by a prominent researcher). A written decision granting or denying the request will be issued.

- (f) An individual's access approval for VS select agents or toxins may be denied, limited, or revoked if:
- (1) The individual is within any of the categories described in 18 U.S.C. 175b:
- (2) The individual is reasonably suspected by any Federal law enforcement or intelligence agency of committing a crime set forth in 18 U.S.C. 2332b(g)(5); knowing involvement with an organization that engages in domestic or international terrorism (as defined in 18 U.S.C. 2331) or with any other organization that engages in intentional crimes of violence; or being an agent of a foreign power as defined in 50 U.S.C. 1801; or
- (3) It is determined that such action is necessary to protect animal health or animal products.
- (g) For overlap select agents or toxins, an individual's access approval will be denied or revoked if the individual is within any of the categories described in 18 U.S.C. 175b. An individual's access approval may be denied, limited, or revoked for the reasons set forth in paragraphs (f)(2) through (f)(3) of this section.
- (h) An individual may appeal the Administrator's decision to deny, limit, or revoke access approval under § 121.20.
- (i) Access approval is valid for a maximum of 5 years.
- (j) The responsible official must immediately notify APHIS or CDC when an individual's access to select agents or toxins is terminated by the entity and the reasons therefore.

## §121.11 Security.

- (a) An individual or entity required to register under this part must develop and implement a written security plan. The security plan must be sufficient to safeguard the select agent or toxin against unauthorized access, theft, loss, or release.
- (b) The security plan must be designed according to a site-specific risk assessment and must provide graded protection in accordance with the risk of the select agent or toxin, given its

intended use. The security plan must be submitted upon request.

- (c) The security plan must:
- (1) Describe procedures for physical security, inventory control, and information systems control;
- (2) Contain provisions for the control of access to select agents and toxins;
- (3) Contain provisions for routine cleaning, maintenance, and repairs;
- (4) Establish procedures for removing unauthorized or suspicious persons;
- (5) Describe procedures for addressing loss or compromise of keys, passwords, combinations, etc. and protocols for changing access numbers or locks following staff changes:
- (6) Contain procedures for reporting unauthorized or suspicious persons or activities, loss or theft of select agents or toxins, release of select agents or toxins, or alteration of inventory records; and
- (7) Contain provisions for ensuring that all individuals with access approval from the Administrator or the HHS Secretary understand and comply with the security procedures.
- (d) An individual or entity must adhere to the following security requirements or implement measures to achieve an equivalent or greater level of security:
- (1) Allow access only to individuals with access approval from the Administrator or the HHS Secretary;
- (2) Allow individuals not approved for access by the Administrator or the HHS Secretary to conduct routine cleaning, maintenance, repairs, and other activities not related to select agents or toxins only when continuously escorted by an approved individual:
- (3) Provide for the control of select agents and toxins by requiring freezers, refrigerators, cabinets, and other containers where select agents or toxins are stored to be secured against unauthorized access (e.g., card access system, lock boxes):
- (4) Inspect all suspicious packages before they are brought into or removed from an area where select agents or toxins are used or stored;
- (5) Establish a protocol for intra-entity transfers under the supervision of an individual with access approval from the Administrator or the HHS

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Secretary, including chain-of-custody documents and provisions for safe-guarding against theft, loss, or release; and

- (6) Require that individuals with access approval from the Administrator or the HHS Secretary refrain from sharing with any other person their unique means of accessing a select agent or toxin (e.g., keycards or passwords):
- (7) Require that individuals with access approval from the Administrator or the HHS Secretary immediately report any of the following to the responsible official:
- (i) Any loss or compromise of keys, passwords, combinations, etc.;
- (ii) Any suspicious persons or activities:
- (iii) Any loss or theft of select agents or toxins;
- (iv) Any release of a select agent or toxin; and
- (v) Any sign that inventory or use records for select agents or toxins have been altered or otherwise compromised; and
- (8) Separate areas where select agents and toxins are stored or used from the public areas of the building.
- (e) In developing a security plan, an individual or entity should consider the document entitled, "Laboratory Security and Emergency Response Guidance for Laboratories Working with Select Agents," in Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (December 6, 2002); 51 (No. RR-19):1-6. This document is available on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr.
- (f) The plan must be reviewed annually and revised as necessary. Drills or exercises must be conducted at least annually to test and evaluate the effectiveness of the plan. The plan must be reviewed and revised, as necessary, after any drill or exercise and after any incident.

## §121.12 Biosafety.

(a) An individual or entity required to register under this part must develop and implement a written biosafety plan that is commensurate with the risk of the select agent or toxin,

- given its intended use. The biosafety plan must contain sufficient information and documentation to describe the biosafety and containment procedures.
- (b) The biosafety and containment procedures must be sufficient to contain the select agent or toxin (e.g., physical structure and features of the entity, and operational and procedural safeguards).
- (c) In developing a biosafety plan, an individual or entity should consider the following:
- (1) The CDC/NIH publication, "Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories." This document may be obtained from the U.S. Government Printing Office. It is also available on the Internet at http://www.aphis.usda.gov/programs/ag selectagent/index.html.
- (2) The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations in 29 CFR 1910.1200 and 1910.1450.
- (3) The "NIH Guidelines for Research Involving Recombinant DNA Molecules." This document is available on the Internet at <a href="http://www.aphis.usda.gov./programs/ag-selectagent/index.html">http://www.aphis.usda.gov./programs/ag-selectagent/index.html</a>.
- (d) The plan must be reviewed annually and revised as necessary. Drills or exercises must be conducted at least annually to test and evaluate the effectiveness of the plan. The plan must be reviewed and revised, as necessary, after any drill or exercise and after any incident.

## § 121.13 Restricted experiments.9

(a) An individual or entity may not conduct a restricted experiment with a VS select agent or toxin unless approved by and conducted in accordance with any conditions prescribed by the Administrator. In addition, an individual or entity may not conduct a restricted experiment with an overlap select agent or toxin unless approved by and conducted in accordance with any

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Technical assistance and guidance may be obtained by contacting APHIS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>For guidance, see the NIH publication, "NIH Guidelines for Research Involving Recombinant DNA Molecules." This document is available on the Internet at <a href="http://www.aphis.usda.gov/programs/ag\_selectagent/index.html">http://www.aphis.usda.gov/programs/ag\_selectagent/index.html</a>.