## U.S. Census Bureau



## Honolulu County, Hawaii

Selected Social Characteristics: 2004
Data Set: 2004 American Community Survey

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.




| Selected Social Characteristics: 2004 | Estimate | Lower Bound | Upper Bound |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Ukrainian | 535 | 0 | 1,080 |
| Welsh | 2,039 | 1,277 | 2,801 |
| West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups) | 1,779 | 0 | 3,825 |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2004 American Community Survey
Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The interval shown here is a 90 percent confidence interval. The stated range can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the lower and upper bounds contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

- Ancestry listed in this table refers to the total number of people who responded with a particular ancestry; for example, the estimate given for Russian represents the number of people who listed Russian as either their first or second ancestry. This table lists only the largest ancestry groups; see the Detailed Tables for more categories. Race and Hispanic origin groups are not included in this table because official data for those groups come from the Race and Hispanic origin questions rather than the ancestry question (see Demographic Table).
- The Census Bureau introduced a new skip pattern for the disability questions in the 2003 ACS questionnaire. This change mainly affected two individual items -- go-outside-home disability and employment disability -- and the recode for disability status, which includes the two items. Accordingly, comparisons of data from 2003 or later with data from prior years are not recommended for the relevant questions. For more information, see the ACS Subject Definitions for Disability.
- Data for year of entry of the native population reflect the year of entry into the U.S. by people who were born in Puerto Rico, U.S. Island Areas or born outside the U.S. to a U.S. citizen parent and who subsequently moved to the U.S.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '*' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '**' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.
4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An ' + ' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '***' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an openended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
7. An ${ }^{1 * * * * * ' ~ e n t r y ~ i n ~ t h e ~ l o w e r ~ a n d ~ u p p e r ~ b o u n d ~ c o l u m n s ~ i n d i c a t e s ~ t h a t ~ t h e ~ e s t i m a t e ~ i s ~ c o n t r o l l e d . ~ A ~ s t a t i s t i c a l ~ t e s t ~ f o r ~ s a m p l i n g ~ v a r i a b i l i t y ~ i s ~}$ not appropriate.
8. An ' $N$ ' entry in the estimate, lower bound, and upper bound columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
