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H.R. 1053, Extending Normal Trade Relations Treatment to Ukraine Rep. Henry A. Waxman March 8, 2006

Mr. Speaker. Today we have the opportunity to recognize Ukraine's great strides since its emergence from the Iron Curtain. Indeed, the "Orange Revolution" ignited by the fraudulent elections of 2004 demonstrated the commitment of the Ukrainian people to a democratic future. By graduating Ukraine from Jackson-Vanik and extending Permanent Normal Trade Relations (PNTR), we can help consolidate the Ukrainian government's adherence to this path.

The Jackson-Vanik amendment, enacted in 1974, originally focused on free emigration, but it became a symbol for all basic human rights including political freedom, freedom from religious discrimination, and freedom for the press. While its candidacy for Jackson-Vanik graduation demonstrates Ukraine's significant progress on these issues, there are still major areas where further improvement is necessary.

Specifically, the Ukrainian government and President Yushchenko must do more to live up to their pledge to fight anti-Semitism and condemn all ethnic and religious discrimination.

Over the past several years, Ukraine's largest private university, known in Ukraine as MAUP, has become a hotbed of anti-Semitic activity. In 2005, the school hosted an anti-Zionist conference featuring white supremacist David Duke and other Holocaust deniers from around the world and its President fervently supported the President of Iran's call for the destruction of Israel. The school has published and distributed "Mein Kampf" and "The Protocols of the Elders of Zion," and leading figures at the school have petitioned to bar Jewish organization in Ukraine and ban Jewish texts.

It is important that the Ukrainian government and President Yushchenko's "Our Ukraine" party have strongly condemned the university leaders. The Ministry of Education and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs have called the school's activities unlawful. The time has come for the government to reexamine the school's certification and prosecute those responsible for violating Ukraine's anti-incitement laws.

In addition, the government must take action to return communal religious property confiscated during the Soviet era through a standardized, timely, and transparent process.

Jackson-Vanik graduation is an important step forward in the strategic relationship between the United States and Ukraine. But it is by no means an end to the need for scrutiny of Ukraine's adherence to fundamental human rights values. As a member of the Congressional Ukraine Caucus and a co-chair of the Congressional Task Force Against Anti-Semitism, I support this legislation, but I believe it is vital that we continue pushing Ukraine in the right direction.