DAN BURTON, INDIANA

BENJAMIN A. GILMAN, NEW YORK
CONSTANCE A. MORBLLIA, MARYLAND
CHRISTOPHER SHAYS. CONNECTICUT
ILEANA ROS-LEHTINEN, FLORIDA
JOHN M. MCHUGH, NEW YORK
STEPHEN HORN, CALIFORNIA
JOHN L. MICA, FLORIDA
THOMAS M. DAVIS, VIRGINIA
MARK E. SOUDER, INDIANA
STEVEN C. LATOURETTE, OHIO
BOB BARR, GEORGIA
DAM MILLER, FLORIDA
DOUG OSE, CALIFORNIA
RON LEWIS, KENTUCKY
JO ANN DAVIS, VIRGINIA
TODD RUSSELL PLATTS. PENNSYLVANIA
DAVE WELDON, FLORIDA
CHRIS CANNON, UTAH
ADAM H. PUTNAM, FLORIDA
CLI. "BUTCH OTTER, IDAHO
EDWARD L. SCHOCK, VIRGINIA
JOHN J. DUNCHROCK, VIRGINIA
JOHN J. DUNCHROCK, VIRGINIA
JOHN J. DUNCHROCK, VIRGINIA

JOHN SULLIVAN, OKLAHOMA

ONE HUNDRED SEVENTH CONGRESS

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT REFORM 2157 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING

WASHINGTON, DC 20515-6143

MAJORITY (202) 225–5074 FACSIMILE (202) 225–3974 MINORITY (202) 225–5051 TTY (202) 225–6852

www.house.gov/reform

HENRY A. WAXMAN, CALIFORNIA, RANKING MINORITY MEMBER

TOM LANTOS CALIFORNIA

MAJOR R. OWENS, NEW YORK
EDOLPHUS TOWNS, NEW YORK
PAUL E. KANJORSKI, PENNSYLVANIA
PATSY T. MINK, HAWAII
CAROLYN B. MALONEY, NEW YORK
ELEANOR HOLMES NORTON,
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
ELIJAH E. CUMMINGS, MARYLAND
DENNIS J. KUCINICH, OHIO
ROD R. BLAGOJEVICH, ILLINOIS
DANNY K. DAVIS, ILLINOIS
JOHN F. TIERNEY, MASSACHUSETTS
JIM TURNER, TEXAS
THOMAS H. ALLEN, MAINE
JANICE D. SCHAKOWSKY, ILLINOIS
WM. LACY CLAY, MISSOURI
DIANE E. WATSON, CALIFORNIA
STEPPHEN F. I YNCH MASSACHUSETTS

BERNARD SANDERS, VERMONT.

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE December 5, 2002

For more information, contact: Karen Lightfoot at (202) 225-5051 Ben Chevat at (202) 225-7944 Craig Rasmussen at (202) 225-2406

THE BUSH ADMINISTRATION IS FORCED TO RELINQUISH CENSUS DATA

Today, the Commerce Department released adjusted census data to Reps. Henry A. Waxman (D-CA), Wm. Lacy Clay (D-MO), Carolyn B. Maloney (D-NY), and the thirteen other Democratic members of the House Government Reform Committee.

The Census Bureau prepared a second set of "adjusted" data that used statistical techniques to correct for errors. The census initially missed over six million Americans and counted millions of other Americans twice. Until today, the Commerce Department had refused to release the adjusted data for political reasons, which led the members to file suit.

Rep. Waxman said, "The Commerce Department should have released the data over a year ago. The new census data is essential to understanding how errors in the census affect funding for cities, counties, and critical programs funded with federal dollars."

"The American people deserve to have the most accurate Census data available. Without this new information, millions of people — predominantly minorities and the poor — would not be counted on the 2000 census while millions more — predominantly affluent Americans — would be counted twice. It was unfortunate that we had to fight so hard to get this information, but now that we have, I hope we can use it to its fullest advantage," said Rep. Clay.

"We had to fight the Republicans to make it possible for a scientific census to be conducted, and then we had to fight to get the results of the census released. It is about time the American public gets to see what it paid for," said Rep. Maloney.

In May 2001, the 16 members filed suit in federal court in Los Angeles against the Secretary of Commerce in order to compel the Bush Administration to release the adjusted data from the 2000 census. The U.S. District Court in Los Angeles granted summary judgment in favor of Rep. Waxman and the other plaintiffs, and Secretary Evans appealed to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. In a parallel proceeding within the Ninth Circuit, two Oregon state legislators filed a Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) case for the same data. After losing the FOIA case in the Ninth Circuit, Secretary Evans has decided not to pursue either course of litigation and has turned over the Census data to both the Oregon legislators and the 16 members of Congress.

The Committee on Government Reform's minority investigative staff will be analyzing the data to see how errors in the census affect public policy. These findings and data will be reported to Congress and the public.