## **OFFICE OF** THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

## SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

### THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY **ADMINISTRATION'S 800-NUMBER AUTOMATION SERVICE**

October 2007 A-02-07-17049

# **AUDIT REPORT**



### Mission

By conducting independent and objective audits, evaluations and investigations, we inspire public confidence in the integrity and security of SSA's programs and operations and protect them against fraud, waste and abuse. We provide timely, useful and reliable information and advice to Administration officials, Congress and the public.

### Authority

The Inspector General Act created independent audit and investigative units, called the Office of Inspector General (OIG). The mission of the OIG, as spelled out in the Act, is to:

- Conduct and supervise independent and objective audits and investigations relating to agency programs and operations.
- **O** Promote economy, effectiveness, and efficiency within the agency.
- O Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse in agency programs and operations.
- Review and make recommendations regarding existing and proposed legislation and regulations relating to agency programs and operations.
- Keep the agency head and the Congress fully and currently informed of problems in agency programs and operations.

To ensure objectivity, the IG Act empowers the IG with:

- **O** Independence to determine what reviews to perform.
- **O** Access to all information necessary for the reviews.
- **O** Authority to publish findings and recommendations based on the reviews.

### Vision

We strive for continual improvement in SSA's programs, operations and management by proactively seeking new ways to prevent and deter fraud, waste and abuse. We commit to integrity and excellence by supporting an environment that provides a valuable public service while encouraging employee development and retention and fostering diversity and innovation.



#### MEMORANDUM

Date: October 19, 2007

Refer To:

- To: The Commissioner
- From: Inspector General
- Subject: The Effectiveness of the Social Security Administration's 800-Number Automation Service (A-02-07-17049)

### **OBJECTIVE**

Our objective was to review the effectiveness of the Social Security Administration's (SSA) 800-number automated service system.

### BACKGROUND

SSA maintains a national 800-number for individuals to file claims, update records and request information about SSA's programs. Since becoming available nationwide in 1989, SSA's 800-number has become a principal contact point for individuals seeking Agency services. Although the public has a variety of other options (Internet, field offices [FO], etc.) to obtain information or conduct business with SSA, most customers conduct their business with SSA by telephone. In Fiscal Year (FY) 2006, SSA reported that there were 59,475,747 transactions handled by the national 800-number network.<sup>1</sup> The 800-number's telecommunications services are currently provided under contract by Verizon Business.

To keep pace with the growing demand for its 800-number service, the Agency expanded the automated service options to reduce the number of calls going to agents and time spent waiting to speak to an agent. To that end, callers to the 800-number may use a self-service menu of automated services or request to speak with an agent. The 800-number automated system offers a variety of services, in English or Spanish, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Callers can request pamphlets and forms in addition to obtaining information, such as business hours and locations of nearby FOs.

An August 2005 Government Accountability Office (GAO) report stated "since 2002, SSA's 800-number automated menus have received progressively higher call volumes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Social Security Administration's Performance and Accountability Report for Fiscal Year 2006, Performance Section, p. 86.

but handled fewer calls to completion."<sup>2</sup> GAO further reported that "the number of calls being abandoned without completing a transaction in the automated menus has steadily increased, culminating in 2004, when nearly half of calls to automation were abandoned."<sup>3</sup> The GAO report indicated that, although SSA offered a number of reasons why fewer calls were being handled to completion, it was unable to say with certainty why calls continued to be abandoned.<sup>4</sup>

To meet our audit objective, we analyzed and compared the 800-number's automated service system data for March 2006 and 2007 to identify trends in caller outcomes and differences in performance of individual service options. We also interviewed 800-number officials to obtain an understanding of the Agency's data collection methodology used to track, monitor, and report on the automated system. Lastly, we reviewed the Agency's contracts for 800-number services to determine the contractual obligations of its telecommunications provider for 800-number related management information. See Appendix B for additional background, information and details of our audit scope and methodology.

## **RESULTS OF REVIEW**

We found the service provided by SSA's 800-number automated system has improved. However, SSA can further improve the automated system to better meet the needs of its customers. While automated services were introduced to lessen the call burden on live agents and provide additional services to SSA's customers, a similar percentage of calls to the 800-number were placed with live agents over the last 2 FYs, and many callers who used the 800-number automated services did not complete their calls in automation. These callers either hung up or were re-routed to live agents. The automated services are not cost-effective when calls are not completed because SSA pays for customers' use of the automated services whether they use it successfully or not. Also, unsuccessful use of the automated services can lead to additional charges since customers are often routed to, or call back to speak with, a live agent. In addition, Spanish-language callers had a far higher rate of hanging up in the automated system than English-language callers. We attempted to determine the reasons for the high rate of incomplete calls but found that SSA's management information on callers did not provide detailed caller data to facilitate follow up. Lastly, we found SSA did not have performance measures and goals to determine the effectiveness of its automated 800-number system.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> GAO-05-735, Social Security Administration: Additional Actions Needed in Ongoing Efforts to Improve 800-Number Service, August 8, 2005, p. 16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> GAO-05-735, supra, at p. 17.

### AUTOMATED SYSTEM OUTCOMES

The percentage of 800-number callers who chose to use the automated system was 33.3 percent in March 2006 and 35.3 percent in March 2007. In each month, 22.4 percent and 21 percent, respectively, of the callers who used the automated services were re-routed to a live agent because of problems in completing the automated transaction or requests to speak to a live agent before completing the automated transaction. In addition, 22.6 percent and 16.4 percent of those who used automated services hung up, that is, abandoned the automated system before completing their transaction (see table below).

800-Number Automation Outcomes	March 2006	March 2007
Total Calls Placed to the 800-Number	7,396,073	6,662,739
800-Number Callers Selecting the Automated System	2,461,102	2,352,578
Percent of Total Calls to Automated System	33.3	35.3
Percent of Calls Completed in Automation	51.5	60.4
Percent of Calls Abandoned in Automation	22.6	16.4
Percent of Calls in Automation Rerouted to Agent	22.4	21
Percent of Calls to After Hours Message	0.3	0.6
Percent of Calls Returned to Main Menu Incomplete	3.1	1.6

As the table shows, SSA realized some notable improvements in the performance of its automated system. For example, the percentage of calls completed in automation increased from 51.5 percent in March 2006 to 60.4 percent in March 2007. Additionally, the percent of calls abandoned in automation declined from 22.6 percent in March 2006 to 16.4 percent in March 2007.

We reviewed automation outcome data for FYs 2005 and 2006 and found that the percentage of calls abandoned in automation improved from one year to the next. However, the percentage of calls extended to a live agent increased from FY 2005 to FY 2006. Fifty-two percent of the calls placed in automation were completed in automation in both FYs 2005 and 2006. In FY 2005, 36 percent of the calls placed in automation were abandoned, and 11 percent were extended to live agents. In FY 2006, 22 percent of the calls placed in automation were abandoned, and 23 percent were extended to live agents.

In terms of automation lessening the burden on live agents, the percentage of calls to the 800-number that were placed with live agents was relatively the same— 63.9 percent in FY 2005 to 62.6 percent in FY 2006. While the 1.3 percent drop between the FYs is an improvement, the overall volume of calls to the 800-number rose between the FYs, from over 82.6 million calls in FY 2005 to over 88.4 million in FY 2006. Accordingly, the number of calls to live agents rose from 52.8 million in FY 2005 to 55.3 million in FY 2006.

### **Automated Services**

SSA's 800-number automated system offers 11 automated services to callers, including several with multiple subsets containing numerous data. Some subsets are caller decision points while others are data elements that highlight, for example, language differences (English versus Spanish) or technical differences (touch-tone versus speech-enabled). Callers to the automated menu can request pamphlets on programs or a Social Security Statement of earnings and benefits, listen to informational messages, create passwords, switch to Direct Deposit for Social Security payments, or notify the Agency of a change of address. As an example, initially a caller to the automated system is prompted to conduct the call in English or Spanish. Then, the caller selects 1 of the 11 menu service options (requests a pamphlet, for example) and then is guided through multiple subsets to complete their transaction (which pamphlet, where to mail the pamphlet, etc.).<sup>5</sup>

To determine the effectiveness of the automated services, we reviewed the detailed management information available for each service. We found that different services had varying completion rates. In fact, an average of nearly 46 percent and 42 percent of the automated services had a 50 percent or less completion rate in March 2006 and in March 2007 (for additional details, see Appendices C and D). In addition, some automated services had completion rates of 20 percent or less (22 percent of the services in March 2006 and 17 percent of the services in March 2007).

We found the automated services callers selected most frequently had completion rates ranging from about 1 to 75 percent. The 20 automated services for March 2006 and 2007 with the heaviest transaction volume are detailed in Appendices E and F. We identified the 20 most frequently accessed services<sup>6</sup> and found that, in March 2006, 16 of the 20 heaviest used services had completion rates of 50 percent or less, while, in March 2007, 14 of the 20 most frequently used services had completion rates of 50 percent or less. (See the table below for the distribution of the 20 busiest services by completion rates).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Throughout the report, we refer to the 11 automated services and all of their subsets as "services."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Some automated service transactions were pre-programmed to be "0 percent complete" or "never complete." These transactions were intended to capture data only on 800-number callers that either were not qualified or did not have the information needed to use the selected services, so the transactions were always defined as "never complete." Also, some automated service transactions were pre-programmed to be "100 percent complete" or "always complete." These transactions provided informational messages to the caller. The transactions were "always complete" even if the caller did not listen to the entire message. We did not include these transactions in our analysis of the 20 most frequently accessed services.

	20 Most Frequently Used Automated Services			
Completion Rate	March 2006		Marc	h 2007
	Services	Volume	Services	Volume
1 to 25 percent	5	244,915	5	122,477
26 to 50 percent	11	617,419	9	646,584
51 to 75 percent	4	388,502	6	292,783
Total	20	1,250,836	20	1,061,844

We also found some of the automated services were used less than others, with some services rarely being selected. While over 2 million callers used SSA's automated services in March 2006, about 41 percent of SSA's automated services had 100 or fewer transactions, and 21 percent had 10 transactions or less. Similarly, while over 2 million callers used SSA's automated services in March 2007, over 42.7 percent of the automated services had 100 or fewer transactions, and 100 or fewer transactions, and 16.9 percent had 10 transactions or less.

### **Cost-effectiveness**

Verizon charges SSA a basic usage fee for every call that is connected to the 800-number network (see Appendix G). The basic usage fee consists of flat rate fees, as well as a charge for each minute the call is connected. Additionally, the Agency is charged a flat rate fee for each automated system transaction selected by callers. The fees for automated transactions are charged even if the caller hangs up before completing their business.

SSA incurs additional costs if a caller is re-routed from the automated system to an agent or requests to speak to an agent before completing the automated transaction. In such instances, the Agency incurs the cost for the automated system transaction the caller selected as well as the additional costs related to remaining on the telephone longer to speak to an agent. Additional costs can be incurred when a caller abandons their call in automation and re-dials the 800-number to speak to an agent to complete their business. SSA incurs the cost of the unsuccessful use of the automated system, including the basic usage fee, as well as the additional basic usage fee and time charge for the additional call to the agent.

### **Spanish-language Callers**

An average of 92 percent of callers who used the automated system in FYs 2006 and 2007 chose to use the English-language option, and 8 percent chose to use the Spanish-language option. While Spanish-language callers used the automated system far less, they had a much lower completion rate than English-language callers. In March 2006, there were 103,994 Spanish-language transactions on the 800-number automated services, and 54.5 percent of the callers hung up before completing their business. Similarly, in March 2007, there were 101,710 Spanish-language transactions on the 800-number, and approximately 54.9 percent of the callers hung up before

completing their business. English-language callers had 31.21 and 28.3 percent hang-up rates for March 2006 and March 2007, respectively.

Spanish-language callers do not have as many service options available as English-language callers. If Spanish-language callers encounter problems while in an automated option, they must either complete the option or hang up because they cannot opt out or be rerouted to speak to an agent or leave a callback message during non-business hours.

### **MANAGEMENT INFORMATION**

We attempted to determine the reasons for the high rate of incomplete calls in the 800-number automated system but found SSA did not collect caller-level data, which linked callers to their specific outcomes in the automated system. SSA did conduct 800-number caller contact surveys periodically. However, the surveys were based on call data that did not specifically target 800-number callers who had negative outcomes in the automated system. We wanted to use that type of specific information to contact callers to find out why they did not successfully complete their calls in automation. While Verizon supplies SSA with caller-level data for callers who choose to use the automated services, the caller-level data do not link callers to outcomes and do not distinguish whether a caller had a positive or negative outcome in the automated system.

We asked SSA whether data matching individual telephone numbers to specific outcomes were available. SSA informed us that the contract for 800-number services with Verizon did not require that the contractor supply such data. On our behalf, the Agency asked Verizon if such data were available and was told Verizon could provide the data at an estimated cost of \$57,780 for 1 day's data. SSA reported that it did not have the funding to acquire the data on our behalf.

Without these data, we could not effectively identify and contact callers who had a negative outcome with the automated system. In our review of the two contracts to which SSA is a party related to its 800-number,<sup>7</sup> we did not identify any language that would prevent SSA from receiving this type of data at no additional costs. In addition, a General Services Administration (GSA) contract specialist informed us that it appeared most of the data elements we believed were needed to identify and contact callers with negative outcomes in the automated system should be available at no additional costs under the GSA Federal Technology Service 2001 contract. The Federal Technology Service contract provides telecommunications service to Federal agencies. SSA is a party to this contract, which is managed by GSA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> GSA Federal Technology Service 2001 contract between GSA and Verizon Business, Contract No. GS00T99NRD2002; and SSA Office of Finance and MCI WorldCom Communications, Inc., Contract Number 0600-00-40649. MCI was purchased by, and officially merged with, Verizon Communications in January 2006. SSA reported to us that the provision of the type of management information we requested was addressed in the GSA Federal Technology Service 2001 contract.

### PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND GOALS

Although one of SSA's automation goals is to reduce the burden on live agents, it does not have predetermined and quantitative performance measures and goals to measure the effectiveness of the 800-number automated system.<sup>8</sup> We were unable to identify any such goals in SSA's *Annual Performance Plan, Performance and Accountability Report*, or *Office of Telephone Service's Strategic Plan: FY 2005 – FY 2010.* Without quantitative performance measures and goals, SSA lacks an important tool to monitor and determine whether the automated system is effectively serving the needs of callers.

### **CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Based on our review, we believe SSA has been able to realize improvements in the effectiveness of its 800-number automated service system. However, there are still opportunities to improve the automated system to better serve the needs of its customers. To ensure the 800-number automated service system serves SSA customers in a cost-effective manner, we recommend SSA:

- 1. Have its Office of General Counsel determine whether SSA's current 800-number service related contract(s) allow for the provision of management information that identifies 800-number callers with unsuccessful outcomes in the automated system at no additional cost to the Agency.
- 2. Ensure future contracts routinely provide management information needed to identify 800-number callers with unsuccessful outcomes in the automated system at no additional cost to the Agency.
- 3. Determine, once the necessary call data are obtained, why any of its automated options have low completion rates and take necessary steps to improve the service provided.
- 4. Develop quantitative performance measures and goals to measure the effectiveness of the automated service system.

### **AGENCY COMMENTS**

SSA agreed with our recommendations. See Appendix H for the full text of SSA's comments.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The 800-number operation has two performance measures, neither related to automation, which are monitored and reported in SSA's Annual Performance Plan: Agent Busy Rate and Average Speed of Answer.

Appendices

#### **APPENDIX A** – Acronyms

- APPENDIX B Scope and Methodology
- APPENDIX C Automated Services with Completion Rates of 50 Percent or Less: March 2006
- APPENDIX D Automated Services with Completion Rates of 50 Percent or Less: March 2007
- APPENDIX E Analysis of the 20 Most Frequently Used Automated Services: March 2006
- APPENDIX F Analysis of the 20 Most Frequently Used Automated Services: March 2007
- APPENDIX G Cost Data for 800-Number Network Transaction Charges

**APPENDIX H** – Agency Comments

APPENDIX I – OIG Contacts and Staff Acknowledgments



# Acronyms

Automated Services Report
Field Office
Fiscal Year
Government Accountability Office
General Services Administration
Office of the Inspector General
Office of Telephone Services
Office of Telecommunications and Systems Operations
Social Security Administration

# Scope and Methodology

To accomplish our objectives, we reviewed:

- The Office of Quality Assurance and Performance Assessment's 800-number Caller Survey Results for Fiscal Year (FY) 2005 that, in part, dealt with 800-number callers' experiences with the automated service system and difficulties reported.
- The Office of Telephone Services (OTS) *Strategic Plan FY 2005-FY 2010 May 2006* to obtain an understanding of its plans and goals for using automation to improve public service and network efficiency of its 800-number telephone services.
- The Social Security Administration's (SSA) Office of the Inspector General Report, *Performance Indicator Audit: 800-Number Access*, September 2006.
- A Government Accountability Office (GAO) report on Social Security Administration: Additional Actions Needed in Ongoing Efforts to Improve 800-Number Service, GAO-05-735, August 2005.
- Documentation detailing the organization, service functions, and configuration of the 800-numbers automated system, including the network's new speech-recognition technology.
- Documentation describing the data elements used for maintaining statistical data, as well as management information reports.
- Documentation describing the data elements used to monitor the performance of the automated service system, as well as management information reports.
- The Federal Technology Service 2001 contract between the General Services Administration and Verizon Business for telecommunications services for federal agencies (Contract No. GS00T99NRD2002) to determine the contractual obligations of the vendor to provide toll-free services management information.
- SSA's contract with Verizon Business (Contract CCNS 0600-00-40649) to determine the vendor's contractual obligations to provide 800-number related management information to the Agency.

We interviewed OTS and Office of Telecommunications and Systems Operations staff to gain an understanding of the management information used to track how callers' experiences on the automated system are recorded, analyzed, and reported. We analyzed the 800-number transaction data in the Automated Services Reports, Password Services Reports, and Voice Portal Reports for the month of March 2006 and the month of March 2007 to identify and compare trends in caller outcomes, and performance of individual Automated Options. We also analyzed 800-number data for FYs 2005 and 2006.

We attempted to obtain caller-level data to identify callers with unsuccessful outcomes within SSA's 800-number automated system to determine why some callers did not successfully use the automated system. However, we found that SSA did not maintain such data on callers who used the automated service system. As a result, we were not able to perform our caller contact survey as originally planned.

We performed our audit from December 2006 through May 2007. We were unable to independently test the reliability of the data we used in our analyses because it was maintained by an outside contractor (Verizon), and we were not provided access to its source. Though, SSA reported to us that both Verizon and OTS test the reliability of data. Accordingly, we determined it was reasonable to use this data to meet our audit objectives.

The entities audited were the OTS under the Deputy Commissioner for Operations and the Office of Telecommunications and Systems Operations under the Deputy Commissioner for Systems. We conducted this audit in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

# Automated Services with Completion Rates of 50 Percent or Less: March 2006

The table below contains data on the volume of transactions for the Social Security Administration's (SSA) 800-number automated services, which had completion rates of 50 percent or less in March 2006. The automated services are maintained in one of three different management information databases: Automated Services Report (ASR), Voice Portal Report, or Password Services Report. The Automated Service field in the table lists the database that maintains the service, as well as the name of the transaction (for example, "Pamphlets-Understand Facts" or "Password Services-Title 2"). The field also indicates whether the item was the first automated transaction or a subsequent automated transaction selected by a caller. Lastly, it indicates the technological platform of the item, that is, whether the caller selected to use the Touchtone or Speak Freely Menus. The transactions selected refer to the number of times the automated service was selected in the month and the completion rate refers to the percentage rate of transactions that were completed.

	Automated Service	Language of Caller	Transactions Selected	Completion Rate
1.	ASR: Pamphlets-Understand Facts-Subsequent Selections- Touchtone	English	3	0.00%
2.	Password Services-Title 2: Overpayment Information- Touchtone	Spanish	0	0.00%
3.	Password Services-Title 2: Overpay Last-Touchtone	Spanish	0	0.00%
4.	Password Services-Title 2: Overpay Next-Touchtone	Spanish	0	0.00%
5.	Password Services-Password Change-Touchtone	Spanish	61	1.64%
6.	Password Services-Password Use-Touchtone	Spanish	2,540	2.40%
7.	Password Services-Password Block-Touchtone	Spanish	75	2.67%
8.	Password Services-Password Block-Touchtone	English	559	4.47%
9.	Password Services-Password Change-Touchtone	English	177	6.21%
10.	Password Services-Password Registration-Touchtone	Spanish	258	7.75%

	Automated Service	Language of Caller	Transactions Selected	Completion Rate
11.	Password Services-Password Change-Speech	English	86	8.14%
12.	ASR: Mainframe-Change of Address/Telephone Number- Knowledge Based Authentication-Primary Selections-Speech	English	41,901	9.49%
13.	ASR: Mainframe-Change of Address-Knowledge-Based Authentication-Subsequent Selection	English	63,110	10.24%
14.	ASR: Mainframe-Change of Address/Telephone Number- Knowledge Based Authentication-Primary Selections-Speech	English	2,684	12.63%
15.	ASR: Mainframe - Speech Application for Direct Deposit- Password-Subsequent Selections-Speech	English	78	12.82%
16.	ASR: Mainframe-Change of Address-Speech Application for Direct Deposit	English	872	12.84%
17.	ASR: Mainframe-Change of Address-Knowledge Based Authentication-Subsequent Selection-Touchtone	English	2,418	13.28%
18.	ASR: Mainframe-Speech Application for Change of Address/Telephone Number- Primary Selections-Touchtone	English	597	14.07%
19.	Password Services: Get Password Request Code- Touchtone	Spanish	1,259	15.49%
20.	Password Services: Password Block Access-Speech	English	115	15.65%
21.	Password Services: Password Block Access-Speech	English	690	15.94%
22.	ASR: Mainframe-Speech Application for Direct Deposit Application-Password Authentication-Primary Selections-Touchtone	English	31,491	16.16%
23.	Title 16-Payment-Touchtone	Spanish	11	18.18%

	Automated Service	Language	Transactions	Completion
24.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for	of Caller English	Selected 2,626	Rate 18.20%
	Direct Deposit-Knowledge	0		
	Based Application-Primary			
05	Selections-Touchtone		00.700	40.000/
25.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for	English	36,709	18.80%
	Direct Deposit-Password Authentication-Primary			
	Selections-Speech			
26.	ASR: Mainframe-Direct	English	646	18.89%
20.	Deposit-Password	Englion		10.0070
	Authentication-Primary			
	Selections-Speech			
27.	ASR: Mainframe-Direct	English	62	19.35%
	Deposit-Primary Selection	_		
28.	ASR: Forms-S-Med	English	5	20.00%
	Application-Primary Selections-			
	Speech			
29.	ASR: Pamphlets Survivors-	Spanish	5	20.00%
	Primary Selection	<b>F</b> u allah	0.744	00.440/
30.	ASR: Mainframe-MED CARD-	English	3,714	20.11%
	Voice Capture Application- Primary Selections-Touchtone			
31.	ASR: Mainframe-Change of	English	49	20.41%
51.	Address-Subsequent	Linglish		20.4170
	Selections-Speech			
32.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for	English	2,618	21.43%
	Direct Deposit-Knowledge	5	,	
	Based Authentication			
	Subsequent Selections-Speech			
33.	ASR: Mainframe-Speech	English	9,564	23.13%
	Application for Replacement			
	Medicare Card-Subsequent			
0.4	Selections-Speech	<b>F</b> acultate	50	04.000/
34.	ASR: Mainframe-Change of	English	50	24.00%
	Address-Subsequent Selections-Speech			
35.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for	English	71,704	24.67%
00.	Replacement Medicare Card-	Ligion		27.0770
	Primary Selections-Touchtone			
36.	ASR: Mainframe-Pamphlets -	Spanish	4	25.00%
_	SS Women-Primary Selections-	1 -		/ -
	Touchtone			

	Automated Service	Language	Transactions	Completion
07		of Caller	Selected	Rate
37.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for	English	59,083	25.57%
	Benefits Verification-Primary			
38.	Selections-Touchtone	English	5 5 1 5	26.94%
30.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for Benefit Verification-Proof of	English	5,515	20.94%
	Income-Subsequent Selections-			
	Touchtone			
39.	Password Services-Title 16:	English	505	29.31%
00.	Payment-Speech	Linglion		20.0170
40.	Password Services-Password	English	6,255	29.59%
	Registration: Payment-	5	,	
	Touchtone			
41.	Password Services-Get	English	17,790	29.95%
	Password-Touchtone			
42.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for	English	2,488	30.51%
	Benefits Verification-			
	Subsequent Selection-Speech			
43.	ASR: Mainframe-Speech	English	53,466	32.19%
	Application for Replacement			
	Medicare Card-Subsequent			
4.4	Selections-Speech	<b>F</b> u allah	7.044	00.000/
44.	Password Services-Password	English	7,844	33.08%
45.	Registration-Speech	English	6	22.220/
45.	ASR: Forms M Voice Capture Application Request for a Social	English	0	33.33%
	Security Card Form SS5-			
	Primary Selection-Touchtone			
46.	Password Services-Get A	English	5,845	33.98%
10.	Password Request Code-	Linghon	0,010	00.0070
	Speech			
47.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for	English	33,764	35.50%
	Benefits Verification-	U		
	Subsequent Selection-Speech			
48.	ASR: Database–Field Office	Spanish	36,585	35.54%
	Location-Primary Selection-			
	Touchtone			
49.	Password Services-Password	English	12,786	35.88%
	Use-Touchtone			
50.	Voice Portal: Speech Menu:	English	193,707	37.52%
	Application for Social Security			
	Card-Form SS5			

	Automated Service	Language of Caller	Transactions Selected	Completion Rate
51.	ASR: Forms-S-Med1020- Application for a Social Security Statement- Primary Selections- Touchtone	English	3,397	38.83%
52.	ASR: Forms M Voice Capture Application Request for a Social Security Statement-Form 7004- Primary Selections-Touchtone	Spanish	50	40.00%
53.	ASR: Forms m-Request for Social Security Card-Form SS5- Primary Selection-Touchtone	English	481	42.20%
54.	Voice Portal: Main Menu: Request for a Social Security Card-Form SS5	English	119,681	42.29%
55.	Voice Portal: Main Menu: Request for a Social Security Statement-Form 7004	English	36,317	42.67%
56.	ASR: Pamphlets-Work Affects- Primary Selection-Touchtone	Spanish	7	42.86.%
57.	ASR: Forms-S Speech Application for Help with Medicare Prescription Drug Plan Costs-Form 1020 –Primary Selection-Touchtone	English	33,763	43.69%
58.	ASR: Forms-S-Speech Application for Help with Medicare Prescription Drug Plan Costs-Form 1020-Subsequent Selection-Speech	English	20,477	43.75%
59.	Voice Portal: Main Menu: Pamphlet	English	3,387	44.52%
60.	ASR: Database-Field Office Locator-Primary Selection- Primary Selection-Touchtone	English	3,515	44.86%
61.	Voice Portal: Speech Menu: Pamphlet	English	2,820	45.43%
62.	ASR: Forms-M-Application for M-PEB-SS5-Touchtone	Spanish	602	46.68%
63.	Password Services-Title 16: Payment-Touchtone	English	1,028	47.67%
64.	ASR: Forms-M Application for Replacement Card-Primary Selections-Touchtone	Spanish	11,263	48.98%

	Automated Service	Language of Caller	Transactions Selected	Completion Rate
65.	ASR: Forms-M PEB 7004 Request for Replacement Card-	English	2	50%
	Primary Selections-Touchtone			

# Automated Services with Completion Rates of 50 Percent or Less: March 2007

The table below contains data on the volume of transactions for the Social Security Administration's (SSA) 800-number's automated services, which had completion rates of 50 percent or less in March 2007. The automated services are maintained in one of three different management information databases: Automated Services Report (ASR), Voice Portal Report, or Password Services Report. The Automated Service field in the table lists the database that maintains the service, as well as the name of the transaction (for example, "Password Services-Password Change" or "Voice Portal-Application for Social Security Card"). The field also indicates whether the item was the first automated transaction or a subsequent automated transaction selected by a caller. Lastly, it indicates the technological platform of the item, that is, whether the caller selected to use the Touchtone or Speak Freely Menus. The transactions selected refer to the number of times the automated service was selected in the month and the completion rate refers to the percentage rate of transactions that were completed.

	Automated Service	Language of Caller	Transactions Selected	Completion Rate
1.	Password Services: Password Change-Touchtone	Spanish	91	0.00%
2.	Password Services: Title 16 Information Menu: Payment- Touchtone	Spanish	2	0.00%
3.	Voice Portal: Main Menu- Application for Social Security Card Form SS5-	English	19	0.00%
4.	Voice Portal: Main Menu- Pamphlet	English	5	0.00%
5.	Password Services: Get A Password Request Code- Touchtone	Spanish	1,247	0.08%
6.	Password Services: Password Registration- Touchtone	Spanish	323	0.31%
7.	Password Services: Password Registration- Speech	English	12,467	1.46%
8.	Password Services: Get A Password Request Code- Speech	English	12,495	1.85%

9.	Password Services: Password Use-Touchtone	Spanish	2,587	2.16%
10.	Password Services: Password Block Access- Speech	English	329	6.69%
11.	Password Services: Password Change-Speech	English	188	6.91%
12.	Password Services: Password Block Access- Touchtone	Spanish	147	7.48%
13.	Voice Portal: Main Menu- Form-7004	English	7	14.29%
14.	ASR: Mainframe-Change of Address-Knowledge-Based Authentication-Primary Selections-Speech	English	71,420	17.75%
15.	ASR: Mainframe-Application Change of Address Knowledge Based Authentication-Subsequent Selections-Speech	English	7,842	19.13%
16.	ASR: Forms-M Request for a Social Security Statement PEB 7004-Subsequent Selections-Touchtone	Spanish	9	22.22%
17.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for Change of Address/Telephone Number- Password Authentication- Primary Selections-Speech	English	827	23.82%
18.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for Replacement Medicare Card-Subsequent Selections- Speech	English	18,253	25.37%
19.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for Direct Deposit-Knowledge Based Authentication-Primary Selections-Speech	English	59,042	28.86%
20.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for Replacement Medicare Card-Primary Selections- Speech	English	76,549	29.79%
21.	ASR: Mainframe-Application for Direct Deposit-Knowledge Based Authentication- Subsequent Selections-	English	8,325	30.53%

	Speech			
22.	Password Services: Password Use-Speech	English	5,063	30.89%
23.	ASR: Mainframe-Change of Address Password Authentication-Subsequent Selections-Speech	English	90	31.11%
24.	ASR: Database-Field Office Locator-Primary Selections- Touchtone	Spanish	34,216	34.95%
25.	ASR: Forms-M PEB-SS5 Application for Social Security Card-Subsequent Selections- Touchtone	Spanish	84	36.90%
26.	ASR: Mainframe-Benefit Verification-Primary Selections-Speech	English	63,675	37.15%
27.	ASR: Mainframe-Benefit Verification-Subsequent Selections-Speech	English	8,875	38.46%
28.	ASR: Pamphlets-Survivors- Primary Selections- Touchtone	Spanish	5	40.00%
29.	Voice Portal: Speech Menu- Application for Social Security Card Form SS5	English	363,297	40.14%
30.	ASR: Database-Field Office Locator-Subsequent Selections-Touchtone	Spanish	3,940	43.38%
31.	ASR: Forms-M - Peb-SS5 Application for Social Security Card-Touchtone	Spanish	694	43.80%
32.	ASR: Forms-S-Application for Help with Medicare Prescription Drug Plan Costs- MED 1020-Subsequent Selections-Speech	English	22,088	44.39%
33.	ASR: Forms-M Request for a Social Security Statement- Peb7004-Primary Selections- Touchtone	Spanish	54	44.44%
34.	ASR: Mainframe-Speech Application for Direct Deposit- Password Authentication- Primary Selections-Speech	English	973	45.73%
35.	ASR: Mainframe-Speech	English	146	46.58%

	Application for Direct Deposit- Password Authentication- Subsequent Selections- Speech			
36.	Forms-M Voice Capture Application for Replacement Medicare Card-Primary Selections-Touchtone	Spanish	10,517	48.07%
37.	ASR: Pamphlets Voice Capture Application-SS Women-Primary Selections- Touchtone	Spanish	10	50.00%

# Analysis of the 20 Most Frequently Used Automated Services: March 2006

The table below contains data on the volume of transactions for the Social Security Administration's (SSA) 800-number's automated services which were the 20 most frequently used in March 2006. The automated services are maintained in one of three different management information databases: Automated Services Report (ASR), Voice Portal Report, or Password Services Report. The Automated Service field in the table lists the database that maintains the service, as well as the name of the transaction (for example, "ASR-Field Office Locator" or "Voice Portal-Form SS5"). The field also indicates whether the item was the first automated transaction or a subsequent automated transaction selected by a caller. Lastly, it indicates the technological platform of the item, that is, whether the caller selected to use the Touchtone or Speak Freely Menus. The transactions selected refer to the number of times the automated service was selected in the month and the completion rate refers to the percentage rate of transactions that were completed.

Some automated service transactions were pre-programmed to be "0 percent complete" or "never complete." These transactions were intended to capture data only on 800number callers that either were not qualified or did not have the information needed to use the selected services, so the transactions were always defined as "never complete." Also, some automated service transactions were pre-programmed to be "100 percent complete" or "always complete." These transactions provided informational messages to the caller. The transactions were "always complete" even if the caller did not listen to the entire message. We did not include these transactions in our analysis of the 20 most frequently accessed services.

	Automated Service	Language of Caller	Transactions Selected	Completion Rate
1.	ASR: Field Office Locator – Primary Selections-Touchtone	English	259,501	61.57%
2.	Voice Portal Report: Speech Menu: Form SS5	English	193,707	37.52%
3.	Voice Portal Report: Main Menu: Form SS5	English	119,681	42.29%
4.	ASR: Database-Field Office Locator-Primary Selections- Speech	English	93,965	74.82%
5.	ASR: Application for Replacement Medicare Card- Primary Selections-Touchtone	English	71,704	24.67%

	Automated Service	Language	Transactions	Completion
		of Caller	Selected	Rate
6.	ASR: Speech Application for Change of Address/Telephone Number-Knowledge Based Authentication-Primary Selections-Speech	English	63,110	10.24%
7.	ASR: Voice Capture Application for Benefit Verification –Primary Selections-Touchtone	English	59,083	25.57%
8.	ASR: Speech Application for Replacement Medicare Card- Primary Selections-Speech	English	53,466	32.19%
9.	ASR: Application for Change of Address/Telephone Number- Knowledge Based Authentication-Primary Selections-Touchtone	English	41,901	9.49%
10.	ASR: Mainframe-DD-KB-Primary Selection-Speech	English	36,709	18.79%
11.	ASR: Field Office Locator- Database	Spanish	36,585	35.54%
12.	Voice Portal-Form 7004-Speech	English	36,317	42.67%
13.	ASR: Ben Ver-Mainframe- Speech	English	33,764	35.50%
14.	ASR: Form S Med 1020- Primary Selection -Touchtone	English	33,763	43.69%
15.	ASR: Mainframe-DD-KB-Primary Selection-Touchtone	English	31,491	16.16%
16.	ASR: Forms-S MED 1020- Subsequent Selection-Speech	English	20,477	43.75%
17.	ASR: Forms-M SSS-Primary Selection	Spanish	18,070	52.10%
18.	PSR: Password Services: Get PRC	English	17,790	29.95%
19.	ASR: Database-Field Office Locator	English	16,966	68.89%
20.	Password Services: PW Use	English	12,786	35.88%

# Analysis of the 20 Most Frequently Used Automated Services: March 2007

The table below contains data on the volume of transactions for the Social Security Administration's (SSA) 800-number's automated services which were the 20 most frequently used in March 2007. The automated services are maintained in one of three different management information databases: Automated Services Report (ASR), Voice Portal Report, or Password Services Report. The Automated Service field in the table lists the database that maintains the item, as well as the name of the transaction (for example, "ASR-Medicare-Drug Program" or "Voice Portal-Form SS5"). The field also indicates whether the item was the first automated transaction or a subsequent automated transaction selected by a caller. Lastly, it indicates the technological platform of the item, that is, whether the caller selected to use the Touchtone or Speak Freely Menus. The transactions selected refer to the number of times the automated service was selected in the month and the completion rate refers to the percentage rate of transactions that were completed.

Some automated service transactions were pre-programmed to be "0 percent complete" or "never complete." These transactions were intended to capture data only on 800number callers that either were not qualified or did not have the information needed to use the selected services, so the transactions were always defined as "never complete." Also, some automated service transactions were pre-programmed to be "100 percent complete" or "always complete." These transactions provided informational messages to the caller. The transactions were "always complete" even if the caller did not listen to the entire message. We did not include these transactions in our analysis of the 20 most frequently accessed services.

	Automated Service	Language of Caller	Transactions Selected	Completion Rate
1.	Voice Portal: Speech Menu-Form SS5	English	363,297	40.14%
2.	ASR: Field Office Locator	English	204,060	69.90%
3.	ASR: Voice Capture Application for Replacement Medicare Card	English	76,549	29.79%
4.	ASR: Application for Change of Address/Telephone Number- Knowledge-Based Authentication)	English	71,420	17.75%
5.	ASR: Mainframe-Benefits Verification-Primary Selections- Speech	English	63,675	37.15%

	Automated Service	Language	Transactions	Completion
		of Caller	Selected	Rate
6.	ASR: Application for Direct Deposit-Knowledge-Based Authentication-Primary Selections-Speech	English	59,042	28.86%
7.	ASR: Field Office Locator Database-Subsequent Selections- Speech	English	40,632	67.75%
8.	ASR: Field Office Locator Database-Primary Selections- Touchtone	Spanish	34,216	34.95%
9.	ASR: Form S MED 1020 – Subsequent Selection-Speech	English	22,088	44.39%
10.	ASR: Mainframe-MED Card- Subsequent Selection-Speech	English	18,253	25.37%
11.	ASR: Form SS5-Primary Selection-Touchtone	Spanish	17,953	52.04%
12.	Password Services: Obtain PRC- Speech	English	12,495	1.85%
13.	Password Services: Password Reg-Speech	English	12,467	1.46%
14.	Voice Portal: 7004 Menu-Speech	English	12,336	64.07%
15.	ASR: Form M-Bene-Primary Selection-Touchtone	Spanish	11,421	56.14%
16.	ASR: Form M-MED Card-Primary Selection-Touchtone	Spanish	10,517	48.07%
17.	ASR: Mainframe BEN VER- Subsequent Selection-Speech	English	8,875	38.46%
18.	ASR: Mainframe Direct Deposit- Subsequent Selection-Speech	English	8,325	30.53%
19.	ASR: Mainframe-Change of Address-Knowledge-Based Authentication	English	7,842	19.13%
20.	ASR: Forms-M-Pebes-Primary Selection	Spanish	6,381	56.28%

# Cost Data for 800-Number Network Transaction Charges

The table below details the fees Verizon charges SSA for calls connected to the 800-number network. The fees consist of flat rate fees, as well as a charge for each minute the call is connected. The Agency is also charged a flat rate fee for each automated system transaction selected by callers. The fees for automated transactions are charged even if callers hang up before completing their business.

National 800-Number Network Basic Charges	Cost	Unit
Usage Fee	\$0.0160	Per minute
Database Access/Menu Routing	\$0.0300	Per call
Speak Freely Main Menu	\$0.0856	Per call
Transaction Type	Cost	Unit
Change of Address/Telephone	\$0.1284	Per completed call in
Number(Knowledge Based and Password		automation
Authentication)		
Direct Deposit	\$0.1284	Per completed call in
		automation
Benefit Verification	\$0.2900	Per completed call in
		automation
Medicare Options		
Request for Replacement Medicare Card	\$0.2900	Per completed call in
(Modified Knowledge Based Authentication)		automation
Request for SSA-1020 (with message)	\$0.2900	Per completed call in
		automation
Message: Medicare Prescription Drug Program	Not	
	Charged	
Social Security Card Application	\$0.2900	Per completed call in
(Form SS-5) Spanish Manual Transcription		automation
Field Office Locator Database	Not	
	Charged	
Password Services		
Password Services Account Status (Check your	Not	
benefits)	Charged	
Social Security Statement Options		
Form SSA-7004: To request Social Security	\$0.2900	Per completed call in
Statement		automation
Form SSA-7004: To request SS Statement with	\$0.2900	Per completed call in
Different Estimates of Future Earnings		automation

Form SS-5: To correct Name or Date of Birth	\$0.2900	Per completed call in automation
Spanish Manual Transcription	\$0.4483	Per completed call in automation
Message: Why Social Security Statement Was Sent	Not Charged	
Message: Address on Social Security Statement	Not	
	Charged	
Transaction Type	Cost	Unit
Message: Earnings This Year/Last Year on Social	Not	
Security Statement	Charged	
Pamphlet Requests		
Pamphlet: Understanding the Benefits	\$0.2900	Per completed call in automation
Pamphlet: Retirement Benefits	\$0.2900	Per completed call in automation
Pamphlet: Disability Benefits	\$0.2900	Per completed call in automation
Pamphlet: Survivors Benefits	\$0.2900	Per completed call in automation
Pamphlet: How Work Affects Your Benefits	\$0.2900	Per completed call in automation
Pamphlet: Benefits for Children with Disabilities	\$0.2900	Per completed call in automation
Pamphlet: What Every Woman Should Know	\$0.2900	Per completed call in automation
Spanish Manual Transcription	\$0.4483	Per call completed in transcription
Informational Messages		
Message: Payment Delivery Dates	Not	
	Charged	
Message: Direct Deposit	Not	
	Charged	
Message: Best Times to Call 800-Number	Not	
	Charged	
Message: SSA Internet Address and Services	Not	
	Charged	
Message: Supplemental Security Income	Not	
Message	Charged	
Message: SSA-1099 Benefit Statement	Not	
	Charged	
Message: Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Not	
Houseage. Observer Enving Adjustment	Charged	
	Charged	



Agency Comments



#### MEMORANDUM

Date: October 4, 2007

Refer To: S1J-3

- To: Patrick P. O'Carroll, Jr. Inspector General
- From: Larry W. Dye /s/
- Subject: Office of the Inspector General (OIG) Draft Report, "The Effectiveness of the Social Security Administration's 800-Number Automation" (A-02-07-17049)--INFORMATION

We appreciate OIG's efforts in conducting this review. Our comments on the recommendations are attached.

Please let me know if we can be of further assistance. Staff inquiries may be directed to Ms. Candace Skurnik, Director, Audit Management and Liaison Staff, at (410) 965-4636.

Attachment

### <u>COMMENTS ON THE OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL'S (OIG) DRAFT</u> <u>REPORT, "THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY</u> <u>ADMINISTRATION'S 800-NUMBER AUTOMATION SERVICE" (A-02-07-17049)</u>

Thank you for the opportunity to review and provide comments on this draft report. The objective of the report was to review the effectiveness of our 800-number automation service. However, the report only attempts to evaluate the effectiveness of automated services based on management information about completion and abandonment. We believe this type of evaluation is of limited use because it does not include a caller perspective. In addition, it seems to be based on two presumptions we do not believe are supportable, in light of various surveys we have conducted with 800-number callers; i.e., that 1) every automated service accessed represents the real reason for the call; and 2) inadequacy of the service is measured by a caller not completing their business through the automated service. For example, our 800-Number Speech Recognition Survey, released in December 2006, included about 400 callers who, according to the management information, had used the automated service for change of address or direct deposit. However, when asked why they called the 800-number that day, about 40 percent said the main reason for their call was something else. The survey was conducted based on contacts in March 2006, when half the callers had received the touchtone and half the speech recognition menu. Regardless of the menu system encountered, the proportion of "inadvertent" selections was the same: Callers using the touchtone system selected automated services they did not want; callers using the speech recognition system expressed what they were calling about in a way that directed them to an automated service that did not meet their needs.

We note that OIG recognizes the need for a caller perspective, but explains that a survey was not pursued because of the inability to target a sample of automated service users with unsuccessful outcomes. However, relevant information about callers who have accessed automated services, both successfully and unsuccessfully, can be obtained from more generalized samples of 800-number callers, as we have done in our annual 800-Number Caller Surveys and in several special study surveys. The Fiscal Year 2006 800-Number Caller Survey addressed the reasons callers who had used an automated service were unable to complete all of their business in the automated services. The majority of the responses reflected the following caller choice or circumstances: 23 percent - wanted the reassurance of talking to an agent; 22 percent – the automated service did not cover the caller's specific situation; 14 percent – had other business that could not be handled through an automated service; and 6 percent – the caller did not have the necessary information available. Another 22 percent of responses indicated the system advised the caller of the need to transfer to an agent, which could be a reflection of our screening criteria working as intended. Only 8 percent said it was just too hard to use the automated service.

Our comments on the draft recommendations are as follows.

### **Recommendation 1**

Have its Office of General Counsel determine whether SSA's current 800-number service related contract(s) allow for the provision of management information that identifies 800-number callers with unsuccessful outcomes in the automated system at no additional cost to the Agency.

### **Comment**

We agree. We will evaluate the current contracts to determine if we can obtain management information that identifies 800-number callers with unsuccessful outcomes in the automated system at no additional cost.

### **Recommendation 2**

Ensure future contracts routinely provide management information needed to identify 800-number callers with unsuccessful outcomes in the automated system at no additional cost to the Agency.

### **Comment**

We agree. We will ensure that future contracts include the requirement that a contractor provide such management information (this requirement would be included as part of the statement of work). However, it should be noted that this type of information may come at a cost. We believe even if the collection and reporting of management information for the 800-number environment is not a lined charge item in the contract, the cost of that service will be rolled into some greater part of the total price of the contract. If so, we must weigh the incurrence of such a cost with other competing Agency priorities.

### **Recommendation 3**

Determine, once the necessary call data are obtained, why any of its automated options have low completion rates and take necessary steps to improve the service provided.

### **Comment**

We agree. Once the data is made available, we will utilize the information as a tool to identify problems/weaknesses in our automated service applications. We will also work to improve the service and caller experience of our 800-number callers.

### **Recommendation 4**

Develop quantitative performance measures and goals to measure the effectiveness of the automated service system.

### **Comment**

We agree. We plan to develop outcome-oriented performance measures with targets that promote continuous improvement in order to assess the ongoing effectiveness of the 800-number automated service system. We expect to start the development of the performance measures and goals in Fiscal Year 2008.

**Appendix I** 

# **OIG Contacts and Staff Acknowledgments**

### **OIG Contacts**

Tim Nee, Director, 212-264-5295

Victoria Abril, Audit Manager, 212-264-0504

#### **Acknowledgments**

In addition to those named above:

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For additional copies of this report, please visit our web site at <u>www.socialsecurity.gov/oig</u> or contact the Office of the Inspector General's Public Affairs Specialist at (410) 965-3218. Refer to Common Identification Number A-02-07-17049.

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OA conducts and/or supervises financial and performance audits of the Social Security Administration's (SSA) programs and operations and makes recommendations to ensure program objectives are achieved effectively and efficiently. Financial audits assess whether SSA's financial statements fairly present SSA's financial position, results of operations, and cash flow. Performance audits review the economy, efficiency, and effectiveness of SSA's programs and operations. OA also conducts short-term management and program evaluations and projects on issues of concern to SSA, Congress, and the general public.

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OI conducts and coordinates investigative activity related to fraud, waste, abuse, and mismanagement in SSA programs and operations. This includes wrongdoing by applicants, beneficiaries, contractors, third parties, or SSA employees performing their official duties. This office serves as OIG liaison to the Department of Justice on all matters relating to the investigations of SSA programs and personnel. OI also conducts joint investigations with other Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies.

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OCCIG provides independent legal advice and counsel to the IG on various matters, including statutes, regulations, legislation, and policy directives. OCCIG also advises the IG on investigative procedures and techniques, as well as on legal implications and conclusions to be drawn from audit and investigative material. Finally, OCCIG administers the Civil Monetary Penalty program.

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