

TITLE V—UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION PROVISIONS

PART A—FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION

EXTENSION OF PROGRAM

SEC. 501. (a) Paragraph (2) of section 602(f) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended by striking out “March 31, 1983” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1983”.

96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304
note.

(b) Section 605(2) of such Act is amended by striking out “April 1, 1983” and inserting in lieu thereof “October 1, 1983”.

96 Stat. 705.
26 USC 3304
note.

NUMBER OF WEEKS FOR WHICH COMPENSATION PAYABLE

SEC. 502. (a) Subsection (e) of section 602 of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4) and by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraphs:

96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304
note.

“(2)(A) In the case of any account from which Federal supplemental compensation was first payable to an individual for a week beginning after March 31, 1983, the amount established in such account shall be equal to the lesser of—

“(i) 55 per centum of the total amount of regular compensation (including dependents’ allowances) payable to the individual with respect to the benefit year (as determined under the State law) on the basis of which he most recently received regular compensation, or

“(ii) the applicable limit determined under the following table times his average weekly benefit amount for his benefit year:

“In the case of weeks during a:	The applicable limit is:
6-percent period.....	14
5-percent period.....	12
4-percent period.....	10
Low-unemployment period.....	8

“(B) In the case of any State whose applicable limit, as determined under clause (ii) of subparagraph (A) for the first week beginning after March 27, 1983, and after the date of the enactment of part A of title V of the Social Security Amendments of 1983, would be more than 4 weeks lower than the number of weeks applicable to such State under this paragraph as in effect for the week beginning March 27, 1983, the applicable limit for such State for that week and any succeeding week shall not be lower than 4 less than the number so applicable to such State for the week beginning March 27, 1983.

Supra.

“(C) In the case of any account from which Federal supplemental compensation was payable to an individual for a week beginning before April 1, 1983, the amount established in such account shall be equal to the lesser of the subparagraph (A) entitlement or the sum of—

“(i) the subparagraph (A) entitlement reduced (but not below zero) by the aggregate amount of Federal supplemental compensation paid to such individual for weeks beginning before April 1, 1983, plus

“(ii) such individual’s additional entitlement.

“(D) For purposes of subparagraph (C) and this subparagraph—

Definitions.

“(i) The term ‘subparagraph (A) entitlement’ means the amount which would have been established in the account if subparagraph (A) had applied to such account.

“(ii) The term ‘additional entitlement’ means the lesser of—
 “(I) three-fourths of the subparagraph (A) entitlement, or
 “(II) the applicable limit determined under the following table times the individual’s average weekly benefit amount for his benefit year:

“In the case of weeks during a:	The applicable limit is:
6-percent period.....	10
5-percent period.....	8
4-percent period.....	8
Low-employment period.....	6

“(E) Except as provided in subparagraph (C)(i), for purposes of determining the amount of Federal supplemental compensation payable for weeks beginning after March 31, 1983, from an account described in subparagraph (C), no reduction in such account shall be made by reason of any Federal supplemental compensation paid to the individual for weeks beginning before April 1, 1983.

Definitions.

“(3)(A) For purposes of this subsection, the terms ‘6-percent period’, ‘5-percent period’, ‘4 percent period’, and ‘low-unemployment period’ mean, with respect to any State, the period which—

“(i) begins with the 3d week after the 1st week in which the rate of insured unemployment in the State for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding 12 weeks falls in the applicable range, and

“(ii) ends with the 3d week after the 1st week in which the rate of insured unemployment for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding 12 weeks does not fall within the applicable range.

“(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the applicable range is as follows:

“In the case of a:	The applicable range is:
6-percent period.....	A rate equal to or exceeding 6 percent.
5-percent period.....	A rate equal to or exceeding 5 percent but less than 6 percent.
4-percent period.....	A rate equal to or exceeding 4 percent but less than 5 percent.
Low-employment period.....	A rate less than 4 percent.

“(C) No 6-percent period, 5-percent period, or 4-percent period, as the case may be, shall last for a period of less than 4 weeks unless the State enters a period with a higher percentage designation.

“(D) For purposes of this subsection—

“(i) The rate of insured unemployment for any period shall be determined in the same manner as determined for purposes of section 203 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970.

“(ii) The amount of an individual’s average weekly benefit amount shall be determined in the same manner as determined for purposes of section 202(b)(1)(C) of such Act.”

(b)(1) Section 602(f)(2) of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: “; except that in the case of any individual who received such compensation for the week preceding the last week beginning after such date, such compensation shall be payable to such individual for weeks beginning after

26 USC 3304 note.

26 USC 3304 note.

96 Stat. 702.
 26 USC 3304 note.

such date, but the total amount of such compensation payable for such weeks shall be limited to 50 percent of the total amount which would otherwise be payable for such weeks”.

(2) Section 605(2) of such Act is amended by inserting before the semicolon the following: “(except as otherwise provided in section 602(f)(2))”.

(c) Paragraph (3) of section 602(d) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended to read as follows:

“(3) the maximum amount of Federal supplemental compensation payable to any individual for whom an account is established under subsection (e) shall not exceed the lesser of (A) the amount established in such account for such individual, or (B) in the case of an individual filing a claim under the interstate benefit payment plan for Federal supplemental compensation, the amount which would have been established in such account if the amount established in such account were determined by reference to the applicable limit under subparagraph (A)(ii) or (D)(ii) of subsection (e)(2) applicable in the State in which the individual is filing such interstate claim under the interstate benefit payment plan for the week in which he is filing such claim.”

96 Stat. 705.
26 USC 3304
note.

96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304
note.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 503. (a) The amendments made by this part shall apply to weeks beginning after March 31, 1983.

26 USC 3304
note.

(b) In the case of any eligible individual—

(1) to whom any Federal supplemental compensation was payable for any week beginning before April 1, 1983, and

(2) who exhausted his rights to such compensation (by reason of the payment of all the amount in his Federal supplemental compensation account) before the first week beginning after March 31, 1983,

such individual's eligibility for additional weeks of compensation by reason of the amendments made by this part shall not be limited or terminated by reason of any event, or failure to meet any requirement of law relating to eligibility for unemployment compensation, occurring after the date of such exhaustion of rights and before April 1, 1983 (and the period after such exhaustion and before April 1, 1983, shall not be counted for purposes of determining the expiration of the two years following the end of his benefit year for purposes of section 602(b) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982).

(c) The Secretary of Labor shall, at the earliest practicable date after the date of the enactment of this Act, propose to each State with which he has in effect an agreement under section 602 of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 a modification of such agreement designed to provide for the payment of Federal supplemental compensation under such Act in accordance with the amendments made by this part. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if any State fails or refuses, within the 3-week period beginning on the date the Secretary of Labor proposed such a modification to such State, to enter into such a modification of such agreement, the Secretary of Labor shall terminate such agreement effective with the end of the last week which ends on or before such 3-week period.

96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304
note.
State
modifications.

TRAINING

96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304
note.

SEC. 504. Section 602 of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(g) The payment of Federal supplemental compensation shall not be denied to any recipient (who submits documentation prescribed by the Secretary) for any week because the recipient is in training or attending an accredited educational institution on a substantially full-time basis, or because of the application of State law to any such recipient relating to the availability for work, the active search for work, or the refusal to accept work on account of such training or attendance, unless the State agency determines that such training or attendance will not improve the opportunities for employment of the recipient.”.

COORDINATION WITH TRADE READJUSTMENT PROGRAM

96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304
note.

SEC. 505. Subsection (e) of section 602 of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(5)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the maximum amount of Federal supplemental compensation payable to an individual shall not be reduced by reason of any trade readjustment allowance to which the individual was entitled under the Trade Act of 1974.

19 USC 2101.

“(B) If an individual received any trade readjustment allowance under the Trade Act of 1974 in respect of any benefit year, the maximum amount of Federal supplemental compensation payable under this subtitle in respect of such benefit year shall be reduced (but not below zero) so that (to the extent possible by making such a reduction) the aggregate amount of—

“(i) regular compensation,

“(ii) extended compensation,

“(iii) trade readjustment allowances, and

“(iv) Federal supplemental compensation,

payable in respect of such benefit year does not exceed the aggregate amount which would have been so payable had the individual not been entitled to any trade readjustment allowance.”

PART B—PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST AND CREDIT
REDUCTIONS

DEFERRAL OF INTEREST

42 USC 1322.

SEC. 511. (a) Section 1202(b) of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

“(8)(A) With respect to interest due under this section on September 30 of 1983, 1984, or 1985 (other than interest previously deferred under paragraph (3)(C)), a State may pay 80 percent of such interest in four annual installments of at least 20 percent beginning with the year after the year in which it is otherwise due, if such State meets the criteria of subparagraph (B). No interest shall accrue on such deferred interest.

“(B) To meet the criteria of this subparagraph a State must—

“(i) have taken no action since October 1, 1982, which would reduce its net unemployment tax effort or the net solvency of its

unemployment system (as determined for purposes of section 3302(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954); and

26 USC 3302.

“(ii)(I) have taken an action (as certified by the Secretary of Labor) after March 31, 1982, which would have increased revenue liabilities and decreased benefits under the State’s unemployment compensation system (hereinafter referred to as a ‘solvency effort’) by a combined total of the applicable percentage (as compared to such revenues and benefits as would have been in effect without such State action) for the calendar year for which the deferral is requested; or

“(II) have had, for taxable year 1982, an average unemployment tax rate which was equal to or greater than 2.0 percent of the total of the wages (as determined without any limitation on amount) attributable to such State subject to contribution under the State unemployment compensation law with respect to such taxable year.

In the case of the first year for which there is a deferral (over a 4-year period) of the interest otherwise payable for such year, the applicable percentage shall be 25 percent. In the case of the second such year, the applicable percentage shall be 35 percent. In the case of the third such year, the applicable percentage shall be 50 percent.

“(C)(i) The base year is the first year for which deferral under this provision is requested and subsequently granted. The Secretary of Labor shall estimate the unemployment rate for the base year. To determine whether a State meets the requirements of subparagraph (B)(ii)(I), the Secretary of Labor shall determine the percentage by which the benefits and taxes in the base year with the application of the action referred to in subparagraph (B)(ii)(I) are lower or greater, as the case may be, than such benefits and taxes would have been without the application of such action. In making this determination, the Secretary shall deem the application of the action referred to in subparagraph (B)(ii)(I) to have been effective for the base year to the same extent as such action is effective for the year following the year for which the deferral is sought. Once a deferral is approved under clause (ii)(I) of subparagraph (B) a State must continue to maintain its solvency effort. Failure to do so shall result in the State being required to make immediate payment of all deferred interest.

“(ii) Increases in the taxable wage base from \$6,000 to \$7,000 or increases after 1984 in the maximum tax rate to 5.4 percent shall not be counted for purposes of meeting the requirement of subparagraph (B).

“(D) In the case of a State which produces a solvency effort of 50 percent, 80 percent, and 90 percent rather than the 25 percent, 35 percent, and 50 percent required under subparagraph (B), the interest shall be computed at an interest rate which is 1 percentage point less than the otherwise applicable interest rate.

“(9) Any interest otherwise due from a State on September 30 of a calendar year after 1982 may be deferred (and no interest shall accrue on such deferred interest) for a grace period of not to exceed 9 months if, for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available before the date such interest is otherwise due, the State had an average total unemployment rate of 13.5 percent or greater.”

(b) Section 1202(b)(7) of such Act is amended by striking out “, and before January 1, 1988”.

42 USC 1322.

42 USC 1322. (c) Section 1202(b)(3)(C)(i) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking the matter that follows clause (II) and inserting "No interest shall accrue on such deferred interest."

CAP ON CREDIT REDUCTION

26 USC 3302. SEC. 512. (a)(1) Section 3302(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(8) PARTIAL LIMITATION.—

"(A) In the case of a State which would meet the requirements of this subsection for a taxable year prior to 1987 but for its failure to meet one of the requirements contained in subparagraph (C) or (D) of paragraph (2), the reduction under subsection (c)(2) in credits otherwise applicable to taxpayers in such State for such taxable year and each subsequent year (in a period of consecutive years for each of which a credit reduction is in effect for taxpayers in such State) shall be reduced by 0.1 percentage point.

"(B) In the case of a State which does not meet the requirements of paragraph (2) but meets the requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) and which also meets the requirements of section 1202(b)(8)(B) of the Social Security Act with respect to such taxable year, the reduction under subsection (c)(2) in credits otherwise applicable to taxpayers in such State for such taxable year and each subsequent year (in a period of consecutive years for each of which a credit reduction is in effect for taxpayers in such State) shall be further reduced by an additional 0.1 percentage point.

"(C) In no case shall the application of subparagraphs (A) and (B) reduce the credit reduction otherwise applicable under subsection (c)(2) below the limitation under paragraph (1)."

Ante, p. 144.

Effective date.
26 USC 3302
note.

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to taxable year 1983 and taxable years thereafter.

(b) Section 3302(f)(1) of such Code is amended by striking out "beginning before January 1, 1988,".

AVERAGE EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATE

26 USC 3302. SEC. 513. (a) Section 3302(d)(4)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended to read as follows:

"(B)(i) for purposes of subparagraph (B) of subsection (c)(2), the total of the wages (as determined without any limitation on amount) attributable to such State subject to contributions under this chapter with respect to such calendar year, and

"(ii) for purposes of subparagraph (C) of subsection (c)(2), the total of the remuneration subject to contributions under the State unemployment compensation law with respect to such calendar year."

(b) Section 3302(c)(2)(B)(i) of such Code is amended by striking out "2.7" and inserting in lieu thereof "2.7 multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the wage base under this chapter and the denominator of which is the estimated United States average

annual wage in covered employment for the calendar year in which the determination is to be made”.

(c) Section 3302(c)(2)(B) of such Code is amended by inserting after “(if any)” the following: “, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the State’s average annual wage in covered employment for the calendar year in which the determination is made and the denominator of which is the wage base under this chapter,”.

26 USC 3302.

(d) The amendments made by this section shall be effective for taxable year 1983 and taxable years thereafter.

Effective date.
26 USC 3302
note.

DATE FOR PAYMENT OF INTEREST

SEC. 514. Section 1202(b)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out “not later than” and inserting in lieu thereof “prior to”.

42 USC 1322.

PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO PAY INTEREST

SEC. 515. (a) Section 303(c) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out “or” at the end of paragraph (1), striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting “; or”, and adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

42 USC 503.

“(3) that any interest required to be paid on advances under title XII of this Act has not been paid by the date on which such interest is required to be paid or has been paid directly or indirectly (by an equivalent reduction in State unemployment taxes or otherwise) by such State from amounts in such State’s unemployment fund, until such interest is properly paid.”.

(b) Section 3304(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to certification of State unemployment compensation laws) is amended by redesignating paragraph (17) as paragraph (18) and by inserting after paragraph (16) the following new paragraph:

26 USC 3304.

“(17) any interest required to be paid on advances under title XII of the Social Security Act shall be paid in a timely manner and shall not be paid, directly or indirectly (by an equivalent reduction in State unemployment taxes or otherwise) by such State from amounts in such State’s unemployment fund; and”.

42 USC 1321.

PART C—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

TREATMENT OF EMPLOYEES PROVIDING SERVICES TO EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 521. (a)(1) Section 3304(a)(6)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new clause:

26 USC 3304.

“(v) with respect to services to which section 3309(a)(1) applies, if such services are provided to or on behalf of an educational institution, compensation may be denied under the same circumstances as described in clauses (i) through (iv), and”.

(2) Clauses (ii)(I), (iii), and (iv) of such section are each amended by striking out “may be denied” and inserting in lieu thereof “shall be denied”.

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall apply in the case of compensation paid for weeks beginning on or after April 1, 1984.

Effective date.
26 USC 3304
note.

“Session.” (2) In the case of a State with respect to which the Secretary of Labor has determined that State legislation is required in order to comply with the amendment made by this section, the amendment made by this section shall apply in the case of compensation paid for weeks which begin on or after April 1, 1984, and after the end of the first session of the State legislature which begins after the date of the enactment of this Act, or which began prior to the date of the enactment of this Act and remained in session for at least twenty-five calendar days after such date of enactment. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term “session” means a regular, special, budget, or other session of a State legislature.

**EXTENDED BENEFITS FOR INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE HOSPITALIZED OR ON
JURY DUTY**

26 USC 3304 note. **SEC. 522.** (a) Clause (ii) of paragraph (3)(A) of section 202(a) of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 is amended to read as follows:

“(ii) during which he fails to actively engage in seeking work, unless such individual is not actively engaged in seeking work because such individual is, as determined in accordance with State law—

“(I) before any court of the United States or any State pursuant to a lawfully issued summons to appear for jury duty (as such term may be defined by the Secretary of Labor), or

“(II) hospitalized for treatment of an emergency or a life-threatening condition (as such term may be defined by such Secretary),

if such exemptions in clauses (I) and (II) apply to recipients of regular benefits, and the State chooses to apply such exemptions for recipients of extended benefits.”.

Effective date.
26 USC 3304
note.

(b) The amendment made by this section shall become effective on the date of the enactment of this Act.

VOLUNTARY HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAMS PERMITTED

26 USC 3304. **SEC. 523.** (a) **AMENDMENT OF INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954.**—Paragraph (4) of section 3304(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to requirements for approval of State unemployment compensation laws) is amended by striking out “and” at the end of subparagraph (A), by adding “and” at the end of subparagraph (B), and by adding after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraph:

“(C) nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit deducting an amount from unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an individual and using the amount so deducted to pay for health insurance if the individual elected to have such deduction made and such deduction was made under a program approved by the Secretary of Labor;”.

42 USC 503.

(b) **AMENDMENT OF SOCIAL SECURITY ACT.**—Paragraph (5) of section 303(a) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out “; and” at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof “ *Provided further*, That nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit deducting an amount from unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an individual and using the amount so deducted to

pay for health insurance if the individual elected to have such deduction made and such deduction was made under a program approved by the Secretary of Labor; and”.

(c) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

26 USC 3304
note.

TREATMENT OF CERTAIN ORGANIZATIONS RETROACTIVELY DETERMINED TO BE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 501 (C) (3) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 524. If—

(1) an organization did not make an election to make payments (in lieu of contributions) as provided in section 3309(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 before April 1, 1972, because such organization, as of such date, was treated as an organization described in section 501(c)(4) of such Code,

26 USC 3303
note.
26 USC 3309.

(2) the Internal Revenue Service subsequently determined that such organization was described in section 501(c)(3) of such Code, and

26 USC 501.

(3) such organization made such an election before the earlier of—

(A) the date 18 months after such election was first available to it under the State law, or

(B) January 1, 1984,

then section 3303(f) of such Code shall be applied with respect to such organization as if it did not contain the requirement that the election be made before April 1, 1972, and by substituting “January 1, 1982” for “January 1, 1969”.

26 USC 3303.

TITLE VI—PROSPECTIVE PAYMENTS FOR MEDICARE INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES

MEDICARE PAYMENTS FOR INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES ON THE BASIS OF PROSPECTIVE RATES

SEC. 601. (a)(1) Subsection (a)(1) of section 1886 of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

96 Stat. 331.
42 USC 1395ww.

“(D) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1983.”

(2) Subsection (a)(4) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: “Such term does not include costs of approved educational activities, or, with respect to costs incurred in cost reporting periods beginning prior to October 1, 1986, capital-related costs, as defined by the Secretary.”

(3) It is the intent of Congress that, in considering the implementation of a system for including capital-related costs under a prospectively determined payment rate for inpatient hospital services, costs related to capital projects for which expenditures are obligated on or after the effective date of the implementation of such a system, may or may not be distinguished and treated differently from costs of projects for which expenditures were obligated before such date.

42 USC 1395ww
note.

(b) Section 1886(b) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out “Notwithstanding sections 1814(b), but subject to the provisions of sections” in paragraph (1) and

42 USC 1395f.