Table 638. Nonfatal Occupational Injury and Illness Incidence Rates: 2005

[Rates per 100 full-time employees. Except as noted, data refer to any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) recordable occupational injury or illness, whether or not it resulted in days away from work, job transfer, or restriction. Incidence rates were calculated as: Number of injuries and illnesses divided by total hours worked by all employees during the year multiplied by 200,000 as base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours, per week, 50 weeks per year)]

Industry	2002 NAICS code 1	Rate	Industry	2002 NAICS code 1	Rate
Private industry ² . Agriculture, forestry, fishing, hunting ² . Crop production ² . Mining ³ .	(Y)	4.6	Truck transportation	484	6.1
Agriculture forcetry fiching hunting 2	11	6.1	Support activities for transportation	488	5.5
Crop production 2	111	5.7	Couriers and messengers	492	11.6
Mining 3	21	3.6	Warehousing and storage	493	8.2
Construction	23	6.3	Utilities	22	4.6
Construction of buildings	236	5.3	Information.		2.1
Heavy and civil engineering construction .		5.6	Telecommunications	517	2.6
Specialty trade contractors	238	6.8	Finance and insurance 4	52	1.0
Manufacturing 4	31-33	6.3	Credit intermediation and related	02	1.0
Food manufacturing	311	7.7	activities	522	1.0
Wood product manufacturing	321	9.4	Insurance carriers and related activities	524	1.2
Paper manufacturing		4.4	Real estate and rental and leasing	53	3.7
Printing and related support activities		4.1	Real estate	531	3.3
Chemical manufacturing	325	3.2	Rental and leasing services	532	4.6
Plastics and rubber products mfg	326	7.1	Professional, scientific, and technical	002	
Nonmetallic mineral product mfg		8.0	services	54	1.4
Primary metal manufacturing		9.1	Management of companies and	٠.	
Fabricated metal product mfg		8.0	enterprises	55	2.4
Machinery manufacturing	333	6.5	Administrative and support and waste	00	
Computer and electronic product mfg	334	2.0	management and remediation services	56	3.7
Electrical equipment, appliance, and			Administrative and support services	561	3.4
component manufacturing	335	5.2	Waste management and remediation		
Transportation equipment manufacturing .	336	8.3	services	562	7.1
Furniture and related product mfg	337	7.3	Educational services	61	2.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	4.4	Health care and social assistance	62	5.9
Wholesale trade 4	42	4.5	Ambulatory health care services	621	2.8
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	4.1	Hospitals	622	8.1
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods.	424	5.7	Nursing and residential care facilities	623	9.1
Retail trade 4	44-45	5.0	Social assistance	624	4.3
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	4.8	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	6.1
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	5.0	Amusement, gambling, and recreation		
Building material and garden equipment			industries	713	5.6
and supplies dealers	444	7.5	Accommodation and food services	72	4.5
Food and beverage stores	445	6.0	Accommodation	721	6.1
Gasoline stations	447	3.5	Food services and drinking places	722	4.1
Clothing and clothing accessories stores .		2.7	Other services, except public admin		3.2
General merchandise stores		6.7	Repair and maintenance		4.0
Miscellaneous store retailers . ,	453	3.6	Personal and laundry services	812	2.7
Miscellaneous store retailers	48-49	7.0	Religious, grantmaking, civic,		
Air transportation	481	9.9	professional, and similar organizations	813	2.7
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X Not applicable.

North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MHSA), U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. Data provided by MSHA do not reflect 2002 OSHA recordkeeping requirements; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

Includes other industries.

Includes other industries, not shown separately.

Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Workplace Injuries and Illnesses in 2005. See Internet site http://www.bls.gov/iif/>.