



SUSY Searches at the Tevatron

Else Lytken (Purdue University)

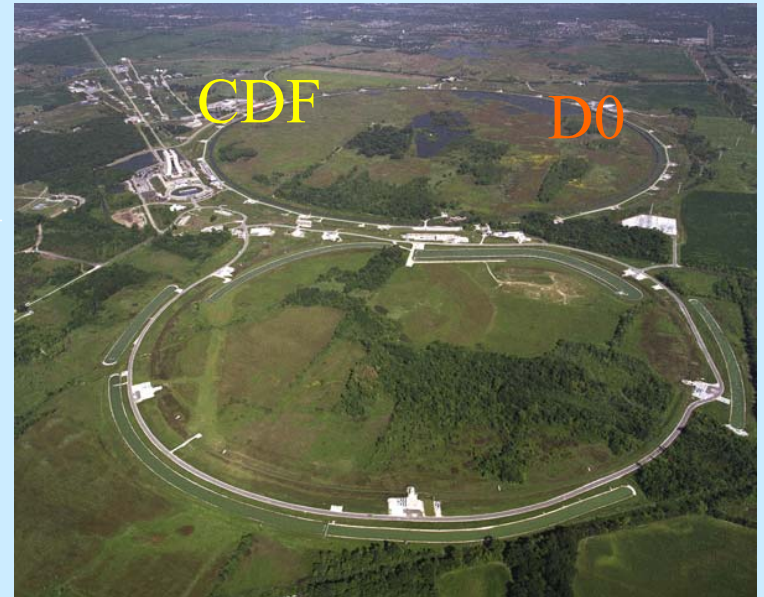
For the CDF and D0 Collaborations

Aspen Particle Physics Week
February 13- 19, 2005



Outline

- The detectors
- SUSY at the Tevatron
- Some examples:
 - ◆ Missing E_T + jets
 - ◆ Di-photons
 - ◆ Leptons
- Summary



The Tevatron Run II Detectors

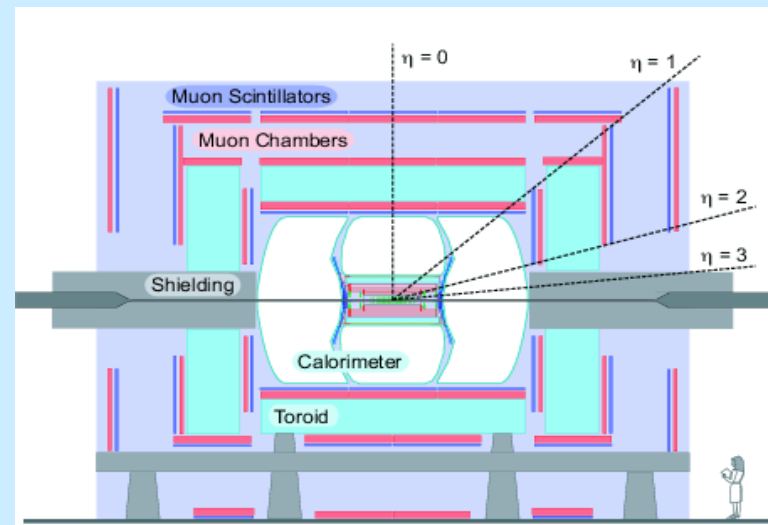
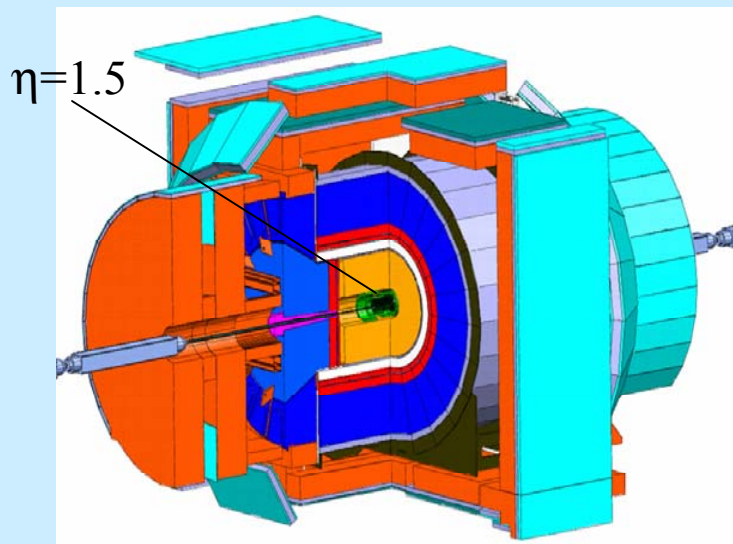
Both general purpose detectors:

Excellent calorimeter and muon chamber coverage

Precision tracking (Silicon)

Mature understanding of detectors

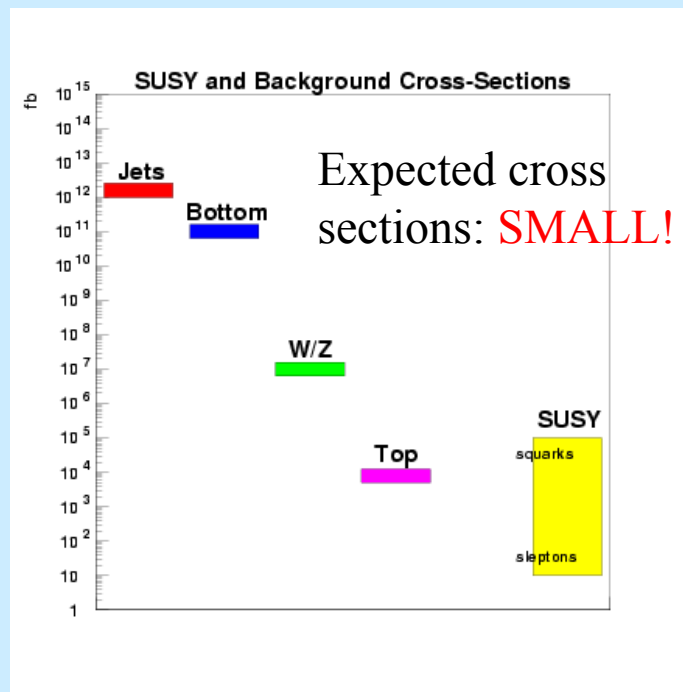
Analyses presented here uses up to 260 pb^{-1}



Supersymmetry at the Tevatron

Looking for supersymmetric partners of SM particles

Excesses in SM-like channels and SUSY-only signatures



Frameworks used:

- Minimal Supersymmetric extension of the SM (MSSM)

- minimal Supergravity (mSugra)

- Gauge mediated Supersymmetry Breaking (GMSB)

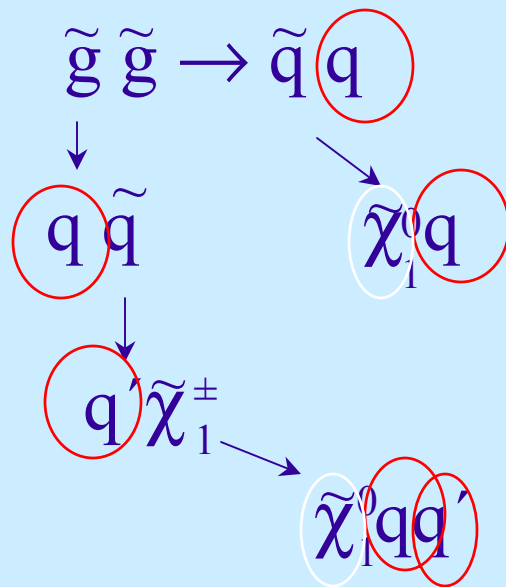
New quantum number: $R_p = (-1)^{B+L+2s}$ $\begin{cases} +1 & \text{SM} \\ -1 & \text{SUSY} \end{cases}$



\cancel{E}_T Signatures

\cancel{E}_T classic signature in R_p conserving models
where lightest sparticle (LSP) is stable
LSP = $(\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{G})$ in minimal models

\cancel{E}_T + jets from squarks and gluino cascade decays



- Generic squarks and gluinos (D0)
- Sbottom quarks from gluinos (CDF)
- Also important for di-photons (both)



Squark-gluino Search

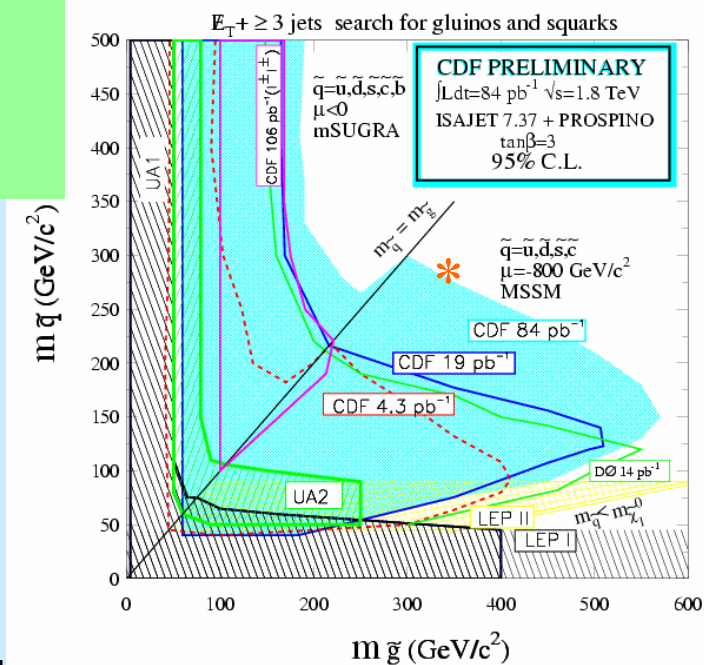
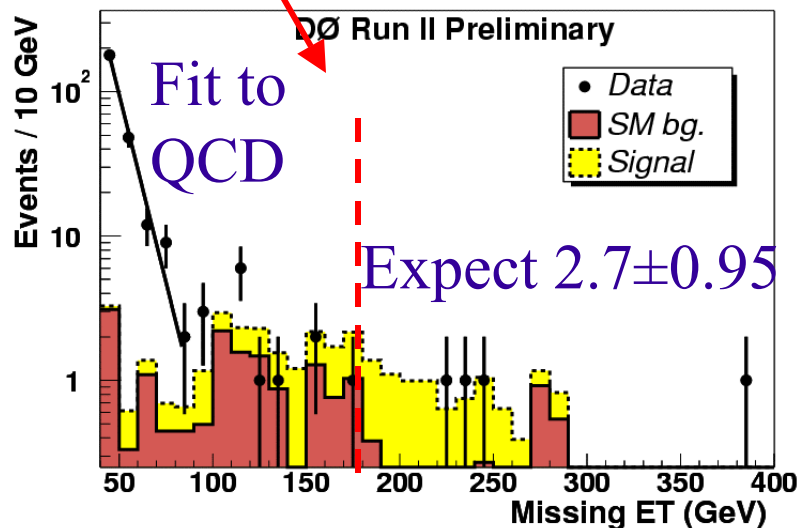
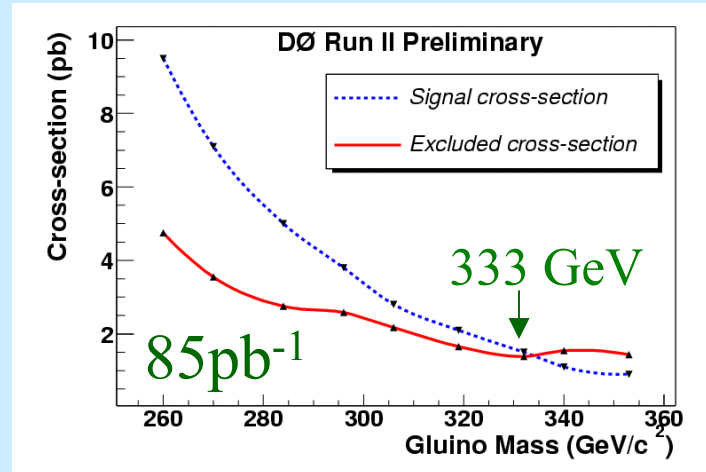


Assume \tilde{q} mass $<$ \tilde{g} mass:

Cross section at the Tevatron: \sim a few pb

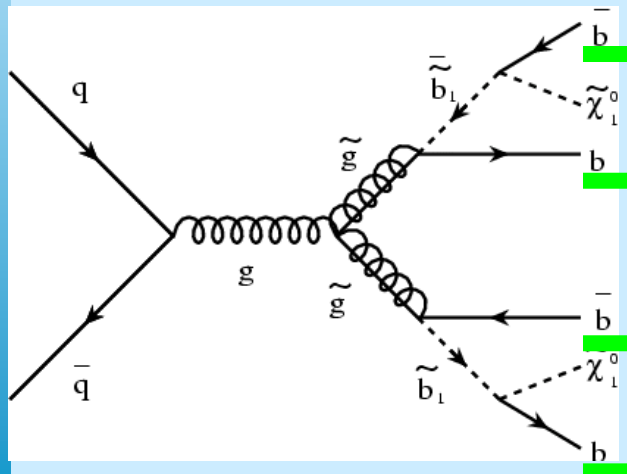
Signature: lots of E_T and ≥ 2 jets
 Background dominated by $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu +$ jets

- $E_T > 175$ GeV, Σ jet $E_T > 275$ GeV
- Lepton veto



ken, Purdu

Search for Gluino \rightarrow Sbottom



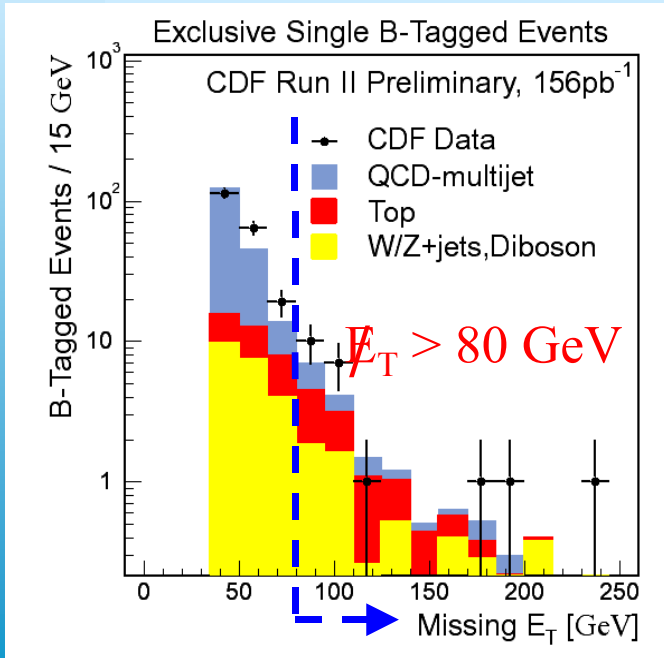
- \tilde{b}_1 can be very light for large $\tan\beta$
- Expect large branching fraction of gluinos to sbottoms.

Assume $\text{BR}(\tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100\%$
 \Rightarrow Distinctive signature:
4 b-jets and \cancel{E}_T

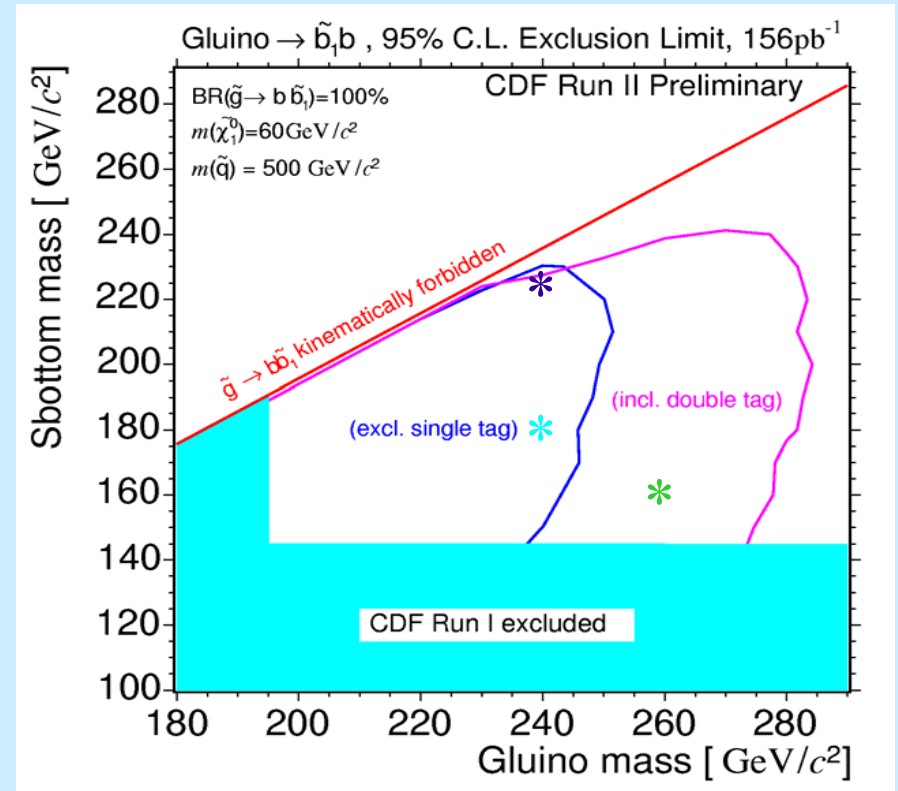
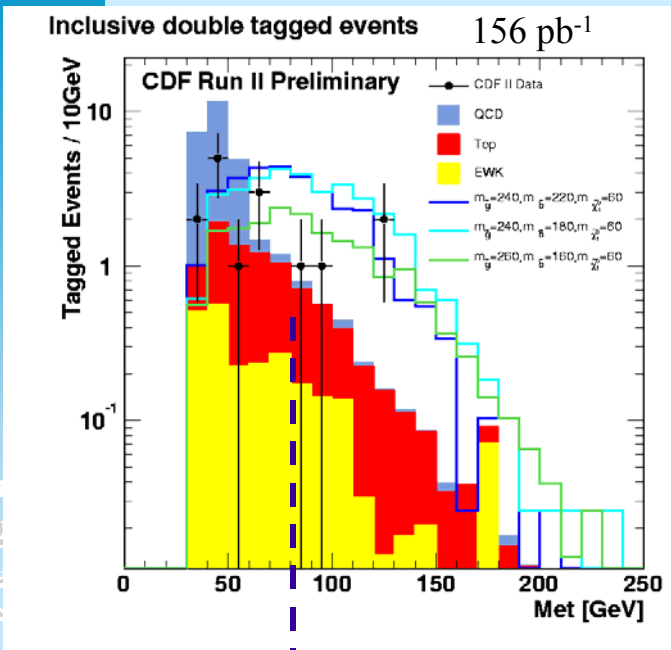
Efficiency of B-tagging depends on
 $m(\text{gluino}) - m(\text{sbottom})$

Form 2 analyses: at least 3 jets + 1 or 2 tags



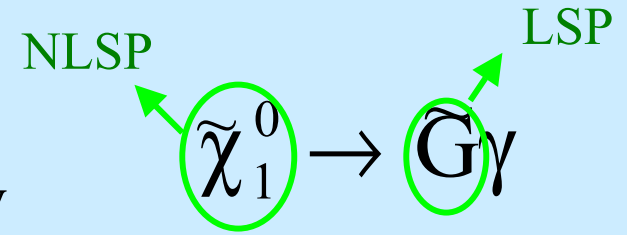


	Expected	Observed
Single tag	16.4 ± 3.7	21
Double tag	2.6 ± 0.7	4



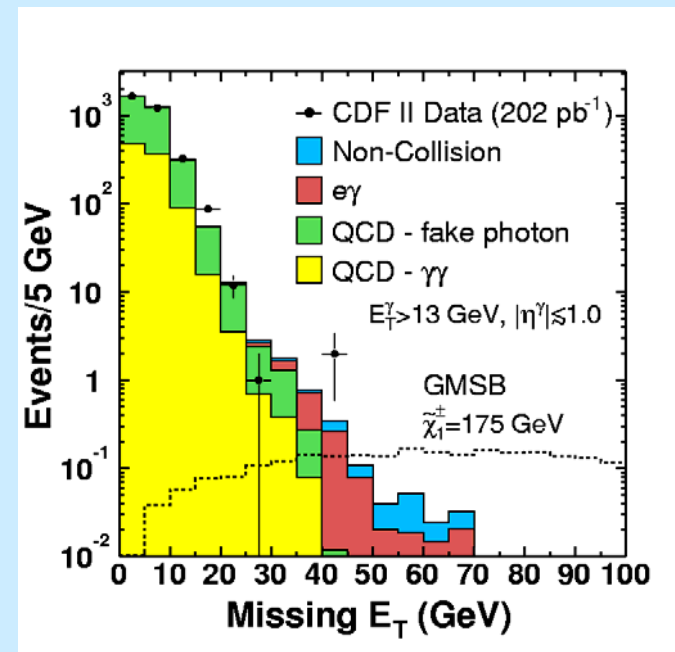
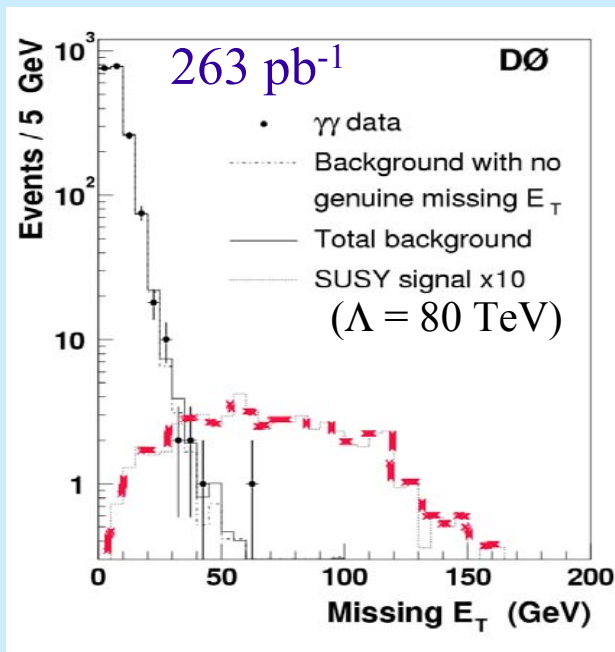
Diphotons

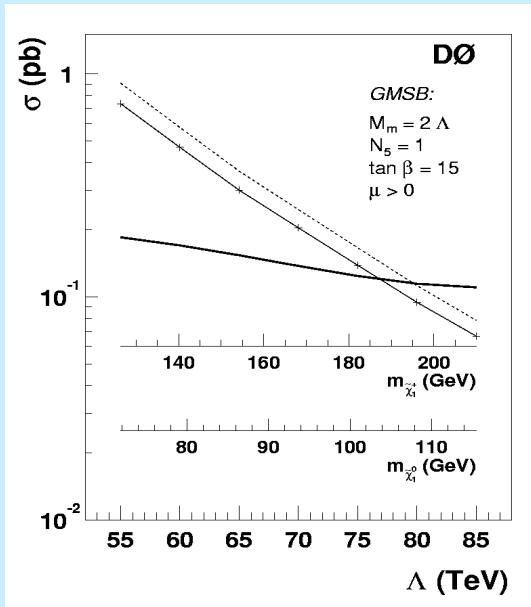
Typical GMSB signature from $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ decay
 Gaugino pair production \rightarrow lightest neutralino



Signature: 2 energetic photons + \cancel{E}_T

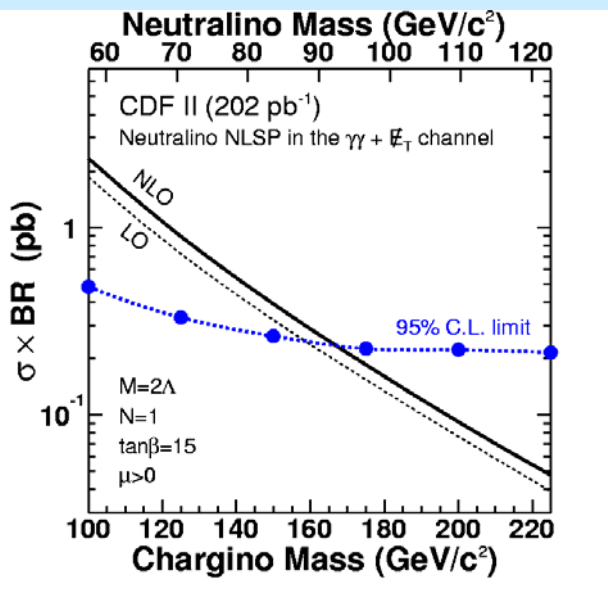
Backgrounds estimated from data





DØ: $E_T(\gamma) > 20$ GeV, $\cancel{E}_T > 40$ GeV
 Expect: 3.6 ± 0.6 events
 See: 2

Current results:
 CDF $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) > 167$ GeV
 DØ $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) > 195$ GeV



CDF: $E_T(\gamma) > 13$ GeV, $\cancel{E}_T > 45$ GeV
 Expect: 0.3 ± 0.1 events
 See: 0



Lepton Signatures

Also plentiful in SUSY both R_p and R'_p

- cascade decays from charginos, neutralinos, sleptons

$$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \nu l \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \quad \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{l} l, \quad \tilde{l} \rightarrow l \tilde{\chi}_1^0$$

Most models predict low p_T , non-central leptons
High $\tan\beta$ SUSY models predict τ -signatures

- Standard Trileptons (D0)
- RPV Stops (CDF)
- RPV Smuons (D0)
- $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (both)



Trileptons (Chargino-neutralino)



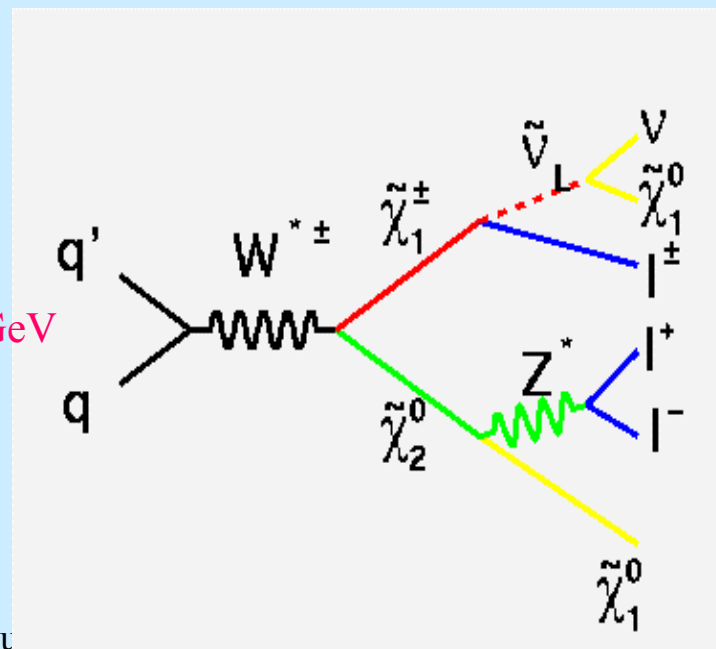
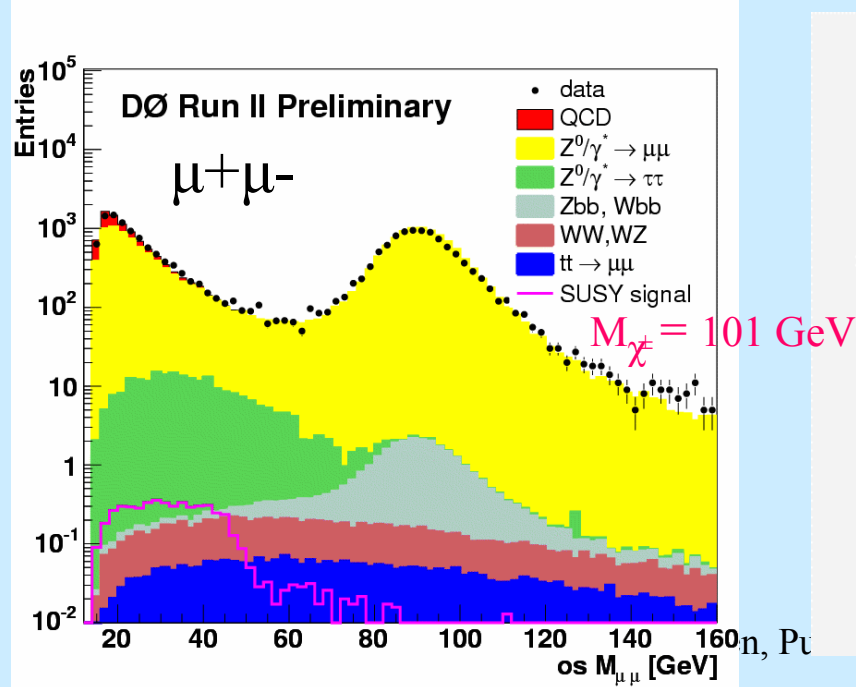
Clean signature but expected to be small

Strategy: 2 well defined leptons + track + \cancel{E}_T
 → Enhanced sensitivity to τ modes

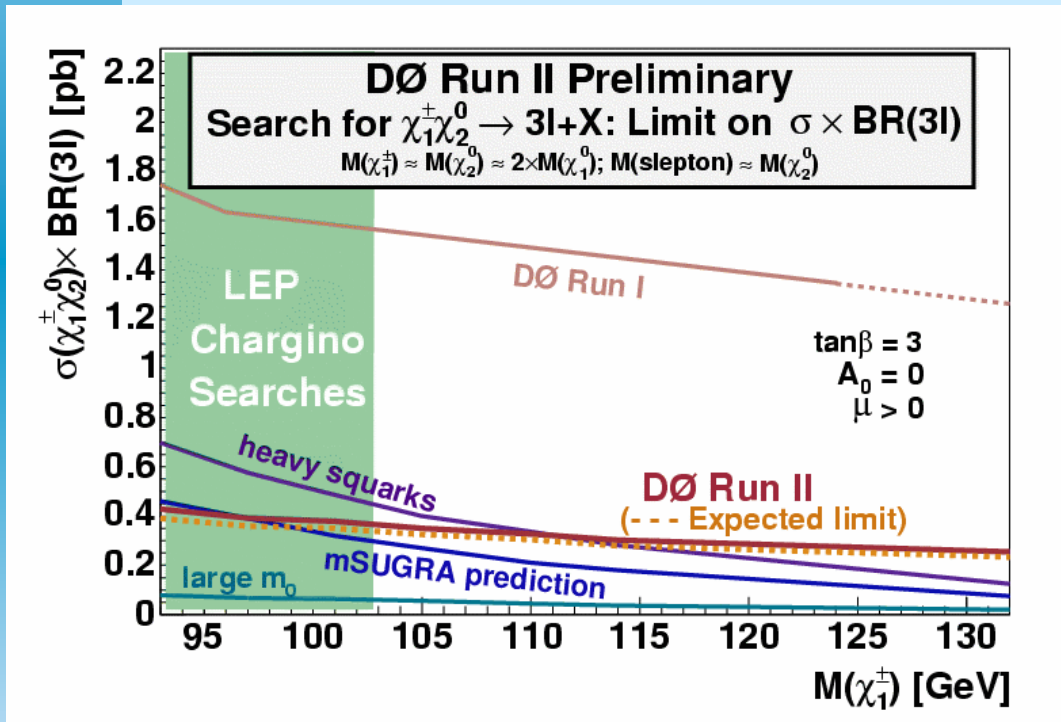
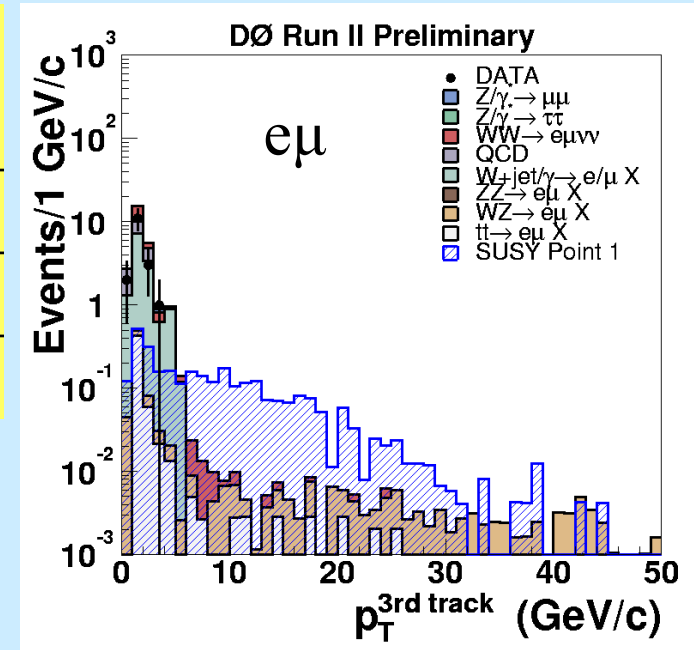
4 analyses: e^+e^-1 , $e^+\mu^-/\mu^+e^-1$, $\mu^+\mu^-1$, and $\mu\mu$

Main backgrounds: Dibosons: WZ^*/γ + conversions

Track
 $p_T \geq 3$ or 5 GeV



	Expected	Observed
ee + track	0.68±0.40	1
μμ + track	1.83±0.40	1
eμ + track	0.29±0.33	0
SS μμ	0.13±0.06	1



Results with 150 – 250 pb⁻¹:
Limit:

$$\sigma \cdot BR < 0.4 \text{ pb @ 95\% CL}$$

In mSUGRA:

$$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) > 97 \text{ GeV}$$

Results with more data out soon – will break new ground



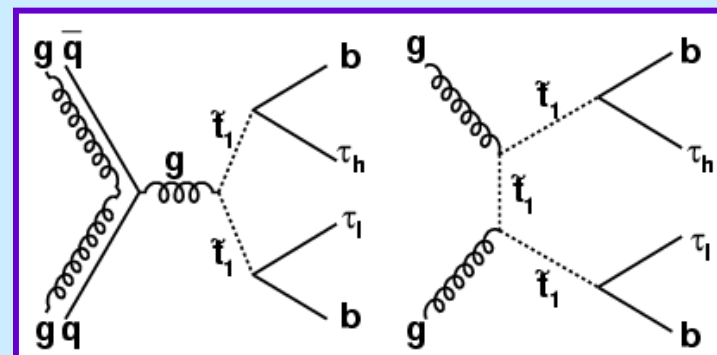


RPV Stop Search

Stop often lightest squark accessible

If R_p violated is we can have

$$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tau$$

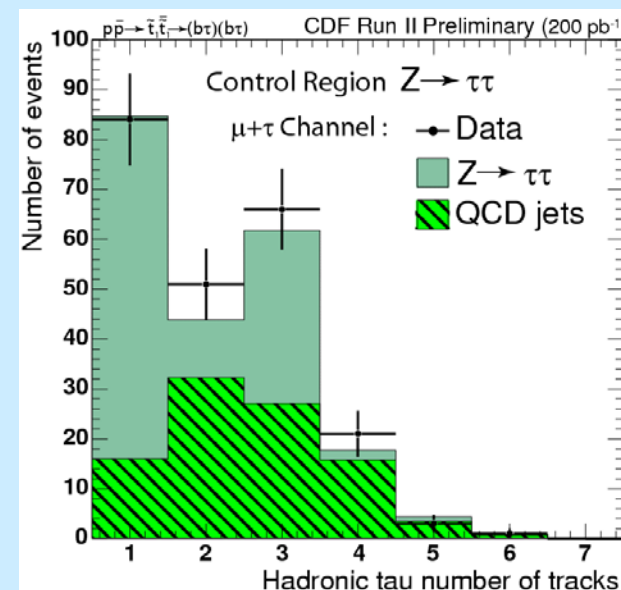


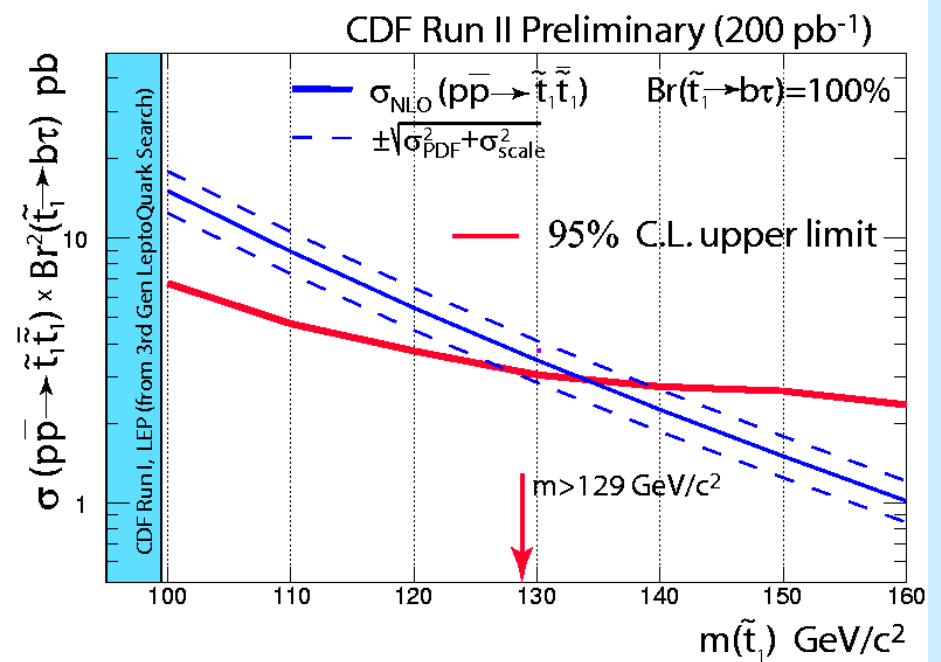
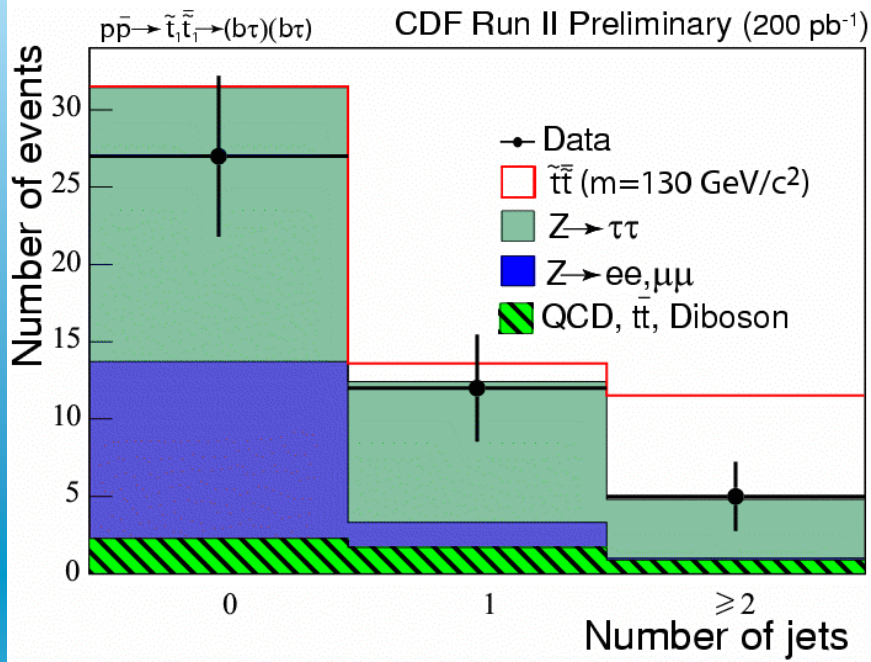
Signature investigated:
e or μ + hadronic τ + ≥ 2 jets

Most problematic background:

$$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$$

Good agreement in control regions





Expect 4.8 ± 0.7 events
 Observes 5



New limit on stop mass:
 $m(\tilde{t}_1) > 129\text{ GeV}$

Study also applicable for other new physics (LQ)



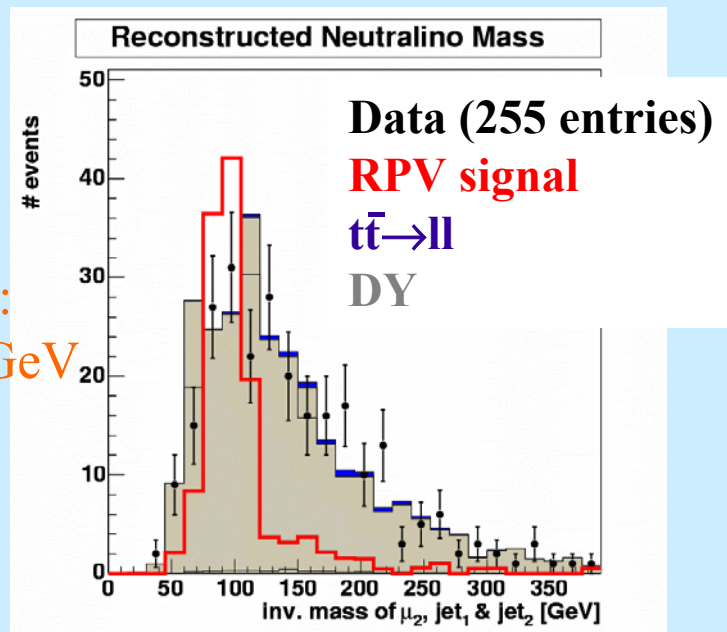
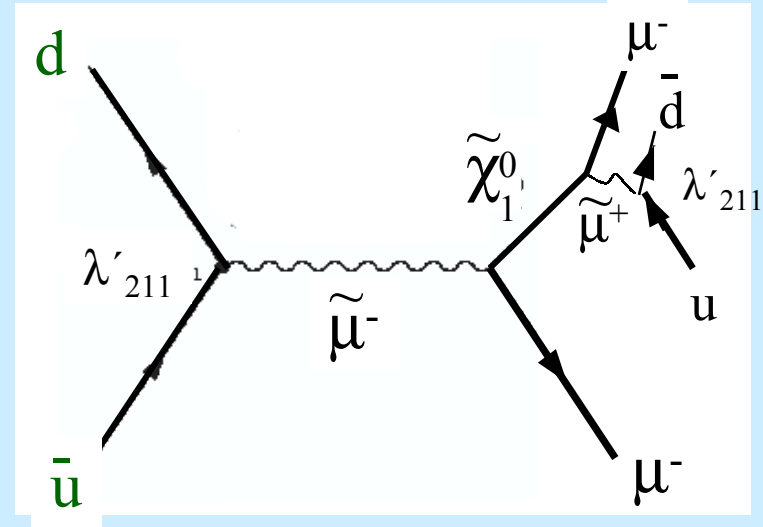
Resonant Smuon Production



$\tilde{\mu}$ produced via \mathbb{R}_P
 $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ decay



Result: 2 muons, 2 jets, and no E_T
 i.e. possible to reconstruct mass chain



Mass:
102 GeV

Assume prompt $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ decay
 Soft leptons and jets:

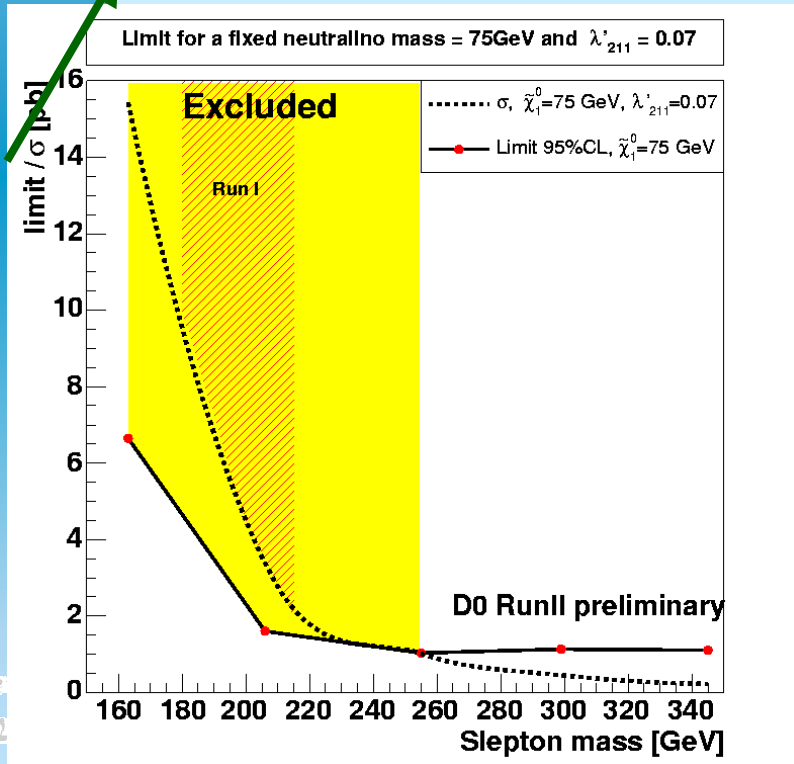
- $p_T(\mu_2) \geq 10$ GeV
- $p_T(\text{leading jet}) \geq 25$ GeV

Can reconstruct $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and $\tilde{\mu}$ masses
 Use this to suppress backgrounds

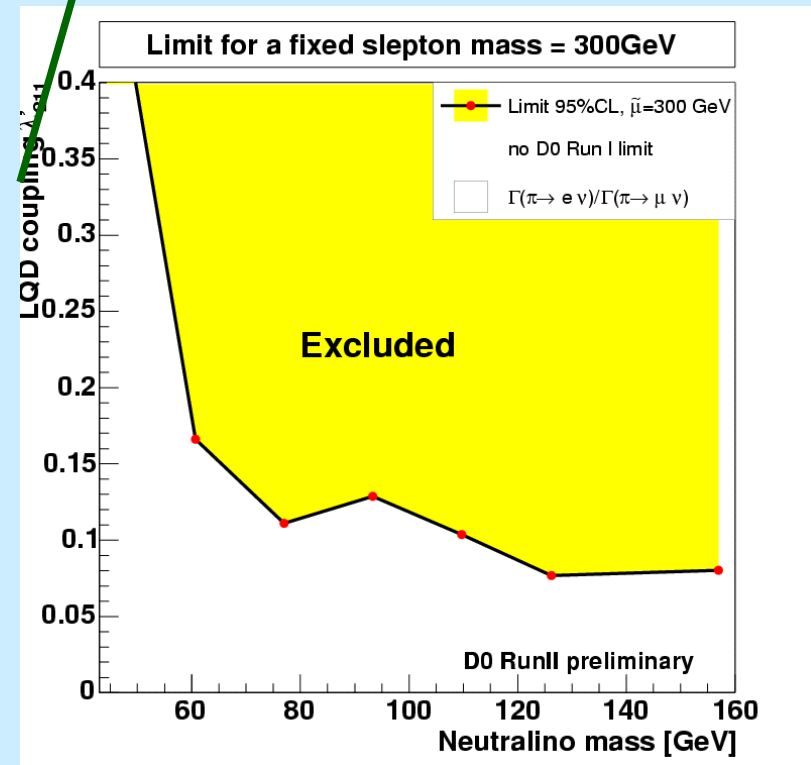


In 154 pb^{-1} :
 See 2 events
 Expect 1.2 ± 0.3 from backgrounds

Limit on cross section



Limit on λ'_{211} coupling



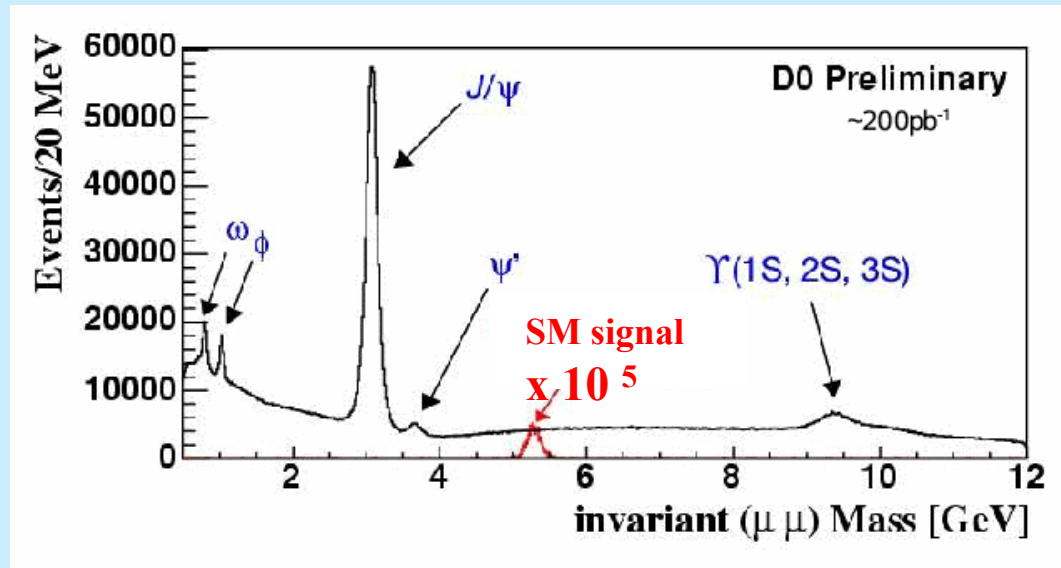
$$B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$$

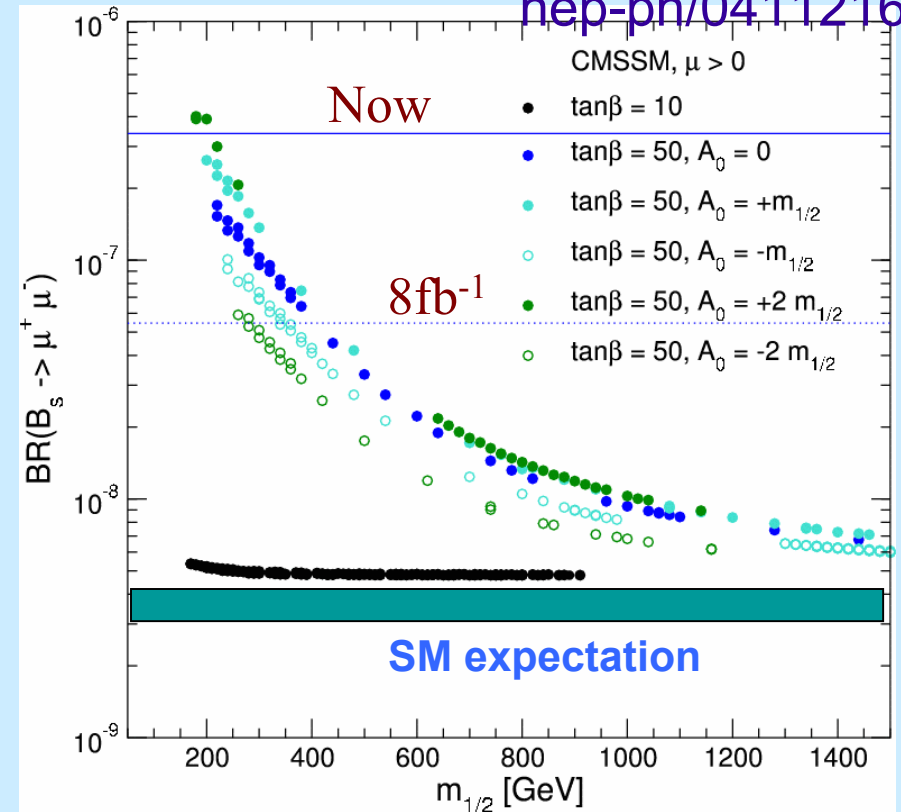
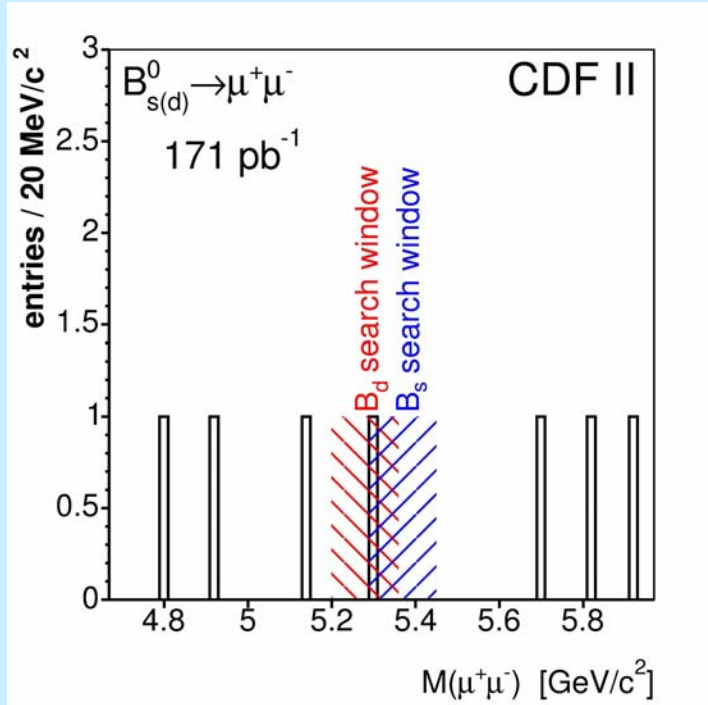
Complementary to other SUSY searches, indirect BR could be enhanced from new physics:
loop decays (MSSM, mSugra) or direct (\tilde{R}_p)

Still challenging, SM prediction is $3.4 \cdot 10^{-9}$...



Sidebands and same-sign data used to optimize cuts and check background estimates





CDF (171pb⁻¹)

Expect: 1.05 ± 0.30

See : 1

D0(240pb⁻¹)

Expect: 3.7 ± 1.1

See: 4

Combined: 90% CL

$BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 2.7 \cdot 10^{-7}$

$BR(B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 1.5 \cdot 10^{-7}$ (CDF)



Summary

- ☹ No evidence for signal - yet
- ☺ We are looking in new areas in parameterspace!



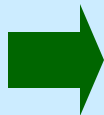
- Tevatron Run II already has a rich SUSY program beyond the limits from previous collider experiments
- New results and updates are already in the pipeline to be shown in upcoming conferences!



.. and this is just the beginning ...



More data is on the way, almost 500 pb^{-1} for 2005



Lots of room to make discoveries before LHC



Backup

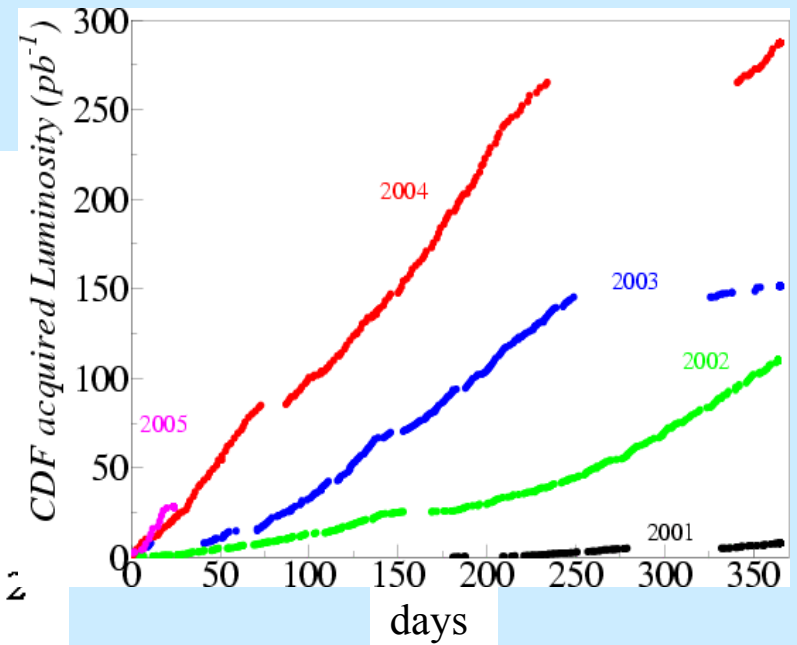
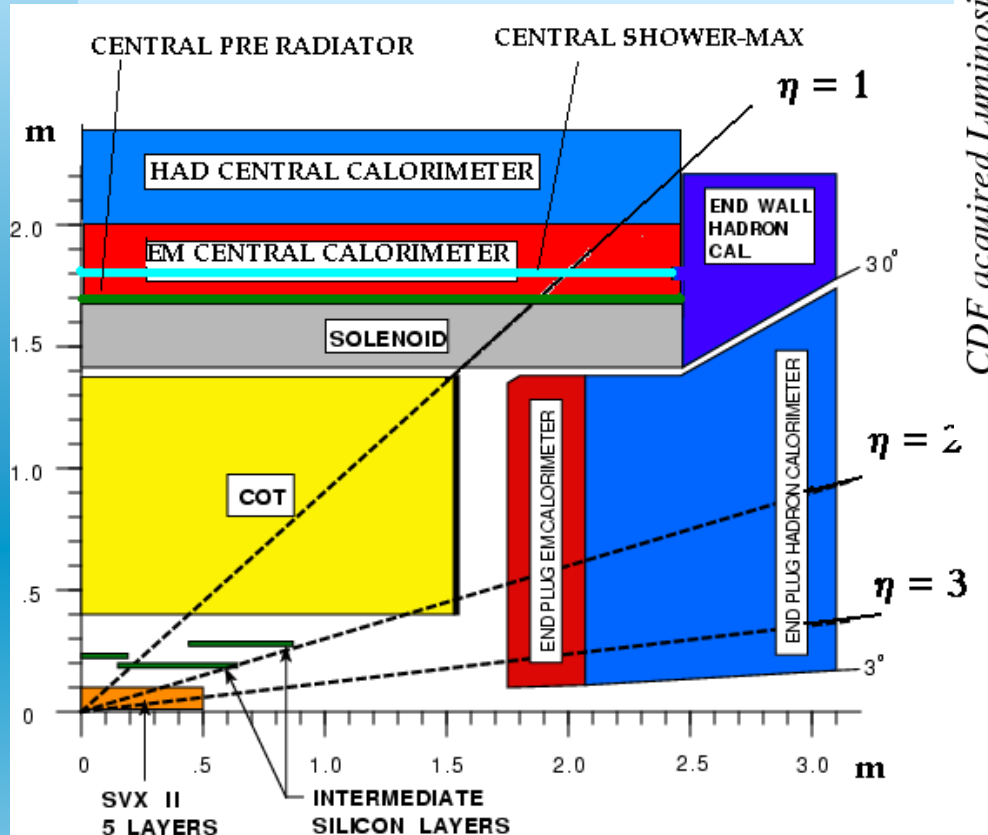


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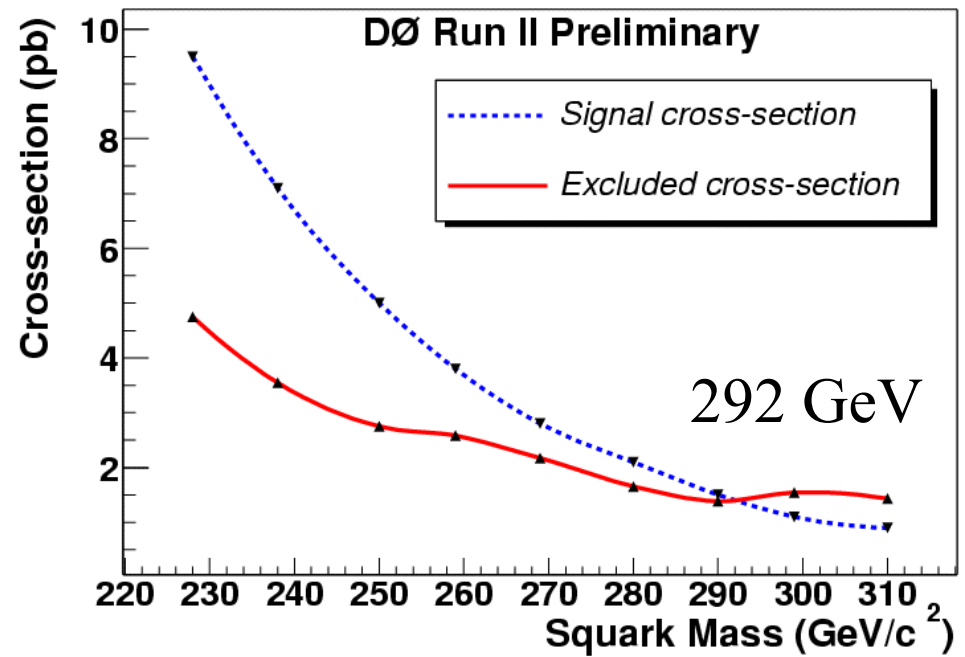
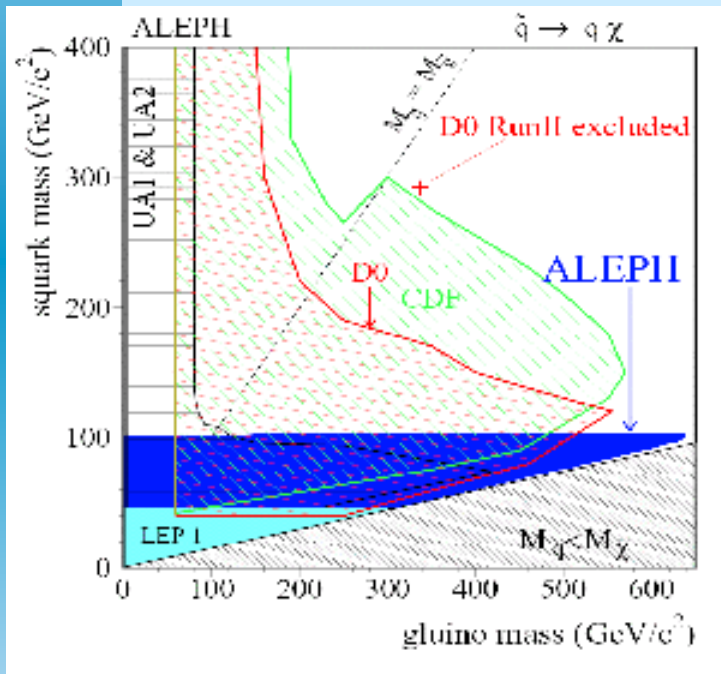
Detector backup



Aspen

	Electrons	Muons
D0	$ \eta < 3.0$	$ \eta < 2.0$ (trigger: < 2.0)
CDF	$ \eta < 3.0$	$ \eta < 1.5$ (trigger: < 1.0)

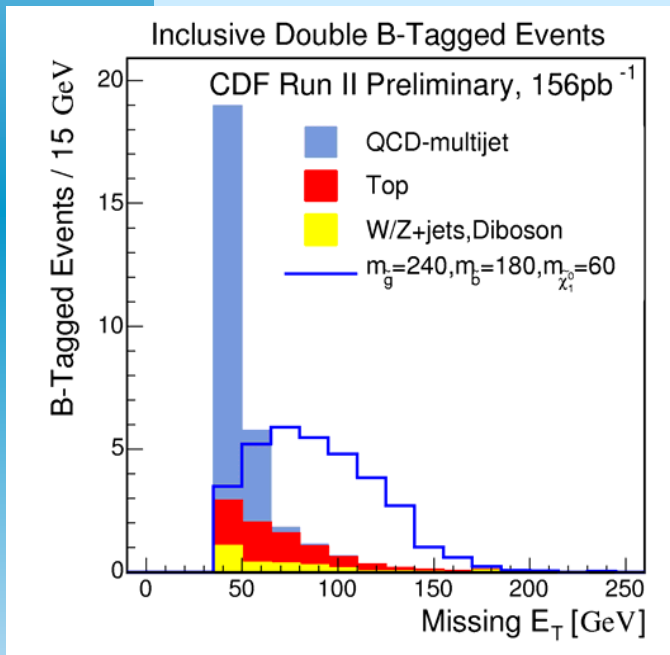
Squark-gluino backup



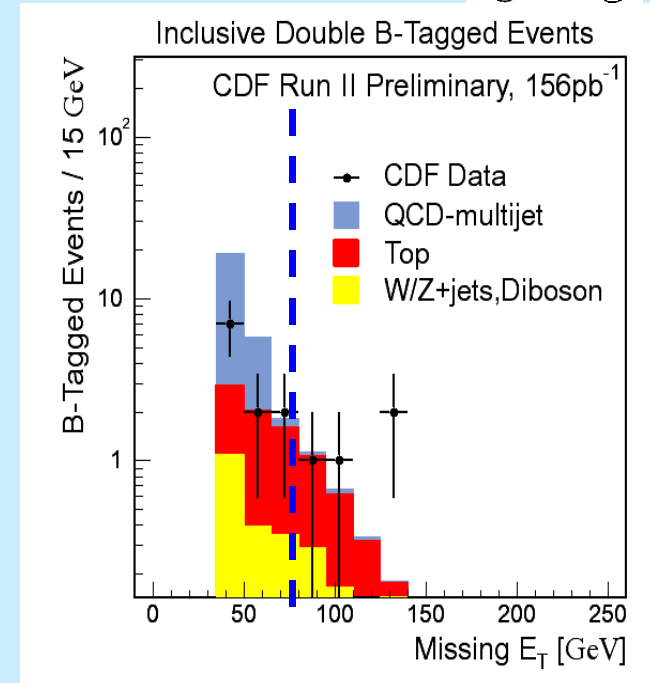
gluino-sbottom backup



Analysis uses: $\cancel{E}_T \geq 80 \text{ GeV}$
 ≥ 3 jets with $\geq 15 \text{ GeV}$
 $\Delta\phi(E_T, \text{jets}) > 40^\circ$
 Veto leptons

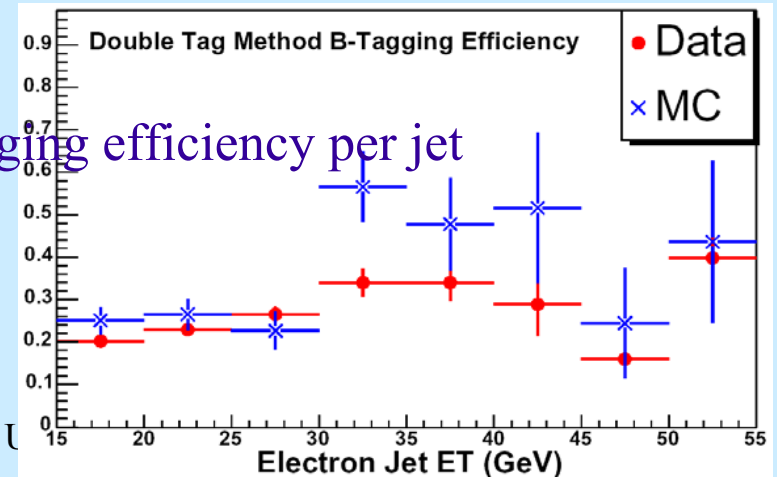


Expect 28.6
 signal events



Backgrounds: QCD, tt, W/Z+jets,
 dibosons

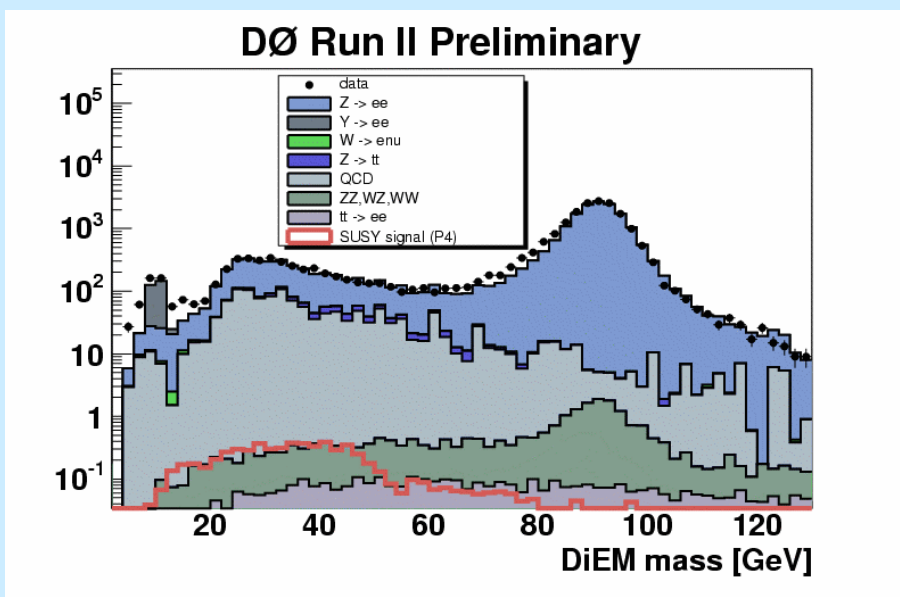
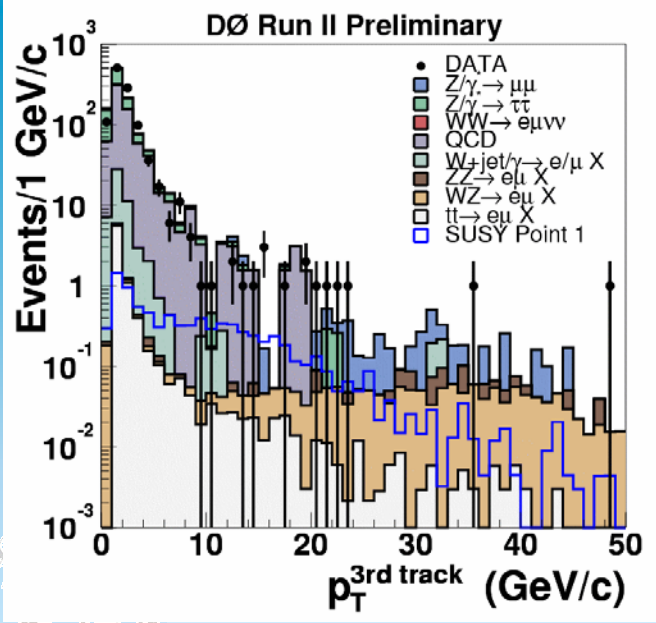
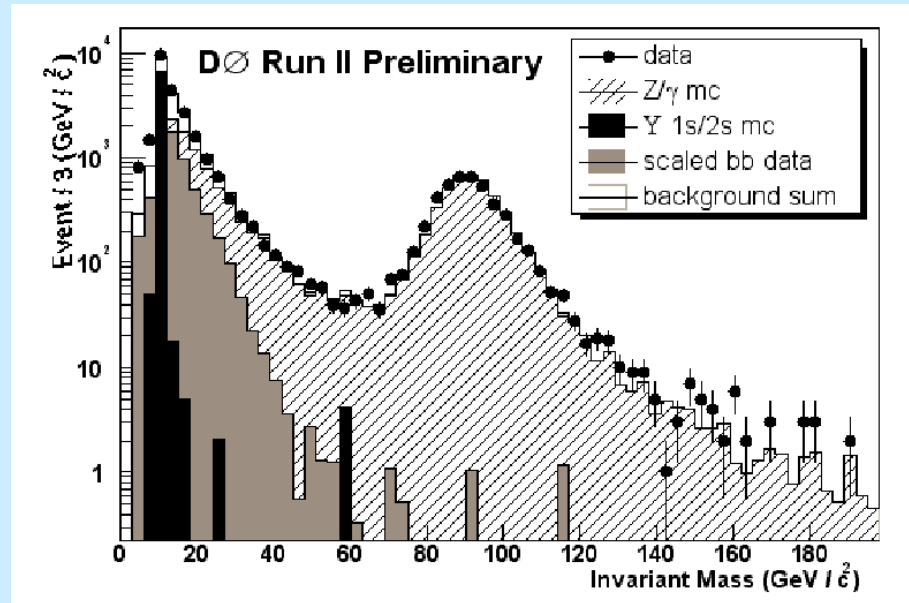
B-tagging efficiency per jet



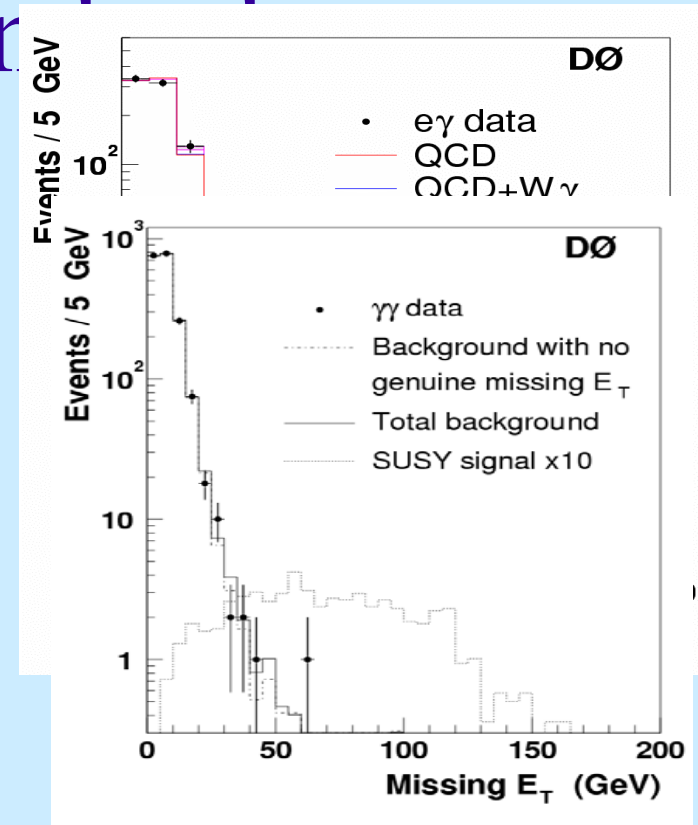
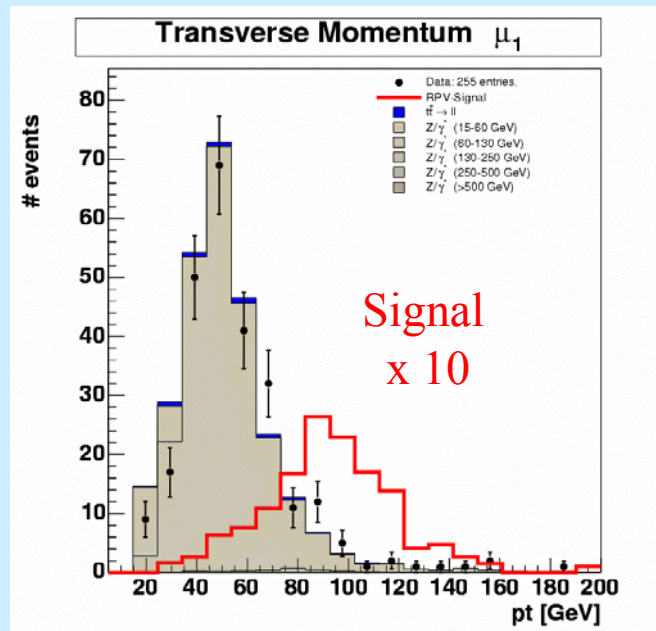
Aspen

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Trilepton Backup



Diphoton + Smuon



Run II $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$

CDF: (171 pb⁻¹)

$c\tau > 200 \mu\text{m}$

$\Delta\phi(B_s, \text{vertex}) < 0.1 \text{ rad}$

mass window: 3σ

D0: (240 pb⁻¹)

$L_{xy}/\delta L_{xy} > 18.47$

$\Delta\phi(B_s, \text{vertex}) < 0.2 \text{ rad}$

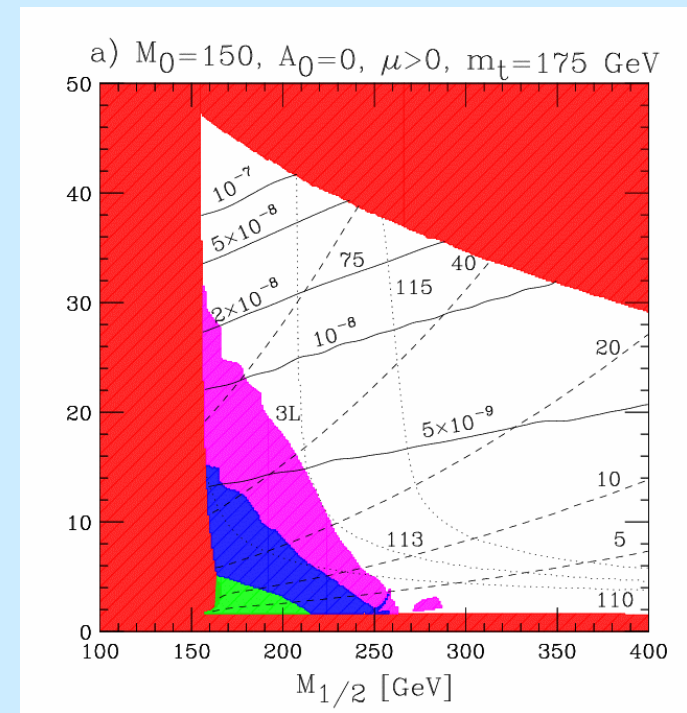
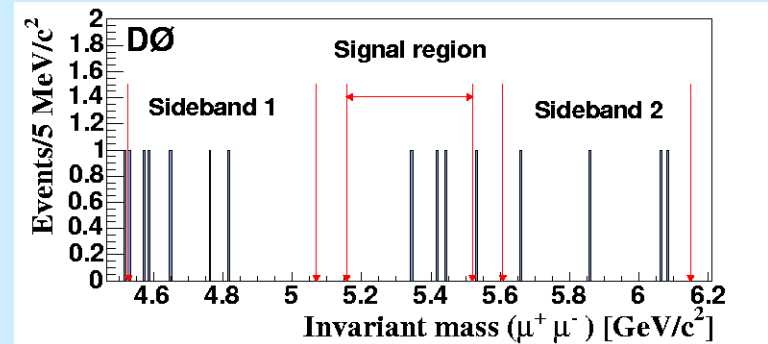
mass window: 2σ

B_s

CDF $< 5.8 \cdot 10^{-7}$ $1.5 \cdot 10^{-7}$ (90% CL)

D0 (240 pb⁻¹) $< 3.8 \cdot 10^{-7}$

Combined: $< 2.7 \cdot 10^{-7}$ @ 90% CL



Stop to tau b backup

