	0.43%	24
		3.5	1	0.03%	3
		Other	0	0.00%	0
12.	Opera	9.26	3	0.08%	4
		9.24	2	0.05%	3
		9.00	2	0.05%	2
		9.10	1	0.03%	1
		9.25	1	0.03%	1
		9.27	1	0.03%	1
		9.50	1	0.03%	1
		8.0	1	0.03%	1
		6.X	1	0.03%	1
		Other	0	0.00%	0
13.	NLESE for intraUSEPA	Version	12	0.32%	24
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
14.	Netscape	4.8	2	0.05%	2

		4.78	2	0.05%	2
		7.2	1	0.03%	2
		8.0.1	1	0.03%	1
		8.1.3	1	0.03%	1
		3.0	1	0.03%	2
		4.5	1	0.03%	1
		4.76	1	0.03%	1
		Other	0	0.00%	0
15.	larbin_2.6.3 larbin2.6.3@unspecified.mail	Version	9	0.24%	55
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
16.	ia_archiver	Version	7	0.19%	22
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
17.	Java/1.6.0_03	Version	5	0.13%	6
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
18.	WebVac (webmaster@pita.stanford.edu WebVac.org)	Version	4	0.11%	64
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
19.	boitho.com-dc/0.85 (http://www.boitho.com/dcbot.html)	Version	4	0.11%	4
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
20.	Yandex/1.01.001 (compatible; Win16; I)	Version	4	0.11%	78
		Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
	Subtotal		3,664	97.92%	10,712
	Other		78	2.08%	202
	Total		3,742	100.00%	10,914

Top Browsers by Version – Help Card

? Browser – A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Microsoft Internet Explorer, Opera and others.

Visits – Number of visits to this page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views the first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of the total visits in which the visitor viewed this page at least once.

Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.



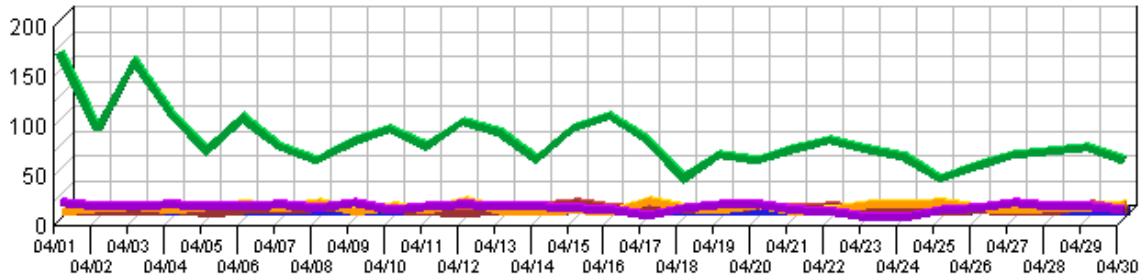
—

This information can help you decide which technology to implement on your site. You can determine whether the majority of your visitors are ready to benefit from the latest technologies (DHTML, Flash, etc.) available with the most recent versions of the main browsers.

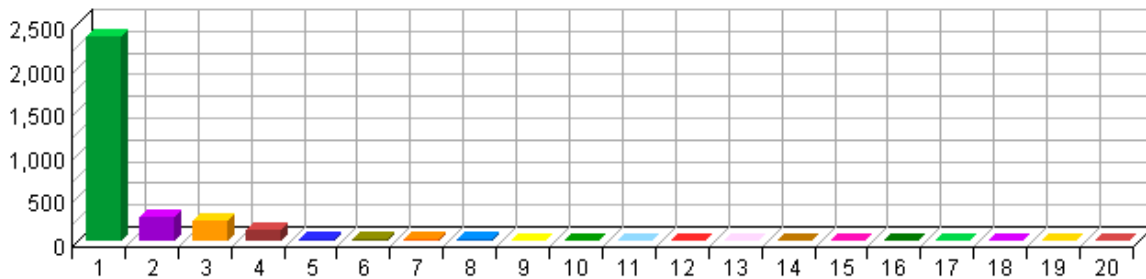
Top Spiders

This report identifies robots, spiders, crawlers and search services visiting your site. The spiders shown in this report are based on a configured list in the product code. If your site uses JavaScript tagging to monitor traffic (for example, WebTrends SmartSource Data Collector), only spiders that use JavaScript will appear in this report.

Top Spiders by Visits Trend



Top Spiders by Visits




Top Spiders

	Spider	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	2,362	75.97%	2,519
2.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; http://www.google.com/bot.html)	271	8.72%	888
3.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp/3.0; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	231	7.43%	590
4.	Gigabot	132	4.25%	203
5.	WebAlta Crawler	16	0.51%	39
6.	Mozilla/5.0 (Twiceler-0.9 http://www.cuill.com/twiceler/robot.html)	12	0.39%	14
7.	Googlebot	12	0.39%	26
8.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp China; http://misc.yahoo.com.cn/help.html)	11	0.35%	11
9.	Yeti	9	0.29%	9
10.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; discobot/1.0; http://discoveryengine.com/discobot.html)	8	0.26%	25
11.	MSR-ISRCCrawler	7	0.23%	40
12.	FAST Enterprise Crawler 6	6	0.19%	7

13.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Exabot/3.0; http://www.exabot.com/go/robot)	6	0.19%	6
14.	WebTrends	4	0.13%	42
15.	Balihoo	3	0.10%	21
16.	Speedy Spider (http:	3	0.10%	3
17.	Anthony Vicenza	2	0.06%	7
18.	DoCoMo	2	0.06%	2
19.	asktechguy.dev	2	0.06%	2
20.	PRCrawler	1	0.03%	1
	Subtotal	3,100	99.71%	4,455
	Other	9	0.29%	9
	Total	3,109	100.00%	4,464


Top Spiders – Help Card

 **Hits** – Number of times the specified spider hit your site. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Spider – An automated program which searches the Internet.

Visits – Number of times the specified spider visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

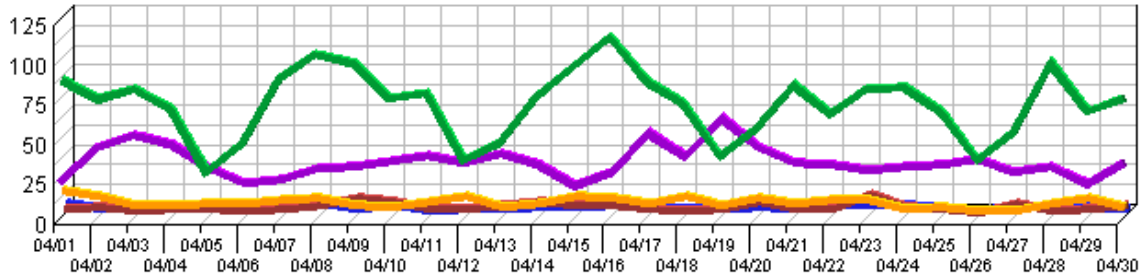
% – Percentage of total spider visits or hits by the specified spider.

 This information is important for a Webmaster trying to block spiders that tax the server. It also tells you what kind of automated attention you have attracted to your site.

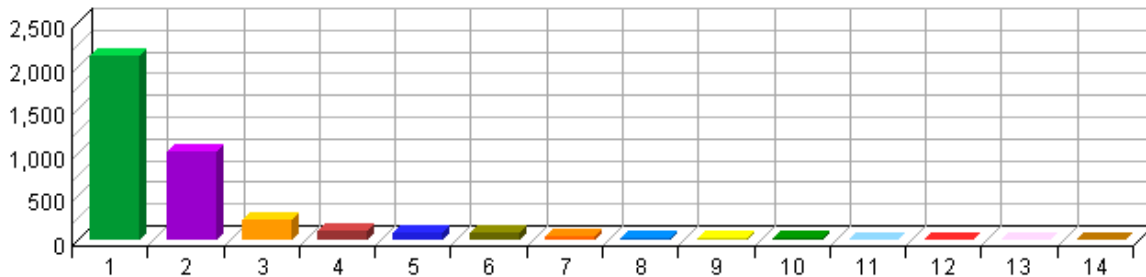
Top Platforms

This report identifies the operating systems most used by the visitors to the site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the browser/platform information.

Top Platforms by Visits Trend



Top Platforms by Visits



Top Platforms

	Platform	Visits	%	Views
1.	Windows XP	2,127	56.84%	6,533
2.	Others	1,010	26.99%	2,854
3.	Windows 2000	226	6.04%	574
4.	Windows NT	115	3.07%	375
5.	Macintosh	76	2.03%	106
6.	Macintosh PowerPC	76	2.03%	151
7.	Linux	43	1.15%	55
8.	Windows 98	23	0.61%	45
9.	Windows 2003	23	0.61%	116
10.	FreeBSD	16	0.43%	24
11.	Windows 3.x	4	0.11%	78
12.	Macintosh 68K	1	0.03%	1
13.	SunOS	1	0.03%	1
14.	Windows ME	1	0.03%	1
	Total	3,742	100.00%	10,914

Top Platforms – Help Card

? Hits – Number of hits by visitors using the specified platform. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Platform – The specified platform being analyzed. The operating system used by the visitor to your site.

Total – The total hits or visits that were not identified as from a spider. This number may be less than the total overall.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors using the specified platform. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of hits or visits by those using the specified platform.



This information is useful when determining what content to include on your web site.

Glossary

The following terms are used in Reporting Center reports, and some are used throughout the World Wide Web in general.

Glossary

Active Campaign	The Active Campaign is one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
Active Campaigns	The Active Campaign is one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
Ad	A graphic or banner which takes a visitor to another web site when clicked.
Ad Click	A click on an advertisement which takes a visitor to another web site.
Ad View	Occurs when an ad is displayed to a visitor. Once visitors have viewed an ad, they can click on it (see Ad Click). There may be more than one ad on an ad view.
Authenticated Username	A unique visitor tracked by user name and password rather than by IP address. You may find more authenticated user names than total visitors because several persons may be using the same IP address. Since many ISPs dynamically assign IP addresses, and since multiple visitors may use a single IP address, authentication is a much more accurate way to identify visitors.
Authentication	Technique that limits access to Internet or intranet resources to visitors who identify themselves by entering a user name and password.
Avg. Frequency	This measure is the average number of times these visitors have visited your site over their lifetime.
Avg. Latency	This measure is the average number of days between visits for visitors over their lifetime. Note: A zero latency means the average time between visits is less than 24 hours.
Avg. Lifetime Value	The average lifetime value is the average of the sum of all order values.
Avg. Most Recent Purchase Amt.	The average most recent purchase amount for this group of visitors.
Avg. Recency	The number of days since the last visit is averaged for each visit in the reporting timeframe. Note: A zero recency means you have visited within the last 24 hours, or that the average value is less than one day.
Bandwidth	Measure of the traffic on a site. Bandwidth is expressed as the amount of data transferred in a specified unit of time.
Browser	A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Mosaic, Microsoft Internet Explorer, and others.
Campaign Lifetime Value	The total order value associated to the campaign.
Click Through Rate	Percentage of visitors who viewed an ad and also clicked on it. This is a good indication of an ad's effectiveness.
Client	A computer that accesses resources provided by another computer, called a server.
Client Errors	An error occurring due to an invalid request by the visitor's browser. Client errors are in the 400-range. See the "Status Code" glossary entry for more information.

Company Database	The database installed and used by Reporting Center to look up the company name, city, state, and country corresponding to a specific domain name.
Cookies	Files containing information about web site visitors. This information can include the visitor's user name, preferences, etc. The information is provided by visitors during their first visit to a web site. The server records this information in a text file and stores it on the visitor's hard drive. At the beginning of later visits, the server looks for a cookie and configures itself based on the information provided.
Days Since First Purchase	The number of days since the first purchase since these visitors have been tracked.
Days Since Most Recent Purchase	The number of days since the last purchase for the campaign.
Destination Page	A page chosen by the system administrator for Path Analysis. The Path Analysis pages track which clicks brought each visitor to the selected Destination Page.
Domain Name	The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, www.webtrends.com is a domain name.
Domain Name Lookup	The process of converting an IP address into a text name (for example, 204.245.240.194 is converted to www.webtrends.com).
Entry File	The first file requested by a visitor during a visit to your web site.
Entry Page	The first page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non-page files, that visit has no entry page. This can cause the total number of entry pages to be less than the total number of visits.
Exit Page	The last page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non-page files, that visit has no exit page. This can cause the total number of exit pages to be less than the total number of visits.
FTP	File Transfer Protocol. It is a standard method of sending files from one computer to another over the Internet.
File Type	Identifies types of files by their file extension. For example, a file named graphic.gif is identified as type "gif."
Filters	A means of narrowing the scope of a report by specifying ranges or types of data to include or exclude.
First Campaign	The First Campaign is the one that originally drove a visitor to your site.
First Campaign Lifetime Value	The lifetime value is the sum of all order values.
First Campaign Type	User-defined category shown for the first campaign for a visitor. Examples include online banner ads, e-marketing newsletters, and direct mail campaigns.
Frequency	Frequency is the number of times this visitor has visited your site since this visitor has been tracked.
GIF	Graphics Interchange Format. It is a graphics file format commonly used in HTML documents.
Geography	Geography indicates the world region, country, state/province, and city.
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language. It is the programming language for static web pages. It usually includes hypertext links between related objects and documents.
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol. It is a standard method of transferring data between a Web server and a Web browser.
Hit	Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.
Home Page	The main or introductory page of a web site. The home page provides visitors with an

overview and links to the rest of the site. It often contains or links to a Table of Contents.

Home Page URL	The URL for the home page of the site analyzed in the report.
IP Address	Internet Protocol Address. It is a series of four one- to three-digit numbers separated by periods. It is used to identify a computer connected to the Internet. For example, 212.6.125.76 is an IP address.
JPEG	Joint Photographic Expert Group. It is a compressed graphics format common on the Internet.
Latency	This measure is the average number of days between visits for visitors over their lifetime. Note: A zero latency means the average time between visits is less than 24 hours.
Lifetime Value	This is the maximum value for all orders for this period.
Log File	A file created by a Web or proxy server which contains information about the activity of the server.
Most Recent Campaign	The Most Recent Campaign is the last one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
New Users	Visitors who didn't have a cookie on their first visit, but had one during later visits.
No Referrer	Indicates visits to your web site that did not originate from any other site. For example, any visitor who types the URL of your site directly into their browser window fits into this category.
Order Count	This measure reflects the number of orders from completed purchases.
Order Value	This measure reflects the monetary amount generated from completed purchases.
Other	In tables showing a variable-length list of items, the number of items may exceed the number that can be viewed at one time. The values for the items not currently shown are added together and shown in the row named "Other."
Page	Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator.
Page View	A hit to any file classified as a page. Contrast the value for "page views" with the value for "hits," which includes hits to files of every type.
Palm Browser	A program used on a Palm device to display site content, similar to Netscape or Internet Explorer on PCs.
Palm Device	A portable personal computer small enough to fit in the palm of a person's hand. Reporting Center reports only include Palm devices if the log files shows the device used a Palm browser.
Path Through Site	The sequence of pages a visitor views, from the entry page to the exit page and all pages in between.
Paths from Start	The sequence of pages a visitor views, excluding the entry page.
Paths to Destination	The sequence of pages a visitor views before arriving at a selected Destination Page.
Platform	Refers to the operating system, such as Linux or Windows 98.
Protocol	An established method of exchanging data over the Internet.
Purchase Conversion Funnel	Analysis of the conversion process through a four-step purchase process.
Purchase Count	The total number of purchase transactions (not units ordered) for this visitor since the visitor has been tracked.
Recency	This measure is the number of days since the most recent visit for a visitor.

Referrer	URL of a web page that refers visitors to your site.
Report Period	The dates covered in the report. You may select a report period of any day, week, month, quarter, or year within the data provided by the log analysis.
Returning Visitors	Visitors who already had a cookie from your site before they visited.
Scenario Analysis Step	The name of the step in the defined scenario. The step marks progress on the path that is being monitored.
Script	A simple programming language used to execute specific or limited tasks. Scripts are often used for pages on the Internet to serve dynamic content and to tailor pages for individual visitors.
Search Keywords	A keyword is a single word from within a search phrase. In the phrase "cordless phone" the individual keywords are "cordless" and "phone".
Search Phrase	The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.
Server	A computer that hosts information available to anyone accessing the Internet or an internal intranet.
Server Error	An error occurring on the server. Web server errors have codes in the 500 range.
Single Access Page	A page on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page. To qualify, the visit must be to a page with a valid document type. If the visit is to a document with a different type (such as a graphic or sound file), the file does not count as a single access page, and the visit is not included in the total. Such visits are often the result of other sites referencing a specific downloadable file or graphic on your site. In these cases, a visit may have a single hit to a non–document type file, and will not be counted in the percentage calculations.
Spider	An automated program which searches the internet.
Status Code	The HTTP status code of a file request specifies whether the transfer was successful or not, and why. These codes are defined in RFC 2616, section 6.1.1.

"Success" codes:

- 100 = Success:** Continue
- 101 = Success:** Switching Protocols
- 200 = Success:** OK
- 201 = Success:** Created
- 202 = Success:** Accepted
- 203 = Success:** Non–Authoritative Information
- 204 = Success:** No Content
- 205 = Success:** Reset Content
- 206 = Success:** Partial Content
- 300 = Success:** Multiple Choices
- 301 = Success:** Moved Permanently
- 302 = Success:** Found
- 303 = Success:** See Other
- 304 = Success:** Not Modified
- 305 = Success :** Use Proxy
- 307 = Success :** Temporary Redirect

"Failed" codes:

- 400 = Failed:** Bad Request
- 401 = Failed:** Unauthorized
- 402 = Failed:** Payment Required
- 403 = Failed:** Forbidden

- 404 = Failed:** Not Found
- 405 = Failed:** Method Not Allowed
- 406 = Failed:** Not Acceptable
- 407 = Failed:** Proxy Authentication Required
- 408 = Failed:** Request Time-out
- 409 = Failed:** Conflict
- 410 = Failed:** Gone
- 411 = Failed:** Length Required
- 412 = Failed:** Precondition Failed
- 413 = Failed:** Request Entity Too Large
- 414 = Failed:** Request-URI Too Large
- 415 = Failed:** Unsupported Media Type
- 416 = Failed:** Requested range not satisfiable
- 417 = Failed:** Expectation Failed
- 500 = Failed:** Internal Server Error
- 501 = Failed:** Not Implemented
- 502 = Failed:** Bad Gateway
- 503 = Failed:** Service Unavailable
- 504 = Failed:** Gateway Time-out
- 505 = Failed:** HTTP Version Not Supported

Subtotal	In tables showing a variable length list of items, the number of items may exceed the number that can be viewed at one time. The values for the items currently shown are added together and shown in the row named "Subtotal."
Suffix (Domain Name)	See "Top-Level Domain."
Time Interval	A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.
Time before Order	The number of days between a new buyer's first visit and first purchase.
Time between Purchases	The number of days between a visitor's previous purchase and most recent purchase in this report period.
Top-Level Domain	<p>The suffix of a domain name. A top-level domain can be based on the type of organization (.com, .edu, .museum, .name, etc) or it can be a country code (.uk, .de, .jp, .us, etc.). The top-level domain can be used to identify the type of web site. The following is a partial list of how this report categorizes top-level domains:</p> <p>ARPANET: .arpa</p> <p>Commercial: .com .co .com.[country code] .co.[country code] .firm.co .firm.ve .ltd.uk .info .biz</p> <p>Education: .edu .edu.[country-code] .ed.[country code] .ac.[country code] .school.[country code] .k12.[country code] .re.kr .sch.uk .edunet.tn</p> <p>International: .int .int.co .int.ve .intl.tn</p> <p>Government: .gov .gov.[country code] .gove.[country code] .go.[country code]</p> <p>Military: .mil .mil.[country code]</p> <p>Network: .net .ad.jp .ne.kr .net.[country code]</p>

Organization: .org .or .org.[country code] .or.[country code]

Personal: .name

Total	This table row gives the sum of all of the items for the current table during this report period. If the number of items for the table exceeds the number that can be viewed at one time, then a "Subtotal" row and an "Other" row will also be provided, and their sum will equal the Total row.
Traffic	The quantity of data transferred.
URL	Uniform Resource Locator. It is a means of identifying an exact location on the Internet. For example, http://www.webtrends.com/html/info/default.htm is the URL which defines the location of the page Default.htm in the /html/info/ directory on the NetIQ Corporation web site. As the previous example shows, a URL is comprised of four parts: Protocol Type (HTTP), Machine Name (webtrends.com), Directory Path (/html/info/), and File Name (default.htm).
Unique Visitors	Individuals who visited your site during the report period. If someone visits more than once, they are counted only the first time they visit.
User Agent	Portion of a log file that identifies the browser and platform used by a visitor.
Users Without Cookies	Visitors who come to your site with cookies disabled. There is no way to determine if these visitors are new or returning.
Visit	A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.
Visit Duration (Minutes)	The number of minutes your web site was viewed by a visitor.
Visitor Minutes	Total number of minutes your site was viewed by all visitors during the report period.
Visits with Clicks	Visits to your site where at least one ad was clicked on.
WAP Browser	A program used on a WAP device to display site content, similar to Netscape or Internet Explorer on PCs.
WAP Carrier	A server that acts as an intermediary and relays requests from visitors with WAP devices to your site.
WAP Device	A wireless device using Wireless Application Protocol (WAP), such as a cellular telephone or radio transceiver, that can be used to access the Internet. Reporting Center reports only include WAP devices if the log file shows the device used a WAP browser.
WTLS	Acronym for Wireless Transport Layer Security protocol, which is the security layer endorsed by the WAP Forum (www.wapforum.org). Its primary goal is to provide privacy, data integrity, and authentication for WAP applications.