#### **IN GENERAL**

This chapter provides information about state law provisions concerning appeals authorities and time limitation for review for first stage appeals, second stage appeals, and judicial review.

The Social Security Act (SSA) requires states to offer "opportunity for a fair hearing before an impartial tribunal, for all individuals whose claims for unemployment compensation are denied." Hence, all state laws provide for such appeal tribunals. Further, all but a few states' laws provide for a second appeal stage. In all states, individuals who are not satisfied with the outcome of the administrative appeal(s) can appeal their cases in the state court system, federal courts, and, as a last resort, to the U.S. Supreme Court. In all states, employers who have an interest are granted the right to appeal decisions on claims as well.

As a result of *California Department of Human Resources Development v. Java*, once a claimant has been held eligible for benefits, such claimant will continue to receive benefits until a decision is issued reversing the determination allowing benefits. Thus, an employer's appeal will not affect the continuance in payment of benefits unless a decision is issued denying benefits. The majority of state laws specifically provide for the payment of benefits pending an appeal from a determination or decision allowing benefits while other states have either interpreted their laws or have been required by court order to follow this procedure. In all states, this procedure applies to any determination or decision issued allowing benefits.

Most of the states specify that findings of fact, conclusions of law or final orders made by a UI hearing officer or board of review will not be binding in any separate or subsequent proceeding brought before any court, judicial, administrative, or arbitration proceeding in that state or the U.S. Government. Some states' laws provide that information obtained in connection with the UI law may not be used in certain civil law suits as well. Listed below are the states that do not specify that findings, conclusions, or orders of hearing officers are not binding in court:

*	Alabama	*	Delaware	*	Hawaii	*	Kentucky	*	Maryland
*	Mississippi	*	Puerto Rico	*	Rhode Island		* South Ca	rolina	<ul><li>* Virginia</li></ul>
*	Virgin Islands	*	West Virginia						-

#### FIRST AND SECOND STAGE APPEALS

**FIRST STAGE APPEALS**—Typically, all state laws provide that appeals at the initial stage will be conducted by one person called a referee, examiner, or administrative law judge.

The time period for appealing to the first stage appeals body is generally stated in terms of days; the number of days for filing an appeal after notice of the determination varies among the states, ranging from 5 to 30 days. Almost half of the states specify that a "day" is defined as a calendar day. Some of the states which do not define day extend the due date for filing appeals if the last day for filing or the date of mailing falls on a Saturday, Sunday, holiday, or any other day the state agency is closed. Many states extend the time for filing for good cause. For more specific information about states' law provisions, see the table at the end of this section.

In all but a few states, the decision of the first stage appeals body is final in the absence of an appeal. In other states, the official may reconsider his decision within the appeal period.

**SECOND STAGE APPEALS**—About half of the states that established a second stage appeals have a board of review, board of appeals, or appeals board to hear cases appealed from the decision of the lower appeal tribunal. Almost all of these boards consist of three members. The members of the appeals boards generally represent labor, employers, and the public. Shown below is an overview of the exceptions concerning membership:

- AR The chairman must be an attorney who is not a representative of employers or employees
- CA Two of the members must be attorneys
- IN No more than two members may belong to the same political party. One member must practice law in the state
- ME The chairman of the commission must be an attorney
- MA The chairman must be an attorney
- NH When the board is in session, none of the three members can be from the same category of representation
- NY No more than three members may belong to the same political party
- OH No more than two members may belong to the same political party
- OK No member may serve as an officer of any political party organization during his term of office
- OR No more than two members may belong to the same political party
- RI No more than two members may belong to the same political party
- WV The governor may not appoint anyone who is identified with the interests of either employees or employees

In the rest of the states that established a second stage appeals, it is handled by an existing commission or agency head.

**TIME LIMITS FOR FILING APPEALS AND APPEALS BODIES**—Many states extend the time for filing for good cause; this provision can be found in policy rather than in law in some states. Some states provide that a contested determination which involves a labor dispute shall be appealed directly to the second stage appeals body. In some states, a special examiner is designated to determine the original claim. State-specific information for filing appeals can be found in the following table:

	TIME LIMITATIONS FOR APPEAL AND APPEALS BODIES					
1 <sup>st</sup> stage appeals			2 <sup>nd</sup> stage appeals			
State	Number of days for filing	Body	Number of days for filing	Body		
AL	15 after mailing; 7 after delivery	Appeals Tribunal	15 after mailing	Board of Appeals		
AK	30 after mailing or personal delivery	Referee	30 after mailing or personal delivery	Commissioner		
AZ	15 <sup>1</sup> after mailing,7 <sup>1</sup> after delivery	Appeal Tribunal	15 <sup>1</sup> after mailing	Appeals Board		
AR	20 after mailing	Appeal Tribunal	20 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or delivery	Board of Review		
CA	20 after mailing or personal service	Administrative Law Judge	20 after mailing or personal service	Appeals Board.		
СО	15 <sup>1</sup> mailing or personal delivery	Hearing Officer	15 <sup>1</sup> mailing or personal delivery	Industrial Claim Appeals Office (Panel)		
СТ	21 after mailing	Referee	22 <sup>1</sup> after mailing	Board of Review		
DE	10 <sup>1</sup> after mailing	Appeal Tribunal	10 after decision is final	Office of Inspector General		
DC	10 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or actual delivery	Examiner	10 <sup>1</sup> after mailing	Director		
FL	20 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or delivery	Referee	20 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or delivery	Unemployment Appeals Commission		
GA	15 after mailing or delivery	Administrative Hearing Officer	15 after mailing	Board of Review		

	TIME LIMITATIONS FOR APPEAL AND APPEALS BODIES					
	1 <sup>st</sup> stage	appeals	2 <sup>nd</sup> stage appeals			
State Number of days for filing		Body	Number of days for filing	Body		
HI 10 from mailing or delivery Referee		Referee	NO SECOND STAGE APPEA	L		
ID	14 after mailing or delivery	Examiner	14 after actual notice	Industrial Commission		
IL	30 after mailing or delivery	Referee	30 after mailing	Board of Review		
IN	10 after mailing or delivery $\underline{1}/$	Administrative Law Judge	15 <sup>2</sup> notification or mailing	Review Board		
IA	10 mailing	Examiner	15 notification or mailing	Appeal Board		
KS	16 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or delivery	Referee	16 after mailing	Board of Review		
KY	10 after mailing	Referee	10 after mailing	UI Commission		
LA	15 after mailing or being given to the party	Administrative Law Judge (Appeal Tribunal)	15 after mailing or being given to the party	Board of Review		
ME	15 <sup>1</sup> after mailing	Division Of Admin. Hearings	15 <sup>1</sup> after mailing	UI Commission		
MD	15 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or delivery	Examiner	15 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or delivery	Board of Appeals		
MA	10 mailing or delivery	Board, or examiner designated by the board	30 mailing	Board of Review		
MI	30 after mailing or personal service	Referee	30 after mailing	Board of Review		
MN	30 after mailing or delivery	Unemployment Law Judge	30 after mailing or delivery	Commission of Jobs and Training		
MS	14 after notification or delivery	Appeal Tribunal	14 after notification or delivery	Board of Review		
MO	15 from delivery or mailing	Appeal Tribunal	15 from delivery or mailing	Industrial Commission		
MT	10 after mailing	Referee	10 after mailing	Board of Labor Appeals		
NE	20 after delivery or mailing	Appeal Tribunal	NO SECOND	STAGE APPEAL		
NV	10 after mailing or personal services	Appeal Tribunal	10 after mailing or personal service	Board of Review		
NH	14 <sup>1</sup> after mailing	Appeal Tribunal	14 after mailing	Appellate Board		
NJ	7 after delivery 10 after mailing	Appeal Tribunal	10 days notification or mailing	Board of Review		
NM	15 after notification or mailing	Hearing Officer	15 days after notification or mailing	Board of Review		
NY	30 after mailing or personal delivery	Referee	20 after mailing or personal delivery	Appeal Board		
NC	15 after notification or mailing	Referee	10* after notification or mailing	Employment Security Commission		
ND	12 after mailing or service	Appeal Tribunal	12 after mailing or service	Bureau		
OH	21 <sup>1</sup> after mailing (Redetermination)	Director	21 <sup>1</sup> after mailing	Unemployment Compensation Review Commission		
OK	10 after mailing or delivery	Appeal Tribunal	10 after mailing	Board of Review		
OR	10 after delivery or mailing	Hearing Officer	20	Employment Appeals Board		
PA	15 <sup>1</sup> after mailing	Referee	15 after mailing	Board of Review		
PR	15 after mailing or delivery	Referee	15 after mailing or delivery	Secretary of Labor		
RI	15 <sup>1</sup>	Appeal Tribunal	15	Board of Review		
SC	10 after mailing or delivery	Appeal Tribunal	10 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or delivery	Employment Security Commission		
SD	15 after mailing	Referee	15 mailing or notification	Secretary		
TN	15 after mailing or been given- which ever occurs first	Tribunal (Unemployment Hearing Officers)	15 after mailing or been given, which ever occurs first	Board of Review		

TIME LIMITATIONS FOR APPEAL AND APPEALS BODIES					
1 <sup>st</sup> stage appeals			2 <sup>nd</sup> stage appeals		
State	Number of days for filing	Body	Number of days for filing	Body	
TX	14 after mailing	Appeal Tribunal (examiner)	14 after mailing	Commission Appeals	
UT	15 <sup>1</sup> after mailing	Administrative Law Judge	30 after notice	Appeals Board	
VT	30 after mailing	Appeals Referee	30	Employment Security Board	
VI 10 after mailing or delivery		Examiner	NO SECOND STAGE APPEAL		
VA	30 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or delivery	Appeal Tribunal	30 after mailing or delivery	Board of Review	
WA	30 after mailing or notification	Appeal Tribunal	30 after mailing or notification	Employment Security Commission	
WV	8 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or delivery	Appeal Tribunal	8 <sup>1</sup> after mailing or delivery	Board of Review	
WI	14 after mailing or been give- which ever occurs first	Appeal Tribunal	21 after mailing	Labor and Industry Review Commission	
WY	15 after mailing or delivery	Appeal Tribunal	15 after mailing or delivery	Employment Security Commission	
<sup>1</sup> Indicat	es "calendar" days * Indicates	"working" days	•	•	
<u>1</u> / Entr	y in table applies to claimants only	v. Employers have 10 days to app	beal, except for employers in AK,	HI or PR, who have 15 days.	

#### JUDICIAL REVIEW

All states provide for appeals to the courts for judicial review. In general, the time limit for filing ranges from 10 to 50 days. States that designate a specific period of time to exhaust actions before the second administrative appeal body decision becomes final provide an additional period of time in which to seek judicial review commencing with the date the decision is final.

	JUDICIAL REVIEW						
	Number of days for filing		Court of initial jurisdiction				
State	After delivery <u>1</u> /	After mailing	Other				
AL		10 + 30		Circuit Court in county in which claimant resides.			
AK			Within 30 days after date of entry of decision (prescribed by appellate rules).	Superior Court			
AZ	30			Court of Appeals			
AR	30			Court of Appeals			
CA			Within 6 months of date of decision, or date it is designated a precedent, whichever is later.	Superior Court; by court rule, no statutory provision.			
СО		15 + 20; claimant must appeal to commission for a review within 15 days before appeal to court.		Court of Appeals			
СТ		31		Superior Court in Hartford or district where appellant resides.			
DE	10 + 10			Superior Court			
DC			30 days after decision is final.	D.C. Court of Appeals			

			JUDICIAL REVIE	W
Number of days for filing			Court of initial jurisdiction	
State	After delivery $\underline{1}/$	After mailing	Other	
FL			Within 30 days after date of entry of decision (prescribed by appellate rules).	District Court of Appeals; where claim was filed.
GA	15 + 15			Superior Court in county or city in which the claimant last worked.
HI			30 days after service of referee's decision.	Circuit Court in county in which claimant resides or in county or city in which the claimant last worked.
ID	30			Supreme Court
IL		35		Circuit Court in county in which claimant resides. Non- resident may file suit in Circuit Court of Cook County or in county in which business is located.
IN		15, or 30 days from date of notice of intention to appeal made within the 15-day period.		Indiana Court of Appeals
IA	10 + 20			District Court in county in which claimant resides. Non- resident may file suit in District Court of Polk County or where claimant last worked.
KS		16		District Court in county where claimant resides. Non- resident may file suit in Shawnee County District Court or in county in which business is located.
KY			20 days after date of decision.	Circuit Court in county or city in which the claimant last worked.
LA	15			District Court in the parish in which claimant resides.
ME	10 + 15			Superior Court in county in which plaintiff lives or does business.
MD	30			Circuit Court of county of Baltimore.
MA		20		District Court in county in which claimant resides or in county or city in which the claimant last worked.
MI		30		Circuit Court in county in which claimant resides or last worked, or county in which business is located.
MN		30		Court of Appeals
MS	10 + 10			Circuit Court of the county where party resides, the county in which the action arose, or in the county of employment.
МО	10 + 20			Appellate Court; appeals on interstate claims will be in Court of Appeals for the Western District.
MT		30		District Court in county in which claimant resides.
NE		5 + 30; no further administrative appeal.		District Court in county in which claimant resides or last worked.
NV	10 + 10			District Court where employment was performed.
NH		30		Supreme Court
NJ		45; by court rule, no statutory provision.		Superior Court, Appellate Division
NM			15; after notification or mailing of decision.	District Court in county in which claimant resides.
NY	30			Supreme Court, Appellate Division, Third Department
NC	30; party must file a notice of			Superior Court in county in which claimant resides.

			JUDICIAL REVIE	-		
		Number of days for fili	-	Court of initial jurisdiction		
State	After delivery <u>1</u> / intent to appeal before decision is final.	After mailing	Other			
ND	30			District Court		
OH		30		Court of Common Pleas in county in which claimant resides or last worked, or in county in which business is located.		
ЭК		10		District Court in county in which claimant resides. Non- resident may file suit in District Court of Oklahoma County.		
OR			30; after decision is served.	Circuit Court		
PA		15 + 30		Commonwealth Court		
PR	30			Superior Court in county in which claimant resides.		
RI	30			Superior Court of Providence or Bristol or in county in which claimant resides.		
SC	30			Court of Commons Pleas in county in which claimant resides or in county or city in which the claimant last worked.		
SD			30 days after date of decision.	Circuit Court		
TN	30			Chancery Court in county in which claimant resides.		
TX		14 + 14		County Court in county in which claimant resides. Non- resident may file suit in Travis County Court.		
UT	10 + 10			Supreme Court		
VT	10	12	30 days after notice of appeal is filed.	Supreme Court		
VA	10 + 30			Circuit Court where claimant last worked.		
VI	30			District Court of the Virgin Islands		
WA	30			Superior Court; appeals on intrastate claims filed in petitioners choice of Thurston County or county of residence or business; appeals on interstate claims in Thurston County.		
WV		30 + 20; appeals involving a labor dispute must be filed within 20 days after mailing of Board's decision.		Circuit Court of Kanawha County		
WI		30		Circuit Court of Dane County		
WY	10			District Court of Natrona County or in county in which claimant resides or in county in which business is located		