

# INTERTEK RESEARCH UK TV Sound Issues Washington July 2006

## Handling of Sound In Existing Standards

- I kHz sine wave source developing 50mW in resistive load equivalent to TV L.S. impedance.
- This standard was set when the majority of TVs used single (mono) speakers.
- No account was taken of, the acoustic efficiency of the system, multiple drive units with passive crossover and multiple drive amplifiers for each channel with electronic crossover.

### Ideal Approach to TV Sound In the Context of Standard Test Methodology

#### for TV- on-mode

- Input Audio Test Signal should drive the Audio part (electronics and transducers) in the same way as standard programme signals (Pink noise instead of 1kHz tone)
- A standard signal level distribution would have to be agreed for surround systems.
- A standard Sound Pressure Level would have to be agreed for test set-up, measured at a fixed distance, on-axis of display, in free-field acoustic conditions.

## Is this Scientifically Appropriate Proposed Test Methodology for the Sound part set-up of the TV necessary?

- Results from UK tests for European Consumer Groups on over 100 current TV models in the European Market show that the audio as set up in IEC 62087 produces a marginal but similar increase in required power for a wide range of TVs up to and including those with a surround sound system rating of 2,500 W peak audio power.
- "Standard" Listening level for these tests was a sound pressure level of 92dBA measured, in free —field conditions at I metre on the horizontal axis from the centre of the display. Video signal Full Black
- Increase in power at this "standard" listening level was a range of **0.6-1.2W** over the whole test sample range.

#### Results and Conclusions

- The average impact of the sound part was 0.8W with smaller LCD TVs requiring around 0.6W and some larger CRTs, PDPs and LCDs up to 1.2W.
- Worst case impact of sound on on mode power (small LCD TVs around 40W display part) + 1.5%
- Conclusion: Sound modulation should be present (not muted) perhaps just perceptible but need not complicate the test methodology.