

Introduction

Readers' Guide to the King County Budget Book

This document describes how King County's government plans to meet the communities' needs. King County's Budget Book is not only an assembly of information required for making policy and resource decisions, it is also a resource for citizens interested in learning more about the operation of their County government.

This readers' guide has been provided to inform the reader where particular information may be found. King County's Budget Book is divided into nine sections: Introduction, Economic and Revenue Forecast, four Operating Area Budget Discussions (see below), the Capital Budget, Debt Service, and a brief appendix of summary tables. Each major section is outlined below.

Introduction

The introduction has a general description of King County government, presents an organizational chart of County government, provides a discussion of the strategic choices and decisions made in the development of the budget, describes the budget process and frequently asked questions about the King County budget. The introduction concludes with a glossary of words and terms used in this book.

Economic and Revenue Forecast

This section analyzes the impact of economic factors on the budget and the government's ability to deliver services. Projections for 2003 and outyears are based on historical trends, consultations with private and public sector economists, and by surveying national economic trends. This section includes the Current Expense Fund Forecast which provides a two-year history of revenues and expenditures, details the impact of proposed 2003 policy choices and projects the fiscal impact through 2005.

Operating Area Budget Discussions

This section displays the appropriation units grouped by functional area and county department. These functional areas are: General Government, Physical Environment, Health and Human Services, and Law, Safety, and Justice. These sections provide summaries of the 2003 Budget.

General Government

This section displays the appropriation units grouped by this function area and includes the financial details summarized in the Adopted Budget. Appropriation units included under this heading are Council Agencies, County Executive, Office of Cultural Resources, Office of the Executive, Assessments, and Other Agencies that comprise our internal support functions.

Physical Environment

This section presents the Physical Environment appropriations units and includes the financial details summarized in the Adopted Budget. Appropriation units displayed in this section include: Natural Resources and Parks, Development & Environmental Services, and Transportation.

Health and Human Services

This section provides the financial details of the County's Community & Human Services and Public Health Departments.

Law, Safety and Justice

This section presents the financial information for the Law, Safety and Justice agencies. Included in this section are the Sheriff's Office, Prosecuting Attorney, Superior Court, District Court, Judicial Administration, Adult and Juvenile Detention, and the Criminal Justice Fund. Public Defense can be found in the Health and Human Services section and E-911 can be found in the General Government section.

Capital Projects

This section summarizes the capital projects budget proposals for King County. Additional information is available in a separate Capital Improvement Book.

Debt Service

This section provides a discussion and details of King County's bond indebtedness and the debt service required to repay King County's indebtedness. The section also includes a discussion of regional debt levels.

Appendix

This section provides a little a two-page fact sheet about the County, various summary tables of expenditures, revenues, and employees.

Readers' Guide to the Detail Sheets

This section contains a glossary specific to the detail pages. The detail pages are the ones interspersed with narrative about the agencies' budgets that show the previous budget and all of the proposed changes to that budget to come up with the present proposed budget. Here you will find definitions by order of appearance for the types of items listed in the detailed appropriation unit pages.

Appropriation Unit: The name of each appropriation unit can be found at the top of each first page. It is the legal authorization to incur obligations and to make expenditures for specific purposes, i.e., Board of Appeals, Cable Communications, Public Health, and Roads are all appropriation units.

2002 Adopted: These are expenditures appropriated by the Council for the year beginning January 1, 2002 and ending December 31, 2002. It does not include encumbrances, supplemental appropriations or technical changes to the 2002 budget. These items are either in the *Status Quo* or under *Technical Adjustment*.

Status Quo (or Base Increment): This category contains revised 2002 adopted budget, initial status quo and proposed status quo changes. These are incremental changes from the 2002 Adopted.

- **Initial Status Quo (ISQ):** Initial Status Quo (ISQ) is the initial starting point for building the new year's budget. The ISQ level is the current year adopted level adjusted for budgeted changes for the first part of the year, across-the-board salary updates through the first part of the year, and the elimination of certain accounts not expected to be a part of the new year's budget. ISQ changes are generally done automatically based on gross across-the-board adjustments.
- **Proposed Status Quo:** Proposed Status Quo (PSQ) is the adjusted ISQ budgeted level and represents the base budget for the new year. A variety of special adjustments are made to the ISQ level, including known salary and benefit updates, adjustment of central rates, elimination of one-time programs, and the annualization of new programs in order to arrive at the "base" level of providing the same level of services in the current year at the inflated cost of the new year. PSQ changes are generally done only after significant analysis has been performed either by budget analysts or by agency personnel.

Status Quo Budget (or Adjusted Base): The starting point for departments to begin preparing their 2003 budget. It is the change between 2002 Adopted and the Status Quo.

Description of Change Detail: The reductions, additions and technical adjustments listed in the table between the Status Quo budget and the 2003 Proposed Budget. Change Items give the departments a means of changing their budgets from year to year, by listing out items that need to be either reduced or increased. Department requested change items are then sent to the Budget Office for review.

- **Contra:** Reductions are the dollar amount the agencies need to cut from their budgets in order to help balance the overall Current Expense Fund budget. The amounts are embedded in the Status Quo Budget and are therefore added back so that they can be detailed in the Proposed Budget detail pages.
- **Administrative Service Reductions:** Reductions to overhead costs as opposed to direct services.

- **Central Rate Adjustments:** These are budget adjustments to central rates. Central rates are, for example: flex benefits, data processing infrastructure, Prosecuting Attorney charges, motor pool and insurance rate adjustments.
- **Council Changes:** Changes to the 2003 Proposed Budget that the Metropolitan King County Council made.
- **Direct Service Reduction:** Reductions to direct services costs as opposed to overhead costs.
- **Mandatory Add:** These are additions to the criminal justice budget for prosecution costs.
- **Program Change:** Neutral changes in the overall budget balance to shift budget amounts to areas of higher priority. These changes typically zero balance but sometimes they include that addition of higher expenditure levels. These are increases to the base budget that are mandated by new legislation, existing legal requirements, or County policy.
- **Revenue Backed Add:** Revenue Backed Adds are supported either in whole or in part by new revenue.
- **Technical Adjustment:** These are budget adjustments covering a variety of miscellaneous actions, including the correction of errors in the base budget, the transfer of programs between organizational units, and budgeting corrections related to employee benefits and central rates.
- **Technology Requests:** These are one-time budget requests for the purpose of planning, developing, and/or implementing a data processing, telecommunications, or other technology- related operation with the intent of improving the efficiency of the requesting department.

2003 Adopted Budget: This is the Adopted Budget for this appropriation unit after the Council had their deliberation and review during mid-October and Thanksgiving. Council has the power to make changes to the Executive Proposed Budget.

King County Government

And Background

The County consists of 2,134 square miles, ranking 11th in geographical size among Washington State's 39 counties. The County ranks number one in population in the State of Washington and is the financial, economic and industrial center of the Pacific Northwest Region. Currently, there are 39 incorporated cities within King County.

King County operates under a Home Rule Charter adopted by a vote of the citizens of King County in 1968 and is organized under the Council-Executive form of county government. The Metropolitan King County Council is the policy-making legislative body of the County. The Council's thirteen members are elected by district to four-year staggered terms and serve on a full-time basis. The County Council sets tax levies, makes appropriations, and adopts and approves the annual operating and capital budgets for the County. Other elected County officials include the County Executive, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, Assessor, and Judges. Except for the Sheriff and Judges, all of these are partisan positions, elected at large to four-year terms.

The County Executive serves as the chief executive officer for the County. The County Executive presents to the Council annual statements of the County's financial and governmental affairs, the proposed budget and capital improvement plans. The County Executive signs, or causes to be signed on behalf of the County, all deeds, contracts, and other instruments, and appoints the director of each of eight executive departments.

King County provides some services on a countywide regional basis and some local services only to unincorporated areas. Within appropriate jurisdictions, the County provides public transportation, road construction and maintenance, water quality, flood control, parks and recreation facilities and services, court services, law enforcement, inquests, tax assessments and collections, fire inspections, planning, zoning, animal control, criminal detention, rehabilitative services, public health care, election administration, and the processing and disposal of solid waste. In addition, the County has contracts with some cities to provide local services to incorporated areas of the County.

The reporting entity "King County" includes three component units, the Harborview Medical Center, the Washington State Major Leagues Baseball Stadium Public Facilities District (PFD), and the Flood Control Zone Districts Fund. The Harborview Medical center, the history of which dates back to 1877, is a comprehensive 330-bed health care facility operated by the University of Washington since 1967 under a management contract. The physical plant is owned by the County. The PFD is responsible for overseeing the operation of the new baseball stadium. The Flood Control Zone Districts Fund accounts for the undertaking, operation, or maintenance of flood control projects or storm water control projects that are of special benefit to specified areas of the County.

Most funds in this report pertain to the entity King County Government. Certain Agency Funds pertain to the County's custodianship of assets belonging to independent governments and special districts. (These funds are not shown in the budget books.) Under State statute and the County's Home Rule Charter, the King County Executive is the ex officio treasurer of all special purpose districts of King County, but not of cities and towns. As provided by County ordinance, the Finance Director is responsible for the duties of the comptroller and treasurer. Monies received from or for the special purpose districts are deposited in a central bank account. The

Manager of the Finance and Business Operations Divisions invests or disburses monies according to the instructions of the respective special purposes districts governing body or administrative officer.¹

The table on the following page shows the number of governmental entities within geographical King County, as well as the number of elected officials. It is with these jurisdictions that the County is negotiating on which governments should deliver which services, and how those services can be paid for. Potentially, the most important subject of this forum is the transition of King County into a true regional service provider as well as fulfilling Washington State's growth management goal that all urban areas be part of a city.

Organizational Chart

An appropriation unit is a legal entity authorized by the County Council to make expenditures and to incur obligations for specific purposes. Examples of appropriations units are Boundary Review Board, Office of the Prosecuting Attorney, Public Health, and Solid Waste. At King County, appropriation units are budgeted on a calendar year basis.

Similar appropriation units are combined together to make up a department. For example, the Department of Transportation is made up of the following similar appropriation units: Transit, Road Services, Fleet Administration, and Transportation Planning and Administration. The departments are headed by a director, who reports directly to the two Assistant County Executives. Each director is a member of the Executive's Cabinet.

A program area is a grouping of County appropriation units (agencies) or departments with related Countywide goals. Under each program area, individual agencies or departments participate in activities to support the program area goals. The budget process distinguishes between six program areas: Physical Environment, General Government, Health and Human Services, Law, Safety and Justice, Debt Service and Capital Projects. Debt Service and Capital Improvement are not shown on the County organizational chart.

¹ Source: King County "Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, pg vii –viii, 2001.

**ELECTED OFFICIALS OF
KING COUNTY**

KING COUNTY EXECUTIVE

Ron Sims

METROPOLITAN KING COUNTY COUNCIL

Carolyn Edmonds, First District
Cynthia Sullivan, Second District
Kathy Lambert, Third District
Larry Phillips, Fourth District
Dwight Pelz, Fifth District
Rob McKenna, Sixth District
Pete von Reichbauer, Seventh District
Dow Constantine, Eighth District
Kent Pullen, Ninth District
Larry Gossett, Tenth District
Jane Hague, Eleventh District
David Irons, Twelfth District
Julia Patterson, Thirteenth District

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

Norm Maleng

ASSESSOR

Scott Noble

SUPERIOR COURT

Richard Eadie, Presiding Judge

DISTRICT COURT

Wesley SaintClair, Presiding Judge

SHERIFF

Dave Reichert

King County Boards and Commissions

Boards and commissions are designed to give citizens a voice in their government and provide a means of influencing decisions that shape the quality of life we in the Northwest enjoy. Whether your interests revolve around animal issues, recycling, transportation, or water quality, with nearly 60 groups to choose from, King County has something for everyone.

Each board/commission has a staff member who acts as a liaison between the board/commission and the King County Executive's Office. The staff liaison is responsible for coordinating the group's recruitment and forwarding names to the King County Executive, who makes the final selection. The King County Council confirms the Executive's appointments. Following is a list of Boards & Commissions for King County.

Appeal Groups

Appeals & Equalization, Board of
Building Code Advisory and Appeals Board
Civil Service Commission
Fire Code Advisory and Appeals Board
Personnel Board
Plumbing Board of Appeals
Water System Review, King County Board of

Management Groups

Active Sports and Youth Recreation Commission
Alcoholism & Substance Abuse Administrative Board, King County
Arts Commission, King County
Boating Advisory Commission
Boundary Review Board
Charter Review Commission (Meets every 10 years, Reconvenes in 2006)
Conservation Futures Citizen Oversight Committee
Department of Adult & Juvenile Detention Community Relations Board
Deferred Compensation Board
Economic Enterprise Corporation Board of Directors
Employee Charitable Campaign Committee
Fire Investigation Oversight Committee
Government Access Channel Oversight Committee
Harborview Medical Center Board of Trustees
Health, Seattle-King County Board of
HIV/AIDS Planning Council
Housing Authority Board of Commissioners, King County

Landmarks & Heritage Commission, King County
Library District Board of Trustees, King County

Museum of Flight Authority Board of Directors, King County
Noxious Weed Control Board

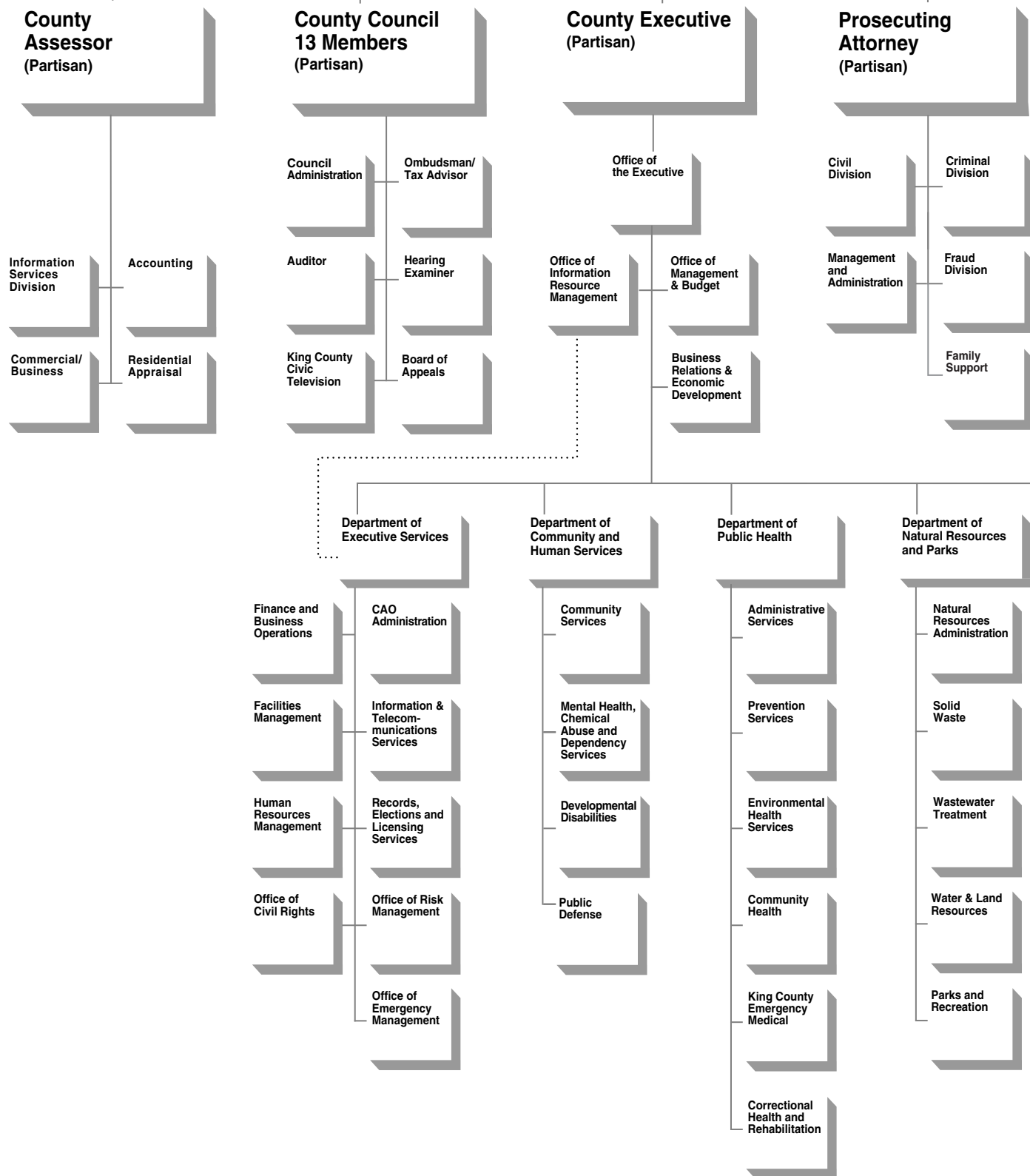
Rural Forest Commission
Washington State Major League Baseball Stadium Public Facilities District

Advisory Groups

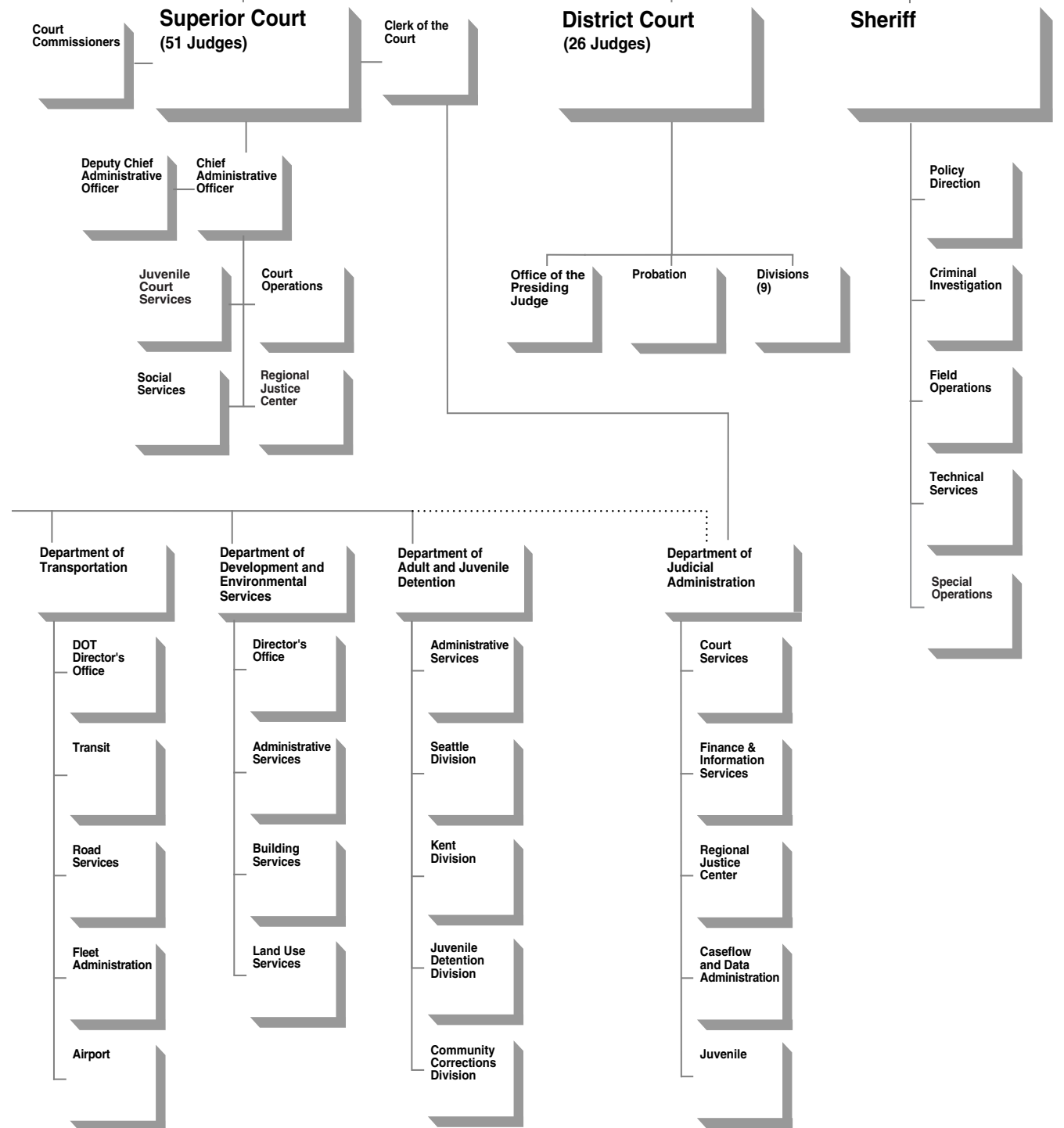
Accessible Services Advisory Committee
Aging and Disability Services, Seattle-King County Advisory Council on
Agriculture Commission, King County
Animal Control Citizens Advisory Committee
Children & Family Commission, King County
Civil Rights Commission
Cultural Education Advisory Committee, King County
Developmental Disabilities, Board for
East King County Groundwater Protection Committee
EEO/AA Advisory Committee
Emergency Management Advisory Committee
Ethics, Board of
Fair Board, King County
Fall City Stakeholders Group
Ferry Advisory Committees – Seattle & Fauntleroy
Flood Control Zone District Advisory Board, Patterson Creek
International Airport Roundtable
Livestock Oversight Committee
Mental Health Advisory Board
Public Art Commission, King County
Regional Communications Board
Regional Justice Center Citizen Advisory Committee
Section 504/American with Disabilities Act Advisory Committee, King County
Solid Waste Advisory Committee, King County
Snoqualmie Watershed Forum
Transit Advisory Committee
Vashon-Maury Island Groundwater Protection Committee
Veterans' Advisory Board
Women's Advisory Board, King County

[Link to Main Organizational Chart, 178 KB .pdf](#)

The Electorate



of King County



Legend
 Split Organizational Structure