## Governor's Council On Alcohol & Drug Abuse Programs Meeting

**Date:** April 24, 2007

Members Present: Stephanie Soares Pump, Gary Smith, Mark Branlund, Laura Burney Nissen, Sharron Kelley, Steve

Vincent, Bill Hall

ABSENT: Ann Uhler, Marv Seppala, Rita Sullivan, Alan Levine, Laurie Monnes-Anderson

Liaisons: Debra Gilmour, OPERA; Gina Nikkel, AOCMHP

AMH Staff: Bob Nikkel, CJ Reid, Dee Humphreys, Vicki Skryha

Guests: Troy Costales, Oregon Dept. of Transportation/Transportation Safety; Tom Byerley, Employment Dept./Unemployment Insurance; Scott Hall, Oregon Dept. of Education; Ginger Martin, Dept. of Corrections; Devarshi Bajpai, Criminal Justice Commission; David Jones, Siloam Limited; Steve Pharo, Oregon Liquor Control Commission; David Poole, Voices Set Free; Chris O'Neill, Workdrugfree; Mimi Bushman, Workdrugfree; Graham Slater, Drug Free Workplace; John Sajo, Advisory Committee on Medical Marijuana; Elizabeth Santone, Public Housing Codes and Public Housing; and Tony Howell, Director Linn County Alcohol and Drug Treatment Program

## \*Handouts from Agency Directors and presenters available upon request:

Dee Humphreys, 503-945-6003 or dolores.humphreys@state.or.us

Topic	<b>Key Discussion Points</b>	Action/Task/	Responsible
		<b>Decision Log</b>	Persons
Welcome and			
Introductions			
Department of	Handout		
Corrections –			
Ginger Martin,	An overview of the DOC alcohol and drug (A&D)		
<b>Assistant Director</b>	demographics and programs was given.		
	Key Points:		
	1) 2/3 of male inmates and 80% of female inmates have		

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/	Responsible
		<b>Decision Log</b>	Persons
	A&D risk factors.		
	2) Drug crimes represent 43 percent of re-offenses.		
	3) Treatment is provided in the last 6 months of		
	incarceration for those with the highest A&D risk		
	factors.		
	4) Current capacity is 355 beds. Estimated need is 760		
	beds.		
	5) The Governor's Recommended Budget includes 106		
	additional treatment beds planned for the Madras facility		
	to open in July 2007 to expand treatment capacity for		
	men.		
	Ginger reported that research supports treatment at end of		
	incarceration.		
	6) The Corrections Program Checklist (CPC) is used to		
	evaluate prison programs.		
	7) CPC reviews have been completed and program		
	improvement is in process.		
	Steve: Are there any CPC reviewers with ethnic backgrounds?		
	8) DOC is working from the 1997-99 budget. The policy		
	option packages for 2007-09 contains funding to		
	increase contract.	Provide	Ginger
	9) Post incarceration funding is a county local decision and	reviewer	Martin
	included wrap around services.	demographics.	
	10) Recidivism data is from the past 6 month period. 28.8%	_	
	is the benchmark. Current data indicates 28.6%. Good		
	results especially in Multnomah county.		

<b>Key Discussion Points</b>	Action/Task/	Responsible
changes included a cognitive based curriculum, vioral practices and are adapted for female copulation. (Pathways to Self Discovery and Iilkman and Wanberg).  onger uses contract therapists.  to find ways to better educate the public on veness and cost benefit of treatment vs.  I that community corrections is a good place to public information office: Colette Peters.  slation was given.  seeping bill with minor changes to provide Alternative Incarceration Programs (AIP).  st from the DA to put liomits on the number of er the AIP and tighten eligibility for repeat	Decision Log	Persons
wants to expand sentences and have inmates via treatment and AIP. Ginger stated this pensive for DOC.  w of Safe and Drug Free Schools Programs.		
V	of Safe and Drug Free Schools Programs.	of Safe and Drug Free Schools Programs.

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/	Responsible
		<b>Decision Log</b>	Persons
Scott Hall – Title IV and Safe Drug Free Schools, Oregon Department of Education	<ol> <li>Funds are distributed via an application process.</li> <li>Principles of effectiveness and authorized list of activities is used to select recipients.</li> <li>DOE is moving toward a system wide approaches or outcomes.</li> <li>Previous programming levels have dropped from 1999 to 2007, especially for drug and alcohol prevention, student services, special one time events, and after school programs. These are funded through the Title IV grants.</li> <li>The system wide approach is designed to address the larger picture that includes school violence and school safety.</li> <li>Scott is concerned that the funds for the Oregon Healthy Teens Survey is a t risk for being cut. The funds have dropped form \$84,000 to 10,000. These decisions are based on collective input from school safety plans, prevention plans, parental input, and school based data.</li> <li>Sharron would like to know how much money is allocated to each of the 4 listed programs (pg 2 of handout).</li> <li>Scott provided the decrease in funding from 1997-2006: \$5,465,712 to \$3,299,708.</li> </ol>	Decision Log	_
	6) Onsite monitoring of the programs is beginning this year		
	with 20 visits planned. They will use a comprehensive team approach. End of year of reports for Title IV has		

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/ Decision Log	Responsible Persons
	been past practice. Steph asked how do we know that the money is well utilized, what are the outcomes and is there a plan to expand?  Scott responded that the yearly reports provide this information: OHT survey, ODE data, and expulsion data.  Gary stated that a unified set of goals and data related to benchmarks would help the Council respond and make recommendations.  Steve stated his concern that A&D is not seen as a priority for ODE. Asked if ODE is seeking federal grants to improve services.	Provide this information.	Scott Hall
	Scott replied that the ODE has only 1 FTE to coordinate this work for the state.  7) Districts seem to be moving towards using programs that are system wide approaches or contracting with counselors to provide an array of services. Also school districts are using Title IVA funds for needs other than alcohol and drug prevention.  8) 97 percent of the ODE funds go directly to the school districts, and 7 percent of the funds are for administration and state programs.	Provide Council the next yearly reports and Todd Twyman's report.	Scott Hall

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/	Responsible
Topic  Tom Beyerly – Department of Employment (DOE)	Handout Gave an overview of the impact of drug and alcohol testing on unemployment benefits and employment. Key Points:  1) 1,600 people have been disqualified from receiving benefits.  2) DOE has been conducting employer seminars on drug testing. Concerns from employers remain: "the only way I can get workers is to turn my head".  3) The law requires employers to have a reasonable drug free policy. Steve stated that one of the high indicators of ex-offenders'	Action/Task/ Decision Log	Responsible Persons
	success is employment stability. What programs are there to help with this?  Tom's replied that employment stability is based on soft skills (e.g. be on time for work, call in if you will not be there, respect for management) and this begins in K-12.  4) DOE does have a ex-offender program that has been successful in placing people.  Bob Nikkel stating that we need to show concrete results and must figure out how to partner with other agencies.		

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/	Responsible
Devarshi Bajpai, Criminal Justice Commission –	Handout  Distributes and gave an overview of the Criminal Justice Commission (CJC) report to the 2007 legislature. Key points;  1) In the last 10 – 11 years there has been a decrease in violent crimes and a moderate decrease in property crime, but there has also been an increase in incarceration.  2) The report includes all offender programs.  3) Drug court grant funded 17 programs with \$2.5 million.  4) CJC is hoping for \$5 million to continue plus \$3.6 million for new programs, this would be enough for 2 more years. This is not included in the co-chairs budget.  5) Federal government is continuing the Byrne Grant that is enough for one more year.  6) The cost benefit analysis for incarceration and for programs will be available in the next report that will also look at public safety resources and cost to victims and tax payers.  Overview of legislative initiatives: -SB 184 Included expansion of drug courtsHB 3270 Same  7) Re-application for grant will be issued soon.	Provide July report.	Devarshi Bajpai

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/ Decision Log	Responsible Persons
	8) See page 47 of the report for outcomes. 9) CJC has a robust data management system. 10)CJC applied for a federal grant application for \$2000,000 for statewide cost benefit analysis. Bob stated that the county contracts were modified to add drug court population and a priority to encourage local discussions. Is also adding drug courts to the county implementation plans. It would be interesting to tease out the mental health with codrug use to isolate this variable in the research.  Mark Branlund asked if the commission identified the difference between drug users and drug sellers.  Devarshi said that drug users do not go to prison unless they are found with a substantial quantity or are manufacturing drugs.		
	Steve asked about if the state can sue people with meth houses.		Devarshi Bajpai
	Steph asked about the CJC strategic planning.	Investigate issue.	AMH staff
	Devarshi stated they are interested in the cost of incarceration vs the alternatives.		
		Invite the CJC economist to a future Council	

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/ Decision Log	Responsible Persons
Topic  Troy Costales - Transportation and Safety Division	Handout Distributed thereport and gave an overview. Key points:  1) Crashes involving alcohol and/or drugs account for nearly half of the fatal and serious injury crashes in Oregon each year.  2) Many of those involve youth that are under the influence and inexperienced drivers.  3) Objective of the Transportation Safety Division is to reduce the number of fatal accidents.  4) The information is from urinalysis and breath tests and also from hospitals if an officer asks for it. See page 37 of the report for impaired driving data with goals ad objectives, and performance measures. See pages 39-41 for how the grant money is spent.  5) In the past 25 years, A&D related traffic incidents decreased from 210 to 160, but it is believed this is due to fewer officers on the roads.	Action/Task/ Decision Log meeting.  Provide 7/07 DUII report to Council. Members request data be broken down by minor vs adult.	Responsible Persons  Troy Costales
	<ul><li>6) The most frequent time of day that fatal crashes related to A&amp;D occur is between 8 p.m. and 4 a.m.</li><li>7) By 2008, Oregon will cease to qualify to some federal funds because of inability to comply with certain</li></ul>		

Topic	<b>Key Discussion Points</b>	Action/Task/	Responsible
	requirements.	Decision Log	Persons
	8) Oregon has the most narrow definition of DUII in the		
	country and as a result, are missing an opportunity for		
	referral to evaluation and treatment.		
	9) Public perception of 1000 households was surveyed to		
	find that 87% say drugs should be included in the DUII		
	laws.		
	Legislative initiatives:		
	- SB 227 Required hospital to report A&D related injuries and fatalities .		
	-Diversion policy and laws are being revised to include		
	commercial drivers be eligible for diversion.		
Announcements	Steve Pharo invited Council members to a round table	Provide more	Steve Pharo
	discussion with the OLCC on June 14 from 3:00- 4:30 PM.	details.	
	Formal invitation forthcoming.		
Minutes from	Sharron – motion to approve		
March 2007	Mark – seconded		
	Minutes Approved		
<b>Liaison Reports</b>	Sharron Kelley – Partners for Children and Families	Put on	AMH staff.
	Gave an overview of the report.	September	Sharron
	Dalam C'harren OPEDA	agenda to have	Kelley
	Debra Gilmour – OPERA	Sharron	
	Hearing held on HB2535, beer and wine tax.	present report	
	SB184 ( A&D prevention and treatment funding) is moving strongly.	and provide	

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/ Decision Log	Responsible Persons
	Debra commented on a half page ad in the Oregonian in reference to the HBO event and it was of no benefit.  OPERA has 2 or 3 new members coming on board in June.  They are looking for members from the private sector. The national affiliate conference of OPERA is in July.	web address of the report for AMH staff to distribute	1 018018
	Gina Nikkel – AOCMHP Explained about SB 329, creating a healthcare reformed system. This will affect addictions and mental health because in this bill these are seen as specialty care. She will address this information in the subcommittee soon.  Dr. Kitzhauber is working on healthcare on the federal level. SB 184 is held up in way and means. The beer and wine tax is in a work session.		
	Stephanie Soares Pump – Rally Update The rally was a great success. Nice turnout, great speakers. Minor incidents were handled with tact. All in all successful.	Bring the Governor's proclamation plaque for view in May.	

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/ Decision Log	Responsible Persons
Graham Slater, Administrator –	Handout and PowerPoint presentation		
Workforce & Economic	www.worksourceoregon.org		
	Provided an everyion of drug free workplace programs in		
Research, Oregon Employment	Provided an overview of drug free workplace programs in Oregon.		
Department	<ol> <li>Key findings:         <ol> <li>1) 13 % of Oregon businesses with at least 3 employees have in place 5 components of the Federal Drug-Free Workplace Model</li> <li>2) 11.6 % have the 5 components plus insurance for substance abuse treatment. They employ 27% of Oregon workers.</li> <li>3) 21.1% employers offer none of the 6 components.</li> <li>4) Large companies are much more likely to implement drug-free workplace policies than small companies.</li> <li>5) 50% of companies have a written policy.</li> <li>6) Slightly less than one-third percent of Oregon businesses do pre-employment drug testing.</li> <li>3) 21.1% employers offer none of the 6 components.</li> <li>4) Large companies are much more likely to implement drug-free workplace policies than small companies.</li> <li>5) 50% of companies have a written policy.</li> <li>6) Slightly less than one-third percent of Oregon businesses do pre-employment drug testing.</li> <li>6) Oregon businesses do pre-employment drug testing.</li> <li>7) Oregon businesses do pre-employment drug testing.</li> <li>8) Oregon businesses do pre-employment drug testing.</li></ol></li></ol>		
D II	Methodology presented.	D '1	A NATI A CC
Dan Harmon,	Power point presentation	Provide	AMH staff.
Exec. VP &	Provided perspective of how drug and alcohol in the workplace	handouts of	
General Counsel of	affects competitiveness of business.	presentation	
Hoffman Corporation –	1) Problem statement: 8% employees bring A&D issues into the workplace.	May meeting.	

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/	Responsible
•	·	Decision Log	Persons
Drugfree	2) Oregon has a higher rate than the nation.		
Workplace	3) Marijuana is the most prevalent.		
Legislative Work	4) Presented 2 case histories that went to the Supreme		
Group	Court (Washburn vs Columbia Forest Products and		
	Emerald Steel Fabricators). Both litigation about		
	reasonable accommodation of marijuana use in the workplace.		
	5) Unemployment benefits are denied due to positive drug tests.		
	6) Gave a scenario from his own business: -most common accident related substance is marijuana		
	-significant cost to company. Costs		
	include:		
	Testing		
	Administrative		
	Legal		
	7) Policy:		
	-fist drug test failure=fired but eligible for re-hire with		
	successful completion of approved A&D treatment.		
	-employee pays for treatment or the Union pays		
	-offer employee assistance program		
	-second failure, fired with no re-hire eligibility		
	-obligate a doctor to confirm employee is safe and not on		
	any prescription medication that could cause risk.		
	-\$1.3 million per year spent in testing		
	-benefits of testing significant to offset investment.		

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/	Responsible
		<b>Decision Log</b>	Persons
	Gave an overview of the Workgroup's work:		
	♦ Oregon Business Plan		
	<ul> <li>Draft legislation package and bills</li> </ul>		
	♦ Input from various sources		
	<ul> <li>Mobilize business community</li> </ul>		
	◆ Engage policymakers		
	◆ Prioritize job seeker prevention		
	◆ Elevate importance of drugfree workplace in high		
	school curriculum		
	8) Most employers cite cost, litigation risk		
	and fear of losing key employees as		
	reasons for not adopting a drug & alcohol		
	testing program.		
	9) Legislative Effort:		
	◆ SB690-includes providing employer immunity if		
	Drugfree Workplace program standards are met.		
	◆ SB465-confirms that an employer is not obligated		
	to accommodate medical marijuana no matter		
	where the use occurs.		
	♦ SB797-requires statement of Admin Law Judges'		
	(ALJ) qualifications upon request and provides		
	ALJ pools based on subject matter expertise.		
	♦ Treatment Funding.		
	Dan voices concerns about the beer and wine tax that it is		
	solely to increase treatment capacity. There is no language for		
	workers needing treatment.		

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/	Responsible Persons
	The Workgroup supports enforcement, prevention and treatment. Concerned about adequacy of funding for treatment. Reported he understands that only 48% of those mandated to treatment are receiving it. Recommends dollars that are set aside for economic develop from the lottery be used for treatment as he sees creating successful workers as contributing to a healthy economy.  Steph invited Dan to hear the rest of the story regarding treatment capacity and the beer and wine tax bill. Sharron asks Dan and the Workgroup to consider a balance of responsibility to pay for treatment, not just government. Employers should bear some of the responsibility as well.	Invite Workdrugfree to come again to discuss other programs at future meetings.	AMH staff.

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/ Decision Log	Responsible Persons
		Decision Log	1 CI SUIIS
Vickie Skryha,	Handouts		
Manger, Amh	Sharron introduced the housing panel and why they were		
<b>Housing Unit,</b>	invited.		
Elizabeth Santone,	Elizabeth discussed subsidized projects, homeless programs		
<b>Public Housing</b>	and government grantees. 1) Explained eligibility and		
<b>Codes and Public</b>	sustained housing.		
Housing	2) Require written standard/policy that is locally designed.		
and Tony Howell,	3) Law was revised 6 years ago.		
<b>Director Linn</b>	4) Section VIII federally assisted housing prohibits anyone		
<b>County Alcohol</b>	convicted of a manufacturing and registered sex offenders.		
and Drug	5) Laws for eviction for violent offenders or drug related		
Treatment	criminal activity.		
Program	7) Landlords have a lot of discretion.		
	8) Recommends landlords check with the		
	parole officer on the status of potential		
	renters.		
	Gary sought clarification about barring tenants for drug use.		
	Elizabeth responded that the landlord looks at current situation		
	not the long tern history of the individual to make this decision.		

<b>Key Discussion Points</b>	Action/Task/	Responsible
	<b>Decision Log</b>	Persons
• • •		
,		
-		
·		
, ,		
1		
<u>-</u>		
,		
-		
` '		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
• •		
<u>-</u>		
· .		
•		
, -		
<u> </u>		
<u> </u>		
<u> </u>		
	Tony presented a local example of housing efforts.  1) Challenges include:  -There is a 5 year ineligibility for criminal activity that is interpreted at the local level.  -There is a 6 month sobriety clause.  -If an individual is just starting treatment, they are not yet eligible for housing.  -Individual are disqualified for HUD early in recovery and require other housing assistance.  2) Community acts as a partner to match funds for provide alcohol and drug free (ADF) housing.  3) Most people chose Oxford housing. Oxford houses are not included in public housing. Linn County is adding 3 more to the 5 they have.  4) There is 1 month assistance from DHS for those post prison.  5) Demographics:  -50% are homeless/poor.  -75% are unemployed.  -\$800 average income from SSI.  -11% high school graduates.  -44% women.  -54% of the females have children.  -50% have criminal justice involvement.	Tony presented a local example of housing efforts.  1) Challenges include:  -There is a 5 year ineligibility for criminal activity that is interpreted at the local level.  -There is a 6 month sobriety clause.  -If an individual is just starting treatment, they are not yet eligible for housing.  -Individual are disqualified for HUD early in recovery and require other housing assistance.  2) Community acts as a partner to match funds for provide alcohol and drug free (ADF) housing.  3) Most people chose Oxford housing. Oxford houses are not included in public housing. Linn County is adding 3 more to the 5 they have.  4) There is 1 month assistance from DHS for those post prison.  5) Demographics:  -50% are homeless/poor.  -75% are unemployed.  -\$800 average income from SSI.  -11% high school graduates.  -44% women.  -54% of the females have children.

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/	Responsible
		Decision Log	Persons
	Good news! People get better. 78% are drug free after 12		
	months and 96% are without new felonies after 12 months.		
	Even those who do not complete 90 days of treatment have		
	69% post 12 months clean and sober.		
	Housing contributes to success with funding from AMH,		
	Byrne grant, local funds.		
	100 of 450 clients receive housing and case management.		
	Partnerships:		
	1) Local business investors buy houses as need increases.		
	2) Housing first principle using subsidy for 4 months until		
	working, then individuals refund the subsidy when able.		
	3) 1 month notice to landlords when client is not meeting		
	expectation.		
	4) Includes case management.		
	5) Faith based organizations.		
	6) Homeless shelters.		
	7) Partners have monthly meetings to work on		
	recommendations.		
	Vicki discussed fair housing laws and reasonable		
	accommodations. A&D clients qualify under this law.		
	See nega 3 item and nega 1 item 1 of the handout for the		
	See page 3 item and page 4 item 4 of the handout for the definition of disability. Page 5 shows and example case. Page		
	6 item 6 discussed reasonable accommodations.		
	o item o discussed reasonable accommodations.		

Topic	<b>Key Discussion Points</b>	Action/Task/	Responsible
Topic  Old Business	Council members inquire what is the next step and what can the Council assist with.  Educate about the laws and attend local association meetings.  Multnomah County criminal history check.  Sharron moved we endorse the request to support taking the criminal history check off the initial employment application for the county of Multnomah.  Mark seconded.  Discussion followed  Vote – passed unanimously  Effectiveness Report  CJ suggested the Council send a transmittal memo with the report for distribution. This will be sent o agency directors, the association of Oregon commissioners and any other identified elected official. The Council will let people know that it is available on line. Members chose to distribute to legislators following this session, unless members have a specific identified legislator to share it with.  Questions were brought up about a budget for the Council.	Action/Task/ Decision Log  Members volunteered to attend local meetings.	Responsible Persons Bill Hall and Sharron Kelley

Topic	Key Discussion Points	Action/Task/ Decision Log	Responsible Persons
	Protocol for evaluating systems and agency programs Gary and Laura have not yet had a chance to work on the proposal, but after discussion, will incorporate suggestions and a draft for next meeting. Steph noted that each state agency has different relationship to alcohol and drug issues.		
	By-Laws Members would like clarification regarding use of email for business. Tabled until May	Seek clarification.	CJ Reid
	Bill made a motion to support any legislation that increases funding for alcohol and drug prevention, treatment and recovery.  Second: Sharron Discussion.		
Adjourn	Vote-passes unanimously.		