MONITORING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE REVIEW SYSTEM NOTEBOOK



The American Dream Belongs to Everyone.

ADMINISTRATION ON DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES
Administration for Children and Families
United States Department of Health and Human Services

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS	
PREFACE	6
SECTION 1	7
Overview of the DD Act and ADD	7
The DD Act	
Developmental Disabilities	7
ADD	8
SECTION 2	10
Monitoring and Technical Assistance Review System (MTARS)	10
Overview of the MTARS	10
MTARS Monitoring Elements	
Program Compliance	
Accountability and Achievement of Program Goals	
Program Collaboration Fiscal Management	
Technical Assistance	
Program Innovation	
Self-assessment Checklists	
MTARS Activities and Phases	
SECTION 3	16
MTARS Team	16
MTARS Team Structure	16
Selection of Non-federal Team Members	19
Team Member Responsibilities	
Standards of Conduct	21
SECTION 4	22
Planning Activities	22
The Planning Phase	22
Selecting States to Review	
Planning Activities	
Training MTARS Reviewers	23
SECTION 5	24
Pre-Site Visit Activities	
Site Visit Notification	
ADD Staff Assignments and Preparations	
Recruitment of MTARS Team Members	

	25
Process for Completing the Self-Assessment Checklists	26
Step 1: Program Lead and Grantee discuss how to complete the checklists	28
Step 2: Grantee Completes Checklists and Sends to Program Team	28
Step 3: MTARS team members review the materials submitted by the grantee	28
Step 5: Grantee and Program Team Teleconference	29
Fiscal Review Guidance	
Joint Entrance Meeting Videoconference	30
Public Forum Preparation	32
Site Visit Agenda	
Other Site Visit Preparations	33
SECTION 6	34
MTARS Site Visit	
Purpose of the Site Visit	
Meetings	
Program Team Meetings	
MTARS Team Meetings	
Public Forum	
Interviews	
The Interview Process	
P&A Case Record Review	
Note-taking	38
SECTION 7	39
	20
Post-Site Visit Activities	35
Post-Site Visit Activities	
Post-Site Visit Activities	39
Development of the Final Report	39 39
Development of the Final Report	39 39 43
Development of the Final Report	39 39 43
Development of the Final Report	39 39 43 44
Development of the Final Report Process and Timeframes for Developing the Final Report Report Distribution Response to MTARS Report Content of the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Submitting the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Implementing the Corrective Action Plan	
Development of the Final Report Process and Timeframes for Developing the Final Report Report Distribution Response to MTARS Report Content of the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Submitting the Corrective Action Plan	
Development of the Final Report Process and Timeframes for Developing the Final Report Report Distribution Response to MTARS Report Content of the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Submitting the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Implementing the Corrective Action Plan Evaluating the Implementation of the Corrective Action Plan	
Development of the Final Report Process and Timeframes for Developing the Final Report Report Distribution Response to MTARS Report Content of the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Submitting the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Implementing the Corrective Action Plan Evaluating the Implementation of the Corrective Action Plan TAB A – COMMONLY USED ACRONYMS	3943444545
Development of the Final Report Process and Timeframes for Developing the Final Report Report Distribution Response to MTARS Report Content of the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Submitting the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Implementing the Corrective Action Plan Evaluating the Implementation of the Corrective Action Plan TAB A – COMMONLY USED ACRONYMS	3943444545
Development of the Final Report	3942444546
Development of the Final Report Process and Timeframes for Developing the Final Report Report Distribution Response to MTARS Report Content of the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Submitting the Corrective Action Plan Timeframes for Implementing the Corrective Action Plan	3943444546
Development of the Final Report	394244454648

TAB C.4 - STATE COUNCILS ON DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES FISCAL REVIEW CHECKLIST77
TAB C.5 - COUNCIL CHAIR CHECKLIST82
TAB D.1 – P&A COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST84
TAB D.2 – P&A PROGRAM OPERATION AND PRACTICES CHECKLIST97
TAB D.3 - PROTECTION & ADVOCACY BEST OR INNOVATIVE PRACTICES CHECKLIST101
TAB D.4 - PROTECTION & ADVOCACY SYSTEM CASE FILE REVIEW105
TAB D.5 - PROTECTION & ADVOCACY SYSTEM FISCAL REVIEW CHECKLIST108
TAB E.1 - UCEDD COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST113
TAB E.2 – UCEDD PROGRAM OPERATIONS AND PRACTICES CHECKLIST128
TAB E.3 - UCEDD BEST OR INNOVATIVE PRACTICES CHECKLIST136
TAB E.4 - UCEDD FISCAL REVIEW CHECKLIST140
TAB E.5 – UCEDD PROGRAM OPERATIONS AND PRACTICES CHECKLIST FOR THE CONSUMER ADVISORY COMMITTEE146
TAB F – TIPS FOR EFFECTIVE TEAM WORK175
TAB G – SAMPLE CONFERENCE CALL AGENDA176
TAB H – MTARS HOTEL AMENITIES CHECKLIST178
TAB I – MTARS TEAM COORDINATOR CHECKLIST179
TAB J – PROGRAM TEAM LEAD CHECKLIST185
TAB K – FORMAT OF THE CONTACT SHEET FOR MTARS TEAM MEMBERS

AGENDA	193
TAB M – SAMPLE NOTICE OF PUBLIC FORUM	194
TAB N - SAMPLE ON-SITE MEETING SCHEDULE	195
TAB O – PUBLIC FORUM CHECKLIST	198
TAB P – INTERVIEW TIPS	
Sample Council Questions	
Sample Protection and Advocacy System Questions	208
Sample UCEDD Questions	215
TAB Q – NOTE-TAKING TIPS	219
TAB R – FORMAT FOR MTARS REPORT	220
TAB S – SAMPLE COVER LETTER FOR THE MTARS REPORT	222

PREFACE

This notebook provides guidance on the Monitoring and Technical Assistance Review System (MTARS). The notebook is intended to be used as a guide by ADD staff who manage MTARS and by MTARS reviewers who conduct the site visit activities. The notebook is also designed to help Councils, P&As, and UCEDDs prepare for and participate in MTARS activities.

The MTARS notebook describes procedures for every stage of the MTARS process, from selecting grantee sites to review through follow-up activities after the monitoring visit. It is organized into the following seven sections:

- 1) Section 1: Overview of the DD Act and ADD
- 2) Section 2: Monitoring and Technical Assistance Review System
- 3) Section 3: MTARS Team
- 4) Section 4: Planning Activities
- 5) Section 5: Pre-Site Visit Activities
- 6) Section 6: MTARS Site Visit
- 7) Section 7: Post-Site Visit Activities

There are also a number of Tabs at the end of the notebook that provide additional information and resources related to MTARS. There is a list of acronyms in *Tab A* and the glossary in *Tab B* that will help with understanding words and concepts associated with MTARS that appear in the notebook.

SECTION 1

Overview of the DD Act and ADD

The DD Act

The Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-402) (DD Act) contains three complimentary grant programs designed to assist individuals with developmental disabilities in reaching their maximum potential through increased independence, productivity, inclusion, and community integration. The three grant programs are:

- 1) State Councils on Developmental Disabilities (Councils)
- 2) Protection and Advocacy (P&As) Systems
- 3) University Centers for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities (UCEDDs)

The DD Act also includes the *Projects of National Significance* (PNS), which is a discretionary grant program. PNS grant projects do not fall under MTARS, but are reviewed through an alternate process.

Developmental Disabilities

There are approximately 4.5 million individuals with developmental disabilities in the United States. Developmental disabilities (DD) are severe, life-long disabilities attributable to mental and/or physical impairments, manifested before age 22. Developmental disabilities result in substantial limitations in three or more areas of major life activities:

- self-care
- receptive and expressive language
- learning
- mobility
- self-direction
- capacity for independent living
- economic self-sufficiency

Without appropriate services and supports, the choices open to people with developmental disabilities including where they live, work, and play are minimal. Limited options lead to people being isolated rather than fully integrated and included in the mainstream of society. Persons with developmental disabilities often require individually

planned and coordinated services and supports. In order to live successfully in the community they need services and supports related to housing, employment, education, civil and human rights protection, health care, transportation, and recreation.

ADD

The Administration on Developmental Disabilities (ADD) is the Federal agency responsible for the implementation and administration of the DD Act. Organizationally, ADD is located within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and is part of the Department's Administration for Children and Families. ADD's mission is to improve and increase services to and assure that individuals with developmental disabilities have opportunities to make their own choices, contribute to society, have supports to live independently, and are free of abuse, neglect, financial and sexual exploitation, and violations of their legal and human rights.

State Councils on Developmental Disabilities (Councils)

Councils pursue systems change that promotes improved outcomes for individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. Councils pursue capacity building to develop and expand projects that successfully deliver services and supports. Councils also support advocacy activities that promote self-determination and inclusion in the community. Examples of Council activities include demonstration of new approaches, outreach, training, public education, and providing information to policy-makers.

Protection and Advocacy (P&As) Systems

P&As protect the legal and human rights of individuals with developmental disabilities. P&A strategies include legal, administrative, and other remedies (e.g., mediation and alternative dispute resolution); information and referral; investigation of incidents of abuse and neglect; and education of policy-makers.

University Centers for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities (UCEDDs)

UCEDDs are either components of a university system, or are public or not-for-profit entities associated with a university. UCEDDs are required to carry out four core functions:

- Interdisciplinary pre-service preparation and continuing education
- 2) Community services, which includes services, training, and technical assistance

- 3) Research
- 4) Information dissemination

In terms of its organizational structure, the DD Act requires UCEDDs to be associated with a University. To meet this requirement of the Act, the majority of UCEDDs are "housed" at a University and situated within a major organizational unit of the University, such as a School of Medicine, School of Health Sciences, or a College of Education. Within this unit, the UCEDD functions as an independent entity carrying out the core functions. The UCEDD director reports to the leadership (such as a Dean or Provost) of the organizational unit.

Because they are generally independent entities within an organizational unit of the University, UCEDDs do not recruit and formally admit students to their program. Instead, students are recruited from other academic programs in the University, such as Pediatrics, Nursing, Education, Occupational Therapy, Dentistry, Nutrition, etc. Students will typically spend part of their academic training with the UCEDD.

SECTION 2

Monitoring and Technical Assistance Review System (MTARS)

Overview of the MTARS

The Administration on Developmental Disabilities (ADD) uses the Monitoring and Technical Assistance Review System (MTARS) to evaluate three of its grant programs:

- 1) State Developmental Disabilities Councils (Councils)
- 2) State Protection and Advocacy Systems (P&As)
- 3) University Centers for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities Education, Research and Services (UCEDDs).

Under the terms of the DD Act, ADD must conduct oversight to determine the extent to which grantees are helping individuals with developmental disabilities and their families have more opportunities to live, participate, and contribute to community life.

ADD established the MTARS to monitor individual grant programs, to address areas where grantees may benefit from technical assistance, and to identify innovative practices that may assist other grantees.

The title Monitoring and Technical Assistance Review System was carefully and thoughtfully chosen to show the close relationship between monitoring and technical assistance. MTARS is not strictly a monitoring process, nor is it strictly a technical assistance process, but a balance of the two.

MTARS benefits ADD, the States experiencing an MTARS, and all ADD grantees nationwide. ADD relies on MTARS as a significant component of its Federal stewardship and utilizes the information obtained from MTARS reviews to strengthen its position when justifying its programs to Federal oversight agencies. MTARS recipients learn from reviewers how to become even more effective in bettering the lives of individuals with developmental disabilities. All grantees gain through the sharing of innovative practices that are highlighted through the MTARS process.

In addition, the information collected through the monitoring process helps ADD comply with the requirements of two programs that seek to increase government accountability: the Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) and the Program Assessment Rating Tool (PART). GPRA was enacted by Congress in 1993 to promote program performance and to provide greater accountability for results within Federal government by requiring agencies to develop measurable goals and to report results to Congress. PART was developed by the Office of Management and Budget in 2002 to complement GPRA by more closely aligning budget decisions with performance information. The PART assessment is published as an element of the President's budget and is used to supplement the budget analysis process so that budget decisions reflect a program's performance and effectiveness.

MTARS Monitoring Elements

Since 1999 MTARS has evolved from a primary focus on mere compliance with the law to one that is more dynamic and takes into consideration the following six elements:

- 1) Program compliance with the DD Act
- 2) Accountability and achievement of program goals
- 3) Collaboration with other DD programs within the State
- 4) Fiscal management
- 5) Technical assistance needs
- 6) Innovative practices

This dynamic model reflects the climate of accountability in Federal Government. In this climate, there is an increasing emphasis on justifying programs and budgets by showing their positive impact on people. It is no longer sufficient to only document program compliance by describing procedures or processes. Rather, programs must show how they are achieving goals of the DD Act thereby impacting people with disabilities. This Federal climate expands responsibilities for Federal stewardship. It is also an opportunity to bring more attention to the impact grantees have in the State.

In its role as federal steward, ADD has modified the MTARS process to include a number of elements that capture how programs working alone or in collaboration with the network partners are achieving important outcomes for people with developmental disabilities and their family members. The sections that follow describe in more detail the six different elements of the MTARS.

Program Compliance

ADD is the Federal steward that ensures its programs operate consistent with the Act and with regulations. The program compliance element of the MTARS asks the question: *Are ADD programs doing what the law requires?* The compliance element is concerned with process. Compliance is seen as the minimum at which ADD grantees must operate.

During an MTARS, grantees are asked to demonstrate *compliance* with the law by documenting how each meets requirements regarding such areas as collaboration, program administration, organization administration, evaluation and reports, and fiscal management.

Accountability and Achievement of Program Goals

While it is important to determine compliance with the Act, compliance in and of itself does not guarantee effectiveness in implementing the purpose of the Act. MTARS is also concerned with outcomes and impact. The accountability element of the MTARS asks the question: Are ADD programs making a difference in people's lives?

Grantees are asked to demonstrate *accountability* with program activities based on four principles:

- 1) Responsiveness of grantees to stakeholders, that is the extent to which the grantee seeks and utilizes input from stakeholders (e.g., individuals with developmental disabilities, family members, funding entities, contractors, service providers, policy makers, etc.).
- 2) Relationship between goal and objective setting and actual outcomes, that is the extent to which grantee's goals and objectives are stated in measurable terms and achieved through the implementation of relevant activities that achieve results.
- 3) Impact of ADD grantees on consumers and service systems, that is the kind of difference ADD grantees in a State have made on people and service systems.
- 4) Validation of data, that is ensuring that the data collected by a grantee gives a full and accurate picture of what the grantee is doing.

Program Collaboration

This element of the MTARS asks the question: *Is the DD Network partnering in a strategic way to make a difference in people's lives?*This element is concerned with outcomes and impact from a collaborative perspective. Grantees are asked to provide evidence of *collaboration* with programs in the DD network and by documenting the number of projects having substantive joint efforts among DD programs in the State, the extent of collaboration within a project, the areas addressed by these joint efforts, and the impact of collaboration on project outcomes. MTARS reviewers pay particular attention to grantees' participation in each other's planning process to identify barriers and to pursue collaborative efforts to overcome those barriers.

Fiscal Management

This element of the MTARS asks the question: *Are ADD programs adhering to fiscal management requirements?* The fiscal management element is concerned with monetary tracking and accountability. Grantees are asked to demonstrate *fiscal management* through the appropriate oversight, monitoring, accounting, and use of ADD funds. To this end, they are asked to document fiscal responsibility in the use of federal funds.

Technical Assistance

This element of the MTARS asks the question: What technical assistance will bring ADD Programs into compliance and/or enhance program performance? The technical assistance element is concerned with process and outcomes/impact.

Technical assistance to ADD grantees is not limited to the needs that arise during an MTARS review. ADD, through its technical assistance contracts and other resources, is ready to help grantees at any time to remedy issues and address areas where help is needed to yield better outcomes.

Because MTARS is comprehensive in scope, involves follow-up activities, and has many opportunities for dialogue with ADD staff, peers, and consumers, it is advantageous for grantees to disclose areas where they would like to improve so that technical assistance resources can be activated early in the MTARS process.

Program Innovation

This element of the MTARS asks the question: What innovative practices will benefit other ADD programs? It is concerned with program improvement, expansion, and awareness. The MTARS is one vehicle ADD uses to identify innovative practices that can be added to the strategies used by other grantees to do an even better job. ADD is proud of all the good work that grantees do each day to better the lives of individuals with developmental disabilities and seeks innovative practices to recognize, promote, and disseminate throughout the nation.

Self-assessment Checklists

Given the variety of elements related to MTARS, ADD has created a set of self-assessment checklists to streamline the review process. The self-assessment checklists are comprised of four parts:

- 1) Program Compliance
- 2) Program Operations and Practices
- 3) Innovative Practices
- 4) Fiscal

In addition, there is a checklist for the DD Council Chairperson.

The self-assessment checklists capture each element of the MTARS process (e.g., compliance, accountability, collaboration, fiscal management, technical assistance, and innovative practices).

The checklists for each program appear in the back of this notebook. The DD Council Self-assessment checklists appear in $Tab\ C$, the P&A Self-assessment checklists appear in $Tab\ D$ and the UCEDD Self-assessment checklists appear in $Tab\ E$.

ADD works with grantees to complete and fully utilize the checklists. This process is described in more detail in Section 5 of the notebook.

MTARS Activities and Phases

In general, the MTARS spans the Federal fiscal year (October 1 – September 30). The process is divided into four phases:

- 1) Planning
- 2) Pre-site visit
- 3) Site visit
- 4) Post-site visit

ADD utilizes the *planning* phase to organize and manage the MTARS activities for the year. It includes tasks such as identifying the States to be reviewed, preparing a yearly budget, establishing review teams, making team assignments, and training individuals who serve as reviewers.

The *pre-site visit* phase includes activities such as scheduling the visit, completing checklists, conducting the site visit and, if possible, the public forum via videoconference, reviewing materials, discussing with grantees findings from the review of materials, and preparing an agenda for the site visit.

The *site visit* activities include a public forum, if not conducted during the pre-site visit phase, interviews of grantee staff, interviews of individuals associated with grantee activities, observation of grantee activities, provision of technical assistance, and an exit meeting. Site visits are labor-intensive and generally take four days to complete.

The *post-site visit* phase includes report writing, follow-up on technical assistance delivery and program improvements, and the dissemination of innovative practices.

SECTION 3

MTARS Team

MTARS Team Structure

Generally, the MTARS Team is comprised of the following people:

- ADD Central Office Program Specialists
- Council Peer Reviewer
- P&A Peer Reviewer
- UCEDD Peer Reviewer
- Individuals with developmental disabilities/family members
- Fiscal Reviewer

The MTARS Team is managed by the *Team Coordinator*, who is an ADD Staff person.

ADD divides the larger MTARS Team into three Program Teams. The use of program teams makes it possible for reviewers to focus on one program and accomplish more during the site visit. The Program Teams are:

- 1) DD Council Program Team
- 2) P&A Program Team
- 3) UCEDD Program Team

In cases where the are two or more UCEDDs in the State, ADD will have a team for each UCEDD.

Each of the Program Teams consists of a minimum of three people, including a/an:

- 1) ADD staff person
- 2) Peer
- 3) Individual with developmental disabilities or family member

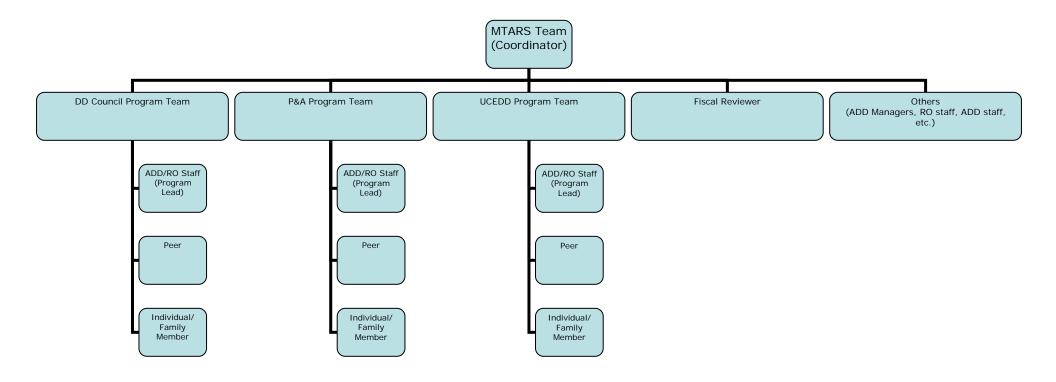
The ADD Staff person serves as the Program Lead for the team.

The fiscal reviewer functions independently of the Program Teams. They schedule with the grantees a time during the site visit week to visit the program to conduct the fiscal review. They meet with staff

responsible for fiscal-related matters. They typically spend one day at each program.

The Review Team members presented above is the norm. However, there may be instances when additional people accompany the team. For example, an ADD manager may participate in MTARS. There may be additional ADD and/or Regional Office staff who participates in the review as trainees or co-leads. Individuals with developmental disabilities may request to bring a personal support person on the site visit. The personal support person is not an active participant. See the Figure on the next page for an overview of the MTARS team configuration.

MTARS Team Configuration



Selection of Non-federal Team Members

Non-federal team members are selected by ADD. Factors that may be considered when selecting a non-federal team member include:

- Currently working with State as part of an ADD technical assistance contract
- From a State with similar demographics
- From a State of similar size and geography
- From a grant program of similar size and with a similar area of emphasis
- Experience and expertise in area where technical assistance has been requested

Some non-federal team members may be selected from a pool of individuals who have participated in a prior review. Other reviewers may be individuals who are newly trained in the MTARS process and participate as a reviewer for the first time.

Team Member Responsibilities

Each member of the MTARS team has specific responsibilities.

The *Team Coordinator* is responsible for the following:

- Overall coordination of the review including joint aspects of the site visit planning, scheduling, and report writing
- Providing (through the ADD Project Officer) peer, consumer and assistant names and itinerary information to the ADD Logistics Contractor
- Developing the overall site visit agenda in coordination with the grantees and Program Leads
- Ensuring that team members receive information and materials in advance of the MTARS visit, including the MTARS notebook
- Coordinating all Review Team meetings
- Coordinating the videoconference for the Entrance Meeting and Public Forum
- Taking the lead on the report

The *Team Coordinator* also serves as the *Program Lead* for one of the program teams.

The *Program Lead* is responsible for the following:

- Determining the MTARS team composition
- Selecting and recruiting appropriate peer and consumer reviewers
- Determining the agenda for respective program review
- Making individual team member assignments
- Making sure team members have information about the site visit
- Identifying areas/issues of focus during the site visit
- Drafting the report section pertaining to their respective program
- Arranging technical assistance
- Reporting all issues to the Team Coordinator

The Regional Office Reviewer may be involved with the following:

- Performing a review of grantees' fiscal management
- Participating in training, teleconferences, and the site visit
- Providing notes to Program Lead for use in drafting report

The *Peer Reviewer* is assigned responsibility for:

- Functioning as an agent of the Federal government with a monitoring and oversight responsibility
- Reviewing grantee self-assessment checklists and related materials
- Participating in discussions with program team members about the grantee self-assessment checklists to identify areas of inquiry for the site visit
- Providing technical assistance while on site
- Sharing experience and expertise that grantee may find useful for addressing specific administration, planning, design, or other operational issues
- Participating in training, videoconferences, teleconferences, the site visit, and report writing
- Sharing responsibilities for conducting interviews
- Providing notes to Program Lead for use in drafting report

The *Consumer* is assigned responsibility for and contributes the following:

- Functioning as agent of Federal government with a monitoring and oversight responsibility
- Reviewing grantee self-assessment checklists and related materials

- Participating in discussions with program team members about the grantee self-assessment checklists to identify areas of inquiry for the site visit
- Providing insight and suggestions regarding the grantee facility, level of services, and relationship with individual with developmental disabilities and family members
- Serving as a consultant to the team and grantees on disability issues
- Participating in training, videoconferences, teleconferences, the site visit, and report writing
- Sharing responsibilities for conducting interviews
- Providing notes to Program Lead for use in drafting report

With these responsibilities comes a time commitment associated with the MTARS. Reviewers are expected to participate in up to one day of training if they have not participated in an MTARS, the Entrance Meeting and Public Forum videoconference, at least one team meeting to review grantee materials, at least one conference call with the grantee in preparation for the site visit, and in a four day site visit. In addition, reviewers are expected to read the materials relevant to their specific assignment. After the site visit, reviewers contribute to and comment on the draft report. Non-federal reviewers are compensated for time associated with the training and on-site visit.

Standards of Conduct

MTARS team members have access to a great deal of sensitive information about the ADD programs. All information and materials received and reviewed should be considered confidential. Team members should only discuss information from the review with other MTARS team members and not grantees being reviewed and representatives from the membership associations. See *Tab F* tips for effective team work and standards of conduct for team members.

SECTION 4

Planning Activities

The Planning Phase

The MTARS planning generally begins the first quarter (October 1 – December 31) of each Federal fiscal year. The purpose of the *planning* phase is to organize and manage the MTARS activities for the year. It includes the following tasks:

- Identifying the States to be reviewed
- Preparing a yearly budget
- Establishing review teams
- Making team assignments
- Planning for the training of reviewers

Selecting States to Review

Staff from ADD Central Office recommend States for review during the fiscal year. States most likely to be recommended and selected for review are those with:

- Requests for technical assistance
- Significant program deficiencies
- Problems implementing Federal requirements
- Significant consumer complaints
- Longest time since last review

The number of States reviewed in a year depends in part on the availability of Federal funds to cover travel expenses for the on-site visit. ADD attempts to conduct an MTARS of a State approximately every seven years. The table below shows the States reviewed over the past several years.

States Reviewed

YEAR	STATES REVIEWED
1998	Oregon and New Jersey
1999	Maine
2000	Florida
2001	Connecticut, West Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Ohio, Oklahoma, Missouri, Montana, and Idaho
2002	Vermont, New York, District of Columbia, Mississippi, Michigan, Louisiana, Iowa, Wyoming, Minnesota, and Washington
2003	Massachusetts, Texas, Kansas, and Nebraska
2004	Virginia, Alabama, Wisconsin, Arkansas, Colorado, and Utah
2005	New Hampshire, Delaware, Illinois, New Mexico, and South Dakota
2006	California and Maryland
2007	Pennsylvania and Georgia
2008	Arizona, Indiana, North Dakota, and Rhode Island

Planning Activities

ADD engages in a number of planning activities to prepare for the MTARS. First, ADD must identify how much money can be spent on MTARS. A major factor is the budget that Congress and the President approve for the fiscal year (October 1 to September 30). ADD also identifies the MTARS team members for different program teams and contacts potential reviewers to invite them to participate. Another aspect of the planning activities is notifying programs that they will be reviewed and identifying a date for the review.

Training MTARS Reviewers

ADD conducts training for all new members of a Review Team. The training is scheduled for up to one day. The training agenda covers the major provisions of the DD Act, the activities associated with each phase of MTARS, and each element of MTARS monitoring including collaboration, compliance, accountability, fiscal management, technical assistance, and innovative practices.

The training is held in the Washington, D.C. metro area. The ADD Logistics Contractor will make travel arrangements and pay for travel expenses for all non-federal reviewers and for any personal support personnel.

SECTION 5

Pre-Site Visit Activities

Site Visit Notification

A formal notification of the MTARS visit is sent to each grantee from the Commissioner of ADD. The confirmation letter describes the purpose of the MTARS and the site visit. It also identifies the dates for the site visit, the due date for the self-assessment checklists, and the date for the Joint Entrance videoconference. Copies of the notification are distributed to the following:

- Council Executive Director
- P&A Executive Director
- UCEDD Director
- ADD Staff on the Review Team

Following the notification, the MTARS Team Coordinator contacts the following individuals to begin coordinating activities that will take place during the visit:

- Council Executive Director
- P&A Executive Director
- UCEDD Director

The MTARS Team Coordinator will schedule a conference call with all the grantees to provide an overview of the MTARS process and discuss logistical issues. See Tab G for a sample conference call agenda. During the call, the MTARS Team Coordinator will ask the grantees for hotel recommendations. To assist the grantees in making hotel recommendations, ADD developed a list of hotel amenities that are needed by the team during a MTARS. See Tab H for the hotel amenities checklist.

ADD Staff Assignments and Preparations

Once States have been identified for the MTARS, ADD makes staff assignments for conducting the MTARS. ADD staff is assigned to the MTARS Team Coordinator and Program Lead roles. Several factors are taken into consideration when making staff assignments, including programmatic concerns, grant assignments, and workload. ADD may assign additional staff to the MTARS team as co-leads or trainees.

The MTARS Team Coordinator and Program Leads engage in a variety of activities to prepare for and conduct the MTARS. The MTARS Team Coordinator ensures that overall logistics are managed and communicates across the team and with the grantees. The MTARS Team Coordinator also has responsibility for overseeing the writing of the report. See Tab I for the MTARS Team Coordinator's checklist, which outlines all the steps to be carried out in the different phases of the MTARS.

The Program Team Lead works with the grantee and team members to carry out all aspects of the review process, including the analysis of the self-assessment checklists, the site visit activities, and report writing. See Tab J for the Program Lead Checklist, which outlines all the steps to be carried out in the different phases of the MTARS.

Recruitment of MTARS Team Members

Once the State has been notified about the MTARS, ADD begins to recruit MTARS team members. In doing so, Program Team leads contact the grantee to identify technical assistance needs. ADD uses this information to determine the expertise needed on the team. In addition, ADD takes into consideration other factors, including the geographic location of the State, the size of the program, the organizational structure of the program, and allotment.

Using this information, ADD develops a list of potential MTARS reviewers, which is approved by ADD administration. Once approved, the Program Team lead begins contacting the proposed reviewers to determine their availability and interest in participating in the MTARS.

Once the Program Team members are established, the Program Team lead sends the contact information for team members to the MTARS team coordinator. The MTARS team coordinator develops a contact sheet for all the team members and provides copies to the grantees and MTARS team members (see *Tab K* for sample contact sheet).

Grantee Self-Assessment and Preparation

To prepare for the site-visit, grantees complete the self-assessment checklist for their program. See Tab C for the DD Council checklists, Tab D for the P&A checklists, and Tab E for the UCEDD checklists.

The self-assessment checklists are divided into four checklists related to the MTARS:

1) Program Compliance

- 2) Program Operations and Practices
- 3) Innovative Practice
- 4) Fiscal

In addition, there is a checklist for the DD Council Chairperson.

By completing the self-assessment checklists, the grantee is able to identify:

- Ways in which they are complying with the law
- Areas of collaboration
- Technical assistance needs
- Strengths and innovations of the programs

The use of the checklists streamlines communication between the grantee and Program Team. It is a means for determining what should be highlighted during the site visit. It also identifies early on areas for technical assistance that can be discussed while on-site or afterwards. Similarly, a grantee's early identification of an innovative practice enables the grantee to prepare presentations and assemble documentation that describe the practice and show its results. Determining in advance what should be highlighted enables the grantee to ensure that the appropriate documentation and staff are available to provide the information the grantee wishes to convey.

Process for Completing the Self-Assessment Checklists

The figure below shows an outline of the process for completing the self assessment checklists.

Process for Completing the Self Assessment Checklists



Program Lead and grantee discuss how to complete the checklists

Step 2

Grantee completes self-assessment checklists and sends it to the respective Program Lead and Program Team members with necessary documents by due date

Step 3

MTARS team members review the materials submitted by the grantee

Step 4

Program Team meets to discuss and review documents and identify areas of inquiry

Step 5

Program team has at least one conference call with grantee to discuss review of documents, areas of inquiry for visit, the site visit agenda, and technical assistance needs

Step 1: Program Lead and Grantee discuss how to complete the checklists

ADD provides grantees with copies of the self-assessment checklists. Time is arranged to discuss the checklists with the grantees and clarify how they are to be completed.

Step 2: Grantee Completes Checklists and Sends to Program Team
It is the responsibility of the grantee to complete the checklists. The
grantees will have electronic copies of the checklists so they can make
comments to the team members regarding their activities directly on
the form. Grantees should provide supplemental information, such as
reports, publications, personal testimonies, meeting minutes,
organizational charts, contracts, etc. to support information provided
in the checklists. When providing supplemental information, grantees
should organize the materials in a notebook, on a CD ROM, or another
electronic format. Grantees are encouraged to provide program
team members copies of the checklists and related documents
in electronic formats. Copies of all materials should be sent to all
team members.

Please note that grantees do not need to submit to ADD staff copies of their PPRs/Annual Reports, State Plans, Statements of Goals and Priorities, or 5-Year Applications. ADD has copies of these in the office and does not need additional ones. However, the grantee should send copies of these documents to team members.

Step 3: MTARS team members review the materials submitted by the grantee

Once Program Team members have received the checklists and materials, they are responsible for reviewing them. Each team member will read all documents and make notes regarding their findings. They will pay particular attention to areas of compliance, items for improvement, and innovations. They will also identify items they would like to know more about.

Step 4: *Program Team Meets to Discuss Checklists*After the Program Team reviews all materials, they will meet either in person or through teleconference to discuss their findings. The Program Team will use the checklists as the primary guide for their discussion. During the call, the Program Team will identify the areas of inquiry for the grantee. These areas of inquiry may include the following:

1) Collaboration

- 2) Organizational Administration
- 3) Council/Board/Consumer Advisory Committee Membership
- 4) Program Administration
- 5) Evaluation and Reporting
- 6) Designated State Agency
- 7) Compliance Issues
- 8) Potential Areas for Technical Assistance
- 9) Innovative Practices

The ADD Program Lead summarizes the areas of inquiry and shares that with the grantee.

Step 5: Grantee and Program Team Teleconference

The Program Team and grantee teleconference to discuss the review of the checklists and the areas of inquiry. The grantee may be able to provide additional information that clarifies the questions of Program Team members. It is also an opportunity for the Program Team and grantee to discuss areas where there may be concerns regarding program compliance and any technical assistance needs. The Program Team and grantee can also discuss the strengths and innovations of the program.

This teleconference is also an opportunity to discuss the site visit agenda. Based on discussions of the areas of inquiry, the Program Team and grantee can develop a draft schedule for the site visit. From there, the grantee can work to finalize the agenda.

Fiscal Review Guidance

In addition to the programmatic reviews, the grantee will also under a fiscal review to ensure that all Federal grantees, including the DD Network grantees, meet specific fiscal reporting requirements (e.g., submittals of financial reports and annual independent audits). Federal Fiscal Specialists from the Regional Office will participate on the MTARS teams to conduct the fiscal reviews of the DD Councils, P&As and the UCEDDs during each MTARS site visit.

The Fiscal Review Checklists are included with the self-assessment checklists that can be found in Tab C for the DD Council, Tab D for the P&A, and Tab E for the UCEDD. The grantees will complete the fiscal checklists and return to the MTARS Team Coordinator prior to the MTARS site visit.

The MTARS team requests that the grantees' fiscal staff be available during the site visit and have the following fiscal source documents available and ready for review onsite:

- Accounting Policies and Procedures manual
- 269's last three years
- Audits last three years
- Inventory Records
- Vouchers one year
- Credit Cards statements one year
- Cash Disbursements one year
- Staff flow Chart
- Program Income
- Indirect Cost Agreement and Cost Allocation Plan
- P&A Plan for Cost Allocation among federal funding streams, including records and methodology

The Fiscal Specialist, in consultation with the MTARS Team Coordinator and the grantee Executive Director and Fiscal staff, will schedule the fiscal review of each of the DD programs. The Federal Fiscal Specialist will conduct the fiscal review of the grantees and is expected, if possible, to participate in MTARS team meetings to provide and exchange information.

Joint Entrance Meeting Videoconference

The Joint Entrance Meeting videoconference occurs at least one month before the site visit. The Council, P&A, and UCEDDs officials and the entire Review Team participate in this meeting, to the extent possible, via videoconference. The non-federal MTARS team members will be given the option of traveling to Washington, DC to participate in the videoconference. Those who choose not to travel to Washington, DC for the videoconference may participate from their own site in the videoconference or they may participate using other technologies, such as teleconference and webinar.

The Team Coordinator begins the meeting by giving an overview of the MTARS process, purpose of the visit, and team member roles and responsibilities.

The grantees coordinate the remainder of the Joint Entrance Meeting agenda providing information about the State, including the State's:

- Politics
- Economics
- Geography

- demographics (including cultural and unserved/underserved)
- service delivery system
- program emphasis and other information that will help the review team under State-related issues during the site visit
- State waivers
- Institutional services, if any
- Governor's plan, if any, for disability services
- Olmstead
- legislative initiatives
- Other pertinent issues/challenges

The Joint Entrance Meeting videoconference also includes brief overviews of the Council, P&A, and UCEDDs in order to gain a picture of how the programs operate in the State.

The Joint Entrance Meeting videoconference should also include a presentation of the collaborative activities of the Network. Such activities can include those that address critical barriers or issues in the State and that promote systems change, capacity building, and advocacy. Each ADD grantee may want to explain its specific contribution to the joint activities. Grantees should express contributions in terms of program activity (e.g., Council-demonstration project, policy, self-advocacy; P&A-legal advocacy; UCEDD-training, research, community service, and information dissemination). Discussions should cover the successes/impact of the collaboration; what has changed as a result of the collaboration; strength and weaknesses; and what is working and what is not.

This meeting will take place via videoconference with an agenda developed by the Council, P&A and UCEDD(s). In States where there is more than one UCEDD, all Centers should participate in the meeting. ADD staff will participate in the videoconference from the ADD central office in Washington, DC. Non-federal team members will be given the option of traveling to Washington, DC to participate in the videoconference. For those non-federal team members who choose not to come to Washington, DC, the grantees will work with the Team Coordinator to identify alternative methods for participation, which may include teleconference and/or webinar.

The Joint Entrance Meeting videoconference should last approximately 4 – 6 hours depending on the content. Please see Tab L for a sample Joint Entrance videoconference agenda. The grantees should develop a draft agenda to share with the Team Coordinator for feedback.

Public Forum Preparation

As part of the pre-site visit activities, grantees schedule a crossprogram public forum which may occur as part of the Joint Entrance videoconference or on the first day of the site visit.

A public forum is an important part of the monitoring. It allows the team to gather comments from the public about the activities of the Council, P & A, and UCEDD(s). The purpose is to gather information on their experiences with these programs, how the programs have changed their lives, and how the programs can improve. It is important to convey that the public forum is not the time to voice concerns or complaints about the State service delivery system, such as Medicaid or special education, since ADD does not have oversight of such programs

Participants at the public forum are given 3 minutes to share their comments. Accommodations to the three minute time limit will be provided to persons needing additional time.

It is recommended that grantees have people sign up in advance to speak at the public forum. In doing so, the public forum runs smoothly and people can anticipate when to arrive based on the schedule. This also indicates whether there will be enough time for everyone to speak. It is also recommended that the grantees schedule a block of time, such as the last half hour of the scheduled time, for people who will be calling in to provide their remarks.

The grantees must ensure that the method or facility used for the public forum is accessible to individuals with developmental disabilities. The grantees are responsible for arranging audio and visual technology at any public meeting site as well as teleconferencing hook-ups and e-mail for individuals. Grantee must also arrange for a note-taker to be on-site for the main site and each remote sites who can record the comments from the public and a time keeper who will ensure that comments are limited to 3 minutes.

Details about the opportunity for public comment along with an invitation to the general public to participate should be published in a variety of accessible formats including newspapers, newsletters, etc. The notice must include the purpose, date, time, and location, along with phone numbers and addresses of the ADD Regional Office. A sample notice of a public forum appears in *Tab M.* This document must be approved by the Team Coordinator.

Site Visit Agenda

The grantee will be developing the site visit agenda based on input from the Program Team. The agenda should include all activities (e.g., interviews, document reviews, case reviews, peer to peer discussions, team meetings, technical assistance discussions) needed to make a determination about grantee performance and fulfill all the expectations of an MTARS. Timeframes for each activity should be realistic so all that is needed is accomplished. A sample of a detailed, on-site meeting schedule appears in *Tab N*.

Other Site Visit Preparations

Grantees should prepare for the site-visit by making certain adequate facilities are available for the review activities. If the grantee does not have adequate meeting space, they should inform ADD so that alternative arrangements can be made that satisfies all needs. The grantee should inform staff that participate in the review of the purpose of the visit, their role, when they can expect members of the review team to arrive, and the time and place they are scheduled to appear for a meeting or interview.

SECTION 6

MTARS Site Visit

Purpose of the Site Visit

The primary purpose of the site visit is to:

- gather information that answers the gaps and issues identified during the pre-visit phase
- document the impact grantee's efforts have on people, innovative practices
- further explore potential compliance and other issues not identified or fully understood prior to the visit
- respond to technical assistance needs

Site visits enable ADD to review the Council, P&A, and UCEDD(s) in each State both as separate entities and as a network. The information obtained during the site visits helps ADD:

- verify grantee compliance
- gauge overall effectiveness and consumer satisfaction
- assess grantee fiscal management
- identify and provide technical assistance
- promote innovative practices

The four-day visit gives the Review Team many opportunities to gather information directly from Councils, P&A's, and UCEDDs as well as from their partners and the public. Meetings, interviews, document reviews, presentations, and observations are the main components of the information-gathering process. Presentations about grantee activities and accomplishments, along with first-hand observation of grantee projects provide significant insight about the philosophy, values, direction, and goals of the grantee.

Meetings

The site visit includes the following meetings:

- Program Team Meetings
- MTARS Team Meetings
- Joint Exit Meeting

Details on each meeting follow.

Program Team Meetings

Program Team meetings are held, as needed, in the late afternoon or evening to discuss the day's interviews, presentations, strengths, weaknesses, technical assistance needs, and recommendations. Each team member participates in this process so that all perspectives are included. Program Teams must meet the last afternoon of the site visit to develop the findings from the MTARS that will be included in the final report and shared at the Exit Meeting.

MTARS Team Meetings

MTARS Review Team meetings are held, as needed. There may be a meeting planned for the evening before the site visit begins so MTARS team members have an opportunity to review the week's agenda and ask questions. There is a meeting of the MTARS team the afternoon before the joint exit meeting to discuss findings with regard to collaboration that are shared at the Joint Exit meeting.

Joint Exit Meeting

At the Joint Exit meeting, the Review Team presents to the ADD grantees its findings, including strengths, areas of compliance, and recommendations for program improvement. In this way, the grantees are alerted to what to expect in the final MTARS report. The following items may be discussed as findings:

- 1) Collaboration
- 2) Organizational Administration
- 3) Council/Board/Consumer Advisory Committee Membership
- 4) Program Administration
- 5) Evaluation and Reporting
- 6) Designated State Agency
- 7) Compliance Issues
- 8) Potential Areas for Technical Assistance
- 9) Innovative Practices
- 10) Fiscal Review Findings

Public Forum

A cross-program public forum is scheduled for the first day of the site visit if it did not occur before the site visit. This provides an important opportunity to collect comments from the public about Council, P & A and UCEDD(s). Representatives from the Council, P&A, and UCEDD(s) are invited to attend the public forum. The Team Coordinator introduces the forum. Review Team members listen to all participants but do not respond to comments or questions except for purposes of clarification. Members of the Review Team may talk by phone or meet

briefly during the site visit with individuals who wish to speak with them privately.

The grantees ensure that there is a notetaker to record participant's remarks. The grantees also make arrangements for a timekeeper at each site who has the responsibility of ensuring that participants keep their remarks to 3 minutes. It is recommended that grantees have people sign up in advance of the public forum and that time be set aside for those who will be calling in the share their remarks. See Tab O for a Public Forum checklist.

Interviews

Interviews are a vital part of the information-gathering process and are important in verifying the accuracy of the written material provided by a grantee. The Review Team may interview:

- individuals with developmental disabilities
- families
- grantee officials
- board members
- grantee staff
- State and local officials
- service providers
- university officials and students
- sub-grantees
- Consumer Advisory Committee members

It is suggested that the team interview, at a minimum, the following individuals or groups:

- *Council*: Chairperson, Executive Director, Council members, financial officer, and other key staff, contractors, grantees
- Designated State Agency: Head or other representative, financial officer and other staff
- P&A: Board/Advisory Council President and members, Executive Director, accountant/bookkeeper and other key P&A staff
- University Center(s): Director, faculty, staff, Dean, Provost/University President, trainees, Consumer Advisory Committee members, and community collaborators
- Consumers: Individuals and families benefiting from grantee activities
- Governor Liaisons (Council and P&A)

Although interviews are scheduled prior to the site visit, Review Team members may meet with others as time permits.

The Interview Process

Before beginning the interviews, the Program Lead discusses the interview process with team members and alerts them to any specific issues that require attention. The MTARS team determines who will lead the interview process. Each interview should be time-limited to accommodate the schedule of site visit activities. Program Team members should keep the interview moving smoothly from topic to topic so that vital questions have been addressed before the interview ends.

MTARS team members should put interviewees at ease by introducing themselves, and providing information about the purpose of MTARS. Interviewees should be advised that site visit findings are based only in part on interviews and that the Federal Government and the Review Team will protect the confidentiality of those who are interviewed.

Interview Questions

Interview questions allow the team to collect information on many topics including:

- mission and purpose
- planning priorities and goals
- program evaluation and monitoring
- outcomes and progress on goals
- project implementation
- outreach
- consumer representation
- program administration
- policies and procedures
- staff hiring and supervision
- training
- recordkeeping and reporting

See *Tab P* for interview tips and for sample interview questions that may be asked of program representatives doing the on-site review.

P&A Case Record Review

One method used to assess the level and quality of services provided by the State protection and advocacy grantee and to check whether individuals with developmental disabilities are being served is to review actual case records. A Case File Review Protocol for MTARS appears in *Tab D.4* for this purpose.

Regulations at 45 CFR Part 92(e) permit ADD reviewers to have access to P&A client and case eligibility records for purposes of monitoring system compliance pursuant to Section 104(b) of the Act. ADD respects client confidentiality and thus does not require that identifying information such as name, address, and social security number be disclosed. There are several options for making the information available to MTARS reviewers and guaranteeing confidentiality. For example, the file can be given to the reviewer with identifying information covered. Prior to the site visit, the P&A Program Lead contacts the Executive Director to determine how case files be reviewed.

Note-taking

In order to summarize what they learn during the site visit and to record sufficient detail to support their findings and recommendations, Review Team members should take thorough notes. *Tab Q* includes note-taking tips that Review Team members will find helpful for recording impressions of their meetings, interviews, and document reviews. To ensure accuracy, notes should be taken when information is fresh in Review Team members' minds.

SECTION 7

Post-Site Visit Activities

Development of the Final Report

After each MTARS site visit, the MTARS team prepares a <u>consolidated</u> written report covering all aspects of the review. The report outlines the purpose of the review, describes the procedures followed, information about the State, and findings regarding Network collaboration. In addition, the report includes sections that summarize findings from the review of each program. The format for this part of the report is based on the self-assessment checklists for each program and includes the following categories:

- Organizational Administration
- Council/Board/Consumer Advisory Committee Membership
- Program Administration
- Designated State Agency
- Evaluation and Reports
- Compliance
- Recommendations
- Innovative Approaches

A sample report format appears in *Tab R*.

Program Team leads develop draft reports for their respective program. The MTARS Team Coordinator develops the parts of the report that address Network collaboration and other relevant information such as State demographics.

Process and Timeframes for Developing the Final Report

Developing and finalizing the final report should be accomplished within six months after the review. Certain parts of the report (e.g., those pertaining to specific grant programs) may require more time to finalize pending resolution of issues. The table below outlines the general times for completing the final report, however, it is understood that other work priorities may affect the completion of the report.

Timeline for Completing Report

TIMELINE	MTARS TEAM COORDINATOR	PROGRAM TEAM LEAD	Non- federal Team Members	Grantees
By time of site visit	First draft of Part 1: Purpose And Scope of the Review & Part 2: State Developmental Disabilities Network (e.g., collaboration) complete and sent to Program Team Leads			
Two weeks after site visit			Each reviewer submits his/her notes to the Program Team Lead	
6 weeks after site visit		Program Team Lead compiles all input into a single draft report and circulates draft report to the Program Team, including Parts 1 & 2		
8 weeks after site visit			Review reports and return	

			comments on the individual program report and Parts 1 & 2 to the Program Team Lead	
10 weeks after site visit	Incorporate non-federal team member's comments into Parts 1 and 2 of the report and send revised document to Program team leads	Send edits to Parts 1 & 2 to MTARS team coordinat or After addressin g comment s of Program Team members, Program Team Lead finalize their section of report Sends to grantees draft individual program report and Parts 1 and 2 for their review		

12 weeks after site visit			 Review individ ual report and Parts 1 and 2 Submit comme nts on the report to progra m team lead
14 weeks after site visit	Review comments from grantees on Parts 1 and 2 making changes as necessary	 Send comment s on Parts 1 and 2 to the Team Coordinat or Review comment s from grantee on the individual report and make changes as necessary Submit final individual program report to the MTARS team 	

		coordinat or	
16 weeks after site visit	 Compile all reports into one document Submit full report to editor 		
18 weeks after site visit	After receiving the report back from Editor, send to Program Team Lead for final review of the individual program reports		
20 weeks after site visit	Review Editor remarks on Parts 1 and 2 and make changes as necessary,	Review Editor remarks and make changes as necessary, returning report to MTARS Team Coordinator when done	
22 weeks after site visit	 Submits full report to ADD Administration for final review and sign off Prepares cover letters for the report FINAL REPORT ISSUED 		

Report Distribution

The final report is issued by the ADD Commissioner. The MTARS report is distributed to the following:

- Council Executive Director
- Council Chairperson
- P&A Executive Director
- P&A Board Chairperson
- UCEDD Director
- Review Team members
- Governor's Liaison(s)

See Tab S for a sample cover letter for the MTARS report.

Response to MTARS Report

The MTARS report will identify strengths and innovative practices, and recommendations to strengthen particular aspects of the program. The report may identify compliance issues if the team has determined that the grantee has not complied with the requirements in the DD Act.

Each grantee should submit a response to the ADD Commissioner addressing the findings in the report. The response should describe a corrective action plan if there were any compliance issues, how recommendations listed in the report will be addressed, and requests for technical assistance if needed. If the report includes recommendations on collaboration, ADD expects the network to develop together a joint action plan.

The response should be submitted within 60 days of the MTARS report sent by the Commissioner. Federal officials may provide assistance in the development of action plans and periodically will review the status of action taken by the program to resolve deficiencies.

Content of the Corrective Action Plan

If a program is found to be out of compliance with the DD Act, they must submit to ADD within 60 days a corrective action plan. The format of the corrective action plan may vary, but the plan must include the following:

- Each factor associated with compliance where improvement is needed.
- A plan or strategy to bring each factor into compliance, including action steps, timeframes for action steps and responsible staff.
- Measurable benchmarks of progress to indicate that compliance has been achieved by the State DD program.
- Description of how progress on the plan will be evaluated and reported to the Central and Regional Offices.

If the amount of progress to be achieved through the Corrective Action Plan appears to be insufficient, ADD will negotiate with the grantee to identify steps that sufficiently move the grantee towards the expected type or level of progress. When determining the amount of progress to be achieved, consideration should be given to current or prior efforts to improve performance.

Timeframes for Submitting the Corrective Action Plan

A grantee required to prepare a corrective action plan must submit its plan to the Commissioner for approval within 60 calendar days of receiving the final MTARS report that identifies elements of noncompliance and need for improvement. The Central Office will review the action plan and notify the grantee in writing of approval or disapproval within 30 days. If ADD determines that revisions to the corrective action plan are needed, the grantee must develop and submit the revisions to the Commissioner within 30 calendar days of receiving written notice that the action plan was not approved.

Timeframes for Implementing the Corrective Action Plan

It is expected that the time period for completing the corrective action plan will not exceed 1 year. Not all components of the plan will require a full year to implement, and this timeframe is provided as an outside limit for those elements of the corrective action plan requiring more extensive planning and action steps.

Evaluating the Implementation of the Corrective Action Plan ADD central office evaluates the grantee's compliance with the terms and conditions of its approved corrective action plan, including the achievement of the benchmarks included in the plan.

The grantee must provide quarterly written progress reports to ADD staff. The quarterly progress reports must include sufficient detail to describe the progress made during the reporting period and must indicate whether specific timeframes in the corrective action plan are not being met.

Tab A - Commonly Used Acronyms

ACF	Administration for Children and Families		
AC	Advisory Council		
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act		
ADD	Administration on Development Disabilities		
ATC	Assistive Technology Center		
BOD	Board of Directors		
CMHS	Center for Mental Health Services		
CAP	Client Assistance Program		
CCD	Consortium of Citizens with Disabilities		
CMS	Centers for Medicine and Medicaid Services		
CO	Central Office		
DD	Developmental Disabilities		
DD Act	Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act		
DHHS	Department of Health and Human Services		
DSA	Designated State Agency		
EDS	Electronic Data Submission		
FY	Fiscal Year		
GPRA	Government Performance and Results Act of 1993		
ICF/MR	Intensive Care Facility/Mental Retardation		
IDEA	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act		
ILCs	Independent Living Centers		
LD	Learning Disability		
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding		
MR	Mental Retardation		
MTARS	Monitoring & Technical Assistance Review System		
NIDRR	National Institute on Disability Rehabilitation Research		
OMB	Office of Management & Budget		
OSERS	Office of Special Education Rehabilitation Services		
P&A	Protection & Advocacy System		
PAAT	Protection & Advocacy for Obtaining Assistive Technology		
PABSS	Protection & Advocacy for Beneficiaries of Social Security		
PADD	Protection & Advocacy for Persons with Developmental Disabilities		
PAIMI	Protection & Advocacy for Individuals with Mental Illness		
PAIR	Protection & Advocacy for Individual Rights		
· ·			

PIP	Program Improvement Plan
PNS	Projects of National Significance
PPR	Program Performance Report
PR	Public Relations
RFP	Request for Proposal
RO	Regional Office
SAMHSA	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
SCDD	State Council on Developmental Disabilities
SGP	Statement of Goals and Priorities
RSA	Rehabilitation Services Administration
Rehab Act	Rehabilitation Act
TA	Technical assistance
Tech Act	Technology-Related Assistance for Individuals with Disabilities Act
UCEDD	University Centers for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities Education, Research, and Service

Tab B - Glossary

1. **Areas of Emphasis**

Activities that affect the quality of life of individuals with developmental disabilities, including:

- quality assurance
- education and early intervention
- · child care
- health care

- housing
- transportation
- recreation
- formal and informal community supports

employment

2. **Child Care-Related Activities**

Advocacy, capacity-building and efforts at systems change aimed at providing families of children with developmental disabilities access to and use of child care services; includes before, after and out-of-school care and should be located in families' communities.

3. Compliance

Meeting the requirements of the DD Act.

4. **Culturally Competent**

Services, supports or other assistance that are responsive to the beliefs, interpersonal styles, attitudes, language and behaviors of those receiving the services; services that respect the cultural differences and preferences of individuals with developmental disabilities.

5. **DD Network**

The State Councils on Developmental Disabilities (Councils), Protection and Advocacy Agencies (P&As) and University Centers on Excellence in Developmental Disabilities Education (University Centers, UCEDDs) that are within each State.

6. **Developmental Disability**

Developmental disabilities (DD) are severe, life-long disabilities attributable to mental and/or physical impairments, manifested before age 22. Developmental disabilities result in substantial limitations in three or more areas of major life activities:

self-care

 receptive and expressive language

learning

capacity for independent living

- mobility
- self-direction

economic self-sufficiency

Persons with developmental disabilities require individually planned and coordinated services and supports (e.g., education, civil and human rights protection, health care) for life or for an extended period of time in order to live in the community.

7. Early Intervention Activities

Advocacy, capacity-building and efforts at systems change that result in improving access to the support and modifications that individuals with developmental disabilities need to:

- maximize their educational potential;
- benefit from lifelong education; and
- participate in all aspects of student life.

8. Employment-Related Activities

Advocacy, capacity-building and efforts at systems change that result in improved opportunities for individuals with developmental disabilities to:

- get, keep or advance in paid employment, including supported or self-employment;
- work in integrated, community settings.

8. Grantees

State Councils on Developmental Disabilities, Protection and Advocacy Agencies and University Centers of Excellence in Developmental Disabilities Education. These grantees make up the DD Network in each State.

9. Health-Related Activities

Advocacy, capacity building and efforts at systems change that result in access for individuals with developmental disabilities to coordinated health, mental health, preventive health programs and other human and social services.

10. Housing-Related Activities

Advocacy, capacity building and efforts at systems change that result in access for individuals with developmental disabilities to housing and housing supports and services, such as assistance with renting, owning or modifying an apartment or home.

11. Inclusion

Acceptance by individuals *without* disabilities of the presence and participation of individuals *with* developmental disabilities in social, educational, work and community activities. Inclusion enables individuals with developmental disabilities to:

- have friendships and relationships with people they choose;
- live in homes close to community resources, with regular contact with the larger community;
- have access to and participate in the same community activities and types as employment as everyone else;
- live, learn, work and enjoy life in regular contact with individuals without disabilities.

13. Integration

The equal right of individuals with developmental disabilities to have access to and use the same community resources as other people.

14. Organizational Procedures

The organizational structure, policies and processes that are the foundation of how a grantee operates.

15. Protection And Advocacy Systems

Protection and Advocacy (P&A) systems protect the legal and human rights of individuals with developmental disabilities. P&A strategies include legal, administrative, and other remedies; information and referral; investigation of incidents of abuse and neglect; and education of policy-makers. There is one P&A in each State.

16. Quality Assurance Activities

Advocacy, capacity building and efforts at systems change aimed at establishing systems to assure that individuals with developmental disabilities:

- do not experience physical or sexual abuse, neglect, financial exploitation or violation of their legal or human rights;
- are not subject to inappropriate restraint or seclusion

Quality assurance activities also include (1) training in leadership, self-determination and self-advocacy for individuals with developmental disabilities, their families and their guardians, and (2) activities related to interagency coordination and integration of service systems.

17. Recreation-Related Activities

Advocacy, capacity building and efforts at systems change that lead to improved access to and use of community recreational, leisure and social activities for individuals with developmental disabilities.

18. State Council on Developmental Disabilities

State Councils on Developmental Disabilities (SCDD) pursue systems change in aspects of service/support availability, design or delivery that promotes better lives for individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. Councils:

- work to improve the capacity of projects to deliver services and supports;
- support advocacy activities that promote self-determination and inclusion in the community;
- support demonstrations of new approaches;
- sponsor outreach training;
- do public education;
- provide information to policy-makers.

19. Transportation-Related Activities

Advocacy, capacity building and efforts at systems change that lead to improved access to and use of transportation for individuals with developmental disabilities.

20. University Centers For Excellence In Developmental Disabilities (University Centers, UCEDDs)

University Centers for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities (UCEDD) are either components of a university system, or are public or not-for-profit entities associated with a university. UCEDDs:

- conduct interdisciplinary pre-service preparation of students and fellows
- sponsor community service activities
- conduct and sponsor research
- disseminate information and research findings.

Tab C.1 - Council Compliance Checklist

I. COLLABORATION				
I.1 DD Network Collaboration	Document	Interview	Comments	
The Council maintains collaborative		Executive Director		
relationships with the P&A and the		Council members		
UCEDD. Sec.104(a)(3)(D)(iii)		 Community 		
		members/Public forum		
I.2 Community Collaborations	Document	Interview	Comments	
The Council actively participates in		State agency members		
community networks and has a range		of Council		
of collaborating partners. Sec.		 Self-advocacy orgs. 		
101(b)(3)		Community orgs.		
	II. ORGANIZAT	TIONAL ADMINISTRATION		
II.1 Staff	Document	Interview	Comments	
Council recruits and hires Director of		Council Chair		
Council and supervises and annually		Executive Director		
evaluates Director. Director hires,				
supervises and annually evaluates				
staff. Sec. 125(c)(9)				
Staff while working for the Council are		 Council staff 		
solely responsible for assisting the		Council Chair		
Council in carrying out duties of the		Executive Director		
Council. Sec.125(c)(10)				
Council hires and maintains staff and		Executive Director		
obtains services of professional,		Council Chair		
consulting, technical, and clerical staff				
(qualified by training and experience)				
to carry out functions of Council.				
(State shall not apply hiring freezes,				
RIFs, etc.) Sec.125(c)(8)(B)		MEMBERSHIP		
III.1 Membership policies	Document	Interview	Comments	
Membership recommendations	Document	Non-state agency	Continents	
solicited by Governor from a broad		members of Council		
Condition by Covernor Horri a broad		mornibers of Council		

			·
range of organizational sources including non-State agency members of the Council. Sec125(b)(1)(B)		Council Chair	
Members reflect the State's diverse		Council members	
geographic locations, race, and		Council Chair	
ethnicity. Sec.125(b)(1)(C)		Executive Director	
The Council has provisions to rotate		 Council members 	
membership. Sec.125(b)(2)		Council Chair	
		Executive Director	
The Council has provisions that allow		Council members	
continuation of membership until a		Council Chair	
new member is appointed.		Executive Director	
Sec.125(b)(2)		Executive Director	
The Council has a process to notify		Council members	
Governor re: membership and		Council Chair	
vacancies. Sec. 125(b)(2)		Executive Director	
III.2 Membership requirements	Document	Interview	Comments
60% of membership represent		Council members	
·			
individuals with DD in the following		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3);			
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5)		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults with developmental disabilities		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults with developmental disabilities		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults with developmental disabilities 1/3 combination		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults with developmental disabilities 1/3 combination at least one is immediate		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults with developmental disabilities 1/3 combination at least one is immediate relative or guardian of an		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults with developmental disabilities 1/3 combination at least one is immediate relative or guardian of an individual with developmental disabilities who resides or		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults with developmental disabilities 1/3 combination at least one is immediate relative or guardian of an individual with developmental		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults with developmental disabilities 1/3 combination at least one is immediate relative or guardian of an individual with developmental disabilities who resides or previously resided in an institution or an individual with		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults with developmental disabilities 1/3 combination at least one is immediate relative or guardian of an individual with developmental disabilities who resides or previously resided in an institution or an individual with developmental disabilities who		Council Chair	
individuals with DD in the following categories: Sec.125(b)(3); Sec.125(b)(5) 1/3 individuals with DD 1/3 parents and guardians of children with developmental disabilities or immediate relatives of guardians of adults with developmental disabilities 1/3 combination at least one is immediate relative or guardian of an individual with developmental disabilities who resides or previously resided in an institution or an individual with		Council Chair	

Sec.125(b)(6) • The above individuals cannot be employees of a State agency that receives funds or provides services under this subtitle and not a managing employee of any other entity that receives funds or provides services under the subtitle. Sec.125(b)(3)(B)	Council rearch are
Other required members:	Council members
Sec.125(b)(4)	Council Chair
Rep. of the Rehab ActIDEA	Executive Director
Older American Act	
Title V and XIX of the Social	
Security Act	
Local and nongovernmental	
agencies, and private nonprofit	
groups concerned with services	
for individuals with	
developmental disabilities in the State in which such	
agencies and groups are	
located	
Representatives of agencies and	Non-state agency
organizations:	members of the Council
Have the authority to engage in	Council Chair
policy planning and implementation of behalf of	
department, agency or	
program. Sec.125(b)(3)(B)(i)	
Recuse themselves from any	
discussions that may involve	
conflict of interest.	
Sec.125(b)(3)(B)(ii)	

 No member of the Council will cast a vote on any matter that would provide direct financial benefit to the member or otherwise give the appearance of a conflict of interest. Sec.124(c)(5)(D) 			
	IV. PROGRA	AM ADMINISTRATION	_
IV.1 Five Year State Plan	Document	Interview	Comments
Establishes a Council Sec.124(c)(1)		Executive DirectorCouncil Chair	
Identifies Designated State Agency (DSA)		Executive DirectorCouncil Chair	
Describes the results of a comprehensive review and analysis of the extent to which services, supports, and other assistance are available to individuals with developmental disabilities and their families and the extent of unmet needs for services, supports, and other assistance in the State. Sec.124(c)(2,3)		 Executive Director Council Chair Council members 	
Includes 5-year goals developed through data-driven strategic planning, for advocacy, capacity building, and systemic change in the areas of emphasis related to identified unmet/met needs and an annual goal to: • Establish or strengthen a program for the direct funding of a State self-advocacy organization led by individuals with developmental disabilities • Support opportunities for who are considered leaders to provide leadership training to		 Executive Director Council Chair Council members 	

individuals with developmental disabilities who may become leaders • Support and expand participation of to individuals with developmental disabilities in cross-disability and culturally diverse leadership coalitions Sec.124(c)(4)(A) The 5-year goals; • are consistent with indicators of progress	 Executive Director Council Chair Council members 	
 reflect strategies to be used in achieving each goal reflect methods to determine if each goal has been achieved Sec.124(c)(B) 	• Council members	
Plan must include assurances related to: uses of funds State financial participation conflict of interest urban and rural poverty areas program accessibility standards individualized services human rights minority participation employee protections staff assignments noninterference state quality assurances other assurances Sec.124(c)(5)	 Executive Director Council Chair Council members 	
Is based on public input. Sec.124(d)(1)	Executive DirectorCouncil ChairCouncil members	

		 Community partners/organizations 	
Includes evidence of the plan being		Executive Director	
submitted to the Secretary and		Council Chair	
approved by the Secretary.			
Sec.124(d)(2,3)		Council	
3ec. 124(u)(2,3)		partners/organizations	
WAS STATE OF THE S		• DSA	
IV.2 State Plan Implementation	Document	Interview	Comments
The Council shall implement the State		 Executive Director 	
Plan by conducting and supporting		 Council Chair 	
advocacy, capacity building, and		 Council members 	
systemic change activities such as:		 Community 	
 Outreach 		partners/organizations	
 Training 			
 Technical Assistance 			
 Supporting and Educating 			
Communities			
 Interagency collaboration and 			
coordination			
 Coordination with related 			
councils, committees, and			
programs			
 Barrier elimination, systems 			
design, and redesign			
 Coalition development and 			
citizen participation			
 Informing policymakers 			
Demonstration of new			
approaches to services and			
• •			
supportsOther activities			
Sec.125(c)(5)	TV TOVALLIA	TION AND DEPODITS	
D D		TION AND REPORTS	Comments
Program Performance Report	Document	Interview	Comments
The Council annually prepares and			
transmits to the Secretary a report			

containing information about the		
progress made in achieving the goals.		
The report includes:		
Extent to which each goal of	Executive Director/staff	
Council was achieved.	Council Chair	
Sec.125(c)(7)(A)		
 Description of strategies that 	Executive Director/staff	
contributed to achieving goals.	Council Chair	
Sec.125(c)(7)(B)		
Extent to which each goal was	Executive Director/staff	
not achieved, describes factors	Council Chair	
that impeded goal		
achievement. Sec.125(c)(7)(C)	Frequetive Director/staff	
Separate information on self- advecage goal	Executive Director/staffCouncil Chair	
advocacy goal. Sec.125(c)(7)(D)		
Sec. 123(c)(1)(D)	Consumer members of Council	
As appropriate an update on	Executive Director/staff	
results of comprehensive	Council Chair	
review and analysis, and	Consumer members of	
Information on consumer	Council	
satisfaction with Council		
supported or conducted		
activities. Sec.125(c)(7)(E)		
Description of adequacy of	Executive Director/staff	
health care and other services,	Council Chair	
supports and assistance that		
individuals with developmental		
disabilities:		
o in Intensive Care		
Facilities/Mental Retardation (ICF/MR) receive;		
o served through Home		
Community Based Waivers		
receive. Sec.125(c)(7)(F)		
An accounting of the manner in	Executive Director/staff	
which funds paid to the State	Council Chair	

for a fiscal year were			
expended. Sec.125(c)(7)(G)			
Includes description of:		 Executive Director/staff 	
 resources made available to 		 Council Chair 	
carry out activities to assist			
individuals with developmental			
disabilities that are directly			
attributable to Council activities			
 resources made available for 			
such activities that are			
undertaken by the Council in			
collaboration with other entities.			
Sec.125(c)(7)(H)			
Includes description of how Council		 Executive Director/staff 	
will widely disseminate the annual		 Council Chair 	
report to affected constituencies and			
general public and assure report is			
available in accessible formats.			
Sec.125(c)(7)(I)			
Determine needs that require		 Council Chair and 	
amendment of 5-year strategic State		members	
Plan required under section 124.			
Sec.125(c)(3)(C)			
		VI. FISCAL	
VI.1 Fiscal Requirements	Document	Interviews	Comments
Council has authority to		 Council Chair and 	
prepare, approve, and		members	
implement a budget to fund		 Executive Director 	
programs, projects, and			
activities. Sec125(c)(8)			
Not less than 70% of funds			
expended for activities related			
to goals. Sec.124(c)(B)(i)			
Funds contribute to			
achievement of purpose of			
subtitle in various political			
subdivisions.			

 Sec.124(c)(5)(B)(ii) Funds used to supplement, and not supplant, the non-Federal funds that would otherwise be made available for the purposes for which funds under Sec122 are provided. Sec124(c)(B)(iii) Funds used to complement or augment rather than duplicate or replace services for individuals with developmental disabilities and their families who are eligible for Federal assistance. Sec.124(c)(5)(B)(iv) Funds are made available to public or private entities. Sec.124(c)(5)(B)(v) There is reasonable State 			
public or private entities.			
are reported semiannually by SF269/ADD-02 45 CFR 1386.32			
VI.2 Fiscal Policies	Documents	Interview	Comments
Council has policies to reimburse		Executive Director	

members of the Council for reasonable and necessary expenses (including expenses for child care and personal assistance services) for attending Council meetings and performing Council duties. Sec.125(c)(8)(A)(I)	Council fiscal staff
Council has policies to pay a stipend to a member of the Council if such member is not employed or must forfeit wages for other employment to attend Council meetings and perform other Council duties. Sec.125(c)(8(A))(II)	 Executive Director Council fiscal staff
Council has policies to support Council member and staff travel to authorized training and technical assistance activities including in- service training and leadership development activities. Sec.125(c)(8)(A)(III)	 Executive Director Council fiscal staff
Council has policies to carry out appropriate subcontracting activities. Sec.125(c)(8)(A)	Executive Director Council fiscal staff
Council directs expenditures of funds for grants, contracts, interagency agreements that are binding contracts and other activities authorized by State plan approval. Sec.125(c)(8)(C)	Executive Director Council fiscal staff
 Federal and non-Federal Share In general, Federal share of cost of all projects in State not more than 75% of the aggregate necessary. Sec.126(a)(1) Federal share of cost for projects in rural and poverty 	 Executive Director Council fiscal staff

 areas may not be more than 90% of aggregate necessary. Sec.126(a)(2) Projects undertaken by Council or Council staff, Federal share of cost not more than 100% of costs necessary. Sec.126(a)(3) 			
Grantee shall keep records that disclose:		Executive DirectorCouncil fiscal staff	
 Amount and disposition of assistance by recipient 		 Grantees 	
 Total cost of project or undertaking in connection with assistance given 			
 Amount of project costs supplied by other sources 			
Such other records that will			
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103			
facilitate an effective audit	VII. DESIGNA	ATED STATE AGENCY	
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA	VII. DESIGNA Document	Interview	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review			Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under		Interview	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any		InterviewCouncil Chair	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to		InterviewCouncil ChairExecutive Director	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to Governor. Sec.125(c)(6)		InterviewCouncil ChairExecutive DirectorDSA	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to Governor. Sec.125(c)(6) The Council may request a review of		 Interview Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair 	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to Governor. Sec.125(c)(6) The Council may request a review of and change in the DSA by the		 Interview Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director 	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to Governor. Sec.125(c)(6) The Council may request a review of and change in the DSA by the Governor. Sec.125(d)(2)(C)		 Interview Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director DSA 	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to Governor. Sec.125(c)(6) The Council may request a review of and change in the DSA by the Governor. Sec.125(d)(2)(C) Type of agency designated as DSA:		 Interview Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair 	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to Governor. Sec.125(c)(6) The Council may request a review of and change in the DSA by the Governor. Sec.125(d)(2)(C) Type of agency designated as DSA: • Council, if such Council may be		 Interview Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director Executive Director 	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to Governor. Sec.125(c)(6) The Council may request a review of and change in the DSA by the Governor. Sec.125(d)(2)(C) Type of agency designated as DSA: Council, if such Council may be DSA under laws of State		 Interview Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair 	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to Governor. Sec.125(c)(6) The Council may request a review of and change in the DSA by the Governor. Sec.125(d)(2)(C) Type of agency designated as DSA: • Council, if such Council may be		 Interview Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director Executive Director 	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to Governor. Sec.125(c)(6) The Council may request a review of and change in the DSA by the Governor. Sec.125(d)(2)(C) Type of agency designated as DSA: Council, if such Council may be DSA under laws of State State agency that does not		 Interview Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director Executive Director 	Comments
facilitate an effective audit Sec.103 VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA Council shall periodically review DSA and activities carried out under this subtitle by DSA and make any recommendations for change to Governor. Sec.125(c)(6) The Council may request a review of and change in the DSA by the Governor. Sec.125(d)(2)(C) Type of agency designated as DSA: Council, if such Council may be DSA under laws of State State agency that does not provide or pay for services for		 Interview Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council Chair Executive Director Executive Director 	Comments

immediate office of the Governor of the State or a State planning office Sec.125(d)(A) Designation before Enactment: DSA determined prior to June 30, 1994 may be a State agency that provides or pays for services for individuals with developmental disabilities. Sec.125(d)(2)(B)(i)		Council ChairExecutive DirectorDSA	
Not more than 20% of federal allotment is awarded to the DSA by Council for service of demonstrations that contribute to the achievement of the DD Act and are explicitly authorized by the Council. Sec.124(c)(5)(B)(vii)		 Council Chair Executive Director DSA Council fiscal staff 	
 VII.2 Responsibilities of DSA Receives, accounts for, and 	Document	InterviewsCouncil Chair	Comments
disburses funds under subtitle based on State Plan. Sec125(d)(3)(C)(i) Provides the appropriate fiscal control and fund accounting procedures as may be		 Executive Director DSA Council fiscal staff 	

and non-Federal shares.		
Sec125(d)(3)(D)		
 Provides required non-Federal 		
share. Sec125(d)(3)(E)		
 Assists in obtaining appropriate 		
State Plan assurances and		
consistency with State law.		
Sec125(d)(3)(F)		
Enters into MOU at request of		
Council. Sec125(d)(3)(G)		

Tab C.2 – Council Program Operation and Practices Checklist

I. COLLA	BORATION
Collaboration	Comments
	DD Act includes requirements for collaboration across the DD network
	portunities to collaborate with local, state, and national organizations
and agencies. Effective collaboration strengthens the Council's abil	ity to outreach and engage multiple audiences in projects and
activities.	
The Council uses its multi-state agency membership to forge	
interagency collaboration, coordination, and communication that	
enhances services and supports to people with developmental	
disabilities and family members in furthering the mission of the	
Council.	
Systems change, advocacy and capacity building activities are directed to a veriety of State agencies and other.	
are directed to a variety of State agencies and other organizations that affect the lives of people with	
developmental disabilities. Sec.124(c)(4)(A); 125(c)(5)(G)	
 The Council, the P&A, and the UCEDD collaborate to 	
further the values of the DD Act. Sec.124(c)(3)(D)	
The Council participates in interagency activities and coalitions	
and other statewide committees and bodies in the state that are	
relevant to its mission and priorities. Sec.125(c)(5)(I)	
The Council supports and conducts activities to promote	
interagency collaboration and coordination to better serve,	
support, assist or advocate for individuals with developmental	
disabilities and their families. Sec.125(c)(5)(F)	

The Council supports and conducts activities to enhance coordination of services with other councils, entities, or committees authorized by Federal or State law, concerning individuals with developmental disabilities; parent and information training centers. Sec.125(c)(5)(G) II. ORGANIZATIONAL ADMINISTRATION Mission Comments The Council has a clear mission statement governed by the federal mission in the DD Act and by the Federal definition of State Councils Sec. 101(B) Governance **Comments** The Council has an organizational structure that supports the development, implementation, and evaluation of the State plan, policy and system change initiatives, and enhancement of community capacity and competence. • The Council has written policies in place that govern participation, attendance, membership terms and rotation, election of officers, and membership term limits. Sec.125(b) • The Council has written descriptions of the roles and responsibilities of Council members, officers, chairs, staff, committees and subgroups. Sec.101(b); 125(c) • The Council makes recommendations to the Governor for membership on the Council. Sec.125(b)(B) • Council members are appointed by the Governor in a timely fashion. Sec.125(b) Policies and Procedures **Comments** The Council operates under written policies and procedures to ensure that activities are carried out in an efficient, effective and fiscally responsible fashion, are accountable to the public, and are consistent with the values and mission of the Council. • The Council has written administrative policy and procedures that includes such things as a conflict of interest policy, bylaws, a description of the role of the DSA. fiscal and personnel policies, and any other policies relevant to the operation of the Council. Sec.125(c)(8); 125(d) Staff and Council members have the opportunity to travel as needed to conduct Council business. Sec.125(c)(8) Provisions are in place to ensure that Council decisions are free from conflict of interest and favoritism.

Sec.125(b)(3)(B)(ii); 124(C)(4)(D)	
Staff	Comments
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	with the skills necessary to manage Council activities, carry out the
	e Council funded activities, and who are committed to individuals with
developmental disabilities and families.	
The Council:	
 program and administrative priorities are reflected in the 	
size of the staff complement and in the allocation of	
individual staff members. Sec.125(c)(8)	
 determines the staffing pattern for the Council, ensures that it is designed to carry out state plan activities, coordination, 	
planning and advocacy, and carries out staff assignments	
on the organization design. Sec.125(c)(8)(9)	
 staff have the qualifications and experience necessary to 	
perform the duties. Sec.125(c)(8)	
 hires, supervises and evaluates the director who in turn 	
hires, supervises and evaluates Council staff.	
Sec.125(c)(9)	
establishes an Executive Director evaluation process, establishes an Executive Director evaluation process, 105(a)(0)	
evaluation criteria and performance criteria. Sec.125(c)(9)	
 is an equal opportunity employer and follows all federal and state guidelines and laws as appropriate in employment 	
practices. Sec.125(c)(9)	
 staff is responsible solely for assisting the Council in 	
carrying out its duties and are not assigned duties by the	
DSA or any other agency or office of the State.	
Sec.125(c)(10)	
III. MEN	MBERSHIP
	Comments
by supporting their independence, productivity, integration and incl	and share a commitment to all people with developmental disabilities
encouragement for members and other advocates to gain and use	leadership skills to promote independence, productivity, integration
and inclusion and attain leadership in the developmental disabilities me	ovement.
Council practices encourage the participation of individuals with	
developmental disabilities and family members in leadership	
positions on the Council. Sec.124(c)(4)(iii)	
New members are provided with an orientation to the values,	

mission, and federal mandates of the Council and their roles and	
responsibilities as Council members. Sec.125(c)(1-2)	
Council members are provided with information about the service	
system for individuals with developmental disabilities and family	
members in the state. Sec.124(c)(3); 125(c)(4-5)	
Council members play active roles in developing the five-year	
State plan and in evaluating progress.	
Members attend and participate in Council and committee	
meetings on a regular basis. Sec.124(c)(3); 125(c)(4-5)	
The Council facilitates the attendance and participation of	
individuals with developmental disabilities and their families on the	
Council through a variety of supports including scheduling of	
Council meetings, provision of stipends for respite, reimbursing	
travel expenses, communication and personal assistance and	
other means necessary to ensure meaningful involvement.	
Sec.125(c)(8)	
Council members participate in other organizations and forums	
that affect people with disabilities. Sec.124(c)(4)(III)	
	DMINISTRATION
	DMINISTRATION Comments
IV. PROGRAM A	Comments
IV. PROGRAM A Planning	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
IV. PROGRAM A Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
IV. PROGRAM A Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
IV. PROGRAM A Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council:	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
IV. PROGRAM A Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council: • carries out systematic planning activities that link current	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
IV. PROGRAM A Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council: • carries out systematic planning activities that link current state priorities to objectives, funding, policy initiatives and	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
IV. PROGRAM A Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council: • carries out systematic planning activities that link current state priorities to objectives, funding, policy initiatives and implementation timelines. Sec.124(c)(1-5)	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
IV. PROGRAM A Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council:	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
IV. PROGRAM A Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council:	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
 IV. PROGRAM A Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council: carries out systematic planning activities that link current state priorities to objectives, funding, policy initiatives and implementation timelines. Sec.124(c)(1-5) has policies governing the planning process including roles & responsibilities of members and staff. Sec.125(c) has policies governing State Plan implementation and the 	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council:	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect to developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council:	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect the developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council:	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect the developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council:	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect the developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council:	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with
Planning State plan priorities, Council activities and advocacy efforts reflect the developmental disabilities and families in the State, and the specific functions. The Council:	Comments ne Council's mission, the expressed needs of individuals with

- toward meeting goals and objectives, appropriateness of activities, barriers having an impact on attainment of goals
- state plan is adjusted as needed to address barriers to attaining goals, or goals that have become inappropriate
- actively seeks input from individuals with developmental disabilities, their families and the public regarding the state plan and priorities. Sec.124(d)
- planning process reflects the state's cultural diversity and addresses the state's unserved and underserved minorities. Sec.124(c)(5); 125(c)(3)
- projects and activities are derived from the approved State Plan. Sec.125(c)(5)
- takes into account the political, legal, and financial context in the state in preparation for developing priorities. Sec.124(c)(3)
- State plan is widely disseminated throughout the state. Sec.125(c)(7)

Community Competence

Comments

The Council supports grassroots and community development that promotes independence, inclusion, self-determination, integration, participation and contribution.

The Council:

- sponsors training, demonstration projects and other activities that support model practices and their replication. Sec.125(c)
- funded projects and activities are based upon the expressed needs and preferences of individuals with developmental disabilities and families. Sec.125(a)
- funded projects and activities are designed with the collaboration of individuals with developmental disabilities and families. Sec.125(a)
- projects and activities include individuals with developmental disabilities who are unserved and underserved minorities and are representative of the cultural and geographic diversity of the state.
 Sec.124(c)(5)(E)
- projects and activities are fully accessible, programmatically and physically, as designed by the ADA

	Т
and related legislation. Sec.124(c)(5)(F)	C
Systems Advocacy	Comments
The Council engages in systems change, advocacy and capacity b	uilding that improves services and supports for individuals with
developmental disabilities.	T
The Council:	
 develops priorities for systems change that are consistent with its goals and objectives. Sec.125(a) 	
 assists in building coalitions of individuals and 	
organizations concerned about developmental disabilities	
issues and utilizes participation in such coalition to further	
systems change, advocacy and capacity building. Sec.125(c)(5)(I)	
 assists individuals with developmental disabilities and their 	
families to advocate for systems change. Sec.125(c)(5)(C)	
 presents information, strategies, findings, and 	
recommendations to federal, state, or local policymakers.	
Sec.125(c)(5)(J)	
 pursues a range of strategies to meet its systems change, 	
advocacy and capacity building. Sec.125(c)(5)	
Public Awareness	Comments
·	social roles for people with developmental disabilities and the values
of independence, self-determination, integration and inclusion.	T
The Council:	
actively promotes positive images of individuals with	
developmental disabilities through public education and	
other outreach strategies. Sec.125(c)(5)(E)	
enhances opportunities for individuals with developmental disabilities to assume valued rales in their communities.	
disabilities to assume valued roles in their communities.	
Sec.125(c)(5)(C)	
 materials are easily understood and available in a variety of formats. Sec.124(c)(5)F) 	
 materials are translated as necessary to accommodate the 	
needs of significant cultural and ethnic minority groups in	
the state. Sec.124(c)(5)(I)))	
	ON AND REPORTS
·	erformance is consistent with its mission and priorities and the values
and provisions of the DD Act	

69

and provisions of the DD Act.

 The Council regularly provides opportunities for public comment on its performance by interested persons and groups. Sec.124(d) There are quality assurance practices to assess the consistency of activities with the Council's mission and priorities and legal mandates. Sec.124(c)(4); 125(c)(2) There is a system for measuring the progress of Councilfunded activities and the extent to which they succeed in meeting the Councils mission, goals and objectives. Sec.125(c)(3) The Council evaluates its grant activities based on outcomes of increased independence, productivity, integration and inclusion of people supported by the activities. Sec.125(c)(3) Individuals with developmental disabilities participate in outcome evaluations of grant-funded activities. Sec.125(c)(1) 	
Data management	Comments
	ocedures that are followed by competent staff) in place that support
	OCEUNES MALAIE IONOWED DY COMDELEM SIAM IN DIACE MALSUDDON
	occurres that are followed by competent stair, in place that support
ADD requirements.	ocedures that are followed by competent stail) in place that support
	ocedures that are followed by competent stail) in place that support
ADD requirements. Data management occurs on some schedule (e.g. staff and contractors are expected to provide data at certain times;	ocedures that are followed by competent stail) in place that support
ADD requirements. Data management occurs on some schedule (e.g. staff and contractors are expected to provide data at certain times; quality checks are performed at certain times) • Quality checks are in place to verify accuracy of reporting. • Quality control of data is done with primary sources • Data definitions and data entry instructions exist and are used • Reported outcomes are consistent with the 5-year state plan and amounts of funds made available for particular effort	
 ADD requirements. Data management occurs on some schedule (e.g. staff and contractors are expected to provide data at certain times; quality checks are performed at certain times) Quality checks are in place to verify accuracy of reporting. Quality control of data is done with primary sources Data definitions and data entry instructions exist and are used Reported outcomes are consistent with the 5-year state plan and amounts of funds made available for particular effort 	ISCAL
ADD requirements. Data management occurs on some schedule (e.g. staff and contractors are expected to provide data at certain times; quality checks are performed at certain times) • Quality checks are in place to verify accuracy of reporting. • Quality control of data is done with primary sources • Data definitions and data entry instructions exist and are used • Reported outcomes are consistent with the 5-year state plan and amounts of funds made available for particular effort	ISCAL I the State plan. Councils ensure that a wide range of people and ritory have access to Council funds and support, including
 ADD requirements. Data management occurs on some schedule (e.g. staff and contractors are expected to provide data at certain times; quality checks are performed at certain times) Quality checks are in place to verify accuracy of reporting. Quality control of data is done with primary sources Data definitions and data entry instructions exist and are used Reported outcomes are consistent with the 5-year state plan and amounts of funds made available for particular effort VI. F Activities funded by the Council reflect the values of the DD Act and organizations committed to these values throughout the state or terms. 	ISCAL I the State plan. Councils ensure that a wide range of people and ritory have access to Council funds and support, including

- prepares, approves and executes its budget consistent with the DD Act. Sec.125(c)(5)(B)
- funded activities are consistent with the Council's priorities and its mission and values. Sec.101(b)
- funded activities do not replace or supplant activities of other state agencies and non-federal funds.
 Sec.124C(c)(5)
- has a method to determine the non-federal share to be required for each project/activity and uses its ability to vary match depending on the nature of the activity. (the Council has a method to determine the non-federal share to be required for each project/activity with a match in the aggregate of 25% of project expenditures, 10% for projects addressing poverty areas.) Sec. 126
- funds direct services only as a part of a short term strategy for systems change leading to funding from other sources. Sec.125(c)(5)(K)(i)
- has procedures for financial oversight of Council funded activities. Sec.125(c)(5)(B)
- provides special funding and technical assistance to entities that address the needs of urban and rural poverty areas. Sec.124(c)(5)(E)

VII. DESIGNATED STATE AGENCY

- The DSA is expressly limited to receiving, disbursing, and accounting for funds in a manner consistent with law, providing assurances, and providing administrative support as requested by the Council.Sec.125(d)(3)
- If the DSA provides or pays for services to people with developmental disabilities, the Council routinely evaluates whether its placement continues to allow the Council's independence, and if necessary, makes a recommendation to the Governor regarding a more appropriate placement. Sec.125(c)(6)
- The DSA does not interfere with the planning, implementation and personnel of the Council.

Tab C.3 - Council Best or Innovative Practices Checklist

Instructions: The elements below are criteria to use to identify a best or innovative practice. Although a practice does not need to excel in every one of the elements, it must be noticeably superior to what is regarded as common practice among grantees to qualify as a best or innovative practice. Reviewers should rely on information provided by the grantee and will need to use their personal judgment when determining if a practice does qualify as a best practice. A best practice may be a research or evaluation project, policy analysis, data assessment, outreach initiative or awareness effort. It may provide direct service or supported opportunity to people with developmental disability, indirect support to family and

community care givers or interdisciplinary training for students, fellows, professionals and policymakers. It may involve leadership development, community work or clinical practice. While best practices are diverse in their workings, they share these common characteristics:

ELEMENT #1: It reaches the population of focus

Grantee should explain how the practice reaches the population of focus and improves the lives of people with developmental disability, who are people with severe and multiple disabilities, without regard to disability label.

ELEMENT #2: It is an effort characterized by quality

Grantee demonstrates how this practice rises above the routine and can be fairly characterized as an outstanding or significant achievement due to model or innovative methods which are reasonable in cost; supported by individuals, families, policymakers and professionals; easily taught; replicable and adaptable by others.

ELEMENT #3: Its impact is measurable

Grantee can quantify the impact on people with developmental disabilities, families, community care givers, students, fellow, professionals, direct services and policy makers. Grantee can quantify

the result of the practice with respect to leadership development, community work, litigation, mediation or clinical practice. Grantee describes the impact in terms of increased services, new individual supports, additional access to enriching community opportunities, improved awareness, better compliance monitoring, new legal precedent or a trained workforce. Grantee demonstrates that impacts are sustainable.

ELEMENT #4: It addresses the aspirations of individuals

Grantee demonstrates how the practice supports individuals with developmental disabilities in exercising choice, self determination and control of resources and how the practice contributes to the ability of

individuals with developmental disabilities to live in the community in full and unqualified integration and inclusion with non-disabled peers and associates. The practice may, for example, provide access to safe and appropriate child care, after school services, public transportation, recreation, leisure and social activities; but it will certainly do so in the most integrated setting. It is often a practice which provides an opportunity to contribute and participate in the community, develop new friendships and lead a meaningful and productive life.

ELEMENT # 5: It is respectful in its methods

Grantee demonstrates how the practice reflects a social service philosophy that uses the strengths, resources and capabilities of the individual, respects the individual's dignity and priorities. It and views the individual as the primary decision maker in the service delivery process. The design, focus and direction of such a practice are derived from the involvement of people with developmental disabilities and their families. They support access to generic services rather than isolation within services specific to disability. They are cultural competent and reflect the meaningful preferences of many different communities.

ELEMENT #6: It safeguards those it intends to benefit

A best practice is one which is free of risk, abuse, exploitation, neglect or violation of civil rights.

Use the checklists below to describe best or innovative practices by identifying 2 or 3 of the most significant accomplishments during the past five years (or since the last MTARS visit). In your description, discuss the steps that the Council took to achieve the significant accomplishment.

BEST OR INNOVATIVE PRACTICES					
Accomplishment	Description and Relevant Comments				
 Describe accomplishment 1 – Was it related to a goal in the 5-year application? Were there barriers to its completion? If so, how were they resolved? What community partners were involved? What was the impact on consumers? What was the impact on the community and/or state? Was the impact systemic? 					
Was the impact systemic:Was the impact statewide?					
 Describe accomplishment 2 – Was it related to a goal in the 5-year application? Were there barriers to its completion? If so, how were they resolved? What community partners were involved? What was the impact on consumers? What was the impact on the community and/or state? Was the impact systemic? Was the impact statewide? 					
 Describe accomplishment 3 – Was it related to a goal in the 5-year application? 					

- Were there barriers to its completion? • If so, how were they resolved? • What community partners were involved? • What was the impact on consumers? • What was the impact on the community and/or state?Was the impact systemic?
- Was the impact statewide?

Tab C.4 - State Councils on Developmental Disabilities Fiscal Review Checklist

COUNCIL QUESTIONS						
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments		
Section 122(b) Are the amounts paid to a						
State for a fiscal obligated by the end of the						
2 nd fiscal year?						
Section 124(c)(5)(B)(i) Was at least 70						
percent of Federal funds expended for Area of						
Emphasis activities?						
Section 126(a)(1) Was the Federal share of						
the cost of all projects in the State 75% or less						
of the total aggregate necessary cost?						
[Exceptions §126(a)(2) and §126(a)(3)]						
Section 126(a)(2) Is the Federal share of all						
costs of projects whose activities or products						
target individuals with developmental						
disabilities who live in urban and rural poverty						
areas 90% or less of the aggregate necessary						
costs?						
Section 126(a)(3) Is the Federal share of all						
costs of projects undertaken by the Council						
not more than 100 percent of the aggregate						
necessary costs?						
Section 126(c)(1) The non-Federal share of						
the cost of any project supported by an						
allotment under this subtitle may be provided						
in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, including						
plant, equipment and services. Describe the						
type of non-Federal funds received by the						
Council.						
(The non-Federal share required by each						
recipient of a grant from a Council may vary)						
Section 124(c)(5)(B)(iii); (iv) Has the System						
provided assurances to the HHS Secretary						
that the DD funds will be used to supplement,						

and not supplant, non-Federal funds?				
Ι	ESIGNAT	TED STA	TE AG	ENCY (DSA)
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Section 125(d)(4)(B) With the agreement of				
the DSA, the Council may use or contract with				
agencies other than the DSA to perform the				
functions of the DSA. Is there a contract?				
Section 125(d)(3)(C)(i) Does the Designated				
State Agency receive, account for, and				
disburse funds? Describe.				
Section 125(d)(3)(C)(ii) Does the				
Designated State Agency provide for such				
fiscal control and fund accounting procedures				
as may be necessary to assure the proper				
disbursement of, and accounting for, funds?				
Describe.				
Section 125(d)(3)(D) The Designated State				
Agency shall keep and provide access to such				
records as the Secretary and Council may				
determine to be necessary.				
Does the DSA provide timely financial reports				
at the request of the Council regarding the				
status of expenditures, obligations, and				
liquidation by the agency or the Council, and				
the use of Federal and non-Federal shares.				
Section 125(d)(3)(G) On the request of the				
Council, the DSA shall enter into a				
memorandum of understanding with the				
Council delineating the roles and				
responsibilities of the DSA. Is there a MOU?				
Section 124(c)(5)(B)(vi) At the request of the				
State a portion of such funds provided to such				
State shall be available to pay up to ½ (or the				
entire amount if the Council is the designated				
State agency) of the expenditures found to be				
necessary by the Secretary for the proper and				

efficient - provided not more than 5 percent of such funds provided to such State for any fiscal year, or \$50,000, whichever is less. Does the Council pay the State for DSA functions? How much? Section 124(c)(5)(B)(vii) Not more than 20 percent of such funds will be allocated to the DSA for service demonstrations by such agency. If the Council funds demonstration				
projects with the DSA, is the percentage 20%				
or less of their allocation?	TRIA NICHTA		IC DE	ODEC 9 A 122 A HIDIEC
Review Prompt	Yes	No	JS REI N/A	Comments
45 CFR 74.21; 74.52; 92.20 Financial data	1 es	140	1 1/A	Comments
and records were used in preparing the SF-				
269s for the budget period.				
B # 1 05 000				
a. Does the grantee's SF-269 reports correspond with the accounting				
records?				
b. Can the grantee readily identify how				
financial data from its accounting records				
were transferred to the Federal financial				
reports? c. Does the grantee maintain				
documentation that supports the line				
items reported?				
Does the System have adequate and audited				
fiscal controls/policies and record-keeping				
procedures?				
45 CFR 72.26; 92.26 Does the organization				
prepare audited financial statements and have an A-133 audit annually?				
Do subcontractors of the System also meet				
audit requirements and record-keeping				
procedures?				

PROCUREMENT						
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments		
45 CFR 74.43; 92.36 Are procurement						
transactions, whether negotiated or						
advertised, and regardless of dollar value,						
conducted in a manner providing maximum						
open and free competition?						
		PROI	PERTY			
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments		
 45 CFR 74.34; 92.32 Does System's property management standards for nonexpendable personal property include the following procedural requirements: a. Description of property b. Serial Number c. Source of equipment d. Name on title e. Acquisition date f. Cost of equipment g. % of Federal dollar (program dollars) used h. Current location, use, and condition of equipment i. Disposition data, including sale price, if applicable 						
45 CFR 74.34; 92.32 Is there evidence of the Council conducting a physical inventory of property at least once every two years and verifying this with property records?						
45 CFR 74.34; 92.32 Is a control system in						
effect to ensure adequate safeguards to						
prevent loss, damage, or theft to the property?						
Is any loss, damage, or theft of						
nonexpendable personal property investigated						
and fully documented?						
used h. Current location, use, and condition of equipment i. Disposition data, including sale price, if applicable 45 CFR 74.34; 92.32 Is there evidence of the Council conducting a physical inventory of property at least once every two years and verifying this with property records? 45 CFR 74.34; 92.32 Is a control system in effect to ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage, or theft to the property? Is any loss, damage, or theft of nonexpendable personal property investigated						

PAYROLL, ACCOUNTING & INTERNAL CONTROLS						
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments		
45 CFR 1386.20(a) Has the System						
implemented the necessary procedures to						
assure the proper disbursement of and						
accounting for Federal funds? Describe.						
Does the organization have formal travel						
policies or consistently followed procedures?						
Do policies require prior approval of						
expenditures, documentation of amounts						
charged, and limit the amount and types of						
expenses that can be incurred?						
45 CFR 74.21(b)(5); 92.20(b)(7) Are cash						
requirements and/or cash draw downs on						
letter of credit limited to immediate needs?						
(check last bank statement for unreasonably						
large cash balances).						

Tab C.5 - Council Chair Checklist

•	Were you informed of the MTARS Review and involved in gathering the materials to be submitted to ADD?
•	Did you have the opportunity to review the submitted materials?
•	Are you involved/aware of the Public Forum opportunity?
•	What do you think or believe the purpose of the MTARS visit is to be?
•	As Council Chair, what do you perceive your roles to be other than chairing council meetings?
•	What kinds of staff support do you receive in carrying out your duties as Chair?
•	Tell us about your relationship with the Executive Director.
•	How do you evaluate the Executive Director (forms/timeline)?
•	What happens after the Executive Director's evaluation – raise, etc.?
•	Do you have interactions with the rest of the staff? If so, please describe?

• Is an Orientation Session held for new members? If so, tell us about the information covered in that session.

- Do you feel well versed in the issues facing the Council in the following areas: 1) personnel; 2) membership; 3) financial; 4) state and national issues? If not, what prevents you from being more knowledgeable?
- How does your Council prepare its State Plan and annual amendments?
- In your opinion, what are the three most significant projects the Council is working on at the current time?

Tab D.1 – P&A Compliance Checklist

I. COLLABORATION							
I.1 DD Network Collaboration	Document	Interview	Comments				
The P&A maintains collaborative							
relationships with the Council and the							
UCEDD. Sec.104(a)(3)(D)(iii)							
	II. ORGANIZATIO	ONAL ADMINISTRATION					
II.1 Staff	Document	Interview	Comments				
The P&A hires and maintains							
sufficient numbers and types of							
qualified staff to carry out its functions							
and is not subject to State policies							
such as hiring freezes, reductions in							
force, and prohibitions on travel that							
would impact the staff or functions of							
the system funded with Federal funds.							
Sec.143(a)(2)(K)							
P&A staff are trained and experienced							
in the investigation of abuse and							
neglect.							
45 CFR 1386.21(e)							
P&A staff are trained and experienced							
in the representation of individuals							
with developmental disabilities							
regarding rights violations. 45 CFR							
1386.21(e)							
II.2 Authority and Independence	Document	Interview	Comments				
The P&A has the authority to pursue							
legal, administrative and other							
appropriate remedies to ensure the							
protection of the rights of individuals							
with developmental disabilities							
individuals with developmental							
disabilities who are, or may be,							
eligible for treatment, services or							

habilitation or who are being		
considered for a change in living		
arrangements, with particular attention		
to members of ethnic and racial		
minority groups.		
Sec.143(a)(2)(A)(i)		
The P&A has the authority to provide		
information and referral to programs		
and services. Sec.143(a)(2)(A)(ii)		
The P&A has the authority to		
investigate incidents of abuse and		
neglect of individuals with		
developmental disabilities if the		
incidents are reported to the system or		
if there is probable cause to believe		
that the incidents occurred.		
Sec.143(a)(2)(B)		
The P&A has policies or practices that		
preserve the authority of the P&A and		
do not restrict the remedies which		
may be sought on the behalf of		
individuals with developmental		
disabilities. 45 CFR 1386.21(c)		
The P&A has policies or practices that		
do not compromise the authority of the		
P&A to pursue remedies through		
litigation, legal action or other forms of		
advocacy. 45 CFR 1386.21(c)		
The P&A is not administered by the		
State Council on Developmental		
Disabilities. Sec143(a)(2)(F)		
The P&A is independent of any		
agency that provides treatment,		
services, or habilitation to individuals		
with developmental disabilities.		
Sec.143(a)(2)(G)		
No State law diminishes the required		

authority of the P&A. 45CFR			
1386.21(f) The P&A is free from any State			
policies which impact the ability of the			
staff or the functions of the P&A which			
would prevent the P&A from carrying			
out its mandates under the Act. 45			
CFR 1386.21(d)			
If the P&A is in state government,			
there are specific provisions which			
protect its operations from hiring			
freezes, training limitations,			
restrictions on obtaining and			
maintaining equipment, materials and			
supplies and services.			
Sec.143(1)(2)(K)			
	III. M	EMBERSHIP	
III.1 Board Composition & Selection	Document	Interview	Comments
If the P&A is organized as a private			
nonprofit entity with a multimember			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board,			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a)			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be composed of members who broadly			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be composed of members who broadly represent or are knowledgeable about			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be composed of members who broadly represent or are knowledgeable about the needs of the individuals served by			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be composed of members who broadly represent or are knowledgeable about the needs of the individuals served by the system. Sec.144(1)(A)			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be composed of members who broadly represent or are knowledgeable about the needs of the individuals served by the system. Sec.144(1)(A) A majority of the board members shall			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be composed of members who broadly represent or are knowledgeable about the needs of the individuals served by the system. Sec.144(1)(A) A majority of the board members shall be individuals with disabilities,			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be composed of members who broadly represent or are knowledgeable about the needs of the individuals served by the system. Sec.144(1)(A) A majority of the board members shall be individuals with disabilities, including individuals with			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be composed of members who broadly represent or are knowledgeable about the needs of the individuals served by the system. Sec.144(1)(A) A majority of the board members shall be individuals with disabilities, including individuals with developmental disabilities who are			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be composed of members who broadly represent or are knowledgeable about the needs of the individuals served by the system. Sec.144(1)(A) A majority of the board members shall be individuals with disabilities, including individuals with developmental disabilities who are eligible for, have received or are			
nonprofit entity with a multimember governing board, or a public system with a multimember governing board, such governing board shall be selected according to the policies and procedures of the system. Sec.144(a) The governing board shall be composed of members who broadly represent or are knowledgeable about the needs of the individuals served by the system. Sec.144(1)(A) A majority of the board members shall be individuals with disabilities, including individuals with developmental disabilities who are			

guardians, advocates, or authorized				
representatives of such individuals.				
Sec.144(1)(B)				
The board may include a				
representative of the State Council on				
Developmental Disabilities, the				
University Center for Excellence in				
Developmental Disabilities Education,				
Research and Service (UCEDD) in the				
State, and self-advocacy				
organizations. Sec.144(1)(C)				
Not more than 1 /3 of the members of				
the governing board may be				
appointed by the chief executive				
officer of the State involved, in the				
case of any State in which such officer				
has the authority to appoint members				
of the board. Sec.144(a)(2)				
The membership of the governing				
board shall be subject to term limits				
set by the system to ensure rotating				
membership. Sec.144(a)(3)				
Vacancies are filled in a timely				
manner. Sec.144(a)(4)				
Board members are not selected or				
appointed to represent any agency				
providing treatment, services or				
habilitation. Sec143(a)(2)(G)				
III.2 Governing Board Duties	Document	Interview	Comments	
with developmental disabilities on its				
•				
III.3 Advisory Council	Document	Interview	Comments	
system without a multimember				
governing board or advisory board. 45 CFR 1386.21(g) III.3 Advisory Council If the P&A is organized as a public	Document	Interview	Comments	

governing or advisory board, the			
system shall establish an advisory			
council. Sec.144(a)(5); 45 CFR			
1386.21(g)			
The advisory Council shall advise the			
system on policies and procedures to			
be carried out by the P&A.			
Sec144(a)(5)(A); 45 CFR 1386.21(g)			
	IV. PROGRAN	A ADMINISTRATION	
IV.1 Planning	Document	Interview	Comments
By January 1 of each year, the P&A			
shall submit an Annual Statement of			
Goals and Priorities (SGP) that			
describes			
 the priorities and selection 			
criteria for P&A's individual			
advocacy casework;			
 the systemic advocacy work 			
and training activities,			
 the outcomes the P&A strives 			
to accomplish;			
 how the P&A operates; and, 			
 how the ray operates, and, how it coordinates with other 			
P&A programs in the State.			
45 CFR 1386.23(c).			
Annually, members of the public,			
including individuals with			
developmental disabilities, and other			
advocates shall be given an			
opportunity to comment on the goals,			
priorities and activities of the P&A.			
Sec.143(a)(2)(D)			
Each fiscal year, the P&A shall:			
 obtain formal public input on its 			
Statement of Goals and			
Priorities (SGP);			
 provide for broad distribution of 			
Provide for broad distribution of			

the proposed SGP for the next fiscal year in a manner accessible to individuals with development disabilities and the representatives and allow at least 45 days from the date of distribution for comment; • provide the State Council on Developmental Disabilities and the University Center a copy of the proposed SGP for comments concurrently with the public notice; • incorporate or address comments received in the final SGP submitted to the Department; and, • address how the P&A, State Council on Developmental Disabilities, and the University Center will collaborate with each other and with other public and private entities. 45 CFR 1386.23(d). On an annual basis, the P&A develops, submits to the Secretary, and takes action with regard to goals (each of which is related to 1 or more areas of emphasis) and priorities, developed through data driven strategic planning, for the system's activities. Sec.143(a)(2)(C)			
IV.2 Confidentiality	Document	Interview	Comments
The P&A has policies and practices to keep confidential all information contained in a client's record. 45 CFR 1386.22(e)(1)			

The P&A system has written policies			
•			
governing access to, storage of,			
duplication of, and release of client			
information. 45 CFR 1386.22(e)(2)			
The P&A has policies and practices			
that assure the P&A has written			
consent from the client or his or her			
guardian before releasing information			
to individuals not otherwise authorized			
to receive it. 45 CFR 1386.21(i).			
The P&A has authority to keep			
confidential the names and identity of			
individuals who report incidents of			
abuse and neglect.			
45 CFR 1386.22(e)(3).			
IV.3 Client Eligibility & Case Selection	Document	Interview	Comments
The P&A has developed case or client			
acceptance criteria as part of its			
annual priority setting process. 45			
CFR 1386.21(c)			
Clients are informed at the time they			
apply for services of the case or			
acceptance criteria. 44 CFR			
1386.21(c)			
IV.4 Legal Representation	Document	Interview	Comments
The P&A represents individuals with			
developmental disabilities in lawsuits			
against the State or any agency or			
instrumentality of the state without			
instrumentality of the state without limitation. Sec.144(b)(1).			
limitation. Sec.144(b)(1).			
limitation. Sec.144(b)(1). The P&A provides assistance in a			
limitation. Sec.144(b)(1). The P&A provides assistance in a manner that is consistent with section			
limitation. Sec.144(b)(1). The P&A provides assistance in a manner that is consistent with section 5 of the Assisted Suicide Funding			
limitation. Sec.144(b)(1). The P&A provides assistance in a manner that is consistent with section 5 of the Assisted Suicide Funding Restriction Act of 1997.	Document	Interview	Comments

abuse and neglect of individuals with developmental disabilities if the incidents are reported to the system or if there is probable cause to believe				
that the incidents occurred. Sec.143(a)(2)(B).				
The P&A has access to individuals				
with developmental disabilities and records as provided in the Act and				
regulations. Sec.143(a)(2)(H), (I) and (J)				
IV.6 Access to Individuals with	Document	Interview	Comments	
Developmental Disabilities				
The P&A has access at reasonable times to any individual with a				
developmental disability in a location				
in which services, supports and other				
assistance are provided.				
Sec.143(a)(2)(H); 45 CFR 1386.22(f)				
The P&A has the opportunity to				
interview any facility service recipient,				
employee, or other persons, including				
the person thought to be the victim of				
an incident of abuse or neglect, who				
might be reasonably believed by the				
P&A to have knowledge of the				
incident under investigation. 45 CFR 1386.22(f)				
The P&A has opportunity to inspect,				
view and photograph all areas of a				
facility's premises that might be				
reasonably believed by the P&A to				
have been connected with an incident				
of abuse or neglect. 45 CFR				
1386.22(f)				
The P&A and all of its authorized				
agents have unaccompanied access				

to all residents of a facility at reasonable times to monitor compliance with respect to the rights and safety of service recipients. 45			
CFR 1386.22(g)			
The P&A and all of its authorized			
agents have unaccompanied access			
to all residents of a facility at			
reasonable times to provide:			
 information and training on, and 			
referral to, programs			
addressing the needs of			
individuals with developmental			
disabilities and the P&A			
services including the name,			
address, and telephone			
number of the P&A			
 other information and training 			
about individual rights. 45 CFR			
1386.22(g)			
The P&A has unaccompanied access			
to all residents of a facility including			
the opportunity to meet and			
communicate privately with			
individuals, both formally and			
informally, by telephone, mail and in			
person. 45 CFR 1386.22(h)	_	-	~
IV.7 Access to Records	Document	Interview	Comments
The P&A shall have access to records			
of clients if such person, legal			
guardian, conservator or other legal			
representative has authorized such			
access or where a complaint has been			
received about the individual or there			
is probable cause that the individual			
has been subject to abuse or neglect.			
Sec.143(a)(2)(I).			

The DOA shall be an extension to the			
The P&A shall have access to the			
records that are relevant to conducting			
an investigation not later than 3			
business days after the system makes			
a written request for the records and			
have immediate access not later than			
24 hours after the system makes such			
a request to the records without			
consent from another party.			
Sec.143(a)(2)(J).			
The State provides the P&A with a			
copy of each independent review of			
an ICF/MR within the state not later			
then 30 days after the availability of			
such review about the adequacy of			
health care and other services,			
supports and assistance received by			
individuals with developmental			
disabilities through home and			
community-based waivers.			
Sec.143(a)(3).			
IV.8 Grievances	Document	Interview	Comments
	2 octiment		
The P&A shall establish a grievance	2 ocument		
The P&A shall establish a grievance procedure for clients or prospective	2 ocument		
	2 ocumoni		
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with	2 common		
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full			
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full access to services of the system.			
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full		TION AND REPORTS	
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full access to services of the system.			Comments
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full access to services of the system. Sec.143(a)(2)(E)	V. EVALUAT	TION AND REPORTS	Comments
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full access to services of the system. Sec.143(a)(2)(E) Program Performance Report	V. EVALUAT	TION AND REPORTS	Comments
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full access to services of the system. Sec.143(a)(2)(E) Program Performance Report By January 1 of each year the P&A	V. EVALUAT	TION AND REPORTS	Comments
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full access to services of the system. Sec.143(a)(2)(E) Program Performance Report By January 1 of each year the P&A shall submit an Annual Program Performance Report in a format	V. EVALUAT	TION AND REPORTS	Comments
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full access to services of the system. Sec.143(a)(2)(E) Program Performance Report By January 1 of each year the P&A shall submit an Annual Program Performance Report in a format designated by the Secretary. Sec.	V. EVALUAT	TION AND REPORTS	Comments
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full access to services of the system. Sec.143(a)(2)(E) Program Performance Report By January 1 of each year the P&A shall submit an Annual Program Performance Report in a format designated by the Secretary. Sec. 144 (e);	V. EVALUAT	TION AND REPORTS	Comments
procedure for clients or prospective clients to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities have full access to services of the system. Sec.143(a)(2)(E) Program Performance Report By January 1 of each year the P&A shall submit an Annual Program Performance Report in a format designated by the Secretary. Sec.	V. EVALUAT	TION AND REPORTS	Comments

	V	I. FISCAL	
	Document	Interviews	Comments
Grantee shall keep records that			
disclose:			
 Amount and disposition of 			
assistance by recipient			
 Total cost of project or 			
undertaking in connection with			
assistance given			
 Amount of project costs 			
supplied by other sources			
 Such other records that will 			
facilitate an effective audit			
Sec.103			
In a State in which the system is			
housed in a State agency, the State			
may use not more than 5 percent of			
any allotment under this subsection			
for the costs of monitoring the			
administration of the system.			
Sec.142(a)(5)			
Attorney fees are considered program			
income and must be added to the			
funds committed to the program and			
used to further the objectives of the			
program. This requirement shall apply			
to all attorney fees, including those			
earned by contractors and those			
received after the project period in which they were earned. 45 CFR			
1386.24(b)			
Expenditures and obligations are			
reported semiannually by SF 269. 45			
CFR 1386.23(b)			
The P&A may use its allotments to			
bring lawsuits in its own right to			
redress incidents of abuse or neglect,			
roaroso moidento or abase or neglect,			

	,		·
discrimination and other rights			
violations impacting on individuals			
with developmental disabilities to			
obtain access to records and when it			
appears on behalf of named plaintiffs			
or a class of plaintiff for such			
purposes. 45 CFR 1386.25			
Funds have been obligated within one			
year of the close of the Federal fiscal			
year in which they were awarded.			
Sec.142(c)			
Obligated funds have been liquidated			
within two years of the close of the			
Federal fiscal year in which they were			
awarded. 45 CFR 1386.3(a)			
The P&A provides assurances to the			
Secretary that funds will be used to			
supplement, and not supplant, non-			
Federal funds. Sec.143(a)(2)(M)			
Amounts received through court			
judgments are used only for furthering			
the purposes of protecting and			
advocating for the legal and human			
rights of individuals with			
developmental disabilities and shall			
not be used to augment payments to			
legal contractors or to award personal			
bonuses.			
Sec.144(b)(2)			
The P&A system has implemented the			
necessary procedures to assure the			
proper disbursement of and			
accounting for Federal funds. 45 CFR			
1386.20(a)			
	VII. DESIGNAT	TED STATE AGENCY	
VII.1 DD Act requirements for DSA	Document	Interview	Comments
Where a private non-profit agency			
		·	

serves as the P&A system, a state		
representative is designated to		
receive notices of disallowances		
receive notices of disallowarises		
and/or non-compliance. 45 CFR		
1386.20(c)		

Tab D.2 – P&A Program Operation and Practices Checklist

I. COLLAR	SORATION	
Collaboration	Comments	
Collaboration is an integral part of the P&A scope of work. The DD Act includes requirements for collaboration across the DD network and with community partners. In addition, P&As have unique opportunities to collaborate with local, state, and national organizations and agencies. Effective collaboration strengthens the P&A's ability to outreach and engage multiple audiences in projects and activities.		
The P&A coordinates its advocacy efforts and collaborates with other advocacy programs, parent training and information centers, long-term care ombudsman programs, and other federally funded P&A programs in the State. Sec.143(a)(2)(D)(ii)		
II. ORGANIZATIONA		
Mission The P&A has a clear mission statement consistent with the purpose and mandates of the Act. Sec.101(b), 101(c), 141, 143.	Comments	
Organizational Policies	Comments	
The P&A has written conflict of interest policy, fiscal and personnel P&A. Sec.144; 45 CFR 1386.21, 1386.24, 1386.	policies, and any other policies relevant to the operation of the	
The P&A has no administrative links to any service providing agency.		
Authority	Comments	
By-laws and Policies assure the independence of the P&A. Sec143(a)(2)(F)		
Articles of incorporation, by-laws, assurances of the governor, implementing statutes and executive orders do not limit the authority mandated to the P&A in the Act. Sec.143(a)(2)(A)(i)		
The P&A has the authority to educate policymakers. Sec.143(a)(2)(L)		
Staff	Comments	
Staff has opportunities for training and skill development consistent with the established activities and priorities. 45 CFR 1386.21(e)		
The P&A takes affirmative action to employ and advance qualified individuals with disabilities. Sec.107	BERSHIP	

III. MEMBERSHIP

Support to Board and Council Members	Comments
P&A practices encourage the participation of individuals with	
developmental disabilities and family members in leadership	
positions on the governing board or advisory council.	
Sec.144(a)(1)(A)	
New members are provided with an orientation to the values,	
mission, and federal mandates of the P&A and their roles and	
responsibilities as governing board or advisory council members.	
Sec.144.(a)(1)(A)	
P&A governing board or advisory council members are provided	
with information about the service system for and the needs of	
individuals with developmental disabilities. Sec.144(a)(1)(A)	
P&A provides for on-going opportunities for members of its	
governing board or advisory council to attend conferences,	
workshops and other training events. Sec.144(a)(1)(A)	
Policies for Boards and Councils	
If the P&A is required to have an advisory council, there are	
written operating procedures for the advisory council that set out	
the advisory council's duties and responsibilities; process for	
selection of membership; membership criteria and assure that a	
majority of the membership are consumers or family members.	
Sec.144(a)(5); 45 CFR 1386.21(g)	
The P&A has written policies in place that govern participation,	
attendance, membership terms and rotation, election of officers,	
and membership term limits. Sec.144.	
By-laws and written policies provide for a process for the selection	
of governing board members or advisory council members who	
broadly represent the needs of individuals with developmental	
disabilities and who reflect the racial and ethnic diversity of the	
State. Sec.101(c); 144(a)	
The P&A has a recruitment process to identify individuals with	
developmental disabilities or family members, guardians,	
advocates for membership on the governing board or advisory	
council. Sec.144(a)(1)(B)	
IV. PROGRAM AI	
Planning	Comments
The P&A implements an annual planning process to establish	

goals and priorities. It engages in a strategic planning process that is data driven and produces goals that reflect the P&A mission and are related to areas of emphasis within the Act.	
Sec.143(a)(2)(C)	
P&A has a data information system in place to describe its goals	
and the extent to which the goals were achieved, barriers to their	
achievement, the process used to obtain public input, the nature	
of the input and how such input was use. Sec.144 (e); 45 CFR	
1386.23(a)	
Activities of the P&A are consistent with its annual Statement of	
Priorities, and its mission and values.	
The P&A investigates alleged incidents of abuse and neglect	
consistent with its annual priorities and available resources, if the	
incidents are reported to the P&A or if there is probable cause to	
believe that the incidents occurred as determined by the P&A.	
Sec143(a)(2)(B)	
Program Policies and Practices	Comments
The P&A policies or practices provide for a broad range of	
remedies or approaches through litigation, legal action or other	
forms of advocacy to protect and advocate the rights of individuals	
with developmental disabilities. Sec143; 45 CFR 1386.21(c)	
The P&A has written by-laws, policies and procedures for	
program operations including the intake process, confidentiality,	
legal advocacy program, information and referral process,	
systemic advocacy work and training activities. Sec.144; 45 CFR	
1386.21, 1386.24, 1386.	
P&A policies and practice on confidentiality provide for the	
protection of the identity of, or any other personally identifiable	
information related to any individual requesting assistance.	
45CFR 1386.22(e)(2)	
The P&A has written policies on case selection and eligibility	
consistent with its annual goals and priorities. 45 CFR 1386.21I;	
1386.24(a)(1)	C
	Comments
P&A has a program that provides information and referral services	
including written materials that are easy to understand and	
accessible in formats and languages other than English.	

Sec.143(a)(2)(A)(ii)	
V. EVALUATION	NAND REPORTS
P&A annually evaluates its effectiveness and whether its performance is consistent with its mission and priorities and the values and provisions of the DD Act. Sec.143(a)(2)(C) The governing board or advisory council regularly receives reports	
on grievance outcomes. Sec.143(a)(2)(E).	
The P&A provides opportunities for the public to comment on its performance by interested persons and groups. Sec143(a)(2)(D)	
VI. FI	SCAL
P&A has adequate and audited fiscal controls, policies and written recordkeeping procedures. 45 CFR 1386.20(a)	
Allowable costs include the Protection and Advocacy System providing disability related technical assistance information and referral to appropriate programs and services. 45 CFR 1386.24.	
Allotments are paid directly to the P&A system. Sec142(b)	

Tab D.3 - Protection & Advocacy Best or Innovative Practices Checklist

Instructions: The elements below are criteria to use to identify a best or innovative practice. Although a practice does not need to excel in every one of the elements, it must be noticeably superior to what is regarded as common practice among grantees to qualify as a best or innovative practice. Reviewers should rely on information provided by the grantee and will need to use their personal judgment when determining if a practice does qualify as a best practice. A best practice may be a research or evaluation project, policy analysis, data assessment, outreach initiative or awareness effort. It may provide direct service or supported opportunity to people with developmental disability, indirect support to family and

community care givers or interdisciplinary training for students, fellows, professionals and policymakers. It may involve leadership development, community work or clinical practice. While best practices are diverse in their workings, they share these common characteristics:

ELEMENT #1: It reaches the population of focus

Grantee should explain how the practice reaches the population of focus and improves the lives of people with developmental disability, who are people with severe and multiple disabilities, without regard to disability label.

ELEMENT #2: It is an effort characterized by quality

Grantee demonstrates how this practice rises above the routine and can be fairly characterized as an outstanding or significant achievement due to model or innovative methods which are reasonable in cost; supported by individuals, families, policymakers and professionals; easily taught; replicable and adaptable by others.

ELEMENT #3: Its impact is measurable

Grantee can quantify the impact on people with developmental disabilities, families, community care givers, students, fellow, professionals, direct services and policy makers. Grantee can quantify

the result of the practice with respect to leadership development, community work, litigation, mediation or clinical practice. Grantee describes the impact in terms of increased services, new individual supports, additional access to enriching community opportunities, improved awareness, better compliance monitoring, new legal precedent or a trained workforce. Grantee demonstrates that impacts are sustainable.

ELEMENT #4: It addresses the aspirations of individuals

Grantee demonstrates how the practice supports individuals with developmental disabilities in exercising choice, self determination and control of resources and how the practice contributes to the ability of

individuals with developmental disabilities to live in the community in full and unqualified integration and inclusion with non-disabled peers and associates. The practice may, for example, provide access to safe and appropriate child care, after school services, public transportation, recreation, leisure and social activities; but it will certainly do so in the most integrated setting. It is often a practice which provides an opportunity to contribute and participate in the community, develop new friendships and lead a meaningful and productive life.

ELEMENT # 5: It is respectful in its methods

Grantee demonstrates how the practice reflects a social service philosophy that uses the strengths, resources and capabilities of the individual, respects the individual's dignity and priorities. It and views the individual as the primary decision maker in the service delivery process. The design, focus and direction of such a practice are derived from the involvement of people with developmental disabilities and their families. They support access to generic services rather than isolation within services specific to disability. They are cultural competent and reflect the meaningful preferences of many different communities.

ELEMENT #6: It safeguards those it intends to benefit

A best practice is one which is free of risk, abuse, exploitation, neglect or violation of civil rights.

Use the checklists below to describe best or innovative practices by identifying 2 or 3 of the most significant accomplishments during the past five years (or since the last MTARS visit). In your description, discuss the steps that the P&A took to achieve the significant accomplishment.

BEST OR INNOVATIVE PRACTICES					
Accomplishment	Description and Relevant Comments				
 Describe accomplishment 1 – Was it related to a goal in the 5-year application? Were there barriers to its completion? If so, how were they resolved? What community partners were involved? What was the impact on consumers? What was the impact on the community and/or state? Was the impact systemic? 					
Was the impact statewide?					
 Was it related to a goal in the 5-year application? Were there barriers to its completion? If so, how were they resolved? What community partners were involved? What was the impact on consumers? What was the impact on the community and/or state? Was the impact systemic? Was the impact statewide? 					
 Describe accomplishment 3 – Was it related to a goal in the 5-year application? Were there barriers to its completion? If so, how were they resolved? What community partners were involved? 					

What was the impact on consumers?
What was the impact on the community and/or state?
Was the impact systemic?
Was the impact statewide?

Tab D.4 - Protection & Advocacy System Case File Review

P&A Case File Review Protocol for MTARS

ADD conducts monitoring and technical assistance reviews of the DD network programs periodically depending on available resources. Review of a sampling of client case eligibility records is a required element of the P&A monitoring visit. The DD Act authorizes ADD to have access to these records¹, but precludes access to any personal identifying information². Further, the regulation explicitly states that P&As may obtain consent from all clients to have information related to client and case eligibility disclosed to ADD³.

Given this authority, and pursuant to the results of ADD's test of a streamlined protocol for accomplishing the onsite review of client and eligibility case files for the five 2005 monitoring reviews, ADD will continue to use the streamlined protocol.

The purpose of the case file review is to ascertain and certify that the clients meet the eligibility criteria for developmental disability and that the case handling procedures are timely, reasonable and complete from intake to formal closure.

ADD will use the attached questionnaire (developed by Lois Simpson, Executive Director, Louisiana P&A, 2004) to guide the "non-hands-on" case file review conducted jointly by the MTARS team and the Legal Director/managing attorney and/or other P&A staff who will handle the selected case files.

Case File Review Protocol

- In advance of the monitoring visit, the P&A will provide to the P&A MTARS Team Leader a list of up to 100 cases by case number and status (including open, closed, and designated information and referral, full representation, etc.), in which ADD funds are/were used during the period of the review.
- MTARS Team Leader will select at least 10 cases at random for review and notify the P&A Executive Director.
- The P&A Executive Director and the MTARS Team Leader will agree upon the date and time for the case file review, during which the Legal Director/managing attorney and/or other P&A staff who are knowledgeable about

105

¹ See Sect. 103(b) of the DD Act, 42 U.S.C. §15003(b)

² See 42 U.S.C. §15044(c) and 45 C.F.R. §1385.9(e)(1) and §1385.9(e)(2).

³ See <u>Id.</u> 1385.9(e)(2)

- the selected cases will be available to participate in the review to answer questions and handle the case files. At no time will the MTARS team seek or have access to personal identifying information.
- For the cases selected for review, the P&A will have the paper files on site at the location designated for the case file review and, for those parts of the file that are electronically maintained, P&A staff will be able to access the electronic records during the course of the MTARS review.
- P&As may also provide certain information to the MTARS review team by sharing copies of the "face page" or other documents from electronic or paper files with personal identifying information of clients redacted.
- During each case file review, the MTARS team will note whether the case file is in order (eligible, timely, reasonable and complete) and if not, will recommend corrective action.
- The P&A must certify that all client case files are stored under lock and key to be in compliance with the regulations implementing the DD Act⁴.

⁴ See 45 C.F.R. §1386.22 (e)

KEY ELEMENTS OF A CASE FILE REVIEW

- Is there evidence that the client meets the eligibility criteria for developmental disability?
- Does the issue in the case conform to one of the priorities set by the P&A?
- Is there a retainer agreement that clearly states what the P&A will do for the client?
- Is there evidence that action on the case began promptly and proceeded at a reasonable pace?
- Is there evidence that the client was kept informed about progress on the case?
- Is there evidence that sufficient research and document review was carried out in order to achieve the client's objective?
- Was the expected outcome of the case achieved for the client?
- If not, why not?
- Is there evidence that the client was notified when the case was formally closed?

Tab D.5 - Protection & Advocacy System Fiscal Review Checklist

SYSTEM QUESTIONS					
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments	
Section 142(a)(5) In a State in which the System is					
housed in a State agency, does the System use less					
than 5% of their allotment for the cost of monitoring the					
administration of the system? What is the					
percentage?					
45 CFR 1386.20(c) Where a private non-profit agency					
serves as the System, is there a state representative					
designated to receive notices of disallowances and/or					
non-compliance? Who is the representative?					
<u>Section 142(c)</u> Have the Federal funds been obligated					
within one year of the close of the Federal fiscal year					
in which they were awarded? [For the past closed					
year]					
45 CFR 1386.3(a) Have the obligated Federal funds					
been liquidated within two years of the close of the					
Federal fiscal year in which they were awarded? [For					
the past_closed year]					
Section 143(a)(2)(M) Has the System provided					
assurances to the HHS Secretary that the DD funds					
will be used to supplement, and not supplant, non-					
Federal funds?					
<u>Section 144(b)(2)</u> Have amounts received through					
court judgments been used only for furthering the					
purposes of the DD program and not to augment					
payments to legal contractors or to award personal					
bonuses? What procedures are in place?					

45 CFR 1386.24; 45 CFR 72.24 Non-allowable costs include those costs incurred for activities on behalf of individuals with developmental disabilities to solve problems not directly related to their disabilities and which are faced by the general populace. Does the System engage in such activities (e.g., preparation of wills, divorce decrees and real estate proceedings)? Are attorneys fees considered program income and added to the funds committed to the program and used to further the objectives of the program? The requirement applies to all attorneys' fees, including those earned by contractors and those received after the project period in which they were earned.				
				ORTS & A-133 AUDITS
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
45 CFR 74.21; 74.52; 92.20 Financial data and				
records were used in preparing the SF-269s for the				
budget period.				
a. Does the grantee's SF-269 reports correspond				
with the accounting records?				
b. Can the grantee readily identify how financial				
data from its accounting records were transferred				
to the Federal financial reports?				
c. Does the grantee maintain documentation that				
supports the line items reported?				
Does the System have adequate and audited fiscal				
controls/policies and record-keeping procedures?				
45 CFR 72.26; 92.26 Does the organization prepare				
audited financial statements and have an A-133 audit				
annually?				
Do subcontractors of the System also meet audit				
requirements and record-keeping procedures?				
45 CFR 74.21; 92.20 Are written procedures in place				
to determine the allowability, allocability and				
reasonableness of costs?				

45 CFR 74.22(K) & (L); 92.21 Does the System earn interest on Federal funds? If yes, does the System				
have procedures in place to return interest earning to				
the Federal government?				
45 CFR 74.27; 31, & 48; Part 92.22 Has the System				
secured and keep in force, during operation period,				
adequate insurance coverage to protect against				
losses?				
			EMEN	
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
45 CFR 74.43; 92.36 Are grantee procurement				
transactions, whether negotiated or advertised, and				
regardless of dollar value, conducted in a manner				
providing maximum open and free competition?	D	D (D)	ERTY	
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
45 CFR 74.34; 92.32 Does System's property	165	110	1 1/A	Comments
management standards for nonexpendable personal				
property include the following procedural				
requirements:				
100				
a. Description of property				
b. Serial Number				
c. Source of equipment				
d. Name on title				
e. Acquisition date				
f. Cost of equipment				
g. % of Federal dollar (program dollars) used				
h. Current location, use, and condition of equipment				
i. Disposition data, including sale price, if applicable				
45.05D.74.04.00.00 bull and a file of the control o				
45 CFR 74.34; 92.32 Is there evidence of the System				
conducting a physical inventory of property at least				
once every two years and verifying this with property records?				
45 CFR 74.34; 92.32 Is a control system in effect to				
ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage,				
ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage,				

or theft to the property? Is any loss, damage, or theft of nonexpendable personal property investigated and fully documented?								
PAYROLL, ACCOUNTING & INTERNAL CONTROLS								
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments				
45 CFR 1386.20(a) Has the System implemented the								
necessary procedures to assure the proper								
disbursement of and accounting for Federal funds?								
Describe.								
Does the payroll distribution system account for the								
total effect (100%) for which the employees is								
compensated by the organization and are the charges								
appropriately allocated to funding sources?								
Does preparation of the payroll require more than one								
employee?								
Is the payroll verified at regular intervals against the								
personnel records?								
Is the payroll bank account reconciled by someone								
other than payroll staff or personnel who sign or								
distribute the pay checks?								
Does the organization have formal travel policies or								
consistently followed procedures?								
Does the organization have internal procedures to								
control the use of organizational credit cards, access								
to credit cards, and prohibit any personal expenditures?								
Do policies require prior approval of expenditures,								
documentation of amounts charged, and limit the								
amount and types of expenses that can be incurred?								
Is there a separation of responsibility in the receipt,								
payment, and recording of cash?								
payment, and recording or odorr.								
a. Is the signing of checks limited to those								
designated officials whose duties exclude posting								
and/or recording cash received, approving								
vouchers for payment, and payroll preparation?								
Are accounting entries supported by appropriate								

	 1	
documentation (e.g., purchase orders, vouchers, and		
vendor payments)?		
Are all checks pre-numbered and accounted for when		
general purpose bank account is reconciled?		
If a mechanical or facsimile signature is used for cash		
disbursements, is the signature plate, die, key,		
electronic card, etc. under strict control?		
Are bank accounts reconciled by persons not handling		
cash in the organization?		
Are all employees who handle funds required to be		
bonded against loss by reason of fraud or dishonesty?		
Does the organization have a written allocation plan		
for administrative costs and/or a negotiated cost rate?		
Are persons in the organization who approve budget		
amendments authorized to do so by the Board of		
Directors or top management?		
45 CFR 74.21(b)(5); 92.20(b)(7) Are cash		
requirements and/or cash draw downs on letter of		
credit limited to immediate needs? (check last bank		
statement for unreasonably large cash balances).		

Tab E.1 - UCEDD Compliance Checklist

I. COLLABORATION					
I.1.DD Network Collaboration	Document	Interview	Comments		
The UCEDD maintains collaborative relationships with the State Council on Developmental Disabilities and the State Protection and Advocacy Agency. Sec. 104 (a)(3)(D)(iii)	 5-year application (specify pages) Working documents developed by DD Council, P&A, and UCEDD Other: 	 Executive Directors Faculty/Staff Community members/Public Forum Other: 			
I.2.Community Collaborations	Document	Interview	Comments		
The UCEDD actively participates in community networks and has a range of collaborating partners. Sec. 101(b)(3)	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (specify pages) Working documents Other: 	 Community partners/organizations UCEDD Director/Faculty/ Staff Other: 			
UCEDD direct services interact with and involve community members, agencies, and organizations. Sec. 101 (b)(3)(B) & Sec. 153 (a)(2)(B)	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (specify pages) Working documents Other: 	 Community partners/organizations UCEDD Director/Faculty/ Staff Other: 			
The UCEDD maintains cooperative relationships with other community service providers, including specialized state and local providers agencies. Sec. 101 (b)(3)(B) & Sec. 153 (a)(2)(B)	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (specify pages) Working documents Other: 	 Community partners/organizations State/local partners UCEDD Director/Faculty/ Staff Other: 			
		TIONAL ADMINISTRATION			
8 -	Document	Interview	Comments		
The UCEDD has an agreement to operate as an independent Center within the Institute of	 Memorandum of Understanding or similar document 	University Provost/PresidentRelevant leadership personnelOther:			

Higher Education to communit	Other:	T	T
Higher Education to carry out	• Other.		
the core functions of			
interdisciplinary pre-service			
preparation and continuing			
education, community services			
and technical assistance,			
research, and information			
dissemination. Sec. 153.			
Services, supports, and other	 5-year application (specify 	 UCEDD Director, faculty, staff, 	
assistance are provided in a	pages)	 Individuals with developmental 	
manner that demonstrates	 Annual Report (specify 	disabilities	
respect for individual dignity,	pages)	Family members	
personal preferences, and	Other:	Other:	
cultural differences. Sec.			
101(c)(4).			
II.2 Staffing	Document	Interview	Comments
The UCEDD has a director with:	CV/Resume	University Provost/President	
Appropriate academic	5-year application (specify	Department Chair	
credentials;	pages)	UCEDD Director	
Demonstrated	Other:	UCEDD faculty/staff	
leadership;	- Guior.	Consumer Advisory Committee	
• *		Individuals with developmental	
Expertise regarding		disabilities	
developmental			
disabilities;		Family membersOther:	
 Significant experience in 		• Other.	
managing grants and			
contracts; and			
 The ability to leverage 			
public and private funds.			
Sec. 154 (a)(3)(G).			
The UCEDD maintains the	CV/Resume	UCEDD Director	
faculty and staff necessary to	 5-year application (specify 	UCEDD faculty/staff	
support the functions and	pages)	Consumer Advisory Committee	
purposes of the UCEDD and	Annual Report (specify	Trainees	
allocates adequate staff time to	pages)	Other:	
carry out activities related to	Organizational charts		
each of the core functions. Sec.	Other:		
154(a)(3)(G)(ii).			
The UCEDD takes affirmative	5-year application (specify	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff	
action to employ and advance	pages)	Consumer Advisory Committee	

in employment qualified individuals with developmental disabilities. Sec. 101(b)	Annual Report (specify pages)Other:	 Individuals with developmental disabilities/Family members Other: 	
	III. CONSUMER	R ADVISORY COMMITTEE	
Consumer Advisory Committee	Document	Interview	Comments
The UCEDD has established a consumer advisory committee. Sec.154 (a)(3)(E)	5-year application (specify pages)Other:	UCEDD Director/faculty/staffConsumer Advisory CommitteeOther:	
A majority of the members of the UCEDD consumer advisory committee are individuals with developmental disabilities and family members. Sec.154 (a)(3)(E)	 Consumer Advisory Committee Matrix (see resources at end of checklist) Other: 	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other: 	
The UCEDD consumer advisory committee is comprised of- • individuals with developmental disabilities and related disabilities; • family members of individuals with developmental disabilities; • a representative of the State P&A system; • a representative of the State DD Council; • a representative of a self-advocacy organization; and • representatives of organizations that may include parent training and information centers assisted under the	5-year application (specify pages) Consumer Advisory Committee Matrix (see resources at end of checklist) Other:	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other:	

Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act, entities carrying out activities authorized under the Assistive Technology Act, relevant State agencies, and other community groups concerned with the			
welfare of individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. Sec.154 (a)(3)(E)			
The UCEDD consumer advisory committee reflects the racial and ethnic diversity of the State. Sec.154 (a)(3)(E)	 5-year application (specify pages) Consumer Advisory Committee Matrix (see resources at end of checklist) Other: 	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other: 	
The UCEDD consumer advisory committee - Consults with the Director of the Center regarding the development of the 5-year plan; Participates in an annual review of, and comments on, the progress of the Center in meeting the projected goals contained in the plan; and Makes recommendations to the Director of the Center regarding any	 5-year application (specify pages) Other: 	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other:	

IV. PROGRA	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other: M ADMINISTRATION Interview	
IV. PROGRA	 Consumer Advisory Committee Other: M ADMINISTRATION	
IV. PROGRA	 Consumer Advisory Committee Other: M ADMINISTRATION	
		Comments
:	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other: 	
r application (specify	UCEDD Director/faculty/staffConsumer Advisory Committee Other:	
() :	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee DD Council P&A Other: 	
r	r application r application (specify) r application (specify)	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other: UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other: Tapplication (specify UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other: Tapplication (specify UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee DD Council P&A

goals contained in the State plan Protection and Advocacy system goals; and • will be reviewed and revised annually as necessary to address emerging trends and needs. Sec. 154(a)(3)(B) The UCEDD 5 year plan and	5-year application (specify)	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff	
related activities protect the legal and human rights of all individuals with developmental disabilities (especially those individuals under State guardianship). Sec. 154 (a)(3)(D)	pages) Other:	Consumer Advisory Committee Other:	
IV.2 Core Function:	Document	Interview	Comments
Interdisciplinary Training	5 11 11 11	110500 0: 1 // 1/ / //	
The UCEDD provides interdisciplinary pre-service preparation and continuing education of students and fellows, which may include the preparation and continuing	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (Specify Pages) NIRS reports 	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Trainees Other:	
education of leadership, direct service, clinical, or other personnel to strengthen and increase the capacity of States and communities. Sec. 101 (b)(3)(A) The UCEDD core curriculum	Other: 5-year application (specify)	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff	

Sec.101(c)(5)			
Recruitment efforts in disciplines related to developmental disabilities relating to pre-service training, community training, practice, administration, and policymaking must focus on bringing larger numbers of racial and ethnic minorities. Sec.101(c)(6)	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (Specify Pages) NIRS reports Other: 	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Trainees Other: 	
IV.3 Core Function:	Document	Interview	Comments
Community Services - Training, Technical Assistance, and Services			
The UCEDD provides community services that: • Provide training and technical assistance for individuals with developmental disabilities, their families, professionals, paraprofessionals, policy-makers, students, and other members of the community; and • May provide services, supports, and assistance through demonstration and model activities. Sec. 101 (b)(3)(B) & Sec.153(a)(2)(B)	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (Specify Pages) NIRS reports Other: 	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Community collaborators Individuals with developmental disabilities Family members Other: 	
Specific efforts are made to ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities from racial and ethnic minority backgrounds and their families	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (Specify Pages) NIRS reports 	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Community collaborators Individuals with developmental disabilities Family members 	

enjoy increased and meaningful opportunities to access and use community services, individualized supports, and other forms of assistance available to other individuals with developmental	Other:	Other:	
individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. Sec. 101(c)(5) The UCEDD provides education and support so communities can be accessible to and responsive to the needs of individuals with developmental disabilities and their families and are enriched by full and active participation in community activities, and contributions, by individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. Sec. 101(c)(7).	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (Specify Pages) NIRS reports Other: 	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Community collaborators Individuals with developmental disabilities Family members Other:	
The UCEDD community services and technical assistance activities are carried out in manner that ensures individuals with developmental disabilities have access to opportunities and the necessary support to be included in community life, have interdependent relationships, live in homes and communities, and make contributions to their families, communities, and States, and the Nation. Sec. 101(c)(8).	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (Specify Pages) NIRS reports Other: 	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Community collaborators Individuals with developmental disabilities Family members Other:	
IV.4 Core Function: Research	Document	Interview	Comments
The UCEDD conducts research, which may include basic or applied research,	5-year application (specify pages)Annual Report (Specify	UCEDD Director/faculty/staffConsumer Advisory CommitteeIndividuals with developmental	

evaluation, and the analysis of public policy in areas that affect or could affect, either positively or negatively, individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. Sec 101 (b)(3)(C). The UCEDD obtains funding to carry out research-related activities. Sec 101 (b)(3)(C) & Sec. 154 (a)(3)(C)	Pages) IRB documents NIRS reports Other: 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (Specify Pages) NIRS reports Grant documents Other:	disabilities Family members Other: UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other:	
IV.5 Core Function: Dissemination	Document	Interview	Comments
The UCEDD disseminates information related to UCEDD activities thereby demonstrating that the DD network is national resource that includes specific substantive areas of expertise that may be accessed and applied in diverse settings and circumstances. Sec 101 (b)(3)(D) & Sec.154(a)(2)(D)	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (Specify Pages) NIRS reports Grant documents Other: 	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other:	
The UCEDD educates, and disseminates information related to the DD Act to – • The legislature of the State in which the Center is located, and • Members of Congress from such State. Sec. 154 (a)(3)(H)	 5-year application (specify pages) Annual Report (Specify Pages) NIRS reports Grant documents Other: 	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff Consumer Advisory Committee Other:	
	V. EVALUA	TION AND REPORTING	
Annual Reports The UCEDD evaluates	Annual Report	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff	
THE COLDE EVALUATES	- Allinual Nepolt	- COLDD Director/lacuity/stail	

	1	0.1	1	0 111 0 111	
program effectiveness using	•	Other:	•	Consumer Advisory Committee	
the indicators of progress to			•	Other:	
describe and measure-					
The satisfaction of					
individuals with					
developmental					
disabilities with the					
advocacy, capacity					
building, and systemic					
change activities;					
The extent to which the					
advocacy, capacity					
building, and systemic					
change activities result					
in improvements; and					
 The extent to which the 					
UCEDD collaborates					
with the DD Council					
and P&A Agency in the					
State. Sec. 104 (a)(3)					
(D).					
The UCEDD annually prepares	•	Annual Report	•	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff	
and transmits a report	•			Consumer Advisory Committee	
containing information on				Other:	
progress made in achieving the				Culoi.	
projected goals of the Center					
for the previous year, including-					
The extent to which the					
goals were achieved;					
A description of the					
strategies that					
contributed to achieving					
the goals;					
 To the extent to which 					
the goals were not					
achieved, a description					
of factors that impeded					
the achievement; and					
 An accounting of the 					
manner in which funds					
paid to the Center for a					

figoral vega vega			
fiscal year were			
expended. Sec 154			
(e)(1).			
The UCEDD annual report	 Annual Report 	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff 	
provides information on	Other:	 Consumer Advisory Committee 	
proposed revisions to the		Other:	
goals. Sec 154 (e)(2).			
The UCEDD annual report	Annual Report	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff	
provides a description of	Other:	 Consumer Advisory Committee 	
successful efforts to leverage		Other:	
funds, other than funds made			
available by ADD, to pursue			
goals consistent with the DD			
Act. Sec 154 (e)(3)			
7.01. 000 10 1 (6)(0)		VI. FISCAL	
Funds	Document	Interview	Comments
11 111			Comments
The UCEDD uses the funds	5-year application (specify	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff	
made available through the	pages)	Other:	
grant to supplement, and not	Annual Report		
supplant, the funds that would	NIRS reports		
otherwise be made available	Other:		
for its activities.			
Sec.154(a)(3)(C).			
The UCEDD, to the extent	 5-year application (specify 	 UCEDD Director/faculty/staff 	
possible, utilizes the	pages)	Other:	
infrastructure and resources	Annual Report		
obtained through funds made	NIRS reports		
available under the grant to	Other:		
leverage additional public and			
private funds to successfully			
achieve the projected goals			
developed in the 5-year plan.			
Sec.154 (a)(3)(F).			
The UCEDD uses the funds	5-year application (specify	UCEDD Director/faculty/staff	
made available through the	-		
	pages)	Other:	
grant to supplement, and not	Annual Report NIBS reports		
supplant, the funds that would	NIRS reports		
otherwise be made available	Other:		
for Center activities. Sec. 154			
(a)(3)(C).			

RESOURCES FOR DETERMINING COMPLIANCE WITH CONSUMER ADVISORY COMMITTEE REQUIREMENTS

The DD Act requires that the Consumer Advisory Committee be comprised of a majority of members who are individuals with developmental disabilities and family members of individuals with developmental disabilities. Members in the minority are individuals representing different organizations, including the DD Council, State P&A, and a State self-advocacy group. When indicating compliance with this component of the DD Act, the UCEDD needs to document a distinction between individuals with developmental disabilities and family members serving on the Consumer Advisory Committee from the organizational representatives serving on the Committee. Individuals with developmental disabilities and family members cannot represent both an organization and individuals with developmental disabilities and family members. This is not to say that the UCEDD cannot have CAC members who work for disability-related organizations. Instead, it needs to be clear whether cannot A clear delineation in roles must be made between the majority and minority. Thus, when a UCEDD asks individuals with developmental disabilities and/or family members to serve on the Consumer Advisory Committee, they should communicate that they are there to represent primary and secondary consumers. In cases where such individuals work for self-advocacy and/or parent organizations, the UCEDD should clearly indicate to them that they are representing themselves as a consumer and they are not there to represent the organization. The chart below can be used to determine compliance with the DD Act. It is followed by a sample of a completed chart.

				UCEDD Const	umer Advisory Comm	ittee			
		PRIMARY STA	KEHOLDERS		ORGANIZATION	REPRESENTATIVES			
		A majority of the members shall be		One representative is required for each of the groups below.					
		individuals with de							
		disabilities and family members of							
		such individuals.							
		Individuals with	Family	DD Council	State P&A	State self-advocacy	Other stakeholder		
		developmental	members of		organization	organization led by	organizations		
		disabilities and	individuals			individuals with			
	Name	related	with			developmental			
	Name	disabilities	developmental disabilities			disabilities			
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
Sample	e								
	Name			UCEDD Con	sumer Advisory Coun	cil			
		PRIMARY STA	KEHOLDERS	ORGANIZATION REPRESENTATIVES					
		A majority of the members shall be		One representative is required for each of the groups below.			pelow.		
		individuals with developmental			-	- 1			
		disabilities and fan	nily members of						
		such individuals.							

		Individuals with developmental disabilities and related disabilities	Family members of individuals with developmental disabilities	DD Council	State P&A organization	State self-advocacy organization led by individuals with developmental disabilities	Other stakeholder organizations
1	Jane Apple		X				
2	John Ball				X		
3	Polly Casserole					X	
4	Peter Dairy	X					
5	Susan Egg						X (Parent and Training Information Center)
6	Sam Fig			X			
7	Tom Grape		X				
8	Theresa Guava						X (State MR/DD Agency)
9	Jack Pancake	X					
10	Susan Pickle		X	·			
11	Sarah Orange	X		·			
12	Jim Cookie		X	·			

The DD Act requires that the Consumer Advisory Committee reflects the racial and ethnic diversity of the State. The MTARS team will use U.S. Census data to determine whether the Consumer Advisory Committee reflects the racial and ethnic diversity of the State. The UCEDD might want to follow the same procedures in preparation for the MTARS review. Below is an example of how the MTARS review team will use the State Census data to determine compliance with this part of the DD Act:

U.S. Census Data for State	Demographic Data for UCEDD Consumer Advisory Committee
85% White	83% White
10% Black	10% Black
2% Asian	1% Asian
2% American Indian and Alaska Native	3% American Indian and Alaska Native
1% Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	3% Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
15% Latino	10% percent Latino

Tab E.2 – UCEDD Program Operations and Practices Checklist

	I. COLLABORATION
Collaboration	Comments
Collaboration is an integral part of the UCEDD scope of w	ork. The DD Act includes requirements for collaboration across the DD Network and
with community partners. In addition, UCEDDs have uniq	ue opportunities to collaborate with local, state, national, and international organizations
and agencies. Effective collaborations strengthen the UCE	DD's ability to outreach and engage multiple audiences in projects and activities.
The UCEDD is a member of the State Developmental	
Disabilities Council and participates in Council meetings	
and activities.	
The UCEDD is a member of the P&A Agency Board and	
participates in any P&A Agency meetings and activities.	
The UCEDD actively participates in community networks	
and has a range of collaborating partners.	
The UCEDD has cultivated relationships with state,	
national, and/or international agencies/organizations.	
The UCEDD maintains collaborative relationships with the	
UCEDD network and individual organizations and other universities.	
The UCEDD strategizes with the DD Council and P&A	
how the resources available at the UCEDD might be used	
to strengthen the DD Network.	
	ANIZATIONAL ADMINISTRATION
	nments
	its association and partnership with a university. As an integral component of the
	ation to promote the independence, productivity, integration, and inclusion of individuals
with developmental disabilities and their families.	
The university demonstrates its support for the	
UCEDD.	
Financial and other resources committed to the	
UCEDD to carry out the purposes of the DD Act.	
The UCEDD maintains the autonomy and	
organizational structure required to carry out the core	
functions of the program mandated activities.	
The UCEDD is responsible to a university	
administrator who represents the interest of the	
	L

UCEDD within the university and the UCEDD	
Director reports to that university administrator.	
Mission	Comments
Having a mission helps an organization communicate to oth	ners their vision and scope of work. In having a mission, the UCEDD is guided by values
of independence, productivity, integration, and inclusion of	individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. UCEDD principles are
guided by the mission statement.	
The UCEDD has a mission that reflects the purpose	
of the DD Act stated in Sec. 101(a): to assure that	
individuals with developmental disabilities and their	
families participate in the design of and have access	
to needed community services, individualized	
supports, and other forms of assistance that promote	
self-determination, independence, productivity, and	
integration and inclusion in all facets of community	
life, through culturally competent programs.	
The UCEDD's mission carried out in a manner that	
enhances community capacity to support the	
independence, productivity, and integration and	
inclusion of individuals with developmental	
disabilities.	
The UCEDD's goals, objectives, and activities	
consistent with the mission statement?	
The UCEDD's mission reflects a life span approach.	
The HOEDDie with the Market Committee of the Committee of	
The UCEDD's mission reflects a commitment to	
culturally competent attitudes and practices, which	
are responsive to local culture and needs.	
	NSUMER ADVISORY COMMITTEE
Consumer Advisory Committee	Comments Tony LICEDD programs. The LICEDD must involve consumous in the form of a
	any UCEDD program. The UCEDD must involve consumers, in the form of a disabilities in the State, including those who come from culturally and linguistically
diverse backgrounds.	insabilities in the State, including those who come from culturary and iniguisticary
diverse backgrounds.	
The Program Operations and Practices checklist for the Cou	nsumer Advisory Committee has been formatted to be accessible to multiple audiences
	hecklist with its CAC members. The checklist can be found in Tab E.5.
IV.	PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION
5-Year Application for Core Center Grants:	Comments
TI	

Every five years UCEDDs must submit an application for core center grants that outlines a 5-year plan. In the application, the UCEDD must provide			
a number of assurances, many of which relate to the administration of the program. The applications must identify goals for the UCEDD and			
indicate consumer involvement in the development of those	goals.		
The UCEDD canvases the State to determine needs			
within.			
The Consumer Advisory Committee is involved with			
collecting information for and providing input into the			
development of the 5-Year Application.			
The UCEDD has procedures in place for long range			
planning to enable response to emergent and future			
developments in the state and field, in general.			
The goals, objectives, and activities identified in the			
5-Year Application address state needs and reflect a			
commitment to influencing practices statewide.			
Interdisciplinary Preservice Preparation and Continuing	Comments		
Education			
	vice preparation and continuing education. Such programs strive to reflect state of the art		
practices and prepare personnel concerned with developmen	ntal disabilities to promote the independence, productivity, integration and inclusion of		
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments.			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy.			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to implement the full inclusion of individuals with			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to implement the full inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities in all aspects of society,			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to implement the full inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities in all aspects of society, consonant with the spirit of the DD Act.			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to implement the full inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities in all aspects of society, consonant with the spirit of the DD Act. The UCEDD has agreements with departments,			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to implement the full inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities in all aspects of society, consonant with the spirit of the DD Act. The UCEDD has agreements with departments, which may include those housed in other Institutes of			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their familie. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to implement the full inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities in all aspects of society, consonant with the spirit of the DD Act. The UCEDD has agreements with departments, which may include those housed in other Institutes of Higher Education in the State, to form an			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to implement the full inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities in all aspects of society, consonant with the spirit of the DD Act. The UCEDD has agreements with departments, which may include those housed in other Institutes of Higher Education in the State, to form an interdisciplinary training program.			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to implement the full inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities in all aspects of society, consonant with the spirit of the DD Act. The UCEDD has agreements with departments, which may include those housed in other Institutes of Higher Education in the State, to form an interdisciplinary training program. The interdisciplinary program reflects a balanced mix			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to implement the full inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities in all aspects of society, consonant with the spirit of the DD Act. The UCEDD has agreements with departments, which may include those housed in other Institutes of Higher Education in the State, to form an interdisciplinary training program. The interdisciplinary program reflects a balanced mix of students from diverse academic			
individuals with developmental disabilities and their families. The UCEDD senior professional staff holds faculty appointments in appropriate academic departments of the host or an affiliated university, consistent with university policy. The UCEDD faculty and staff represent the broad range of disciplines and backgrounds necessary to implement the full inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities in all aspects of society, consonant with the spirit of the DD Act. The UCEDD has agreements with departments, which may include those housed in other Institutes of Higher Education in the State, to form an interdisciplinary training program. The interdisciplinary program reflects a balanced mix			

learning experiences.	
The training program is based on identified	
personnel preparation needs.	
The interdisciplinary program reflects state-of-the-art	
practices.	
Trainees are prepared to serve in a variety of roles	
including advocacy and systems change, and	
graduates work in situations where they promote the	
independence, productivity, integration and inclusion	
of individuals with disabilities and their families.	
The UCEDD has a core curriculum.	
 The core curriculum incorporates cultural 	
diversity and demonstrates cultural	
competence.	
 The core curriculum prepares trainees to be 	
consumers of research as it informs practice	
and policy.	
Community Services – Training, Technical Assistance,	Comments
and Services	
1 1 1	rvices, including training, technical assistance, and services. The training and technical
	apacity of communities, systems, and service providers to promote the independence,
	ntal disabilities and their families. UCEDDs should offer a variety of services including
	nily support, personal assistance, and clinical in community based settings to promote
the independence, productivity, integration, and inclusion of	f individuals with disabilities and their families.
The community training and technical assistance is	
responsive to identified community needs.	
The community training and technical assistance is	
planned collaboratively, including the participation of	
individuals with developmental disabilities and their	
families.	
The community training and technical assistance	
utilizes capacity building approaches and techniques	
to strengthen the capacity of communities, systems	

and service providers.	
The UCEDD reaches a wide range of audiences,	
including individuals from culturally and linguistically	
diverse backgrounds, through community training	
and technical assistance.	
The community training and technical assistance	
activities are planned and structured in a manner	
that facilitates the participation of targeted	
audiences.	
The community training and technical assistance	
addresses the unique needs of individuals with	
developmental disabilities and their families from	
diverse cultural and ethnic groups who reside within	
the geographic locale.	
The direct services and projects are integrated into	
community settings.	
The direct services interact with and involve	
community members, agencies and organizations.	
Te basis for the direct services is local or universal	
needs that reflect critical problems in the field of	
developmental disabilities or an emerging, critical	
problem that reflects current trends or anticipated	
developments in the field.	
The UCEDD engages in state of the art and	
innovative practices, including practices, models, or	
projects that:	
 Facilitate independence, integration, 	
productivity and human rights	
Are economical and highly beneficial	
Research:	Comments:
UCEDDs are required to engage in research. The research a	ctivities should employ rigorous methods.
UCEDDs evaluate by accepted scientific means	
state of the art and innovative practices by:	
Employing research methods to test	
hypotheses	
 Validating procedures and field-testing 	

projects	
The UCEDD involves people with developmental	
disabilities and/or family members in the	
development of research studies.	
The UCEDD develops valid and reliable studies	
using research designs appropriate to the research	
problem and purpose.	
The UCEDD has research protocols identifying	
methods for collecting and analyzing data.	
The research findings contributes to existing	
knowledge and/or highlights new issues.	
Information Dissemination	Comments
-	emination of information includes distribution of research findings such empirical
	vices and supports, and contributes to the development of new knowledge.
<u>.</u>	tivity, integration and inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities and their
families.	
The UCEDD is identified in the community as a	
resource for information.	
The UCEDD disseminates information on best	
practices and approaches in training, services, and	
supports.	
The UCEDD produces a variety of products to	
promote public awareness and visibility of the	
UCEDD.	
The information dissemination activities facilitate	
replication of best practices.	
The materials disseminated by the UCEDD are	
available in formats accessible to individuals with a	
wide range of disabilities and individuals from	
differing cultural and linguistic backgrounds.	
The UCEDD contributes to the development of the	
knowledge base through publication and presentations.	
The UCEDD identifies specific target audiences for	
dissemination activities and include individuals with	
developmental disabilities, family members, service	
providers, administrators, policy makers, university	
providers, auministrators, policy makers, university	

faculty, students, researchers, and the general	
public.	
The UCEDD utilizes a variety of networks, including	
Developmental Disabilities Planning Councils,	
Protection and Advocacy Systems, other UCEDDs	
and state service systems to disseminate information	
to target audiences.	
The process of developing and evaluating materials	
utilizes the input of individuals with developmental	
disabilities and their families.	
V.	EVALUATION AND REPORTS
Evaluation and Reports	Comments
	UCEDDs will begin using a standard format for submitting annual reports to ADD. The
	data collection systems in place to facilitate the collection and maintenance of data for
	aluation activities as part of their work to assess impact of projects and activities.
The UCEDD has the necessary staff to support data	
collection activities.	
TI LIGERRIA (CITALINA)	
The UCEDD has data management systems (written	
policies and procedures) in place that support ADD	
reporting requirements (e.g., Annual Reports)?	
There are written policies and procedures that relate	
specifically to data collection and aggregation,	
validation of data accuracy, etc.	
Data management occurs on some schedule (e.g.,	
staff and contractors are expected to provide data at	
certain times; quality checks performed at certain	
times; monthly, annual, as data are available).	
Quality checks are in place to verify accuracy of	
reporting.	
Quality control of data is done with primary sources	
(i.e., point of entry or original documents).	
Data management roles are defined and are specific	
staff assigned to them.	
Data definitions and data entry instructions exist and	
are used.	
ait ustu.	

Where data estimates are used, standards that are	
followed to ensure consistency.	
The UCEDD utilizes state-of-the-art methods,	
including the active participation of individuals,	
families and other consumers of UCEDD programs	
and services to evaluate programs and their impact.	
	VI. FISCAL
Fiscal	Comments
Fiscal The DD Act requires that UCEDD leverage resources to care	Comments
110 2 2 2 2	Comments
The DD Act requires that UCEDD leverage resources to car	Comments
The DD Act requires that UCEDD leverage resources to car The UCEDD shows the ability to leverage overtime	Comments
The DD Act requires that UCEDD leverage resources to car The UCEDD shows the ability to leverage overtime funds to support the core functions. The funds leveraged support project activities that	Comments
The DD Act requires that UCEDD leverage resources to car. The UCEDD shows the ability to leverage overtime funds to support the core functions.	Comments

Tab E.3 - UCEDD Best or Innovative Practices Checklist

Instructions: The elements below are criteria to use to identify a best or innovative practice. Although a practice does not need to excel in every one of the elements, it must be noticeably superior to what is regarded as common practice among grantees to qualify as a best or innovative practice. Reviewers should rely on information provided by the grantee and will need to use their personal judgment when determining if a practice does qualify as a best practice. A best practice may be a research or evaluation project, policy analysis, data assessment, outreach initiative or awareness effort. It may provide direct service or supported opportunity to people with developmental disability, indirect support to family and

community care givers or interdisciplinary training for students, fellows, professionals and policymakers. It may involve leadership development, community work or clinical practice. While best practices are diverse in their workings, they share these common characteristics:

ELEMENT #1: It reaches the population of focus

Grantee should explain how the practice reaches the population of focus and improves the lives of people with developmental disability, who are people with severe and multiple disabilities, without regard to disability label.

ELEMENT #2: It is an effort characterized by quality

Grantee demonstrates how this practice rises above the routine and can be fairly characterized as an outstanding or significant achievement due to model or innovative methods which are reasonable in cost; supported by individuals, families, policymakers and professionals; easily taught; replicable and adaptable by others.

ELEMENT #3: Its impact is measurable

Grantee can quantify the impact on people with developmental disabilities, families, community care givers, students, fellow, professionals, direct services and policy makers. Grantee can quantify

the result of the practice with respect to leadership development, community work, litigation, mediation or clinical practice. Grantee describes the impact in terms of increased services, new individual supports, additional access to enriching community opportunities, improved awareness, better compliance monitoring, new legal precedent or a trained workforce. Grantee demonstrates that impacts are sustainable.

ELEMENT #4: It addresses the aspirations of individuals

Grantee demonstrates how the practice supports individuals with developmental disabilities in exercising choice, self determination and control of resources and how the practice contributes to the ability of individuals with developmental disabilities to live in the community in full and unqualified integration and inclusion with non-disabled peers and associates. The practice may, for example, provide access to safe

and appropriate child care, after school services, public transportation, recreation, leisure and social activities; but it will certainly do so in the most integrated setting. It is often a practice which provides an opportunity to contribute and participate in the community, develop new friendships and lead a meaningful and productive life.

ELEMENT # 5: It is respectful in its methods

Grantee demonstrates how the practice reflects a social service philosophy that uses the strengths, resources and capabilities of the individual, respects the individual's dignity and priorities. It and views the individual as the primary decision maker in the service delivery process. The design, focus and direction of such a practice are derived from the involvement of people with developmental disabilities and their families. They support access to generic services rather than isolation within services specific to disability. They are cultural competent and reflect the meaningful preferences of many different communities.

ELEMENT #6: It safeguards those it intends to benefit

A best practice is one which is free of risk, abuse, exploitation, neglect or violation of civil rights.

Use the checklists below to describe best or innovative practices by identifying 2 or 3 of the most significant accomplishments during the past five years (or since the last MTARS visit). In your description, discuss the steps that the UCEDD took to achieve the significant accomplishment.

BEST OR INNOVATIVE PRACTICES					
Accomplishment	Description and Relevant Comments				
 Describe accomplishment 1 – Was it related to a goal in the 5-year application? Were there barriers to its completion? If so, how were they resolved? What community partners were involved? What was the impact on consumers? What was the impact on the community and/or state? Was the impact systemic? 					
Was the impact statewide?					
 Was it related to a goal in the 5-year application? Were there barriers to its completion? If so, how were they resolved? What community partners were involved? What was the impact on consumers? What was the impact on the community and/or state? Was the impact statewide? 					
 Describe accomplishment 3 – Was it related to a goal in the 5-year application? 					

Were there barriers to its completion?
If so, how were they resolved?
What community partners were involved?
What was the impact on consumers?
What was the impact on the community and/or state?
Was the impact systemic?

• Was the impact statewide?

Tab E.4 - UCEDD Fiscal Review Checklist

I. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE					
Please describe the organizational units in the University responsible for fiscal oversight of the UCEDD program:					
Use the space below to list the	Name of Office	Position	Contact Information		
individuals responsible for fiscal					
oversight of the UCEDD program:					

II.	RISK	ASSE	SSMEN	TT CONTROL OF THE CON
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Is the grantee named in pending or recent litigation?				
Are there pending or current disallowances from any				
funding source?				
Is the agency in danger of losing one or more major				
programs and/or funding sources?				
Are prior year costs charged to the current budget year?				
Have ADD funds been used to cover costs normally				
paid by other funding streams (interfund borrowing)?				
Do the core grant budget projections submitted to ADD				
reflect budget actuals?				
Does the grantee have a reserve account or other				
mechanism to pay for unanticipated expenditures?				
	AFF, V	VAGE	& BEN	EFITS
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Does the UCEDD have a qualified fiscal manager on				
staff?				
Does the University have a qualified fiscal officer				
providing oversight on the UCEDD grant?				
Does the UCEDD maintain an accurate list of all				
employees on the current payroll? (Please provide a				
copy of the UCEDD organizational chart prior to the site				
visit).				
Who on the payroll/organizational chart is covered by				
the ADD core grant? (Please highlight any employees				
on the organizational chart)				
Are ADD core grant funds used to pay wages for				
appropriate staff positions?				
Is separation/termination of employment immediately				
reported to the payroll department?				
Who authorizes payroll changes? IS there an				
established system of checks and balances with regard				
to payroll changes?				
Are staff salaries and benefits reasonable and				
supported by appropriate wage comparability data?				

Are positions vacant for a significant period of time?				
Are benefits withheld from employees' paychecks (i.e.,				
Federal and state taxes, health and retirement				
contributions) paid in a timely manner to the appropriate				
vendor?				
Does the agency maintain a code of conduct as part of				
its personnel policies and procedures? (please provide a				
copy of the code of conduct while fiscal reviewer on site)				
Are the codes periodically acknowledged by signature				
from all employees?				
Has there been excessive personnel turnover in key				
functions, such as operations and program				
management, accounting, or internal audit that would				
indicate a problem with the agency's emphasis on				
internal control?				
IV.	INTER	NAL C	ONTR	OLS
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Is the last required annual audit available and complete?				
If so, please provide a copy of the significant findings				
page prior to the site visit.				
Does the grantee have a history of repeated audit				
findings?				
Has the agency been cited for issues in more than one				
program or by other funding sources?				
Is the UCEDD reconciling financial/accounting				
statements monthly? If so, who does the reconciliation?				
Are there written accounting procedures? If so, are the				
procedures allowing the grantee to determine the				
necessity, allowability, allocability and reasonableness				
of costs as required? (Please provide a copy of the				
accounting procedures to the fiscal reviewer during the				
site visit).				
Are ADD Core Funds being used for appropriate				
expenses according to ADD guidance?				
 ADD core funds are used to support the 				
administration of the UCEDD core functions.				
 Are core funds are not used to carry out the 	1		I	

activities of other grants.				
 ADD core funds are used to support activities of 				
the Consumer Advisory Committee.				
 ADD core funds are used to support travel to 				
ADD-sponsored UCEDD meetings.				
Are ADD Core Funds being used for appropriate				
expenses ACF discretionary grants requirements of 45				
CFR 74 or Sec. 92.22 of 45 CFR 92?				
If the UCEDD charges indirect costs, are these costs				
supported by an agreement?				
Has the UCEDD/University appropriately applied the				
indirect cost rate?				
What percent of the indirect cost rate is returned to the				
UCEDD from the University?				
If there are delegate agencies, is the grantee exercising				
required and adequate fiscal and program oversight of				
the delegate? If so, please provide to the fiscal reviewer				
while on site a copy of a sample current contract from				
the request for proposal stage to the first invoice from				
the delegate.				
Are there safeguards in place for financial data systems				
in the event of data failure?				
Are all procurement transactions conducted in a manner				
providing for open and free competition?				
		ALLO		
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Does the UCEDD have written allocation procedures? If				
so, please provide a copy to the fiscal reviewer prior to				
the site visit.				
Is the UCEDD using an allocation base that best				
measures the relative degree of benefit for all benefiting				
functions, including personnel? Please Note:				
Unacceptable methods for allocation include:				
Budget amounts				
Ratio of funds received				
 Estimates of time spent of a program or activity 				
 New funds are used only for incremental cost 				

Dividing up resources and claiming the share				
 Concept "it is the responsibility of that program 				
anyway, so that program should pay."				
Does the allocation/distribution base reflect an after-the-				
fact determination of the actual activity?				
Is there evidence that all funding sources benefiting				
from the shared functions have been charged				
appropriately and consistently based on the				
methodology described in the procedures?				
Are allocated costs properly documented and do they				
reconcile with the proposed costs?				
	VI. M	ONITO	RING	
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Are there unusual and irregular end of year payments?				
Is there a method so that budgeted costs are compared				
with actual costs?				
For the most recent completed budget period, do				
budgeted expenditures and actual expenditures differ				
significantly?				
Does the UCEDD have inadequate supplies, materials,				
or outdated equipment?				
Does top-level management regularly review actual				
performance against budgets, forecasts, and prior				
period results.				
Is there evidence of ongoing planning and forecasting of				
financial objectives (funds)?				
How many carry over requests have been submitted in				
the past three years? (Please provide documentation				
prior to the site visit).				
What was the amount of the past carry overs?				
If the carry over funds were approved, are the funds				
used for the intended budget categories and in budget				
period? (Please provide documentation of activities				
carried out specific to the carry over request prior to the				
site review).				

VII. FINANCIAL PROCEDURES AND REPORTING						
Review Prompt	Yes	No	N/A	Comments		
Do current financial reports exist? Are they available						
when requested?						
Does the UCEDD/University submit accurate reports						
(SF-269, PMS-272; etc.) in a timely manner?						
Do agency decision-makers receive regular and timely						
financial statements that allow them to make sound						
management decisions?						
Is fiscal information being disseminated to the						
management staff in a timely fashion (e.g., UCEDD						
staff/director)?						
Does the UCEDD have procedures for programmatic						
and fiscal monitoring of ADD Core Grant funds?						

ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS TO REVIEW

CASH FLOW: Current and Prior Year Financial Statements to Determine If:

- The University is accurately covering the costs of the UCEDD Core.
- ADD funds have been drawn down without documented expenses.
- ADD funds have been drawn in excess of documented requirements.
- Prior year salaries or other expenses have been charged to the current budget year.

STAFF, WAGES & BENEFITS

- IRS 941 to determine if Federal taxes have been paid in a timely manner. If not, document the amount of the delinquency.
- IRS 990 to verify salary of top executives/officers.
- Financial statements to ensure prior year salaries or benefits have not been charged to the current budget year.
- Personnel policies and procedures to determine if employment is properly authorized. Look at the type of document, who approves it, the assignment of employee position and department (cost center) and the distribution of the authorization form?

Tab E.5 – UCEDD Program Operations and Practices Checklist for the Consumer Advisory Committee



Directions: This part of the Program Operations and Practices Checklists can be completed with members of the University Center for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities (UCEDD) Consumer Advisory Committee (CAC). **The CAC Program Operations and Practices checklist is organized into the following 5 sections:**

1. Member Supports



2. Financial Supports



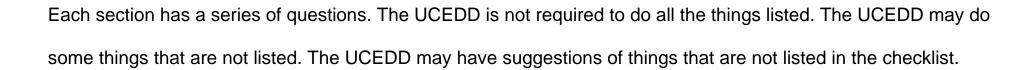
3. Communication and Coordination



4. Leadership Development and Orientation



5. Values and Outcomes





1. Member Supports

The questions about member supports are separated into 4 areas:

- A. Accessibility and accommodations for meetings
- B. Cultural and linguistic diversity
- C. Childcare, respite, and personal assistance services
- D. Transportation

EXAMPLES OF MEMBER SUPPORTS:

- interpreters, alternative formats
- pre-teaching at meetings
- slower pace at meetings
- plain language, translated materials
- providing rides



Section 1: Member Supports

A. Accessibility and Accommodations

- 1. How does the UCEDD make sure that all CAC members can participate in meetings?
- 2. How does the UCEDD assess the needs of individual CAC members to ensure that meetings are accessible to all?
- 3. How does the UCEDD make accommodations to assist with communication needs?
- 4. Does the UCEDD provide sign language interpreters, closed captioning services, amplified hearing devices, or other assistive communication devices?

5. How does the UCEDD make sure that meeting materials are provided in format that everyone can understand?

For example, are materials made available in Braille, large print, or in disk formats?

6. How does the UCEDD make sure that individuals with cognitive disabilities are able to participate in the meeting?

For example, does the UCEDD provide materials in advance to allow members to understand information?



Does the UCEDD use support persons to help with preparation and understanding before and during meetings?

Does the hold separate meetings before and/or after the larger CAC meeting for individuals to develop and focus ideas?

- 7. Does the UCEDD develop agendas and other meeting materials using plain, simple, jargon-free language that is easily understood?
- 8. Does the UCEDD use pictures or clip art to assist with understanding materials?
- 9. Does the UCEDD maintain a pace that accommodates individual styles? Is there enough time to ask questions?
- 10. Does the UCEDD make CAC members feel comfortable sharing their views?



11. Does the UCEDD use an outside facilitator to monitor and promote more inclusive meeting	11. Does the UCEDD up	ise an outside facilitator to	monitor and promote	more inclusive meeting	as?
---	-----------------------	-------------------------------	---------------------	------------------------	-----

12. Are meetings scheduled at a time when everyone can be there?

For example, does the UCEDD make sure that the meeting is scheduled at a time when everyone can be there?

13. Please describe any other strategies the UCEDD uses to accommodate CAC members.





Section 1: Member Supports 3. Cultural and 1.

Note: Cultural and linguistic diversity refers to differences such as those in language, race, ethnicity, and disability.

1. What strategies does the UCEDD use to ensure that the CAC reflects the cultural and linguistic diversity of the State?

For example, does the UCEDD have relationships within a variety of diverse communities?

2. Does the UCEDD have a plan for recruiting members from diverse backgrounds? If yes, please describe.

For example, does the UCEDD have relationships with community-based organizations that are prominent in culturally and linguistically diverse populations to find new CAC members?

3. Does the UCEDD provide training for UCEDD staff and members of the CAC so they better interact with people from diverse backgrounds?

4. Does the UCEDD provide translated materials and interpreters, as needed, for members who speak a language other than English?

5. Please describe any other strategies the UCEDD uses with diversity.





Section 1: Member Supports

C. Child Care, Respite, and Personal Assistance Services

1. Does the UCEDD make arrangements to provide childcare or respite on-site?

2. Does the UCEDD provide financial supports (e.g., reimbursements or stipends) to cover the cost of child or respite care?

- 3. Does the UCEDD cover the costs of personal assistance services, including their travel and other expenses?
- 4. Please describe any other strategies the UCEDD uses.



Section 1: Member Supports 7. Transportation

- 1. How does the UCEDD find out if CAC members need help with transportation?
- 2. If needed, does the UCEDD provide rides to CAC members to ensure they attend meetings?
- 3. Does the UCEDD contract with cab companies to pick up individuals from home, bus stations, or airports?
- 4. Does the UCEDD use other ways to meet (e.g., conference calls, regional meetings)?
- 5. Please describe any other transportation strategies the UCEDD uses.



Section 2. Financial Supports

The questions about financial supports are separated into 2 areas:

- A. Travel and other expenses
- **B.** Monetary compensation

EXAMPLES OF FINANCIAL SUPPORTS:

- Hotel expenses
- Meal expenses
- · Taxis, shuttles or other car travel
- Cost of missing time off of work to attend committee meeting
- Stipend or honorarium



Section 2. Financial Supports

A. Travel and Other Expenses

1. Does the UCEDD have written policies with regard to the kinds of travel and other expenses will be paid for?

2. What kinds of travel and other expenses are paid for CAC members?

For example, does the UCEDD pay for hotel rooms, transportation, or food expenses?

3. Please describe any other travel and other expenses that are covered by the UCEDD.



Section 2. Financial Supports

B. Monetary Compensation

Note: Monetary compensation may be a stipend or honorarium.

1. Does the UCEDD offer CAC members any kind of monetary compensation for the time they take to attend meeting?

2. Please describe other monetary compensation strategies the UCEDD uses to support CAC member participation in meetings and activities?

The questions about communication and coordination are separated into 3 areas:

- A. Staffing of the CAC
- **B.** On-going communication
- C. Informing CACs about UCEDD activities

EXAMPLES OF COMMUNICATION AND COORDINATION ARE:

- · staff coordinator position
- listserv
- more than 2 meetings a year
- using conference calls or video conferencing
- coordinating forums on specific topics
- matching CAC members with specific projects within the UCEDD where they can play a more of a participatory role

A. Staffing of the CAC

1. Does the UCEDD have a staff person who plans the activities of the CAC?

2. If the UCEDD has a staff person, how is this staff person funded?

For example, are core funds used to pay for the staff position?

 Describe other staffing strategies the UCEDD uses to support the coordination and communication of the CAC.

B. Ongoing Communication

1.	How does the	UCEDD tell	members al	bout upcomin	a meetinas	with the	CAC
		O O — D			9		0,.0

For example, does the UCEDD send out information about the time and location of the meeting?

Does the UCEDD provide members with an agenda and other materials before the meeting?

2. How does the UCEDD communicate with the CAC in between meetings?

For example, does the UCEDD schedule conference calls to communicate in between meetings?

Does the UCEDD use video conferencing to communicate between meetings?

Does the UCEDD have a listsery for the Committee?

Does the UCEDD have a website for the Committee? Does the website have a message board?

3. How does the UCEDD find out about the preferred communication strategies of CAC members?

4. Does the UCEDD have more than two meetings per year?

5. Does the UCEDD have task forces within the Committee to work on issues between meetings?

6. Does the UCEDD take advantage of other statewide meetings, where CAC members may be gathered, to

7. How does the UCEDD make sure that all members have access to the technology that used for communicating with the CAC?

8. Describe other strategies the UCEDD uses to communicate with the CAC.



C. Informing CACs about UCEDD Activities

1. How does the UCEDD inform CAC members about UCEDD activities related to the goals in the five-year plan?

For example, does the UCEDD schedule regular staff presentations about projects at committee meetings?

Does the UCEDD organize interactive poster sessions to allow CAC members and staff to interact around projects?

Does the UCEDD have meetings on specific topics?

2. Is staff trained on universal design principles and how to make presentations accessible?

3.	Does the UCEDD	schedule retreats	where staff	and CAC	members	can get to	know each	n other,	share
	information, and d	evelop ideas for th	ne future?						

4. Does the UCEDD match CAC members with specific projects within the UCEDD where they can play a more of a participatory role?

5. Describe other strategies the UCEDD uses to inform CACs about UCEDD Activities.



Section 4. Leadership Development and Orientation

Leadership Development and Orientation is separated into 2 areas:

A. Leadership development

B. Orientation

EXAMPLES OF LEADERSHIP DEVELOPMENT AND ORIENTATION:

- mentoring
- opportunities to attend other meetings and conferences formal orientation
- informal opportunities to meet with staff

AT

Section 4. Leadership Development and Orientation

A. Leadership Development

- 1. How does the UCEDD offer leadership development opportunities to CAC members that are emerging leaders?
- 2. How does the UCEDD identify and recruit emerging leaders as members of the CAC?

For example, does the UCEDD utilize self-advocacy conferences to share information about the Center and recruit individuals for the CAC?

Does the UCEDD asking more "seasoned" advocates for their recommendations?

Does the UCEDD actively recruit younger individuals with disabilities, sometimes high school and college students?

- Does the UCEDD offer and/or support participation in formal trainings to build leadership skills? If yes, please describe.
- 4. Does the UCEDD mentor new members with limited experience on boards or committees? If yes, please describe.
- 5. Does the UCEDD offer collaborative leadership development opportunities where UCEDD faculty and staff as well as CAC members gain new perspectives and skills? If yes, please describe.
- 6. Does the UCEDD support member participation in other national activities and events? If yes, please describe.
- 7. How does the UCEDD structure meetings to build leadership skills of the CAC members?
- 8. Describe other strategies the UCEDD uses to build the leadership skills of CAC members.





Section 4. Leadership Development and Orientation

B. Orientation

1. How does the UCEDD plan for the orientation of new and current members of the CAC to the structure, program, projects, and activities of the UCEDD?

For example, does the UCEDD offer formal orientation sessions for new members, using appropriate and accessible materials?

Does the UCEDD utilize informal opportunities to provide information to new members about the UCEDD?

- 2. If the UCEDD offers a formal orientation session, does the orientation:
 - a. Outline the roles and responsibilities associated with membership on the CAC?
 - b. Introduce members to the DD Act and requirements for UCEDD programs?
 - c. Provide information about DD Council and P&A programs?

3.	Does the UCEDD create opportunities for new and current members to interact either formally or informally
	with members of the P&A Board and DD Council?

4. Does the UCEDD schedule time for members to spend time with UCEDD faculty and staff to learn more about UCEDD projects and activities?

5. Describe other strategies the UCEDD uses to orient CAC members.





Section 5. Value

Value Placed on the CAC is separated into 2 areas:

- A. Use of suggestions from CAC members
- B. Feedback to the CAC

EXAMPLES OF VALUE:

- showing importance of member feedback
- giving many opportunities for members to see how their input is being used in the work of the Center.



Section 5. Value

1. How does the UCEDD show members that their input is important to the UCEDD?

2. How is the input from the CAC used by the UCEDD?

For example, are CAC members able to draw a link between their input and the activities of the UCEDD?

If recommendations have not been used, does the UCEDD offer tell the CAC why the feedback was not used?

- 3. Does the UCEDD add time to meeting agendas to talk about how input is being used?
- 4. Describe other strategies utilized to demonstrate the value of CAC members.

Tab F – Tips for Effective Team Work

One of the benefits of working in any team is the experience and perspective of different members. Individuals who come from different backgrounds and points of view will create a team that, when working well, responds to challenges with different ideas and solutions.

A team that is diverse in the experience and perspectives of its members will bring more ideas to discussions and thus solve problems more strategically.

Even individuals who have similar experience often have different perspectives on what the problem is, and thus may have different solutions. More collective knowledge and varied perspectives enable a group to identify more criteria than an individual working on the same problems. It is with that in mind that the MTARS team was developed.

There are many types of teams. Some teams function together over a long period of time,

working for a long-term goal. Other teams are brought together to address a single issue or event. The latter is the case with the MTARS. Because individuals on the MTARS team may not know one another the review starts off with a team meeting. The first team meeting is important in that it allows the team members to meet one another, share their backgrounds, and 'get on the same page.' Individual team members have different responsibilities during the review. These responsibilities are assigned at the first team meeting. Knowing what is expected of them helps team members feel more comfortable.

Effective Teams

Know your responsibilities: Learn these by attending the team meeting, even if you have done a review before.

Be clear on expectations and timelines: The success of the entire team rests on the ability of each team member to do their job when it is necessary.

Ask questions and share information: Information that is shared benefits the team decision-making process. In other words, communicate!

Support one another: If another team member is struggling or not participating in the discussion, make room for their point of view. Ask questions! Everyone's ideas are important to the problem-solving process.

Ask for help: Voicing your needs may put an issue on the table that others are struggling with.

Tab G – Sample Conference Call Agenda

CONFERENCE CALL AGENDA Arizona MTARS

December 18 from 1:00 – 2:00 p.m. EST

AGENDA

- 1. Brief overview on the purpose of MTARS
- 2. Review of team structure and team members
- 3. Hotel arrangements & logistics
- 4. Self-assessments
 - a. What is the purpose of the self-assessments?
 - b. What is the responsibility of the programs?
 - c. What is the responsibility of the team members?
 - d. Identifying need for technical assistance
 - e. Documentation
 - f. Interviews
 - g. Timelines

5. Overview of the MTARS

Entrance meeting videoconference

- a. Logistics for the videoconference
- b. Presentation on the State of the State
 - i. Overview of the State
 - ii. Demographics (unserved/underserved, cultural, geographic related to service system)
 - iii. Service system structure please provide a highlight summary of issues/challenges
 - iv. IDEA
 - v. Adult services
 - vi. Medicaid/waiver
 - vii. Vocational ed
 - viii. Institutional services
 - ix. Governor's plan for services
 - x. Olmstead
 - xi. Legislative factors
 - xii. Economic factors (funding issues)
 - xiii. Brief overview of each program and how it works in the state
- c. Presentation on DD Network Collaboration Meeting
 - i. How have the programs fused their respective roles in collaborative efforts?
 - ii. How do you make collaboration work in your State? For example, how do you collaborate with other entities? How do you develop/implement the State plan?
 - iii. In what ways does the DD Network strategically plan for collaboration?

- iv. What are specific examples of collaboration within the collaboration index?
- v. What is your impact as a Network? For example, what has changed for individuals with developmental disabilities in your state as a result of your collaboration?
- vi. What are your strengths as a Network?

Public Forum:

- a. Logistics for the public forum
- b. The MTARS team wants to hear from people how the programs have changed their lives.
- c. The Team Coordinator leads the public forum.
- d. Remote hook-ups in outside areas are encouraged.
- e. Schedule on first day of review

Site Visit:

- a. Program Teams visit individual programs and conduct interviews and document reviews
- b. Interview questions are generated from programs' completion of self-assessment as well as from standard interview questions provided to team members.
- c. Examples of people who are interviewed:
 - i. Council team interviews:
 - 1. Council Chair
 - 2. Executive Director
 - 3. Council members
 - 4. Key Council staff including fiscal staff
 - 5. DSA representative
 - 6. Sub-grantees
 - 7. Individuals and families benefiting from program activities
 - ii. P&A team interviews:
 - 1. Board/Advisory Council President and members
 - 2. Executive Director
 - 3. Accountant/bookkeeper and other key staff
 - 4. Clients
 - 5. Governor liaison
 - iii. UCEDD team interviews:
 - 1. Director
 - 2. Faculty/staff
 - 3. Dean and/or Provost/University President
 - 4. Current and Former Trainees
 - 5. Community Collaborators
 - 6. Consumer Advisory Committee
 - 7. Individuals with DD/Family members
- d. Teams may conduct additional interviews or provide technical assistance
- e. Exit interview conducted on the last day of the site visit
 - i. May last up to two hours
 - ii. MTARS team meets to develop format for exit interview and prepare collaboration information
 - iii. Program teams develop key points for exit interview All MTARS team members and grantees are present
 - iv. Grantees determine the location of the exit meeting

6. Questions

Tab H - MTARS Hotel Amenities Checklist

Hotel Features

- O Close to grantee
- O Accessible rooms available
- Non-smoking rooms available
- o Toll-free phone service
- O Restaurant(s) on-site or within walking/driving distance
- O Near public transit, if available
- O Low noise not on street level in busy, congested area
- O Hotel parking if teams have vehicles

Business Services

- o Copy Service
- o Fax Service
- o Full-service business center
- o Free Wi-Fi and/or cable connectivity for computer access (check to see that it is in both group meeting space as well as in individual rooms)
- Meeting space available to accommodate MTARS team discussions as set forth in MTARS agenda for the visit
- Water/Refreshments for meetings held in hotel
- o Conference call capability
- Overnight delivery/pickup

Accessibility Needs

- O Service animals allowed for persons with disabilities
- o Roll-in showers for those with wheelchair/mobility needs
- ADA compliant doorways
- o Elevator access to rooms

Tab I – MTARS TEAM COORDINATOR CHECKLIST

State:	
Dates:	

SITE VISIT PREPARATION	Timeline	Council	P&A	UCEDD
MTARS announcement			•	
Confirm MTARS announcement letter, checklists, and MTARS manual was received from the				
Commissioner was received by grantees				
Recruiting review team members				
 Remind Team Leads to ask grantees for any particular needs or issues for which they want 				
assistance and select appropriate team members				
 Keep in mind location, geographic size and allotment of state, etc. 				
 Get approval from ADD Administration for proposed MTARS team members 				
Work with ADD Administration to identify and confirm the fiscal reviewer				
Invitation to team members				
 Confirm Program Team Leads have contacted team members to request participation in MTARS. 				
 Confirm that Team Leads asked members for information on accommodations and have 				
explained the time requirement for meetings, including entrance meeting, as well as estimated time commitment for training, checklist review, and onsite monitoring				
Ensure that Program Team Leads provide contact information for Program Team members				
Team member and grantee contact sheet				
 Develop sheet of team member and grantee contact information (see Tab M in MTARS 				
notebook for contact sheet format). Include: Central Office staff, peers, consumers, fiscal reviewer from regional office				
Send to grantees and all team members				
Send to logistics contractor via ADD Project Officer				
Send to ADD Administration				
Travel for non-federal members				
Communicate through ADD Project Officer with logistics contractor to ensure that travel				
arrangements for non-federal team members are made for the Entrance Meeting and site visit:				

communicate individual needs (e.g., need for accessible room, transportation, etc.) communicate travel and hotel reservations for entrance meeting, training and onsite review Initial conference call Schedule and conduct conference call with grantees and Team Leads • Purpose: to review MTARS process; announce team members; discuss logistics; get hotel recommendations; give date for return of checklists; determine date of entrance meeting one month before onsite MTARS review; public forum; etc. select date and time for initial conference call make call arrangements (conference call or webinar setup) facilitate call (see Tab G in MTARS notebook for sample agenda for the call) take notes and provide follow-up summary of call to team members and grantees Follow-up email to grantees Following initial conference call, electronically provide information about the call, including the entrance meeting/public forum to grantees including: • Deadline for submitting checklists- encourage use of materials provided by electronic means Regarding the entrance meeting: Date for the entrance meeting o Sample schedule for entrance meeting (see Tab L of the MTARS notebook) o Purpose Lead coordinator for the grantees for Video/audio/webinar who will check on capability and serve as contact for logistics o Deadline for submitting presentation materials to ADD and team members (minimum one week ahead of entrance meeting) - encourage use of materials provided by electronic means Regarding the public forum o Format for the public forum (i.e., no presentations by review team; three minutes per speaker; note taker and timer at each site) (see Tab K of the MTARS notebook) Note taker guidelines (see Tab K of the MTARS notebook) o Room setup, including accessibility of site (see Tab K of the MTARS notebook) o Sample public forum notice (see Tab O of the MTARS notebook) (Recommend the notice be done in English and Spanish) o Accommodations are provided (e.g., accessible site, sign language interpreters present) o Research the availability of videoconferencing technology to set up various sites across

the State.		
Regarding the site visit:		
 Hotel amenities checklist (see Tab H of the MTARS notebook) 		
,		
Research hotel accommodations for the site visit		
 Determine where Program Teams will be staying. For Program Teams staying in a different 		
location, ensure the Lead is researching hotel accommodations.		
 For the Program Teams staying in the same location as the MTARS Team Coordinator, utilize 		
the hotel amenities checklist to research hotels and determine if they meet ADD specifications		
and team needs:		
 consider whether meeting space is needed ensure that accessible rooms are available and provide appropriate accommodations 		
based on person's needs		
·		
• Ensure that the hotel is able to offer the federal rate. <i>Note:</i> find out the federal rate for		
the area traveling to by going to http://www.gsa.gov/Portal/gsa/ep/home.do?tabld=0		
 If federal rate cannot be secured, work with director to seek approval of using hotel at 		
the non-federal rate		
 Review all possibilities with the Program Team Leads and ADD's Logistical Contractor to 		
reach a final decision.		
Checklist and documentation receipt		
Confirm due date is met for grantees to send completed checklists and documentation to the		
Program Team Leads and team members (Team Leads provide grantees with mailing addresses for		
team members)		
Entrance meeting confirmation		
 Contact ACF to get information about setting up videoconference and/or Webinar capability 		
 Confirm date, schedule and logistics for entrance meeting with grantees, ADD staff, and team 		
members		
 Review entrance meeting format with grantees 		
 Ensure that presentation materials (power points and electronic materials) are received by 		
ADD staff and MTARS team members minimum one week ahead of entrance meeting		
 Confirm audio/video linkup with the grantee lead coordinator and ACF 		
 Confirm with program team lead who will be in attendance or participating remotely 		
Make sure that program Team Leads have confirmed that team members participating		
remotely have the appropriate electronic hook-ups		
/ and appropriate construction and		

	т	1	
Public forum confirmation			
Confirm date and location of public forum (with entrance meeting or first day of onsite review)			
Review and approve announcement of public forum sent out (provide sample announcement – Review and approve announcement –			
see Tab O of the MTARS notebook)			
 Confirm format with grantees (i.e., no presentations by review team; three minutes per 			
speaker; note taker and timer at each site)			
 Confirm name of notetaker and timekeeper(s) 			
 Coordinate with Syed to secure ADD fact sheets, program brochures, etc. in advance of the 			
visit to distribute at the Public Forum. Send to grantees for distribution.			
MTARS Team Meeting logistics			
 Working through the ADD Project Officer with the logistics contractor, determine where the 			
MTARS team meeting will be held			
Ensure that hotel space is secured, as needed			
Ensure that travel arrangements are made for team members that will be on site for the			
meeting			
 Ensure that team members participating remotely have all the logistical information (for the 			
training, entrance meeting, and team meeting)			
Confirm onsite interview locations with Program Team Leads			
Determine if hotel meeting space is necessary for interviews/team discussions			
Confirm checklist correspondence with grantees			
 After checklist reviews confirm that Program Team Leads correspond with grantees regarding 			
questions and further information requested by review teams.			
Ensure that Program Team leads			
o Identify and discuss potential compliance issues			
Discussed other issues/concerns are			
Recognize best practices			
Discuss specific interviews and site visit schedule			
Confirm grantee response			
Confirm grantees reply to questions and subsequent info is sent to/discussed with team members			
Confirm team leads are developing schedule for review week; track draft schedules and draw			
Comminities the developing schedule for review week, track draft schedules and draw	<u> </u>		

	 ı	
up Master Schedule when finalized		
Conduct teleconference with grantees to confirm final logistics		
Finalize logistics		
Finalize schedule		
Answer lingering questions		
Finalize transportation arrangements		
Communicate this information to Team leads as necessary		
Confirm travel plans for non-federal team members		
Remind federal Team Members to schedule travel prior to MTARS onsite review		
Distribute Master Schedule to grantees and team members. Include team members travel information with Master schedule:		
Team members flight arrangements		
Team members cell phone numbers		
Hotels for teams		
Logistics Contract contact numbers		
Reserve conference call line for on-site MTARS team meeting		
 The MTARS team will meet the day before the Exit Meeting to discuss feedback on network collaboration 		
Schedule a conference call line for the full team meeting		
Share the conference call number with the program team leads		
SITE VISIT		
MTARS team meeting to prepare for Exit Meeting		
Before the call, confirm with the hotel that the phone works		
 On the call, ask that team members share their prepared notes on network collaboration 		
Identify summary points regarding network collaboration		
 Determine the format for the Exit Meeting (e.g., which team will go first, second, third, etc.) 		
Exit Meeting		
 Prepare notes that summarize the team's findings with regard to network collaboration 		

Facilitate the Exit Meeting		
REPORT WRITING	 	
As much as possible, draft State-of-the State and collaboration reports ahead of onsite review (see		
Tab R of the MTARS notebook for guidelines for the report format)		
Develop time line for report and track report status (see Section 7 of the MTARS notebook for a timeline)		
Confirm individual draft program reports are circulated to grantees and to team members for review		
Confirm draft state-of-the-state and collaboration reports are circulated to team members for review		
Confirm comments on draft report received from team members and grantees and incorporated into report if appropriate		
Send draft report to Director and Commissioner for review		
Send draft report to editor for formatting		
Send draft report to program leads for final editing		
Confirm cover letter is drafted and final report with corrective action plan letter to grantees (see Tab S		
of the MTARS notebook for sample)		
 If a report is held up for AG review discuss release of other program reports so that they are 		
not help up		
Copy of final report and cover letter sent to Team Leads and saved on F drive at F:\MTARS\2008		

Tab J - PROGRAM TEAM LEAD CHECKLIST

State:

Dates:	
SITE VISIT PREPARATION	TIMELINE
Recruiting MTARS Program Team members	
 Ask grantee for any particular needs or issues for which they want technical assistance and select appropriate team members 	
Keep in mind location, geographic size and allotment of state, etc.	
 Provide list of proposed Program Team members to Team Coordinator. Include name, role of member (e.g., peer, consumer) and accommodations needed 	
 Once proposed Program Team members are approved, contact potential Program Team members to recruit them for the MTARS. In doing so, ensure availability, explain commitment necessary of team members, and get information on accommodations 	
 Once confirmed send MTARS team coordinator list of team members. Include contact information and role of reviewer. 	
Participate in initial conference call with grantees facilitated by the MTARS team coordinator	
Answer any questions grantee may have about the checklists and documents required	
Follow-up as needed with grantee to further discuss MTARS logistics and/or checklists	
Research and confirm accommodations for the site visit	+
For MTARS where Program Teams stay in different locations, research hotel accommodations for your team	
 Contact grantee for hotel recommendations. Use the hotel amenities checklist (see Tab H of the MTARS notebook) 	3
 After receiving recommendations from the grantees, utilize the hotel amenities checklist to research 	

o ensure that accessible rooms are available and provide appropriate accommodations based on

o Ensure that the hotel is able to offer the federal rate. Note: find out the federal rate for the area

traveling to by going to http://www.gsa.gov/Portal/gsa/ep/home.do?tabld=0

hotels and determine if they meet ADD specifications and team needs:

o consider whether meeting space is needed

person's needs

 If federal rate cannot be secured, work with director to seek approval of using hotel at the non-federal rate 	
Prepare for On-site Meeting Logistics • Determine site for interviews (hotel or grantee office)	
 Determine site for interviews (noter or grantee office) coordinate with Team Coordinator or ADD Project Officer for the logistics contract if meetings will be 	
held in hotel to ensure that expense is within MTARS budget	
MTARS Team Meeting logistics	
Check with Team Coordinator to determine	
where the MTARS team meeting, public forum, and Exit Interview will be held travel arrangements for Draggem Team members who will be an aite for the meeting.	
 travel arrangements for Program Team members who will be on site for the meeting Conference call/webinar information for team members participating remotely 	
Contended call/weblinal information for team members participating remotely	
Checklist and documentation receipt	
After initial conference call with grantees, ensure grantees have mailing addresses for Program Team	
members to send checklists and documentation.	
Contact Program Team members to ensure all have received checklists and documentation	
Checklist and documentation review	
 After receiving the checklists and documents, set aside at least three to five days to thoroughly read and review all materials. 	
 Take notes on items that you want to hear more about (note – these may be positive accomplishments or areas of concern) 	
 After checklist reviews, hold at least one meeting with Program Team members to discuss the review of the checklist. Note: this may be done after the entrance meeting videoconference 	
Hold additional calls, as necessary with Program Team to discuss the review of the materials	
 After discussion(s) with Program Team members, develop a document that summarizes the team's findings. Include: 	
Areas of strength/promising practices	
Questions about issues that need to be further reviewed Identify potential compliance issues.	
 Identify potential compliance issues Email program team members summary to ensure that all comments and questions have been captured 	
Make changes to summary as needed	
Get available dates from Program Team members for conference call with grantee	

Conference call with grantee

- Email final draft of summary of Program Team findings to the grantee. Include at least two possible dates for a conference call to discuss the summary.
- Set up conference line for conference call once a date has been set
- Use the conference call to discuss questions and get further information requested by review team.
 Ensure that:
 - Promising practices are recognized
 - Potential compliance issues are discussed
 - o Other issues/focus areas are discussed
 - o Specific interviews for the site visit are discussed
 - The on-site schedule is discussed
- Schedule follow-up conference calls with Program Team and/or Exec if necessary

Confirm grantee response

- Confirm grantees reply to questions and subsequent information is sent to/discussed with Program Team members, as needed
- Hold additional conference calls with grantee and Program Team members as needed

Developing schedule for site visit

Communicate with Executive Director to confirm the schedule site visit

- Request that the Director develop a draft schedule. Refer to Tab N of the MTARS notebook for a sample schedule.
- Ensure that the Director provides a copy of the draft schedule at least three weeks before the site visit. In reviewing the site visit schedule, ensure that the proposed agenda:
 - o allows sufficient time for interviews
 - o allows for travel time and is accommodating to review team
 - o build s in meeting time for Program Team and for full MTARS team review of collaboration
 - o addresses all the areas the review team identified in the summary
- Ensure that the Director sends a final schedule at least two weeks before the site visit that includes the following:
 - Specific times and individuals to be interviewed
 - o Interview sites
- Email a copy of the final schedule to the MTARS team coordinator and to Program Team members

Plan for the on-site travel logistics

• Schedule personal travel, including rental car if needed, prior to MTARS onsite review and communicate

it to MTARS team coordinator

- Work with the grantee and Program Team members to determine logistics for on-site travel (e.g., traveling to interview locations)
- Determine ground transportation from the airport to the hotel and get directions from the airport to the hotel and from the hotel to the interview sites, as needed
- Keep current on travel regulations

Prepare for on-site visit

- Once the final schedule is received from the Director, have a conference call with Program Team members to discuss site visit schedule. On the call,
 - Review the site visit schedule
 - o Assign Program Team members responsibilities for leading interviews
 - Discuss suggested interview questions (refer to manual and develop specific questions for each site based on checklists and issue areas)
 - o Team meeting times
 - Designated note takers (utilize lap top to take notes Program Team lead generally is note taker)
 - Discuss travel logistics
 - o Decide whether team members will need to travel with their documents due to weight restrictions.
- After conference call, develop detailed schedule to include:
 - Specific times and individuals to be interviewed
 - o Interview sites
 - Program Team member responsible for interview
 - Designated note takers
- Disseminate detailed schedule to Program Team members and Team Coordinator
- Ensure that a set of documents are on-site for reference.

SITE VISIT	TIMELINE
On-site Meeting Logistics	
 Meet with Program Team, as needed, the evening before the first day to review logistics 	
Determine how the Program Team will get to the site where interviews are taking place	
Determine morning meeting times to ensure the team arrives on time	

 Get directions to the meeting locations, as needed Determine if the Program Team will meet at night to discuss the site visit observations 	
Exit Meeting	
 Meet with Program Team to discuss findings from the site visit and to discuss Exit Meeting logistics and the leads for presenting the findings. Note: ensure Program Team members each present part of the findings 	
 Prepare notes that summarize the Program Team's findings based on the topic areas of the checklist 	
Makes copies of the Exit Meeting notes for Program Team members	
 Schedule pre-Exit meeting interview with Executive Director and Chair (as appropriate) to discuss findings 	
Present findings at Exit Meeting	

REPORT WRITING	TIMELINE
As much as possible, draft any parts of the report ahead of time	
Based on timeline provided by Team Coordinator:	
 Prepare draft report using own notes and notes from Program Team members 	
 Send draft report to Program Team members for review 	
Edit draft report based on Program Team comments	
 Send draft report (with edits by Program Team Members) to Executive Director and Chair (in the case of the Council) for review 	
If necessary, discuss grantee comments with Program Team members	
 Edit draft report – include grantee comments if appropriate. <i>Note:</i> grantee comments should be used only if they are correcting data. Grantee comments should not be incorporated if they are changing the content or intent of the team's report. Send draft report to Team Coordinator Work with the Team Coordinator to make any final edits to the report. 	

Tab K – Format of the Contact Sheet for MTARS Team Members

STATE		
COUNCIL	P&A	UCEDD
GRANTEE:	GRANTEE:	GRANTEE:
Developmental Disabilities Council	Protection and Advocacy	UCEDD
Street Address	Street Address	Street Address
City, ST ZIP	City, ST ZIP	City, ST ZIP
	Phone:	
Phone:	FAX:	Phone:
FAX:	Web Page:	FAX:
E-Mail:		Web Page:
Web Page:	Executive Director:	Executive Director:
	E-Mail:	E-Mail:
Executive Director:		L-iviali.
Email:		
Chair:		
E-Mail:		
ADD:	ADD:	ADD:
Name	Name *	Name
ADD/ACF	ADD/ACF	ADD/ACF
370 L'Enfant Promenade SW	370 L'Enfant Promenade SW	370 L'Enfant Promenade SW
Mail Stop: HHH 405D	Mail Stop: HHH 405D	Mail Stop: HHH 405D
Washington, DC 20447	Washington, DC 20447	Washington, DC 20447
Phone: (202)	Phone: (202)	Phone: (202)
Fax: (202) 205-8037	Fax: (202) 205-8037	Fax: (202) 205-8037
E-mail:	E-mail:	E-mail:
SELF-ADVOCATE/ FAMILY MEMBER:	SELF-ADVOCATE/ FAMILY MEMBER:	SELF-ADVOCATE/ FAMILY MEMBER:
Name	Name	Name
Street Address	Street Address	Street Address
City, ST ZIP	City, ST ZIP	City, ST ZIP
Phone:	Phone:	Phone:
Fax:	Fax:	Fax:
E-mail:	E-mail:	E-mail:

^{*} MTARS Team Co-Coordinator

PEER:	PEER:	PEER:
Name	Name	Name
Street Address	Street Address	Street Address
City, ST ZIP	City, ST ZIP	City, ST ZIP
Phone:	Phone:	Phone:
Fax:	Fax:	Fax:
E-mail:	E-mail:	E-mail:
OTHER MTARS TEAM MEMBERS		
FISCAL REVIEWER:		
Name		
Street Address		
City, ST ZIP		
Phone:		
Fax:		
E-mail:		

Tab L – Sample Joint Entrance Meeting Videoconference Agenda

8:30 a.m. – 9:00 a.m. Sign on to videoconference and check to make sure everyone

is on-line

9:00 a.m. – 9:30 a.m. Welcome and Opening Remarks

MTARS Team Coordinator and DD Network Staff

9:30 a.m. – 10:00 a.m. Introduction to the Network

Director, UCEDD

Executive Director, P&A

Executive Director, DD Council

10:00 a.m. – 10:20 a.m. State of the State

DD Network Staff

10:20 a.m. – 10:35 a.m. BREAK

10:35 p.m. – 11:15 p.m. State of the State cont.

DD Network Staff

11:15 a.m. – 11:30 a.m. Q & A

11:30 a.m. – 12:30 p.m LUNCH

12:30 p.m. – 1:1 5 p.m. Network Collaborations

DD Network Staff

1:15 p.m. – 1:30 p.m. BREAK

1:30 p.m. – 2:15 p.m. Network Collaborations cont.

DD Network Staff

2:15 p.m. – 2:30 p.m. Q & A

Tab M – Sample Notice of Public Forum

Date and Time Building and Room Number Street, City, State

Representatives of the federal Administration on Developme ntal Disabilities will be visiting (insert State and date) to solicit comments from interested parties on:

Your experiences with the work, program, and strategies employed by the following organizations in meeting the needs of individuals with developmental disabilities and their families in INSERT NAME of STATE.

- State Developmental Disabilities Council
- State Protection & Advocacy for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities
- State University Center for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities

We encourage you to share your experiences in any way that you are comfortable:

IN	If you plan on attending and wish to speak, we encourage you to contact the (entity) by c.o.b. (date)
PERSON	so that we may place you on the schedule and provide any needed accommodations.
	Accommodations will be provided if requested prior to (date).

If you are unable to attend, you may submit your statement via the following methods, to arrive on or before, but no later than (date).

MAIL	(insert address)	
TELEPHONE	Call (toll free number) (Voice/TDD) between (time), (date)	
FAX	Forward your written comments to (phone number). Please note "public forum comments" on	
	the subject line.	
E-MAIL	Please e-mail your comments to (insert email address).	
WEBSITE	A form for providing comments can be found on the following websites:	
	http:	

Tab N - Sample On-Site Meeting Schedule

MONDAY	
MORNING/AFTERNOON	MTARS Team members travel to site If time allots, the MTARS Team will conduct initial meetings and/or interviews with grantees
5:00 – 6:00 p.m.	MTARS Team Meeting

TUE	SDAY		
TIME	DD COUNCIL	P&A	UCEDD
9:00a.m.	Overview/orientation to Council	Overview/orientation to the Center	Overview/Orientation to UCEDD and Programmatic Activities
10:00 a.m.	Interview with Executive Director	Interview with the Executive Director	Overview of Training Program and Interview with Trainees
11:00 a.m.	Interview with Council Chair	Interview with Board Chair	
12:00 p.m.	LUNCH	LUNCH	LUNCH
1:00 p.m.	Interview with Council members: self-advocate members parent members state agency members	Interview with P&A Board	Community Services Overview
2:00 p.m.		Case File Review	Visit Community Service Projects
3:00 p.m.			
4:00		4:00 - 6:00	
p.m.	Public Forum on DD	Network Programs, if not he	ld before the site visit
5:00			
p.m.			
6:00			
p.m.			

WED	NESDAY		
TIME	D COUNCIL	P&A	UCEDD

9:00a.m.	Interview with Council staff	Management Interview	Research Overview
10:00 a.m.	Interview with Council staff		
11:00 a.m.	Grantee presentation	Interview with Legal Team	Information Dissemination Overview
12:00 p.m.	LUNCH	LUNCH	LUNCH
1:00 p.m.	Grantee presentation	Interview with DSA	Interview with Community Partners
2:00 p.m.	Grantee presentation	Client Interviews	Evaluation and Reporting
3:00 p.m.	Interview with designated state agency or Governor's liaison		Interview with University Leadership
4:00 p.m.	Team meeting	Team Meeting	Team Meeting

THU	RSDAY		
TIME	DD COUNCIL	P&A	UCEDD
9:00a.m.	Meeting with Executive Director and Chair to discuss preliminary findings.	Meeting with Executive Director to discuss preliminary findings.	Meeting with Executive Director to discuss preliminary findings.
10:00 a.m.	prominary intenses	prominary initiality.	promitmary imanigo.
11:00 a.m.	Provision of technical assistance	Provision of technical assistance	Provision of technical assistance
12:00 p.m.	LUNCH	LUNCH	LUNCH
1:00 p.m.	MTARS Team Meet to prepare for Exit Meeting	MTARS Team Meet to prepare for Exit Meeting	MTARS Team Meet to prepare for Exit Meeting
2:00 p.m.	(come up with summative comments, write notes, recommendations, etc.)	(come up with summative comments, write notes, recommendations)	(come up with summative comments, write notes, recommendations)
3:00 p.m.			
4:00 p.m.	MTARS Team Meeting to dis	4:00 – 4:30 scuss Network collaboration	and prepare for Exit Meeting

FRIDAY	
9:00 a.m. – 11:00 a.m.	EXIT MEETING

11:00 a.m. –	MTARS Team Travel

Tab O - Public Forum Checklist

Multiple sites have been identified
Accessible meeting space has been secured at the various sites
The requirements for the room set-up have been confirmed with the sites
Site room set up:
o Head table for the MTARS Team Members that is accessible (e.g., ramp for wheelchair)
o The building accessible
o The room is accessible
At least one conference call line has been set up for the public forum
A sign language interpreter has been scheduled
A note taker has been identified
Name of note taker
A back-up note taker has been identified
Name of back up note taker
Three-minute timers have been identified at each site
Name of time keeper
Public Forum notice has been approved by MTARS Team Coordinator
Public Forum notice is available in English and Spanish
Public Forum notice has been disseminated through multiple outlets
Participants have signed up in advance to speak

Tab P – Interview Tips

The most important component of interviewing is developing a positive relationship with the speaker. This is accomplished by listening to what the speaker is saying.

Give the speaker your undivided attention:

- Maintain eye contact
- Keep a positive attitude
- Don't lean back in the chair
- Don't fidget
- Don't prop head up with hands
- Don't chew on a pencil or obviously chew gum
- Don't eat (if necessary, ask permission first)

Participate through non-verbal feedback:

- Nod the head
- Lean forward
- Make appropriate gestures
- Smile

Participate through verbal feedback:

- Use verbal affirmation (yes, I understand, really, wow)
- Ask questions that allow the speaker to elaborate
- Clarify what was heard (so what you are saying is..., I heard you say...)
- Summarize what was heard (so you feel that...)

Be professional:

- Tolerate bad habits or technique of the speaker
- Judge the message and content, not the personal traits of the speaker
- Avoid generalizations (watch your perspective!)
- Control your own emotions
- Be objective
- Be sensitive to differences
- Ask if the speaker is comfortable
- Hold off judgment of the message until all the information has been presented

In advance of the interviews, determine if any of the speakers require accommodations:

- If the speaker uses sign, make sure there is an interpreter
- If the person uses a chair, make sure there is room at the table

- If the person is visually challenged, make sure that any written materials you might be using are available in alternative format
- Allow the speaker to bring a companion
- Allow extra time for a speaker with a speech impairment so you aren't rushing them through their interview.

In advance of the interviews, determine if English is a second language and if an interpreter is required:

- Ask the interpreter for guidance in the cultural norms of the speaker related to interview techniques.
- Check with interpreter about understanding of key concepts that may not have direct translation such as advocacy

Explain the time frame at the beginning of the interview:

- Make sure the speaker knows that time is limited
- Provide the speaker at least five minutes notice before ending the interview. This
 will allow the speaker an opportunity to summarize their message or make what is
 left of their points

Ask open-ended questions:

• Don't be afraid of silence; allow the speaker to think or gather their thoughts. However, don't be afraid to prompt the speaker if they are having trouble.

The closing of the interview is as important as the opening. Interviews should not come to an abrupt end. Never give the impression that there is no further interest in the interviewee once you have what you want. Thank the person for their time and work. Do not stop listening until the person leaves, because sometimes a person will relax after the interview and may provide additional information.

Explain to the interviewee what they can expect to happen next in the review process. Tell the person how long it will take to hear from the Team regarding their findings, and how they can reach you if they wish to provide more information. In your notes, write down any promise you make to the person, and be sure to follow through on these commitments. Reliability will increase trust and the Review Team's credibility.

Sample Council Questions

Governance - reviewers should look for State Council independence in implementing its activities without DSA or other interference. The DSA should provide fiscal and other services and support.

Where is the State Council located organizationally in State government? (Request an organizational chart and copies of legislation or executive order establishing the State Council.)

Is the State Council located at a level that enables it to work effectively with other agencies of the State government?

What agency is the DSA? What officials(s) of the DSA have responsibilities related to the State Council?

Describe any other roles or responsibilities that the DSA might have with respect to the State Council.

Is there a memorandum of understanding outlining the roles and responsibilities of the DSA? Please obtain a copy if it exists.

Describe the State Council's organizational structure. Include information on any committees.

How frequently does the State Council review the DSA with respect to the Council and DSA activities?

Have recommendations for change been made to the Governor? If so, explain.

State Council membership and activities — 60% or more of the State Council membership should be representatives of individuals with developmental disabilities; the remainder should be representative of agencies and organizations. Reviewers should look for evidence of timely appointment, rotation of members, application of the Federal definition of developmental disabilities, and good relationships among and between Council members and staff.

How many members serve on the State Council?

Are at least 60% of the State Council individuals who have developmental disabilities, parents or guardians of children with developmental disabilities?

Based on the Council's composition, does the membership reflect the State's cultural, ethnic and racial diversity?

Do consumer members of the State Council meet the Federal definition of developmental disabilities?

How many members represent agencies and organizations? What are those agencies and organizations?

Describe the Governor's appointment process?

Are there any long-standing vacancies that have not been filled?

What is the process for assuring rotation?

What role does the State Council play with regard to membership appointments?

Do you have any concerns regarding the appointment process?

Does the State Council have a clear Conflict of Interest Policy?

How are members with developmental disabilities involved in State Council activities?

Discuss how other members (parents, agency reps, volunteers, etc.) are involved in State Council activities.

What is the role of the P&A and University Centers on the State Council?

Does the State Council have an executive committee? Are the members selected or appointed to this committee? Who are the members of the Executive Committee and what is its function?

Does the State Council operate through a system of committees? If yes, describe. If no, explain.

Are there any operating policies and procedures for the committees of the Council? Do they address the following (obtain a copy):

Frequency of meetings
Responsibilities of the committees
Reimbursement of committee members
Selection, term limits and rotation requirements for committee members
Selection process for committee chairs
Staff support for the committees

Relationship to the Executive Committee of the State Council

How frequently does the full State Council meet?

The following are questions specific to State Council members — reviewers should look for knowledgeable members who are active and committed to the efforts of the State Council.

How did you learn about the Council and become a member of the Council? How long have you been a member? (Determine the date of appointment, reappointment, and end of term.)

What information about the Council or developmental disabilities did you receive when you joined the State Council?

What is your role on the State Council? Have you been, or are you currently, a committee member? Are you on the Executive Committee? Do you have other responsibilities?

What is your primary responsibility as a State Council member?

What does the Executive Committee do? If you are not on the Executive Committee, how are you informed about what they do?

How are you involved in the State Council planning process? The budget process? Grants and contracts?

How do State Council staff keep you and other members informed of trends, best practices, emerging issues, and important events?

How does the State Council deal with conflicts of interest? What State Council activities are you most proud of (greatest achievement, most important activity, etc.)?

What, if any, are the State Council's most significant weaknesses? How are they being addressed?

Council responsibilities — reviewers should look for State Council involvement in these and similar activities: outreach; training; community support; interagency collaboration and coordination; coordination with related councils, committees, and programs; barrier elimination and systems design and citizen participation; public education and coalition development; informing policymakers; prevention; and other systemic change- capacity building, and advocacy activities designed to expand and enhance the independence, productivity, and integration and inclusion of individuals with developmental disabilities throughout the State.

What is the philosophy of the State Council? Has a mission or vision statement been developed? (If so, request a copy.)

What is the State Council's purpose and role in the State?

Describe the State Council's planning process, including examination of priority areas, needs assessment, and State Plan development.

What are the State Council's current priorities?

How do you determine what should be included in the State Plan?

How does the State Plan address the planning, design or monitoring of the quality of services the State provides individuals with developmental disabilities?

Describe some of the systemic change, advocacy, and capacity building activities currently underway or planned this year.

How often does the State Council monitor the State Plan? Describe the process.

Describe the way(s) in which the State Council implements the State Plan. What percentage is through direct staff activities? State Council funded projects? Other mechanisms?

How do you know if the State Plan is effective? How do you measure its outcomes?

Is the State Plan effective in responding to the needs and concerns of individuals with developmental disabilities and their families?

What is the State Council's process for developing its annual budget? Is this done in conjunction with the State Plan development?

Does the State Council collaborate and coordinate with the P&A and University Centers? Describe.

What mechanism does the State Council use to obtain public input/comment on the State Plan?

Council Staff - reviewers should look for staff knowledge and experience; relationships with State Council members and other staff; workload and source of assignments; supervisory lines and whether or not there is any confusion about who is making assignments; hiring and firing procedures, etc.

Does the Council have an up-to-date organizational chart that depicts clear lines of responsibilities and decision making? Please provide.

Is professional staff qualified according to accepted standards of their respective professions?

Does the staff reflect the State's ethnic and racial diversity? Explain.

Does the agency have clear job descriptions for each position in the agency, outlining qualifications, responsibilities, accountability and conditions for employment?

Do all employees have annual performance reviews that include: performance standards, periodic rating, and bases for any pay increases including merit and career development?

Does the agency have a written disciplinary process that includes procedures to be followed and documentation protocol?

How are staff assignments made?

Who supervises the Executive Director? What role, if any, does the Chairperson play in this process? The DSA?

What is the process for hiring staff? What role does the DSA have in hiring or other personnel matters?

Describe the relationship between State Council and staff.

Describe impediments to State Council activity when there are State financial crises or cutbacks (e.g., hiring freezes, training or travel limitations, restrictions on obtaining and maintaining equipment, materials, supplies, or services.)

Does the State Council have any personnel problems that should be addressed?

Designated State Agency - reviewers should focus on the DSA's designated status; its roles, relationship and responsibilities, and services and supports provided to assist the state Council in carrying out its mission.

What authority (e.g., Governor's executive order, State legislation, etc.) establishes the current State agency designation? On what date? Request a copy.

What type of agency is the DSA? Does the DSA provide services to individuals with developmental disabilities?

Describe the State Council's periodic review of the current designation.

Has the State Council considered, recommended or requested that the Governor change the current State agency designation? If so, why? What was the response from the Governor?

What is the relationship between the State Council and the DSA? (If the State Council is not its own administering agency.)

What is the role of the DSA in relationship to the State Council?

Describe the support services the DSA provides the State Council. Do you provide fiscal services or support? Does the State Council have immediate access to its records and financial reports? What assistance do you provide the State Council with assurances, etc.?

Is there a Memorandum of Understanding or other formal agreement describing DSA's services and support to the State Council? Request a copy.

How does the DSA interact with the State Council with regard to the State Plan? Provide examples of how the DSA assists the State Council in carrying out its mission and implementation of the State Plan and budget.

What is the DSA's relationship to the Executive Director and staff? Does the DSA have any role in addressing personnel issues? Are there any personnel issues?

What role does the DSA have in hiring or firing the Executive Director?

What role does the DSA take with regard to the State Council's Request for Proposal (RFP) and grants and contracts award process?

State Council grants and contracts - reviewers should evaluate the State Council's process for monitoring projects it funds. This may happen through reviewing project documentation or interviewing project staff. The review team may interview project personnel and, if appropriate, beneficiaries of project activities. If an on-site visit is made to a project then a Review Team members must examine project records such as personnel records and policies, fiscal records, and data collection procedures. Sample interview questions include:

What is the purpose of the project? What are its goals and projected impact?

How did your agency determine the need for such a project/service?

How did you learn of possible funding from the State Council?

What was the application process? (Request a description or copy of the RFP.)

Describe your budget and program planning process for this project.

How many clients are you serving? How are they referred to your agency?

How do you plan to sustain this project after State Council funds are ended?

What kind of reports are you required to submit to the State Council?

Are you having any problems in implementing this project? Is the State Council aware of these issues? What kind of support do they offer you?

Does the State Council handle your requests for payment in a timely manner? What is the process?

Sample Protection and Advocacy System Questions

Authority and Independence — reviewers should look for P&A independence in pursuing legal and other appropriate measures on behalf of clients with developmental disabilities without State or other interference.

Is the P&A independent of State government in its action and authority? Request examples.

If the P&A is housed in state government, where is it located in the administrative structure of the State?

What procedures and mechanisms are used to preserve the P&A system's independent authority?

How can the P&A strengthen its independence?

Describe impediments to possible P&A actions against other government agencies.

If the P&A is housed in state government, describe impediments to P&A activity when there is a State financial crisis or cutbacks (e.g., hiring freezes, training limitations, restrictions on obtaining and maintaining equipment, materials and supplies and services.)

What is the relationship of the P&A to the Office of the Governor? Please describe.

How does the P&A exercise its independent authority to pursue legal remedies either for individuals or through class action litigation? Please describe.

Does the system have the ability to investigate incidents of abuse and neglect of individuals with developmental disabilities?

What is the current caseload using litigation as a strategy?

Have P&A legal activities and advocacy placed the P&A's independent authority in any jeopardy or caused any problems?

What is the current caseload that uses administrative remedies as a strategy?

What other appropriate remedies are frequently used by the P&A?

Describe any formal or informal links to service providing agencies on the P&A governing authority.

Has the P&A experienced any barriers to accessing clients, facilities or records?

Does the P&A have a grievance procedure in place for clients or prospective clients?

Governance/Board membership and participation — reviewers should look for membership with a shared commitment to the protection of the rights of all people eligible for the program.

If the P&A is a non-profit, answer the following questions:

Does the Board of Directors have policies and procedures for its operation?

Is there a conflict of interest policy?

Are there term limits and rotation?

Is there a written reimbursement policy for Board members?

Is there a process for removing individuals from the Board?

Is there a formal recruitment and replacement of members that requires approval by the full Board?

Are there specific standards of conduct for Board members?

Does the membership of the Board reflect its constituents?

Does the Board have a majority of persons with disabilities or their family members? How many are persons with developmental disabilities?

Does the Board have racial/ethnic diversity?

Does the Board have geographic distribution?

Does the Board of Directors have regular meetings?

Are the minutes of the meeting distributed in a timely manner?

Are all decisions (motions) recorded with a second and a record of the vote?

Are accommodations made for members with differing abilities?

Is the Board appropriately trained?

Does the Board allocate resources related to orientation new members?

Does it allocate resources for ongoing training of all members?

Is there a mentor program for training new leaders within the Board?

Is the Board fulfilling their fiduciary responsibilities?

Is the Board aware of the federal requirements for each of the mandated P&A programs?

Does the Board review financial statements on a regular basis?

Does the Board look at the priorities of the agency in conjunction with approving the budget?

Does the Board conduct any fund raising activities to fund activities beyond the ability of the federal grants?

Is the Board taking responsibilities for planning?

How does the Board establish priorities for the agency? Does it establish case selection criteria in conjunction with the priorities?

Does the Board understand the difference between management and governance?

Is there clear separation between (the lines of authority) Board and the executive director?

Does the Board involve itself unnecessarily in day-to-day operations? Does the Board evaluate the executive director on an annual basis? Are there appropriate mechanisms for communication with non-management staff, such as employee grievance procedures?

Other sample questions for interviewing individuals on the Governing Board to the Governance function

Do Board members have to disclose potential conflicts? How does this happen? How long have you been on the Board and when does your term expire? How do you recruit new Board members?

What happens if a Board member does not come to meetings or is disruptive? Do you have guidelines for how a meeting should run?

Do you think the Board reflects the diversity of the agency's client base?

When you do get the minutes of previous Board meeting? Do you get minutes of Board committees?

Do you think the Board does a good job accommodating members with differing abilities?

When you were a new member did you get oriented to the Board?

What kinds of training do Board members get related to their job on the Board? How are new leaders identified on the Board?

Do you think that you have a good understanding of the federal mandates? How often do you get financial statements?

How do you approve the budget? What information do you get when it is time to make that decision?

Does the Board do any fundraising? What for?

How did you decide what the priorities should be for this year?

How does the staff know which cases to take? Who makes that decision?

Which staff do you relate most to? How often do you talk with other staff?

How often does the Board evaluate the executive director?

Who writes the job descriptions for staff?

If the P&A is located in State Government, ask the following questions:

Does the Advisory Council (AC) have policies and procedures for its operation?

Is there a conflict of interest policy?

Are there term limits and rotation?

Is there a written reimbursement policy for AC members?

Is there a process for removing individuals from the AC?

Is there a formal process for recruitment and replacement of members that requires approval by full AC?

Are there specific standards for conduct of AC members?

Does the membership of the AC reflect its constituents?

Does the AC have racial/ethnic diversity?

Does the AC have disability diversity?

Does the AC have geographic distribution?

Does the Advisory Council have regular meetings?

Are the minutes of the meeting distributed in a timely manner?

Are all decisions (motions) recorded with a second and a record of the vote?

Are accommodations made for members with differing abilities?

Is the AC appropriately trained?

Does the AC allocate resources for orientation of new members?

Does it allocate resources for ongoing training of all members?

Is there a mentor program for training new leaders within the AC?

Is the AC taking responsibilities for planning?

How does the AC establish priorities for the agency?

Does it establish case selection criteria in conjunction with the priorities?

Other sample questions for interviewing individuals related to the Advisory function:

Do AC members have to disclose potential conflicts? How does this happen?

How long have you been on the AC and when does your term expire?

How do you recruit new AC members?

What happens if an AC member does not come to meetings or is disruptive?

Do you have guidelines for how a meeting should run?

Do you think the AC reflects the diversity of the agency's client base?

When you do receive the minutes of previous AC meeting? Do you receive minutes of AC committee meetings?

Do you think the AC does a good job accommodating members with differing abilities?

When you were a new member, did you get oriented to the AC?

What kind of training is provided for AC members related to their job on the AC? How are new leaders identified on the AC?

Do you think that you have a good understanding of the federal mandates? How often do you get financial statements?

How did you decide what the priorities should be for this year?

How does the staff know what cases to take? Who makes that decision?

Which staff do you relate most to? How often do you talk with other staff?

Staff — reviewers should look at the recruitment, employment, assignment and promotion of program staff without regard to race, gender, religion, age, disability, sexual preference or any legally impermissible criteria.

Does the agency have an up-to-date organizational chart that depicts clear lines of responsibilities and decision making? Please provide.

Are professional staff members qualified according to accepted standards of their respective professions?

How many attorneys does the P&A employ? Is this sufficient to cover the demands for legal work?

Does the agency have clear job descriptions for each position in the agency, outlining qualifications, responsibilities, accountability and conditions for employment?

Do all employees have annual performance reviews that include performance standards, periodic rating, and the bases for any pay increases, including merit and career development?

Does the agency have a written disciplinary process that includes procedures to be followed and documentation protocol?

Does the agency have adequate malpractice insurance coverage to protect its personnel?

If the agency uses volunteers, are there policies and procedures that include screening, supervision, training, instruction and performance expectations?

How does the agency work with other organizations in order to ensure that referrals are made where necessary or appropriate?

As a staff member, do you have any difficulty in meeting your assigned responsibilities? Describe.

How does the P&A recruit individuals with disabilities and other protected classes to work at the P&A?

Does the P&A staff reflect the State's ethnic and racial diversity? Explain.

Collaboration — reviewers should determine the extent to which the P&A is collaborating with other organizations including the State Council.

Describe the relationship between the P&A and the State Council.

Do the State Council and the P&A have mutual Board members? Are they voting members?

Do Council members serve as advisors to the P&A system?

How do the Council and the P&A share planning information?

Are there any joint projects between the Council and P&A or the P&A and the University Center?

Does the P&A have collaborative relationships with other organizations?

Does the P&A have a relationship with other advocacy agencies in solving problems on behalf of individuals? Please explain.

Priority Setting — reviewers should look for priorities that are consistent with the mission statement and goals established by the program.

How are the priorities (goals and objectives) of the agency established?

How does the P&A obtain input from the public?

When is the input obtained?

Who participates in this process? What is the role of the Board or AC?

Does the P&A use data from the State Council or University Center in setting its priorities?

What kind of cases has the P&A been primarily involved with over the last three years?

Give approximate percentages for the following:

Quality Assurance (including abuse & neglect in both institutions and community-based programs)

Education and early intervention

Child Care

Health care

Employment

Housing

Transportation

Recreation

What type of strategies does the P&A routinely use to resolve its cases? Please give percentages for legal remedies, administrative remedies, other.

Program evaluation and monitoring — reviewers should look at whether the program has developed and implemented outcome measures and procedures for evaluating the impact of its advocacy activities.

Does the agency have a data collection mechanism as part of their program evaluation mechanism?

Describe how staff time is utilized. What is the percentage of time spent on the following activities (approximately)?

Individual case work
System change activities (including class action)
Administration (priority setting, planning and evaluation, etc.)
Information and referral
Educating policymakers
Public awareness and outreach

Does the agency have a system of information collection and utilization that is timely, relevant to the agency and communicated to the appropriate personnel?

Describe the process related to the preparation of the program performance report.

Does the agency have clear procedures to determine the short and long term requirements and expectations of its clients?

Has the agency conducted any formal evaluation of its activities (such as a peer review)?

Are the agency's services accessible to the client population to whom they are directed? What kinds of outreach activities are conducted?

Does the agency include clients in policy and decision making process by including clients as Board or advisory council members?

Does the agency clearly identify the communities and/or target populations that are under served?

Does the agency seek regular feedback from its consumers regarding its performance and future activities?

Does the agency have a customer satisfaction survey? How is this information used?

Does the agency evaluate all customer grievances?

Sample UCEDD Questions

I. Collaboration

- 1. What is the relationship of the UCEDD to the DD Planning Council and the P&A
- 2. In what ways does the UCEDD contribute to the collaborative activities of the DD Network?
- 3. What special skills/expertise does the UCEDD bring to the collaboration?
- 4. What are some of barriers to collaboration?
- 5. What is working well?
- 6. What is the relationship of the UCEDD to State agencies?
- 7. How is the UCEDD connected to provider agencies and consumer organizations?
- 8. What community agencies does the UCEDD collaborate with?
- 9. What has been the impact of the community collaborations?
- 10. How has the UCEDD been able to develop community collaborations?
- 11. How has the UCEDD been able to maintain collaborative relationships with community organizations?

II. Organizational Administration

Questions for University Leadership and/or UCEDD Director regarding the relationship with the University:

- 1. How often does the UCEDD director meet with University leadership personnel?
- 2. What kind of support does the University provide to the UCEDD?
- 3. To what extent do the University leadership personnel understand what a UCEDD is?
- 4. How does the UCEDD report on their activities to the University?
- 5. Where is it located organizationally within the university?
- 6. Whose personnel policies are used?

Questions for UCEDD Director and/or UCEDD staff regarding the mission of the UCEDD:

- 1. Does the UCEDD have a written mission statement?
- 2. To what extent are consumers involved in the development, review, and revision of the mission statement?
- 3. Does the UCEDD mission reflect a lifespan approach?
- 4. Does the UCEDD mission reflect a commitment to culturally competent attitudes and practices?

Questions for UCEDD Director and/or UCEDD staff regarding the staff of the UCEDD:

- 1. What is the line staff organization of the UCEDD?
- 2. Does the UCEDD have sufficient person power to carry out its responsibilities?
- 3. What are percentages of time assigned to areas of responsibility?
- 4. Are UCEDD faculty officially connected to academic departments?
- 5. Who influences rank and tenure issues?
- 6. Does the UCEDD staff have experience in their core function area (e.g., training, community service, research, information dissemination)?

- 7. Does the UCEDD director provide the necessary support and oversight to staff and faculty?
- 8. Do UCEDD staff and faculty understand the structure of the UCEDD program and its core functions?
- 9. Do the staff and faculty have experience and expertise in working with people with developmental disabilities and their families?
- 10. How is performance determined and evaluated?
- 11. To what extent does the UCEDD staff demonstrate sensitivity to the dignity of consumers in its language, behavior, and written materials?

Questions for UCEDD Director and/or UCEDD staff regarding UCEDD responsiveness to stakeholders:

- 1. Are funds available for special accommodations such as real-time transcription, personal assistants, child care, transportation, stipends?
- 2. Is someone assigned to promote consumer responsiveness with the UCEDD and its various projects?
- 3. How does the UCEDD assure that materials are available in accessible formats?
- 4. Are the UCEDD's physical facility and community program initiatives fully accessible to individuals with disabilities?

III. Consumer Advisory Committee

- 1. How is the Consumer Advisory Committee (CAC) organized and used?
- 2. Do they have sufficient representation of individuals with developmental disabilities and families?
- 3. What kinds of supports does the UCEDD offer to the CAC?
- 4. How is input solicited from the CAC?
- 5. How is the CAC involved in setting priorities of the UCEDD?
- 6. Are there role descriptions for members specifying expectations?

IV. Program Administration

Questions to ask regarding the Interdisciplinary Preservice Training program:

- 1. What are the disciplines of the UCEDD trainees?
- 2. Describe the UCEDD training curriculum and interdisciplinary training experiences. Are there certified practica and/or field placement opportunities?
- 3. How are trainees supported financially?
- 4. How does the UCEDD monitor student progress?
- 5. In what types of settings does interdisciplinary training take place?
- 7. Who has primary responsibility for the training program?
- 8. To what degree do trainees participate in problem identification, problem solving, group decision-making, and clinical practices?
- 9. Does the UCEDD have a core curriculum with optional activities?
- 10. Does the UCEDD demonstrate a commitment to culturally competent services?
- 11. What are the methods of measuring trainees' skills and knowledge?

Questions to ask regarding the Community Services:

- 1. Is there a written community services plan?
- 2. How is community services evaluated for effectiveness?
- 3. What is the balance between campus-based and community-based activities?
- 4. Does the UCEDD deliver any direct services? If so, what are they and where and how are they delivered?
- 5. What role do UCEDD trainees play in community services and projects?
- 7. Are activities at times and in places that are convenient and accessible?
- 8. Does the UCEDD address lifespan issues in its community services and projects?
- 9. Are services delivered in a culturally competent manner?
- 10. Is there a written technical assistance plan?
- 11. Are there formal memoranda of agreement with other entities for technical assistance? If so, do they include financial arrangements or fee schedules?
- 12. Is there a primary person assigned to oversee the technical assistance?
- 13. Is the technical assistance delivered in a culturally competent manner?
- 15. Do technical assistance activities address lifespan issues?

Questions to ask regarding the research activities:

- 1. Are UCEDD faculty given specific responsibilities to develop and conduct research?
- 2. Is the research designed in manner that will yield reliable and valid results?
- 3. Does the focus of the research address an identified need?
- 4. Will the research provide meaningful results?
- 5. Does the research have standard protocols that are developed and followed?
- 6. How is research information disseminated?
- 7. Is the research developed and conducted in a culturally competent manner?

Questions to ask regarding the dissemination activities:

- 1. Does the UCEDD have a well-developed and well-written plan for the dissemination of information?
- 2. Who has the primary responsibility for dissemination activities?
- 3. How do recipients and users of products evaluate the UCEDD's effectiveness in dissemination of information?
- 4. Does the UCEDD generate income through its dissemination efforts?
- 5. Does the UCEDD use other information-generating resources at the university or in the UCEDD network?
- 7. Does the UCEDD use individuals with developmental disabilities and their families to develop and evaluate dissemination materials?
- 8. Are materials prepared and disseminated in a culturally competent manner?

V. Evaluation and Reporting

- 1. Does the UCEDD use follow-up data to determine the effectiveness of its training?
- 2. Are client outcome measures used to determine effectiveness? If so, what are they?
- 3. How are the technical assistance activities evaluated?

- 4. How does the UCEDD monitor and evaluate its dissemination activities?
- 5. Does the UCEDD have a data management system for recording and maintaining data that will be submitted for the Annual Report?
- 6. Is there a data manager? If yes, what kind of training and/or supports does the data manager receive from the UCEDD?

VI. Fiscal

- 1. What are sources of UCEDD funding?
- 2. What is the ratio of university to State to Federal funding?
- 3. Describe in-kind contributions, university line items, space, maintenance and operation support to the UCEDD from the university.
- 4. How are grants and contracts managed fiscally?
- 5. How are resources allocated?

For all sections, reviewers document overall impressions, strengths, and opportunities for future development. These are presented and discussed in the exit interview.

Tab Q – Note-Taking Tips

The following are tips to keep in mind when interviewing staff, listening to presentations, performing document reviews, conducting on-site team meetings, preparing for exit meetings and when recording highlights to assist with the MTARS report writing.

Keep the following in mind:

- Notes should be prepared when memories are fresh
- Information should be short and sweet (perhaps using a bullet format), but use as much space as needed to provide background information and the facts
- Summarize facts, separate the good from the bad,
- Note what really knocked your socks off,
- Note, how many goals, described by area of emphasis and type, that were reviewed. Where do things stand on the goals reviewed (on target, brand new, off track)? Did the grantee have information that can be used in the report to Congress?
- What technical assistance needs were raised, emerged or were addressed?
- What best practices were brought to your attention? Do we need more details before they can be disseminated?
- What if anything is the grantee going to do or send us that will help us in writing the report?
- What follow-up did grantee promise?
- What did we promise to do before we issue the report?

Organize the information using the following outline of key facts (or using the suggested report outline):

- I. Significant Highlights
- II. Findings on Collaboration
- III. Findings on Compliance and Organizational Structure
- IV. Findings on Accountability and Progress on Goals and Outcomes
- V. Technical Assistance Needs
- VI. Best Practices
- VII. Follow-up by Grantee Expected before the Report is Issued
- VIII. Follow-up by ADD Expected Before the Report is Issued

Notes should focus on getting answers to gaps and questions on the checklists and other monitoring tools in Exhibits E-J, on areas of strength and weakness and the impact of grantee's efforts on individuals with developmental disabilities. The checklists and monitoring tools at Exhibits E-J are designed for note-taking. If there is no checklist or monitoring tool designed for a specific meeting, interview or document review, reviewers can use the optional note-taking form at Exhibit D.6. When reviewing case records, reviewers may want to use the client record review checklist at Exhibit D.7.

Tab R – Format for MTARS Report

TABLE OF CONTENTS State MTARS Team Members Executive Summary

Part I: Purpose And Scope of the Review

- A. Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000
- **B.** Overview of MTARS
- C. MTARS Visit to (insert State)
 - 1. Demographics
 - 2. Institutional Population
 - 3. State Service Delivery System
- D. Overview of Site Visit
 - 1. Conduct of the Site Visit
 - 2. Public Input

Part II: (Insert State) Developmental Disabilities Network

- A. Overview of Grantee Projects
- **B.** State DD Network Collaboration

Part III: Individual Grantee Findings & Recommendations

- A. (Insert Name of State Council)
 - 1. Organizational Administration
 - 2. Council Membership
 - 3. Program Administration
 - 4. Interagency Collaboration
 - 5. Designated State Agency
 - 6. Evaluation and Reports
 - 7. Compliance
 - 8. Recommendations
 - 9. Innovative Approaches
 - 10. Fiscal Review and Findings

B. (Insert Name of State Protection and Advocacy Agency)

- 1. Organizational Administration
- 2. Board and Advisory Council Membership
- 3. Program Administration
- 4. Designated State Agency
- 5. Evaluation and Reports
- 6. Summary of Public Input
- 7. Compliance
- 8. Recommendations
- 9. Innovative Approaches
- 10. Fiscal Review and Findings

C. (Insert Name of State UCEDD)

- 1. Organizational Administration
- 2. Consumer Advisory Committee
- 3. Program Administration
- 4. Community Collaboration
- 5. Evaluation and Reports
- 6. Summary of Public Forum
- 7. Compliance
- 8. Recommendations
- 9. Innovative Practices
- 10. Fiscal Review and Findings

Tab S – Sample Cover Letter for the MTARS Report

February 6, 2007

Alan Kerzin
Executive Director
California State Council on Developmental Disabilities
1507 21st Street
Suite 210
Sacramento, CA 95814

Catherine Blakemore
Executive Director
Protection and Advocacy Inc.
100 Howe Ave, Suite N
Sacramento, CA 95825

Olivia Raynor, Ph.D Andrew Russell, M.D. Co-Directors Tarjan Center 300 UCLA Medical Plaza Suite 3302 Los Angeles, CA 90095

Robert A. Jacobs, M.D. Director Children's Hospital Los Angeles UCEDD 5000 Sunset Blvd, 7th Fl Los Angeles, CA 90054-0070

Dear Colleagues:

We are pleased to provide you with the enclosed Monitoring and Technical Assistance Review System (MTARS) Report conducted for the California Developmental Disabilities Network on May 22 - 26, 2006. We appreciated your cooperation with all aspects of the review.

The report outlines the approaches and contributions of the Protection and Advocacy Inc. (PAI), the Tarjan Center – a University Center of Excellence in Developmental Disabilities and the Children's Hospital Los Angeles - a University Center for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities. These programs support and promote self-determination, independence, productivity, integration, and inclusion of persons with developmental disabilities in all facets of community life through culturally competent programs authorized under the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (DD Act, PL 106-402). As a result of complex findings during the review of the California Council on Developmental Disabilities, there is a delay in the release of approaches and contributions of that DD Network partner. You will be given a copy of the full report upon its release. The three main parts of the report are:

I. Purpose and Scope

- II. California Developmental Disabilities Network Findings and Recommendations
- III. Individual Grantee Findings and Recommendations

Given the strong foundation of collaboration, the MTARS team recommends that the state DD Network enhance their current level of collaboration to become more visible to external entities. Please refer to the report for specific strategies.

As a result of the review, the Administration on Developmental Disabilities (ADD) found issues regarding compliance with the DD Act. Within sixty (60) days of receipt of this letter, please prepare a corrective action plan addressing how the issues will be addressed. The plan should include specific actions and projected dates for completion. In addition, please provide a response within 60 days to the other observations and recommendations contained in the report. Please send the corrective action plan plan and comments to:

Patricia A. Morrissey, Ph.D. Commissioner Administration on Developmental Disabilities 370 L 'Enfant Plaza Promenade, SW Mail Stop: HHH-405D Washington, DC 20447

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Jennifer Johnson at 202-690-5982.

Again, we appreciate your cooperation with the review process and look forward to working with you on behalf of individuals with developmental disabilities in the state of California.

Sincerely,

Patricia A. Morrissey, Ph.D. Administration on Developmental Disabilities

Enclosure: MTARS Report

cc: MTARS Team Members