West Nile Virus Disease in Pregnancy

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West Nile Virus Disease in Pregnancy

Review of data from 2002

Summary of 2003 pregnancy registry data to date

Conclusions





Case summaries, WNV in pregnancy, United States, 2002

Case	Mat. Age of WNV infection	Trimester infected	Mat. WNV illness	Infant abnorm. at birth	WNV IgM cord blood	WNV RNA placenta	WNV RNA cord
1*	28 yr	2	Neuro- Invasive	Premat., low B/W	Not tested	Not Tested	Not tested
2	39 yr	2	Neuro- Invasive	None noted	_	Not tested	-
3	30 yr	2	Uncompl. Fever	None noted	-	1	1
4	32 yr	3	Neuro- Invasive	None Noted	-	1	Not tested
5	20 yr	3	Neuro- invasive	Severe CNS	+	+	+





2002: First Documented Case of Intrauterine Transmission of WNV

- 20 y/o in 27th week of pregnancy
- Fever, headache, blurred vision, back pain, abdominal pain, vomiting
- Fetal heart rate increased, sonogram normal
- Fever abated, persistent weakness, hyporeflexia, discharged AMA
- Readmitted post falling, fetal monitoring normal



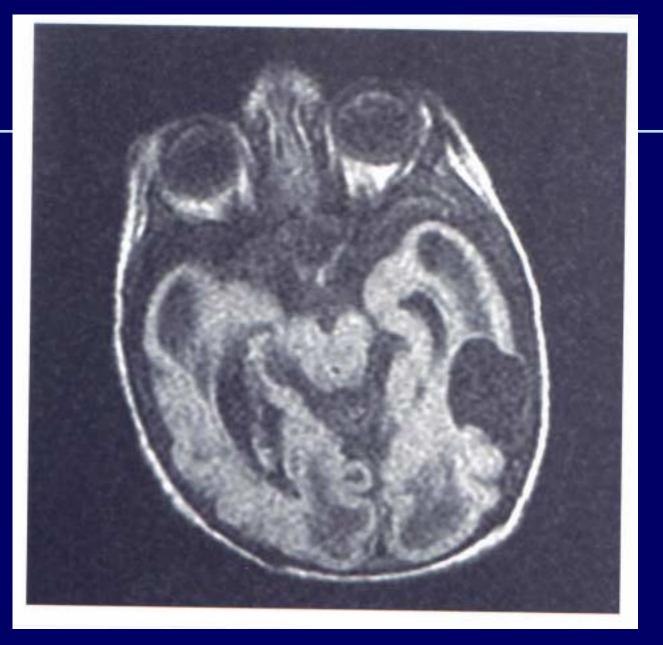


2002: First Documented Case of Intrauterine Transmission of WNV (cont)

- Mother serum and CSF WNV IgM pos
- Mother CSF PCR neg WNV, EV, and HSV
- Live infant born at 38 weeks, weight AGA and normal appearance
- Bilateral chorioretinitis
- Cystic cerebral tissue destruction in temporal lobe, bilateral white matter loss in occipital and temporal lobes



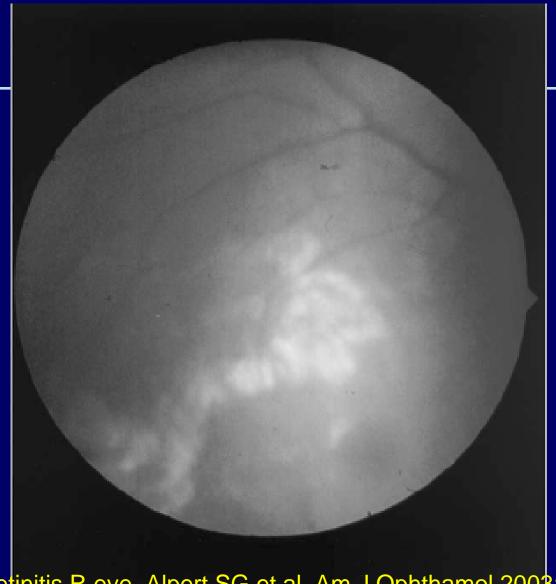






Cystic cerebral tissue destruction and white matter loss. Alpert SG et al. Am J Ophthamol 2003;136:733-5





Choriore initis R eye. Alpert SG et al. Am J Ophthamol 2003;136:733-5



2002: First Documented Case of Intrauterine Transmission of WNV (cont)

- WNV IgM pos cord blood, heelstick, and CSF (with RBCs)
- Infant CSF PCR neg WNV, EV and HSV
- Infant serum IgG pos / IgM neg CMV, urine culture CMV neg
- Serology toxoplasmosis and LCM neg
- Placenta and cord WNV PCR pos; culture neg





Summary of 2003 West Nile Virus Pregnancy Registry Data





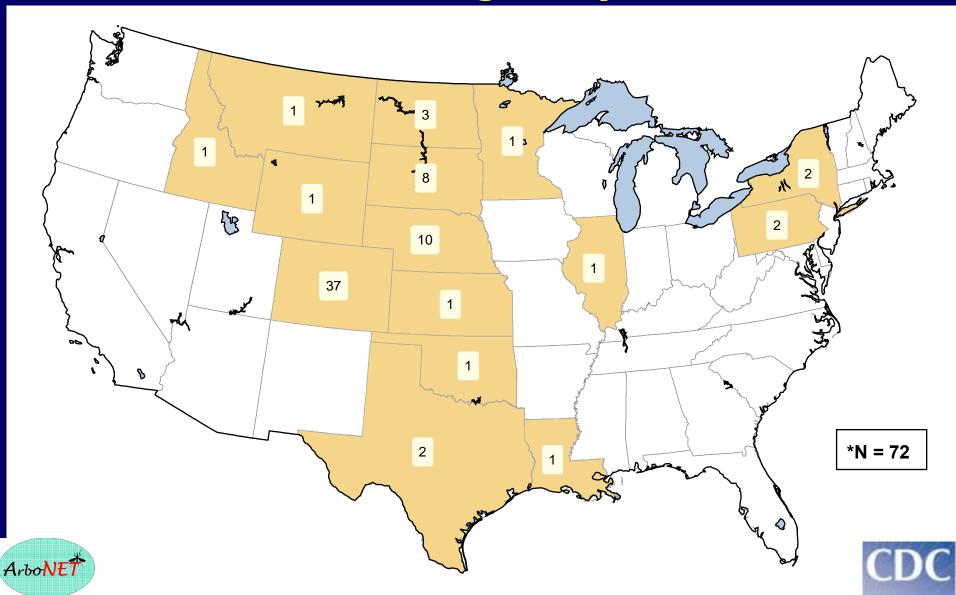
2003 WNV Pregnancy Registry

- Collaboration with clinicians / state health departments
- Pregnancies complicated by WNV illness reported to CDC
- Clinical status of mother and infant collected following informed consent
- Placenta, umbilical cord, cord blood, and breastmilk collected at time of delivery

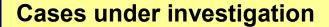




Active Investigations* of Human WNV Cases in Pregnancy, 2003



Trimester of suspected WNV infection



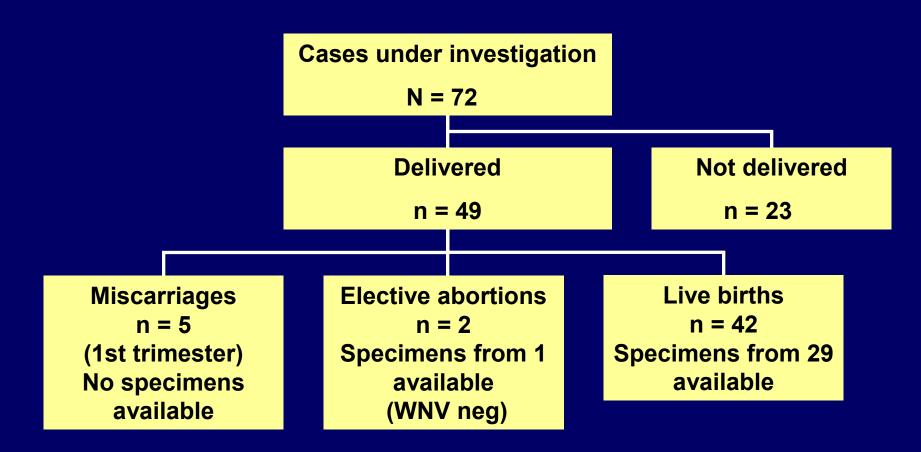
$$N = 72$$

1st trimester n = 24 2nd trimester n = 21 3rd trimester n = 23 unknown n = 4





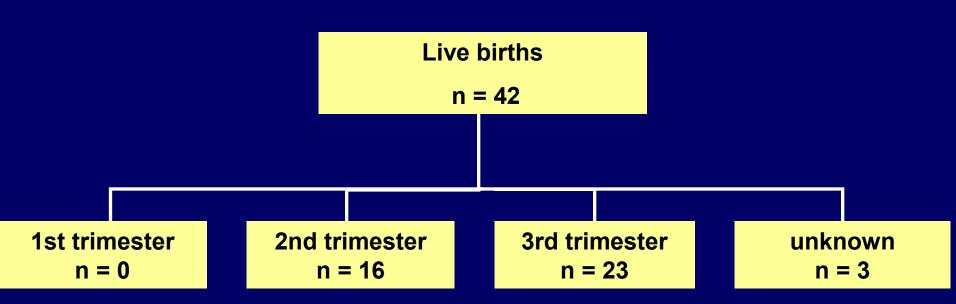
Pregnancy outcomes as of January 30, 2004







Trimester of suspected WNV infection among 42 women delivering live infants as of January 30, 2004



Specimens have been tested from 29 of 42 live births to-date





Laboratory results for 29 of 42 live births following pregnancies complicated by WNV, United States, 2003

	lgM*	TaqMan*	IHC*	Total*
Maternal serum	16/28	0/8	NT	16/28
Cord serum	1/28	0/28	NT	1/28
Placental tissue	NT	1/28	0/1	1/29
Cord tissue	NT	0/28	0/1	0/29
Breast milk		1/22	NT	1/22





Outcomes of 42 live births following pregnancies complicated by WNV infection, United States, 2003

- Twenty-eight infants apparently normal at delivery
- For 3 infants the condition at delivery is unknown
- Five infants with major abnormalities: cleft palate (1), Down's syndrome (1), lissencephaly (1), microcephaly (2)
- Four infants with minor abnormalities: rash (3), skin tags (1)
- Two infants born premature
- One infant had laboratory evidence of intrauterine WNV infection without clinical illness
- Three infants had laboratory evidence of WNV infection that could have been acquired *in utero* but were unconfirmed (specimen timing)





Outcome summary

- In 2003, four infants born to mothers infected with WNV in pregnancy have laboratory evidence of WNV infection:
 - One infant had WNV IgM in cord blood suggesting intrauterine transmission
 - Three infants had WNV infection that could have been acquired in utero but unconfirmed (specimen timing)
- Four case histories follow:





Infant case history # 1

- 18 y/o Native American G4P3
- West Nile fever onset at 33 wks GA
- Emergency C-section at 37 wks GA
- Infant assessment
 - Facial skin tags
 - Otherwise normal-appearing





Infant case history # 1 (cont)

- Laboratory analysis
 - TORCH testing not performed
 - Cord blood WNV IgM pos / PRNT pos / PCR neg
 - Cord, placenta, breast milk WNV PCR neg
 - Heel stick serum at 1 m/o WNV IgM neg
 - Serology of PKU paper WNV antibody neg
- Infant normal at 2 m/o





Infant case history # 2

- 32 y/o Native American G3P3
- West Nile fever onset at 37 wks GA
- Vaginal delivery at 40 wks GA
- Normal—appearing infant discharged at 2 d/o





Infant case history # 2 (cont)

- Twitching and bilateral extension of upper extremities at 6 d/o
- Admitted at 17 d/o (fever on day of admission by history only)
- CSF, 300 WBC's, WNV IgM-positive
- Imaging studies: lissencephaly, cerebral calcifications and cystic changes
- Infant died at ≈ 6 w/o
- Autopsy tissues negative for WNV by IHC





Infant case history # 3

- 32 y/o Caucasian G2P1
- Maternal onset of fever at 39 wks GA
- Induced vaginal delivery 3 days post-onset
 - Mother afebrile at delivery
 - Maculopapular rash on legs, trunk
 - WBC 23,000 with left shift
 - Blood culture positive group B Streptococcus
 - Amniotic fluid normal-appearing





Infant case history # 3 (cont)

- Infant assessment
 - Afebrile
 - Mild nuchal rigidity
 - Macular rash on face and trunk; resolved in 36 hrs
- Blood and placental cultures: no growth
- Discharged; breastfeeding





Infant case history # 3 (cont)

- Laboratory analysis
 - TORCH testing not performed
 - Placenta WNV IHC neg
 - Mother's serum at 2 d post delivery WNV IgM pos; infant serum unavailable at delivery
 - Infant serum 2 m/o WNV IgM / PRNT pos
 - Breast milk 3 wk post delivery WNV IgM, IgG, and PCR neg
- Infant normal at 2 mo age





Infant case history # 4

- 19 y/o Caucasian G2P1
- Onset fever and rash at 37 wks GA
- Vaginal delivery 6 days post-onset
 - Mother afebrile at delivery
 - Residual rash
- Infant assessment normal
- Discharged; breastfeeding
- Maternal WNV IgM neg at 3 days pre-delivery and pos 6 days post-delivery





Infant case history # 4 (cont)

- Infant developed fever, rash and drowsiness at 9 d/o
 - Breastfeeding discontinued

 Infant hospitalized at 10 d/o; WNV IgM pos in CSF and serum

TORCH testing not performed





Infant case history # 4 (cont)

- Placenta / cord: WNV PCR neg
- Cord blood: WNV IgM, PRNT and PCR neg
- Breast milk WNV IgM pos / PCR neg at 4 wk post-delivery
- Infant normal at 2 m/o





Conclusions

In 2003:

- 72 ongoing investigations of WNV disease among pregnant women
- One instance with laboratory evidence of intrauterine WNV transmission without apparent infant abnormalities
- One infant fatality following lissencephaly and superimposed WNV infection that might have occurred in utero
- Two other possible instances of possible intrauterine WNV infection: one associated with neonatal rash and one with neonatal neuroinvasive disease





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