



## 5.1 Approach to Auditing Data Access

Daniel Mellen - Accenture Security

Tuesday October 17<sup>th</sup>, 2006

10:00am - 11:15am

Salon D/E

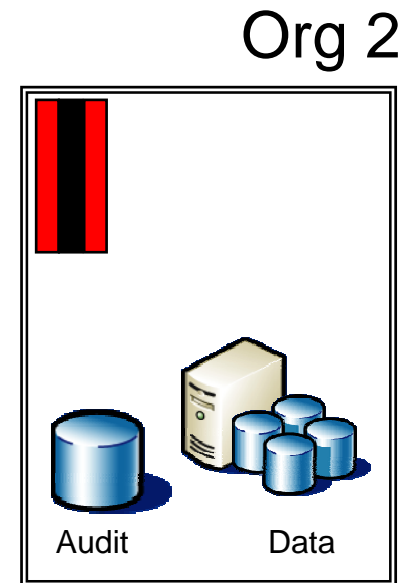
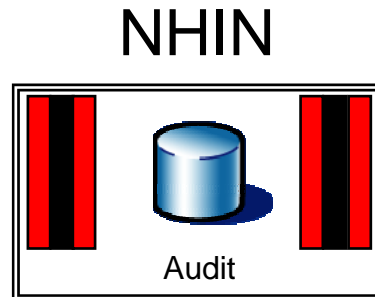
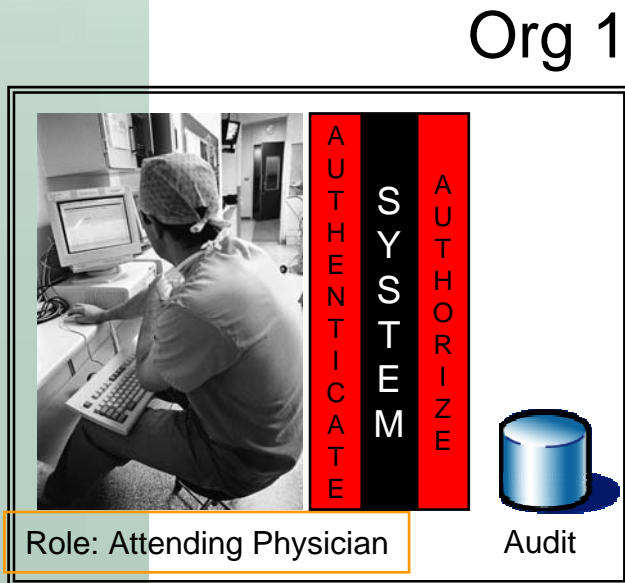


# 5.1 Approaches to Auditing Data Access - Context

Key Words:

- role based access controls
- incoming access
- outgoing requests
- what data

Simple Transaction: Physician requests and retrieves patient data from remote organization.



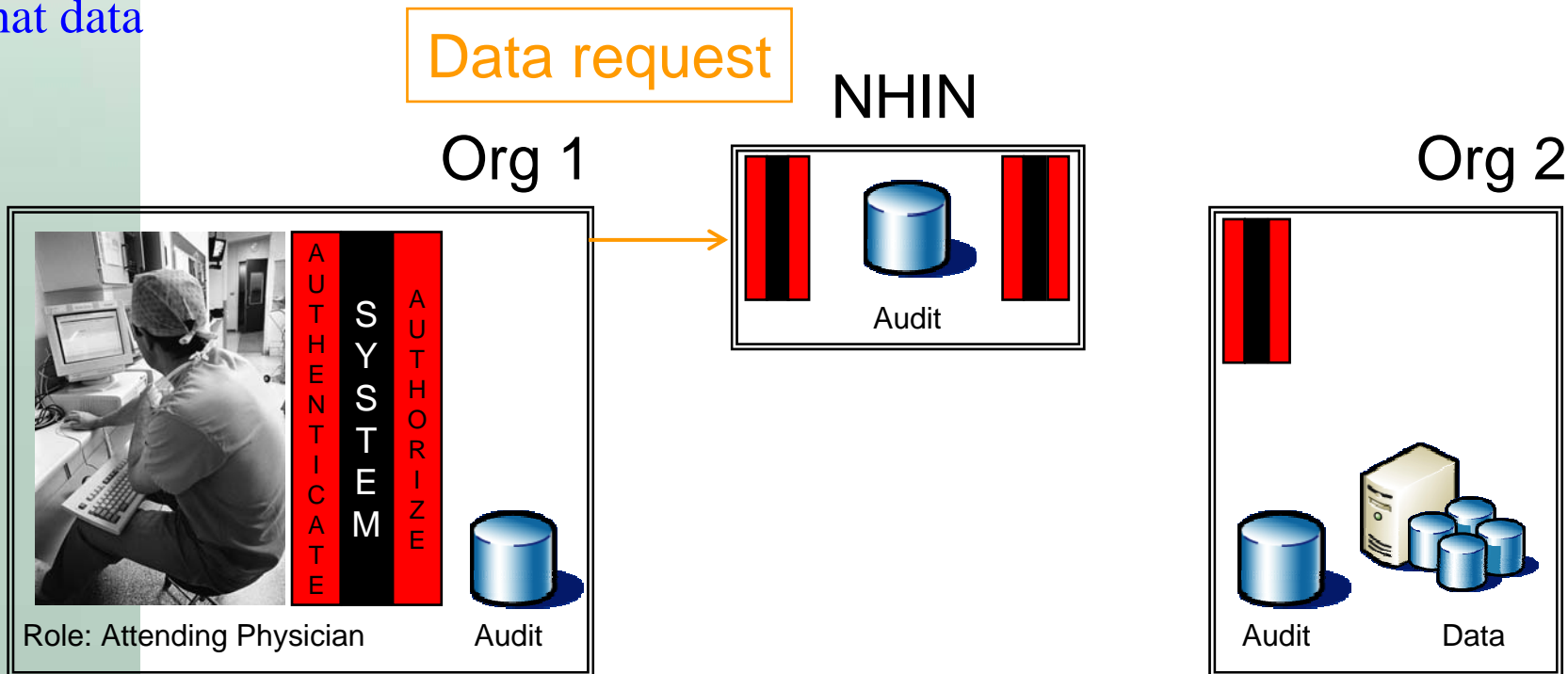


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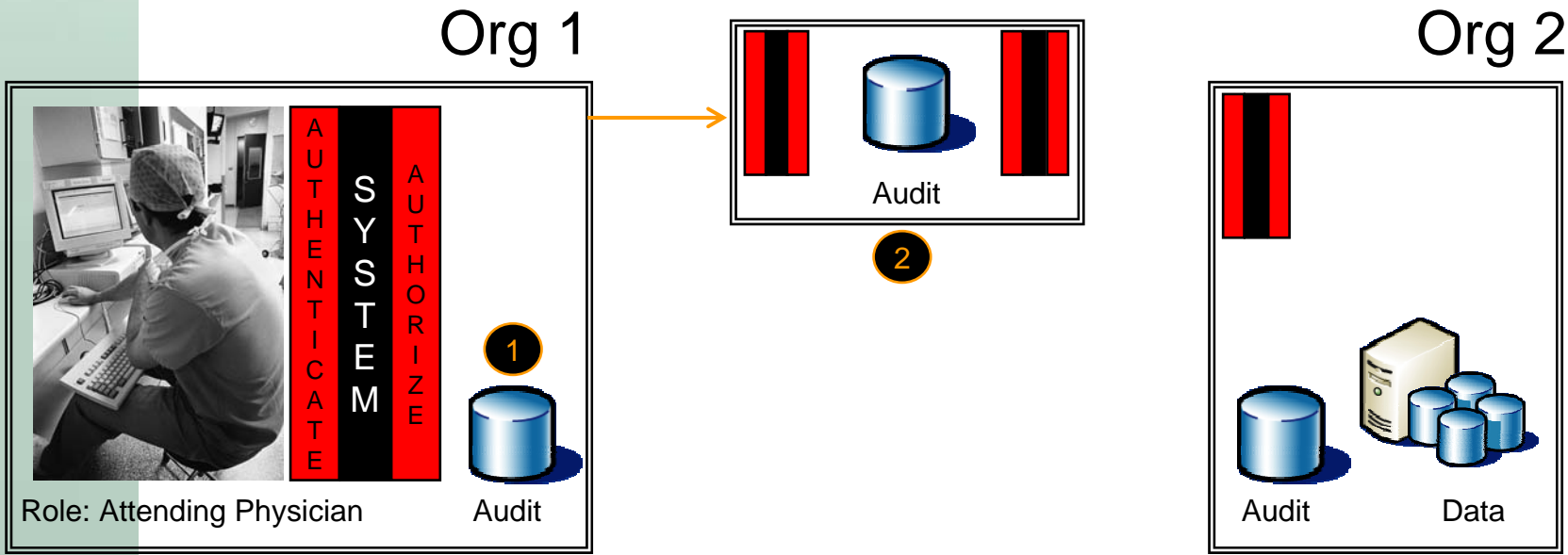
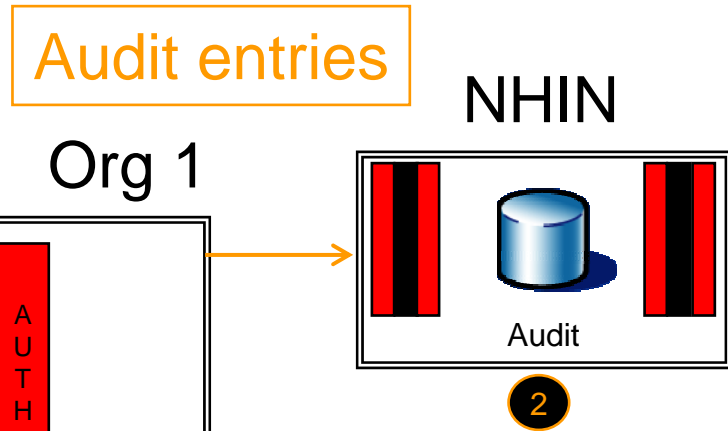
role based access controls

incoming access **2**

outgoing requests **1**

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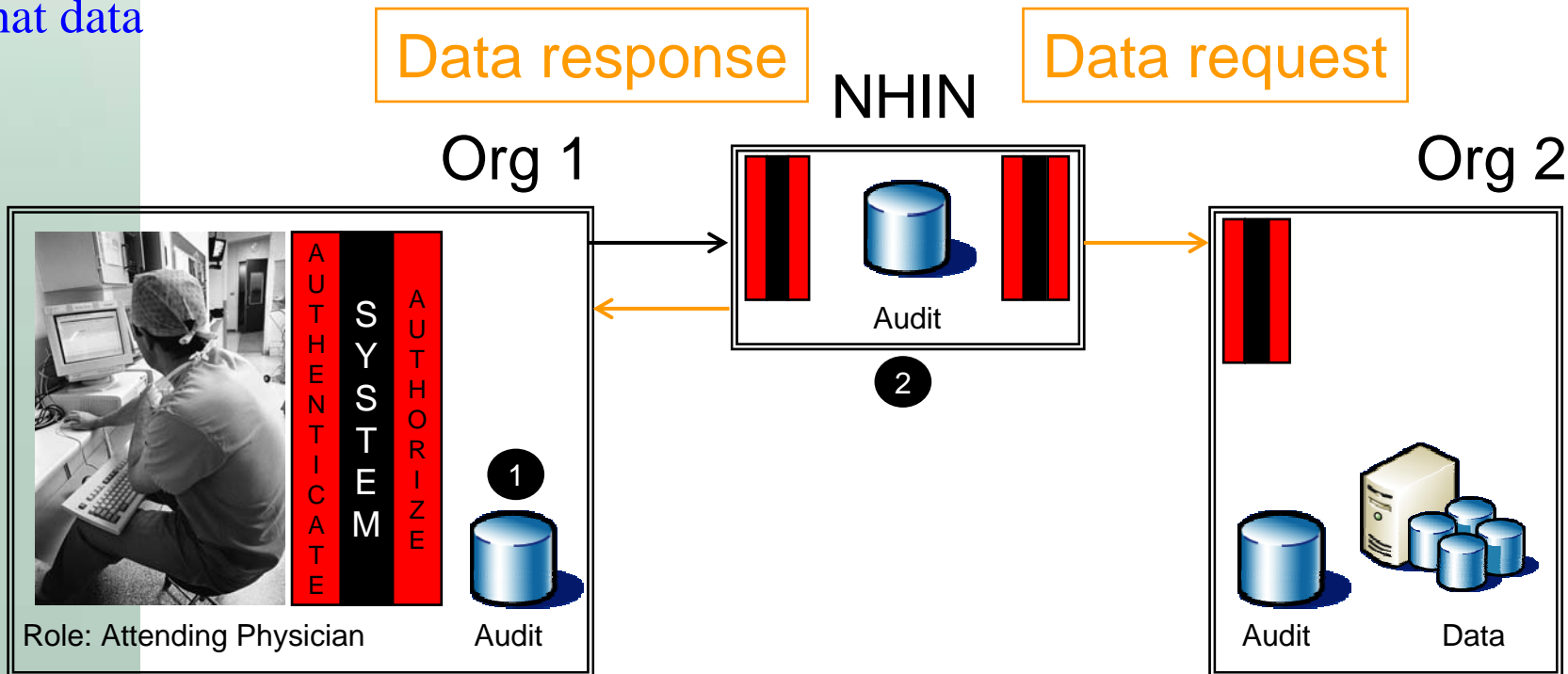
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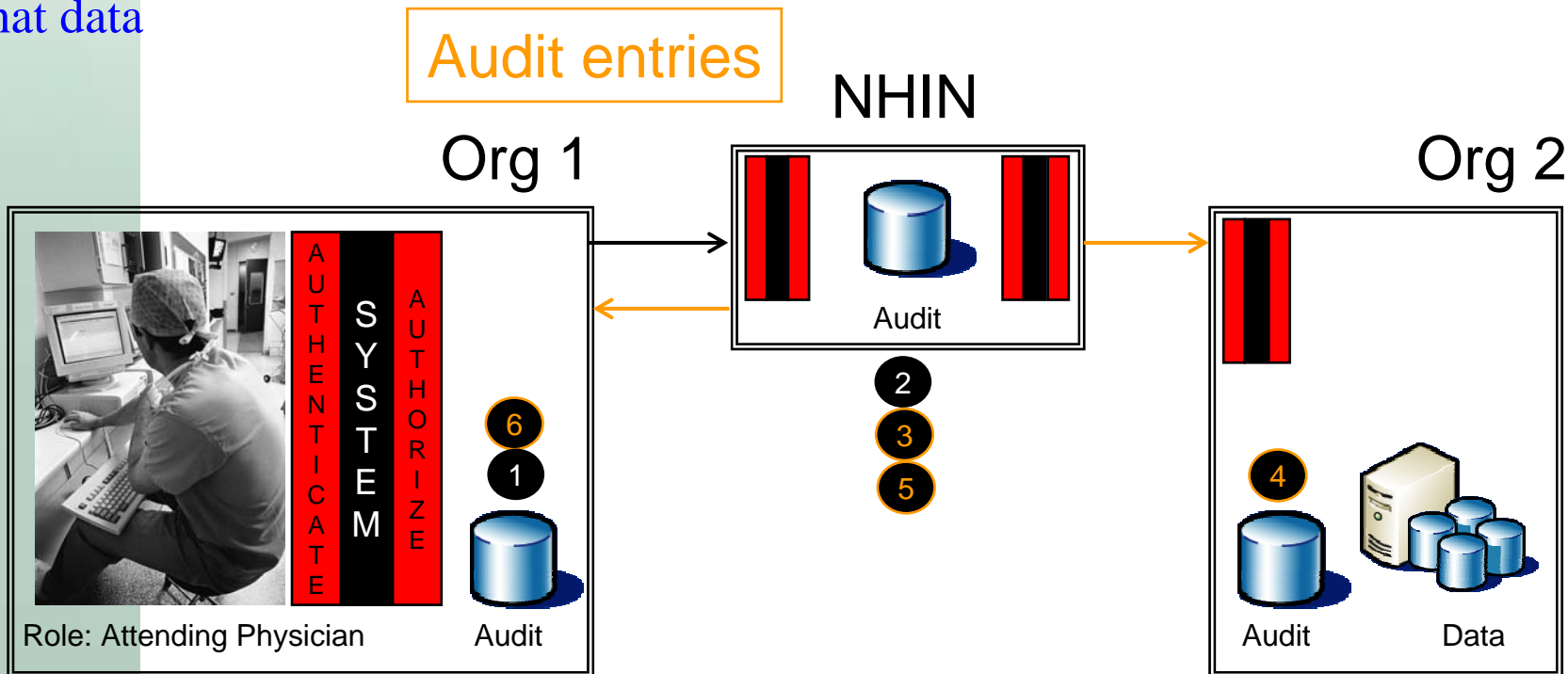
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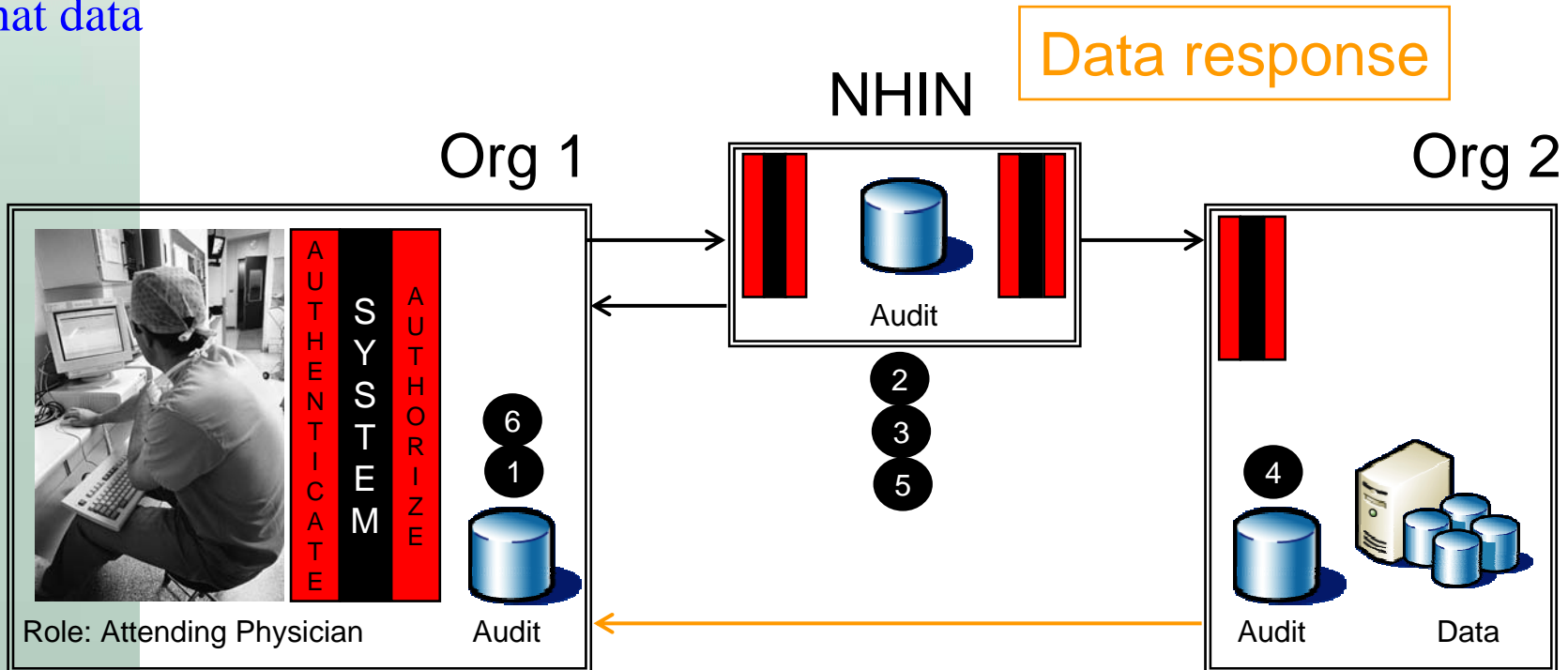
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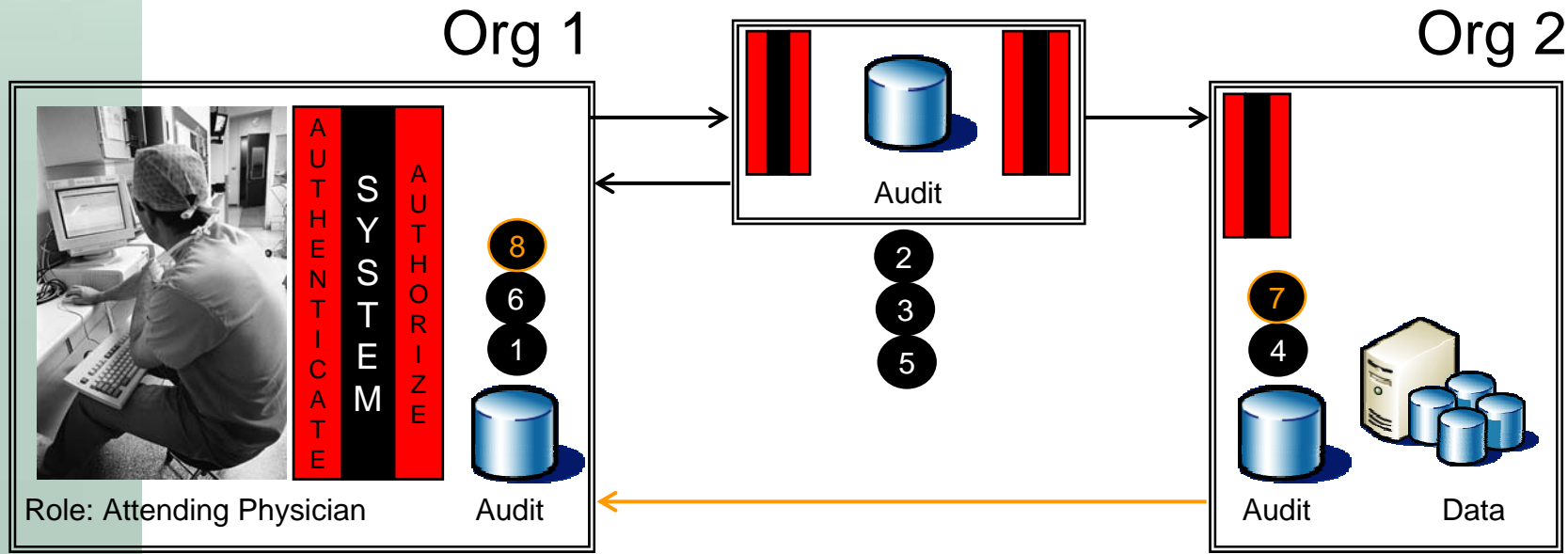
incoming access **2 4 6 8**

outgoing requests **1 3 5 7**

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Audit entries







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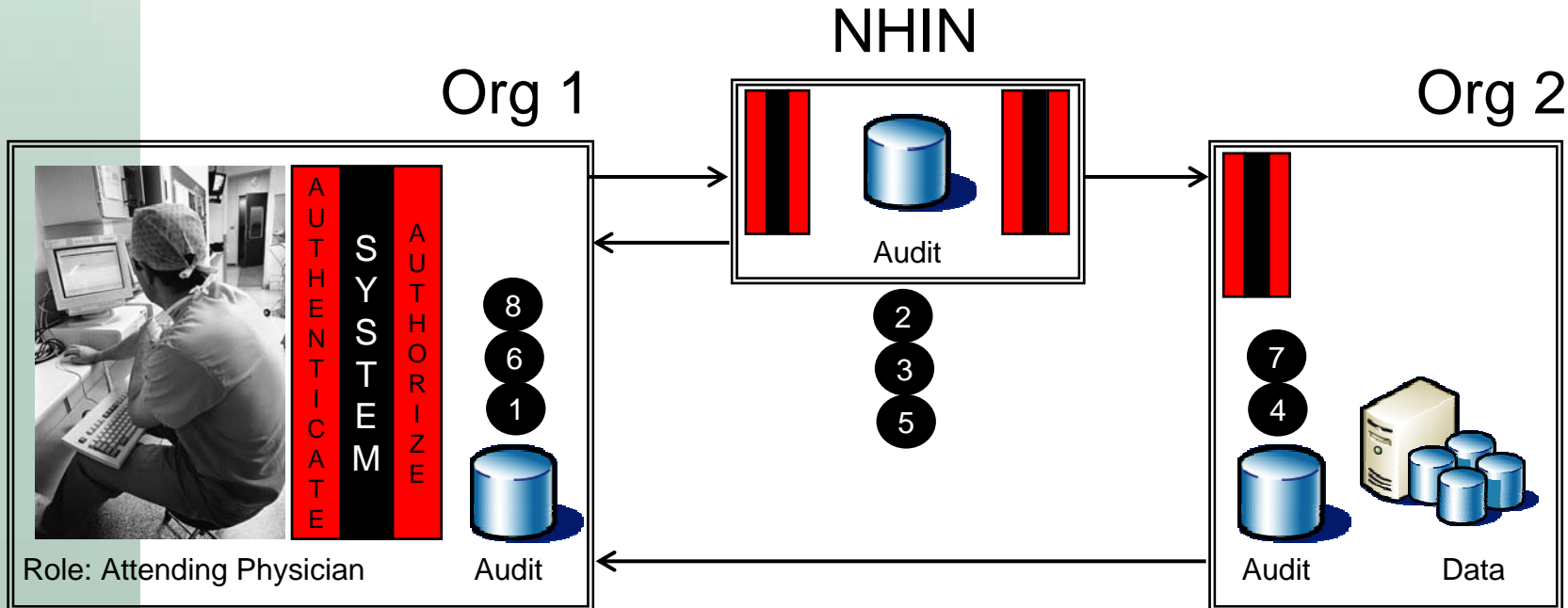
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## 5.1 Approaches to Auditing Data Access - Issue #1

- Types of data that need to be included in messages in order to support the audit activities of entities involved in the data exchange process.

### Minimum data set:

- Date and Time
- Origin of authentication technique
- Type of event
- Outcome of the event
- Credential of the person or system
- Role of person or system
- Identifier of targeted resource
- Type of action (read, update, delete, create)
- Summary data
- DNS/IP/MAC address
- PKI Certificate
- Verification hash

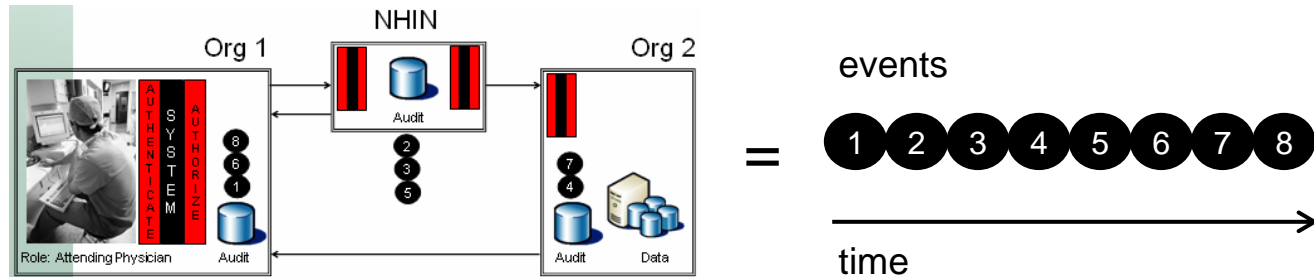
- **Pros**
- Consistent audit language
- Enables aggregation / sharing
- Reactive accountability
- Eases cross-entity investigations

- **Cons**
- Requires system integration / modification
- Requires additional processing & storage
- Introduces complexity into messaging



## 5.1 Approaches to Auditing Data Access - Issue #2

- Needs to connect audit information to create a coordinated view across multiple settings.



- Pros**
- End to end transaction visibility
- Accountability across multiple settings
- Value added trending / predictive analysis

- Cons**
- Requires multiple organization cooperation
- Lack of control over released data
- Implied participant trust
- Aggregation / Analysis requires more effort



## 5.1 Approaches to Auditing Data Access - Issue #3

- Alerting needs for auditable events.

- **Pros**

- Decreases potential for damage / disclosure
- Establishes a baseline threshold for event types
- Increases automation and time to discovery
- Focuses attention to system / user behavior
- Initiates trending activity
- Establishes communication protocol

- **Cons**

- Increases effort beyond current state
  - Resources +
  - Technology +
  - O & M +
  - = Cost (\$)
- Requires consensus agreement on thresholds
- Introduces potential for false-positives and desensitization