

**Table 1.A1. Other Non-Renewable Energy Consumption by Energy Use Sector and Energy Source, 2002-2006 (Quadrillion Btu)**

Sector and Source	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	0.266	0.280	0.245	0.234	0.236
Commercial	0.017	0.018	0.021	0.020	0.021
MSW Non-Biogenic <sup>a</sup>	0.016	0.018	0.021	0.020	0.020
Other Non-Renewable <sup>b</sup>	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000
Industrial	0.106	0.121	0.086	0.091	0.091
MSW Non-Biogenic <sup>a</sup>	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.005
Other Non-Renewable <sup>b</sup>	0.103	0.117	0.081	0.086	0.086
Electric Power <sup>c</sup>	0.143	0.140	0.138	0.123	0.125
MSW Non-Biogenic <sup>a</sup>	0.124	0.113	0.109	0.107	0.109
Other Non-Renewable <sup>b</sup>	0.019	0.028	0.029	0.016	0.015

<sup>a</sup> Includes glass, steel, aluminum, other nonferrous metals, plastic, rubber, other materials, and miscellaneous inorganic wastes.

<sup>b</sup> Tires and other (nonspecified).

<sup>c</sup> The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-power (CHP) plants within North American Classification System (NAICS) 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

\*=Less than 500 billion Btu.

MSW=Municipal solid waste.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Details of EIA's analysis that revised MSW consumption are found in the Energy Information Administration (EIA) report, Methodology for Allocating Municipal Solid Waste to Biogenic and Non-Biogenic Energy (Washington, DC, May 2007). After 2003 small amounts of other non-renewable energy consumption in the industrial sector for certain plants, including those that capture energy from exothermic chemical and manufacturing processes, are no longer included due to a change in EIA survey reporting requirements.

Sources: Analysis conducted by Energy Information Administration (EIA), Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels and