

# ORIGINAL

## TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH EDUCATION AND WELFARE

DIVISION OF REGIONAL MEDICAL PROGRAMS

AD HOC REVIEW COMMITTEE

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PANAL A

Rockville, Maryland May 23, 1974

Pages 229 thru 489

HOOVER REPORTING COMPANY, INC.

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## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION AND

WELFARE

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HOOVER REPORTING CO., INC.

## AD HOC CONSULTANTS MEETING FOR REVIEW OF

RMP APPLICATIONS

Conference Room H Parklawn Building 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, Maryland

8:30 A.M. Thursday May 23, 1974

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5/23 am D/em 1	PROCEEDINGS
8:40 am 2	MR. CHAMBLISS: I would like to say, first of all,
3	good morning to the members of this panel. I indeed commend
4	you again for the diligence and the zeal that you tackled this
5	most difficult task we had yesterday.
6	I would like also to welcome to the panel Dr.
7	Scherlis. Good morning, Dr. Scherlis.
8	DR. SCHERLIS: The expression is "the late Dr.
9	Scherlis".
10	MR. CHAMBLISS: And say we are glad to see you,
11	and we are still waiting on Mrs. Wyckoff and Dr. Miller;
12	but, if the committee so chooses, I think we can proceed.
.13	We're halfway through with our task and today we
14	have fourteen regions yet to be reviewed. The order that I
15	would suggest, and certainly this can be changed, would be
16	along the following lines: Iowa, Memphis, Missouri, Nebraska,
17	New Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, Northlands, Ohio
18	Valley, Oklahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee
19	and Mid South, and finally Texas.
20	DR. SLATER: Sir, I have to catch a 5:10 train at
21	the Capital Beltway, so I have to leave here about 4:15 or
22	maybe a little later, if it's not raining; and I'm on Texas.
23	I can tell you Texas won't take more than five minutes.
24	Jesse Salazar is the primary reviewer, it will take ten
25	minutes.
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1	MR. CHAMBLISS: It will take ten minutes.
2	DR. SLATER: We should be able to finish.
3	MR. CHAMBLIS: I could make the suggestion that
4	we take Texas now. It's too hot in Texas to start with Texas.
5	DR. SLATER: We're anxious to talk with each
6	other, because this requires some preliminary review by us
7	to be able to make a sensible presentation. So if you could
8	do it after lunch, we'd appreciate it.
9	MR. CHAMBLISS: After lunch? All right, we will
10	start out with Texas immediately after the lunch hour.
11	DR. WHITE: Bob, where do we stand in terms of
12	relationship with the other panel?
13	MR. CHAMBLIS: The other panel, as of last night,
14	had completed nine out of 23, and we had completed 14 out of
15	28.
16	DR. WHITE: Some of us have suggested a target
17	of this afternoon's joint meeting. Is there some way they
18	can be reinforced in their efforts?
19	MR. VAN WINKLE: We talked with Dr. Pahl just a
20	minute ago and he's over reinforcing that right now.
( 21	MR. CHAMBLISS: A suggestion has been made that
(	the first panel that completes its work would go over and
23.	join the other and help them speed up.
24	DR. CARPENTER: I also have to leave about four,
25	and Northlands is therefore a bit of a problem, maybe, except
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1	if we finish on schedule it won't be.
2	MR. CHAMBLISS: I think we'll get to Northlands
3	about near the lunch hour, just before or just after.
4	DR. CARPENTER: Thank you, sir.
5	MR. CHAMBLIS: Then, shall we begin with Iowa, and
6	welcome Mrs. Wyckoff.
7	MRS. WYCKOFF: Sorry to be late; I couldn't get a
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9	cab.
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### REGIONAL MEDICAL PROGRAM REVIEW

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3	MR. CHAMBLISS: In the case of Iowa, Dr. McPhedran
4	and Mrs. Salazar are the reviewers and Mr. Zivlavsky is the
5	staff support, will provide staff support.
. 6	DR. MCPHEDRAN: I am recommending that we give
7	Iowa the amount that they are asking for. I think this is a
8	good Regional Medical Program.
9	And to go through the categories that were suggested
10	on the review sheet, first of all, a little background from
11	me: I site visited Iowa in the past, it was several years
12	ago, but a lot of the direction of the program that was there
13	at the time is still there, and I've had occasion to meet
14	with Charles Caldwell on one or two times since then, and
15	he continues to impress me as an imaginative coordinator.
16	From what is presented in the application, it sounds
17	as though the Regional Advisory Group, for example, had
18	great stength then and continues to be a strength, anticipat-
19	ing the form of the review sheet.
20	To return to that, the program leadership I
21	classify as at least satisfactory, and the staff as generally
22	good in the Regional Advisory Group; a good group there.
23	
24	programs and to monitor it as it goes along, seemed imaginative
25	and very much to the point.
25	

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1	Past performance and accomplishments as satisfactory
2	also. Satisfactory in all of the other categories.
3	I guess that the program staff and the Regional
4	Advisory Group principally were the factors that make me feel
5	that the over-all assessment of the region is above average.
6	It is a well-administered staff of generalists. It's a
7	stated policy, that is, that persons on the staff retain
8	some general competency in various activities that they
9	conduct.
10	There's a good deal of emphasis on joint decision
. 11	making on the staff members. This is gone over in the
12	current application.
- 13	I think that they have, as I say, a good Regional
. 14	Advisory Group support.
15	The only sour note, I guess, for me, was that the
16	relationships with Comprehensive Health Planning, which I
17	thought previously were quite good, seemed to be somewhat
18	less than satisfactory, as judged from some letters that I
19	think are included in our notebook here, which were not in
20	the original application.
21	But, on the whole, I think that the general program
22	purposes and their past accomplishments simply weren't what
23	they have been asking for. And, according to this master

should, what they are asking for constitutes only 80 percent

financial sheet, which perhaps I found more helpful than I

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1 of what it was thought they could have in targeted availa	able
2 funds.	
3 And even if they are expecting to request in Ju	uly,
<sup>4</sup> it would only come to about 95 percent.	
5 I really think with the management and direction	on of
6 this program, it has been good enough in the past that it	t (
7 certainly warrants that kind of support, without going in	nto
8 further detail.	
9 MR. CHAMBLISS: Thank you, Dr. McPhedran.	
10 Mrs. Salazar.	
11 MRS. SALAZAR: I subscribe to Dr. McPhedran's	
12 views, and this is the impression that I gleaned from the	2
13 application.	
However, there are some concerns which I had an	1
15 occasion to discuss with Frank briefly about the CHP invo	olve-
16 ment and some other comments. But the timing seemed to b	)e
bad, that they just couldn't get to them. I would like t	c0
18 hear from Frank.	•
19 MR. CHAMBLISS: Mr. Zivlavsky, would you	
20 MR. ZIVLAVSKY: Iowa, from the beginning, had a	1
very close working relationship with CHP. They have main	itained
that relationship throughout their program history.	
What they have in the application is actually o	one
non-official B Agency comment, that there are 15 CHP ager	ncies
in the State, five of the 15 are actually approved B age	encies.
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The comment you have here is a comment from one of the non-CHP B agencies. They telephoned them in to Division RMP and requested a three-day delay in their application. This was approved, and they submitted it on the 3rd of May instead of May 1st.

They just admit it's a breakdown in their machinery for the CHP to be processed, because they have always taken into account the CHP comments, have been able to negotiate their differences with CHP. They have submitted five additional letters here, but basically two CHP agencies have delayed their review. One has favorable comments. One has a recommendation for disapproval. And the last line, I just state that the Iowa CHP has not yet responded to negative comments or questions due to the short timeframe.

We received these on the 20th of May, and inserted these into the books of the reviewers and the coordinator, and we have not had an official chance to sit down and negotiate on a one-to-one basis with each of the differences of the CHP agencies. And I, usually they have a comment in there that it's a breakdown in their machinery. The staff is on top of it.

I will be watching this closely, and that's really about where it is.

MRS. SALAZAR: One of the things that I noted in reading the application is the resiliency of this staff to

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1 react and turn around and react to all kinds of crises, in 2 a very flexible manner. And I think that's very good. Someone has said that's based on 3 MR. CHAMBLISS: 4 their youth, because they all are very go-go types, young, aggressive, they move quite fast. I simply throw that in 5 6 as an observation. DR. McPHEDRAN: So I would move that they be funded 7 in the amount requested, which, to reiterate, is \$1,061,349. 8 9 MR. CHAMBLIS: We have a motion on the floor that Iowa be funded, recommended for funding at a level of 10 \$1,061,349. Is that seconded? 11 Well, the yellow sheet says 249; DR. MILLER: 12 but maybe there's a mistake here. 13 DR. WHITE: What is Mr. Caldwell's background? 14 MR. CHAMBLISS: JI believe his background is either 15 in hospital administration or public administration. 16 DR. WHITE: He's about the third coordinator they 17 have had, isn't he? 18 MR. CHAMBLISS: To my knowledge he is the second. 19 DR. MCPHEDRAN: Second. 20Willard Prell was first. DR. WHITE: 21 MR. VAN WINKLE: That is 249. 22 DR. MCPHEDRAN: Okay. Amend that. 23MR. CHAMBLISS: Do you amend the motion? 24 Is there a second to the motion? 25

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1		MRS. SALAZAR: I second it.
2		MR. PULLEN: It adds up to 349.
3		MR. CHAMBLISS: It has been properly moved and
4	seconde	d that Iowa be recommended for the level of
5	\$1,061,	349.
6		It has been seconded, so we now may have discussion.
7		DR. SCHERLIS: I note that one of the projects is
8	for eme	rgency medical systems. I thought that was specifi-
9	cally e	exempted unless there were continuing projects. Is
10	this a	continuing project? It's for \$74,500.
11		MR. CHAMBLISS: It is a continuing project.
12		DR. McPHEDRAN: Yes, I think it is a continuing
13	project	
14		MR. CHAMBLISS: Continuation of a previously
. 15	funded	project.
10		Is there further discussion?
17		If not, the Chair calls the question.
18		Those in favor?
19 		[Chorus of "ayes".]
20		MR. CHAMBLISS: Those opposed?
(21		[No response.]
( 22		MR. CHAMBLISS: The "ayes" have it, and the motion
22	passes.	
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#### REGIONAL MEDICAL PROGRAM REVIEW

#### MEMPHIS

MR. CHAMBLISS: So we will now turn our attention to the Memphis Regional Medical Program.

The reviews there are Dr. Carpenter and Mrs. Wyckoff, with Mrs. Lorraine Kyttle providing staff support.

DR. CARPENTER: This is a region that I've had an opportunity to visit. As many of you may know, it is an interesting Regional Medical Program involving part of five States and growing out of an existing health planning body in the Memphis area. That body later became a Comprehensive Health Planning agency for the area, and that growth of the regional program made a great series of State and local RMP's, naturally, and probably it would have been an impossible situation without that beginning.

But it really has worked well, and given the Memphis Regional Program, I think, a particular characteristic of its own.

In some ways it seems to me to behave like a very broad planning agency. The nature of the Comprehensive Health Planning agency, as much as it behaves like a Regional Health Program. But I don't think it's all bad.

This is a data analysis that attempts to get into health care problems in the region. It is the latest in a series of publications based on data that was, demographic

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data that was available and re-analyzed to meet the region's needs. Also surveys of health in various places in the region.

As usual, in the world, it's very difficult to determine that the program has been guided in direct ways by this kind of data analysis, but I believe the ability of the region to generate that kind of data and to reinforce and talk about the health care needs of Memphis has provided them with a kind of credibility leverage that has been important in the development of the program.

The region has a relatively stable staff. The coordinator has been there, Culbertson, for a long time. And they have a stable -- well, they have had some changes in their varying structure because we had legal questions about the original arrangements. They are now settled down into a standard RAG arrangement, and that was not terribly adversely affected by the regional catastrophes.

They are not terribly explicit in the way they write their application. They list, I guess, four goals and 13 objectives; and, as I tried to analyze them, I come up with what I really think are seven ideas. And these are related nicely to the usual medical goals of the Regional Program, and I don't see any problem there.

They discuss priorities as though they were separate from their goals and objectives, which is a little discon-

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eml2 1	certing, but by the time one o'clock came around I had
2	solved the fact that they were really paraphrases, and one
3	can in fact group their goals and objectives into some range
4	of priorities.
5	The request is for about \$700,000 in core support,
6	a million six for 28 continuing applications and a million
7	for nine new applications; \$300,000 for developmental awards.
8	The projects from the beginning of this region
9	have not had very specific goals. They have been very
10	general: Let's get together, sometimes plan; let's get
11	together for general action kinds of goals. And they've
12	not been evaluated particularly well.
13	I have great difficulty in this application in
14	understanding in some ways what they have accomplished.
15	On the other hand, they have brought in an enormous
16	number of dollars from other sources to the region, or at
17	least have contributed to it, and because of this very close
18	working relationship between Comprehensive Health Planning,
19	experimental health care delivery systems, and Regional
20	Medical Programs in the area, it is very difficult to give
21	credit for what happens. Which is certainly not a complaint
22	at all, but it does make evaluation very difficult.
23	I believe that the Regional Program in that area
	had a significant role in bringing something like a half

had a significant role in bringing something like a half million dollars to the region in other support in each of the

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last three years.

They estimate that they have served 200,000 patients
in the last year, and about 2,000 professionals have been
trained. So there are some kinds of program evaluation that
are available; but, again, the project evaluation is a
problem. And one almost gets the feeling that the projects
were ancillary to the main issue.

Which, again, I think is more an interesting different approach, perhaps; but there are some difficulties, I think.

There is, for instance, \$60,000 invested in a project to improve death certificates. Which really turns out to be an experiment by one of the pathologists who does one and a half autopsies a week, and tries to see whether X-rays and gastric analysis would add anything to his ability to perform as a pathologist.

> That was hard for me to see as a Regional Program. MR. THOMPSON: It's interesting, though. DR. CARPENTER: It's very interesting.

Of the million dollars, roughly, for the nine new projects, half of it goes for area education centers in ten hospitals, and really, this project, half a million dollar project buys an organizer, a librarian, and provides space rental to the hospital, provide's a secretary and some books, journals, and audio-visual material for the area.

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eml4	241
em14 1	And the outputs of that project are said to be
2	to list the educational and clinical resources in the area
3	of these ten hospitals, to relate the leadership of the
4	clinical and educational resources to determine the need
5	for new educational programs, and to develop an over-all
6	manpower plan.
7	Now, I just believe that that's the work of the
8	Advisory Committees, not \$500,000 worth of staff. And I
9	also I don't know, at a time when this program is going
10	to be phasing out, I wonder what the meaning of a
11	developmental award is.
12	Now, let me stop at that point and see what my
_ 13	cohort would say.
14	MRS. WYCKOFF: Well, I think Memphis has the
15	most beautiful case of euphora about RMP than any of the
16	RMP's. They have chronic optimism about how this thing
17	is going to go on, and they are just going to conquer all
18	the problems in the world. And it's partly due to Dr.
19	Culbertson's personality. He carries the thing on his back.
20	pretty well.
21	They also operate as a very peculiar animal. They
22	are different from any other RMP, because they're like a
23	family. They seem to telephone each other and keep in touch
24	with each other across State lines and across all the
25	terrible amount of paperwork and rules and regulations that
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exist. They rise above it all and do it in an informal fashion, and they seem to get together after hours and keep the wheels very well oiled, and do the things that have to be done.

It's an incredible thing, and they cannot believe that they are going to be phased out. They just don't believe it.

Instead, as you can see from this report, they make all kinds of alternative plans, so they're going to survive no matter what.

And I really have a little faith in them. I honestly think they may be able to do it. They have put it together, they have got this experimental health systems management agency, and of course their Comprehensive Health Planning Groups, and the RMP, and they are planning to get ready to jump in any direction when the legislation comes through. They are going to be ready for anything. So I think their development funds will be used to launch whatever needs to be launched at that time.

They show more faith in survival, when the crunch went on, they went right ahead with their plans, and they are all ready to get their maximum amount of money with new projects and everything when the funds came through.

They have only seven -- I think it was out of, was it 18? They had only seven approved and unfunded requests

em16	243
1	at the end, and I think they had 11 that way, succeeded in
2	putting through at the worst possible moment.
3	So I really think that they may be able to make a
4	go of this.
5	I would like to hear a little from staff on what
6	they know about the new plans they have for this new trustee
7	ship board. If there is anything in there.
8	DR. WHITE: I wonder if Mrs. Kyttle might also
9	comment on this phrase "escrow accounts". Is that a
10	substitute for keeping money after the thing is over?
11	DR. CARPENTER: That's a catalysm.
12	MRS. KYTTLE: Well, you asked about the organiza-
_ 13	tion that is forming, and you are quite right. It's almost
14	incestuous, because NMCC's spawned RMP, and RMP's spawned
15	HSM. RMP responded to the RFP that R&D issued for experimental
16	health systems, wrote the application, pulled the people
17	together, set it under a corporative kind of stance,
18	because that's what the RFP requires, and Voila, there's
19	Health Systems Management, Inc., which is right across the
20	hall from RMP.
21	DR. McPHEDRAN: I'm on the ropes, Mrs. Kyttle.
22	RFP, R&D sent out a request for contract proposals across
23	the country. That's a request for contract proposals, for
24	proposals on experimental health delivery systems. Regional
25	Medical Programs in Memphis sat down and wrote one, but did
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	not send it in under their name, because they were not at
2	that time a proper applicant. They spawned HSM, RMP and the
3	local B, which is one of the most active B's in the State of
4	Tennessee, not just west Tennessee but in the State of
5	Tennessee, had formed an umbrella trusteeship and that's
6	not a catalysm; that's theirs. They call it an umbrella
7	trusteeship.
8	It proposes the merger of the executive committee
9	of each of these agencies, and it is a straight-forward,
10	unabashed move to present the three of them. This is not an
11	area where one is more interested in surving over the other.
12	The three of them want to survive.
13	They did an intersting thing. They agreed that each
14	of these three entities, if their full boards ratified it,
15	and since this paper was prepared all of the boards have
16	ratified it, the full boards. The body bringing the largest
17	turf to this umbrella trusteeship, and without doubt that's
18	RMP with parts of five States, would bring the turf or
19	cognizance of this new group, should the turf want that.
20	And so there is, then, the possibility that there
	would be an 80-county five-State Health Service Agency or

would be an 80-county five-State Health Service Agency or whatever might come out of the new legislation.

They thought that that would be the experiment, and that's the purpose of that organization you asked about. They believe in survival. MRS. WYCKOFF:

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em18	245	:
1	MRS. KYTTLE: The three of them, not just RMP.	
2	MR. THOMPSON: It does offer complications,	
3	however. We're used to, you know, the one-on-one business,	
4	who's on, who's off, between CHP and RMP.	
5	Now, they have substituted a menage a trois kind of	
6	thing, to complicate it even more.	
7	MRS. KYTTLE: I don't know if they look at it as	
8	a complication in that frame. The possible complication is	
9	that Memphis RMP has assisted, and that is from beginning to	
10	where they are now, all other B's in west Tennessee, all of	
11	them. But the one that is operating in southeast Kentucky	
12	is a Memphis RMP, funded not any longer, but it was.	
_ 13	MRS. WYCKOFF: And Mississippi.	
14	MRS. KYTTLE: Northern Mississippi and the boot-	
15	heel of Missouri and eastern Arkansas. The five operating	
16	B's are all B's that have been funded and initiated by	
17	Memphis RMP.	
18	Now, if Memphis RMP comes into this umbrella	
19	trusteeship with the greatest territory, it will encompass	
20	the territory of those B's, and they know that, and they	
21	realize that that will be the option. If those local B's	
22	and indeed the legislation permits that type of arrangement,	
23	they thought that that would be the interesting experiment	
24	to form a new Health Service Agency for that terrain, wit-	
25	subcontracts with existing B's, that they have already funded.	
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em19 I guess you have to give Dr. 1 MRS. WYCKOFF: Cannon a little credit for also holding this organization 2 3 together. 4 MRS. KYTTLE: Yes, ma'am. How much of the funding actually 5 DR. SCHERLIS: would be directed toward the setting up of such a group? 6 7 How much of it is seed money? MRS. KYTTLE: They seek no funds for that. The 8 arrangement they have made is that they are rotating for the 9 first period of operation, the executive director of HMS 10 serves as the chairman of this new board. The staff is 11 provided by RMP, and the leg work is done by CHP. 12 And for the next ninety days, they first started 13 thinking of a year and they realized that that would be too 14 long a time, the next ninety days the coordinator of RMP 15 serves as chairman; the staff of HSM has to fund the money 16 to get the staff work done, and the CHP organization does the 17 regional communicating. 18 DR. SCHERLIS: You told us about that \$400,000 in 19escrow. 20There's actually 800,000. There are DR. WHITE: 21 actually two different escrow accounts. 22 This application seeks no money for MRS. KYTTLE: 23that organization. 24 Yes. But where does the money come DR. SCHERLIS: 25

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from?

Two things: how is it labeled, and how can a sum of money be available?

MRS. KYTTLE: All right, that's the first question 4 you asked about. The \$800,000, when you total the two, it's 5 a combination of five and three. Let's speak to the 500 6 first, and that is the creation of local consortia to 7 develop health manpower needs and relate them to identified 8 health service needs, and relate them to health manpower 9 10 resources. Is that to which the funds are MR. CHAMBLISS: 11 going to be used? 12 Five hundred thousand. MRS. KYTTLE: 13 for ten hospital That's DR. CARPENTER: 14 librarians, ten secretaries, and ten planners, community 15 organizers. 16 MRS. KYTTLE: You asked if that should not be the 17 work of the local advisory committee, because so many of 18 these groups were formed from such advisory committees; but 19

they have no local advisory committees. These are predominantly in ares where there are not B's, and this is how Memphis starts B's.

DR. CARPENTER: No, they have B agencies now except in -- organized in every area, but not --

MRS. KYTTLE: They are not funded.

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1	DR. CARPENTER: Two of them are not funded. But
2	they are two out of ten at most.
3	No, these are not B agencies, these are
4	MRS. WYCKOFF: Health Centers.
5	DR. CARPENTER: These are hospital libraries.
6	MRS. WYCKOFF: There's the seed money to start
7	things.
8	MRS. KYTTLE: I said they have no local advisory
9	committee in these areas, save Jackson. There is one in
10	Jackson, and there's one ongoing there.
11	DR. CARPENTER: But they showed us a map of the B
12	agencies, right, and they cover the whole area except
(13	maybe a few outlying counties.
14	MRS. KYTTLE: These are areas that have no health
15	manpower committees working in them.
16	DR. CARPENTER: Oh, okay. No manpower committees.
17	MRS. KYTTLE: And that's how they have spawned,
18	they have first developed some health manpower committees
19	for B's. These are areas where the B's have formed without
20	health manpower committees.
21	DR. CARPENTER: That's the point I'm making. If
( 22	they had the manpower committees, they wouldn't have to spend
23	a half a million dollars.
24	MRS. KYTTLE: Well, for some reason, and I have
25	tried to research it and I don't understand it, the philosophy,
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em22	249
1	the Memphis Regional Program thinks local consortia to
2	address health manpower needs should be seated in a
3	hospital. They feel the hospital setting is the setting
.4	for an HSEA, and they have felt that way from the very
5	beginning. And that's where these are, ten sites.
6	MR. CHAMBLISS: Dr. Scherlis.
7	DR. SCHERLIS: Now we've gotten through the first
8	gear, what happens to the second ten libraries, secretaries,
9	et cetera, for the second year? They are being funded?
10	MRS. KYTTLE: The same thing that will happen for
11	all the others. Some of them will make application under
12	the new legislation as health service agencies. I mean,
13	that's going to happen across the country. Most of them
14	feel that they are ready to make application.
15	MR. THOMPSON: Ten libraries are going to be
16	certified as health agencies, as I understand you?
17	MRS. KYTTLE: One of the first things the local
18	area is going to have to do is to create its own manpower
19	committee. The librarian will not be even she's a part
20	of the system, but she is not the pivot.
21	DR. WHITE: I'm suffering from an inability to
22	recall Webster's definition of "escrow". But it seems to me
23	it has to do with putting money aside for future use.
24	MRS. KYTTLE: They want to impound their own
25	money. They want to put \$500,000 aside now so that they feel

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em23	250	
1	by July they will have gotten these things ready to go to	
2	contracts, or in the writing stage now of when, I think one	
3	is in Kentucky and the other is in Crittenden County in	
4	Arkansas. Rather than coming in in July with this proposal	
5	of ten sites all worked up, they want to escrow the money	
6	out of the total package now, so that it can begin in July	
7	rather than make application to us in July.	
8	MR. THOMPSON: So, in other words, they want to use	
9	the escrow business as a substitute for a specific proposal.	
10	MRS. KYTTLE: Yes, and they want to tell you now	
. 11	what they want to put it aside for.	
12	MR. THOMPSON: Has this proposal been matched up	
- 13	through the whole internal review process as a proposal?	
14	MRS. KYTTLE: As a concept.	
15	DR. CARPENTER: I think there are a series of	
16	small proposals. Isn't that the way it got through the RAG	
17	as small proposals? But it did in part, in \$25,000 hunks	
18	it went through RAG.	
19	MR. THOMPSON: \$25,000 hunks up to \$500,000?	
20	That's a nice piece of business.	
21	DR. WHITE: They have got \$800,000 there.	
22	MRS. KYTTLE: And it all went through at once.	
23	DR. CARPENTER: They didn't hide any of it.	
24	MRS. KYTTLE: It did not bleed through, it went	
25	through as a concept, and \$25,000 apiece for ten sites.	
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em24	251
em24 1	DR. CARPENTER: Can I, at this point, break into
2	the conversation and make a funding recommendation?
3	MR. CHAMBLISS: You may, indeed, Dr. Carpenter.
( 4	DR. CARPENTER: I would, just to get the discussion
5	going, move a certain funding level. Their annualized rate
6	now is a million and a half. Their targeted rate is about
7	two million three, and they request three million four now
8	and predict that they will ask for a million two later,
9	and that will get them at two times target.
10	I think that the region is pretty good, but not
11	in a position to go from a million and a half to four million
12	seven at the time of phase-down. I would suggest a funding
13	level a little above the target level, of \$2,600,000.
14	MR. CHAMBLISS: Will you place that in the form of
15	a motion?
16	DR. CARPENTER: Yes, I do.
17	MRS. WYCKOFF: I'll second that.
18	MR. CHAMBLISS: It has been moved and seconded
19	that the level be established for be recommended for
20	Memphis at \$2,600,000.
( 21	Is there discussion?
(22)	DR. WHITE: I would like to pursue this further,
23	and I am going to. We've talked about the 500,000. There's
24	another 300,000 in escrow dollars, which I interpret as this,
	Mrs. Kyttle, as underwriting the survival of these three in
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1 whatever form they're going to take. 2 It says that, I think. 3 It says that high priority out of MRS. KYTTLE: this developmental will be given to those agencies, you know, 4 in the total region. That's the RMP region that I'm. 5 pursuing, the logical kinds of things that the new legisla-6 7 tion proposes. There again that falls within the umbrella purview, 8 but the umbrella -- the organization that is the umbrella is 9 not seeking funds, but it seeks to fortify its philosophy 10 that it's a good umbrella, it hopes that the legislation 11 will speak to a State, you know, whichever one comes out first, 12 and it wants to have agencies funded within it, that it can 13 contract with. 14 That's what the high priority is for those agencies. 15 Now, is that \$300,000 the same as the DR. WHITE: 16 developmental fund? 17 Some of those are B's. Yes, that's MRS. KYTTLE: 18 out of that. 19 I think what we see here is probably MR. THOMPSON: 20 the bald statement of the problem that you are finding more 21 or less in the same degree in all of these, most of the 22proposals, and this is an attempt to second-guess what the 23 legislation is going to be as far as, you know, whether 24 this is regional health authority or State health authority, 25

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em26	
1	and it's floating around in all these crazy bills.
2	Now, I think we have a policy problem here,
3	whether our RMP funds should be used to relate an agency, a
4	proposed agency for nonexistent legislation. And I think
5	that's true here, I think that's true in a subsequent thing
6	that I'll review to you.
7	In other words, when you, from RMPS sent the
8	message down: Fellows, get on the ball with your CHP and
9	no kidding this time. We've seen a lot of getting into bed
10	with CHP, and it's in fact it now looks like a plot by
. 11	the two of them to survive, whatever happens.
12	Now, I don't know what's going to happen if this
13	legislation setting up this envisioned Regional Health
14	Authority is delayed by two years. You know, all this
15	money that we're pouring in here to build these various
16	elaborate umbrella agencies, the consortia they have about
17	six names for it it's going right down the old tube.
18	MR. VAN WINKLE: I would like to point out that
19	they have been encouraged to start various programs with CHP.
20	MR. THOMPSON: That's what I'd like to know: who
21	has the crystal-ball authority that they can tell me that
22	the Regional Health Authority is going to be established
23	by the end of RMP's life, and take over RMP's staff or skills,
	and start in business. Who the hell has got that information?
24	I don't have it.
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1 Mr. Thompson, you know it would be MRS. KYTTLE: 2 beautiful if that were the case, but no region has had that 3 word, and they are all trying to take the most logical and 4 flexible stance that they can, trying to provide for the 5 possibility of State structure as well as providing for the 6 local structures, until they see what the legislation is. 7 MR. THOMPSON: When you cover all the bets on a 8 racehorse it costs a lot of money, and that's what these 9 people are doing. They're putting two bucks on every horse 10 in the race, hoping that somebody will come in and they will 11 be on it! As long as it's not their money, that's okay. 12 This is one of the policy questions MR. CHAMBLISS: 13 that we alluded to earlier on when the committee was convened, and this is one of the issues that will be dealt with as the 14 review goes forward. 15 I would like to acknowledge the presence of Dr. 16 Margolis here, our former Director. And since this is a 17 policy issue, I'm wondering if he would say a few words on 18 this point. 19 DR. SCHERLIS: I was just going to make one 20

suggestion. I think that Memphis really shows some good judgment with the idea of an escrow account for \$800,000 and I would think that some of the wisest judgment that this Review Committee could make is to have an escrow account of a hundred, a hundred and twenty to forty thousand dollars

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	that we would have available, and say, let's save that for
2	some decent health planning as of July 1st, 1975.
. 3	While I wasn't here yesterday, which is a
4	calendar error that I apologize for, I spent, really, as all
5	of you did, a very difficult time reviewing these, because
6	we're doing it on promise and hope and faith and, frankly,
7	charity.
8	And all the old judgments that we have used have
9	had to go down the drain completely in reviewing these; and
10	I think that if Memphis gets approved for an escrow account,
11	that my next suggestion will be that we vote an escrow
12	account of a hundred or eighty million dollars for July 1st,
13	to be used if there will be health planning then.
14	I don't think that putting this into some thirty,
15	forty, fifty little different projects, that we're begged
16	for and scrounged for by going out and saying, Come on in,
17	we have this last chance to get it. A lot of them read that
18	way. That that is really the equitable way for us to use
19	government funds.
20	I have the serious questions that all of you have
21	had, and we're operating within a very difficult framework,
22	to reach equitable decisions.
23	I am all for escrow accounts, particularly of most
24	of that one hundred and twenty or hundred and forty million
25	dollars.
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1	I didn't mean to pre-empt you, but I wanted that
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4	I am delighted to see my good friends here again.
5	I am delighted to see that you are tearing at things as
6	usual.
7	I don't understand your concern, John, in not
8	knowing how to spend money on nonexistent legislation.
9	After all, money was appropriated, impounded in '73 to be
10	spent in '76; when the authorization would expire by June
11	30th, anyway.
12	So it's a perfectly clearcut situation!
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21	not very well hidden than satisfaction with everybody's
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2	the same about its own proposals. There is great uneasiness

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about what would occur. Time is running out. And some of the basic problems remain.

The problem which everyone has looked at, usually defined so poorly, that it is looked at plainly, is the meaning of planning, the relationship between planning and implementation; and the relationships between planning and management.

Traditional questions which have been up for consideration time and time again. The difficulty involved in all the pieces of legislation and in the debates which really don't get around to this is that no one is ready to say what that relationship ought to be. Nobody is willing to come down hard, although there are indications that a position has been developed.

For example, it is now felt that whatever these health service agencies will be, or whatever name they come out under, they will be private, nonprofit structures within the State. There will be an uncertain kind of support for State structures. The planning process will be kept from State implementation, however, there will be some small amount of money for implementation, a larger amount of money for implementation based on whose bill you're looking at.

What is missing in the process is something which can produce, in the health delivery system, a cooperative

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structure which allows people to operate in the private and in the nonprivate systems in such a way that they are able to do together more effectively those things which they wish to do than they can do them separately. Which is an early description of Regional Medical Programs.

It creates a real problem. And in many ways what our reviews are attempting to do is being approached under other names, with different kinds of understanding, and with a variety of methods.

But the debate has not been joined. I don't think it will be joined. And when you're through with this session and we're through with the review session which is coming up after that, there is still going to be great difficulty in making a judgment about what is RMP going to do in relationship to CHP, what will the planning function actually be, what will the relationships be between planning and implementation; and, furthermore, what is going to be the role of the State government in this?

Because, in general, the role of State goverment has been downgraded, almost lost sight of, there have been serious objections to it from outside and from within. And we're going to be entering the fall season whether using an escrow account or not, with no more certainty about what that relationship is than exists at the present time.

What we have been saying is a consequence, and it's

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about the only way out, maybe not too bad a one, is that the most proved factor beyond a Regional Medical Program, and it's now my job in addressing all these programs, it applies to others as well, certainly the CHP; but beyond the CHP, the other kinds of federal programs which are in the States which have sort of opted out of this activity, the most judicious thing for them to do is to get together with one another as rapidly and as fully and as enthusiastically as possible, and decide what they're going to do together, regardless of what the legislation is going to look like. And between the passage or nonpassage, which is a good likelihood, of the legislation, its approval, its appropriation, its regulations and its administration, so many things will occur that if the people who are out there quit trying to decide who is going to be in charge and

16 decide how they are going to run the thing together, they 17 are going to move rapidly ahead.

Now, sometimes this is interpretative on the part of RMP people, if I'm talking to them, as some of the RMP's are, is that they should quickly move to take over.

Now, that wouldn't work. CHP takes the same response when they are listening to their own partisans; it's for you to take over.

And if they will get just a little smarter, they will move together; but they are going to have to move with

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other programs. Maternal and Child Health Service, Community Mental Health Service, which, for some reason, along with others, have never been considered a part of the general concept of comprehensive planning.

Migrant programs, all of them have each been looked at separately, and all the conversations have been RFP and CHP as if those were the only actors in the game; when, in fact, they are some of the actors, and in many instances rather minor actors.

10 Now, I think the additional thing which is going 11 to make a difference, about the time we get started with it, 12 is the growing concern with the regulatory function within the State which will produce an entirely different environ-13 14 ment for the total relationship between planning and. implementation. Because the regulatory function will throw 15 16 in a new responsibility which must be a State responsibility, almost by definition. 17

That regulatory function already applies to institutional development. It's going to, in all likelihood, involve cost control, because we get national health insurance, and there is freer and freer conversation now about a complement to certificate-of-need legislation for construction, and that will be some kind of certificate-of-need for manpower.

Now, when these kinds of things occur, people who

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have been vying for responsibility may find themselves vying for getting out of sight; because it's going to be no child's game.

And yet by looking at the total structure, as it will be much faster than many of us have expected, the relationships between the planning, the implementation, the operational and the regulatory functions can become clearer, and the responsibilities for the various parts will begin to fall into place.

But to try to assume full management or full authority for any one of them is injudicious, it won't work, and I don't think anyone would really want it when they get all through with it.

The real struggle, in all sincerity, will be on the part of those who are determined that the regulatory function, particularly control of rates and fees, be placed anywhere but where I am. Nobody is going to want that. And yet it is going to be the part of the system which is going to have the greatest power, and from which most of the strength is going to flow within the States.

I think it will go in the States gradually. The other big debate is whether the National Health Insurance is to be more federal or State directed; but that's a very fundamental issue.

Now, I know that's not a policy thing, but at least

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1	it's a statement of some kind of dynamics which will work	
2	well some places and not others. The concept of escrow, I	; ;
3	would certainly agree with you, is certainly if you're	1
4	going to consider the setting aside of funds for an uncertain	
5	but realizable goal in the immediate future, that should be	
6	a programmatic kind of action across the board, rather	
7	than limited to any one program, to come up with that kind	
8	ofan idea	
9	And even then, it is a risky kind of thing to do,	
10	because you don't know what the situation will be when those	
11	funds are released.	
12	I don't know if that helps or not.	
13	MR. CHAMBLISS: Well, thank you, Dr. Margolis.	
14	There may be some questions that the panel would like to	•
15	raise, in addition to Dr. Vaun?	
16	DR. VAUN: Getting back to this, not with regard	
17	to Dr. Margolis' comments, the only thing that concerns me	
18	about the escrow is that, does this place any of the	•
19	other RMP's that have seen fit to come back in July, at a	
20	disadvantage?	
21	In other words, are these people gambling that all	
22	money is going to be doled out on the first round, and, really	
23	what you've been saying is not so there won't be any money	
24	left for the second round, so they're putting their little	
25	nest-egg in escrow.	
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1	Has that thought occurred to anybody? Is this
2	what they are trying to do?
• 3	MR. CHAMBLISS: There will be a sum of moneys
_4	remaining for the second round.
5	DR. VAUN: So as you envisage it, this would be
6	not placing anybody at a disadvantage? The other RMP's.
7	MR. CHAMBLISS: Well, the total amount is limited,
8	so therefore what is ultimately awarded to Memphis comes out
9	of the entire amount available.
10	DR. MILLER: Isn't it true that previously,
11	except for developmental fund awards, which has not been
12	mentioned in the current directions, no region was allowed
13	to just apply for escrow funds, by lump of escrow money.
14	You got it another way. But you couldn't apply for escrow
15	funds.
16	And now you do not have an authorization or
17	direction for regions to apply for a development award,
18	either; do you?
19	MR. CHAMBLISS: We do not.
20	DR.MILLER: Well, isn't it appropriate that this
21	review committee specifically record in the record that we
22	do not recommend funding for that activity or that kind of
23	an award, that part?
24	MR. CHAMBLISS: That would be a problem, and we
25	are looking to this committee for its judgment on that.
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em37	265
1	DR. MILLER: Do you want that in the form of a motion?
2	MR. CHAMBLISS: A motion is not in order at the
3	present time. There is a motion on the floor, and that .
4	motion is that the level of funding for Memphis be recommended
5	at \$2,684,000.
6	MRS. WYCKOFF: Well, why don't we do it?
7	MR. CHAMBLISS: You may so indicate that, and the
8	staff people will take due notice of it.
9	MRS. WYCKOFF: Should we amend the motion that the
10	escrow funds be taken out of this?
11	DR. WHITE: All of the escrow funds are on the
12	yellow sheet, they are not on the application. The awards.
13	What you see on the application is a developmental award and
14	a project, and I believe we are not supposed to get so deeply
15	into the region's management as to reject a specific $\checkmark$
16	project.
17	I guess I have the feeling that if we reduce the
18	requested funds by an appropriate amount, the region will
19	probably behave fairly well. And I would be satisfied just
20	to reduce the funding amount and then proceed.
21	Does that make sense to anybody?
22	DR. McPHEDRAN: Then how about, as a separate piece
23	of business that does not have anything to do with this
24	particular consideration of this program, that we could have
25	this motion that Dr. Miller suggests. Could we do that?
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1	Just as a general part of the proceedings of this
2	committee. If we could do it that way.
3	MR. VAN WINKLE: But the staff can also express
4	your concern about these two items.
5	MR. CHAMBLISS: Then I call the question.
6	Those in favor please indicate by the usual sign
7	in voting.
8	[Chorus of "ayes".]
9	MR. CHAMBLISS: Those opposed?
10	[No response.]
11	MR. CHAMBLIS: The motion is carried. At two
12	million six, with the concerns of this panel being conveyed
13	to the region in the advice letter and by staff.
14	I must say that the privilege that we've had of
15	having Dr. Margolis, the Deputy Administrator of the
16	Health Resources Administration, come in just at this key
17	moment, when we were discussing a very critical issue having
18	to do with Memphis, was most timely.
19	I would endeavor to ask the staff to set the
20	whole question in some type of framework, and then we would
21	like to have Dr. Margolis comment on those issues, be
22	conveyed to the staff and to perhaps some of the regions.
23	I think this is very timely, what he has done.
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MR. CHAMBLISS: We shall now then turn our attention to a review of the application from the Missouri Regional Medical Program. The reviewers here will be Dr. McPhedran and Dr. Miller, and staff support will be provided by Mrs. Resnik.

Thank you, Dr. Margolis.

DR. MCPHEDRAN: Yesterday Dr. Miller and I got some additional material on the Missouri application, and I cite this now not to beg off, because I have read it, in fact, but it was interesting because it was a staff visit to Missouri and it was suggested to me that maybe I ought to change my views to some extent. In fact, the value of this program and the merit of the application, specifically.

But I must say I think it hasn't changed my views a whole lot, and, while I've got more to say about it than I did, it really remains about the same.

To go through the review sheet: program leadership, I was unable to classify one of the categories, and have checked "satisfactory to poor" because I think that it is variable, without mentioning particular persons. I think that it really is uneven, and I'm basing this on the fact that the leadership seems to me very much the same as I recall it from at least two -- because I've been there twice --

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	1	two previous site visits, and a lot of discussion at various
	2	National Advisory Council meetings.
	3	I really think that what has happened in this
	4	application reflects this leadership to a considerable
	5	extent.
	6	I have no criticism to make of the program staff,
	7	and never did, except that I think it used to be very large,
	8	and the proposal suggests enlargement. I can't unless
	9	they postpone the marking of that enlargement, it is
. •	10	currently 30 with a proposed addition of 45 staff.
	11	The program staff in the past we used to criticize,
	12	maybe this should have been more a criticism of the leadership,
•	13	for its lack of initiative in helping people in the region
	14	to develop parts of the program, develop projects and
	15	develop other component parts of the program.
· · · · ·	16	According to the most recent visit, that is not a
	17	problem now, but it certainly used to be.
	18	I am persuaded by the recent visit, I have said
	19	that at least it's satisfactory, but I really wonder whether,
	20	if it's satisfactory now, it is justified to consider all
	21	the additional staff to such an enormously large staff that
	22	is proposed.
	23	The Regional Advisory Group which, until a couple
	24	of years ago, numered only twelve, has been increased, I think,
	25	by two stages to a total of 55 members, and it appears that

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em41	269	
1	it is satisfactorily supervising the activities of the	
2	program. In the fourteen months before this application	
3	there were four Regional Advisory Group meetings, I think	
4	eight of the Executive Committee, and several of the various	
5	technical and standing committees.	
6	So the committee structure has continued to function	
7	and the Regional Advisory Group also said that there is a	
8	fifty percent attendance rate at these several RAG meetings.	
9	Past performance and accomplishments, I think are	
10	mediocre for the most part. I found it difficult to either	
11	say satisfactory or poor or inadequate.	
12	Considering the amount of money that this program	
13	has gotten in the past, it is difficult for me to be more	
14	generous in my assessment of this.	
15	In the past there was a very large investment made	
16	in a lot of computer centered activities, and I guess that	
17	this still remains with me, although it's all gone from the	
18	present application.	
19	We thought, those of us who visited it, that there	
20	was bad judgment and even, perhaps, appropriate for the State	
21	of Missouri , mulishness about following the direction and	
22	guidance that we attempted to give.	
23	The objectives and priorities seemed to be satis-	
24	factorily stated.	
25	I think that the proposed activities, and I can	
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	1	summarize briefly the categories are satisfactory but not	
	2	imaginative. The feasibility, that is, the likelihood that	
	3	the activities proposed can be accomplished in the time that	
	4	they anticipate the program will continue is, by their	
	5	own statement, likely in some and unlikely that they can	
	6	manage in others.	
	7	For example, they state that all the EMS activities	
	8	that they have proposed, and I will come back to this, there	
	.9	is a question pertinent to the one Dr. Scherlis raised	
	10	earlier, whether or not these are new EMS activities; but	
•	11	they say that they feel these activities can be upgraded	
	12	in the next year. I really wonder whether that is so.	
	. 13	The cooperation with CHP seems to be quite	
	14	satisfactory.	
	15	My over-all assessment of the region is that it	
	16	is only average.	
	17	I am afraid I have more comments and remarks to	
	18	make.	
	19	In this Regional Medical Program there appears to	
	20	be no serious problem in the relationship of the grantee,	
	21	which is the University of Missouri, and there never has been,	
	22	and that continues to be, I gather, a satisfactory relation-	
	23	ship.	
	24	MR. THOMPSON: You'don't shoot Santa Claus.	
	25	DR. MCPHEDRAN: No, not intentially.	
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The major thrust that they have stated for themselves are five: emergency medical systems; health; manpower; education, and under that category especially training people to deal with the problem of high blood pressure, and training seminars to be conducted for many categories of hospital personnel.

Third is listed as integrated health care delivery systems, with especially heavy emphasis, as I see it, on supporting hospitals in developing JCAH type criteria, and also a problem of oriented records for local practitioners.

Ambulatory care systems, particularly concerned about availability and of care.

The purposes, the major thrusts are as general --I'm quoting from the application there; just general, as I'm stating them to be -- systems for end-State = kidney management.

Their fiscal year '75 suggests that their EMS role will be completed, and the local communities will be able to take the developed programs and projects and handle them on their own, although I don't think that my reading of the application particularly supports that.

Then I went through the request for funding, including changes in core staff. I spent less time, I must say, on the continuing projects, but a good deal of time on the new projects, and tried to dig out for my own

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purposes what I thought was a necessary expansion of core staff. And what I questioned might be new EMS projects, and I realize the staff might have gone through this and may want to, perhaps, dispute my judgment.

The excisions that I performed enabled me to cut their proposal from \$3,010,113 down to \$2,295,113. I felt that there was \$713,000 that could and in my view should be removed from the proposal; and it happens to coincide with what staff, in the person of Mrs. Resnik, has recommended; and I guess it also coincides to some extent with the targeted amount.

But I think it is worthwhile to suggest what specific things there were.

There were, for example, requests for what amounted. I think, to increases in core staff. They have six district consultants, and the recent staff site visit suggests that they should be continued. I have no quarrewl with that. But there is a suggested sum of \$31,000 by sub region to increase staff support for the distrist liaison to \$186,000; and I will quote from the application what the ultimate justification is.

It is said that the specific outputs would be a plan and method of implementing the plan to operate under the new legislative athority. If no legislative authority is forthcoming by fiscal year '76, this year's effort will

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1	have been one of which the Missouri Regional Medical Program
2	can well be proud. We will have brought together at the
3	working level members of principal federal and State health
4	agencies, to work toward a common cause of improving the
5	Statewide health care system, and I think that I would really
6	have felt that even in a Form 15 something more specific than
7	that could have been given me as a peroration to convince
8	me that that money ought to have been spent.
9	There are other things in there that I feel are
10	similarly if not worthier of support. I won't bother you with
11	the details, but I do want to mention that I thought that
12	there were about around twelve, as I see it, new projects,
.13	no EMS, twelve, roughly, totaling around \$245,000, that I
14	just don't think are in the guidelines, are they?
15	MRS. RESNIK: We're treating them as sub-components
16	of already existing and ongoing EMS projects, which is
17	essentially what they are. They are dealing with training,
18	but in different locations. And they tell us that they
19	understand that that is within their authority under the
20	present guidelines.
21	They are applying to the EMS bureau, but they
22	don't foresee any grants.
23	DR. McPHEDRAN: This looks to me like new EMS,
24	and so that's 245,000, and then going through some other
25	projects, I noticed this, but I did it anyway, I thought there
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	1	were several
	2	project in a
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	5	And
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were several things, like there's a quality criteria project in a hospital in Jefferson City, and it looks to me as if that really is PSR activity, and I wonder if that similarly should be excluded.

And several other things that also seem to me un-

So that, in summary, what I did was I felt that at least \$715,000 could come out of it, and I came out with a recommendation, as I say, of \$2,295,113, which is obviously unreasonably precise, but it is approximately where the targeted sum is. I would have no quarrel if we said the targeted sum would be satisfactory; and I would like to know what Dr. Miller thought about it.

MR. CHAMBLISS: Dr. Miller.

MR. MILLER: This is an interesting experience we all go through. I pursued a rather different and more devious route of arriving at the same conclusion.

I have known the Missouri Regional Medical Program for a long time and many of the staff people on it, and perhaps it is worthwhile to mention a little of the background on this.

When RMP got started, Missouri was really ready, because Missouri was more regionalized in the medical establishment than most any State in the union, having their medical school in Columbia, which is a small, a relatively

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small city, and therefore, having had to farm out clinical medicine for a long time into other communities, which is almost never done in most of the other medical centers in the United States, and which was extremely repugnant to them, as you may all remember.

So Missouri was, its time had come, and the mule characteristics recognized this, and they proceeded with vigor.

They also had some people in the leadership position who have considerable skill in recognizing political expediency, and when it is popular at the national level to spend money on electronic computer equipment and remote control things, they were in there for millions and got them. When it is politically expedient to turn them off, they turn them off like it was a water faucet. Which they have now done, because something else is politically expedient.

I have four applications that are mine that are coming up today, all of them are somewhat similar. And Dr. Schleris' comments previously have bothered me, yesterday and today and last night, and even lose a little sleep over

it.

Because the principles formally ascribed to Regional Medical Programs of quality programs, well evaluated demonstrations that are woth the money, seem to be all gone, and I suppose it seems a matter of political expedience, but

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8	276
1	it looks like we're stuck anyway. But it is bothersome.
2	And in these four programs that are coming up, they all have
3	applications, they are going gung ho for election, it's
.4	politically expedient to get the money and they're out to
5	get it. And by whatever most clever mechanisms they felt
6	could be used to get it, regardless of whether it is cost
7	effective or will be continued really, or what the ultimate
8	goal is.
9	Now, Missouri has done it to a rather great degree.
10	It has it doesn't have an escrow item in here, a develop-
11	mental fund item, but its method will give it a nice big one.
12	There are separately described staff component
13	projects, 26 of them in this application, either with a
14	dollar amount, none of which is excessive by itself; but
15	together is nice.
16	There are six district liaison systems with a total
17	budget of \$186,000. They went all out on EMS without
18	having a general State EMS plan, which is forbidden, so there
19	are five continuations and eleven new EMS projects, for a
20	total of \$518,000.
21	It would be some little job to keep them coordinated.
22	Maybe they will need those district guys to keep all those
23	different outfits working in any kind of a rational coordinating
24	way.
25	I could go on in more details, but I think I will

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em49	
1	say, first, however, that a little bit in contrast to Dr.
2	McPhedran's view, I feel that the basic questions that we're
3	supposed to answer on this review sheet, most of them
4	relative to other RMP's, you'd have to grade Missouri as
5	good to excellent.
6	The program leadership, you may not like them, but
7	they've done a good job in Missouri. The program staff is
8	equally so.
9	The Regional Advisory Group, they get along with
10	very well. It's a little funny, but it works.
11	Their past performance and accomplishments, they
12	have been a leader in Missouri without any question. They
13	have lead regionalization in Missouri to a phenomenal
14	degree, and they have more general acceptance than many
15	other regions.
16	Their objectives and priorities I would interpret
17	as political expediency, and they have done it extremely
18	well.
19	The feasibility, of course, is very low, because
20	we are theoretically supposed to grade these things on whether
21	they can do this in one year, and they obviously can't
22	possibly do what they've got in this application.
23	They get along fine with CHP, they support them in
1 24	many ways. So they will get good acceptance by them.
25	The total picture, 26 staff component projects and
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em50	278
1	27 continuation projects and 19 new projects.
2	Much of this is over-ambitious for one-year concept,
3	and it looks like it cannot be accomplished.
-4	My conclusion: I recommend funding, however, at
5	the targeted level, which I think it is a way out of the
6	dilemma of coming up with a dollar figure.
7	MRS. RESNIK: They are coming in with a \$500 request
8	July 1, they indicate.
9	DR. MILLER: We will address that two months from
10	now.
11	MR. CHAMBLISS: All right, each of the reviewers
12	has come up with a different amount here.
- 13	DR. McPHEDRAN: Well, I really didn't make that in
14	the form of a motion. I have no quarrel with
15	DR. MILLER: _Oh, I wouldn't mind if he wanted to
16	figure out how you can justify coming out with \$2,295,113.
17	I'll go along with it.
18	DR. McPHEDRAN: I will move the target amount,
19	which is \$2,364,333.
20	MR. CHAMBLISS: Is there a second?
21	DR. MILLER: I will second.
22	MR. CHAMBLISS: It is moved and seconded that a
23	recommendation for Missouri be the targeted amount of
24	\$2,341,490.
25	DR. McPHEDRAN: I know you were probably semi-
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em51	279
1	facetious, Dr. Miller, in saying that the changing in the
2	computer or the electronic program direction which had
3	developed so many electronic aids to care that was turned
4	off like a water faucet. In fact, that really wasn't so.
5	It was damn hard to turn them off. I mean it really was
6	hard. It took a great deal of effort and persuasion, and
7	determination, and repeated visits, and Bob Toomey
8	DR. SCHERLIS: It has not been turned off, the
9	output has been changed.
10	DR. MILLER: Excuse me, I should make a comment.
.11	I have been through this with several other RMP's, some of
12	which I made site visits on also as a coordinator.
13	I agree with you. The electronic fanaticism in
14	our society is extremely difficult to turn off. We had it
15	in many others. Georgia was a good example, when I was down
16	there.
17	But it has been turned off now in almost all
18	RMP's.
19	MR. CHAMBLISS: May I restate the recommended
20	amount for Missouri as being \$2,364,333.
21	Is there further discussion?
22	I call the question.
23	Those in favor of the motion, please indicate by
24	the usual sign of voting.
25	[Chorus of "ayes".]
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em52		280
	1	MR. CHAMBLISS: Those opposed?
	2	[No response.]
	3	MR. CHAMBLISS: The motion is carried.
	4	DR. SCHERLIS: I ask one question now that you've
	5	voted on it.
	6	This relates to the fact you said they had a great
	7	many different types of EMS activities, and you questioned
	8	coordination. Is that correct?
	9	DR. MILLER: Very difficult to do this with this
	10	many separate components.
	11	DR. SCHERLIS: You mean they are making no
	12	effort to coordinate it? Is there any umbrella EMS for the
	13	region?
	14	DR. MILLER: No, no. They would hope to get one.
	15	But in the meantime they are going to have all of these
	16	various sub-components which are allowable.
	17	MR. THOMPSON: Mr. Chairman, would you transmit our
	18	unease about the EMS situation in Missouri to the EMS people?
	19	MR. CHAMBLISS: We will, indeed. We are much
	20	aware of the discussion here, and we will be in touch with
	21	the EMS people.
	22	DR. SCHERLIS: I would almost suggest that we give
	23	no EMS funds if they are to be used in disparate programs.
	24	In the State of Maryland we have had examples of
	25	what is now a large State support of some \$2.4 million through
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em53	281
1	the Governor. In the face of what are already small EMS
2	activities and some not so small, and you will spend endless
3	dollars trying to coordinate what are programs that begin .
4	with noncompatible equipment, noncompatible standards,
5	noncompatible operations.
6	And I would think that if we perpetuate such
7	support, that we will be causing an excessive amount of funds
8	to have to be spent later on.
9	Some training programs will differ, criteria for
10	State certification will differ because you will be training
11	at a different level.
12	I think part of the insistence that we should have
13	would indeed be that these be coordinated, regardless of
14	what the ground rules are. Otherwise, we should not support
15	any EMS activity whatsoever.
16	I feel very strongly about that, having spent a
17	good part of my energies in Maryland, because of the very
18	reasons that we have had different types of funding,
19	different community structures and different involvements.
20	We would be undoing a great deal of what has been done in the
21	past.
22	MR. CHAMBLISS: The EMS people are moving towards
23	State plans and State systems, Statewide systems.
24	DR. SCHERLIS: But if you give money to that group,
25	they will do their thing. The history of our society is
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em54	282
1	that everyone does his thing if he has the wherewithal to
2	do it, and I would assume that by making separate structures
3	administratively, with our own means of support, they will
4	do their own thing.
5	I hope this won't be true of Missouri.
. 6	MR. VAN WINKLE: We did that in kidney, you know,
7	Len. If that did meet with within the State plan itself,
8	nothing was approved here.
9	DR. SCHERLIS: But we have this leverage over
10	these programs, I gather from some of the feeling that we
11	don't.
12	MR. THOMPSON: You see, the problem is that many
13	of the States do not have State management.
14	MR. CHAMBLISS: A good amount of our previous
15	funding for EMS has resulted in the development of State
16	plans. I can assure you of that.
17	DR. MILLER: Can I make some comments? I have
18	been connected with this at the local level. Although I
19	don't pretend to know it all, I know quite a bit.
20	EMS systems started out with an Office of
21	Transportation funding, which is very large and many have
22	them there are many of them in the United States. We
23	happen to have a very large onein Minnesota. And they're
24	buying ambulances. They are héaded by ambulance drivers,
25	by and large; they're buying ambulances and training ambulance
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attendants, and setting up standards for their performance, and that funding is precluded from doing anything with the patient except delivering him to the door of the nearest It cannot go any further. hospital.

When EMS incentives started with RMP here a couple of years ago, why, the focus was to try to get comprehensive planning for comprehensive care of emergency cases, and to face the issue about what happened to the patient after they got inside the hospital door. And so many RMP's undertook to do this, and many of us supported planning for comprehensive emergency system development in the States.

Then EMS bill came through, and it seemed like that this was going to take over, the over-all coordination; but this, as usual, has not happened.

And the leadership there doesn't seem to have the capacity yet for attacking the whole problem.

So at the local level the possibilities of local B agencies or regions or districts within the State of getting funding through the new EMS bill was really quite remote and they came back to RMP in most of the local levels to do this.

So there are three separate fragmented kind of programs for EMS in this country right now, and they're not coordinated at the national level, and the attempt of RMP's is to try to get coordination at the local level, which we

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em56	284
	1 have always been challenged to do in the RMP management
	2 system.
	3 MRS. WYCKOFF: But if you offer them money and
•	say, If you will make a State plan and you have this money,
	5 would this create a climate?
	6 DR. MILLER: That's exactly what we did two years
	7 ago. Many of us did it two years ago.
	8 We paid for the development of some kind of a State
	9 plan.
	0 DR. SCHERLIS: Not necessarily. I was chairman
	1 of the EMS Committee nationally that reviewed all the
	2 projects that came in, and these weren't, except in rare
- 1	3 instances, State plans. And I'd say if you look at the whole
ан 1 1	4 United States now, there are very few States that have any
]	5 semblance of a State plan. Maybe two or three.
. • 1	6 DR. MILLER: Now, there's a good difference between
	a good State plan and a State plan, so I'm not saying they're
	good; I'm just saying
-	9 DR. SCHERLIS: My only concern here is that I hope
	0 in whatever letter goes out indicating funding that one
	proviso of that letter states that each of these areas have
<u>:</u>	2 set up compatible systems, that there has to be a plan
	3 utilizing all their forces. I don't think that this State
2	4 is large enough to have individual areas designated as they
	5 have, unless there is some over-all State compatible plan of
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communications and everything else that goes into it.

I would think that unless we put that into whatever support letter we send out, this will be something that will have to be dismantled later on and will have to be fragmented. That's the only point of my observation.

MR. CHAMBLISS: We do appreciate these observations that the panel has made.

We have at the table Mr. Mike Posta, who coordinated the EMS activities for the RMP's, and he indicates to me that of the 23 site visits that were made by staff over the last year, that the majority of them had, as an effect of the RMP support, the development of State plans.

And we will keep in mind your admonitions for lessening fragmentation and more coordination between the three federal agencies that are supporting EMS activities.

I want to assure you that RMP has already been in contact with the Emergency Medical Service Program here, and agreements have been reached as to what we probably might fund and what their area of responsibility is. And I assure you these discussions will continue before these funds are awarded.

I would call to your attention --

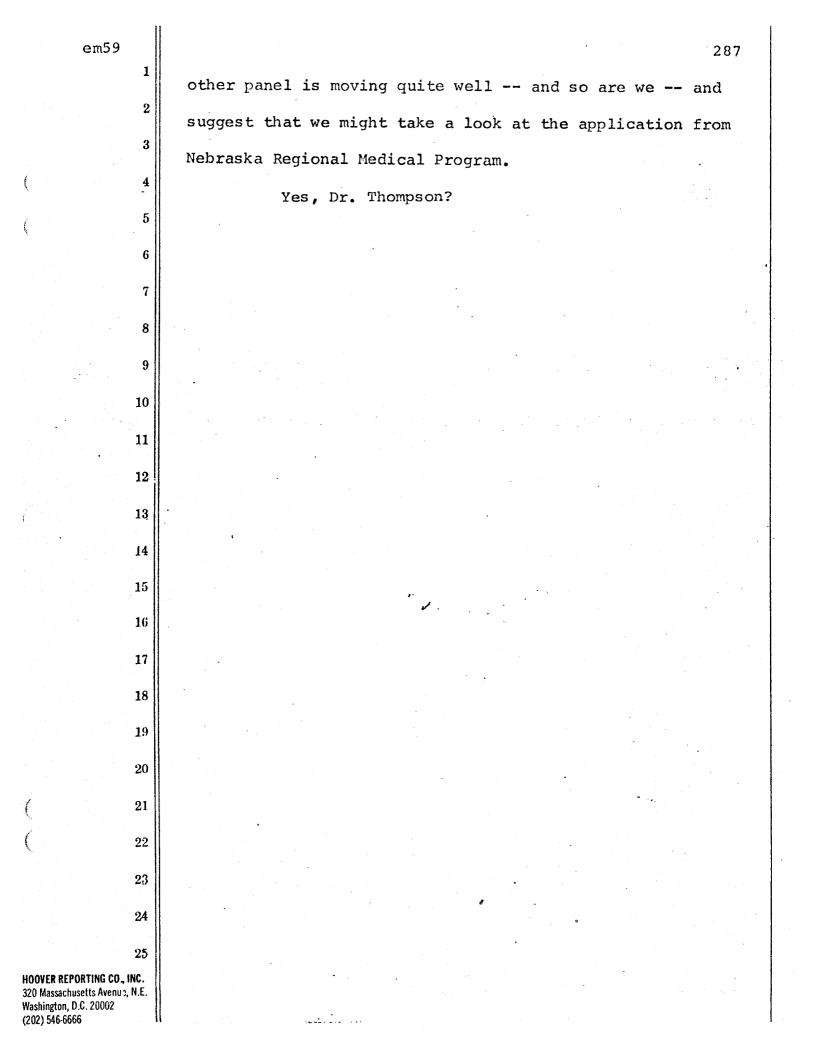
MRS. RESNIK: May I add one word about the Missouri EMS program and the thrust in this application?

It was stimulated, by and large, by the passage of

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em58	286
1	State Law 57, which set forth standards and requirements for
2	equipment on ambulances at various training levels, to the
3	extent that these programs involve programs with little
4	training, and that is the majority of the new activities,
5	it is not new in the sense that they are treating a new
6	aspect of EMS. They are training at various levels to
7	conform, or their existing training to conform to the
8	State requirements as described in the law.
9	And that is why it looks fragmented, but it is part
10	of eventually a total training system.
11	I raised the question with them about equipment
12	and various items of that sort, and there was still a
13	considerable number of dollars that has to be looked into.
14	But there was a major point in establishing these as separate
15	activities to conform to the State law.
16	MR. CHAMBLISS: I think we have already had a vote
17	on Missouri, and the discussions we have been having is an
18	add-on.
19	I would simply suggest to the committee that it
20	may wish to take a coffee break at this time; and, if so,
( 21	maybe we could return at 10:30, 10:33 with our coffee and
( 22	resume.
23	[Short recess.]
	MR. CHAMBLISS: May I call the panel to order
25	again, please, and indicate to you that I gather that the
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em60	288
1	REGIONAL MEDICAL PROGRAM REVIEW
2	NEBRASKA
3	MR. THOMPSON: I guess I am the only one.
4	MR. CHAMBLISS: Yes, you are the reviewer, and
5	the staff support will be provided by Zivlavsky.
6	Will you proceed?
7	MR. THOMPSON: I will.
8	Nebraska has not been the most flaming RMP among
9	the 53. It's relatively small in amounts of money granted.
10	It never achieved triennial review. Its status has always
11	been on an annual basis, although there were indications,
12	I understand from staff, that they were going to apply for
13	triennial review one month before the famous letter zipped
14	down to tell them to phase out.
15	They have a new man there who has only been there,
16	I think, a couple of months, about half time. I expected with
17	his history a far less professional job on that proposal
18	than the one I find before me.
19	Actually it indicates to me far more strength in
20	the region than has ever existed before. I don't know exactly
21	what happened to cause it.
22	I wish that every report we ever had did what
23	Nebraska did very early in their proposal. There is Exhibit 1,
	goals/objectives, and they are fairly well spelled out.
25	Both the goals and objectives.
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em61 What happened was that when they got the letter, 1 the original RAG began to fall off and they then reappointed 2 a committee for the phraseout, which consisted of selected 3 people within RAG, and they began the phaseout operations, 4 and then when the breath of life came back into the program 5 they selected from this committee, the phaseout committee, 6 thirteen people from RAG, so they only have thirteen people 7 in their RAG at the present time. 8 However, when you look at the makeup of this 9 committee it is very widely represented. They have a lot 10 of public representatives, and they do have one Indian 11 representative among the twelve, so there was an attempt 12 to retain at least a Statewide representative RAG in this 13 small group. 14 I think what we have to think, to regard this, we 15 have to remember the goals, and the goals are not all that 16 innovative, but they are good solid goals, and I think they 17 are within their reasonable capacity of Nebraska to carry 18 out. 19 One of them is kind of unusual, in that their 20 Goal No. 3 has the specific objective to stimulate the 21

> development of comprehensive home health care systems. In other words, they have really gone all out for home health care systems.

> > Their goals, roughly, in broad terms, there is a

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planning goal, there is manpower training goal, there is this goal of home health care systems. There's the data reporting analyzie kind of goal. And then the last goal is the facilitator, coordinator, gathering people together kind of goals.

But in each one of these broad goals there are specific program type objectives.

And one must say that there is a very close relationship between these goals and the kinds of programs that we see coming up in the proposal.

Now, at the present time, they have been operating at a level of 502,000. I said they are one of the smaller programs, I think they are one of the four smallest programs, as far as money is concerned.

Their target would be some 868,000. This package
here is 962,000 with an indication that they will be coming request
in with an additional/of \$150,000.

So we then have a program that is kind of climbing up beyond their original base level support. The program that probably would have gotten triennial approval, if the funding thing hadn't changed.

Now, in general, they -- the most recent change in this program, as it has been with most of the other programs we've seen today, was their relationship with CHP. They decided to start working with the various CHP agencies within

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1	the State, and they have more or less redefined their
2	mission within still retain their goals.
3	Therefore, on Nebraska Regional Medical Program, its
.4	mission is toward cooperative work with A and B agencies in
5	Nebraska State Department of Health, in an attempt to match
6	those health care providers who have a need for service
7	with those resources capable of responding with services
8	with the ultimate purpose of improving the health care, for
9	all Nebraska citizens.

a care providers who have a need for service resources capable of responding with services imate purpose of improving the health care, for a citizens. So that this is kind of a redefinition of its own

mission, vis-a-vis the CHP agencies. It is not all too clear from the proposal how well this is progressing.

Several other projects that we will be talking 13 about actually came from B agencies, and in one B agency 14 right off they said it would be unfair for us to write off 15 on this, because actually we were involved in gathering the 16 proposal and designing the proposal. 17

There are other sections where there is an absence of a writeoff or a signoff by B agencies or A agencies, and others where the A agencies and B agencies in particular indicate a very positive view toward the projects.

So it's kind of spotty. I will try to have the staff elaborate on this, because, although it's evident they are trying to cooperate, how successful they are is a whole nother question.

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em64	292
1	Now, when you look at the proposal, and it's probably
2	the thickest one in this go-around, it seems rather awesome
3	until you realize that it is a fairly simple proposal.
4	They put their money on two things, an A hex kind of a business
5	which they believe should be, like Memphis, to cover a fairly
6	smallregion, and if you were concerned over the fact that
7	some of these area community health-education consortia,
8	as they call them here, or hospitals in Memphis, you will
9	find some of them are nursing homes in Nebraska, because
10	their primary concern is with that level of training.
11	So, of all the projects we're talking about, there's
12	these two main thrusts, the A hex type thrust, with a
13	nationalized learning I mean a Statewide learning
14	resource center, and then some one, two, three, four, five,
15	six specific regional agent type outfits.
16	Surprisingly in this proposal, there are eleven
17	different home health proposals, home care proposals, some
18	of them defined in one way, home health satellite or the
19	day-care service for elderly and disabled; and they have
20	these scattered throughout the State, mostly based in
21	nursing home type places. They are trying to get nursing
22	homes for whatever few little bits and pieces of visiting
23	nurses' associations they can find, and beginning to design
24	a global home health backup program, for the elderly in
25	various parts of the community.
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em65	293
1	And of course this is, as I said, these two thrusts
2	are in line with their Goals No. 2 and No. 3; and the rest
3	of this rather large list of variety of programs, nurse-
4	physician programs in the cities, shared hospital resources,
5	which are not unusual, they are all small. They run from
6	12 to 33 thousand dollars. It's obvious they're shoving this
7	money into programs that are in existing institutions.
8	There is this problem of their renal program,
9	which is the largest of all these non A hex non-home health
10	related outfits. Which I will allow Staff to respond to,
11	because it looks like a fairly shaky business, all in all.
12	I'd like to hear from staff. I'm going to use
13	him, if you don't mind, as kind of a secondary reviewer,
14	because my secondary reviewer isn't here. And let him
15	particularly elaborate on the problems of the interface with
16	CHP's and with the kidney problems, and any other comments
17	he may have on Nebraska.
18	MR. CHAMBLISS: Mr. Zivlavsky, will you comment,
19	please?
20	MR. ZIVLAVSKY: The Nebraska application is
21	576 pages. Dr. Hess, three years ago, made a site visit
22	out there, followed up by a site visit approximately a year
23	and a half ago.
24	There was a major shakeup out there. They followed
25	up on many of the concerns from the first site visit. They
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increased their program viability and they were just as any upsweep to come in for a triennial anniversary application when our phaseout letter hit them right between the eyes.

Some of the good things that they have been able to do have been their efforts in indirect costs, for example, have been less than five percent of their total costs. Over the past two years they have really been able to do a good job in this relationship. They receive a few stars for that, at least.

In the area of minorities, the State has approximately 2.7 percent. They have worked in the area of sickle cell screening for the entire black community of Lancaster County, which is in the Lincoln area. They have worked with a mobile cancer bus in terms of screening the Indian population.

The program staff has provided assistance to the Panhandle community action, which involves the migrants and Indians out in western Nebraska. In their phasein they have hired an additional minority -- I should say they lost one minority person in their program staff. They were able to hire another minority person on their program staff.

I am not sure -- they come in with an application requesting no people. Presently they have 11.5 full-time equivalence. I think they can use a couple of people to help them in the monitoring area.

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em67	295
emo 7 1	
2	I don't know. That's up for discussion or grabs,
3	I guess.
	I like the comment on the negative CHP comments,
4	and on page 345 of the application, specifically commenting
5	on Mr. Thompson's CHPA comment, the reason the CHPA agency
6	withheld comment was because they developed the proposal
7	and they were actively involved, and I believe they felt it
8	was a conflict of interest. So they backed off, and this
9	was one of the reasons that they did not comment.
10	The second negative comment is on project No. 47,
11	and again the CHP agency has commented that this project
12	lacks specificity.
13	The program staff is following up on this particular
14	project, and it involves the Omaha and Winnebago tribes,
15	and basically there's a misunderstanding that the outreach
16	from the community health representative in the community
17	population, the CHR's, they assume that you have much more
18	time than really is available; she has a half a day a week
19	for outreach activities, and they didn't really get this
	clarified before they submitted the proposal to the RAG.
20	
21	The RAG again is following this up with program
22	staff and I think they can negotiate this difference.
23	The renal project, DRMPS, Dr. Mathis, the present
24	coordinator, if he would not seek out-of-State technical
25	consultants, and he agreed to do this because all the people
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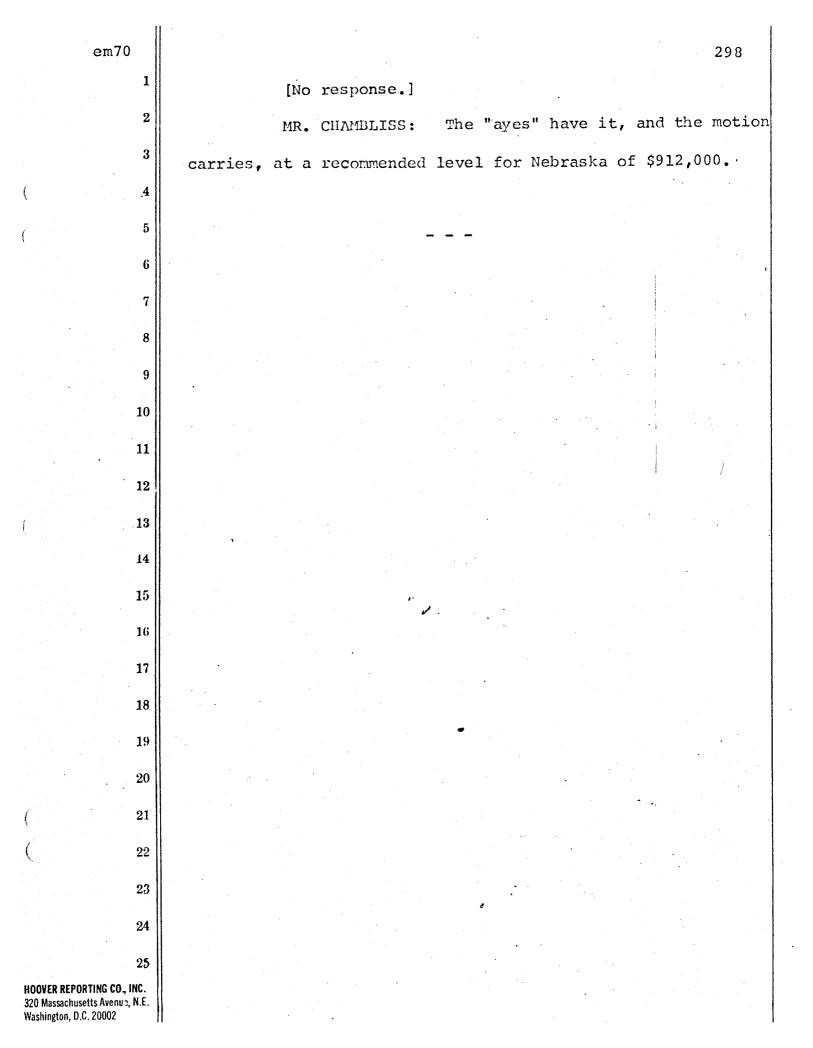
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em68	296
1	within the State of Nebraska have been involved in their
2	project.
3	Yesterday we received a letter from the associate
4	coordinator for program services, attached to three comments
5	basically from the technical reviewers. All three had
6	negative technical comments, reducing the budget from
7	approximately \$51,920 down to 15 or 20 thousand dollars.
8	These comments have not been submitted to their
9	regional advisory group, however. The Regional Advisory
10	Group will be meeting this following Friday, reacting to
11	these negative comments.
12	Basically what you have is a questionable stance.
13	We are trying to ask the community for some suggestions
14	or recommendations on what to do with this particular project.
15	I think I have answered.
16	MR. THOMPSON: My funding recommendation, they are
17	now 502, the target is 868. This comes in at 962. There's
18	a possibility of another 150,000, because there is really no
19	slush fund or escrow, however, designed in this program.
20	All the money is carefully identified in this, these little
21	small programs.
22	It is very difficult to cut much of this, but I
23	would make the recommendation they be funded at \$912,000,
24	which is \$50,000 less than they now have, which reflects their
25	cost of that kidney program, which I have some doubts about.

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297 em69 1 I am not going to tell them that this is against the kidney 2 program, but they've got to read. The kidney program has 3 cost 50,000, we're cut 50,000. And they still will be the 4 third smallest program in the country if they get all this. 5 DR. WHITE: Well, in the past we could say these 6 technical experts came out. If you go ahead and insist on 7 each of these, inspite of our advice and their advice, 8 next time around; they can thumb their nose at us this time, 9 because --10 MR. CHAMBLISS: Would you speak just a little 11 louder, please? MR. THOMPSON: I think the technical comments on 12 this -- I can't see how the RAG can step around them. .13 It was unanimous, and I think the RAG will just drop that. 14 So I think we can put a little hint in the advice 15 letter. 16 I move, then, \$912,000 for the Nebraska proposal. 17 MR. TOOMEY: Second it. 18 MR. CHAMBLISS: The motion has been properly 19 moved and seconded. 20 Is there discussion, please? 21 Question. 22 Those in favor? 23[Chorus of "ayes".] 24 MR. CHAMBLISS: Those opposed? 25 HOOVER REPORTING CO., INC.

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em71	299
1	REGIONAL MEDICAL PROGRAM REVIEW
2	NEW MEXICO
3	MR. CHAMBLISS: Shall we then move to New Mexico?
4	The reviewers here are Dr. Miller, and Dr. White, with Mr.
5	Zivlavski as staff support.
6	Will the record so indicate that Mrs. Jesse
7	Salazar is not a part of these proceedings, and has absented
8	herself from the room.
9	DR. MILLER: The New Mexico application is another
10	of the umbrella type RMP applications.
11	It is an extremely ambitious one, and has an
12	application for \$2.77 million, when the current level of
13	funding is \$1.2.
14	However it does not plan to come in with another
15	application in July, so this is its total application for
16	the next year.
17	The New Mexico RMP had has a new coordinator,
<b>418</b>	and who starts, let's see, May 1st. Dr. Gaye, who has been,
19	in my opinion, an able coordinator in the past, is resigning
20	as of the 30th of June, but will remain as a consultant to
21	Dr. Walsh, the new coordinator.
22	Otherwise, the program leadership seems to be good,
23	and I presume that this arrangement looks like it will still
24	provide a continuity and a fairly stable program leadership.
25	The program staff seems to be adequate, and capable
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em72 1		
	in general.	
2	The original Advisory Group, I don't quite know	
3	what they did why they did what it did. I couldn't find	
.4	it in there, but they recently padded the Regional Advisory	
5	Group, increasing its membership to 120 people.	
6	And we've seen that in reverse a number of times	
7	in the last few years. I don't know what will motivate	
8	it doing this.	
9	But, of course, it forced the development of sub-	
10	committees to then run the program, and at least it seems to	
11	be reasonably satisfactory.	
12	The past performance and accomplishments have some	
_ 13	bright spots, and some that maybe aren't quite so bright.	
14	But in general they seem to be satisfactory. As I felt	
15	their objectives and priorities were, also.	
16	And the proposal is congruent with the explicit	
17	objectives and priorities as given.	
18	The feasbility is another one of these where,	
19	with the tremendous proposal for a year, it doesn't seem very	•
20	likely that it can carry out well the projects that it	
21	proposes.	
22	CHP relationships apparently are quite good.	ĺ
23	So, over-all, I felt the program is above average.	
24	And I felt that the that if RMP was going to be continued	
25	for another three years, this region, like two or three	
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Most of the projects in this application are really projects for the staff. There's some confusion in my mind as to what constitutes a staff program in New Mexico and what constitutes an extramural project, since, in most of the projects, why, the RMP is the, apparently the sponsoring organization, and many of the staff that are going to be working on the project are staff people of the Regional Medical Program.

So I interpreted all except two of these projects to actually be essentially staff activities. Which, in this case, would mean, then, that almost the whole program in New Mexico is a program staff management system of staff and projects run by the same people.

There are two projects that are extramural, which they list as the lowest priority, in which it received some unfavorable comments. So that -- which are for a neonatal regional program and -- I forget what the other one was. Genetics. Oh, yes, genetics regional program.

There's one huge emergency medical service that is an expansion staff project, continuing -- it's a continuation project, but it's a huge expansion, with a budget of \$911,000 Same kind of problem we had before.

I don't know what it was last year. Does the staff

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em74	302	
1	know?	
2	DR. WHITE: We're trying to determine that	
3	right now. That kind of information is not in any of our	
4	research.	
5	I think since the program is funded to July '72 for	
6	\$520,000.	
7	DR. MILLER: \$528,000? Well, it isn't such a huge	
8	expansion.	
9	DR. WHITE: Well, that was for two years.	
10	DR. MILLER: That was a two-year program.	
11	DR. WHITE: That was two years?	
12	DR. MILLER: That was two years of funding?	
13	DR. WHITE: Yes.	
14	Oh, this is one year, \$911,000; and another one of	
15	their projects, health education for the public, was expanded	
16	to \$303,000, and I don't know what the previous level of	
17	that was.	
18	MR. VAN WINKLE: Project 25.	
19	DR. MILLER: No. 25, health education for the	
20	public.	
21	MR. ZIVLAVSKI: There is another substantial	
22	increase. They had \$175,000 in there, and then about 70,000	
23	for the past six months. And they put approximately 225,000	,
2.5 24	in there.	
	DR. MILLER: I have some philosophical feelings	
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em75	303
1	about health education for the public beamed through every
2	possible communication mechanism for one year for \$300,000,
3	as to what are the cost-benefits, and how would you ever
( <b>4</b>	know? And if you can't know, what the devil do you do it
(	for?
6	MR. CHAMBLISS: Dr. Miller, I think in all candor,
7	with the reviewers, it should be noted that we had a staff
8	presentation of that project, health education to the public,
9	during the last year. We were not overly impressed with
10	what came out of it.
11	I say that just so the committee may know that that
12	presentation had been made to the staff.
_ 13	DR. MILLER: I think I can complete my statements
14	now with the feeling that this is an over-ambitious, largely
15	staff programs in an RMP that is fairly good, and therefore
16	my feeling is that we ought to hold our funding to the
17	<pre>/ targeted level.</pre>
18	MR. CHAMLISS: Dr. White.
19	DR. WHITE: Well, I noted that Dr. Gaye was
20	retiring. I don't know Dr. Walsh. I know nothing about New
( 21	Mexico. This is the first time I've had anything to do with
( 22	New Mexico, other than the site visits as a reviewer.
23	Dr. Walsh is an unknown quantity, to me at least.
24	The staff seem to have the credentials.
25	My interpretation of the Regional Advisory Group is
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that it was ex panded to 120 people in 1971, at whose behest I don't know, but possibly to get the minority group in, or one thing or another.

But, in any event, when the phaseout came out, they then began reducing by attrition, and beyond that they also began not meeting, to my interpretation, in delegating their authority to an executive committee and I think this is reflected in the fact that the proposals, as I read them, are enormously impossible.

If they had trouble spending -- I think it says in here the number of people they trained in two years in the EMS program for approximately \$250,000 a year, they have no earthly hope of spending 900-some thousand in a year's time and getting their money's worth out of it.

I think also that health education to the public is a hopeless proposition by the avenues that they propose. I don't why we can convince people to take aspirin by using mass media, but we can't convince them not to take it.

MR. THOMPSON: Well, you know, Bayer's advertising budget is far beyond anything we put out.

DR. WHITE: In any event, beyond that, I would agree with Dr. Miller. I would consider this an average, neither bad nor good; and I think it's entitled to its fair share of whatever money is portioned out, and I would agree to the targeted fund minus whatever is reserved for July,

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and let it go at that.

MR. CHAMBLISS: Dr. Scherlis.

3 DR. SCHERLIS: I looked at the Emergency Medical WD fls 4 Services, which constitute a great part of their budget, and 5 in reviewing it, I asked some serious questions about it. It 6 looks at what is the easy side of the Emergency Medical 7 Service, the trainee and the vehicle end of it, but in terms 8 of looking at a system of care, there are some serious 9 questions. 10 Maybe I could just spend a minute or two on this. Under objectives, it looks at training and communi-11 cations, which really consisted of developing a statewide . 12 emergency communications system linking all hospitals and 13 14 ambulances together, then to create a crisis center to inte-15 grate all communication links. I guess the question I have is something that maybe 16 they have not included in this, although they have about 40 17 or 50 pages devoted to it, and I would rather see that than 18 all the individual sources, and that is, are they are talking 19 about characterization of care? 20I see the reference that this is an important aspect, 21 but if you are going to have people talking to people, they 22should talk to them about something aside from the fact: 23 "We're coming in 'in a hurry; we've got some 24 sick people aboard." 25

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I don't know if they provide in there, and perhaps Staff can comment, whether they have provided medical communication at one end or whether this is administrative communication.

Also, if they are under all of these funds proposed for centers in the state for treating more specifically certain types of catastrophic events, if they are talking about one or twenty burn centers, one or twenty trauma centers, one or twenty cardiovascular centers -- so what is "Training and Communication Evaluation," and I would have to review this carefully, but I would think one would like a great deal more in the way of evaluation than what they have included, if they are going to get some answers in terms of what they want to do.

Continuity -- they are going to ask the Governor for money, which seems to me the best way to continue all forms of care, at least by going through the appropriate motions. But I don't see adequate emphasis in here on what I would think seem to be the real problems despite the fact they are putting in an awful lot of money.

They are talking about basically new and better ambulances, about communications, about training, and I think the other end of it, in terms of what happens when these people get to a center? I don't know if they are talking about by-passing certain areas, or if they are talking about

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really having hierarchy type of care and really a regional 1 type of emergency system. It does not seem to come out of, 2 3 at least, the document that we have, and I question whether or not this is really an adequate presentation or whether 4 you know more about their plans. 5 Maybe this does not do justice to the plan they 6 I don't think that this warrants the price-tag placed 7 have. on it, at least from the minimal review I have given it. 8 Perhaps you can comment? 9 MR. CHAMBLISS: Are there Staff comments in response 10 to Doctor Scherlis's query about New Mexico? 11 MR. ZIVLAVSKI: Why don't I just start from the 12 top and make a few comments? . 13 In terms of the RAG and the number of the RAG, when 14 Doctor Gaye became Coordinator, it was his decision to involve 15 more people in the decision-making process. He increased the 16 RAG 220 members, broadly representative and including minori-17 ties and parts of the state, and the whole thing. 18 In this application it seems like a conflict of 19 information, but in the RAG report it mentions 120 still being 20there, but actually they have decreased it to 73 members. 21 There is a little confusion in interpretation; it 22depends on which page you look at. The -- in terms of the --23of Doctor Miller's comments on whether there is confusion over 24 staff projects, and are they essentially control projects, 25

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WHD48

WHD49

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1	four or five of these activities were out originally with	
2	CO numbers. The last review we had, in a site visit we had	
3	down there, we indicated to them that what they needed to	
4	do was to place these projects in independent status, provide	
5	them with a project number and make sure you give them the	
6	the information to the Project Directors that these are	
7	unlimited activities and they can't crawl back into the wings	
8	of the university once the project phases out.	
9	Just in the last six months, they have typed these	
10	CO type numbers and have been able to communicate these to	
11	the people.	
12	These are free-standing, they are centrally located	
13	in the headquarters of the RMP, physically right in the same	
14	area. However, they are operating as project directors, 100	
15	percent type of activities; when the project ceases, they	
16	are going to have to find new employment, whenever that	
17	happens.	
18	DOCTOR MILLER: But they are staff of the RMP;	
- 19	they are listed under the personnel lists for each one of	
20	those things as the New Mexico RMP staff.	
21	MR. ZIVLAVSKI: There is no duplication in terms	
21	of salaries on the Form 6, which is the core staff salary	
	budget, as well as the Project Directors' salaries. There	
23	is no duplication of funding; each of the moneys are coming	
- 24	out of different types of activities.	
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You can look at Project 32, the community health resource development, Project 33, the health resources registry, and Project 34, regional health resource plan and development; each of these three projects are leaning toward the future of health resource planning.

These are not in escrow, there is not -- these are defined moneys and they tell you exactly what they hope to do in these areas.

Staff did -- there was a presentation by Project No. 25, which is the health education for the public; it has substantially increased their requests. This is a statewide project; the former project director of this is now a Deputy Director of the RMP. 13

It presents a problem; maybe the alternate suggestion is to have a technical review committee, site visit from out of state consultants to come in, people that don't have a bias, and maybe we could send this message back and then write an advice letter to the program to have somebody from out of state come in, let the "RMP pay for it with their own funds, then give the report to the Director of the program -not to Walsh, not the Deputy Director, who is the previous Project Director.

Project Number 18, EMS, there is a heavy emphasis -they have done a lot of things in here; I don't know how to tackle some of your questions, but you mentioned the fact of

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categorization; the Deputy Director, Doctor Hanratty, has been working on a computerized system for it.

Their position is that they are not happy with any of the national plans for categorization, AMA or any of these. They would like a modification of each of these plans, and they would like to have a computerized categorization of the hospitals. And they are working on that right now; they started out slightly on their surveys, the form has been pre-I can't tell you what modifications have been made pared. in the categorizations of all the hospitals, but there is an 10 obvious gap, because one or two hospitals in Albuquerque, one in Santa Fe, and then you have the rest of the state, and 12 they haven't completed this. They have the survey form 13 developed. 14

It is a modified form, and what the results will be have not appeared yet

In area medical communications they work closely with the State Department of Communications. Everything they do there is pretty well based on a total effort, because there are a lot of scant resources.

They have done quite a job in terms of training. No RMP funds have gone into the purchase of vehicles; the RMP -- Doctor Walsh, by the way, the present Director of this Program, is also the Director of the EMS project. If he is finally selected as the final Coordinator on July 1st, his

Deputy Director, Doctor Hanratty, will -- it looks likely 1 that he will take over as Project Director. He has been 2 Deputy Director on the project for one year. 3 MR. CHAMBLISS: I wonder if that sufficiently covers the query about the categorization and so on? 5 DOCTOR WHITE: I might point out that if you take 6 the targeted fund -- I was a little more charitable in 7 approaching their EMS; I think they do have some compatibility 8 in terms of their training programs, and by legislation they 9 are going to be uniform. 10 Communication as I read it was between am bulances 11 and hospitals, where there are enormous distances to get 12 to. 13 DOCTOR SCHERLIS: The average run can be 50 to 100 14 miles. 15 They need to communicate with the DOCTOR WHITE: 16 interim stations along the way just in case something happens. 17 DOCTOR SCHERLIS: This is why I asked about the 18 categorizations, because I don't know how they are going to 19 react to passing certain ones if they have to, and this is a 20key feature to a state that large, with a long haul. 21 But regardless of the quality --DOCTOR WHITE: 22This is rather ironic. Unless I am MR. THOMPSON: 23 mistaken, the first proposal that ever came in from New 24 Mexico, altogether in the old, old, old, days was on emergency 25

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WHD52

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WHD53	1	medical services. They did a rather large study and they
	2	found out that the primary cause of death down there was not
	3	heart, stroke and cancer; it was Indians spread out over the
(and the second s	4	highway in these old cars.
	5	We did not give them any money because they did not
	6	fit into the categories of heart, stroke and cancer.
	7	DOCTOR WHITE: It still doesn't solve the problem
	8	of the Indians, because they point out in here, there are no
	9	areas in which the Indians are terribly keen about participat-
	10	ing in.
	11	MR. CHAMBLISS: Is there a motion and a recommended
	12	level of funding here?
(	13	DOCTOR MILLER: I move that they be funded at the
	14	target level: \$1.64 million.
	15	DOCTOR WHITE: Second.
	16	MR. CHAMBLISS: It has been moved and seconded that
	17	New Mexico be recommended for funding at a level of \$1,644,000.
	18	Is there discussion on the motion?
	19	All in favor?
	20	(Chorus of "Aye")
	21	Opposed? The level is recommended at \$1,644,754.
	22	DOCTOR WHITE: They will get the message about staff
	23	appraisal of educational efforts, won't they?
	24	MR. CHAMBLISS: Your concerns will be passed along,
	25	indeed, regarding EMS and education for the public.
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1	REGIONAL MEDICAL PROGRAM REVIEW	
2	NORTH CAROLINA REGION	
3	MR. CHAMBLISS: Shall we go on then to North	
4	Carolina?	
5	Doctor Miller, Doctor McPhedran, and Staff will be	
6	represented by Mrs. Parks.	
7	DR. SCHERLIS: We should have Mrs. Salazar come	
8	back, shouldn't we?	
9	DOCTOR MILLER: This is another large application.	
10	North Carolina has a current funding level of \$1.67 million,	
11	it puts in an application for \$3.26 million, and plans to sub-	
12	mit another application in July for \$400,000.	
13	Targeted level is \$2.78 million, and the composite	
14	of the present application with the proposed additions in	
15	July will be 132 percent of the target, or \$880,000 over the	
16	target amount.	
17	The Region is a good Region, in general, has done	
18	a lot of things in the past that are quite outstanding. They	
19	have a change in the Project Director and Coordinator, which	
20	I can not assess. Perhaps the Staff can help us with that.	
21	The new Executive Director, Ben Weaver, was Deputy	
22	Director for five years, so it is presumed that his leadership	
23	should probably be adequate.	
24	The program staff approach looks all right; they	
25	plan to increase it guite a lot during this next year, but	
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they have a fairly good nucleus anyway.

The Regional Advisory Group assessment is all right. The past performance, as I mentioned, is good; their objectives and priorities are good, and the proposal fits in with their objectives and priorities. 5

Their CHP relationships are good.

This, in my opinion, is one of the extremely needy areas in this country, where you can hardly design anything that would not help, because their needs are so great, and they are really deprived of health care. There are many areas of health care deprivation in services, and they have been working toward these and have made some outstanding achievements, I think, in this area.

So I think they deserve a recognition of those things.

They have, in this application, 45 projects. A lot of them are not very good in principles of feasibility or performance, and are not in my opinion, justification for the costs.

One continuation, one which bothers me terribly, but I guess it's just one of those things, is a medical air operations, which is \$50,000, which is a continuation, so I suppose they have been doing it, which is solely for the -the money is spent solely for the purpose of flying faculty, students and staff around the state in private planes in

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support of the area health education center project.

Of course, all kinds of faculty -- as well as students and staff -- would like to fly in private airplanes almost anywhere if you give them that luxury.

Another one, they have a project in here for the medical foundation they have in the state for a PSRO development for \$125,000. I think this is inappropriate; PSRO's are going to be funded, and as near as I can tell from that application, it is a pure PSRO project development.

Then there are multiple rural health clinic supports. There are supplementary support to state clinics or state rural health clinics, which undoubtedly are needed, and are supported by the state. But the amount of this support amounts to \$243,000 altogether.

And then another supportive project for supporting the area health education center activities in the state, which is funded outside of RMP, to develop a library network for \$363,000 in community hospitals throughout the state. Although I don't question their statement that community hospitals have no library facilities that amount to anything, and when you want to educate health-care professionals in rural communities, why, one of the things you need is a library, but it seems like an overly ambitious approach without any guarantee that it will be continued.

Another of the fundamental things, of course, in a

WHD-4 1	place like North Carolina, which I think is probably true
2	in some of the other similar types of states, there is very
3	little guarantee that these any of these activities will
4	be continued after RMP funding, probably because, however,
5	that their potential for funding things is so poor that they
6	are quite dependent upon Federal funding programs.
7	In general, I regard this as a superior program,
8	and it is a terrifically needy area, where they a composite
9	application which is over-ambitious, and some of it is
10	inappropriate, and my recommendation would, again, be a fund-
11	ing at the target level.
12	MR. CHAMBLISS: Doctor McPhedran?
_13	DOCTOR MC PHEDRAN: I agree. I really have nothing
14	to add.
15	DOCTOR MILLER: I'll make the motion, then.
16	DOCTOR MC PHEDRAN: I'll second that.
17	MR. CHAMBLISS: It has been moved and seconded that
18	North Carolina be recommended for funding at the targeted
19	level of \$2,775,522.
20	Is there discussion on the motion?
21	DOCTOR MILLER: Their present funding for the
22	current year is \$1,175,000, so they will get
23	MR. VAN WINKLE: About \$1.1.
24	DOCTOR MILLER: They will get \$1,100, 000 more
25	money; they probably can't spend that either.
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IHD-5	1	DOCTOR WHITE: Well, I guess that is what bothers
	2	me, in terms of losing out on a million dollars.
<b></b>	3	Even though you said it was a superior Region, yet
	4	I look at what? 45 new projects, which
	5	DOCTOR MILLER: Very needy. How do you really
	6	decide on deprived areas? There is no way to solve those
	7	problems without pouring money into them.
	8	MR. THOMPSON: They are going to come in with
•	9	another \$400,000.
	10	DOCTOR WHITE: Let's not get people used to some-
	11	thing why get the poor people out in the hills used to
	12	something they are going to lose next year?
	.13	DOCTOR MILLER: Reminds me of a site visit I went
	14	on a couple of years ago to West Virginia. Have any of you
	15	been to West Virginia?
	16	We were questioning a lot of these things, and one
	17	of the physicians said:
	18	"We depend on Federal money for a living; we
	19	will do anything whatever the Federal money resource requires, because we are totally dependent upon Federal
	20	money."
	21	DOCTOR SLATER: They are not the only group that
Ç.,	22	says that.
	23	MR. CHAMBLISS: Doctor Miller, may I just ask a
	24	point here, about the PSRO? Did you say that was out and out
	25	
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1	PSRO?
2	DOCTOR MILLER: Nearly as I can tell. Does the
3	Staff have any other interpretation?
4	MRS. PARKS: We thought the same way.
5	DOCTOR MC PHEDRAN: I agree.
6	DOCTOR MILLER: I think it is totally inappropriate
7	at this time.
8	DOCTOR SCHERLIS: I have some concern, because I
9	think in your description of the various projects, programs and
10	so on, I was detecting a certain note of lack of enthusiasm,
11	and then I had your conclusions, which reflected, in a way,
12	a disparate approach.
13	You know, the need is there, I think we would agree;
14	the RMP has a pretty good track record, and again I would
15	assume that, given an area that is impoverished in many ways,
16	these funds might eventually do some good.
17	I do have a significant concern, though, in terms
18	of all that money, in view of what I think were very apt cri-
19	ticisms of the ability to really spend this wisely, and I
20	would think, particularly in view of the fact that they are
21	coming back for at least additional funds at \$400,000, and in
22	view of the fact that we doubt very much that all of this can
23	be not just efficiently spent, but let's say inadequately
24	spent, that you might then entertain some reduction from the
25	target figure, understanding that they are going to come back
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for more, although I know that is not a constraint, but I just have some difficulty, as I view the large array of projects, particularly the one for, say -- well, I guess it would be \$362,000 for a statewide network of hospital libraries. I wonder if you might not entertain the possibility

of reducing that some, because I don't think they could really effectively utilize this support level.

DOCTOR MILLER: I judge on that library business they are going to staff those libraries? I could not tell in the application, but they are probably going to set up libraries in every one of these hospitals, which has nothing now.

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Is that true?

MRS. PARKS: Right. They will be tied into the nine area health-education centers, but I don't think that the supportive personnel will solely be funded through the North Carolina RMP.

DOCTOR MILLER: Well, it costs a lot of money to set up nine libraries.

DOCTOR WHITE: Doesn't it cost a fair amount to keep them going, in terms of personnel?

DOCTOR MILLER: It is a terrible problem. She says they are going to keep them going; will the hospital undertake the responsibility, or the AHEC, or solely someb ody else, for

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1	the operation of these libraries after one year, after the
2	RMP is gone?
1 (n. 1997) 1 (n.	DOCTOR WHITE: If nothing else, somebody has to dust
4	the books.
5	MRS. PARKS: I am not really sure. The only infor-
6	mation I have is what is in the Form 15, and it was not clear
7	as to how many would.
8	DOCTOR MILLER: It does not say; there are a lot of
9	unanswered things as you read these.
10	DOCTOR WHITE: Did you find contributions from the
11	Appalachian Regional Commission? Matching funds and things
12	of that sort that look as though they might be substantial?
13	DOCTOR MILLER: I don't think they have that in
14	here, do they?
15	MRS. PARKS: No.
16	MR. THOMPSON: What I can't understand; they have
17	been working specifically with hospital libraries, hospitals
18	and quality control for all these years. What the hell have
19	they been doing? All those small hospitals; that was the main
20	thrust of the project quality control and libraries. DOCTOR VAUN: The objectives of the National Library
21	of Medicine is not to perpetuate the old concept of libraries.
22	It does not cost a lot to build a library that can function
23	through the National Library of Medicine network, and if we
24	pour this amount of money into creating a lot of old-fashioned
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1	libraries, you might just as well flush it down thedrain.
2	MR. VAN WINKLE: Staff had flagged that for that
3	consideration.
	DOCTOR MILLER: Well, I think cutting the budget,
4	even to the target level, will put the pressure on them for
5	
6	some of this kind of stuff.
7	MR. CHAMBLISS: That is the motion, to recommend
8	funding at the target level.
9	Is there further discussion?
10	DOCTOR SCHERLIS: May I move an amendment to the
11	motion?
12	MR. CHAMBLISS: You may indeed.
13	DOCTOR SCHERLIS: I withdraw my motion.
14	MR. CHAMBLISS: Those in favor of the motion, let
	it be known by the usual sign of voting.
15	(Chorus of "Aye")
16	Those opposed?
17	(No response)
18	May we have a show of hands on that vote, please?
19	(Show of hands.)
20	Three in favor, and the "Nay's" have it and the
21	motion is not carried. The Chair will entertain a new motion.
22	DOCTOR SCHERLIS: I would move that the target
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24	figure be reduced by \$400,000, as the level of funding for
25	the coming fiscal year.
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322-A the vast array of projects, particularly that one, and to 1 think in terms of what will happen to a statewide systems 2 when you have libraries in individual hospitals, and what will 3 occurnat that time. I think there is a lot of fat in this budget. Ι 5 don't think this is going to affect their overall program one 6 iota, and I think to fund them at their target level now, 7 when they will be coming back for additional funds, they 8 aren't bound to ask for only \$400,000; I'm sure they will be 9 asking f or a significant sum more -- I'd like to give them 10 that latitude. 11 Now, if you asked me if I reached a rational feeling, 12I think that I tried to express myself rationally, but I 13 would suggest to you that the input to that was about 95 per-14 cent gut reaction. 15 Is that a fair appraisal? That's what you thought, 16 didn't you? 17 That is what I thought. DOCTOR MC PHEDRAN: 18 MR. CHAMBLISS: Shall I call the question again? 19 Those in favor? 20 (Chorus of "Aye" ) 21 Opposed? 22(No response) 23The motion is carried; to recommend a level of fund-

ing at \$2,375,522.

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1	DOCTOR WHITE: I'll second that.	
2	MR. CHAMBLISS: The motion is now that the recom-	
3	mended level be set at \$2,375,522.	
4	It has been properly moved and seconded. Is there	.
5	discussion?	
6	DOCTOR MC PHEDRAN: I supported the previous motion,	ĺ
7	and I really feel it is important for me to say that this is	
8	another arbitrary choice so was the previous one.	
- 9	I don't really know how you decide, and it is	
10	obviously arbitrary and I don't know how it can ever be	
11	intelligently decided. In fact, it can't be without a more	
12	detailed review of the projects.	
13	So I think that I would like to know whether Doctor	
14	Scherlis would acknowledge that this is a really arbitrary	
15	amount?	
16	DOCTOR SCHERLISY Let me tell you the rational way	
17	in which I reached my decision. I sit here and listen to	
18	the reviewer with a great deal of care, because he is going	
19	has gone through the document more than any of us have,	
20	and must really have some expertise. And I get a certain	
21	flavor which I file away, I assume, somewhere in my brain.	
22	Really, it is a gut reaction, and then as the dis-	
23	cussion goes on and I try to relate what I have heard at	
24	previous meetings, to a particular state, what I did in this	
25	instance was to look at the sum they have asked for, look at	
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1	REGIONAL MEDICAL PROGRAM REVIEW
2	NORTH DAKOTA REGION
3	MR. CHAMBLISS: Now we will move to North Dakota.
4	The presenters here will be Doctor Slater and Doctor
5	Scherlis; Miss Resnik will represent the Staff.
6	DOCTOR SCHERLIS: North Dakota, Mr. Chambliss, is
7	the smallest budget RMP in the nation, of \$367,746, and are
8	coming back in with a request for \$774,057, which is 132 per-
9	cent of the anticipated target.
10	I would like to make a comment that there must be
11	some kind of a leak in this agency, because despite your pro-
12	testations that they don't know what the targeted figures are,
13	North Dakota is so honest that they said:
14	"There has resulted a grant application figure
15	that exceeds the target figure."
16	Which doesn't bother me very much.
17	DOCTOR SLATER: North Dakota also makes a point
18	which I think will rectify that and I am abstracting here:
19	"We have considerable difficulty attracting
20	physicians to North Dakota. Our image is ridiculous in
21	view of the national situation."
22	I think they have some problems in this proposal
23	which reflect that self-image. Quite honestly, I am concerned
24	about their priorities, and there is not a thing, I believe,
25	that we can perhaps do about this.
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Their image, in fact, is based on the fact that

they have about 146 primary care physicians per 100,000 population, which is the lowest on the national scene, and their concern is that they need to upgrade their medical care system, primarily going in the direction of producing more manpower and increasing the education of those individuals, both professional and lay, who are already there in North Dakota.

As you know, there has been a major press to developa four-year medical school, and I had the opportunity to visit North Dakota after the original feasibility study, to determine whether they would become a Region, and recommended 12 to you -- what? In '67, I guess; Doctor Scherlis has been there more recently, so his information is better than mine . but they now have been accredited for a four-year school, and are searching for ways to 'implement this.

Well, to get back to what they have been doing, they have, from what I can make out, a small, reasonably wellorganized, active staff, and I will have to rely entirely upon other people's inputs to determine how effective they are.

Their program thrust, as I said, was in education and manpower.

Past accomplishments include Emergency Medical Care System; they have been able to produce 1,000 Emergency

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Medical Technicians, which has produced a number of one per 600 population, which is the highest ratio on the national scene. They are proud of that; they feel it makes a very effective dent, at least on attending to accidents and emergency problems.

In the second area of activity, the University of North Dakota, working their EXtension Service through the Medical School, and working in conjunction with the Public Health Department, and the RMP, have really been able to get engaged in a great deal of data collection and professional education -- continuing education programs.

There are four AHEC areas which are actively involved in the arrangement of local teaching programs for lay and allied health professional teaching people, and associated with this have been the arrangements for a great deal of travel by nurse educators as well as the bringing in of local physicians to become engaged as teachers in their own special areas of capability, for not only lay but allied health professional people.

So that by and large, I think they have concentrated a great deal on blanketing the state with a great variety of types of continuing education and special types of therapy for coronary care, renal, chronic renal disease, problems requiring rehabilitation of the handicapped and the like.

Now, where are they going, against this kind of a

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background? 1 They have presented a series of activities here 2 which -- in which I would like to indicate to you where they 3 see their priorities, on page 16. 4 Their RAG is made up of 47 people, with nine repre-5 sentatives from Comprehensive Health Planning. I believe 6 they work very closely with CHP, but I don't have any direct 7 evidence of it from this proposal, except in the sense that 8 the CHP people are involved in reviewing and helping set Q priorities on the proposals that go through. 10 They are asking for a series of projects, and I will 11 just run through them and give you the commentary on them. 12 First of all, they are intereseted in feasibility 13 study to look into the development of a residency program in 14 This of course is oriented to getting the internal medicine. 15 medical school off the ground. \$13,775; this will put together 16 committees, consultants and site visits. 17 They are particularly anxious in looking at 18 Pittsfield, Mass., Rutgers University, Muncie, Indiana, I 19 believe it is, who have been able to develop residency programs 20 at community hospitals. They would like to develop a consor-21 tium of hospitals for the residency programs that emanate 22from the University of North Dakota. 23The second project, small -- \$9,620 -- a feasibility 24 study to look into the potential for graduate programs of

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behavioral science related to family practice, and they are looking to the possibility of developing a Master's degree in behavioral technology as a graduate program, and also set up resources for marital counseling, child-rearing, sex counseling, addiction, dying, and they will do this through statewide meetings and consultations and this kind of activity through AHEC.

The third type of program is \$400,000, a biomedical communications system connecting the four AHEC's, phase A and B are to go on during this fiscal year, first of all to study the feasibility and costs, and mechanics of this, and secondly to purchase the equipment.

After they purchase the equipment, by the end of Fiscal Year '75, they will then present a fiscal study to see whether or not it is possible to continue to fund this, and that will go to the legislature, later to be in fact picked up and operated by the University of North Dakota.

There is really no mention of the -- apart from microwave connections and a few general words -- there is no mention of the kinds of equipment, how the terminals will operate, what the details are, how the people will fit into this -- now many specific types of programs will be functioning through the learning centers that will be located in these four places.

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By and large, I don't understand this and am very

WHD17 1	concerned about this type of expenditure of money.
2	I bring this up now because it is a tremendous
3	chunk of money to spend when one could put this into the pro-
( <b>4</b>	duction of personnel who will go out and improve the home care
5	treatment, and so on.
6	Fourth, they want a computer lab. They really are
7	anxious to be able to program the health data that they are
8	pulling together and improve their computer laboratory capa-
9	bility. That is \$36,000.
10	Satellite hemadialysis unit they want they have
11	one five-bed unit presently, operating at Fargo; they want
12	a three-bed unit put together at the United Hospital in
13	Grand Forks, which would give them two in the state.
14	A project review program for North Dakota certifica-
15	tion and need law and the Federal capability expenditures;
16	\$25,000. They want to bring in a consulting firm, John, to
17	tell them what the capability of a certification of need law
18	is. You will have to comment on that for us.
19	They are talking about a human services center, for
20	\$41,700.
21	They have developed a medical park, with two new
( 22	hospitals going up; I believe it -is in Grand Forks, and they
23	would like to put up a separate facility in which all of the
29	other health and human services agencies are placed, so that
	everything is placed in one area there, and they can inter-
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1	digitate more effectively for the coverage of people being	
2	serviced by that area.	
. 3	It sounds like a good idea; they put it on the	
ų.	bottom of their priorities list.	
5	Number 8 is a data analysis two of these have	
6	been withdrawn. The last one is development and teaching	
7	health data collection forms, to be done by the Department of	
8	Health in Bismarck; \$25,000.	
9	I am very concerned, personally, about the amount	
10	of time that is spent up there collecting data and analyzing	ŀ
11	it. I don't quite understand what they are doing with all	
12	this data; they were talking about this back in 1967. It	
13	seems to me they should have been able to get some kind of	
14	an operational base on what can be done in North Dakota, with	
15	all these years of RMP activity, so someone from Staff or	
16	Doctor Scherlis will have to fill us in on that.	
17	I would like to suspend further commentary on this	
18	at the moment. I can't decide whether or not to suggest that	
19	we hold them to the targeted funds, or to wack out the	
20	\$400,000 entirely, as we just did on that project.	
21	MR. CHAMBLISS: Thank you, Doctor Slater. Mr	
22	Doctor Scherlis?	
23	DOCTOR SCHERLIS: I don't know if I can be helpful	
29 24	in this. When I was in North Dakota, I guess I share the	
	concerns that other site visitors have had previously; this	
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I remember as I was leaving, going to the airport,

a finger was thrust at my chest and I was told that: "You people from Washington just don't know

what we people out here really need and should do." And I only resented it because I wasn't from Washington.

Their Executive Director makes this a 25 percent effort as far as his time allotment, and there is no Deputy Director, so that is a blank. And I think this is indicated in a way by the type of projects that we see, because these do not really indicate any homogenous presentation in terms of addressing what many people who come to that state feel the real health needs are.

When I was there the thrust was more toward Physicians' Assistants and Emergency Medical Technicians, on the bais of what has been there described as far as the ratio of physicians to the population of the state, and it concerns me that they are going at the computer approach rather than through the people approach.

Two of the projects have beenwithdrawn, two which were given very unfavorable ratings by their local CHP agency, so this reduced their overall request by, I think \$28,000. DOCTOR SLATER: Both of those were data collection,

again.

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1	DOCTOR SCHERLIS: Their staff is small; they have	
2	a 25 percent Executive Director, an Assistant Director for	
3	Administration that's another that is a full-time person,	•
4	and they have two individuals in Program Evaluation, which is	
5	a person and a third, and a full-time person in Health	
6	Education, who is a nurse involved in health education, so	
7	they do suffer from lack of staff, as a great many of these	
8	projects appear to derive from the university.	
9	When we were there there were some hopes of having	
10	areas outside of the larger population centers, and let's	
11	face it North Dakota does not have many large population	
12	centers by our criteria, but these do not seem to have been	
- 13	implemented, and I think and are affected in the present	
14	report.	
15	As you look at the individual programs, you can	
16	fault them. I think in terms of using RMP funds for residercy	
17	programs at a medical school, you know, if you can't get your	
18	money anywhere else, RMP can be approached, and yet you could	
19	say that in North Dakota, if they can attract physicians that	
20	come to their state under any guise, this is a wholly worth-	
21	while way of improving health care.	
22	I am impressed with the fact that this has a little	
23	different flavor than it used to have; at least they are	
24	interested in more ways, in health care delivery, and the	
	North Dakota project, at least in my experience before, was	

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IHDQ.21 1	very much from the top and not totally physician and provider
2	oriented.
3	I am concerned, as Doctor Slater was, about that
	biomedical communications system for \$400,000, and also ito
5	the application of computer technology, which was another
6	\$36,000, and this was to have health care professionals in
7	the state as they said it:
8	"affect an evaluation of the application
9	of computer technology in health care fields."
10	And the way they would do this would be to have the physicians
10	apparently located in different communities to have access
	to the computers, in order to improve the delivery of health
12	care, and as I read this, I don't quite know what they say.
13	The speak of the "selection and implementation of
14	process for computer programs or software will require con-
15	siderable investigation of computer systems now in operation,
16	and therefore considerable travel, study and collaboration
17	with other investigators throughout the United States will
18	be necessary."
19	And I guess what they will be looking for are pro-
20	grams that will help physicians improve the level of health
21	care. This is how it comes out, and I would think that,
22	Number 1, the funds that they ask for won't be helpful in
23	that regard, and Number 2, a lot of these programs are readily
24	accessible by getting in touch with other areas and utilizing
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WHD22

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the mail, and I wonder how much acceptance there will be by North Dakota physicians in this, and I don't sense from this that the homework has been done.

If you talk about a state that asks for three and a half million dollars, and you cut it down to two and a half million, I don't feel very badly.

But when you take a state that is asking for a relative pittance -- it is already the lowest-funded -- and then you begin carving out big chunks, you leave it with very, very little, if anything, to move on.

So one rational approach that I also should have mentioned in my discussion before is inconsistency, which is again, one of my chief virtues.

So I don't feel constrained to be consistent in any recommendation that I make, and one thing that this Review Comittee has always impressed me with is its great ability to be consistent. This has been, if anything, the most consistent feature about it, including the directions that we get on top, about what RMP means this year, at this meeting and this has been true of every meeting I have ever attended, and I think that I won't have to defend consistency any longer in that regard.

So I would support your general comments; I guess it is a question of coming up with a sum of money to recommend, and perhaps you could have some discussion before we offer

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1	that motion, if that is within the purview of the reviewer.	
2	MR. THOMPSON: Has there been any Staff input on	
3	this \$450,000 thing?	
4	MISS RESNIK: Yes, there is one letter in response	
5	to a question which I asked a Doctor did he need to do	
6	all of this at this time? It is tied to the four AHEC's at	
7	the four big cities Grand Forks, Minor, Bismark and Fargo.	
8	He suggested yes, they probably would not tie in	
9	with all of the facilities as originally planned. The letter	
10	which I guess I just haven't had a chance to duplicate, is	
. 11	from the project Director, Doctor Christopherson, who suggested	
12	that he could reduce the equipment by about \$80,000, and man-	
- 13	power by \$24,000, leaving a total of a little over \$300,000	
14	for the project.	
15	That still is very large, and I believe what may	
16	have happened is that they approached the AHEC's and they	
17	couldn't get additional funding. They are funded for five	
18	years out of the old Manpower grant, and so they are just	
19	trying to do something with this, although they are justifying	
20	it on the basis of the educational programs in the medical	
21	schools.	
22	MR. CHAMBLISS: Doctor Miller?	
23	DOCTOR MILLER: I don't think I have a vested	
24	interest, so I think it is all right for me to make some com-	
25	ments.	

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1	I have been a big brother to the North Dakota	
2	RMP's for a long time, and we really need to understand the	
3	Dakotas in the center of the country, in a program like	
4	this; you know, the Dakota Territory was a territory and	
5	when they finally became a state, which was a long time ago,	
6	but it was one of the latter ones, and North and South Dakota	
7	are typically pioneer American rugged, independent indivi-	
8	dualists, everybody doing his own thing now in his own way,	·
9	and to heck with his neighbor, and they never could get	
10	together.	
11	They still can't; they are divided between North	
11	and South Dakota, as different as though they were arch-	1
12	enemies, though it has modified somewhat Lately.	
13	North Dakota medically of course is very small;	• .
	the population is 500,000, MInnesota's is one million. They	
15	have 50 hospitals in North Dakota, whereas Minnesota has 286.	
16	They have 500 physicians; Minnesota has 5,000.	
17	They are arch-conservatives, rural America, independent; they	
18	have some justifications for it, incidentally. They have	-
19	very small amounts of medical personnel and hospitals, by	
20	population ratio, but do you know where the longest length of	
21	life is in the United States? Northern North Dakota.	
22	They have the fewest number of health care facilities	
23	in the United States, by population Northern North Dakota.	
24	So maybe there is something about health that is	
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more important than medical care.

Now, they are beginning to change, and the change is motivated by the very great need for them to have a com-3 plete medical school. Nowadays, their two year school, which incidentally was a superb one -- their graduates could choose almost any other medical school they wanted to go to in the United States and get admitted, because they were very, very well-trained two-year men.

But that is not an option now, and they really desperately need to develop their own medical school. They have a big AHEC grant, and have these four units which have the potential of developing a clinical tie-in, multiple small places, with the medical school and still maintain quality in medical education at the clinical level.

Now, they need support in every way they can get it in order to carry out this rather ambitious plan. They also pioneered in the training of medics, and were one of the first ones, along with Duke -- but a different approach, of training Physicians' Assistants, which has gone very well in North Dakota.

So they are moving into a cooperative approach, they are cooperating with each other in their viciously competitive adjacent towns better than they have before, and I would put in a plug for --- let's give them a little push. DOCTOR CARPENTER: Is it really true that people in

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WHD26	1	North Dakota live longer, or does it just seem longer?
	2	(Discussion off the record)
	3	DOCTOR SCHERLIS: Anecdotally, North Dakota is the
	4	only place I have ever been to where the home that we went
	5	to, which is one of a series of apartments, instead
	6	(Further discussion off the record)
	7	We do have a number we have arrived at.
	8	MR. CHAMBLISS: All right. We would like to have
	9	the recommendation of the presenters.
1	10	DOCTOR SCHERLIS: I would not be prepared to defend
1	11	it, but that is for a number of \$500,000, which is midway
]	12	between, actually, what they have asked and what is targeted,
	13	and the rationale that we have used, which is not offered as
	14	a means of defense, is that they now have a level of \$367,000,
	15	they requested \$774,000, and actually reducing that by what
	16	they have indicated they can, which is \$104,000, plus eliminat-
	17	ing two projects which is not a significant decrease
	18	it comes to a total of \$100,000.
	19	I would think at this particular time, with the
	20	medical school coming in, that within the constraints that
	21	they have during the coming year, this would be I would
	22	assume the values of the programs they are looking at, and
	23	certainly they can come back in July for more.
	24	The major reduction is what they have indicated they
	25	can take.
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WHD27

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MISS RESNIK: They are not coming back in July, according to their suggestion.

MRS. WYCKOFF: Can they come in now, or is it too late?

DOCTOR SCHERLIS: Well, even if they are not coming back, this reduction, \$104,000 -- what they have indicated they can make by dropping two projects, again this is not a significant reduction but I think it reflects on some of their -- well, computer services, that the other additional reductions have made, so this is \$500,000, which is over their present level of funding.

DOCTOR SLATER: It effectively takes out the biomedical program. Since the \$360,000 was put into microwave sending and receiving equipment, it makes it possible for them, though, still to spend somewhere between \$20,000 and \$40,000 to put in four audio-visual learning packages in the AHEC centers, which could be used locally to improve teaching techniques for various types of personnel.

By suggesting this, we have taken \$224,000 out of the request, so we have effectively killed off the biomedical system.

MISS RESNIK: Yes, they still have a start, and now we can go ahead, if it is agreeable, to suggesting limiting the locations where they are going to try out this " Medline" microwave.

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WHD28 1	MR. CHAMBLISS: Would the Committee so recommend?
2	Did we have a motion to that effect, or was that
3	a recommendation? May we have a motion, please?
4	DOCTOR SLATER: Motion by Doctor Scherlis, seconded
5	by me.
6	MR. CHAMBLISS: It has been moved and seconded
7	that the level of funding for North Dakota be at the level
8	of \$500,000.
9	Is there discussion?
10	DOCTOR SLATER: I would like Mr. Thompson to refer
. 11	briefly to that question before we go on.
12	MR. THOMPSON: There are 24 states that have certi-
13	ficate of need legislation.
14	DOCTOR SLATER: To spend \$25,000?
15	DOCTOR VAUN: The importance of certificate of need
16	legislation in a state that is that has only two dialysis
17	units escapes me, but what I wanted to make was the observa-
18	tion that the knife seems to be getting sharper as the day
19	wears on, and I am especially sensitive of this when we have
20	been dealing with other Regions whose requests are in the
21	millions.
22	We have arbitrarily landed on the target figure, and when we are dealing with a small state like this, that has
23	a very small \$80,000 makes a lot of difference, and in light
24	of Doctor Miller's comments, I really would like to see us
25	of Doctor miller b commence, i really would like to bee up
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give them at least the target figure.

MRS. SALAZAR: Mister Chairman, I endorse that. Is discussion still in order?

MR. CHAMBLISS: Certainly.

MRS. SALAZAR: I used to have some administrative responsibility for the state of North Dakota, and of all the Regions I have ever dealt with -- and I have dealt with quite a few -- the state of North Dakota has a long history of being very penurious in their applications. They spend money wisely and they spend it well, and they are very fiscal, they are very accountable to every dime.

I am looking down the list of the RAG and I see a lot of old familiar names, and I also see some on the staff, and I also note that they are trying to recruit a Deputy Director, which is one of the things that I recall is an old problem, and I am wondering how much we would damage the program if we reduce it by a relatively small figure? How attractive this would be to somebody they are trying to recruit for leadership, which is very much needed in this area.

DOCTOR SCHERLIS: We would like to withdraw our motion and suggest that it be the targeted figure.

MR. CHAMBLISS: The amount mentioned in the motion is withdrawn and the target figure is substituted, and that figure is \$582,217.

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DOCTOR SCHERLIS: I would also like to just note 1 for the record -- it is interesting to note, and we should 2 have mentioned this in what I think is a very active motion 3 on appeal -- they never ask money for overhead. Isn't this 4 true? They are the only state in the Union that refuses to 5 ask for overhead of RMP, and maybe this is a way of refunding 6 some of that overhead. 7 Those in favor of the MR. CHAMBLISS: Question? 8 motion? 9 (Chorus of "Aye") 10 Those opposed? 11 (No response) 12 The "Aye's" have it; the motion carries. 13 DOCTOR SLATER: Will the Staff advice going back on 14 this indicate the concern over the priorities of communication 15 and so on? 16 Yes. MR. CHAMBLISS: 17 MR. THOMPSON: And the certificate of need thing? 18 MR. CHAMBLISS: And "the certificate of need thing. 19 DOCTOR SLATER: This concern is coming from people 20 who have spent time in the rural areas. 21 MR. CHAMBLISS: Will the Staff note that? 22 I would now like to ask the Committee to make a 23decision as to how we could proceed during the lunch hour 24 We have completed the review of eight regions this here. 25

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WHD30

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7HD31	1	morning, we have eight left; we could, if you wis	
	2	one more and then Northlands, and that would :	
	3	Carpenter, and then after that immediately start	in on Texas,
n an Alexandra Alexandra Na Alexandra	4	and that would clear Doctor Slater.	· · ·
	5	I stand open for suggestions from the (	Committee as
	6	to how we should proceed.	
	7	MR. THOMPSON: Let's get going on Nor	thlands.
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7HD31

## NORTHLANDS REGION

2	NORTHLANDS REGION	
3	MR. CHAMBLISS: All right, let's move forward to	
4	Northlands, and let the record show that Doctor Miller, the	
5	former Coordinator of Northlands, has absented himself from	
6	the room.	
7	The reviewers here are is Doctor Carpenter.	
8	Staff support will be provided by Mr. Jewell, on Northlands.	
9	DOCTOR CARPENTER: Well, this is a sort of the	
10	same problem. The Coordinator, as is perfectly obvious to	
11	everyone here, has left, and I think he left quite a hole.	
12	The Region has given up its own priorities, or if	
13	it hasn't, at least it doesn't mention them in the applica-	
14	tion.	
15	The staff is it simply lists the Federal words	1
16	and then says what it might do after that.	
17	The staff is tiny; there are four people, with three	
18	professionals. They have in mind enlarging to five, I believe	
19	But I see no evaluation of any significance, and again, the	
20	projects don't seem to me to have any specific goals.	
21	They are talking about area health education centers	
<b>2</b> 2	but it is not clear that there is local support for these,	
23	and it seems more a question of bringing in Mayo-produced	
24	software to be displayed to hospitals and staffs who undoubted	ly
25	will be busy elsewhere.	

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They don't have any activity in primary care, and I was pretty concerned at that point. That was my first time through, and I -- after I went back through it again, it is a triennial application; this is the third year. Their mechanism, except for the staff, I guess --

their mechanism is intact. The RAG was inactive for a while, but it seems to be back again.

The man who took over was the Deputy Director for a number of years, and he puts together a very mechanical application. It is beautiful, you know? All the -- everything is color-coded, and you can find your way through it very nicely, but I just don't find any substance there.

The contracts through CHP and the state agencies will apparently lead to the designation of Emergency Room facilities by classification and a better communications system between the various agencies providing emergency care in the state, and this will be something which I believe the original Coordinator started, and it is going to leave a legacy that I suspect will be useful.

The definition of levels of training for various kinds of emergency personnel and performance standards have been elaborated, and for the continuation and development of this emergency project, they are asking for \$140,000 for local plans, and \$120,000 for the state coordinating mechanism. Then there is this network of community-based health

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education centers; they do have local councils, and at least a part-time staff now, in each of the areas.

Continuing education was -- has always been, I guess, of importance to them, and they have continued that. They are -- they have a series of these AHEC's; they have a standard description on each of the projects, which is goals that I think were set sometime ago, and then on some of the projects, there is typed in with a different typewriter some additional ideas.

For instance, some of the -- they have a management training program, and some of the AHEC's, but not all of them, will take advantage of that.

One of them is going to get involved in public education, but no particular information about exactly what that means.

Altogether, this program for the community based health-education centers will cost about \$636,000-\$640,000. Then there are -- they are interested in the PSRO,

business, and they are not coming at it in a way which I would think -- or, I would think they probably should have not started this way; they are interested in quality evaluation, and they know that they are laying the groundwork for a PSRO, but I am not sure that they are going to -- I am not sure how you look at it.

They are going to set criteria, but they are going

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1 to develop nine pilot programs, too. And all in all, they 2 will invest \$190,000 in something called the "Foundation for 3 Health Care Evaluation," and I hope --

MR. THOMPSON: It sounds like a PSRO to me.

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DOCTOR CARPENTER: I hope we can have some descrip-

They have managed to pull together some people who don't ordinarily work together in quality care; they got the Medical Society and the hospital group together, and that must have been a challenge, and then they got the Mayo Clinic to go along, too, so there has to be something good going on there.

Well, we have a state -- they want to coordinate a state hypertension control program, and that will cost \$133,000 for clinics -- for a clinic in one hospital, and then \$87,000 for software for public education programs.

There is \$120,000 to sell the idea of organ procurement to both the public and the professionals, and a part of that program is to find out why heptatitis is a problem in transplantation.

There is \$69,000 to start the last two CHP's that the state thinks they need.

Some of the projects are so vaguely described that the state A agency expressed concern in regard to two of the projects, involving the specificity of the plans, and I guess,

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that I am on CHP's side.

1 Can we hear particularly from Staff about the nature 2 of that foundation for health care evaluation? 3 MR. JEWELL: Doctor Carpenter, I questioned Mr. 4 Wilkins when he was in here, on this, and it is a fund-holding 5 company. No, not a fund-holding company; I am trying to think 6 of the words he used. 7 I really can't answer your question; I could not get 8 a satisfactory answer at the time he was in there, and I did 9 question him on this. 10 DOCTOR CARPENTER: All right. 11 The number of that project -- well, it is hard to 12 find the projects because they are under several categories. -13 Is that 107S? MR. CHAMBLISS: 14 We can find it by the dollar DOCTOR CARPENTER: 15 value. 16 MR. CHAMBLISS: 107S and 107? Would that be the 17 activity? 18 DOCTOR CARPENTER: That is, probably. 19 MR. JEWELL: That is the hospital association. 20 (Discussion off the record) 21 MR. THOMPSON: They say there is \$326,676 in  $\underline{22}$ quality assurance; how did that number get arrived at by 23 Staff? 24 DOCTOR CARPENTER: Well, it is hard, I'll tell you. 25 HOOVER REPORTING CO., INC. 320 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E.

I spent a long time last night trying to do that, but you 1 can add up the various projects in that area. 2 MR. THOMPSON: Well, there is 175, which is 3 \$158,000; then there is 107, which is another 73,000, so 4 evidently Staff, or whoever made up this briefing sheet, must 5 have combined those projects that had something to do with 6 quality assurance, to come up with the fact that 20 percent 7 of the budget is on quality assurance. 8 That is from their words, Mr. Thompson. MR. JEWELL: 9 It is on the purple sheet in the front. 10 I only got the yellow sheet, MR. THOMPSON: 11 DOCTOR CARPENTER: There is some blurring, too, 12 because there is a hypertension program that was -- well, - 13 there are several of them. One of them is a quality assurance 14 program in hypertension. 15 So some of this quality assurance business, I think, 16 has a little bit of pizzaz to it. There is a guy from the 17 Mayo Clinic who is working pretty hard at it, and he started 18 with a single disease and worked out criteria and applied 19 them, and now wants to expand it to a couple of others. 20 MR. THOMPSON: Beverly Payne did that a couple of 21 years ago in Michigan. You know, and he started out with 22 more than one disease. 23You know, it is awfully difficult; these guys are 24 just rediscovering the wheel. 25

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WHD38 1	DOCTOR CARPENTER: It is awfully difficult to match
2	and meet these. He is matching the relationship between
3	the ability to meet the criteria and the outcome, or trying
(	to in a hypertension project.
. 5	And I think that you know, that is a significant
6	area that requires more innovation.
7	Let me you want a funding level, or do you want
8	to talk a while?
. 9	MR. THOMPSON: Go right ahead.
10	What about the kidney thing? Is that going to be
11	legit?
12	DOCTOR CARPENTER: I don't think, very; no.
13	MR. THOMPSON: I'd like to pursue legitimate pro-
14	jects here; I've got 20 percent wrapped up in quality assur-
15	ance and I'm not sure that is not a PSRO basis.
16	I have \$149,000 or 9 percent of the total budget
10	wrapped up in kidney disease.
18	Then I have the payoff to CHP, which I'll roll
18	by.
20	MR. CHAMBLISS: Let me speak to the CHP issue.
	MR. THOMPSON: I didn't include the CHP.
21	DOCTOR CARPENTER: The quality assessment, there is
22	about \$190,000 going into what might be a PSRO, and if it
23	is not it is so vaguely describéd it would be impossible for
24	me to support it.
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The rest of that \$326,000 -- you know, I think it 1 is not unreasonable to suggest something will come of that, 2 and it certainly will not be a complete PSRO; it will be, . 3 you know, an opportunity to try to lead people beyond Beverly 4 Payne's criteria, which I believe is terribly important. 5 The renal project, I don't think, is very good. 6 Are you suggesting though, John, that we are not supposed to 7 fund renal projects at all? And I guess the issue then is 8 this is not a cotinuation. 9 That is not a fact. MR. VAN WINKLE: 10 The only thing we need to do is flag the kidney so 11 it can be discussed with Doctor Goodman in the end-stage 12 renal program. We have to make sure that they are in compli-13 ance, and this sort of thing is not something you fund without 14 checking. 15 DOCTOR CARPENTER: The main thing with that kidney 16 program is that they are talking about procuring organs, and 17 they don't tell you for what. 18 I assume they don't plan to bank them indefinitely, 19 but I don't know. 20 MR. VAN WINKLE: Could I speak to that? 21 Doctor Fred Shapiro is the Director of the Renal 22 Program in Minnesota and probably one of the leading nephrol-23 ogists in the country in terms of setting up what we con-24 sider to be one of the better programs that we have seen. 25

WHD39

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WHD40 1	HE does have true regionalization; he has been
2	taking care of the Dakotas, too, as well as Minnesota, and
3	those satellite units you see basically are coming out of
4	Shapiro's units.
5	DOCTOR CARPENTER: Does he do enough transplants to
6	have an impact on things?
7	MR. VAN WINKLE: Absolutely.
8	MR. THOMPSON: I guess my concern is the kind of
9	field you have for the project which is not matched with at
10	least my idea of the resources that are available in the
11	state.
12	DOCTOR CARPENTER: You mean you think they could
- 13	do more with what they have?
14	MR. THOMPSON: I am talking about you know, there
15	are some very good people in that state.
16	DOCTOR CARPENTER: Well, you know, I can't argue
17	with you there.
18	MR. VAN WINKLE: Mr. Thompson, I don't think there
19	is any question that after Doctor Miller left, most of the
20	other staff left also, and at one time all we had was Mr.
21	Wilkins, his Deputy, and I believe one other person. Is that
22	correct? And one part-time individual, and I Mr. Wilkins is excellent: I am not guestioning that whatsoever. It is
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24	just so thin
25	MR. THOMPSON: In the old days, we used to get some
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real flaming projects out of there.

MR. VAN WINKLE: That is right. Their RAG and 2 their Executive Board are excellent. They are very good, 3 but they went into -- as I heard somebody mention earlier --- 4 irto neutral, and they informed us at that time that they were 5 making no moves or any decisions or moving forward in any 6 way until they got some answers from us, and we informed 7 them back: "You may have a considerable wait," because we 8 didn't have any at that time. 9

So there was a period of time there was very little happening.

DOCTOR CARPENTER: Our idea now, at a \$1,250,000; the target is \$2,170,000, the request will, by July, amount to \$2,500,000, and I would think we might start now at somewhere around \$1,600,000.

DOCTOR WHITE: Can I interject a comment?

According to the yellow sheet, at least, all but \$226,000 is for on-going activities. They only ask \$226,150 for new projects. I don't know what percentage of continuation projects are being augmented, financially, but if you cut them too drastically you may not even allow them to continue what has already been started.

DOCTOR CARPENTER: Well, it is not too clear.

MR. THOMPSON: They may be supporting them, but their annualization funds now --

HOOVER REPORTING CO., INC. 320 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E. Washington, D.C. 2002 MR. CHAMBLISS: Did you have a comment on that, Mr.

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2 Jewell?

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	3	MR. JEWELL: Well, Doctor White, I don't know if
	4	it is unusual but it is probably unique. For example, on EMS
	5	they will set a limit of perhaps \$25,000, which are funded
	6	through the CHP B agencies. You don't it isn't grab-bag
	7	here; they set a fund and if you can comply they set a fund
	8	for a certain amount, and if you can comply with what they
•	9	set out as their goals and objectives, then that set amount
	10	is all you get.
	11	MR. THOMPSON: I think it is too drastic.
	12	DOCTOR CARPENTER: Do you? All right; I had \$1,700,000
	13	I was anywhere, all over the map. If you were to say
	14	well, give them what there is no way that those three guys
	15	are going to bring home the bacon and a \$1,700,000 worth of
	16	projects, even if some of them are now under way, I don't
	17	think.
	18	But I don't know; what do you want to do? Give them
	19	half of their new projects, and what they had before?
	20	DOCTOR WHITE: Does anybody know at what percentage
	21	their old projects have been inflated?
	22	MR. CHAMBLISS: Do you have any idea?
	23	MR. JEWELL: It is not a great amount. I am sorry,
	24	I don't have that figure, but augmentation of \$10,000 would be
	-25	a lot.
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DOCTOR CARPENTER: It has to be augmented in a bunch, 1 doesn't it, because they went from --2 MR. JEWELL: Well, I meant on the individual. There 3 are some of them, Doctor Carpenter, that are larger. 4 \$600,000 increase; their request DOCTOR CARPENTER: 5 is \$600,000 larger now than what their annualized amount is, 6 and they are reduced in staff, and they have \$200,000 worth  $\overline{7}$ of new projects, so there must be a \$400,000 increase in 8 their continuation -- \$300,000 or \$400,000 or something like 9 that. 10 MR. CHAMBLISS: All right. Are you prepared to 11 make a new recommendation, or does your former recommendation 12 hold? . 13 DOCTOR MC PHEDRAN: I have an observation to make 14 that may be beside the point; it is on a matter of detail. 15 I think that this matter of developing standards for 16 care of common problems in different hospitals and office prac-17 tices and so forth, that it is to me an argument of no effect 18 that somebody else has done it in the past, Beverly Payne or 19 anybody else. 20 I really think that people's behavior in the manage-21 ment of these things will never be changed until they are doing 22it themselves on a local level. I think that it is worthwhile 23to avoid the duplication of efforts in various parts of the 24 state. I don't think it is an inappropriate expenditure of 25

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1	money.	
2	Now, I don't know whether it is within RMP guide-	
3	lines; I haven't really gotten that far in thinking about it.	
4	But I really think, from what I have seen since I have moved	
5	to Augusta, it makes me feel that the efforts which are being	
6	made the staff of this community hospital to develop	
7	they are doing GCAH types of preparation for audit purposes,	
. 8	is probably going to be of more value to us than almost any-	
9	thing else you may have done, and it really did not help them	
10	a lot to know that somebody else had made some recommendations	,
11	in the past.	
12	I know it sounds like God and Motherhood, but I	
. 13	really think it is true; I don't think there is any point in	
14	bringing anybody else's recommendation in except as it guides	
15	you in making your own.	
16	MR. VAN WINKLE: Well, that is certainly something	
17	that can be checked out by staff.	
18	DOCTOR CARPENTER: I don't think if that is the	
19	start-up project that that is a problem. It is this non-	
20	specific whatever it is \$190,000 for the foundation for	
21	health care evaluation, that we just know nothing about. I	
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don't think that is the problem.

The other half of that money is for quality assurance, and I agree with you. I think it is the best thing they are doing, and ought to be supported.

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IHD45	1	So would you believe \$1,700,000? That is a
	2	motion.
	3	DOCTOR VAUN: Seconded.
	4	MR. CHAMBLISS: It is moved and seconded that the
	5	level be set for Northlands at \$1,700,000.
	6	Is there discussion on the motion?
	7	Those in favor?
	8	(Chorus of "Aye")
•	9	Opposed?
	10	(No response)
	11	The motion carries.
	12	The Committee has done all its work assigned for
	13	the morning, and I would say we can have lunch and come back
	14	and start with Texas.
	15	(Whereupon, at 12:45 P.M., the Committee recessed
	16	for luncheon, to 1:30 P.M.)
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MR. CHAMBLISS: May I call the panel to order and 1 indicate that first, I have been in contact with the Chairman 2 of the other panel and they are moving along with speed. 3 We are looking forward to the joint meeting of the 4 two panels so that we can have a view of what they have been 5 doing and they in turn can see where we stand and we are not 6 at the moment certain as to whether this group can meet either 7 this afternoon or tomorrow. I am more or less inclined to 8 believe that it may be in the morning. 9 I would then suggest to the reviewers that you 10 may begin to consider amending your plans with that in mind. 11 I do know that doctor -- let's see, who has to 12 leave today -- Dr. McPhedran. 13 DR. SLATER: I am sorry, I am irreversibly 14 committed to leave. 15 MR. CHAMBLISS: Dr. Slater has already indicated 16 previously. 17 Will you leave today, Mr. Thompson? 18 MR. THOMPSON: Yes, I have an important meeting 19 to make. 20 MR. CHAMBLISS: Dr. Vaun? 21 DR. VAUN: I have an appointment tomorrow after-22noon. 23MR. CHAMBLISS: I think that will not be a problem. 24 DR. SCHERLIS: Would it be advisable that we meet 25

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	1	at 8:00 o'clock instead of 8:30?
	2	MR. CHAMBLISS: I will get that to the other
	3	parties.
	4	MR. TOOMEY: What is the purpose of the other
	5	meeting?
	6	MR. CHAMBLISS: Since we have been split in two
	7	groups to coordinate the work of both of them, so that we can
	8	have the joint recommendation covering all of the all of
	9	the funding levels opposed by the two panels known to and
	10	enforced by the entire review committee.
	11	DR. McPHEDRAN: Is that something that you need
•	12	as a pro forma matter?
	13	MR. CHAMBLISS: It is a pro forma thing.
	14	DR. McPHEDRAN: We can't just give you a blank
	15	check?
	16	MR. CHAMBLISS: Since Dr. Indicart has said that
	17	this should be a quality review, I think whatever semblance
	18	we can maintain of making sure that all of the requirements
	19	are met for such, I would hope that as many as can stay over
	20	would do so.
	21	I would call to your attention also the fact that
	22	we have a new Reporter present.
	23	Shall we then begin with a review of the appli-
	24	cation from Texas and the reviewers
	25	DR. WHITE: I hope you all will know I am excused.
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MR. CHAMBLISS: Mrs. Salazar and Dr. Slater and, for the record, we note that Dr. White has absented himself from the room.

Miss Murphy, Miss Mary Murphy, one of our operations people will be the staff person on this region.

MRS. SALAZAR: At the outset, I must say at the time of the New Mexico deliberations were 19 minutes, so I am making a push for equal time and a little beyond that, I hope you will bear with me. I am eager not to be discriminatory towards sexes. I thought it would be helpful to go into a little more detail because I found the application extremely hard to understand and perhaps some of you have had the same difficulty.

Texas is rounding out its first year of triennium status, funded at \$775,832, which covers 14 project activities, a co-staff of 7 professionals, 5 commercial.

This request continued funding for six on going programs and five new areas of health education, health economics and systems demonstration, health manpower, health care quality, and management of major diseases, amounting to \$3,239,000.

There is also a staff development component requested in the amount of \$287,000. The present director has served his capacity since November 1973. However, he has had RMP experience since 1970, having served as a deputy

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L	director	from	June	1971	until	August	of	last	year	when	he
2	became ac	ting	dired	ctor.							

The remainder of the corps staff has wide
experience from $1-1/2$ to $4-1/2$ years. The total number of
staff was reduced from the time of phaseout from 32 to the
present 14. And the various disciplines are impressive.

But, I do have some concern about the region's ability to mount the very ambitious program that they now propose without active day to day surveillance and participation by physicians or more immediately related professions.

I have other misgivings about the region's ability to deal with the broad State-wide medical programs as they propose in the application with a delegation of authority and responsibility through the project's contract conditions. Especially since these issues are addressed in the proposed very highly sensible position, access, utilization, organization, manpower and so on.

The regional advisor group and the board of trustees of the Texas RMP, Inc., which is the grantee, appear to have excellent lines of communication. Although it is the same time noted that the executive committee met only once in 1973.

This committee of RAG which I will hereafter refer to as RAG has added two minority members, one of rural and one urban base.

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It is interesting to note that although the program committees were only reactivated in early April of this year, meetings are already scheduled in June with only three replacements out of the 70 members requiring space. I think this is a test to the continuing interest in the State and especially in the RAG-RMP affairs.

The RAG has obviously been very participative in the program development which evolved into this present application. It had a special planning committee in November of 1973 and it met subsequently three times to address internal and external health influences and significant legislative thrust.

The RAG is also moved into the direction of strengthening relationships with the health planning agencies and has met with medical agencies as well as other Federal and other related associations. Several of the projects seem to emanate from these sources.

As a result of the joint Arkansas Council, a proposed rate for high new born death rate is under the Texas RMP for joint funding. This is I think a real breakthrough for Texas in view of the fact that they seem to be responding better to local needs and demands which cross traditional State lines.

With the CHP involvement in the application, there is some very familiar names with longstanding experience in

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health planning, are rather obviously alert and informed to the new thrust of Texas RMP.

I notice that Sister Marian Strohmeyer is actively involved. She has been involved in the health planning in the lower Rio Grande Valley, which is one of the depressed and under-served medical areas of the State.

However, the time frame for the preparation and submission of this application imposed very serious limitations in my view on community involvement and review. And to me it at least created a vacuum in the application in order to review the CHP report. It appears planned. It is so planned that it is almost meaningless to me.

There were four letters of endorsement with two to follow and there was some expressed reluctance from local groups to comment on State-wide programs. They felt they didn't have a bearing, that they were not capable of that.

There is also an element of inconsistency in this vacuum. In February of this year, the second annual meeting of health planners of 22 councils of government was sponsored by the Texas RMP. The purpose of this meeting was to solicit assistance in information about successful projects funded by the Texas RMP since 1968. Another such meeting is planned for next month.

I think that perhaps it is time to inquire about present status and cooperative efforts in view of this, as

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1	well as other pending proposals and the RAG reports. That
2	they are under consideration like the Arkansas-Texas joint
3	council.
4	As to feasibility, the contract approach to these
5	proposals seems to have some advantage of concise language
6	and subject presentation, the goals and objectives are clearly
7	defined, easy to read.
8	However, the same economies of language do impose
9	specificity and detail. I have no criticism of contracts
10	per se as a mechanism but I have some problems with the
11	personal non-human approach to fulfilling the provisions of
12	the contracts.
- 13	There is a quality throughout here of saneness
14	of the language.
15	It is common to all the projects and it is
16	difficult to determine the inter phases and the the network,
17	in other words, of the relationships of one project to the
18	other.
19	The language is good and it is lofty and it is
20	worthy and it sounds like they can do it. But once again, the
21	impression that these views that you are looking at, all
22	of these throw a thin layer of professional systems who are
23	unquestionably skilled in such presentation and I have trouble
24	with the understanding of it. I have trouble with understanding
25	the programs commitment to address themselves to these
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1	problems. They don't come through in these little
.2	descriptions of the request for contracts. That is my own
3	bias.
4	There is an intangibility about it that I find
5	is very difficult to deal with. Let me just quote one
6	little paragraph. Description of one of the programs.
7	To develop and demonstrate educational approaches
8	for barriers to health care.
9	So much of the contracts and the effectiveness
10	of the contracts, I believe depends on the language, that I
11	find it impossible to get an understanding from what I read
12	in this application of what Texas is going to do with these
- 13	contracts. I have some concerns about giving contracts to
14	profit organizations and who will monitor them and I will
15	spell those out later.
16	I would not at this time like to make a recommenda-
17	tion until we hear from Dr. Slater about that.
18	MR. CHAMBLISS: Thank you, Mrs. Salazar.
19	Dr. Slater?
20	DR. SLATER: I thought you were going to be going
21	for 19 minutes?
22	I would like to say, Mrs. Salazar and I met just
23	briefly at lunch, is the first time we communicated on Texas.
24	And I will simply reiterate for you what my statement was for
25	her.
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1 I was deeply impressed with the objectives as 2 she has quoted them of the Texas program and felt that as 3 long as looking at health education, quality State-wide disease projects, health manpower concerns, that clearly 4 5 there is plenty of room to move. 6 And that one cannot fault under any circumstances 7 this kind of -- the set of objectives. 8 What I simply cannot get a handle on, reading Texas, was what was really coming out of it and I came 9 10 prepared to say that I am impressed with the range of activities that are going on and feel that, from what I read, 11 that they apparently do have very good review by an involve-12 ment of the comprehensive planning group. But I still could 13 not understand it because there is too much, there is too 14 broad a range of activity explained into few words, which I 15 believe you say lack any color whatsoever. 16 I think that perhaps Mrs. Salazar put a figure 17 on it by saying there doesn't seem to be any medical pro-18 fessional input into this that gives the sense of the priority 19 within the framework of the humanity aspect of it and I am not 20 saying that that comes through that strongly in the other 21 proposals but this is a little too perfect in some ways. 92 What I am saying is that I am impressed with what 23

they are attempting to do and if one takes a look at page 24, the project status report, contract No. 73-1, continuing

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1 education for registered nurses providing community health services, is on schedule. 2 3 Comments: Extended 60 days for additional effort. Progress excellent. 4 That is fine. 5 And there is two pages of this type, or 2-1/26 pages of this activity and we simply have to accept the fact 7 that everything except the two projects is on target and doind 8 well. 9 On the basis of that, there is a request for 10 continued activity of, I can't get here, I would say some-11 thing like, maybe \$300,000, \$400,000 extension. 12 Now, when one goes beyond that one gets into the .13 matter of what do they plan to do in the future? 14 As Mrs. Salazar pointed out, because they are in 15 a tight time frame, they have decided to follow the general 16 guidelines of their thrust, their objectives and sent out 17 proposals for, send out requests for proposals. 18 Do you want me to go on with this? 19 Mrs. Salazar. Yes. 20 DR. SLATER: And let me, if I can find my way in 21 again, let me give some sense of what they are doing here. 22 They have an access committee of their RAG, 23oriented, an access committee concerned about getting into 24 the health program. It is asking for \$286,400 for what is 25 HOOVER REPORTING CO., INC. 320 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20002

1 called the Texas health education project. Within that 2 there are a whole series of objectives which are fine. 3 Objective 1 is develop and demonstrate a coordinated approach to individual health education in a selected area. 4 5 Then there are Work Activity A. Apply those 6 guidelines developed in RMPT Contract No. 74-14 through a 7 coordinated approach to individual health education in a specific community, town, county, multi-county region. 8 \$45,000 is available for that. 9 Two, determine health education requirements and 10 11 develop effective means of meeting those needs. 12 There are four work activity suggestions here sent out, widely distributed throughout the State. 13 They range from Work Activity A, analyze cultural barriers to 14 adequate health care and develop methods for overcoming the 15 barriers through education at \$48,000; Work Activity B, 16 develop an outline form that can be used in rural poor 17 communities to assess health status and informational needs 18 at \$40,000. 19 Work Activity C, study the legal barriers to health 20care as perceived by the consumer and provider and recommend 21 educational approaches to overcoming those barriers at 22\$63,400. 23And Work Activity D, demonstrate and evaluate the 24

use of upper division nursing and medical students as remote

1	area community health educators during non-school periods
2	
	at \$35,000.
3	Objective 3 is improve health care and reduce
4	overall cost through education.
5	Work Activity A, analyze areas of greatest
6	consumer abuse in the health care system and suggest educational
7	programs aimed at overcoming same at \$55,000.
8	All of those activities add up to something like
9	\$286,400.
10	Then, under the general rule book of the utiliza-
11	tion community, the Texas Health Economics and Systems
12	Demonstration Project are indicated. That is a figure of
- 13	\$636,340, and I think I would lose you if I read over all
14	the objectives and work activities.
15	Needless to say
16	MR. THOMPSON: That is a five-year project
17	conservatively speaking. I just reviewed it just for you,
18	Bob.
19	DR. SLATER: Thank you. I didn't even speak to
20	you about it.
21	Health Manpower Committee of the RAG is to assist,
22	coordinate and cooperate with those who wish to perpetuate,
23	expand and improve the quality and output of health manpower
24	in Texas for \$160,000, and a very laudable group of objectives
	laid out here. I don't think anyone is finding any fault
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1	with this.	the second second second
2	The report on current distribution and trends in	
3	Texas is work activity, none is required at this time.	
4	They were satisfied at a excuse me, that appears to be	
5	in here under what they were going to fund and I have been	
6	misled.	
7	But they have a series of objectives under	
8	attempting to define better health manpower. Here is a very	
9	specific one.	
10	Encourage the development of a responsive and	
11	timely State-wide health manpower data base for use by health	
12	educators, policy-makers and others.	
- 13	Work Activity A, a six-month study for this	
14	purpose, with Governor's Office of Information Services, is	
15	nearing mid-point. This is already under way.	
16	Continuing Education Committee is wanting to	
17	identify, encourage and assist those health care professionals	
18	interested in finding new and more effective methods for	
19	providing continuing education in the region, and they require	
20	\$308,700 for that.	
21	MRS. WYCKOFF: Is that PSRO?	
22	DR. SLATER: I don't think so.	
23	MR. THOMPSON: There is a quality that is laying	
24	the base for that.	
25	DR. SLATER: Can you identify that?	
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MR. THOMPSON: Project No. 111. You mention PSRO specifically in the project, but although it doesn't make it directly --

DR. SLATER: Objective 1 is assist in the development of new approaches to upgrading quality health care in response to identified needs of the professional community.

Work Activity A, establish a quality review task group comprised of physicians and other health professionals to provide leadership and decision-making functions for the project.

Work Activity B, select a technically qualified, unbiased organization capable of providing research, analysis, evaluation and other work support to the task group.

The analysis evaluation, in other words.

I was on the PSRO task force and MR. THOMPSON: I can take this and lay it out and say to the PSRO, here you 17 are, go. 18

DR. SLATER: The final one is just for \$6500 --I don't think I dropped a zero -- I did, \$65,000, excuse me, regional disease management program.

That is oriented to the management of major categorical disease awareness and treatment program in Texas. And the goal is to design and test effective mechanisms for developing and managing State-wide disease programs.

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1	Now, they have several objectives.
2	To document the methodology in Texas for a
3	coordinated State-wide response to major disease awareness
4	and treatment programs.
5	Work Activity A, to evaluate the major disease
6	programs supported by RMPT since 1960, heart, cancer, stroke,
7	hypertension, renal, to identify successful and unsuccessful
8	features.
9	Now, that is evaluating the major disease programs
10	supported by RMP since 1960. That is a lot of work.
11	Develop a methodology for a comprehensive,
12	coordinated State-wide approach to major disease programs.
- 13	That is to be sublet to somebody or maybe multiple people
14	for \$65,000. There are some other objectives here.
15	Monitor the major disease programs currently being
16	funded through RMPT.
17	Objective 3, recommend to the regional advisory
18	group concerning the efficiency of participating, or continuing
19	to participate, in major disease programs.
20	I am saying that I support this type of activity.
21	I think it is very necessary and we have to move increasingly
22	to it in this country.
23	What I don't get a feel for, either from this
24	brief description as it appears here or of the more extensive
25	write-ups that appear in the book and they are not that much
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1	more extensive, they are simply almost the same thing laid
2	out on the dollar street activities, required pages required
3	by RMP. I can't get a feel how long it takes to do these.
4	Whether there are groups in Texas to do them and what is
5	the quality of the work that is going to be done. I can't
6	seem to get a professional sense of this.
7	I am concerned that they are asking for a great
8	deal to be done in a very short period of time.
9	Now, I gather against this background that they
10	expect many, many proposals to come in and in fact having
11	something in the range of 90 or 100 from which they wish to
12	choose about 25, and I am anticipating obviously that their
13	staff and RAG group are going to screen out those that are
14	technically capable of being done in one year.
15	I come back to the concerns that Mrs. Salazar
16	had, which I believe should be reviewed here and that is the
17	matter of what kind of assurance do we have of the monitoring
18	that can be done by essentially nonprofessionals, non-
19	physician professional staff and it may be that they need
20	other kinds of professionals on activities that are essentially
21	contracts.
22	The question I have is when one puts contracts
23	out, are they all to profit-making organizations?
24	Does the contract carry any concern for the

conflict of interest between those who are on a profit-making

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1	basis in providing the kinds that we want in compared to the
2	usual grant system?
3	I think that I don't want to go any further
4	at this point.
5	Do you have any follow up?
6	MRS. SALAZAR: No, except for this letter.
7	MR. CHAMBLISS: Yes, let me introduce the letter.
8	There has come to the attention of Dr. Pahl
9	what is marked as an urgent piece of correspondence from
10	Texas. It arrived during the break and the reviewers have
11	had a chance to read it.
12	I would simply submit that the panel may wish to
13	know of its contents.
14	DR. SLATER: Yes, I think the Texas people were
15	concerned that they had put a proposal into us in which they
16	were really asking us to take on faith the fact that they were
17	going, following the program thrust that you have described
18	and had submitted a request for proposals to be submitted to
19	them and that these proposals are now just coming in and that
20	they are planning to have their RAG staff group act finally
21	on those proposals on June 28 or something like that, which
22	is something more than a month after we would have funded
23	them to do it.
- 24	So that we are in fact funding them in advance of
25	the time that they actually make a decision for the proposals.

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1 What they are suggesting is that their proposal 2 as submitted to us, be modified to the extent that they take 3 their 25 top priority proposals and submit them to the RMP 4 staff here who would review them and make a decision on 5 whether or not these satisfy, in essence, the goals of RMP 6 and the thinking of this Committee is the staff could 7 interpret that. 8 Is that a fair display of what they say? 9 MR. POSTA: Yes, sir. 10 DR. SLATER: They are concerned that --DR. SCHERLIS: Could you translate that? 11 MR. POSTA: What their picture is, that by going 12 the contract route they would like to have as long a period . 13 as possible, meaning 12 months. 14 If they had to wait until July 1 to get their 15 15's and 16's in more specificity, by the time it got through 16 all counsel, they would have a maximum 10 months to do the 17 activities proposed and their whole concern is, on the 18 contracts that they had funded in the past, through their 19 evaluation process according to Texas representatives, the 20ones that have been funded in the least amount of time, have 21 not been as successful as those that were given a full year's 22duration. 23 MR. THOMPSON: Do we have any idea to whom these 24

contracts are going to be let?

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MR. CHAMBLISS: Miss Murphy, can you comment on 1 that? 2 MISS MURPHY: I think in the primary and 3 secondary review, a summary of contracts funded from 1972 4 through 1974, and just reading down to the people that they 5 were contracted to: 6 Texas Hospital Association -- these are the past 7 ones and probably some of these same will be included in this 8 round. 9 Texas Hospital Association. 10 Texas Medical Foundation. 11 Chamber of Commerce, Tyler. 12 Coordinating Board, Texas College and University 13 System, Austin. 14 Scott and White Memorial Hospital and Scott, 15 Sherwood and Brindley Foundation-Temple. 16 Human Resources Development Foundation-Houston. 17 Bexar County Medical Foundation-San Antonio. 18 Cameron County Board of Health-Harlingen. 19 Texas Hospital Association, Austin. 20 Texas State Department of Health, Austin. 21 St. Paul Hospital-Dallas. 22 Texas Medical Foundation, Austin. 23The University of Texas Health Science Center at 24 San Antonio. 25

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Southwest Research Institute, San Antonio. 1 2 And I could go on. I have another page and a half. Those are the 3 types of people that they were contracted to. They sent them 4 to a very select group. 5 I have the sheets where they are checked off, 6 how they had selected them and according to their expertise. 7 Five hundred. 8 MR. THOMPSON: 'I am concerned myself, only fairly 9 knowledgeable in the area of health care economics, that 10 this project that they have laid out here is very well done, 11 but the problem is that work, the way it is laid out, work 12 activity A has to be completed before work activity B can 13 be begun and C. 14 When I said it would take five years, I was being 15 It would take three years. slightly facetious. 16 But, I don't know where they are going to find 17 the people down in the hospital association, because I know -18 the people down there who are going to be able to do this. 19 This is a fantastic -- it is a well laid out, fantastic idea. 20 They are only going to let 30 to 35 MISS MURPHY: 21 contracts out of this whole group. 22 I assume they are going to operate DR. SLATER: 23 in the future on the basis as they operated in the past. If 24 one takes project status reports and accepts their very brief 25

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1 indication of how they are proceeding, one says they are 2 satisfactory, I just don't have a feeling for this and all 3 we can do is assume on how they are going to operate in the 4 future as they have in the past. 5 MRS. SALAZAR: They seem to be convinced that 6 the contract mechanism is the way they are going. 7 MISS MURPHY: That is the only way they feel they 8 can go. MRS. SALAZAR: They feel that their experience 9 10 with the contract is very good. DR. SLATER: I will accept that. 11 MR. VAN WINKLE: They have 130 letters of intent 12 out. 13 DR. CARPENTER: Did the regional advisory group 14 approve this? 15 MISS MURPHY: Yes. 16 DR. SLATER: I think it is difficult to have done 17 more than this, because of the reporting that will be 18 necessary to get a grasp of the reports. Either that or 19 they might have been able to give us an appendix of their 20 status reports which would give us some indication of what 21 was coming out of the projects that are already funded and 22 the implications. 23 MISS MURPHY: This is what the form I referred 24 to do -- summary of contracts funded. Very small print. 25

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MR. CHAMBLISS: There have been some concerns 1 2 on the part of staff expressed about the 16's and the fact 3 that they have not gone into any detail. We would certainly want the views of the committee 4 5 on that aspect of the application. MRS. WYCKOFF: Does this mean that they are going. 6 to reach out beyond the walls of the great elite establishment 7 in Texas and try to get into the uncovered areas that really 8 been touched? 9 These are the same old boys. MR. THOMPSON: 10 These are the same old boys. 11 DR. SLATER: I would like to take exception to 12 Mr. Thompson. -13 They really are making an effort to look at the 14 mortality rate in the area. 15 MRS. WYCKOFF: I think the physicians are really 16 on the job. 17 MRS. SALAZAR: It is very difficult to say, Mrs. 18 Wyckoff, from the reading, the kind of thing Dr. Slater has 19 indicated, it is very difficult from the reading. 20 This is why I have problems with the application 21 being completed that it will indeed begin to cover these 22 areas. 23 Mary, maybe you can tell us at the time of phase-24 out, where did Texas go? How far down the road did it go 25

back?

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Maybe I can get some meaning from it.

MISS MURPHY: They went from 35 people and now they have 7 professionals, 8-1/2 --

I am not speaking so much of staff 5 MRS. SALAZAR: MISS MURPHY: They closed all of the sub-regional 6 No more sub-regional offices. offices.  $\overline{7}$ 

Like these RMP's were sent to El Paso, so many of their old staff that they had, that they knew were distributed throughout the State to try to get a good coverage --I don't think seven people can MR. THOMPSON:

monitor these.

MISS MURPHY: Say that you pick a good project director, why would some person have to go out and do it?

How can you monitor yourself? MRS. SALAZAR: I think what needs to be clarified DR. SLATER: is whether or not there is functionally any difference between a contract and the traditional form of grant mechanism that the RMP follows in the sense of professional quality and monitoring and judgments that are made.

I think if the committee can satisfy itself, that contracting is just as good functionally. 22

Dr. Miller has had some experience MR. VAN WINKLE: with that methodology.

MR. THOMPSON: Before you go, because you are going

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1 to have a lot more to say about this than I, when we had a 2 project we had a man, an identifiable person who we sometimes 3 were disappointed but we knew his background, we knew what he 4 was good at and bad at and we could judge the contract, I 5 mean the project. The contract, we don't have the man. 6 DR. MILLER: It depends on how you do it. It 7 depends on how you do it and my experience with it was 8 essentially halfway between what you traditionally think of 9 as a contract and what we traditionally think of as a project. 10 And by that mechanism, why you know not only the man but you know the institution, you know what you want 11 them to do and you have a lot better control over it than 12 you have over a project. All the way around. 13 MR. THOMPSON: It takes a good monitoring system 14 to get that. 15 It takes a good system, yes. But DR. MILLER: 16 it is not an open-bidded contract kind of a thing. You don't 17 just publish it and give it to the lowest bidder without regard 18 to who it is. You can do --19 DR. SLATER: They are not going to do that here. 20 They are obviously going to look for quality projects or work 21 and then contracts. 22 So would you agree to that in terms of what I 23 understand the system here to be, they are simply using the 24 contract method to finance? 25

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1 DR. MILLER: It hasn't any positive attributes. 2 I am thoroughly sold on the contract approach to project. It really puts you in the driver's seat with regard to 3 4 management. 5 MRS. SALAZAR: Why did Texas elect to go this 6 route? 7 MR. CHAMBLISS: That had to do with the change of organizational structure. 8 Will you clear that up, Mike? 9 Up MR. POSTA: I guess it was December of '72. 10 to that time the Texas system was the grantee agency which 11 was composed of 17 educational institutions. Then they broke 12 away and formed a name and a board of directors and of course 13 by that time we had gotten word that February '73, that we 14 were going out of business. 15 So the regional advisory group got together and 16 said, if we are thinking about feasibility, short-term pay-17 offs, we had better think in terms of a period of a year. 18 Their whole administrative mechanism was to build a device 19 whereby they could call the shots, set up the instructions 20 for the contracts, choose the people and pay them for the job 21 done and they, quoting verbally, "have felt that they have 22done a better job especially in short runs." 23 They probably would not agree if they had a three-24 year funding period. But I think their whole premise is based 25

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2 DR. CARPENTER: Did they use the contract 3 mechanism to get the grants written? 4 MRS. WYCKOFF: You mean the RMP? 5 MR. THOMPSON: I think I know who wrote some of 6 I think that is a facetious question. these grants. 7 DR. SLATER: Well, I think again, given the 8 material that we have in front of us coming from a program that has been site visited and has been a part of the 9 10 endeavor here for years and for which many people have personal knowledge of the individuals, one has to give the benefit of 11 12 the doubt. I think there is another major question that 13 comes up and that is whether or not we feel it is appropriate 14 to consider allocating all, or some of the monies for the new 15 projects which have been requested prior to the time that 16 those projects have been chosen. They have requested that 17 they do this with the proviso that we, appropriate the staff 18 here, the responsibility of reviewing those 25, and 19 representing us and the advisory council, that it is appropriate 20 for them to proceed to carry out. 21 22

22 MR. VAN WINKLE: I believe I am correct. Larry, 23 they cannot spend any money until you have 15's or 16's, is 24 that correct?

DR. CARPENTER: What is the 15 and 16?

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(3) 1	MR. VAN WINKLE: The budget forms.
2	DR. SLATER: They won't be able to start until
3	July 10. As soon as you clear the air and the money will be
4	in the bag.
5	Otherwise, they won't get through until the
6	Advisory Council meets in August, which is too short and
7	will
8	MR. THOMPSON: Are they talking about this or
9	the next one coming down the pike?
10	MISS MURPHY: They are sending nothing else in.
11	Otherwise the contract will have to be approved and met in
12	July.
13	DR. SLATER: To get something done.
14	MR. THOMPSON: We are examining this one right
15	now; is that right?
16	DR. SLATER: That is right. We don't know what
17	the 25 projects are going to be.
18	All we know, are the guidelines being used by
19	applicants who already submitted 130 proposals?
20	MR. THOMPSON: If they can do it, why can't every-
21	body else do it and we don't meet in July?
22	DR. SLATER: Well, I think
23	DR. MILLER: Isn't this a slush fund? That is
24	what we turned down yesterday.
25	MR. CHAMBLISS: We need the judgment of the
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reviewers here. 1 I would say there is a fundamental issue here and 2 that is, I think Dr. Pahl would be very much concerned here 3 and so will the Council, and that is the local decision-making 4 process has not had a chance to work its will on what you 5 are being asked to make a recommendation on today. 6 It is a blanket request. MRS. WYCKOFF: 7 MR. CHAMBLISS: I would -- I wanted to, wanted 8 the discussion to go forward as it has, so that we would 9 thread out of here some advice for counsel and for Dr. 10 Pahl. 11 MISS MURPHY: Could I ask something? 12 MR. CHAMBLISS: Yes. . 13 MISS MURPHY: Each one of these proposals as 14 they are being worked out before they are submitted to the 15 RMP, are to be brought to the attention of the CHP. A comment 16 is going to be made prior to coming to the RMP. 17 MRS. WYCKOFF: Did they make the comments on the. 18 RMP that went out? Or on what companies? 19 MISS MURPHY: They have companies on all of this. 20 I think if the usual history of all DR. SLATER: 21 the other projects were being followed by this one, we would 22 have 25 more clearly identified, very briefly described 23projects which we would look at and we would say, yes, that 24 is what they are going to do next year and they only requested 25

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385 1 7 percent of the funds that are targeted for them and it 2 sounds good because they have been producing in the past and 3 so let us go ahead with it. 4 I think that is what we are likely to say as we 5 pick holes in the targets. 6 MR. THOMPSON: We would have some evidence that CHP --7 8 MISS MURPHY: You will have it. They will have 9 reviewed them before they get to the RMP. The proposal is, you know, that is the direction. 10 MR. THOMPSON: What is to stop it even if they 11 get an unfavorable review? 12 DR. SLATER: I think what they have done is wire \_ 13 us and put us on the record and said that the 25 projects 14 that they send up here would only come on the basis that 15 they went through the usual process and then they put this 16 staff in the position -- put us in the position of depending 17 on the staff to legally or to put their names on, agreeing 18 that these are appropriate. 19 MR. THOMPSON: This is going to come up in South 20 The same kinds of business, although not so Carolina. 21 blatant. 22I just have a vague feeling that I am getting 23 had. 24 DR. SCHERLIS: The question is, for how much. 25HOOVER REPORTING CO., INC. 320 Massachusetts Avenue, N.C. Washington, D.C. 20002

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1	DR. CARPENTER: There are certain things which I
2	will not put.
3	DR. MILLER: You have been getting had all day.
4	MR. CHAMBLISS: I would assume those comments are
5	off the record?
6	DR. SCHERLIS: No, sir, I would like those to be
7	on the record.
8	MR. CHAMBLISS: All right.
9	DR. SLATER: I think it clearly breaks all
10	precedent, the past, as well as good operations, to approve
11	this kind of thing without some committee review inputs.
12	Mrs. Salazar's question is whether or not it would
13	be sensible in this case to have a site visit by some of the
14	review committee and the staff to take a look at the situation
15	here in view of the in view of the problem.
16	MR. CHAMBLISS: I would recognize Dr. Scherlis
17	first.
18	DR. SCHERLIS: You are obviously looking for
19	some way out. Perhaps we could give a tentative approval,
20	giving their approval by July 1.
21	I for one, although I know that a great deal of
22	what we are doing at this session is really looking at
23	inadequately submitted proposals and making what in time may
24	be inadequate decisions, I still think we should go through
25	the opportunity that I think we must have and that is exercis-
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ing our right of approval or disapproval and not telling the region, you can do what you want on any basis that you choose to and I for one am not that overly impressed that any region, including Texas, once it receives this sum of money will decide that it is going to do anything more, is minimally necessary to have the project operate.

Now, my faith may be less than others because over 8 the years that I have been had, including site distances and I would suggest that we have tentative approval but only 9 contingent that we have approval in July to review the 10 I offer that as a contract. 11 contracts.

This contract is a bit of semantics DR. MILLER: . 12 as a sort of semantics. It is trying to get approval for 13 slush fund projects without approving the project. By calling 14 them contracts. 15

So I support what you do, that we not fund it 16 now but give them the opportunity to come in with their 17 proposals in July for how many ever contracts, projects, 18 whatever they wish to call them, as long as they are submitted 19 in the usual way. 20

DR. SLATER: I don't understand what has happened I thought you said you would find it provisional upon here. 22 the receipt? 23

I offered potential ways of trying DR. SCHERLIS: 24to meet this. 25

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I think we need more suggestion on this. I most strongly do not support the concept of giving them funds at this time for what they have asked for and I am trying to seek a way out.

Any suggestion as a way out --

DR. SLATER: The question at this point is whether we will guarantee some sum of money up to what they requested that will be held in escrow here until our requirements are satisfied, which is their submission of whatever the proposal they want as a result of these requests that have gone out and the ratification of those proposals by the staff and now we are adding to that, either a site visit or some members of this committee to get these proposals and talk on the conference, call or come to Washington and do so.

Such things that keep our process intact. If we do that by July 10, we will avoid another whole review cycle which they want to avoid in order to be able to do the work.

MR. THOMPSON: One of the beautiful things about a contract, you can specify time. Therefore if it is 10 months or 12 months, they let the contracts. What is the difference?

DR. SLATER: Because the only way we can do it is to bring it back for the next review cycle and it will be later part of August, and it will add two months.

MRS. WYCKOFF: They add it to the other end?

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1	MISS MURPHY: No, they can't.
2	MR. THOMPSON: They change the contract and
3	MR. CHAMBLISS: We have known for some time that
4	this application presented something of a dilemma. I have
5	just talked with Dr. Pahl on the point.
6	Dr. Pahl, would you care to make an expression as
7	it relates to the contract activities coming in about the
8	20th of June after this committee
9	MISS MURPHY: No, the 28th. The RAG are going
10	to meet and approve them and he said they would be in here
11	by the 10th complete. The 30th of July.
12	MR. CHAMBLISS: Of July, that is worse.
13	DR. PAHL: I really feel I don't need the
14	microphone I really feel that we prefer a definite decision
15	not based on staff capability early July for the following
16	reasons:
17	Normally I think we would be happy to accommodate
18	that kind of recommendation but we are laboring under some
19	difficulties internally, namely as soon as legislation is
20	passed and none of us know when that is going to be, the
21	department is then going to make its decision as to just how
22	many of our staff are going to be departing on the decentrali-
23	zation basis and I am not sure who is going to be here in
24	July to do the work, very frankly.
25	I think that it is rather clear issue in the

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sense that Texas has had and does have as much of a lifetime 1 as any other RMP. It happens to be a free-standing organi-2 3 zation, it is not the only one that we have. I think that they have chosen to go a certain 4 route and that is their choice, but the other RMP's have been 5 under the same time limitations and are under the same time 6 limitations and I would suggest that you not treat them 7 special than from the other RMP's. 8 If you can find it appropriate to arrive at a 9 decision on the basis of the information provided, which 10 leaves you comfortable, we will take that recommendation to 11 Council. 12 But I do not prefer to have it come back to 13 Committee -- the staff, because I really don't know our 14 capability to manage this responsibility and it would be 15 really a disservice. 16 The other thing is: I am and you should know 17 this, working with the Office of the Administrator to try to 18 get an agency policy statement developed which will be sent 19 to grantees pointing out what the Federal responsibility is 20 for monitoring activities which go beyond the lifetime of 21 RMP's, just trying to look to this eventuality and Dr. 22Margolis is very sympathetic. 23

We have drafted a statement and if this were to occur, for example, then some of the time pressure would be

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1 off of free-standing organizations. You have to realize 2 that the Government always has programs terminating and 3 continuing activities within those programs. 4 All I am trying to do is to formalize a Federal 5 responsibility at an agency level which would assure Texas 6 and its affiliates, as well as all other grantees, that should 7 another monitoring device beyond the RMP be necessary, perhaps 8 it could be this agency or the regional offices that could 🐭 9 assume that responsibility. If that were the case, then the fact that an 10 activity got started later, that would not be so detrimental. 11 Because that is the thrust of Dr. Ferguson's point of view. 12 In essence, I don't believe that we can accept 13 those kinds of workloads projected into the future with what 14 I know to be our own situation. I feel Texas has a right 15 to choose its method of handling its funds and grant appli-16 cation. 17 I do not believe that it is in any other position 18 than any other RMP or will be treated differently. 19 To that extent then, we leave you to your own 20 considerations. But perhaps it does give you some guidelines. 21 MR. CHAMBLISS: Thank you. 22 Dr. Vaun? 23 DR. VAUN: I think we are playing semantics here. 24 It is unfortunate that Texas picked the word 25

"contracts." I think we awarded slush funds in the last day 1 2 and a half and I don't see any reason why, because they 3 selected the word "contracts," that we should treat them any 4 differently. 5 We talked about slush funds up to \$800,000 up to 6 this point, with very ill definition of what was going to 7 happen to that money, besides it was being tucked away for 8 future legislative proposals. 9 DR. SLATER: May I make a motion to get something 10 on the floor and that is that we, I find it possible to make 11 any decision on how to cut back on what they suggested, so I make the motion that we fund them to the amount that they 12 13 requested and that --MR. THOMPSON: After all this, you are going to 14 do that? 15 16 DR. MILLER: Go ahead. 17 DR. SLATER: Subject to the contingency that the proposals that they submit are reviewed by a technical --18 by the staff and by a technical site visit. 19 I think the point is, I don't think that we can 20bypass this committee if the committee will have to give the 21 responsibility to some members of the committee and staff to 22 go to Texas and it is just one day, to get a grasp on this, 23 to see if we are fulfilling our Federal mandates. 24 I don't see this as a slush fund for Texas projects. 25

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1	I think that the technique used has just been delayed bring-
2	ing projects to look at.
3	MR. VAN WINKLE: Who would the site visitors
4	report back to, doctor? This group or Council or to whom?
5	DR. SLATER: Back to this group who will be
6	sitting here in July.
7	MR. CHAMBLISS: I think Dr. Pahl has, if I may
8	make the point, has stated that we are uncertain as to the
9	status of our staffing after the first of July and we have
10	no indication as to what our staff availabilities will be
11	to help decide this question.
12	DR. SLATER: You have another round of you
13	have another review cycle to handle.
14	MISS MURPHY: July and August.
15	MR. VAN WINKLE: Another group has laid on us
-16	that visit here, right?
17	DR. PAHL: I think there is a different question
18	than what I heard coming up before.
19	We do have a July meeting of this committee, an
20	early August Council meeting.
21	If what you are doing is recommending approval
22	subject to your reconsideration in July and then notification
23	of the region and if the Council would buy that, they would
24	thereby in reality have a mid-July approval from you for the
25	full amount.
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1	DR. SLATER: We met here on July 18, which is one
2	week after they are going to submit it.
3	DR. PAHL: That gives them three weeks.
4	I understood you to say that staff to do it July
5	20. You may recommend approval with contingent upon it
6	coming back and confirming it at the July meeting but basically
7	that does not give the money to Texas and they can't go ahead
8	and spend it until July 20 or thereabouts which is three
9	weeks different than if they take more time to describe it
10	in their July 1 application.
11	I don't know whether that is a good thing or
12	not.
13	DR. SLATER: Is it technically possible for this
14	to be approved by the Council and not have to go back to the
15	Advisory Council?
16	Could they give this review committee final right
17	of approval?
18	MR. THOMPSON: If we make that recommendation.
19	DR. PAHL: We would take that recommendation to
20	the Council. If they accept it, then we could implement it.
21	DR. CARPENTER: It seems to me that we can
22	accomplish the same thing in a much more standard way. I
23	suppose that if we are right, that these people do have the
24	opportunity to develop a good selection of projects, and we
25	want to get them started on that, we can approve an amount
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of money now. 1 For instance, we would want to support their 2 corps staff right away. We could support something around. 3 \$1 million which would get them well past July and if they 4 have the confidence that their program is reasonable, they 5 can assume that when we have a complete description in July 6 we will approve such additional funds as will be necessary 7 to carry out the program. 8 I think what we have is a region that is now 9 operating \$348,000 worth of projects, a very small number of 10 projects. 11 They are saying that within a year they can 12 productively spend nearly \$1.5 million on new projects. 13 I think that I will require additional convincing. 14 So, I think that you get them started and they have plenty 15 of money to go on, until we have a chance to see their detail-16 ed proposal. 17 MR. THOMPSON: May I ask a question, because I am 18 confused at this point. 19 This damn telegram that keeps zipping in, we 20 should have taken it up this morning. 21 We are talking about 25 additional projects, is 22 that correct? 23DR. SLATER: No. 24 MR. THOMPSON: You are talking about these? 25

DR. SLATER: They requested the program staff 1 money and then they have also requested in this package, 2 money to continue and complete that which is already under 3 Something like \$348,000 there and then they said we 4 wav. need about \$1.5 million for new studies but we haven't got 5 the projects yet. We have the areas and we put out to bid 6 but we don't have the project yet because we haven't had 7 enough time to get them in. 8 We would like you to give us the right to spend 9 up to \$1.5 million which is what the budget boils down to, 10 to support these contracts when we, when our RAG has received 11 them and decided what are the high priority ones and by 12 some mechanism this review committee likewise approve them. 13 We are simply being asked to approve in advance 14 what they are behind in. I don't see it as a slush fund 15 because it has to be reviewed by their RAG and reviewed by ·16 us in some way. 17 MR. THOMPSON: Let us just take this crazy, damned 18 economics of the whole delivery system. \$656,000 --19 Those are guidelines for proposals. DR. SLATER: 20 Those are not the projects. you haven't seen a project 21 description there. You have seen guidelines for proposal. 22 MR. THOMPSON: O.K. Then I understand I buy 23Dr. Pahl's proposal that we request Council to permit us at 24 our next meeting to review some of these contracts. 25

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1	DR. SLATER: O.K.
2	DR. CARPENTER: They haven't even chosen sites
3	for these projects.
4	You look at the site selection sheet, they are
5	blank.
6	DR. SLATER: Because they have come in. The
7	whole reason to come in now instead of the next route is
8	based on their argument that they have one year left like
. 9	everybody else in the program and they haven't asked this
10	question about any other projects.
- 11	They said, we really need a whole area if we are
12	going to contract and try to do what we are doing. So, we
<sup>-</sup> 13	would like to give you a new advance.
14	MR. VAN WINKLE: Dr. Pahl indicated that three
15	months from now or four months from now, contracts for a full
16	12-month period.
17	It is just that the end product will be monitored
18	by somebody else. They can let a contract.
19	DR. SLATER: They can do it up to the last minute
20	as far as the monies are spent.
21	MR. THOMPSON: Why can't we separate the thing
22	out? Give them a certain amount of money, writing RMP's
23	and then request counsel to permit this Committee to review the hard proposal at the next meeting and approve or disapprove
24	the mard proposal at the next meeting and approve of disapprove them without going through Council.
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1	DR. SLATER: That sounds like a good idea.
2	I just had a question strike me like a bolt of
3	lightning.
4	This is the first time it has happened. Who is
5	going to monitor any of these things?
6	All of this work that we are farming out, Dr.
7	Pahl, who is going to be looking at the reports that are
8	coming in?
9	DR. PAHL: That is what I was alluding to.
10	MR. THOMPSON: We brought this up yesterday, about
11	what is the
12	DR. PAHL: In practical terms, it may not be as
13	bad as it always appears to be.
14	For example, the chronic disease control program
15	disappeared, but I remember RMP for about 3-1/2 years matching
- 16	contracts as a result of the Federal commitments. The whole
17	kidney activity that we have been doing, is the fold-over
18	and so forth of that activity.
19	I sat with Dr. Margolis about well, a week or
20	more ago and again pointed out to him that it would seem nice
21	if we could get this agency kind of policy statement which
22	could be sent to all grantees and we now have drafted one at
23	his request which will be looked at every carefully and I
24	am not sure what will eventually happen to it.
25	But it would be nice if we could tell grantees
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that we recognize the program and that there are continuing operations and that the Federal Government, hopefully this agency or regional offices, will monitor and that we won't all have to get out contracts again. I can't make the commit+ ment. We are trying. That is not a problem. It will happen.

DR. SLATER: We can pass this over to the next review cycle.

There is only one problem. When they are operating by contracts, they withhold a certain percentage, I think 20 percent of the funds until the contract is completed and then they make the final payment. If they start late on a one-year contract, then we are past the fiscal year ending and they will have to pay out the funds for the remainder of the contracts before the contract is completed and thereby lose whatever leverage they have on the contract.

MR. THOMPSON: Why don't we just hold the thing? Why don't we just buy --18

MRS. WYCKOFF: Put it in escrow.

DR. SLATER: I would like to hear from Mrs. 20 Salazar, Mr. Chairman. 21

I don't feel that that is a real MRS. SALAZAR: factor in that the Texas RMP has a board of trustees, so I assume that will have some fiscal responsibility to hold these people accountable; am I correct in that?

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Yes, but at the present time they MR. POSTA: 2 plan to terminate it.

3 DR. PAHL: You are in the never, never land of 4 grants, Federal legislation, and there is no one in this 5 room who can honestly state what will happen next June 30 6 and there are a lot of people concerned and working and nobody 7 in this agency can tell you and I really say that in all 8 seriousness, because we lived with this whole activity, this 9 is the same set of discussions we had internally last year when the program was going to end, Jerry Gardell, Larry 10 Parker and others have been concerned about it a year ago 11 and we are in the same position this year and somehow RMP's 12 are here and as a Federal manager, I am trying my best to · 13 smooth the way to get a transition but I can't get a commit-14 ment. 15 I would say, make your decision on the merits 16

of the case and don't worry about the tail end payments of 17 Somehow it will work out. contracts. 18

Do what you think is appropriate for spending the money effectively in Texas on the basis of the information you have. And you have to arrive at that decision. But we will worry about the continuation. 22

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ape 4	DR. MILLER: I submit, in antagonism, I guess,
2	against the motion, that it isn't going to make that much
3	difference with these activities, whether they start the 20th
4	of July or when does the council meet after?
5	DR. PAHL: 9th of August. Awards would go out
6	effective September 1.
7	DR. MILLER: It isn't going to make that much
8	difference, and I fail to see a reason why we should make a
9	special procedure for Texas. Even though, I know they are
10	accustomed to such treatment.
11	DR. SCHERLIS: What was the motion you made an hour
12	ago?
13	MR. CHAMBLISS: Was that a motion?
14	DR. CARPENTER: A motion with a second on the floor.
15	DR. SLATER: I will withdraw my motion.
16	MR. CHAMBLISS: The motion is withdrawn and the chair
17	will entertain a new motion.
18	DR. CARPENTER: What I was suggesting is that what
19	I move, is that we fund Texas whatever the sum of \$319 and
20	program existing, plus the continuation project, \$348,000, plus
21	another \$350,000 to give them wiggle room.
22	So that is \$700 \$1,100,000.
23	MRS. WEIKOFF: I second the motion.
29	MR. CHAMBLISS: It has been moved and seconded that
	Texas be funded for this round at the level of \$1,100,000.
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1	Are you ready?
2	Is there discussion?
3	MRS. SALIZAR: Yes, does your motion, Dr. Carpenter,
(	include the rest of your first condition?
5	DR. CARPENTER: No condition, and I hope they will
6	be back in July
7	DR. SLATER: We have another cycle to consider.
8	MRS. WEIKOFF: Let them come back in July.
9	MR. CHAMBLISS: With the provision that they will
10	come back in July with a clearer application.
11	DR. CARPENTER: No provision, but just recommend that
12	they tell us all the good opportunities that they have in the
13	July meeting.
14	DR. MILLER: I will second the motion.
15	MR. CHAMBLISS: It has been moved and seconded.
.16	Is there further discussion?
17	DR. MILLER: Could I ask the question from the staff's
18	viewpoint, the fact that they said they were not going to come
19	back in July does not mean they can't now change and come back
20	in July.
21	MR. CHAMBLISS: They still can come in July, yes.
22	MR. TOOMEY: Question.
23	MR. CHAMBLISS: All those in favor?
24	(Chorus of ayes.)
25	MR. CHAMBLISS: Those opposed?
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1	(No response.)
2	MR. CHAMBLISS: There is no opposition and the
3	motion is passed.
4	DR. SLATER: The next round, all we are going to do
5	is take a look at the 25 projects if they do it. We, in
6	essence, covered the basic text of this Texas program.
7	MR. CHAMBLISS: Let us take a short recess.
8	(Recess)
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## OHIO VALLEY

MR. CHAMBLISS: Shall we resume?

Our next region for review is Ohio Valley.

The presenters for Ohio Valley will be Dr. Vaun and Mr. Thompson, backed up by Mrs. Parks from the staff.

There are, in this region, a couple of nuances, having to do with the two regions formerly in Ohio that are no longer in existence. There have been some special arrangements made permitting activities from Ohio to be incorporated into the Ohio Valley application.

I wonder, before the reviewers make their presentation,
if you would just like to highlight those issues, so that it
may be before the Committee as a whole.

MR. VAN WINKLE: What has happened is that the two
Ohio's had been phased out, and, as this revival came around,
we started getting inquiries from there, where can we apply?
We don't have an organization, grantee.

Arrangements were made with the Ohio Valley Regional Medical Program to entertain such proposals, having them act 19 as a grantee agency.

I want to call your attention to the fact that I elieve Dr. Paul made assurances to them that in no way would affect their funding level, Ohio Valley's. I mean, it would not work to their detriment.

MR. THOMPSON: But, nothing in this particular request reflects that change.

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MR. VAN WINKLE: I can show you where it is and that 1 is what we want to point out. It would be on page 200, under 2 3 "Discreet Activity Summary." She indicates the feasibility studies from this study were conducted on four potential sites in the region. 5 Dayton, Ohio, Southeast or Harlan, Kentucky, South-Central or 6 Somerset, Kentucky, and Southwest, Georgetown, Ohio. 7 There are two Ohio's in there that are not fully 8 developed yet. . 9 10 Now, it may even extend on to include Lima, Ohio, and as far north as Toledo. 11 MR. THOMPSON:: I guess I do not know about the 12 previous geography about that craziness in Ohio, which, if I 13 remember correctly, we tried to contract before. 14 So, in other words, Miami, where the Ohio University 15 is, and the new medical school is going to be, was not 16originally in the Ohio Valley. 17 MR. VAN WINKLE: That is correct. 18 MRS. PARKS: Dayton. 19 Miami --MR. THOMPSON: 20 DR. VAUN: : Where was Cincinnati before? 21 MR. VAN WINKLE: Ohio Valley. 22MRS. PARKS: Actually, what happened, or is happening, 23as far as the Toledo-Lima areas are concerned, they, of course, 24 have expressed interest in some kinds of activity with the Ohio 25

HOOVER REPORTING CO., INC. 320 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20002 Valley Regional Medical Program. Part of it was through this
 particular activity that they are interested in, simply because
 it is a priority in that area.

There are three CHP "b" agencies within that area. One in Dayton, one in Lima and there is another one in Ohio. But there are three of them.

They have expressed an interest in coming together 7 to form a consortium and once this is done they will apply to 8 the Ohio Valley RMP for funds for the development of a sub-9 regional organization for health, manpower and training. 10 The application has not been developed yet. There will be a 11 meeting tomorrow in Dayton at the Health Planning Council 12 office and it will include representatives of the three CHP "b" 13 agencies within that area, representatives from the academic 14 institutions, health service institutions, "a" agency, 15 Dr. Milligan will be there, and program staff from Ohio Valley .16 and I think several of the regional advisory council members 17 from the Ohio area, Dayton, Ohio. 18

And the purpose of the meeting is to discuss this arrangement with the Ohio Valley and if they are interested in it, then they will make an application to the region for funding.

22 Advisory Council's approval.

They do not envision that it will be ready for the next meeting of the council, which is July. They figure October,

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1 which is when the council meets again, will be too late.

<sup>2</sup> MR. VAN WINKLE: You are talking about the third <sup>3</sup> council.

MRS. PARKS: The Ohio Valley council, RAG, they call it.

6 So what they are aiming for is to, with the assistance 7 of the staff from Ohio Valley, help in developing a project and 8 have it ready by August, and it is a possibility that the 9 RAG will empower the executive committee to act and either 10 approve, or whatever.

But the RAG, back in 1972 and 1973, developed some specific guidelines for the development of these sohmets, and this is the reason for the meeting tomorrow.

They are going to inform this group of what these They are going to inform this group of what these Is guidelines are, and if they can conform to the guidelines, then their application will be entertained.

MRS. WEIKOFF: Is this the 27(a) through (h) or just 18 27(d)?

19 MRS. PARKS: The funds budgeted in 27(d) will provide 20 funding if the application is approved for the Dayton, Lima 21 and Toledo area.

22 MR. THOMPSON: You said two Ohio programs went down 23 the tube?

MRS. PARKS: I beg your pardon?

MR. THOMPSON: Did you say two Ohio programs went down

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1 the tube?

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MR. CHAMBLISS: Were phased.

MR. VAN WINKLE: Cleveland and Columbus. 3 Known as Ohio State. 4 MR. CHAMBLISS: 5 MR. THOMPSON: What about Toledo? MR. VAN WINKLE: 6 Toledo was phased out earlier. MR. THOMPSON: I will be danned. 7 8 MRS. PARKS: And it only covers certain parts. MR. VAN WINKLE: This is the only way that we can 9 accommodate any requests from the State of Ohio. 10 Now that you have been informed on MR. CHAMBLISS: 11 future project activities in Ohio, may the presenters commence? 12 Thank you. . 13 DR. VAUN: I thought you were going to make our job 14 easier by introducing the Ohio comments, but what you have done 15 is make it more difficult. 16 I don't think it has changed one iota, my comments, 17 and one iota on the budget, but it is an enlightening thing. 18 What it is going to do is compensate the leadership 19 for the Ohio Valley program which, in my view, seems complicated 20 now. That is, it would appear that the leadership of this RMP 21 is somewhat of a coordinator of a troika, and I am not sure 99 how this new partner is going to alter that situation. To wit. 23

it would appear that the leader of this program has been an

architect of sustaining an isosceles triangle and making sure

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that all the angles remain the same, and now you introduce another angle and this is going to foul up the whole mess. This will come out in the proposals.

The reason I say your comments are not going to interest me is because the proposals are not going to be altered one iota by another group, and my criticism will, I think, remain valid. It would appear that RAG has sustained its effectiveness.

I am a little surprised, in looking it over. 9 Ι shouldn't be surprised from the nature of the project, that 10 there are six of the 40 identified as medical center officials. 11 There are nine also that I would identify as medical -- there 12 are probably several others who are quasi-medical center 13 officials, so that the program is, although adequately 14 represented, it is heavily oriented to the three medical 15 16 menters.

17 It would appear that their CHP relationships have 18 been okay.

19Jean was good enough to fill me in on some staff20changes and she may want to comment further, because the21numbers on our yellow sheets were incorrect, and I was a little22startled by thinking that they were expanding and they are not23really expanding. Their full-time professional staff is going24from nine to fourteen, and these are primarily vacancies and

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not new positions.

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Their full-time others is going to 47, so it would
be a total of 21. There are fourteen now. Most of them are
unfilled vacancies and not creating new positions.
Jean, you also indicated to me that their deputy
director position has been filled?
MRS. PARKS: Yes, I learned several days ago that
a former member of the program core staff has been approached

8 by the Executive Committee to assume duties, effective August
9 1, as deputy coordinator, Bill Fox.

DR. VAUN:: I think that will help with the increased amount of money that they are asking for in the funding.

With regard to their proposals, my criticism is that the problems in Lexington, Louisville and Cincinnati, seem amazingly alike, both from the point of view of level of funding and type of problem. To wit: I really can't understand how they would have the guts to apply for three colcimetry centers in Louisville, Lexington and Cincinnati, almost to the identical dollar figure.

19I mean, that is a slap in the face that I just don't20understand how they could do that to us, but they did.

In any event,I just took the worst of the ones without going down to indicate that almost all of the other projects are a third for Louisville, a third for Lexington and a third for Cincinnati. Whether it is ambulatory care, it is a third, ht. a third; that is why, I think, the leaders are going <sup>1</sup> to be in a difficult position when they introduce the fourth.

I am not -- I should not be too critical because, apparently, this program has been able to move with this problem, and in other areas, this influence has paralized other areas.

I might point out that I arrived at my deduction in
a rational way. I think the nature of this proposal reflects
their leadership. They are heavily involved in ambulatory
care, they are heavily involved in the ad hoc proposals and,
Jean, unless you would want to add something more at this
point about what I have said before I give a figure, I am
ready to pass it on to my fellow reviewer.

MRS. PARKS: I agree with what you say about the medical centers being funded. They seem to come in three's. But, I don't feel that they have created quite the severe problem as you have discussed, and maybe this is my biased pinion.

As far as the activities are concerned that they have developed, I think most of them have been developed, really obased on study after study after study within the region and they, the activities, were developed from these studies, based on the needs of particular areas, and they have sort of moved an the basis of that.

DR. VAUN:: It is a simple, technical fact, that 25 one dolcimetry center could handle all three States put togehter HOOVER REPORTING CO. INC.

1	okay.
2	MRS. PARKS: Well, I wouldn't argue with that.
. 3	DR. VAUN: As I worked through the projects
4	considering the nature of the overall project, I have arrived
5	at a figure that I am happy with production, that comes pretty
6	close to their targets, \$514,900.
7	MR. CHAMBLISS: Is that your recommendation?
8	DR. VAUN: That is mine.
9	DR. MILLER: What is the amount?
10	DR. VAUN: \$514,900.
11	DR. MILLER: For what?
12	DR. VAUN: Off of their request.
13	MRS. PARKS: That is a minus.
14	DR. VAUN: You didn't think it was an add-on?
15	MRS. PARKS: I thought it was a recommendation.
16	DR. VAUN: Their request was \$282,536. My identified
17	reduction was \$514,900, making recommendation \$2,507,636.
18	MR. CHAMBLISS: Mr. Thompson:
19	MR. THOMPSON: I agree 100% with my primary reviewer.
20	I will say that although there were many letters
21	from CHP agencies here, it is obvious that they are playing games
22	because one letter here did not receive a proposal in time to
23	review it. They didn't endorse it. They said they wouldn't
24	turn it down but they would not comment on it. So, it happened
25	to be that dolcimetry bit, which is fairly wild.

There was also a problem here about one of their home car programs, that the primary purpose of which, if I am not mistaken, was to stimulate the coverage of home care by Blue Cross programs. This stimulator had been in the works for four years.

6 It seems to me about time for them to fish or
7 cut bait on whether or not Blue Cross will pick up home care.
8 Now, there happens to be a national policy for Blue
9 Cross to do that, as much as there can be a national policy
10 for Blue Cross, but that looks like a little bit of a long
11 time to prove out that something is valid before somebody else
12 takes over.

They have requested continuation.

DR. VAUN: That was one of the largest, too. That fourth year project was a \$200,000 request.

DR. SCHERLIS: I just wanted to ask some questions. The home care, as I add it, it comes to well over, well, it is about \$491,000, is the sume requested for home care, a great deal of which is developmental, at least \$200,000.

I am wondering what plans they have once this amount of money is withdrawn as far as what will happen to the need that they have stimulated within the community? It seemed like a rather short time.

I have other questions. Perhaps I can get some feeling on that.

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DR. VAUN: I think this is what John was trying to raise in his point.

Now, they have been four years in the process and they are asking \$200,000 again. So, the likelihood is that much of this is going to remain under-funded at the end of this year.

7 DR. SCHERLIS: The other two items that trouble me, 8 ambulatory care, again, a developmental component of \$150,000, 9 and developmental for one of their sohmets or for at least the 10 five additional sohmets. Their suborganizational response for 11 health, manpower care and training, I think they have the 12 very interesting, very long and very varied list of proposals.

But my concern even more here than elsewhere is what happens when that year ends? They will have built up needs, people and no vestige of opportunities, I think, for a great many of these to be supported, particularly, home care.

We have all been involved in the home care projects for a limited period of time. When they die, they die. There is nothing to fix them up and they were going down the road with \$500,000.

MR. THOMPSON: Except management of the projects that we picked up in the past.

DR. WHITE: I am still not sure about this fourth one. There is some money that would be earmarked for them.

MRS. PARKS: For what?

MR. CHAMBLISS: For Ohio.

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MRS. PARKS: Toledo, Ohio. The funds requested in 3 27(d).

DR. WHITE: That is the developmental complex.

<sup>5</sup> MRS. PARKS: Yes, it is to provide funds for the <sup>6</sup> development of sohmets in certain defined georgraphic areas.

They included in here some potential sites, that they
plan to start them. The Toledo-Lima-Dayton ones would also be
included, but they do not have the application from that
particular group of people, as yet.

DR. WHITE: This \$150,000 is again an escrow account? MR. CHAMBLISS: It is for future project activities. DR. VAUN: But, it would appear on the basis of some commitments by -- that is not totally an escrow. They were led to believe that they would have some access to the Ohio Valley for program.

I am asking it again. Suppose it is awarded at the level you recommended instead of what they asked? Isn't there pption to say to these other people, sorry, we didn't get all we asked for, therefore, you are out of luck?

21 MR. CHAMBLISS: We would have to give them specific 22 Instructions on that and we would await your judgment on this 23 point.

DR. MILLER: Mr. Chairman, there are three projects I am asking the reviewers, there are three projects that are listed 1 developmental awards.

Are these projects -- is this another way of having \$500,000 of a developmental fund which they can use as they \$4 choose?

5 One of them is home care developmental awards, 6 \$200,000. One of them is sohmet, \$150,000, and one is 7 ambulatory care and developmental components, \$150,000. 8 \$500,000 of developmental funds. Is this all open?

9 DR. VAUN: It is not open and that is how I arrived 10 at some of my reduction.

DR. MILLER: You are saying, essentially, that those are things that we disapprove of in engaging in?

DR. VAUN: That \$200,000 care thing, as John pointed out, this is the fourth year. Now, how developmental can you be?

MR. CHAMBLISS: Is their specific recommendation on that particular part of the application from the committee?

MR. THOMPSON: I don't think we can tell them that we were concerned about, but if they want to give that, that is their prerogative. We need instructions to the region.

I think we can say that we were concerned about the odd coincidence of equal requirements for the same kinds of desperate towns, and the second thing we ought to tell them, we just really don't know how developmental the fourth year agreement can be. But that is up to them.

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1	MR. CHAMBLISS: Thank you. We will note your
2	concerns and we will entertain a motion.
.3	DR. VAUN: I move that the request of the Ohio
4	Regional Program be reduced by \$514,900, to a figure of
5	\$2,305,636, with instructions to the region that the specific
6	project that involves development components is that
7	27(b), Jean?
8	MRS. PARKS: Yes. Is that the sohmet activity
9	yes.
10	DR. VAUN: May not be less than \$100,000, may not be
11	less than \$100,000.
12	MR. CHAMBLISS: Is there a second to the motion?
13	DR. MILLER: Second.
14	MR. CHAMBLISS: It is moved and seconded that the
15	level be for the Ohio Valley, \$2,305,636, with the additional
16	provisions cited by Dr. Vaun, applying to the region.
17	DR. WHITE: This 27(b), I understand, has not been
18	through a review process. •
19	DR. VAUN: No, it has not because this region phasing
20	out of one regional medical program has been given access to
21	this regional medical program, and I guess they just didn't have
22	time to do it.
23	MRS. PARKS: No, that is not the process of handling
24	developments of activities has been approved by the regional
25	advisory group. They do have some areas identified that they

<sup>1</sup> intend to fund. The Toledo-Lima situation, now, that has not <sup>2</sup> been approved by the RAG, simply because they do not have the <sup>3</sup> application yet. But, the process of providing funds to <sup>4</sup> certain areas, provided they meet the guidelines, has been <sup>5</sup> approved.

<sup>6</sup> DR. WHITE: My point is, therefore, we cannot say <sup>7</sup> no less than \$100,000, unless we appended that, and they <sup>8</sup> approve it as being a project, they would otherwise undertake.

9 The regional advisory group has to have the preroga-10 tive of approving this.

MRS. PARKS: Yes.

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DR. VAUN: That is why I indicated no less than 13 \$100,000.

DR. WHITE: If they say it is no good, we don't want to do it --

DR. VAUN: How are you going to protect this region which is out in the cold right now, having been told they haven't access to this program?

DR. VAUN: And they would not be penalized because they were doing this out of the goodness of their heart and they also handled two arthritis proposals, and they agreed to nonitor, evaluate and carry on all grantee activities for those particular projects.

MR. CHAMBLISS: As add-on's.

DR. VAUN: There is a way to obviate the criticism.

That is to guarantee the \$100,000. 1 I think if they do not award up to \$100,000 to this 2 project, their request will be further reduced by \$100,000. 3 DR. WHITE: This \$100,000 can be used for that or 4 nothing. 5 MRS. PARKS: I am sorry, let me get this clear. 6 In other words, the money that you are approving for 7 27(b) can only be used for the Toledo-Lima projects, if it 8 comes in and is approved? 9 DR. VAUN: Right. 10 MRS. PARKS: They cannot use it to start up 11 activities in some other sites? 12 DR. VAUN: No. 13 MR. VAN WINKLE: Would you award them 2205, whatever 14 it is, and in the other, make an additional award if it comes 15 through? 16 If you tell me that is the best way to DR. VAUN: 17 say it, that way, and I will say it that way -- tell me what 18 the rules are, and I will subscribe. 19 Now. I think you know what I am trying to say. 20 I guess if I understood, he said let DR. CARPENTER: 21 us award them \$100,000 less in July than if they come in with 22 this sohmet up north, and we will give them another. 23DR. VAUN: Is that what you are saying? 24 MR. VAN WINKLE: Your concern seems to be over this 25

1 sohmet, \$100,000, whatever it is.

Let us say, in the award, that the 22 is for Ohio Valley and the X amount is for the other.

MR. CHAMBLISS: Making a total of \$2,305,000, just as you have proposed.

6 DR. VAUN: I will revise my motion to accommodate 7 that statement.

8 DR. SLATER: I wonder if Dr. Vaun would revise his 9 position since he is within \$10,000 of the target figure, and 10 in view of all the criticism, why are we giving them more than 11 100% of their target figure?

DR. VAUN: Because I think I have arrived at my figure in a far more rational way than they arrived at their's. I have no way of knowing how they arrived at their target figures.

DR. MILLER: Which is the correct target figure?

18 MR. CHAMBLISS: The one on the long sheet is the 19 laid-up one and the more correct one.

DR. MILLER: 35291 -- which is 45,000?

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21 MR. VAN WINKLE: I would like to point out that the 22 target figure is for Ohio Valley.

DR. MILLER: Their developmental project includes what they are going to give to Ohio Valley. So it is all in there.

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1	MR. VAN WINKLE: I am only saying
2	MR. CHAMBLISS: Your point is well taken, but the
3	motion as presented by Dr. Vaun includes not only Ohio Valley,
4	but the additional \$100,000 to take care of Project 27, is that
5	correct?
6	MRS. PARKS: Yes.
7	MR. CHAMBLISS: Now, question from Dr. Scherlis.
8	DR. SCHERLIS: As I recall, we had a great deal of
9	fun and games in all of our previous review committees
10	designating the various quadrants, or portals, in which we
11	place various regional medical programs.
12	Could you refresh my memory and tell me where Ohio
13	Valley was?
14	MR. CHAMBLISS: If I recall correctly, Ohio Valley
15	was in the upper quadant.
16	MR. VAN WINKLE: You know, this particular project
17	you are speaking of is \$150,000.
18	MR. CHAMBLISS: We understand that. It has been
19	reduced to \$100,000. That is the point that he is making.
20	MR. VAN WINKLE: I thought he said not less than that.
21	DR. VAUN: You are satisfying me if you leave it the
22	way it is.
23	MRS. WEIKOFF: Not less than \$100,000.
24	DR. VAUN: The award to this region. My recommendation
25	is \$2,305,000, with additional \$100,000 for 27(d), if the RAG

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1	of the Ohio Valley approves it.
2	MR. CHAMBLISS: I think that is of sufficient clarity,
3	Doctor, to be understood.
4	If they don't request that amount, then the principle
5	of reversion takes place.
6	DR. SCHERLIS: Call for the question.
7	MR. CHAMBLISS: All right, the question. Those in
8	favor of the motion?
. 9	(Chorus of ayes.)
10	MR. CHAMBLISS: Those opposed?
11	(No response.)
12	MR. CHAMBLISS: The motion is carried.
13	Let us now turn our attention to the application
14	from Oklahoma.
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<sup>2</sup> MR. CHAMBLISS: Oklahoma will be reviewed by
 <sup>3</sup> Dr. Scherlis and Mr. Toomey with Miss Resnick as staff repre <sup>4</sup> sentative.

<sup>5</sup> DR. SCHERLIS: For those of you who are perhaps not <sup>6</sup> familiar with Oklahoma, perhaps I can give a brief history.

Oklahoma had been very heavily oriented toward
professional education, and for sometime the feeling was that
this was not only its main thrust, but almost its only thrust.
This posed some problem.

It has always been very much procedure-oriented and this is apparent when you meet with both of the regional medical program advisory groups and when you review the programs that they had over the years. They have had a change as far as leadership is concerned.

Their present director is Albert M. Donnell, and in his letter of April 30th, with his grant request, I think he indicates some points that I would like to refer to because j it at least gives some orientation to the rest of their application.

As he points out, the budget request which he submits 22 is based upon how the money can best be invested wisely and 23 productively in achieving the maximum cost effectiveness for 24 short-run and also aids in the long run.

I think, and it is an important statement, because,

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1 as you review their request, a great deal is based on cost
2 effectiveness.

When they put together their application, they did 3 it in a way that I think will merit some discussion. They said 4 their program development began with a consideration of the 5 past and present DRMP mission, including guidelines and 6 priorities with anticipation as to the most probable cause 7 of action Congress would take in formulating remedial legisla-8 tion. ORMP structure was then closely examined, including its 9 RAG organiation, past and present program activities, the 10 staff structure and personnel capacities, and the roles 11 relationships and functions between the grantee institution, 12 OUHSC and ORMP. 13

The program then evolved and was further structured to demonstrate the willingness and ability at the State level for health planning, development, implementation and regulation to co-exist and function effectively, although under different organizational entities.

They submit this as being their new game plan. What they have done is to put together a series of projects and plans which relate to, I think, a great deal of emphasis on provider base and also on consortiums of hospitals to reduce costs as far as the various services which they give.

There are a few points which I want to make in this regard. They state they developed a program, the Oklahoma

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Medical Program did not -- I want to emphasize, did not announce
 an open invitation to bidders to regional support funds for
 development of fiscal year '75 program. Since the regional
 health development area program, which they referred to
 officially as RHDAP, and has been adopted as the base program
 for 1974.

The program content was related to the question where to expand, which development induced them to existing RHDAP staffs and what supports are utilized in making the cost and quality effective.

What they have moved into, as best I can determine it, a structure called Regional Health Development Area Program, and, therefore, have developed several such areas throughout the State, and have built their future programs on this, basing part of this on the fact that they are not quite sure which direction RHDAP or CHP will go, so they are looking to an overall area type of programorganization.

18They say that the major program thrust will include19their continuation of remote coronary systems.

This has been areas where they have been quite successful in attracting a well-trained cardiologist to assist neighboring hospitals. I might add that he is one of my fellows and that is a very effective program from what I have heard from him, as well as other people in the area.

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HOOVER REPORTING CO., INC. 320 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20002 They have emphasized kidney centers, as part of the

1 programs that they wish to continue. They have been involved 2 through their regional health development groups, non-profit 3 corporations known as Medical Profit Systems, Incorporated. 4 These are ways of sharing joint purchasing of drugs, IV 5 solutions, various other services.

6 This has proved to be, according to their cost 7 effectiveness analysis, helpful as far as reducing hospital 8 costs, and becomes apparent as you go through their program, 9 that a great deal of their emphasis continues to be on 10 hospitals or providers working together as far as more 11 effective cost mechanism.

12 In reviewing some of the things that we would 13 like to do and their staff, I think it is important to 14 emphasize a few things.

One, their executive director, Dr. Donnell, has been 15 their for a year and four months. They have associate director, 16 director of telecommunications, program director, program 17 assessment, manpower development, placement service, emphasis, 18 again, on education and, I guess, that which speaks most to 19 what you can do through provider orientation. They do have 20significant vacancies on their staff that I calculated out as 21 being approximately \$56,000 a year and some of these are at 22significant levels. 23

In terms of what they would like to do with their money, they have asked for several regional health development

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<sup>1</sup> programs, that, as I total it, come to something like \$500,000
<sup>2</sup> for the total number of five or six which they have requested
<sup>3</sup> and perhaps to give you a flavor of what these would like to do,
<sup>4</sup> I can read from one of them, and many of them are put together
<sup>5</sup> just exactly the same way.

<sup>6</sup> This concerns one of their medical product service <sup>7</sup> groups which is under regional health development program. <sup>8</sup> This was created for the purpose of achieving the following <sup>9</sup> long-range goals:

Promote area-wide participation of hospitals, other
health care providers and consumers, in exemplary programs for
effective cost containment.

Improve the availability, accessibility and quality of health services throughout the area through a more sophisticated health care system in concert with State and area-wide health planning efforts.

Attract and better utilize health manpower in rural communities.

Promote expansion of shared services voluntary
 hospital organization concept.

They are the general ones.

Cost containment services will be pursued through the following activities: group purchasing to initially include drugs, I-V's and selected hospital supplies; shared services

25 to include microfilming and printing; shared personnel,

1 commencing with dietary and medical record consultants.

They put them into each one of these areas. A whole wide range of programs which, if effective, would obviously accomplish a great deal. They point to a complement to their pharmaceutical, drug costs, 50%, I-V equipment by 40%, and so on. In each one of these areas where they have planned or existing systems, they point out that they have been able to reduce costs, or will reduce costs.

They have stated specifically in their general 9 description that they are provider-oriented and certainly this 10 has been one of their main thrusts, has been in that area. 11 Other projects include program staff which is \$387,000, EMS 12 training, \$100,000 -- so they are asking for a total of 13 approximately \$1,380,000. This exceeds their estimated 140% 14 target, \$1,000,000, by a total of \$350,000. They have, as I 15 pointed out, successfully developed some remote coronary 16 Their emphasis is obviously now on their regional programs. 17 health development area programs, which, if these work, can be 18 very effective. 19

Much of the effort appears to be in really reducing costs by mutual purchases, the hospitals, and the others, as I have indicated, appear to be essentially continuation of the projects.

I will withhold any motion until there is further discussion, and we have had staff comments on that.

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MR. CHAMBLISS: All right, thank you.

Mr. Toomey?

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MR. TOOMEY: I think it is interesting that the thrust of the Oklahoma program has moved from their early cooperative programs in the clinical field and evolved as cooperative efforts in the management and the hospital operation.

 $\overline{7}$ I suppose the three major -- three or four of the 8 major efforts in the hospital field today have to do with shared services, mergers, contract management and this kind 9 of operation. The people in the hospital business look -- they 10 look at this kind of evolution as being something really 11 tremendously desirable because it takes many of the problems 12 and many of the isolation factors related to small hospitals 13 operating as autonomous individual institutions that are 14 essentially uneconomic, because with small hospitals having 15 to purchase things that they purchase and hire the kinds of 16 people that they hire, in a small hospital and expensive --17 for example, a dietician. or social worker in a small hospital 18 may not have enough outlet for her capabilities or her capa-19 bilities in that one institution alone. Whereas, the sharing of 20people, the sharing of resources, whether they be financial 21 resources or personnel resources or equipment resources, has 22 to be, as far as I am concerned, it has to be the move of the 23 future in order to create some kind of an institutional health 24 are system.

Now, I really only differ with them in the use of
some words. For instance, to call it a health delivery system,
I think it is probably wrong. I do agree, certainly, that it is
an institutional kind of melting of services and sharing of
services.

I look upon it really as a thrust in two areas. One
is economics and the other is the enhancement of the manpower
or the professional personnel who are basically in short
supply and certainly if they can be shared it is desirable.

So, I can't help but be very much in favor of this kind of move in terms of the services, it enhances the services rendered to the people; it enhances the problems, the cost of containments. It has a very strong economic thrust in terms of value to the community and value to the institutions and value to the patients who use these institutions.

I think that it is an extremely desirable kind of thing and I think that it is certainly interesting, that it springs from the initial sharing going on in the heart disease, cancer and stroke and they moved over into the institutional fields, and I suppose part of the reason, I don't know whether however, you pronounce it, is a physician, if you call im a doctor --

> MR. VAN WINKLE: He is a hospital administrator. MR. TOOMEY: Well, I remember that he was Donnell, M.H.A.

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1 which is a Master's degree in hospital administration, so I
2 think it is, perhaps, just as logical for this guy as a
3 hospital administrator to move his RMP in that direction as it
4 is for a physician RMP directed to move his RAG in the
5 direction of clinical services.

In either way, I think there are values to be gotten.
and Oklahoma, as a rural State, as far as I am concerned, with
this kind of thing, is a very large degree, I would say, at the
present time, you could look upon them as almost a model.
What could be done from the institutional point of view with
other institutions.

So, the only other question that -- the only question, really, that I had was the -- it is a small staff, but if you put it on a percentagewise basis, it is about a 70% increase in the staff that they are asking.

This is one place, Mrs. Resnick, where I think we have to lean on you to find out if that increase in staff, with the fact that their programs are under way, and they are just expanding them, rather than building in a lot of new ones, whether that is justified.

MISS RESNICK: I think they need some strengthening of staff. But I felt at first it was a little too much at this time.

The regional health development programs are well along as far as the models are concerned, because Enid and

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Bartlesville have been successful. Enid and Bartlesville
 were initiated just as a pilot last spring with '74 monies, and
 they do want to expand and probably will follow the
 Bartlesville approach. They are getting very good reactions
 from the communities.

Wou are right, they feel this is an excellent mechanism for the rural area outreach and that is what it will prove.

As for this new staff, I can't speak to it exactly.
I haven't been in the area and talked to Mr. Donnell. I think
he needs some strengthening, but I am not sure that he needs
that many people. Seven new positions are proposed. Four
professionals and three clerical, administrative and that
sort of thing.

MR. THOMPSON: Have you had any more definite relationships with CHP? When you get these programs, then CHP usually starts screaming.

MISS RESNICK: There are four funded eastern **a**rea CHP "b" regions which were extremely laudatory of the program.

One of the projects, if you will notice, is to assist in western Oklahoma. Actually, it is two programs in western Oklahoma will eventually go on their own, but right now it is a very weak area and they have had a rocky history with the CHP agency and even the "a" agency.

Mr. Donnell, I think, was with the "a" agency and he is

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well aware and sensitive to this development in connection with
the CHP "b."

3 He feels that it is helping to strengthen the 4 relationship.

Now, if that answers the question --

DR. SCHERLIS: I have tried not to put too much a qualitative feeling when I presented it. I come away quite cool to this.

9 I think a good many of these projects should have
10 been done by the Oklahoma Hospital Association without having
11 any semblance of involvement whatsoever, of any consumer
12 groups or other regional cooperative ventures.

I did not know that he was a hospital administrator.
If I had, perhaps I would have so identified him in the
presentation and it would have been covered fully by that.

I say it only because I don't think this reflects 16 a regional cooperative venture. I think it reflects the swing 17 away from what they used to have. When they formerly were 18 heavily oriented towards education, who was it, Dr. Dale Dromes, 19 and I was very concerned because it was totally professional 20 education and we spoke then rather prosaically of this or that 21 medical program, having turned the corner, and Oklahoma seemed 22at that time never to find the correct corner or a correct 23corner to turn. 24

Now, they have turned and are still heavily provider

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oriented, but now it is a different group which is providing 1 that, and that is the hospital-based need and they are spinning 2 off cooperations which are looking at what I think are very 3 important aspects of mutual purchase of equipment, sharing of 4 facilities, and I see that the thrust that they point to 5 under proposals, are one thing. When they get progress, they 6 can point to the facts that they are now reducing the cost of 7 I-V equipment and now have joint microfilming, and so on, but 8 these are the progress notes. 9

Under their whole area health programs, much broader thrusts are envisioned. But, I think they are doing first things first. Everyone does his own thing, and I think he is doing his own thing very effectively.

I would like you to react to that.

MR. TOOMEY: I react two ways. One is, you could
conceivably say either the medical societies or the various
medical schools, and all of the States have been involved in
the contribution or dissemination of medical information to the
outlying rural areas before RMP came in with its medical thrust.

You say the hospital association should have done it. Well, the hospital association is a collection of individual institutions just as the -- just as the medical society is a collection of individual physicians, and I think that each one has its own thing to protect.

I think that they are trade associations, either way,

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and to say that in the profession of institution management the hospital association should inflict its desires for great development of an integrated health delivery system utilizing all physicians is any different from saying that the hospital sassociation should indicate all hospitals, so that you have hospital systems.

You can argue one way and I think it is just as
inappropriate, really, for me to say about that, about the
medical association, just as it is for you to say it about the
hospital association.

I think it is a major breakthrough in institutional management, which is for the benefit of large numbers of individuals. Granted it really is to the benefit economically and in terms of quality of care. It provides these things that were not provided before.

It is in a different context of clinical -- but it does provide an excellent, an increase in enhancement of the caliber of care within those institutions, and I think that, I think you are going to be interested in what medicine does, what nursing and dieticians and x-ray technicians and what the other people do. Because each has a bearing.

So, I think that, we are both talking from different points of view, but from my point of view, this is great.

DR. SCHERLIS: I don't mean this to be a debate. It is obvious we didn't get together at lunch.

1	MR. CHAMBLISS: A brief comment by Miss Resnick.
2	MISS RESNICK: The origin of these area development
3	corporations was a manpower development device to begin with.
4.	It is not emphasized quite as much in this presentation as it
5	was the last time and that is still a component of their
6	operation. It is not just sharing costs and containments. It
7	is manpower seminars, workshops, development of they will
. 8	have a conference that is being spread out throughout these
9	hospitals, so it is a little more than meets the eye.
10	I don't think it is exclusively a hospital management.
11	MR. VAN WINKLE: You wouldn't believe the community
12	involvement in this program. Never saw such enthusiasm.
13	MRS. WEIKOFF: This is just a piece of the whole
14	thing.
15	MR. CHAMBLISS: I wonder if the representatives
16	are ready to make a motion?
17	DR. SCHERLIS: Recognizing that hospitals are
18	important, I would move that we fund them to the level of their
19	target, which is \$1,033,000. This reduces what they asked by
20	\$150,000, which I do without conscience, really.
21	MR. CHAMBLISS: If you will look at your spread
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25	MR. CHAMBLISS: Is there a second?
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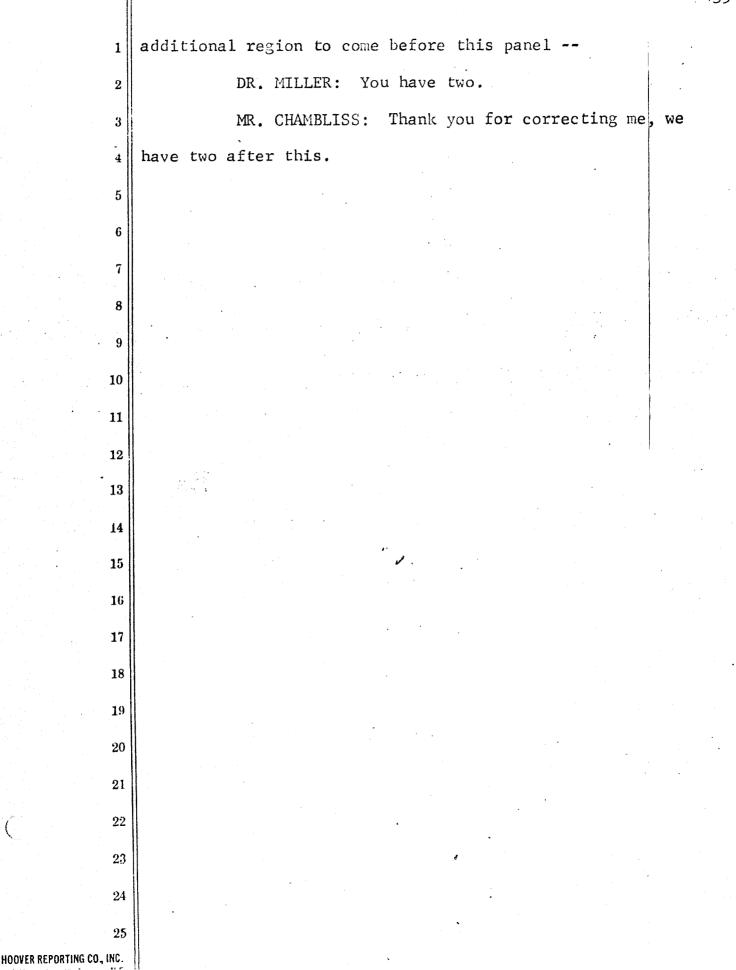
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MR. TOOMEY: I will second it, and then just as an 1 aside, tell you that you gave \$62,000 more than I was going to 2 3 ask. 4 MR. CHAMBLISS: All right, it has been moved and 5 seconded. 6 Is there further discussion? 7 Dr. White? 8 DR. WHITE: Is there some concern on the yellow page about the duplication? EMS activities? 9 10 DR. SCHERLIS: We have been assured this is not a factor. 11 MISS RESKICK: It is just a continuation of what 12 they have been doing. Very little additional money, training, 13 14 and, apparently, it is acceptable. MR. CHAMBLISS: Call the question. 15 MRS. WEIKOFF: Question. 16MR. CHAMBLISS: Those in favor of the motion? 17 (Chorus of ayes.) 18 MR. CHAMBLISS: Those opposed? 19 (No response.) 20 MR. CHAMBLISS: The ayes have it. 21 I would simply wish, if I may indulge in the preroga-22 ives of the chair, make the observation that not only is the 23 coordinator of Oklahoma an administrator, I understand that 24 his RAG chairman is a hospital administrator, one of your 25

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1 reviewers, Mr. Toomey, is a hospital administrator. 2 Your staff assistant is a hospital administrator and 3 so is your chairman. 4 And, I would say it is about time that hospital 5 administrators became more involved. We have sought to get 6 their participation over the years, and it now comes at a 7 rather late date. 8 DR. SCHERLIS: Nothing succeeds like success. 9 DR. CARPENTER: Could I ask one question? 10 Is Mr. Maysor involved in the regional program in Oklahoma? You didn't see the name in the application? 11 MR. TOOMEY: No, I didn't notice. 12 MR. CHAMBLISS: I would like to note one thing for 13 the record if I may, that at this late date in our review 14 process, that all of the reviewers are still in the room. 15 I would like the record to show that. And, it shows 16 certainly the commitment that our viewers have had to this 17 process. 18 We do, indeed, appreciate the support that you are 19 giving us in this review, and I will say that I hate to spoil 20 what I have said. Off the record. 21 (Discussion off the record.) 22 MR. CHAMBLISS: Now, we are back on the record. 23Our last region -- our next region for review is 24 South Carolina. After South Carolina, we will have only one 25



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## SOUTH CAROLINA REGION

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3	MR. CHAMBLISS: Let the record show that Mr. Toomey
4	has left the room for this review.
5	The reviewers here are Mr. Thompson and Dr. Vaun,
6	supported by Mrs. Kyttle, who represents the staff.
7	MR. THOMPSON: South Carolina contains many of
8	the problems that we have been discussion here today, such as
9	slush funds.
10	Previous approval of contracts have not been
11	completed and so let me just start out with a positive point.
12	There is on page 88 of the application, a thing
13	entitled a chronology to boggle the mind. That reviews the
14	history of the poor South Carolina project from 1972 back up
15	to 1974, and it is true, it was a chronology to boggle the mind.
16	The program wasin the first year, I think, its
17	triennium review program when the axe fell. Its RAG has
18	maintained itself, although I have many problems with the RAG.
19	I went through it and I find out that the RAG, there
20	is a total of 58 people, 24 of whom are physicians, ten of
21	whom are educators, four of whom are nurses, four of whom are
22	hospital administrators, ten of whom are other professionals.
23	One dentist and there are four civilians on their RAG.
24	Now, whom they represent. Eight represent the State
.25	educational system, seven the voluntary health agencies, three
	of them are private M.D. 's just floating in there four of them

1 official health agencies, four of them public State agencies, 2 two in health planning.

Bown on the bottom, after you go through, seven from
hospitals and medical centers and, finally, six public
representatives which makes one kind of wonder what kind of
direction this program has gone into.

The proposals, then, are very clear and logically
8 presented. I will try to sum up what this is.

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The objectives are in six Roman numberals.

10 The regionalization of service, health manpower 11 development improvement, strengthening of quality assurance 12 efforts, special categorical interests, primary health care 13 and advanced resources planning.

These reflect both inputs from the national and some inputs from the local scene. Each operational project is hooked directly, or indirectly, to one of these Roman numerals of overall priority areas.

However, do not be mished by the logic of this presentation. Because when one looks at the budget proposal which, by the way, this is now funded at \$1,250,000, their target is \$2444. Their request for this is \$3,000,000 even and they have put us on notice that they are going to come sliding in with another \$500,000, which is a pretty big growth for a program that has been operating at a rate of \$1250.

When one examines their request, one finds that

1 Roman numerals, six Roman numerals, and the staff accounts for 2 67% of the total requests.

3 Now, in their defense, they have indicated several future projects that are in the pipeline of each one of the 5 Roman numerals, and they are not. They did not like Texas 6 saying, "Give us some money and we will put some of these things into effect."

On the other hand, they have asked an inordinate amount of money for the support of these Roman numerals, which are not connected at this time to specific programs. 10

11 When one looks at the specific programs, even though 12 they only require -- only consist of 33% of the total budget, 13 they are consistent with the main goals and they are consistent 14 with what little I know of health problems in South Carolina.

In other words, there is a nurse wifery project, 15 There is a great deal of attention to quality 16 For example. 17 control.

As you probably know, prenatal quality is a real 18 problem in South Carolina and the prenatal death rate is very 19 high, and they have paid attention to it. 20

I have some problems that some of the other quality 21 control or mecical evaluation systems. They are institutionally 22Those hospitals that have been doing their job should based. 23have paid attention to Quality Control long before this word 24

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became stylish to PSRO or to any other kind of way. But, I can't argue with this specific project.

Now, as far as the CHP relationships, something very interesting has happened. Evidentally, the CHP agency and the RMP agency got together and said, "What are we going to do with this unknown legislation that might be coming sliding down the pike.

<sup>8</sup> So, they decided to get together to talk about an <sup>9</sup> advanced health resource planning group. They are supposed <sup>10</sup> to have the "b" agency, the "a" agency and RMP and \$164,000 <sup>11</sup> was allocated to this advanced health resources group.

12 Evidentally, they were going along when one "b" 13 agency, I think it was the "b" agency of Charleston, zipped 14 in on this proposal. Since it seems peculiar that one agency 15 would scream, and the other didn't scream, I tried to find out 16 from the staff if there was a funded MO down there. That somehow 17 that "b" agency was the fault of the DRMP, because Dr. Margolis 18 signed that grant and although they were no longer with RMP, it might have helped. We are very much in a problem then 19 that they are requesting to approve what is roughly \$1,092,000, 20lin these six Roman numerals, which really represent a lot of 21 specific projects that have not been advanced. 22

Now I understand they have told the staff that if we give them this money, they will not come back in the next round.

In other words, they would take the money that we would

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1 give, for example, to quality assurance, and give it away to
2 some of the projects that they have in the pipeline of quality
3 assurance.

I am very reluctant to do this, although I can see the rationale of it, because I think we would, in essence, be giving them one hell of a big slush fund.

7 If isn't that I don't trust them, but we haven't had 8 anybody else recently tried that big a structure. Let me close 9 then.

It is a well-written project. Probably the best written project I have ever seen from South Carolina. The priorities are carefully spelled out. The projects do relate to priorities. They are making a real attempt to get together with CHP and solve this. The health authority problem.

But I can't see giving them all this money for projects that are still unapproved.

I will close.

MR. CHAMBLISS: Thank you, Mr. Thompson.

Dr. Vaun?:

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20 DR. VAUN: I don't think there is much doubt that the 21 leadership program has come through on this very well. I think 22 John has identified the makeup of RAG. I am not sure that it 23 has made any difference in the thrust of the program, at least 24 as I surveyed the projects. They don't meet too often, but 25 apparently, they seem to get the job done. The staff, in my opinion, looks good, and I think it couches the realization with CHP, in general terms. It is difficult, at this point, to forecast whether the divergence are good, whether they are checks and balances or forceps that may prove to be counterproductive. That may say a lot of it may not say too much.

I must admit that I was more confortable with this 7 proposal before Texas -- and I mean that very sincerely. 8 I think I could have been very comfortable coming up with 9 some kind of recommendation before I saw what we did specifically 10 with regard to Texas, and that is even more so here because two-11 third of the request is in this never-never land of advanced 12 health resources planning. \$164,000. Primarily, health care 13 to be defined in contracts, that is 194. The other was 164. 14 Special categorical interest, \$404,000, etcetera. 15

I think John has identified this. There is no need for me to belabor it at this point. I think perhaps Mrs. Kyttle could help us.

MR. CHAMBLISS: Miss Kyttle, would you proceed?

MISS KYTTLE: Going back to RAG, RAG has evolved and is still evolving into what it is now. It was a 72-member body with 83 physicians on it, not too long ago, and they listened to get that RAG in a better balance, and as memberships wrote it, the balance is coming, it is not there yet, but it is coming.

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1	But, South Carolina is and has been for some time
2	divided into ten very precise medical districts. They are
ε	planning districts. They are economic districts, and they are
Σ.	well-settled districts for many matters.in the States.
	When regional:medical programs began, it had a very
	tough time getting off in South Carolina, until it assured each
	district that a physician from each district would sit on
1	what they thought would then be the governing body, but which
•	turned out to be the regional advisory group and they have
1	notmoved away from that promise.
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1	2 have ten representatives, one each from its medical district.
1	They call them civilians down there, too.
	MR. THOMPSON: I know, I took it right off your
	5 checklist.
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MISS KYTTLE: The actual submission, that is not quite right in that they have not promised us that they will not come in. But we put the regions on a bit of a spot.

Before they heard words from this review cycle, we asked them to look what the next cycle would like and South Carolina dodged and said, depending on what comes out of this cycle, we will do this or this or this.

We had their proposal and it sort of boggled our minds and we hit the middle, the \$500,000 is a middle contingency and for the purposes of producing this right, but not correct list here, we hit \$5,000 out of all of the contingencies that South Carolina proposed right back to 12 us.

If they get full funding they do not plan to come If they don't get full funding, and it is this or this in. or this and that is the kind of contingency this July 1 is.

With respect to the kinds of institutions that they are dealing with, South Carolina had, about two years ago when its hospitals got into accreditation and certification trouble and that has fostered some of this activity in some of the categories that you mentioned. CHP, the comments on the yellow sheet do not relate only to CHP.

In South Carolina there are at least five forces that have been active in their own rights and very active in watching everyone else. It is Appalachia, well-funded and

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dm 2	1	strongly provincial. CHP, both A and B, external and internal
	2	problems. RMP, the State Health Department in which the
	3	"A" is seeded and the Governor has created a Health Welfare
	- 4	and Environment Council which is beginning to move State
	5	money around from everyone into everyone else and into the
	6	Governor's Office.
	7	And South Carolina is politically, healthwise,
	8	in quite a turmoil right now.
	9	I don't know whether it is that they are farther
	10	along in some States and they are getting to the range like
•	11	that other States will get to or whether it is the approach,
	12	I just don't know and that is why I say I don't know whether
	13	they will be good checks and balances or counter productive.
	14	There is a lame duck Governor.
	15	This Council that he has created has made two
	16	attempts, neither of which was successful, to get legislative
	17	life. It is just a dotted line out of the Governor's office
	18	and everyone wonders when the Governor goes, will the Council
	· 19	go. It is a political arena right now healthwise in South
	20	Carolina, to have pulled as much constituency together as
	21	South Carolina did, is remarkable.
	22	MR. VAN WINKLE: Doesn't Westmoreland sit on that
n Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna	23	Council?
	24	MISS KYTTLE: No, not on the Council, he is running
	25	for Governor.
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dm3	1	MR. THOMPSON: My official recommendation was
	2	that \$2.2 million which is just under \$1 million more than
	3	they have now, but is some \$800,000 less than they requested
	4	and most of that money, I would suggest could be turned into
	5	the second review when some of these programs in the general
	6	areas were more specific. I am not making this as a motion.
	7	I am just saying this is what I came out with.
•	8	I would not be adverse to recommending the
	9	\$2.4 million, but I don't think that we can give them in all
	10	due respect, all this money, these slush funds that they are
	11	requesting.
	12	MR. CHAMBLISS: All right.
	13	MISS KYTTLE: I alerted you that the pages of
	14	the application do show the people with whom they will be
	15	doing business with, the sites with whom they will be doing
	16	business with and the money that will be involved.
	17	Unlike Texas, these have been received, identified,
	18	negotiated, some of the budgets have already been negotiated
	19	down.
	20	There have been preliminary studies by CHP. CHP
	21	promises and that is part of the hang up there, their staff
	22	has to get through things that require the time, some even
	23	said we won't even need 30 days some of the submitters
	24	are B's and they can get by late June their internal process
	25	finished on these specific applications. They could have

dm 4	1	put a 15 in for everyone of them. They could have put a 16
	2	in for everyone of them but they are not through their final
	3	review process and South Carolina is very precise about their
	4	review process with respect to their regional advisory
	5	group.
	6	They would not put the 15 in this application be-
	7	cause it hadn't gone through the second round through RAG.
	8	It has been through the first.
	9	MR. THOMPSON: My problem is if it ain't in the
	10	book, I can't grab it.
	11	MR. CHAMBLISS: Are there further points of
	12	discussion?
	13	Dr. Miller?
(8)	14	DR. MILLER: Dr. McPhedran and I, after yester-
	15	day's discussion and much discussion about slush funds,
	16	discussed about whether we should put a motion in that would
	17	establish the principle of the review committee not to approve
	18	any slush fund components of applications and we discussed
	19	it a little bit and decided maybe it wasn't going to come up
	20	and maybe there wasn't much point in putting up a motion that
	21	wasn't going to come up again and I just commented to him, I
	22	guess it has been inappropriate. It would have been a good
	23	idea to have the motion put in, because it seems to keep
	24	coming back, doesn't it? *
	25	MR. THOMPSON: In their defense, everybody is
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1	451
1	laying \$2 on the horse race and covering all
2	MR. CHAMBLISS: Is there further discussion?
3	Dr. White?
4	DR. WHITE: Miss Kyttle, you are implying that
5	if this money was restricted at this time, in these numerical
6	categories, that they would by July have these things in
7	form which we could see, is that correct?
8	MISS KYTTLE: Yes, they were trying to obviate
9	the necessity to come into the July cycle and come in
10	September.
11	DR. WHITE: They were trying to save us a trip?
12	MISS KYTTLE: They were trying to save themselves
13	two months, too.
14	They have made inroads with MUSC on contracts,
15	affiliation agreements are tough for a year. Not too many
16	of us have sat around and said that.
17	That is one of the beauties of a contract. In
18	addition to it, contracts as Dr. Miller said, give you
<u>1</u> 9	opportunities to do things that when South Carolina discovers
20	the control of the contract, they like it, they have used
21	them sparingly through MUSC, because they had to educate their
22	grantee. Having done that, they propose the contract method
23	with these.
24	These are and in that, it is merely a physical
25	mechanism and I think the group got hung up on the differences

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between agreements and a project and a contract and they are all the same thing. They wanted to let them as of July 1.

Also in their application they said they would hope for July 1 beginning dates on the use and they will be ready to go by then, they tell us, because they will have had the opportunity to capture several things. They will have their full staff complement to monitor them for that full year in South Carolina and they do that precisely too.

They will have the opportunity to come through the review group here with the staff at its highest complement here in DRMP because they see the erosion coming to staff that Dr. Pahl mentioned, later, and they see the body that is meeting here today that they are not so sure that there will be the continuity of it in July.

MR. THOMPSON: V What is the incidence of hypertension in children, does anybody know what the incidence of hypertension is in children?

Dr. Scherlis, do you know?

DR. SCHERLIS: No, I would assume you would be dealing with blacks as opposed to whites. You would have a much higher incidence but I don't know what the incidence would be.

23 MR. THOMPSON: They have a specific program for 24 hypertension in kids.

MR. CHAMBLISS: I can comment briefly on that.

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dm 7 1	That is the incidence of hypertension in black children does
2	not seem to increase until the stress mechanism gets to work-
3	ing and that is towards adolescence and above.
(	DR. McPHEDRAN: I think it is quite significant
5	in black adolescent children. I don't know how high it is.
6	MISS KYTTLE: Part of the interest of that
7	activity is to nab beginnings of renal disease. As using
8	hypertension in children, female children considerably.
9	DR. WHITE: What is a special categorical interest?
10.	Have you an idea what they mean by that?
11	MR. THOMPSON: The priority areas.
12	DR. WHITE: No, special categorical interests
13	for
14	MR. THOMPSON: That is IV.
15	DR. WHITE: I know what it is called.
16	MISS KYTTLE: Because the others deal with heart,
17	stroke
18	MR. THOMPSON: Hypertension, is their big one
19	because they have a high black population.
20	MR. CHAMBLISS: Yes, but they don't develop the
21	mechanisms to take care of the hypertension once it is
( 22	discovered.
23	DR. SCHERLIS: Just screening.
24	MR. CHAMBLISS: The mechanism is not there, I
25	think in all candor, that should be said.
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1.0 1 dm 8 MR. THOMPSON: Diabetes is another one that is specifically mentioned in this, emphysema, arthritis, heart  $\mathbf{2}$ disease, cancer, they cover the whole categorical thing that 3 they had in hypertension, that in the pipeline there are 4 some peculiar ones, esophogean cancer. 5 MR. CHAMBLISS: I would like to get a sense of 6 the committee's feeling on this application and call for a 7 motion if I may. 8 MR. THOMPSON: My second reviewer has a comment. 9 Jesse, in the Texas write up, how much DR. VAUN: 10 did you see where these contracts were going to and where? 11 MRS. SALAZAR: None. 12 DR. VAUN: My mentioning Texas, I think was un-13 fair. 14 Miss Kyttle, I' think you did mention the who and 15 where? 16 MISS KYTTLE: And the budget and that is import-17 ant. 18 MR. CHAMBLISS: The basic thing, would this 19 Committee in its judgment wish to approve these before these 20issues are in fact settled there? 21 MR. THOMPSON: . That is why the recommendation --22 MR. CHAMBLISS: Would you put that in the form of 23 Index a motion? 24 "Recommendation" MR. THOMPSON: \$2.2 million. 25

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dm9	1	MR. CHAMBLISS: The recommendation for a level
	2	of funding for South Carolina is \$2.2 million.
	3	DR. SCHERLIS: I second that.
	4	MR. CHAMBLISS: It has been seconded by Dr.
	5	Scherlis.
	6	Is there discussion?
	7	Dr. Vaun?
	8	DR. VAUN: John, I don't understand your sub-
· · ·	9	mission. This is the award for South Carolina, period.
	10	MR. CHAMBLISS: They can still come in.
•	_ 11	MR. THOMPSON: There is \$500,000 coming in.
	12	MISS KYTTLE: There will be more than the \$500,000.
	13	MR. CHAMBLISS: There will be funds available
	14	at that time.
а • — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	15	MR. THOMPSON: "The \$2.2 million is arrived at by
	16	taking out some but not all of these non-program areas.
	17	MR. CHAMBLISS: Would you like that instruction
	18	to go to the region all right, we have a motion, we have a
	19	second, we have discussion.
	20	Shall I call the question?
	21	Those in favor?
	22	(Chorus of "ayes.")
	23	MR. CHAMBLISS: Those opposed?
	24	(No response.)
	25	MR. CHAMBLISS: The ayes have it and the level is
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## set at \$2.2 million.

2 I would call upon the Committee again to ask 3 how we should spend our time for the balance of the after-4 noon? I am given to understand that the other panel will 5 complete its work today. They will met at 8:00 o'clock, they 6 will be available for a joint meeting with this Committee at ' 7 9:00 o'clock and I would like to know if you would like a 8 break for a moment or would you like to continue? DR. McPHEDRAN: 9:00 a.m.? 9 10 DR. SCHERLIS: Do we have any reason to meet from 8:00 o'clock to 9:00 o'clock if we complete these two 11 regions? What would we do if we meet at 8:00 o'clock? 12 MR. CHAMBLISS: We would have no basis unless 13 the Committee wished to look over what it has done and we 14 would have a listing of all the actions that we have taken 15 and a showing of the current levels annualized, the target 16 amount, the request and the actions coming out of this group. 17 We can look at our work product as a whole. 18 DR. MILLER: Let us finish up. 19 2021 222324 25

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dm 11 1	SOUTH DAKOTA	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
2	MR. CHAMBLISS: All right, I would then ask you	
3	to turn your attention to South Dakota.	
4	The reviewer there is Mrs. Salazar, staff support	
5	by Miss Resnick.	
6	Mrs. Salazar?	
(9) 7	MRS. SALAZAR: In the interest of moving along,	
8	I will try to shorten this. I promise not to do as much as	
9	I did on Texas.	
10	MR. CHAMBLISS: A little louder, please.	
11	MRS. SALAZAR: The application is requesting	
12	6 continuing activities and the RAG has 11 of them, with 5	
13	new ones.	
14	Perhaps it would be better if I start in the back	
15	of the summary that I see as a summary of this application.	
16	That the RAG and the staff are obviously addressing the	
17	peculiar needs of this State, very large rural area with	
18	limited man and woman manpower and resources in various remote	
19	locations.	
20	They propose a consortium of educational insti-	
21	tutions and health institutions to very innovative and	
( 22	creative approach to South Dakota's health needs.	
23	Regionalization of the core of the center concept	
24	is what they are proposing, is well supported and the region	
25	is making every effort to bring supported activities to the	
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dm 12

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point of self-sufficiency.

2	As most of you remember, South Dakota RMP pulled	
3	away from Nebraska-South Dakota which was the original	
4	planning grant as far back as 1969. The first program for	
5	South Dakota as a separate entity was extended through August	
6	of 1972. It gained operational experience immediately and	
7	submitted its first triannium application effort last year	
8	but because of pending phase out, it was never reviewed;	
9	is that correct?	
10	MR. CHAMBLISS: That is correct.	
11	MRS. SALAZAR: It was extended again in March of	
12	1973 through January of 1974 and approved through June of	
13	this year.	
14	I am telling you this because South Dakota seems	
15	to have an awful lot of starting and stopping and yet there	
16	is a great deal of continuity through the whole application,	
17	which is amazing.	
18	At the time of the staff implementation crisis	
19	this year, a couple months ago, the region was found to be	
20	viable and energetic and it was certified, I believe it is	
21	excellent in its review criteria and procedures. It naturally	
<b>2</b> 2	has a great emphasis on rural out reach with a focus on man	
23	and woman power development through the process of regional-	
24	ization.	

There is an integrated process with CHP planning

dm 13	1	which is very remarkable, in that the CHP board is the RAG,
	2	the one and the same body.
	3	Manpower training, the distribution and utiliza-
	4	tion of manpower are primarily important to the region and
	5	these elements are found throughout all of the projects.
	6	I find this proposal a very exciting and well
	7	organized Western Plains, no nonsense language. It sets
	8	forth what it wants to do very matter of factly into two
	9	general categories of projects.
	10	One, those that are designed to achieve their
	11	objectives within the 1975 framework of funding and;
•	12	Two, those with interim RMP support, and I think
	13	that is very significant that they specifically say this
	14	interim report can be given impetus beyond '75 to attain
	15	their specific goals or to achieve permanent status either
en de la composición de la composición Composición de la composición de la comp	16	independently or under other funding sources.
	17	The staff appears ready to move into new avenues
	18	of health resource planning. There is already good chemistry
	19	that exists between the other health agencies. Coordination
	20	of efforts and cooperation with other agencies is very
	21	apparent in the application.
(	22	A quick review of the projects did emphasize the
	23	South Dakota commitment to improving health services that are
	24	not now adequately covered. Yet at the same time the appli-
	25	cation is realistic, it is very local, it is very regional and

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in response to the geographic handicaps and that very rugged climate that exists out there.

The in tandem operation of the CHP agency is quite visible in a State of 600,000. Of course the social and political and business interrelationships is more apparent than in under-populated areas.

The regional medical program there is blessed with a capable and dedicated staff and it has very enthusiastic and energetic support and I believe ongoing continuing support through the University of South Dakota.

The application states that this will be augmented 11 by two additional program staff persons who have planning 12 and evaluation expertise. It was a little unclear to me why 13 the application, in the application, why the Indian involve-14 ment in the corps staff, when so many of their programs are 15 based, have Indian populations, very large Indian populations 16 in the State and out-reach. There is no more active involve-17 ment of Indians on the staff. Especially in view of many 18 significant Indian problems in South Dakota. 19

MISS RESNICK: Staffing with Indian personnel -well, they are using their Indian outreach through their RAG. There are four members representing the Indian reservation population and they are taking the service out to the reservation in those corps components, working very closely with the Indian area office in Aberdeen. It is Vermilion and I think

their resources would be extremely limited. That is where 1 2 the program is based. That is the only explanation I can give for it. 3 I think they take it out to the reservations rather than try 4 to bring an Indian professional in where they have so few. 5 They have some very talented Indian MRS. SALAZAR: 6 people in that State and that is why I was wondering why 7 they weren't involved more at the corps level. 8 MISS RESNICK: I think it comes through only at 9 the RAG and they take it out to the reservation areas from 10 what I can judge. 11 The staff out there, there is other MRS. WYCKOFF: 12 area staff. 13 MISS RESNICK: , There is eight components from the 14 staff and three or four deal with Indian reservations, 15 preceptorship, allied health, a summer training program and .16 they are very close to the Indian program. 17 I think Mrs. Salazar's question MRS. WYCKOFF: 18 is, who is getting the jobs? 19 I know she asked if there is an MISS RESNICK: 20Indian person, professionals on the staff in Vermilion. The 21 answer is "No," but the only explanation I can give that there 22are few resources around Vermilion and they carry on their  $2\dot{3}$ activities right on the spot in the Indian reservation areas. 24 They are used, in my estimate, for MRS. SALAZAR:

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dm 16	1	instance, are using some Indians as consultants to come in
	2	when there are deliberations that involve projects and
	3	planning for Indians.
	4	It is very important to have an Indian there to
	5	find out if he wants to be planned for.
	6	MISS RESNICK: There are four Indians on the
	7	RAG and it is through them that they are having the direct
	8	contact, as I understand it, with the Indian reservation
	. 9	problems.
	10	MRS. WYCKOFF: They do the planning.
•	11	MISS RESNICK: One or two have made certain
	12	proposals but they have come from the Indian reservation or
	- 13	hospital program.
	14	I thought you meant staff. There was there is
	15	no Indian staff.
	16	MRS. SALAZAR: Yes
	17	MISS RESNICK: They are very much involved. The
	18	Indian health facilities and programs are very much involved
	19	in the Chair's activities and they have asked for help from
	20	the Oahe and the Lewis and Clark, wherever they happen to be
	21	close.
	22	MRS. SALAZAR: I don't mean to imply that the
	23	program leadership is not energetic and well motivated.
	24	MISS RESNICK: I think they are actively engaged
	25	with them.
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<pre>dm 17 1 MRS. SALAZAR: The RAG is also very strong and 2 active and has organized into several, what is obviously ver 3 productive committees. 4 The Chairman, interestingly enough is an author,</pre>	
2 active and has organized into several, what is obviously ver 3 productive committees.	
3 productive committees.	
4 The Chairman, interestingly enough is an author,	
5 rancher, farmer. He is well informed of State problems and	
6 involved in many community and educational health efforts,	e T
7 which is probably one of the reasons in the health education	
8 community concept. He is an active facilitator and I gather	
gets great respect throughout the entire State.	-
10 At the same time he is very adequately successfu	11y.
11 - representing all of their interests, of the CHP, as well as	
12 the RMP.	
13 MR. THOMPSON: Is he on the CHP board as well?	
14 MRS. SALAZAR: Yes, it is the same board. Forty	-
15 one members.	
16 MR. THOMPSON: Fifty-one percent on the board?	
17 MRS. SALAZAR: I think it is interesting to note	
18 that the executive committee of the RAG met six times in the	
19 last 12 months with almost 100-percent participation in	
20 spite of that rugged winter out there, weather and the clima	te
21 too.	
They seem to be very proud of the fact that thei	r
23 members also serve without remuneration.	
24 MISS RESNICK: They have project consultants who	)
serve without reimbursement.	
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dm 18	1	Many of them in this particular program.	
	2	MRS. SALAZAR: Just to wind up, the highest	
	3	priority rating of the RAG was assigned to the emergency	
	4	medical services. That program they have is very small and	
	5	they are only asking for the training efforts, about \$50,000	
	6	for that.	
	7	I presume that this means that there will be	
	8	another application in emergency medical services after they	
	. 9	try this one out.	
	10	MISS RESNICK: They are planning to and they are	
	11	also going to come in here again in July 1.	
	12	The thrust is manpower development again.	
	- 13	MRS. SALAZAR: That is the next one. The two	
	14	health committee based centers.	
	15	I believe based on the past experience of South	
	16	Dakota, that the goals and program are achievable and the	
	17	current momentum of the program indicates that they have a	
	18	fairly good chance, I believe, a fairly good chance of setting	
	19	out what they set out to do. Laudable, I think the CHP joint	
	20	efforts are commendable.	
	21	I think that their efforts toward trying to bring	
	22	Indian populations more actively into the program also are	
No per s	23	very commendable efforts and I recommend may I make a	
	24	recommendation, Mr. Chairman?	
	25	MR. CHAMBLISS: You may indeed, Mrs. Salazar.	
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dm 19 <sup>1</sup>	MRS. SALAZAR: That we approve this application
2	as requested.
3	DR. SCHERLIS: That would exceed their target by
4	\$531,000 by \$198,000.
5	MRS. SALAZAR: Yes.
6	DR. MILLER: Being a neighbor and having had
7	much to do with the Texas, I thought it might be worthwhile
8	to say a little what I know about the South Dakota program
9	and its relationships.
10	As it started out with South Dakota and Nebraska
11	together, incidentally, the reason Northland was mentioned
12	was before I ever came on board our big medical centers in
- 13	Minnesota figured that we would have the Dakotas in Montana
14	and a good deal of the upper Midwest and so I have had a lot
15	to do with them it is a different story.
16	But they have, they couldn't join with North
17	Dakota because they never get along so they joined with
18	Nebraska, but they couldn't get along with Nebraska either
19	because Nebraska tried to dominate them. So they are impeding
20	movements which could have gotten started in South Dakota.
21	But then Dr. Hayes, who was the South Dakota associated
22	coordinator of the South Dakota-Nebraska program moved, left
23	the RMP to become Commissioner of Health in the State and
24	although I don't know, I suppose he is is he?
25	MISS RESNICK: Yes, very actively involved.

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dm 20	1	DR. MILLER: He is completely attuned to this
· ·	2	whole movement. And Mr. Brecken is an outstanding leader,
	3	staff leader and so forth, so that actually this region would
	4	if it had gotten going sooner, would have had the potential
	5	to achieve much further than it has now and we wouldn't have ,
	6	this limited target estimate which is based on this very
· *	7	late start.
	8	MR. CHAMBLISS: All right.
	9	MISS RESNICK: The target estimate is \$571,000.
	10	I am sorry the yellow sheet was not updated.
(10)	11	MR. CHAMBLISS: We have a recommended fund of
	12	\$571,000. The requested level of \$724,417.
	- 13	I don't have a motion yet to that effect.
	14	MRS. SALAZAR; I said it was requested.
	15	MRS. WYCKOFF: \$729,714?
	16	MR. CHAMBLISS: Would you restate your motion
	17	since there is some question about which figure you had in
	18	mind?
	19	The targeted figure?
	20	MRS. SALAZAR: \$729,714 as requested. That is
	21	my motion.
	22	DR. VAUN: I will second it.
n	23	MR. CHAMBLISS: It has been moved and seconded
	25 24	that the level for South Dakota be set at the requested amount
		of \$729, $714$ .
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dm 21 1	Is there a discussion on the motion?
2	DR. SCHERLIS: Yes. At the risk of antagonizing
3	people who like myself are hungry, there are two specific
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	programs that I have question about.
5	One is the PSRO activity of \$100,000.
6	I was wondering if that is what we really want to
7	support?
8	The next question relates to the medical genetics
9	program which is a total of \$46,000.
10	As I read their program, which is a very ambitious
11	one, in States many times that size, I was wondering whether
12	that is one of the prime needs for the State of South Dakota.
13	MISS RESNICK: They reduce the number of possible
14	trainees and this is tied to the medical school, a point
15	which I think Mrs. Salazar' failed to make. A four-year
16	medical school recently approved by the State legislature and
17	now going up for approval by the National Association.
18	We met this professor and doctor in genetics, she
19	has had support from a number of sources including a little
20	bit from RMP last year to get started on this genetics
21	program. She is looking for other funds and at the moment
( 25	nothing is coming through. They think the States will support
2:	it within a year.
$2^{4}$	It is for this reason that they would like very
2	much to have this continued and not lose what she has already

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accomplished and she is getting a lot of support from the dm 22 1  $\mathbf{2}$ medical profession. MR. CHAMBLISS: What is the purpose of the 3 4 project per se? MISS RESNICK: It is a primary care, really, 5 activity with a referral, a resource for referral of patients 6 to professionals and to specialists. 7 MR. CHAMBLISS: What are they looking for? 8 They are starting with --MISS RESNICK: 9 MR. CHAMBLISS: All the chromosomes where you 10 screen for genetics are abnormal? 11 I think it is one of the programs DR. SCHERLIS: 12 in looking at many States, I would put as not high on a 13 priority listing particularly as one looks at the needs of 14 South Dakota. 15 I am not addressing myself to the needs of Dr. 16 Virginia Johnson who is in charge of genetics at that school. 17 I am trying to look at it from the point of view of what are 18 some higher priorities in any of the projects that they 19 submitted. 20 This is one reason that I wouldn't be able to 21 support the motion because I would not particularly attach 22 significant priority to that. What was their rating of 23that? 24 The RAG rated that among the top MISS RESNICK:

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dm 23	1	three. And it had a lot of visibility.	
	2	DR. SCHERLIS: I don't know what they are going	
	3	to do with this when they get it.	
	4	MRS. WYCKOFF: We hire all their products from	
	5	California. We will hire them all in California.	
	.6	You needn't worry about whether they need them ind	
	7	South Dakota. We need them in California so there is a place	
	8	for them.	
•	9	MR. THOMPSON: I would remind you that California	
	10	is putting in for \$8,017,000 and let them have their own	
•	11	genetics.	
	12	MR. CHAMBLISS: There has always been some policy	
	13	questions about RMP support in this whole area of genetics,	
	14	including sickle cell and the like.	
	15	I probed a bit just to get a chance to say that.	
	16	We have, as a matter of policy, suggested that projects	
	17	dealing with genetics and sickle cell should go to the NIH	
	18	for support.	
	19	We will probably, although the committee has	
	20	acted on some other genetic applications, there have been	
	21	one or two in some of the packages, we will probably look at	
	22	those before they, before they are recommended for funds.	
	23	DR. SCHERLIS: Comment on the PSRO.	
	24	MISS RESNICK: It is identified as PSRO by our	
	25	old options. It is actually a continuing education activity	
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1	which they started last spring at a very low level and it
2	is to develop guidelines, I guess, and examine criteria
3	which will be essentially a base for the PSRO organization
4	which the State eventually hopes to organize.
5	MR. CHAMBLISS: The other policy issue, that is
6	there are funds from other sources other than RMP. That is
7	for strict PSRO.
8	MISS RESNICK: It is not a
9	DR. SCHERLIS: I will differ with you for one
10	reason. As I read their description of that project, it
11	goes along the lines of saying the Federal Government will
12	be funding sometime in the near future.
13	We are going to be geared up to ask for the
14	funds when they come out.
15	MR. CHAMBLISS: Yes, pure and simple.
16	DR. SCHERLIS: Up to the present time
17	MISS RESNICK: It is going to be a medical
18	research foundation eventually and I think this is to enable
19	it to get off the ground.
20	But I don't get the impression we have to
21	restudy it.
22	DR. SCHERLIS: A minimum of 25 percent of practic-
23	ing MD's to sponsor for this program as it goes through.
24	MRS. SALAZAR: I get the feeling that since the
	grant of the project is directed by the medical association,

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25 1	it seems to me that it is kind of a selling job.
2	MR. THOMPSON: Let them sell themselves for
3	PSRO.
4	MR. CHAMBLISS: We do have prohibitions against
5	directly funding operational activities in a PSRO. I would
6	hope the committee would take that into consideration.
	DR. SCHERLIS: May I suggest \$100,000 off the
7	
8	suggested level. That we don't have to specify that it be
9	reduced as a matter of policy.
10	MRS. SALAZAR: I feel that there is a kind of
. 11	schizophrenia here because we have done some similar PSRO
12	activities in regions that we have kind of glossed over.
13	MR. THOMPSON: Not today.
14	DR. VAUN: Apart from the PSRO, I don't hear
15	anything in there that tel'is me there is going to be an
16	operational PSRO. This is developmental PSRO.
17	There has been a lot more than 40,000 that has
18	slipped through on PSRO. As far as genetics, it would appear
19	to me if there is no genetic facility within the State of
20	South Dakota, then I don't think establishing one in a medical
21	school, and the only medical school, is something that we
22	ought to turn down. With an Indian population like that,
23	there is probably some genetic counseling that should be
29	going on and if there is no other genetic counseling in the
	State, and my guess is there is not, I would be awfully
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hesitant to turn this down.

Maybe some advice should go to the department heads that they should try to conceal this money in some other way in other departments other than to try to train 20 technologists.

I think the money is worthwhile.

DR. SCHERLIS: I am going to make a comment which may be pertinent or not pertinent. I really think we get the States that are asking for small sums of money, out tendency is to really use what is a double standard in evaluation and when a State like South Dakota or North Dakota or Oklahoma come in and requests are made, our tendency is to say they are only asking for small sums anyway. Let us ask for additional sums.

I would think that other criteria, that we would question individual projects that they are doing, working, if this is the best way for the State to go in its overall program and strongly urge that some individuals go there to the site visit to see what they are doing.

I have never approved the idea of funds from RMP going to medical schools unless there were strong needs expressed by other segments, for these services, and I think to use funds for that purpose, I would put it at a subsidiary level.

I think to take a program which is now at a level

1 of, let's see, \$428,000 and to talk in terms of their 2 handling \$300,000 more, is proportionately a large differ-3 ence. 1.1 4 Now, I would like South Dakota to be able to 5 utilize funds of a much larger nature. But I would have 6 hoped more productively than this. Even if we reduce it 7 by \$100,000, they are still getting over \$100,000 over the 8 targeted figure. 9 I don't know if this is the wisest use that we 10 can recommend for it. Their base is also a planning base. 11 MISS RESNICK: Unlike the other programs they were the only planning program, 12 that is planning status; and they just became operational. 13 It was a fact of life in the calendar. 14 So that base is a little bit unrealistic but 15 they seem to indicate that they could use the additional 16 amounts. 17 I would rather they put it in to DR. SCHERLIS: 18 developmental or planning than into projects which they will 19 have very little to do with. 20 DR. WHITE: I would like to voice a difference of 21 opinion. 22Since we are second-quessing what is best for 23South Dakota here in Washington, D.C. -- I am not through --24 we have heard from both primary reviewer and someone who is 25

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familiar with the region, that this is a quality program and would have been farther along if not for certain political problems.

We have in the past two days reviewed other programs,granted them what they have requested. Sometimes it has been less or more than the target.

I can look at consultants for hospital-medical
training units. Again, I don't know if that is appropriate,
but I am not going to second-guess them. They know better
than I do what serves their purpose.

DR. MILLER: Just one comment. The comment that has been made about action with regard to these, I drew the analogy to affirmative action and I think we do have a double standard. We want to support the have-not's. It is an affirmative action program, Reverse prejudice, if you like.

DR. VAUN: Question.

MR. CHAMBLISS: Those in favor of the motion of funding South Dakota at the requested level of \$729,417, please let it be known by the usual sign of voting.

There is one in opposition, Mr.

(Chorus of "ayes.")

MR. CHAMBLISS: Those opposed?

(No.)

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Thompson.

It is approved.

MR. CHAMBLISS:

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## TENNESSEE MID-SOUTH

2	MR. CHAMBLISS: The last one for review is	
3	Tennessee Mid-South. The reviewers are Mrs. Wyckoff and	
4	Dr. Miller with Mrs. Kyttle supporting staff.	
5	MRS. WYCKOFF: This is a request for \$2,282,972	
6	which is 72 percent of the target of which \$370,000 is for	
7	program staff and \$1,094,000 is for 18 continuing activities	
8	and \$818,000 is for 21 new activities.	-
9	The present staff consists of 12 total, and	
10	proposed staff is increased to 18 with 2 added professional	
11	and 4 for support staff.	
12	The former staff was approximately 36. Their	
13	present annualized rate is \$1.5 million now.	
14	The Tennessee Mid-South RMP coordinator is Dr.	
15	Richard Cannon, who has been on duty as such since last	
16	September, 100 percent of the time; but has been in the RMP	
17	since 1968.	
18	He came on board when Dr. Teschan left.	
19	Perhaps we ought to have a little background on	
20	what happened there. Dr. Teschan had a difference of opinion	
21	with the grantee and technically I guess was fired by the	
22	grantee. He is a Vanderbilt Medical School man who has tenure	
23	and is still there in Vanderbilt.	
24	The new man, Dr. Richard Cannon, the coordinator,	
25	is also a Vanderbilt man with tenure. The big problem that	

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arose was the communication of this RMP by Vanderbilt. It was very -- the board, the RAG was regarded by Vanderbilt as its creature and they weren't about to let go until there was some pretty strong urging from RMP that this had to be more of a tripartite-type program with the RAG independent of Vanderbilt and with the coordinator independent.

So there was a big paroxysm and I think the RMP went down there and gave the parties a Dutch uncle talk and the act, the results were described in the report when the recent -- this report says on September 9, 1973 in a magnificent maneuver of parliamentary procedure, the RAG dissolved itself, reorganized a new RAG and adopted new bylaws, all in the same meeting.

They formed a smaller RAG of 36 members with broader representation limited to one three-year term and elected an executive committee with broader representation. 16 And the grantee responsibilities were closely defined. 17

This was the real problem with trying to get all 18 of these people and organizations in the right place. 19

The new chairman is a University of Tennessee man, Dr. Cannon, and they have on it the president of the university at the South, he is the vice chairman, of the University of the South at Sewanee. I was not able to identify much more than three consumers or four consumers that really, 24 if you can call them consumers on that board, all the rest

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providers, so in a sense it has not been a very great change in the character of the board. 2

3	. Their past performance has been good in a sense,
4	they have carried out their five priorities, access, regionali-
5	zation of health services and the sharing of scarce resources;
6	high quality of health care at reasonable cost; community-based
7	health manpower consortium concept; and the promotion of more
8	effective utilization of health care resources. These are
9	the principal goals.
10	In the past two years they funded 68 separate
11	activities totaling \$2,246,165 as follows:
12	Primary health care and emergency medical
13	service, 15 projects, \$443,629, using for example nurse
14	clinician and nurse practitioner primarily in rural and urban
15	disadvantaged areas.
16	They have launched seven emergency medical
17	service projects. \$173,241 on that.
18	They spent \$447,753 in new projects such as the
19	nurse mid-wife teleconference program.
20	They have spent \$414,392 on secondary care.
21	Seventeen projects in hypertension, kidney disease with
22	special emphasis on dialysis and organ-donor procurement.
23	They have had five projects of \$560,264 in
24	strengthening of quality assurance efforts.
25	They have done regionalization, five projects,

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\$206,886.

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2	For example high risk new borns to the medical
3	centers for comprehensive care.
4	They summarize all this by saying they have taken
5	care of 634,681 people 634,681 people received emergency
6	service or approved access to primary care and 626,178 people
7	received secondary or tertiary care. And 758 newly trained
8	health personnel.
9	They take all of the credit for the RMP, which
10	I guess is legitimate in telling the story which they did.
11	The budget now in the application, 49 percent is
12	budgeted for continuation activities and 37 percent for new
13	projects and 14 percent for staff.
14	They give well, I don't know, it is getting
15	kind of late, I don't know how much you want of this. There
16	are eight new projects, six of these relate to rural appli-
17	cation health districts.
18	One concerns a disadvantaged area. There are
	eight new projects in secondary care and regionalization.

eight new projects in secondary care and regionalization.
They focus on cancer, hypertension, renal dialysis, venereal
disease, pneumoconiosis surveillance and rehabilitation.
There is excellent distribution of projects throughout their
region.

Now, we have of the seven continuing projects,

two have received State-wide attention. These projects, one

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1	at the University of Tennessee Memorial Research Center and
2	Hospital, Knoxville; the other at Children's Hospital,
3	Vanderbilt Medical Center, Nashville, are concerned with a
4	coordinated regional high-risk, new born service. The
5	service provides transportation in specially equipped
6	vehicles, of high-risk new born's to respective medical
7	centers for intensive secondary care. These two projects,
8	when combined with a similar project funded by Memphis RMP,
9	provide the State with a network of high risk, new born
10	secondary care.
. 11	There is other projects that they emphasize is
12	very important in the monitoring of high risk obstetrical
- 13	patients at Vanderbilt University Hospital which is being
14	expanded from 5 to 10 hospitals in the region.
15	Then they have 5 projects concerning the develop-
16	ment of health manpower.
17	One relates to the maintenance man in the small
18	community hospital and provides in-service training in basic
19	biomedical engineering and safety procedures.
20	Another under the direction of the Tennessee
21	Hospital Association coordinates health manpower needs in the
22	region with production by education and includes the State
23	Commissioner of Higher Education's Office in the program's
24	direction.
25	An innovative program submitted by Aquinas Junior

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dm 34	1	College, Nashville, attacks the problem of hospital trained
	2	allied health personnel, for example radiology technologists,
	3	respiratory therapists, dental hygienists who desire to move
	4	up the career ladder by taking additional educational courses
	5	and receiving the associate degree.
	6	This is a planned work-study program which can
	7	be extended over a period of several years.
	8	I would try to condense this.
	9	In July they are coming in for a total let
	10	me see, \$658,127 in addition. There will be \$189,746 in
	11	primary care, \$130,774 in secondary care; \$88,463 in manpower
	12	development and \$249,144 in quality of care and cost contain-
	13	ment.
	14	So that will bring them over the 105 I think it
	15	is percent limit.
	16	I have been through this enormous number of small
	17	projects and I must say, having made a site visit there, I
	18	really was very thrilled to see the development of some of
	19	these projects that started out as just a little urge on the
e Statistics Statistics Statistics	20	part of a small group of little students or some little
	21	effort to get something going, especially out in the Appalachian
	22	Region where the needs are so great and the terrain is so
	23	difficult.
	24	I think they have done a job in cooperation with
	25	the Appalachian Regional Commission and with that incredible

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health organization that they have up there, that is really remarkable and I do give them credit and I would like to give the students of Vanderbilt credit for keeping the pressure on and getting these things done, really remarkable things. The faculty has cooperated, sometimes reluctantly but has cooperated to make these things become a reality.

7 There were only two projects that I raised a 8 question about. One was a project in kidney health education 9 in which they wanted to make a film for home dialysis. They 10 wanted \$125,000 for this and it seemed to me that there are 11 plenty of films on home dialysis that have been made. I know we have made some in California and I think there have been 12 quite a few films that have been made on this and I wonder 13 if this was a legitimate expenditure and there was \$24,000 14 for a program on life adjustment to cancer which seemed to 15 me that they could refer to the national cancer situation, 16 which those two would make a total of \$149,000. 17

Those are the ones that I thought perhaps ought to be either deducted or I would like to hear some more discussion on these before making a final recommendation. MR. CHAMBLISS: All right.

Dr. Miller.

23 DR. MILLER: I have very little to add. I agree 24 almost entirely with what she has said.

This is a very needy region, there have been

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dm3 <del>6</del>	1	problems. I think a lot of their projects look like passive
	2	funding enrichment for organizations to do things that are
	3	or should be doing anyway, but nevertheless the needs are
	4	great and I share her views.
	5	DR. McPHEDRAN: Are the two projects that you
	6	question, do you think that they are RMP guidelines?
	7	MRS. WYCKOFF: The kidney educational film, I
	8	think someone ought to take a look at that and see if it is
	9	legitimate type of film.
	10	MR. THOMPSON: There is no reason, unless they
	11	want to put it to country music or something.
	12	MRS. WYCKOFF: Life adjustment cancer, I just
	13	think that perhaps
	14	MR. VAN WINKLE: There are certainly grant manage-
	15	ment regulations that they have to comply with in making a
	16	film. If they meet them there is nothing to preclude them
	17	from making the film.
	18	But they do have to meet certain regulations.
	19	MR. CHAMBLISS: There is an OMB clearance that
	20	they have to
	21	MR. THOMPSON: Tell them to buy one or rent one.
And the	22	MRS. WYCKOFF: Yes. I would like to recommend
	23	that their budget be set at \$2,133,000, a cut of \$150,000.
	24	\$2,133,972, which is \$150,000 below the amount that they
	25	requested and it is even below the 73 percent of their target.

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dm37 1		DR. SCHERLIS: They will be coming back.
2		MISS KYTTLE: They requested \$2,283,000.
-		MRS. WYCKOFF: This is \$2 million
4		MR. CHAMBLISS: There is a motion on the floor.
		DR. MILLER: I will second it.
	5	MR. CHAMBLISS: Is there a discussion?
	7	Dr. White?
÷ ا	3	DR. WHITE: I have been laboring on the question
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Э	of ignorance. Before Dr. Scherlis says I know it, I thought
1	<b>D</b>	there was some formula in determining this target.
1	1	MR. THOMPSON: There is. It is 140 percent
1	2	divided, assigned out by the average daily budget for the
1	3	past 15 years.
1 	4	DR. WHITE: Why would theirs be \$3 million? That
1	5	is 200 percent.
1	6	MR. THOMPSON: But they went back and picked up.
1	7	DR. SCHERLIS: Tell us about that bookkeeping,
1	8	will you?
1	9	MRS. WYCKOFF: That is an odd thing. It is
1997 - 19	0	\$3 million.
2	1	MISS KYTTLE: I don't understand their target
	22	level. I didn't set it or compute it.
	23	MRS. WYCKOFF: I used what was on the yellow
		sheet.
		MR. THOMPSON: They took the present mix of
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dm38	1	monies and got how much of the total part they are getting
	2	now and then assigned that as a percent.
	3	MR. CHAMBLIS: There must be an error there.
	4	There must be an error there.
. 1	5	DR. MILLER: It must be \$2,718,000.
	6	MR. CHAMBLISS: This is a computer error as
	7	opposed to being a
	8	MRS. WYCKOFF: Human error.
	9	MR. VAN WINKLE: If you look at
	10	DR. SCHERLIS: It should be about \$2.5 million.
•	11	DR. MILLER: Yes.
	12	MR. CHAMBLISS: Giving us 40 percent of what the
	13	annualized level should be.
	14	MISS KYTTLE: I think the annualized level is
	15	wrong. When the 6.9 was distributed, Tennessee Mid South
	16	didn't come in for any of it because it did not meet the
	17	logical base on which the 6.9 formula was developed.
	18	Well, when the money stayed out there in escrow
	19	for so long and was not permitted to be used for the reason
	20	it was prorated, the longer it stayed out there, the less
	21	rationale there was to the base and so it was redistributed
	22	and Tennessee Mid South came in for almost \$200,000 in the
	23	last days of its grant year that'I don't think is reflected
	24	in its current annualized level of funding.
	25	MR. CHAMBLISS: I would suggest

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1 39 1	DR. SCHERLIS: I always feel that you are so
2	clear and that I should understand you, but somewhere along
.3	the line I know you are right, but
4	MR. CHAMBLISS: Let me suggest to the committee
5	if you have discomfort here, we can clear this issue up
6	overnight and present this to you in the morning.
	There is a motion on the floor that has been
8	properly moved and seconded.
9	I am at a loss to in light of this, how we
10	should dispose of it.
11	DR. VAUN: That figure is related to the request
12	and not the target date. So why don't we go ahead and vote.
13	Then if there is a gross error
14	MR. CHAMBLISS: If the committee is comfortable
15	with that, we will certainly respect your wishes then.
16	Shall I call for the question?
17	DR. SCHERLIS: Question.
18	MR. CHAMBLISS: Those in favor?
19	(Chorus of "ayes.")
20	MR. CHAMBLISS: Those opposed?
21	(No response.)
22	MR. CHAMBLISS: The level has been recommended
23	for the Tennessee Mid-South Regional Program at \$2,133,952.
24	DR. WHIGHT: I would like to pursue this a little
25	further if I may, Mr. Chairman.

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DM 40 1	Life It is important to me because when I was not able
2	to make a judgment in any other way, I figured it was no
3	worse or better than ten others that we looked at. Thinking
4	that somehow or another there seems to be some disparities
5	on whether our decision-making was based on error in the
6	last two days.
7	MRS. WYCKOFF: It is a very disturbing thought.
8	DR. MILLER: Their targeted funds is more than
9	they asked for. We never gave anybody more than they asked
10	for.
11	DR. WHITE: Their target funds may have been in
12	error.
13	MR. THOMPSON: Whenever we did that, the way
14	MR. CHAMBLISS: Is there further concern on the
15	part of the panel?
16	DR. MILLER: What time do we meet in the morning?
17	MR. CHAMBLISS: Let me close out by saying one or
18	two things here.
19	First, you have handled your charge in a very
20	commendable way.
( 21	I think the committee should know that Miss Kyttle
22	who has transferred from RMP to the Health Services Administra-
23	tion Division of Review, will no longer be with RMP. As a
24	matter of fact, she has already transferred and I would like
25	to take note of the great work that she has done over the
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100 1 years as a member of the RMP staff. 2 DR. SCHERLIS: I would do nothing other than to 3 second that. 4 I would like the committee also MR. CHAMBLISS: to note the fact that Mrs. Edith Leventhal, who has been over \5 the years one of the strong workers behind the scenes, has 6 given me support here today and yesterday and has provided 7 RMP with a good amount of staff support over the years. 8 I would like you simply to note her participation. 9 I would like to say that I know I express on 10 the part of Dr. Paul and the Health Resources Administration 11 and the Bureau of Health Resources Development for the support 12 of and participation of this panel, and I would say that you 13 have been very patient in tackling this job. 14 Finally, I think you would like to know that 15 the other panel is still in the process of completing its --16 DR. PAHL: They just started their last one a 17 minute ago. This panel won. 18 MR. CHAMBLISS: It has been agreed that we would 19 meet at 9:30 in the morning in the joint session in this 20room. 21 DR. PAHL: The arthritis meeting is meeting at 228:00 o'clock. 23 DR. McPHEDRAN: How long do you expect that meeting 24 is going to take?

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dm 42	MR. CHAMBLISS: Would you have an estimate on
	2 that, Dr. Pahl?
	3 DR. PAHL: I would guess it would perhaps only
	4 be for an hour and a half because the purpose of the meeting
	5 is more basically the two groups and chairmen to see that
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6 similar topics have been handled equitably and to try to
	group the applications into a master sort of three-leveled
	8 tier, just these seem to be above average and these are good
	9 solid ones and these are perhaps weaker, but nonetheless
1	satisfactory, but not try to do anything within the groups
1	1 but this will be of help as we go to Council after this
1	2 lengthy period of absence and make sure that similar problems
1	have been handled equitably between the two panels.
1 	I would see perhaps mid morning, get together at
	9:00 o'clock, it seems to me that you ought to accomplish
1	6 that in that period.
1	The word that I received from the other panel
1	would be 9:30 as opposed to 9:00 o'clock.
1	DR. PAHL: Why don't we try to head for a target
2	period of around 11:00, if 9:30 is the time for the other
2	group?
2	MR. CHAMBLISS: Do you feel that this panel should
2	meet for any further review activity in the morning?
2	DR. PAHL: Have you clustered your own applications
2	5 into three groups?
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