



Fuel Cell Vehicle Systems Analysis

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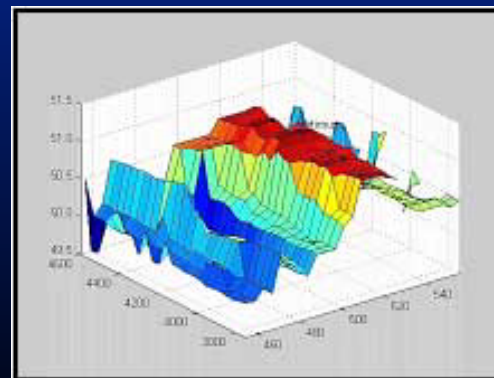
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DOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cell 2003 Annual Merit Review
Berkeley, California



Outline

- Objectives
- Approach
- Timeline of Highlights
- Accomplishments
- Addressing Reviewer Comments
- Industry Interactions
- Future Plans
- Summary



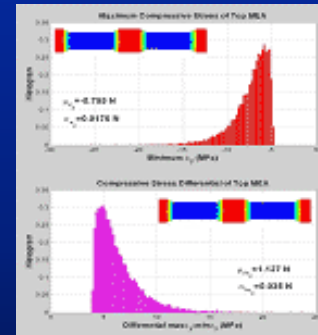
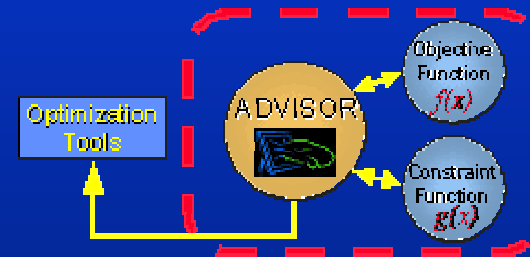
Objectives

- Provide DOE and industry with technical solutions and modeling tools that accelerate the introduction of robust fuel cell technologies
- Quantify benefits and impacts of HFC&IT development efforts at the vehicle level (current status evaluation)
- Understand sensitivity of fuel cell technical target values and provide recommendations to DOE program managers (future goal evaluation)



Approach

- Develop and link to existing component and vehicle models to enhance systems analysis capabilities
- Work with industry to apply robust design techniques, optimization tools, and CAE tools to overcome technical barriers
- Study benefits of fuel cell system and vehicle design scenarios and transfer to industry
- Assess impact of various technical team targets at component level



Highlights and Milestones

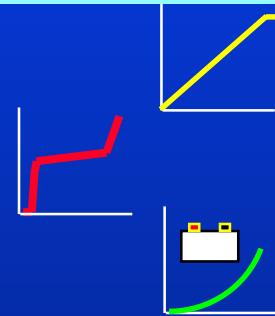
Planned
Completed
* = milestone

- 6/02 Presented FC response time study results at FutureCar Congress
- 10/02 Presented fuel cell system model evaluation study at 202nd Electrochemical Society Meeting
- 10/02 Incorporated two detailed fuel cell system models into ADVISOR vehicle simulation program
- 11/02 Presented the Technical Targets Tool to DOE
- 3/03 Developed FEA models of fuel cell components and successfully demonstrated the application of robust design techniques
- 4/03 Presented results of 4 fuel cell system studies at ASME/RIT Fuel Cell Technology Conference
- 6/03 Results of gasoline reformer warm-up fuel economy impacts study to be presented at 2003 Future Transportation Technology Conference
- 7/03* Expand database of fuel cell components
- 9/03* Summarize the influence of key fuel cell program technical targets on fuel consumption reduction
- 9/03 Complete initial applications on reformer, end-plate design, stack pressure profile and high-temperature stack design
- 9/03* Publish technical report on methodology for applying robust design techniques to fuel cell components

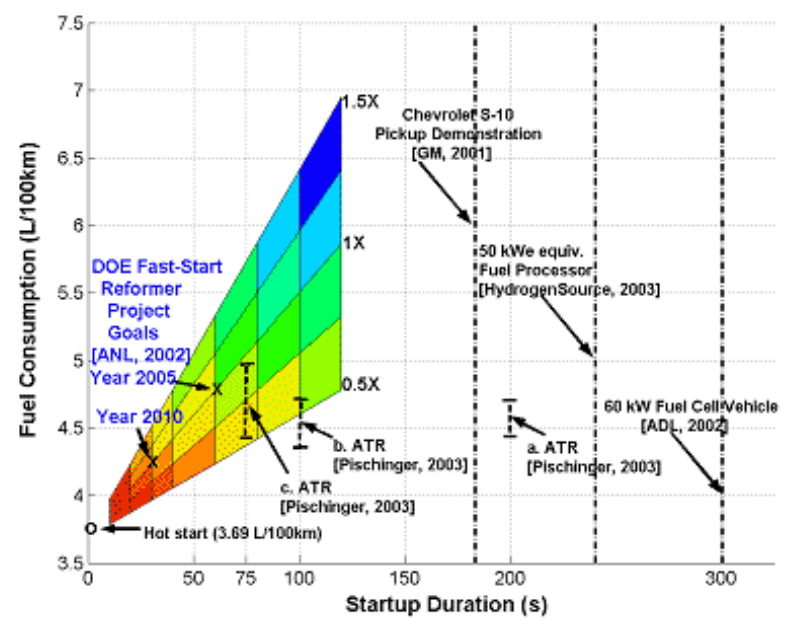
Accomplishments

Analyzed Fuel Economy Impacts of Gasoline Reformer Warm-up

- Allow warm-up period before FTP starts
- Design reformer and fuel cell system to provide minimum power requirements for FTP cycle with no energy storage
- Hybridize to balance out drive cycle requirements with achieving reasonable/efficient reformer startup time



Reformer Warmup Time (s)	Power (kW)	Cum. Raw Energy [Usable] (Wh)	SOC Window (%)	Nom. Battery Pack Total Energy (Wh)
30 s	13.5	15	20	75
60 s	13.5	45	20	225
195 s	25.7	158	20	790
10 min	25.7	658	20	3290
Toyota Prius	25	--	~5	1781
Honda Insight	6	--	~10	936
Honda Civic	n/a	--	n/a	864

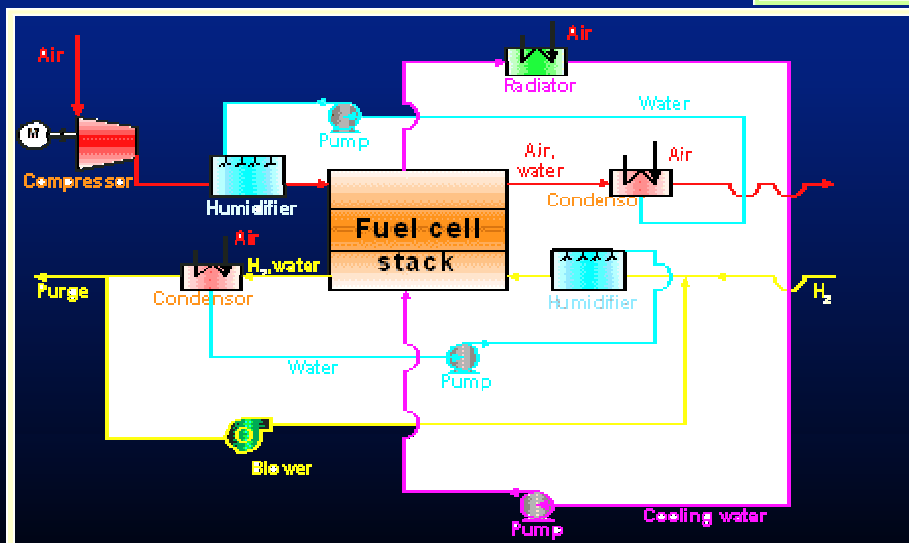
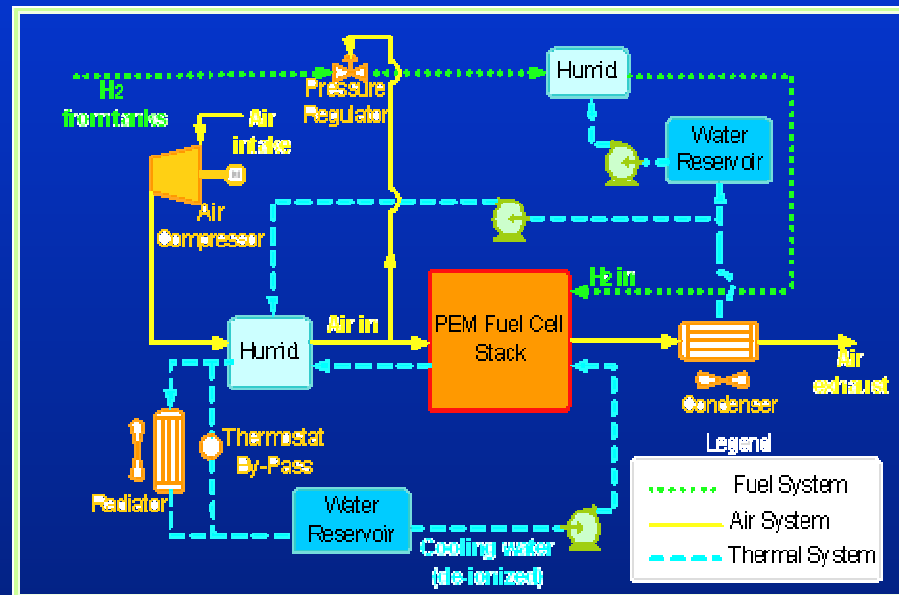


- Drive cycle traction power and energy demands satisfied with relatively small battery

- Fuel economy penalty significant if duration is long or fuel rate is high

Accomplishments

Two Detailed Fuel Cell System Models in ADVISOR



the Virginia Tech Model

the KTH Model

Accomplishments

Range of Model Complexity in ADVISOR

More Detail

KTH Model

- Springer et. al. fuel cell model
- thermodynamic library
- balance of plant components
- water transport in MEA

VT Model

- parametric polarization curve
- system thermal model
- balance of plant components
- variable operating pressure

Simple Polarization Curve

- defined current and voltage
- simplified balance of plant

Net Power vs. Efficiency

- single curve
- scalability

*** User-defined model ***

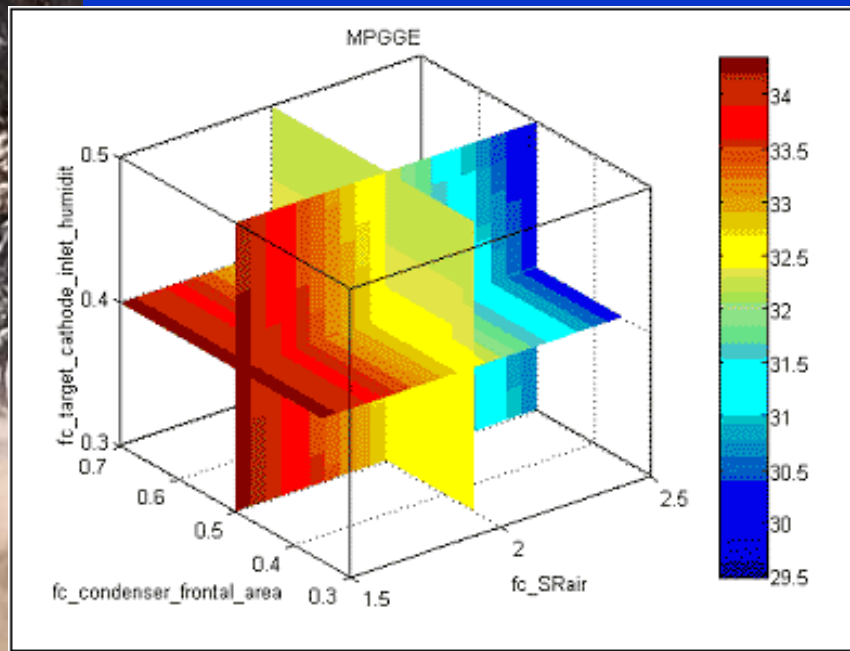
- configurable subsystem structure
- ability to link to fuel cell models in other tools (e.g. Saber, Simplorer,...)

Less Detail

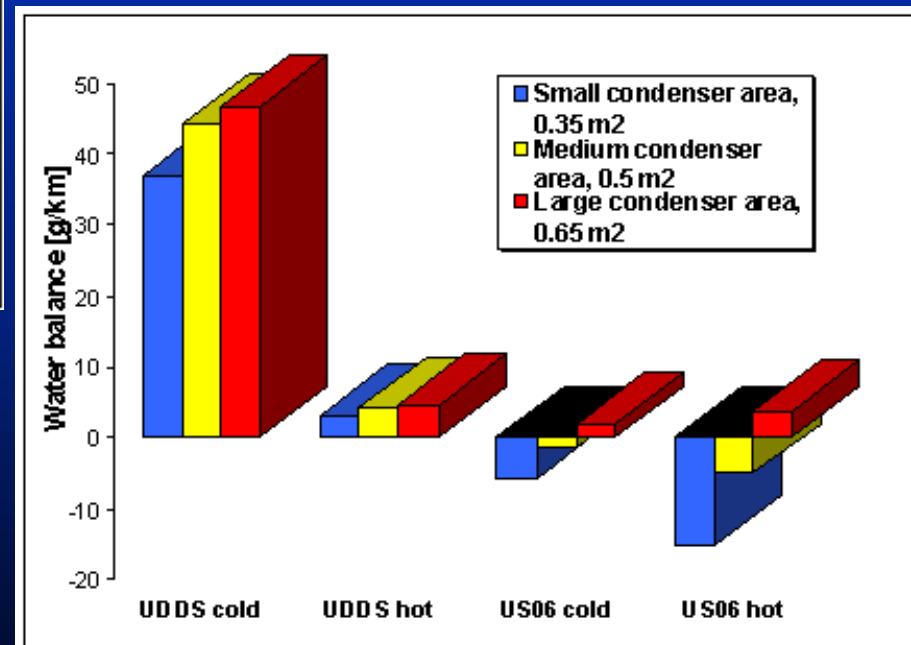


Accomplishments

Water Balance Sensitivities Assessed



- Assessed water balance sensitivity in vehicle environment (drive cycles)
- Impact of condenser size and startup conditions quantified



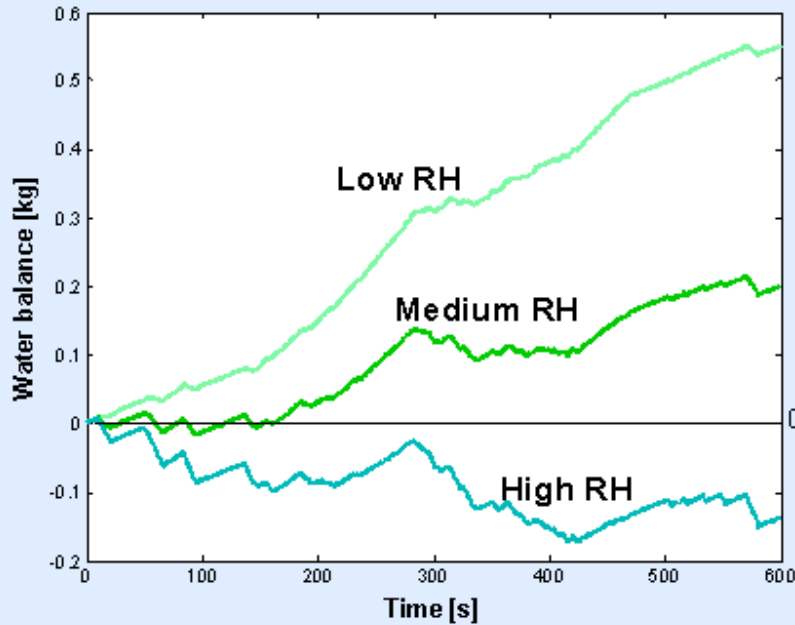
UDDS:
sensitive to cold/hot start

US06:
sensitive to condenser size



Accomplishments

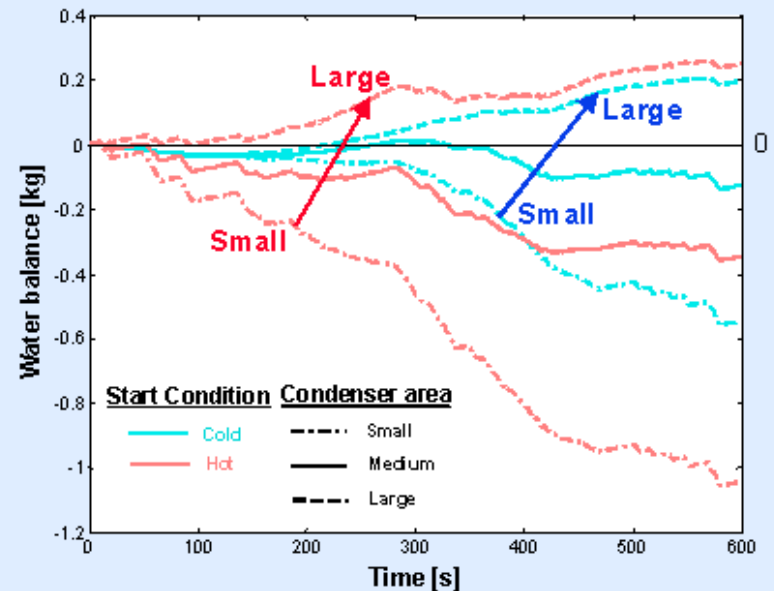
Water Balance Variability on the US06 Drive Cycle



Positive WB at low relative humidity requirements

Cathode
Rel. Humidity
Requirements

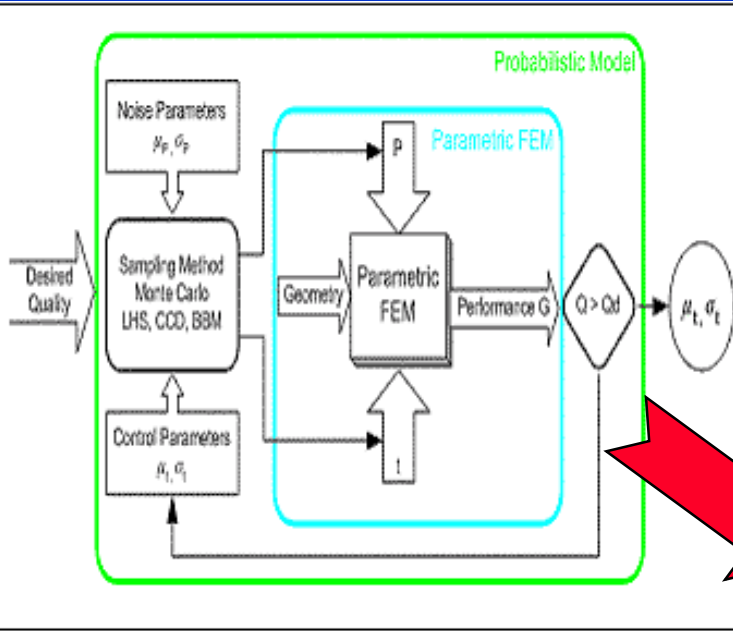
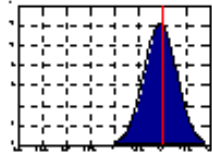
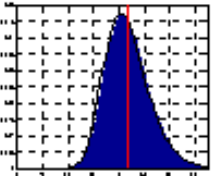
Condenser
Area



Better WB at low temperature operation

Accomplishments

Robust Designs of Fuel Cell Components

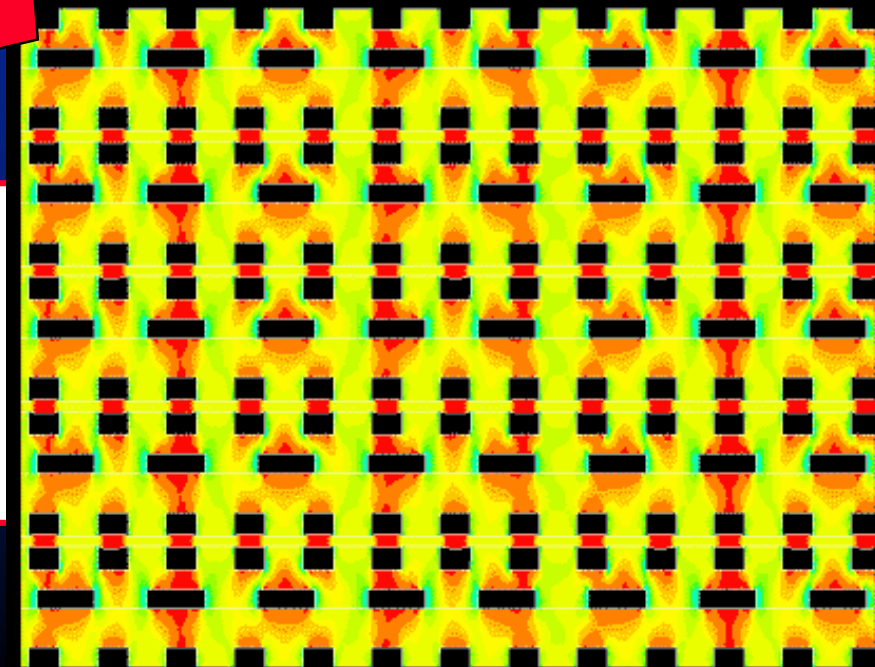


Collaborative effort with industry to apply robust design techniques to fuel cell components:

- Parametric FEA modeling
- Probabilistic design and optimization techniques integrated with FEA
- Topology optimization for reduced mass and improved pressure profiles

Solutions to real-world technical issues:

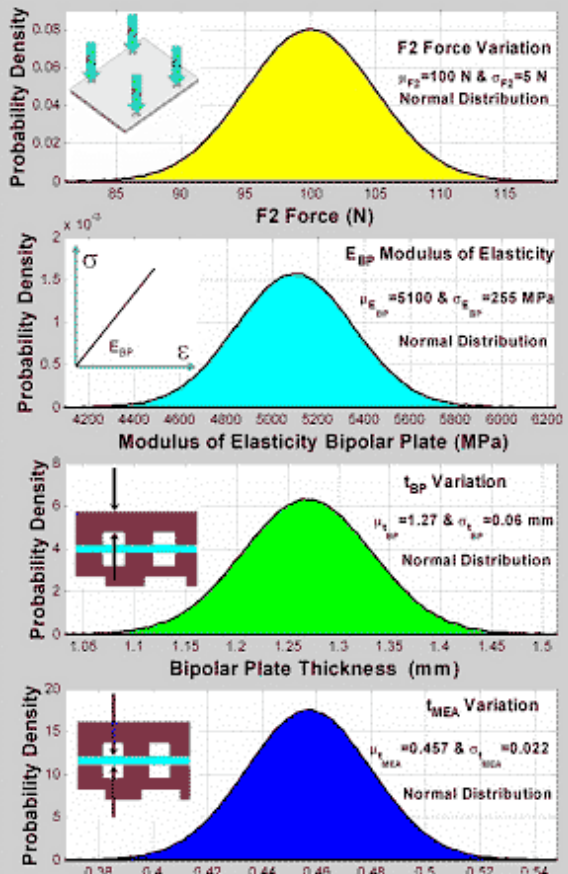
- improved thermal mechanical fatigue of ATR
- analyzed thermal efficiency of ATR
- improved pressure distribution within stack
- quantified sensitivity of design factors to non-uniform MEA pressure distribution



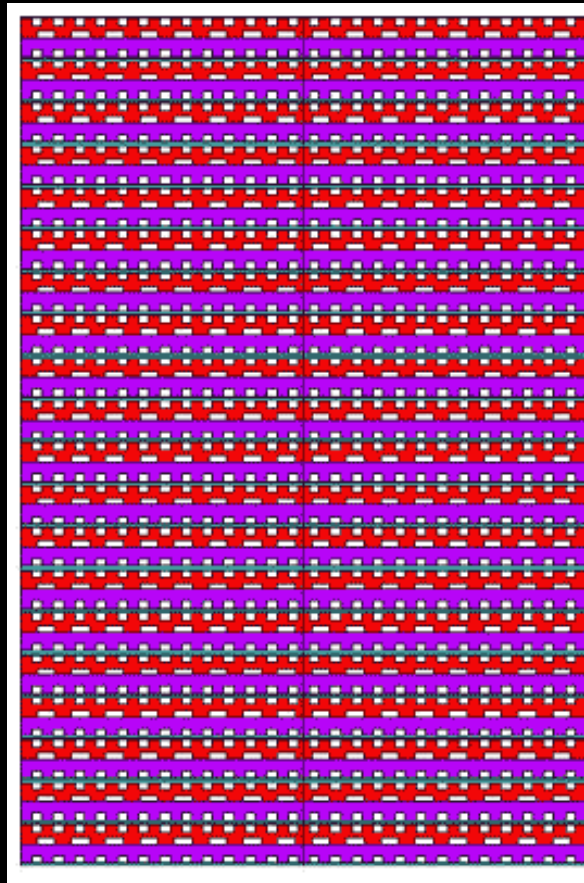
Accomplishments

Robust Designs of Fuel Cell Components

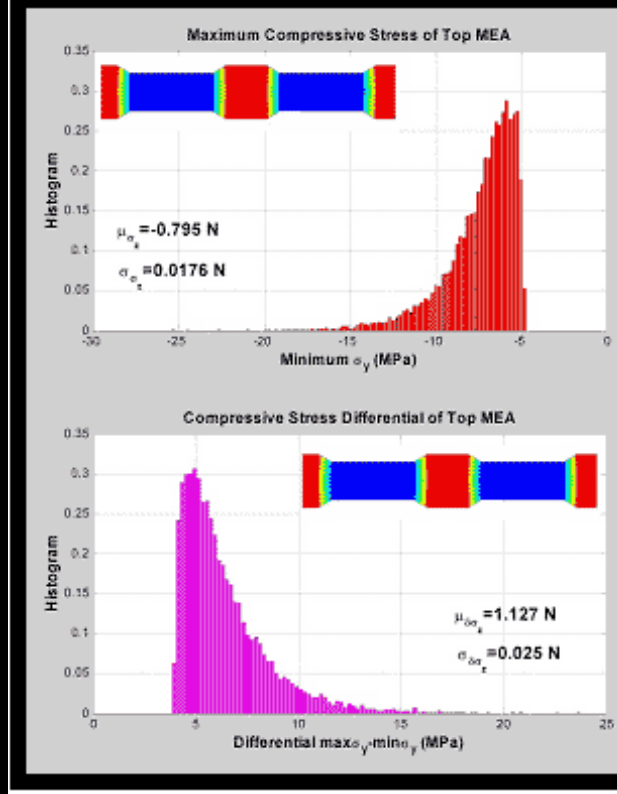
Statistical Distribution of Material and Manufacturing Variations



Parametric FEA Model of Fuel Cell Stack



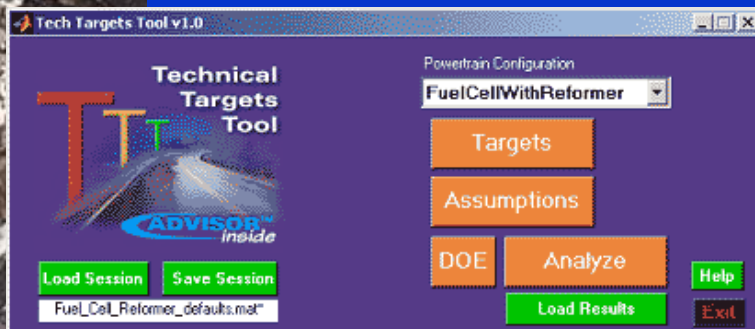
Statistical Distribution of Output Performance Measures



Published methodology for assessing the “Effect of Material and Manufacturing Variations on MEA pressure Distribution” (co-authored with Plug Power)

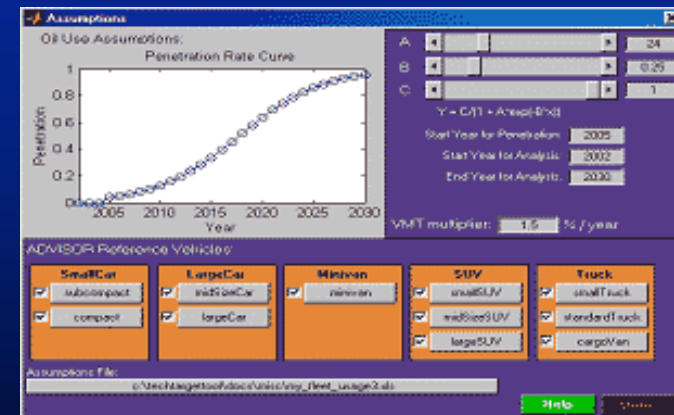
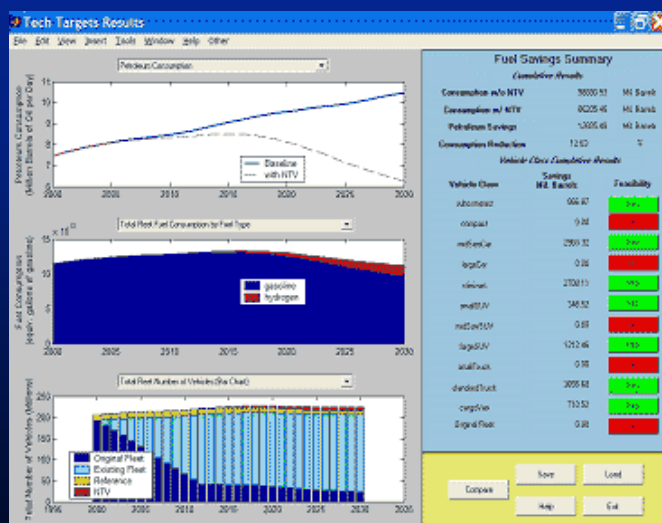
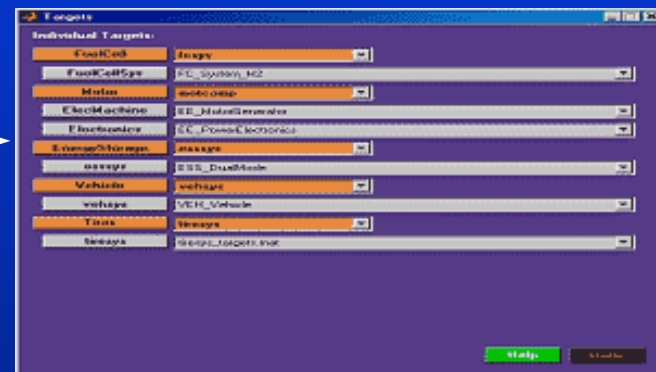
Accomplishments

Technical Targets Tool Developed



Target Values

Model Parameters



Quantifies potential impact of DOE programs.



Accomplishments

T³ - A Repository for Component Targets

Targets

Individual Targets:

- FuelCell: fcsys
- FuelCellSys: FC_System_H2
- Motor: motcomp
- ElecMachine: EE_MotorGenerator
- Electronics: EE_PowerElectronics
- EnergyStorage: esssys
- essys: ESS_DualMode
- Vehicle: vehsys
- vehsys: VEH_Vehs
- Tires: tiresys
- tiresys: tiresys_targets.mot

Figure No. 3: Technical Target Table Edit Gui

Table 3.3.5. Technical targets: 50 kW_e (net) integrated fuel cell power systems operating on direct hydrogen.

Characteristics	Units	2003	2005	2010	Up	Down
Energy efficiency @ 25% of rated power	%	59	60	60		
Energy efficiency @ rated power	%	50	50	50		
Power density - excluding H ₂ storage	W/L	400	500	650		
Power density - including H ₂ storage	W/L	TBD	150	220		
Specific power - excluding H ₂ storage	W/kg	400	500	650		
Specific power - including H ₂ storage	W/kg	TBD	250	325		
Cost (including hydrogen storage)	\$/kW	200	125	45		

DONE

Figure No. 3: Technical Target Table Edit Gui

Table Technical Targets for High-power Batteries for Dual-mode Hybrid Vehicles

Characteristics	Units	2000	2004	2008	Up	Down
Power/energy ratio	W/Wh	39	30	30		
Specific energy	Wh/kg	21	15	17		
Energy density	Wh/L	24	20	24		
Cycle life @ min delta E	cycles	100	2500	2500		
Calendar life	years	5	10	10		
Cost	\$	2200	500	400		

DONE

Accomplishments

Fuel Cell Targets Analyzed Using Technical Targets Tool

- Assess impact of technical team component targets at vehicle and fleet level

Technical target variation leads to sensitivity in total fuel savings

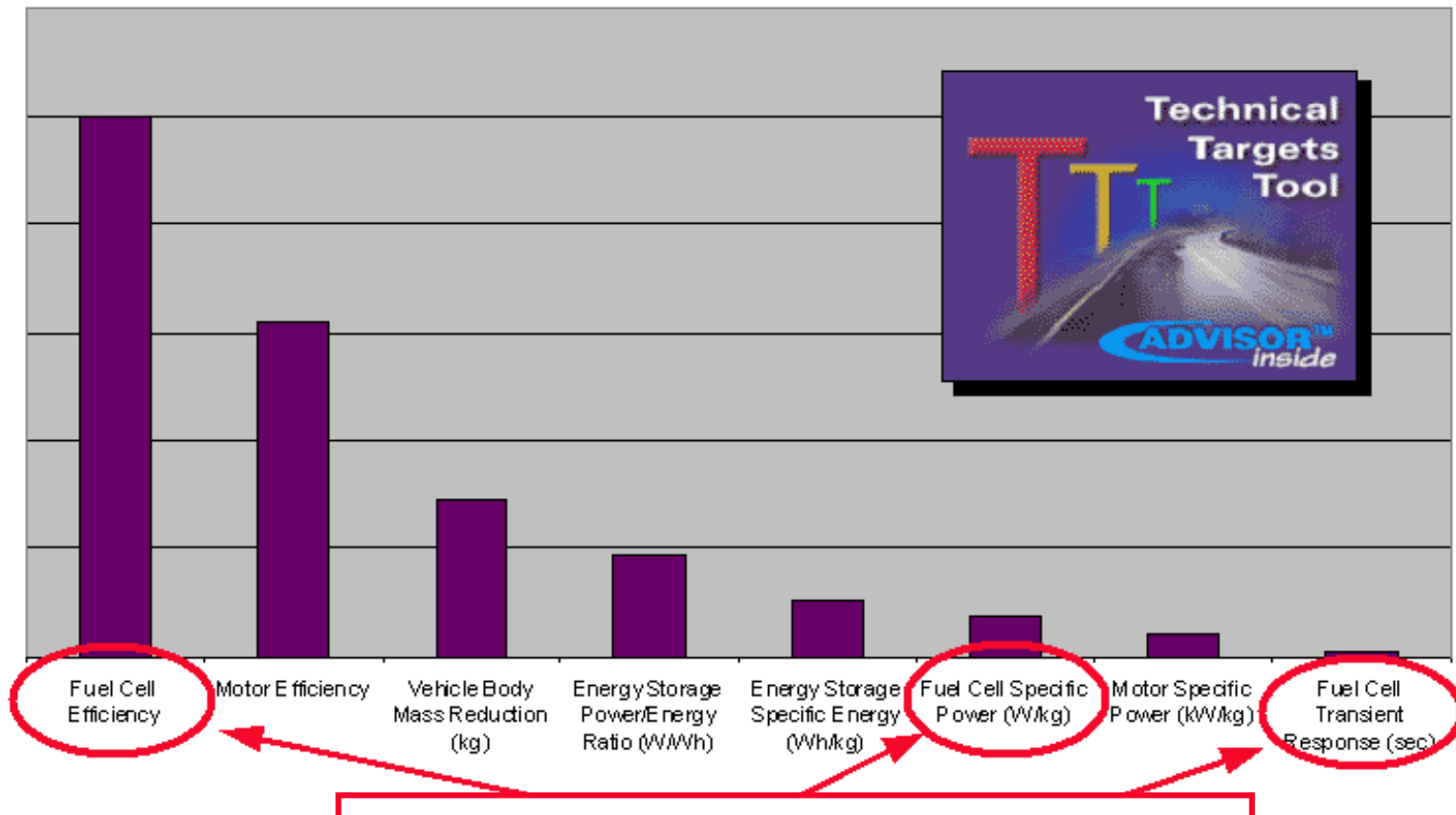
1. Fuel Cell Efficiency
2. Fuel Cell Specific Power
3. Motor Specific Power
4. Motor Efficiency
5. Battery Specific Energy
6. Body Mass Reduction

Accomplishments

T³ and DOE Highlight Relative Sensitivity of Fuel Economy

Relative Technical Target Sensitivity to Fuel Savings

Targets Varied from -1% to +1% of Nominal Target Value
Based on Optimizing for Fuel Economy and Specifying the Penetration Rate



Fuel Cell Program Targets



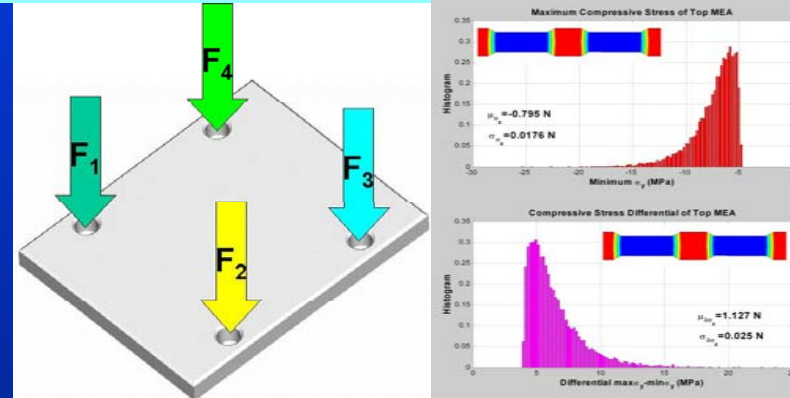
Addressing Reviewer Comments

- **System cost estimates should be included in analyses**
 - System costs estimated within Technical Targets Tool and recent Energy Storage System Requirements study
- **Computer models should be used to evaluate fuel cell program technical targets**
 - Technical Targets Tool developed and applied
- **Need to accommodate fuel cell and subsystem design trade-offs**
 - 2 parametric detailed fuel cell system models integrated with ADVISOR vehicle simulation tool
- **Review of assumptions by industry**
 - working with fuel cell, hydrogen, energy storage, and vehicle systems technical teams
 - collection of peer reviewed papers published

Recent Collaborative Projects with Industry

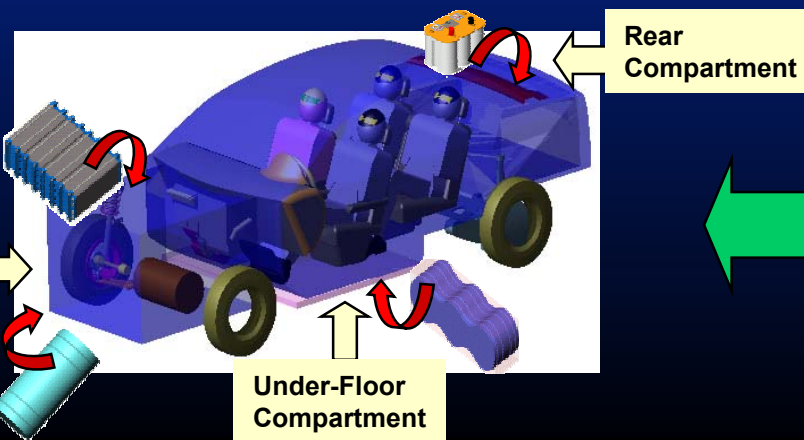
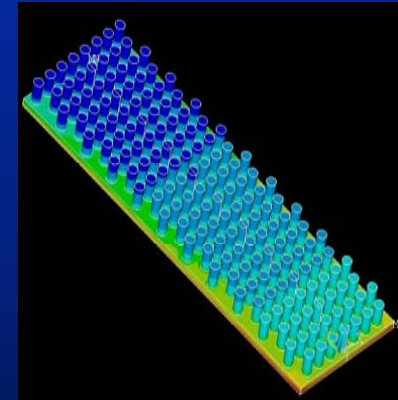
Plug Power:

- ATR thermal analysis
- Analysis of MEA pressure profiles
- End plate topology optimization
- Robust high temp. stack design



Ballard Power Systems:

- Thermal management of fuel cell power electronics



VulcanWorks/Nuvera:

- Design and optimization of fuel cell vehicle packaging solutions

Plans and Future Milestones

- Fuel cell hybrid vehicle system optimization – working with fuel cell, energy storage, vehicle systems teams on energy storage targets for fuel cell vehicles (9/03)
- Technical Targets Tool study on sensitivity of fuel cell technical targets applied to multiple vehicle platforms (9/03)
- Complete water and thermal management analysis for fuel cell vehicles under real driving conditions (11/03)
- Validation of fuel cell models with industry partners (2/04)
- Robust design process transferred to industry to address fuel cell stack cost and durability technical barriers (9/04)



Summary

- Vehicle systems tools coupled with optimization and robust design methods are being applied to address cost and durability technical barriers



- Technical Targets Tool introduced and applied to understand sensitivity of fuel consumption to the fuel cell program technical targets

- Enhanced fuel cell system models incorporated into vehicle model to analyze thermal and water management technical barriers

