United States Department of Agriculture

BLUEBERRY



PILOT LOSS

Federal Crop Insurance Corporation **ADJUSTMENT**



STANDARDS

Product Development Division **HANDBOOK**

FCIC-25550 (08-2002)

2003 and Succeeding Crop Years

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE HAI	NDBOOK	NUMBER: 25550
SUBJECT:	DATE: August 9, 2	2002
BLUEBERRY PILOT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS	OPI: Product Dev	elopment Division
HANDBOOK 2003 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS	APPROVED:	in B. With
	Deputy Administrator, Re	esearch and Development

THIS HANDBOOK CONTAINS THE OFFICIAL FCIC-APPROVED LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS FOR THIS CROP FOR THE 2003 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS. IN THE ABSENCE OF INDUSTRY-DEVELOPED, FCIC-APPROVED PROCEDURE FOR THIS CROP FOR 2003 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS, ALL REINSURED COMPANIES WILL UTILIZE THESE STANDARDS FOR BOTH LOSS ADJUSTMENT AND LOSS TRAINING.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES/CONTROL CHART

Major Changes: See changes or additions in text which have been highlighted. Three stars (***) identify where information has been removed.

Changes:

- A. Clarified subsection 3 A (1) (a) <u>2</u> by inserting after the word "following" the word "blueberry" and in subsection 3 A (1) (a) 2 c deleted the word "blueberries."
- B. Revised subsection 3 A (3), by removing the word "all" in the second sentence and deleting the last sentence. This change was made because blueberry acreage may qualify for the frost protection option on an acre-by-acre basis.
- C. Inserted a **NOTE** at the end of subsection 3 B to refer to the Crop Insurance Handbook and the Loss Adjustment Handbook for other provisions not applicable to CAT coverage.
- D. Revised subsection 3 D by moving the reference to a more appropriate location within the paragraph.
- E. Revised subsection 4 A (2) (a) by deleting the parenthetical statement and inserting it in subsection 4 A (2) (b).
- F. Revised subsection 4 A (5) to follow the standard handbook language by deleting the words "unless the insurance period has ended prior to each of the following events:" and inserted "If the

BLUEBERRY LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

SUMMARY OF CHANGES/CONTROL CHART (Continued)

insured intends to claim an indemnity on any unit, the insured must:." Deleted subsection 4 A (5) (c) and relettered (d) as (c). Revised the new subsection 4 A (5) (c) by inserting "Not sell or dispose of the damaged crop until after the insurance provider has given written consent to do so." Inserted after the word "requirements" the words "of the crop provisions, and such failure results in the insurance provider's inability to inspect the damaged production." Added a **NOTE** to the end of the paragraph to refer to the Basic Provisions, the Crop Provisions, and the LAM for additional information on "notice of damage or loss."

- G. In subsection 4 A (6) replaced the word "the" with the word "any."
- H. Revised subsection 4 B by designating the first paragraph as "(1)" and renumbering the remaining paragraphs accordingly. In the last paragraph, changed the word "and" to "or" and added "as applicable" after "TABLE C."
- I. Added a new subsection 5 B (1) (b) to allow the use of scales that can weigh production in either pounds and ounces or grams. Relettered the remaining subsections accordingly. Added instructions to subsection 5 B (1) (f) on how to convert grams to pounds to tenths. Made additional changes throughout the handbook to allow for the use of weight measurements in grams.
- J. Revised subsection 5 B (1) (c), to make it clearer. Revised the Example by removing the word "and" and inserting the word "or." Also changed the unit of measure used in the Example from pounds to grams.
- K. Clarified subsection 5 B (1) (d) $\underline{1}$ by adding at the end the words "including berries damaged by uninsured causes."
- L. In subsection 5 B (1) (i), removed the first sentence from the **NOTE** and inserted the sentence as a separate **NOTE** following paragraph 5 B (1) (h).
- M. Revised subsection 5 B (2) (c) to make it more clear. Added instructions to allow the use of scales that weigh production in pounds and ounces or grams.
- N. Corrected the subsection reference in the **NOTE** following subsection 5 B (2) (f), by inserting "C" after "4."
- O. Added to the end of subsection 5 C (2) (a) the words "with at least 1 gram resolution."
- P. In subsection 5 C (3) replaced the word "ripe" with the word "mature."
- Q. In subsection 5 C (11) (d), inserted after the words "Appraisal Worksheet" the words "the percent of plant cover and how it." Removed the reference to hail and freeze damage which does not apply to low bush blueberries.

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SUMMARY OF CHANGES/CONTROL CHART (Continued)

- R In subsection 7 A (3) deleted the words "or plot" and corrected the reference to read "4 B."
- S In subsection 7 B, item 13, of the appraisal worksheet completion instructions, replaced the words "ripe (mature)" with the word "mature." In items 13 and 14, added instructions on how to convert grams to pounds to tenths. In item 21, corrected the reference to read "4 C." In Item 28 deleted the word "ripe," removed the parenthesis from around the word "mature" and inserted the words "grams or" before the word "pounds." In item 30, changed the unit of measure in the example to grams. In item 31, in serted "pounds to tenths" after the word "weight." On the Hand Harvest Appraisal Worksheet example in the Remarks section inserted "+" symbols between the numbers in the third sentence.
- T In subsection 7 C, items 17 and 18, corrected the reference to read "4 C." In item 18, replaced the first sentence with "Whole percent." In item 20, inserted the word "whole" before the word "pounds" and deleted the words "to tenths."
- U. In subsection 7 D, item 8, revised the beginning of the sentence to read "Total appraised acres of the unit." Item 20, after the word "Document" inserted "the percent plant cover and." In the Lowbush Blueberry Appraisal Form, example in the Remarks section, inserted "to be 60%" after the word "determined."
- V. Revised subsection 8 A (4), to conform to standard handbook language.
- W. In subsection 8 B, changed the word "item" to the word "Column" where appropriate. In Section "I," Narrative, item "s," inserted at the end of the first sentence the words "section II, Column 'R."
- X. In subsection 8 B, Section II, item S, inserted the word "multiplying" after the word "from." Revised the sentence after the letter "P" to read "times the entry in Column 'R,' in whole pounds."
- Y. In the Production Worksheet example, corrected the entry in Column 'P" to read "33,000."
- Z. In section 9, Table B in the first and second sentences following the word "field," inserted "or subfield" and in the last sentence deleted the word "unit" and inserted "field or subfield" to be consistent with other sampling procedures. In Table C, in the "Acres in Field or Sub field" column, changed "0.0" to "0.1" to be consistent with Table A.
- AA. Revised the **NOTE** following Table D, and the Example to be more clear.
- BB. Made format changes, corrections in punctuation and spelling throughout the handbook.

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SUMMARY OF CHANGES/CONTROL CHART (Continued)

Co	ontrol Chart Fo	or: Blueberr	y Pilot Los	s Adjustment	Standards H	andbook		
	SC Page(s)	TC Page(s)	Text Pages	Reference Material	Date	Directive Number		
Remove	Entire Handbook and Replace with FCIC-25550 dated 7-2002							
Current Index	1-2	1-2	1-34	35-38	8-2002	FCIC-25550		

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1. INTRODUCTION

This handbook identifies the crop-specific procedural requirements for adjusting Multiple Peril Crop Insurance (MPCI) losses in a uniform and timely manner. These procedures, which include crop appraisal methods and claims completion instructions, supplement the general (not crop specific) procedures, forms, and manuals for loss adjustment identified in the Loss Adjustment Manual (LAM).

2. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

This handbook remains in effect until superseded by reissuance of **either** the entire handbook **or** selected portions (through slip sheets or bulletins). If slip sheets have been issued for a handbook, the original handbook as amended by slip sheet pages shall constitute the handbook. A bulletin can supersede either the original handbook or subsequent slip sheets.

A. DISTRIBUTION

The following is the minimum distribution of forms completed by the adjuster for the loss adjustment inspection:

One legible copy to the insured. The original and all remaining copies as instructed by the insurance provider.

NOTE: It is the insurance providers= responsibility to maintain original insurance documents relative to policyholder servicing as designated in their approved plan of operations.

B. TERMS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS

- (1) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions that are **general** (not crop-specific) to loss adjustment are identified in the LAM.
- (2) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions **specific** to blueberry loss adjustment and this handbook, which are not defined in this section, are defined as they appear in the text.
- (3) Definition(s):

Clone: A parent plant with a system of rhizomes that produce offshoots that are

genetically identical to the parent plant.

Rhizome: An underground plant stem that produces roots below ground and shoots

above ground.

Transect: A sample area of vegetation, usually a long continuous strip (for lowbush

blueberry appraisals, a strip 200 feet long).

3. INSURANCE CONTRACT INFORMATION

The insurance provider is to determine that the insured has complied with all policy provisions of the insurance contract. Crop provisions which are to be considered in this determination include (but are not limited to):

A. INSURABILITY

- (1) The crop insured will be all the blueberries in the county, in which the insured has a share, for which a guarantee and premium rate is provided by the actuarial documents and:
 - (a) Are grown on bush varieties that:
 - 1 Were commercially available when the bushes were set out; and
 - 2 Are varieties adapted to the area and are of the following blueberry types:
 - a Highbush;
 - b Lowbush; or
 - c Rabbiteye;

(b) Are produced on bushes that have reached the minimum insurable age or have produced the minimum yield per acre designated in the Special Provisions; and

- (c) If inspected, are considered acceptable by the insurance provider (refer to the Special Provisions);
- (2) Lowbush blueberry acreage must be pruned every other year to be insurable (refer to the Special Provisions);
- (3) Where applicable, insured producers may select the frost protection option (refer to the Special Provisions). To be eligible for the option, blueberry acreage insured under the rates for an irrigated practice must have water supplied by an overhead solid set irrigation system.

B. PROVISIONS NOT APPLICABLE TO CAT COVERAGE

- (1) Optional Units where allowed in the Special Provisions.
- (2) Written Agreements.
- (3) Hail and Fire Exclusion provisions (also not applicable if additional coverage is 65/100 or comparable coverage).

NOTE: Refer to the CIH and LAM for other provisions not applicable to CAT.

C. UNIT DIVISION

Refer to the insurance contract for unit provisions. **NOTE:** Unless otherwise provided by the Special Provisions, only basic units are available.

D. QUALITY ADJUSTMENT

Harvested sold production may be eligible for quality adjustment if allowed by the Special Provisions. Such production must sustain at least the percent of damage shown in the Special Provisions for unavoidable damage caused by hail or freeze that occurred during the insurance period (refer to subsection 5). For harvested sold production, packer or processor records must clearly indicate the percent of hail or freeze damage. For production not harvested or harvested but not sold, determine the percent of damage from samples. If samples are not available for unsold production, use packer or processor records. If qualifying damaged production is not harvested or is harvested but not sold, the production to count will be zero.

4. BLUEBERRY APPRAISALS

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) Potential production will be appraised in accordance with procedures specified in this handbook and the LAM.
- (2) Specifically for blueberries, circumstances that require an appraisal include (but are not limited to):
- *** (a) If verifiable production records may not be available;
 - (b) If any production will be sold by direct marketing (roadside markets, etc.).
 - (3) Make separate appraisals for each blueberry variety grown in the plot, as applicable.
 - (4) Select representative sample areas from different parts or different rows in the unit or plot using subsection 4 B procedures. Identify the sample areas on a chart or map and indicate the sample bushes by row number and bush count within the chosen row (for lowbush types mark each of the one square meter sample areas with string and marking tape) so the same sample areas can be used for subsequent appraisals, as applicable.
- *** (5) **Applicability** Policy provisions require that insureds file a "notice of damage or loss." **If** the insured intends to claim an indemnity on any unit, the insured must:
 - (a) Notify the insurance provider within three days of the date harvest should have started if the crop will not be harvested so the insurance provider may inspect the damaged production.
 - (b) Provide at least 15 days notice before any production from any unit will be sold by direct marketing. The insurance provider will conduct pre-harvest appraisals to determine production to count for production sold by direct marketing. If damage occurs after this appraisal, the insurance provider will conduct an additional appraisal.

NOTE: In the event of failure to give timely notice that production will be sold by direct marketing, apply an appraised amount of production to count of not less than

the production guarantee per acre, if such failure results in the inability of the insurance provider to make the required appraisal.

- *** (c) Not sell or dispose of the damaged crop until after the insurance provider has given written consent to do so. If the insured fails to meet the requirements of the crop provisions, and such failure results in the insurance provider's inability to inspect the damaged production, all such production is to be considered undamaged and included as production to count. **NOTE:** Refer to the Basic Provisions, the Crop Provisions, and the LAM for more information on "notice of damage or loss."
 - (6) **Appraisal dates:** Whenever possible, appraise blueberries before any fruit is removed from the bushes.

B. <u>SELECTING REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES FOR APPRAISALS</u>

- (1) Determine the number and general location of bushes/clones to be used as representative samples based on:
 - (a) Total acreage and the number of bushes/clones;
 - (b) Extent of variation in the amount of production or damage within the acreage and location of fruit on the bush;

NOTE: When variable damage causes the crop potential to be significantly different within the same acreage, or when the insured wishes to destroy a portion of the acreage, split the acreage into subplots and appraise each separately.

- (c) Percent of each variety, practice, or type in the acreage;
- (d) Bush/clone age, size, density, and vigor; and
- (e) The acreage in the unit from which fruit has been picked and the extent of variation in the amount of unpicked fruit on the bushes.
- Take not less than the minimum number (count) of representative samples required in **TABLE A, TABLE B, or TABLE C, as applicable**.

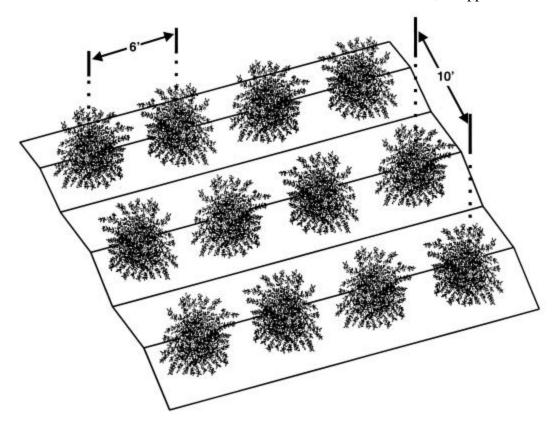
C. DETERMINING PLANT DENSITY AND PERCENT STAND

These calculations apply only to the hand and machine harvested appraisal methods for highbush and rabbiteye blueberries.

- (1) **Plant Density**. Calculate the area in square feet occupied by a single bush by multiplying the average distance between bushes within the same row times the average distance between rows in the field (refer to diagram below).
 - (a) Measure the space between bushes in the row from the center of one bush to the center of the adjacent bush. Measure across three or more bushes to determine the average width.

- (b) Measure the space between rows from the center of a bush in one row to the center of a bush in the next row. Measure across three or more rows to determine the average row width.
- (c) Determine the plant density (or bushes per acre) by dividing the square feet per acre (43,560) by the square feet per bush.

NOTE: Round measurements to the nearest tenth of a foot, as applicable.



Measuring the Distance Between Bushes and Between Rows

- (2) **Bearing Bushes.** Determine the number of missing, dead or nonbearing bushes and subtract from the total number of bushes per acre to determine the number of bearing bushes per acre.
- (3) **Percent Stand**. Divide the number of bearing bushes per acre by the total number of bushes per acre (from item (1) (c) above).

EXAMPLE:

- ! Blueberry bushes are spaced 6 feet apart within the row and 10 feet apart between rows.
- ! 6 ft. x 10 ft. = 60 sq. ft./bush.
- ! 43,560 (sq. ft./acre) \div 60 sq. ft./bush = **726 plant density** (bushes per acre).
- ! 726 bushes per acre 41 missing, dead or nonbearing bushes = 685 bearing bushes.
- ! If there are 685 bearing bushes in the field, $685 \div 726 = 94$ percent stand.

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

These instructions provide information on appraisal methods for:

Appraisal Method	Use
Hand Harvested Appraisals	when any potential production from highbush or rabbiteye acreage will be sold for direct marketing or when there is damage due to insurable or uninsurable causes, and the insured crop will not be harvested.
Machine Harvested Appraisals	when any potential production from highbush or rabbiteye acreage will be sold for direct marketing or when there is damage due to insurable or uninsurable causes, and the insured crop will not be harvested.
Lowbush Appraisals	when any potential production from lowbush acreage will be sold by direct marketing or when there is damage due to insurable or uninsurable causes, and the insured crop will not be harvested.

B. HIGHBUSH AND RABBITEYE APPRAISALS

(1) Hand Harvested Appraisals

(a) Select representative sample areas using procedure in subsection 4 B.

NOTE: If additional samples are needed, explain in the Remarks section of the appraisal worksheet.

- (b) Use a scale in pounds and ounces or grams to weigh samples. Convert weights to pounds to tenths (convert grams to pounds to tenths by dividing by 453.5).
- (c) If quality adjustment is allowed by the Special Provisions, randomly select and weigh a sample of mature (blue) and immature (red and green) berries from each sample. Separate and weigh the hail or freeze damaged berries for each sample (berries severely damaged by freeze will have a dark shrunken appearance and if cut open will have a discolored brown interior, almost hollow or dried out.) To determine light freeze damage cut each berry in half (freeze damage will appear as a brown discoloration in one or more seed cavities.) Total the weight for all samples keeping the weight of hail or freeze damaged berries separate from the total weight. Determine the percent damage by dividing the total weight of hail or freeze damaged berries by the total weight for all berries. Round the result to the nearest tenth of a percent. For unharvested production, if the percent of hail or freeze damage equals or exceeds the percent shown in the Special Provisions, the production to count is zero (also refer to subsection 3 D).

EXAMPLE: Assume a blueberry field is damaged by hail or freeze and will not be harvested. Total weight for all berries from all samples is 1180 grams. Total weight of hail or freeze damaged berries is 273 grams. 273 grams ÷ 1180 grams = .2314 or 23.1 percent damage. If the damage equals or exceeds the percent shown on the Special Provisions then the appraised production to count for the field will be zero.

- (**d**) If quality adjustment is not allowed, or is not applicable, pick all berries from the sample area including berries damaged by uninsured causes. Separate the mature (blue) berries from the immature (red and green) berries and weigh all the berries from each sample by weighing the mature berries separately from the immature berries. Total weights from all samples, keeping the mature berry weights separate from the immature berry weights, and record the weights in pounds to tenths on the appraisal worksheet. Select berries for sampling as follows:
 - Harvest all sound, marketable, mature and immature berries in the sample area including berries damaged by uninsured causes.
 - Separate the mature berries from the immature berries.
- (e) Weigh 100 mature berries and weigh 100 immature berries using a scale in pounds and ounces or grams. Divide the weight of the 100 mature berries by the weight of the 100 immature berries to arrive at a maturity weight factor.
- **(f)** Total the weight of the mature berries from all samples, divided by the total number of bushes sampled (1 sample equals 4 consecutive bushes) to calculate the average pounds of berries per bush. Convert grams to pounds to tenths by dividing by 453.5.
- (g) Total the weight of the immature berries from all the samples, multiply times the maturity weight factor and divide by the number of bushes sampled (1 sample equals 4 consecutive bushes) to calculate the average pounds of berries per bush.
- (<u>h</u>) Multiply the average pounds of mature berries per bush times the number of bushes per acre times the percent stand times the mature berry grade factor (0.84) to calculate the average pounds of mature berries per acre.

NOTE: The grade factor of 0.84 is the average percent of sound mature berries less the percent of unsound berries and foreign material contained in a harvested blueberry sample.

(i) Multiply the average pounds of immature berries per bush times the number of bushes per acre times the percent stand times the immature berry grade factor (0.70) to calculate the average pounds of immature berries per acre that will reach maturity.

*** **NOTE:** The grade factor of 0.70 is the average percent of sound immature berries that will reach maturity less the percent of unsound berries and foreign material contained in a harvested blueberry sample.

(2) Machine Harvested Appraisals

- (a) Select representative sample rows using procedure in subsection 4 B.
- (b) Harvest the sample rows. Weigh each sample and record weight in pounds to tenths on the appraisal worksheet (use a scale that measures pounds and ounces).
- (c) If quality adjustment is allowed by the Special Provisions, randomly select and weigh a sub sample of berries from those harvested from each sample. Separate and weigh the hail or freeze damaged berries from the sub sample. Weigh the berries with a scale in pounds and ounces or grams. (Refer to subsection 5 B (1) (b) for additional information on freeze damaged berries.) Total the weight of hail or freeze damaged berries for the sub samples. Determine the percent damage by dividing the total weight of hail or freeze damaged berries from the sub samples by the weight of the sub sample. Round the result to the nearest tenth of a percent. If the percent of hail or freeze damage equals or exceeds the percent shown in the Special Provisions, the production to count is zero for the unharvested production from the field or sub field (refer to subsection 3 D).
- (d) If quality adjustment is not allowed by the Special Provisions or is not applicable, count the total number of machine harvested bushes in the sample row.
- (e) Divide the weight of the machine harvested berries by the number of bushes in the sample row to calculate the average weight per bush.
- (f) Multiply the average weight per bush times the number of bushes per acre times the percent stand, times the grade factor (0.84) to calculate the average number of pounds of berries per acre.

NOTE: Calculate the percent stand using subsection 4 C procedures.

- (g) There will be at least one additional appraisal of the sample area unless:
 - 1 All blueberries were mature during the first appraisal;
 - Additional damage (insurable or uninsurable) has occurred to the crop to a degree that there are no sound, marketable berries left on the bushes; or
 - All the immature berries are hand picked using the procedure outlined in subsection 5 B (1) above to calculate the weight of immature berries.

NOTE: Explain reasons for additional appraisals in the Remarks section of the appraisal worksheet.

C. LOWBUSH APPRAISALS

(1) Commercial lowbush blueberry fields in Maine are cultivated stands of wild clones. A clone is the original parent plant with a rhizome system that covers a wide area with no recognizable rows. Any given field will contain many clones representing plants of varying age, color, or fruit size. Each clone is genetically different from the neighboring plants.

The size of the area a clone covers is related to the plant's age.

- (2) Materials needed for appraisals:
 - (a) Gram scale with at least 1 gram resolution.
 - (b) One square meter frame (1 meter = 39.37 inches) or circular tubing measuring 44.4 inches in diameter.

NOTE: Construct a square meter frame using tubing or wood so the inside measurement of the frame equals one square meter.

- (c) One gallon pail.
- (d) Five gallon pail.
- (e) 100 foot measuring tape.
- (f) Hand held blueberry rake.
- (3) Defer all appraisals until approximately 90 percent of the fruit in the field is mature.
- (4) Use field acreage to determine the required number of 200-foot transects and the number of square meter samples. In the diagram below, for a 20.0 acre field, 5 transects were made requiring at least 10 samples (2 samples per transect) to be taken (refer to **TABLE C**).
- (5) Position transects so that samples are representative of the amount and severity of crop damage in the field (refer to diagram below).

Clone Clone

Placement of Transects in a Field (This diagram is not to scale)

- (6) On each transect, place a square meter frame at the 100-foot, and 200-foot mark.
- (7) Harvest all berries in the square meter frame using a hand held blueberry rake. Winnow the blueberries into a one-gallon pail allowing the wind to blow the leaves and foreign material from the sample.

- *** (8) Separately weigh each sample using a gram scale and enter each sample weight on the appraisal worksheet.
 - (9) Total the weight of all samples for the field. Divide this total by the number of samples taken to calculate the average weight per sample (in grams).
 - (10) Multiply the average sample weight in grams by 8.92 to convert to pounds per acre.
 - (11) Determine percent plant cover by one of the following methods, as applicable:
 - (a) Visual observation (preferred method). The adjuster makes several visual observations while walking through the field, noting the area covered by blueberry clones, weeds, open land, rocks, and ledges. An accurate estimate of plant cover can be made if all areas of the field are observed. Subtract 5 percent from the plant cover determination to account for shrinkage.
 - (b) Use FSA aerial photographs of the field to determine the percent plant cover. Take the percent ground covered by blueberries minus 5 percent for shrinkage to obtain the percent plant cover.
 - (c) If the plant cover estimate cannot be determined as described in 11(a) and 11(b) above, enter .60.
- *** (d) Document in the "Remarks" section of the Appraisal Worksheet the percent of plant cover and how it was determined.
 - (12) Calculate the production in pounds from each field by multiplying the pounds per acre by the percent plant cover determined from subsection (11) above.

6. APPRAISAL DEVIATIONS AND MODIFICATIONS

A. **DEVIATIONS**

Deviations in appraisal methods require FCIC written authorization (as described in the LAM) prior to implementation.

B. MODIFICATIONS

There are no pre-established modifications contained in this handbook. Refer to the LAM for additional information.

7. APPRAISAL WORKSHEET ENTRIES AND COMPLETION PROCEDURES

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) Include the insurance provider=s name in the appraisal worksheet title if not preprinted on the insurance provider=s worksheet or when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- (2) Include the claim number on the appraisal worksheet (when required by the insurance provider), when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- *** (3) Separate appraisal worksheets are required for each unit inspected. Refer to subsection 4 B for sampling instructions.

NOTE: Standard appraisal worksheet items are numbered consecutively in subsections B-D below. Example appraisal worksheets are also provided to illustrate how to complete entries.

B. WORKSHEET ENTRIES AND COMPLETION INFORMATION FOR HAND HARVESTED APPRAISALS

This appraisal method and worksheet are for highbush and rabbiteye blueberries only.

Verify or make the following entries:

NOTE: If applicable, determine the percent hail or freeze damage prior to appraising potential production. If the percent damage for the field or sub field equals or exceeds that shown on the Special Provisions do not complete items 13 through 25 or items 27 through 32.

Item

No. Information Required

Company Name: Name of insurance provider, if not preprinted on the worksheet (Company Name).

Claim No.: Claim number as assigned by the insurance provider, if required.

- 1. **Insured's Name:** Name of the insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
- 2. **Policy No.:** Insured's assigned policy number.
- 3. **Type:** Type of blueberries (e.g., highbush or rabbiteye), as applicable.
- 4. **Unit No.:** Five-digit unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct (e.g., 00100).
- 5. **Crop Year:** Crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim is filed.
- 6. **Bush Spacing:** Measure distance between bushes in a row and the distance between rows (e.g., 6 X 10). (Refer to section 4 guidelines.)
- 7. **Cause of Damage:** Primary insured cause of damage.

8. **Date of Damage:** First three letters of the month during which MOST of the insured damage (including progressive damage) occurred. Include the SPECIFIC DATE where applicable, as in the case of hail damage (e.g., JUN 10).

PART I

- 9. **Field ID:** Field or sub field identification symbol (refer to item 27 for additional instructions).
- 10. **Acres:** Number of determined acres, to tenths, for field or sub field being appraised.
- 11. **Variety:** Variety name of blueberries being appraised (e.g., Bluecrop, Jersey, etc.).
- 12. **Practice:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the practice carried out by the insured. If "No Practice Specified," enter appropriate 3-digit code from the actuarial documents.
- 13. **Sample Weight Mature Berries:** Weight in pounds to tenths of all sound, marketable, mature blueberries in the sample (convert grams to pounds to tenths by dividing by 453.5)
- 14. **Sample Weight Immature Berries:** Weight in pounds to tenths of all sound, immature (green and red) blueberries in the sample (convert grams to pounds to tenths). Sum item 14 entries and enter total in item 31.
- 15. **Total Weight All Samples Mature:** Weight in pounds to tenths of all sample entries in item 13.
- 16. **Total Weight All Samples Immature:** Factored weight in pounds to tenths of all sample entries in item 14, entry from item 32. Refer to Part II, items 27-32.
- 17. **Total No. Bushes Sampled:** Total number of sample **bushes**. One sample equals 4 consecutive bushes (e.g., 3 samples X 4 bushes per sample = 12 bushes).
- 18. **Average Sample Wt. Per Bush Mature:** Item 15 divided by Item 17, results in pounds to tenths.
- 19. **Average Sample Wt. Per Bush Immature:** Item 16 divided by item 17, results in pounds to tenths.
- 20. **No. Bushes Per Acre:** Calculate number of bushes per acre (plant density) per acre (refer to subsection 4 and **TABLE D**).
- 21. **Percent Stand:** Percent stand to two-decimal places (refer to subsection 4 C). Determine the total number of bushes and bearing bushes per acre. Divide the number of bearing bushes per acre by the total number of bushes per acre to determine the percent stand to the nearest whole percent. Show the calculations in "Remarks."
- 22. **Grade Factor Mature:** MAKE NO ENTRY, if the 0.84 factor is pre-printed on the appraisal worksheet for mature blueberries, otherwise enter 0.84.

- 23. **Grade Factor Immature:** MAKE NO ENTRY, if the 0.70 factor is pre-printed on the appraisal worksheet for immature blueberries, otherwise enter 0.70.
- 24. **Average Lbs./Ac. Mature:** Item 18 times item 20 times item 21 times item 22, results in whole pounds, rounded at the end of the calculation.
- 25. **Average Lbs./Ac. Immature:** Item 19 times item 20 times item 21 times item 23, results in whole pounds, rounded at the end of the calculation.
- 26. **Total Appraised Production:** Total of items 24 and 25 entered in whole pounds. If the percent of hail or freeze damage equals or exceeds that shown in the Special Provisions enter zero (also refer to item 33, the Special Provisions, and subsection 5 B).

PART II: FACTORED WEIGHT OF IMMATURE BERRIES

- 27. **Field ID:** Field or sub field identification symbol which must correspond to the same symbol used in item 9 for the same acreage being appraised.
- 28. **Weight of 100 Mature Berries:** Weight of 100 sound, mature blueberries in grams or pounds to tenths.
- 29. **Weight of 100 Immature Berries:** Weight of 100 sound, immature blueberries in grams or pounds to tenths.
- 30. **Maturity Weight Factor:** Item 28 divided by item 29 to determine the maturity factor to three decimal places (e.g., 190 grams divided by 110 grams = 1.727).
- 31. **Total Weight of Immature Berries:** Total weight in pounds to tenths of immature berries for all samples entered after totaling item 14.
- 32. **Total Immature Weight all Samples:** Result of item 30 multiplied by item 31 entered in pounds to tenths. Transfer this total to item 16.
- 33. **Remarks:** Enter any pertinent appraisal information (e.g., calculations for plant density, plant stand, and, if applicable, calculations for percent hail or freeze damage. Record percent hail or freeze damage to the nearest tenth of a percent).
- Adjuster's Signature, Code Number, and Date: Signature of the adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or insured=s authorized representative) has signed. If the appraisal is performed prior to signature date, document the date of appraisal in the "Remarks/Narrative" section of the Appraisal Worksheet (if available); otherwise, document the appraisal date in the "Narrative" of the Production Worksheet.
- 35. **Insured's Signature and Date:** Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining insured=s signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Appraisal Worksheet WITH THE INSURED, particularly explaining codes, etc., which may not be readily understood.
- 36. **Page:** Page numbers (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

Compa	ny Name:	Any Compar	ıy								Claim No.:	XXX	XXXXXX							
	For III	ustration Purp	oses Only		1.	Insured'	s Name							2. Policy No.		3.	Туре			4. Unit No
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Field ID	Acres	Variety	Practice							All Samples	Bushes Sampled	V	Vt. Per Bush	No. Bushes Per Acre	Percent Stand		Factor	L	.bs./Ac.	Appraised Production
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											l						36. Page	1	of	1

C. WORKSHEET ENTRIES AND COMPLETION INFORMATION FOR MACHINE HARVESTED APPRAISALS

Verify or make the following entries:

NOTE: If applicable, determine the percent hail or freeze damage prior to appraising potential production. If the percent damage for the field or sub field equals or exceeds that shown on the Special Provisions do not complete items 15 through 18.

Item

No. Information Required

Company Name: Name of insurance provider, if not preprinted on the worksheet (Company Name).

Claim No.: Claim number as assigned by the insurance provider, if required.

- 1. **Insured**: Name: Name of the insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
- 2. **Policy Number:** Insured's assigned policy number.
- 3. **Type:** Name of crop type (e.g. highbush or rabbiteye), as applicable.
- 4. **Unit No.:** Five-digit unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct (e.g., 00100).
- 5. **Crop Year:** Crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim is filed.
- 6. **Bush Spacing:** Measure distance between bushes in a row and the distance between rows (refer to section 4 guidelines).
- 7. **Cause of Damage:** Primary insured cause of damage.
- 8. **Date of Damage:** First three letters of the month during which MOST of the insured damage (including progressive damage) occurred. Include the SPECIFIC DATE where applicable, as in the case of hail damage (e.g., JUN 10).
- 9. **Field ID:** Field or sub field identification symbol.
- 10. **Acres:** Number of determined acres, to tenths, in field or sub field being appraised.
- 11. **Variety:** Variety name of blueberries being appraised (e.g., Bluecrop, Jersey, etc.).
- 12. **Practice:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified in the actuarial documents, for the practice carried out by the insured. If "No Practice Specified," enter appropriate 3-digit code number from the actuarial documents.

13. **Number of Rows Sampled:** The number of rows sampled, rounded up to the next whole number (refer to **TABLE B**).

- 14. **Total Lbs. Machine Harvested:** The total pounds to tenths of all berries from the bushes in the sample row (or rows) harvested. If the percent of hail or freeze damage equals or exceeds the percent shown in the Special Provisions enter zero (also refer to item 21, the Special Provisions, and subsection 5 B).
- 15. **Total No. of Bushes Sampled:** Total number of bushes in each sample row (or rows) that are machine harvested for sampling.
- 16. **Avg. Lbs Per Bush:** Item 14 divided by item 15, in pounds to tenths.
- 17. **No. Bushes Per Acre:** Calculate the number of bushes per acre (plant density), refer to subsection 4 C.
- 18. **Percent Stand:** Whole percent. Determine the total number of bushes and bearing bushes per acre. Divide the number of bearing bushes per acre by the total number of bushes per acre to determine the percent stand to the nearest whole percent. Show the calculations in "Remarks." (refer to subsection 4 C)
- 19. **Grade Factor:** MAKE NO ENTRY, if 0.84 grade factor for mature blueberries is printed on the appraisal worksheet, otherwise enter 0.84.
- 20. **Avg. No. Lbs. Per Acre:** Item 16, times item 17, times item 18, times item 19, in whole pounds, round at the end of the calculation.
- 21. **Remarks:** Pertinent information about the appraisal (e.g., calculations for plant density and, if applicable, percent hail or freeze damage. Record percent damage to the nearest tenth of a percent).
- Adjusters Code Number, Signature, and Date: Signature of the adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or insureds authorized representative) has signed. If the appraisal is performed prior to the signature date, document the date of appraisal in the "Remarks/Narrative" section of the Appraisal Worksheet (if available); otherwise, document the appraisal in the "Narrative" of the Production Worksheet.
- 23. **Insured** Signature and Date: Insured authorized representative s) signature and date. Before obtaining insured signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Appraisal Worksheet WITH THE INSURED, particularly explaining codes, etc., which may not be readily understood.
- 24. **Page:** Page numbers (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

Company Name: Any Company Claim No.: XXXXXXXX

		ion Purposes On	lv.	1. Insured's Name		daill NO AAAA		2. Policy Number	r	3. Typ	e			
				moureu e riame	I. M	I. Insured			XXXXXXX Highbus					
nign	Apprais	Rabbiteye Blue al Worksheet Harvest Method	berry	4. Unit No. 0010		5. Crop Year YYYY	6. Bush Spacing 6 X 10	7. Cause of Dan	nage Hail	1	8. Date of Damage			
Field ID 9	Acres 10	Variety 11	Practice 12	Number of Rows Sampled 13	Total Lbs. Machine Harvested 14	Total No. of Bushes Sampled 15	Avg. Lbs. Per Bush 16	No. Bushes Per Acre 17	Percent Stand 18	Grade Factor 19	Avg. No. Lbs. Per Acre 20			
A	5.0	Bluecrop	002	5	192.1	 ÷ 40	 4.8	726 x	x .94	0.84	 _ 2752			
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685 bearing bushes per acre ÷ 726 bushes per acre = .944 or .94. Calculations for percent hail damage: Total weight of hail damaged berries in one pound sample .1 lb.; .1 lb \div 1.0 = .10 or 10.0 percent hail damage.

	22. Adjuster's Signature	Code No.	Date	23.	Insured's Signature	 Date
	I. M. Adjuster	12345	MM/DD/YYYY		I. M. Insured	MM/DD/YYYY
_					24 Page:	 of 4

D. WORKSHEET ENTRIES AND COMPLETION INFORMATION FOR LOWBUSH APPRAISALS

Verify or make the following entries:

Item

No. Information Required

Company Name: Name of insurance provider, if not preprinted on the worksheet (Company Name).

- 1. **Insured's Name:** Name of insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
- 2. **Policy Number:** Insured's assigned policy number.
- 3. **Crop Year:** Crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim has been filed.
- 4. **Unit Number:** Five-digit unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct (e.g., 00100).
- 5. **Cause of Damage:** Primary insured cause of damage.
- 6. **Date of Damage:** First three letters of the month during which MOST of the insured damage (including progressive damage) occurred. Include the SPECIFIC DATE where applicable, as in the case of hail damage (e.g., JUN 10).
- 7. **Claim Number:** The number as assigned by the insurance provider, if required.
- 8. **Appraised Acres:** Total appraised acres of the unit, rounded to tenths.
- 9. **Practice:** Three-digit code number entered exactly as specified in the actuarial documents, for the practice carried out by the insured. If "No Practice Specified," enter appropriate three-digit code number from the actuarial documents.
- 10. **Field ID:** Field or sub field identification symbol.
- 11. **Plot Acres:** Number of determined acres, to tenths, in each field or sub field.
- 12. **Practice:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified in the actuarial documents, for the practice carried out by the insured. If "No Practice Specified," enter appropriate 3-digit code number from the actuarial documents.
- 13. **Sample Weight In Grams:** Weight of each sample in grams to tenths.
- 14. **Total From All Samples:** Total of all sample weights by line in item 13 "Sample Weight in Grams" in grams to tenths.

- 15. **No. of Samples:** Total number of samples taken by line in item 13 "Sample Weight in Grams."
- 16. **Avg. No. Of Grams Per Sample:** Item 14 "Total from all Samples" divided by item 15 "No. of Samples" results in grams to tenths.
- Grams To Lbs Factor: MAKE NO ENTRY, if factor of 8.92 for converting grams to pounds is pre-printed on the appraisal worksheet, otherwise enter 8.92.
- 18. **% Plant Cover Minus 5 %:** Estimated percent plant cover less 5 percent for shrinkage. Refer to subsection 5 C (11).
- 19. **Appraisal in Lbs./Acre:** Item 16 times item 17 times item 18, result in whole pounds, rounded at the end of the calculation.
- 20. **Remarks:** Enter pertinent information about the appraisal. Document the percent plant cover and how the percent plant cover was determined.
- Adjuster's Signature, Code Number, and Date: Signature of the adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or insured authorized representative) has signed. If the appraisal is performed prior to signature date, document the date of appraisal in the "Remarks/Narrative" section of the Appraisal Worksheet (if available); otherwise, document the appraisal date in the "Narrative" of the Production Worksheet.
- 22. **Insured's Signature, and Date:** Insured (or insured=s authorized representative=s) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining insured=s signature REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Appraisal Worksheet WITH THE INSURED, particularly explaining codes, etc., which may not be readily understood.
- 23. **Page:** Page numbers (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

COMPANY NAME: Any Company

Fo	or Illusi	tration Pu	rposes	Only		1 INSURE	ED'S NAME		I. Insure	d		2 POLICY NUM	BER XXXXXXX			3 CROP YEAR YYYY			
l		USH BLU PRAISAL				4 UNIT NUMBER 0100						5 CAUSE OF DA	AMAGE Hail			6 DATE OF DAMAGE JUN 10			
						7 CLAIM	NUMBER	XXX	XXXXX	X		8 APPRAISED A	ACRES 5.0	9 PRACTICE	002				
FIELD ID 10	PLOT ACRES 11	PRACTICE 12			SAM	MPLE WEIGHT IN GRAMS TOTAL FROM ALL SAMPLES SAMPLES PER SAMPLE FACTOR 14 AVG. NO. GRAMS TO OF GRAMS LBS PER SAMPLE FACTOR 16 17							% PLANT COVER MINUS 5% 18	APPRAISAL IN LBS./ACRE 19					
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21 ADJUSTER'S SIGNATURE	CODE NO.	DATE	22 INSURED'S SIGNATURE	DATE
I. M. Adjuster	12345	MM/DD/YYYY	I. M. Insured	MM/DD/YYYY

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8. CLAIM FORM ENTRIES AND COMPLETION PROCEDURES

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) The claim form (hereafter referred to as the "Production Worksheet") is a progressive form containing all notices of damage for all preliminary and final inspections on a unit.
- (2) If a Production Worksheet has been prepared on a prior inspection, verify each entry and enter additional information as needed. If a change or correction is necessary, strike out all entries on the line and re-enter correct entries on a new line. The adjuster and insured should initial any line deletions.
- (3) Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding the following:
 - (a) Acreage report errors.
 - (b) Delayed notices and delayed claims.
 - (c) Corrected claims or fire losses (double coverage) and cases involving uninsured causes of loss, unusual situations, controversial claims, concealment, or misrepresentation.
 - (d) Claims involving a Certification Form (when all the acreage on the unit has been appraised to be put to another use or other reasons described in the LAM).
 - (e) "No Indemnity Due" claims (which must be verified by an APPRAISAL or NOTIFICATION from the insured that the production exceeded the guarantee).
- *** (4) The adjuster is responsible for determining if any of the insured's requirements under the notice and claim provisions of the policy have not been met. If any have not, the adjuster should contact the insurance provider.
 - (5) Instructions labeled "**PRELIMINARY**" apply to preliminary inspections only. Instructions labeled "**FINAL**" apply to final inspections only. Instructions not labeled apply to ALL inspections.

B. FORM ENTRIES AND COMPLETION INFORMATION

Verify or make the following entries:

Item

No. <u>Information Required</u>

- 1. **Crop/Code #:** "Blueberries" (0019).
- 2. **Unit #:** Five-digit unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct (e.g., 00100).
- 3. **Legal Description:** Section, township, and range number or other legal description that identifies the location of the unit.
- 4. **Date of Damage:** First three letters of the month during which MOST of the insured damage (including progressive damage) occurred for each inspection. Include the SPECIFIC DATE where applicable as in the case of hail damage (e.g., AUG 11).
- 5. **Cause of Damage:** Name of insured cause(s) of loss for **this crop** as listed in the LAM. If it is evident that no indemnity is due, enter "NONE." If an insured cause of loss is coded as "Other," explain in the Narrative.

NOTE: Refer to the Basic Provisions and the crop provisions for the crop for information pertaining to insured and uninsured causes of loss.

6. **Primary Cause %:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Percent of damage as a result of the cause of damage listed in item 5 above that is determined to be the primary cause of damage, to the nearest whole percent. The primary cause of damage must exceed 50 percent (e.g., 51%). Enter an "X" for the major secondary cause of damage.

- 7. **Company/Agency:** Name of the company and agency servicing the contract.
- 8. **Name of Insured:** Name of the insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
- 9. **Claim #:** Claim number as assigned by the insurance provider.
- 10. **Policy #:** Insured=s assigned policy number.
- 11. **Crop Year:** Crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim is filed.

12. Additional Units:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Unit number(s) for ALL non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection. A non-loss unit is any unit for which a Production Worksheet has not been completed. Additional non-loss units may be entered on a single Production Worksheet.

NOTE: If more spaces are needed for non-loss units, enter the unit numbers, identified as "Non-loss Units," in the Narrative or on an attached Special Report.

13. Est. Prod. Per Acre:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Estimated yield per acre, in whole pounds, for all non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection.

14. **Date(s) Notice of Loss:**

PRELIMINARY:

- a. Date the notice of damage was given for the unit in item 2.
- b. A third preliminary inspection (if needed) requires an additional set of Production Worksheets. Enter the date of notice for a third preliminary inspection in the 1st space of item 14 on the second set.
- c. Reserve the "Final" space on the first page of the first set of Production Worksheets for the date of notice for the final inspection.
- d. If the inspection is initiated by the insurance provider, enter "Company Insp." instead of the date.

FINAL: Transfer the last date in the 1st or 2nd space to the FINAL space if a final inspection should be made as a result of the notice. Always enter the complete date of notice (month, day, year) for the "FINAL" inspection in the FINAL space on the first page of the first set of Production Worksheets. For a delayed notice of loss or delayed claim, refer to the LAM.

15. **Companion Policy(s):**

a. If no other person has a share in the unit (insured has a 100 percent share), MAKE NO ENTRY.

- b. In all cases where the insured has LESS than a 100 percent share of a loss-affected unit, ask the insured if the OTHER person sharing in the unit has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract (i.e., not crop-hail, fire, etc.). If the other person does not, enter "NONE."
 - (1) If the other person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and it can be determined that the SAME insurance provider services it, enter the contract number. Handle these companion policies according to insurance provider instructions.
 - (2) If the OTHER person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and a DIFFERENT insurance provider or agent services it, enter the name of the insurance provider and/or agent (and contract number) if known.
 - (3) If unable to verify the existence of a companion contract, enter "Unknown," and contact the insurance provider for further instructions.

NOTE: Refer to the LAM for further information regarding companion contracts.

SECTION I - ACREAGE APPRAISED, PRODUCTION, AND ADJUSTMENTS

Make separate line entries for varying:

- (1) Rate classes, types, or farming practices;
- (2) APH yields;
- (3) Appraisals;
- (4) Stages or intended use(s) of acreage;
- (5) Shares (e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on the same unit); or
- (6) Appraisals for damage due to hail or fire if Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect.

Verify or make the following entries:

Item

No. Information Required

- A. **Field ID:** The field identification symbol from a sketch map or an aerial photo. See the Narrative. In the margin (or in a separate column), enter the date of inspection for the last line entry of each inspection.
- B. **Preliminary Acres:**

PRELIMINARY: The number of acres, to tenths, (include "E" if estimated), for which consent for other use has been given. Determine actual acreage, to tenths, when the boundaries of the appraised acreage may not be determined later.

FINAL: MAKE NO ENTRY.

C. **Final Acres:** Refer to the LAM for definition of acceptable determined acres used herein.

Determined acres to tenths (include "E" if estimated) for which consent is given for other use and/or:

- a. Put to other use without prior consent;
- b. Abandoned;
- c. Damaged by uninsured causes;
- d. For which the insured failed to provide acceptable records of production; or
- e. From which production was sold by direct marketing if the insured failed to meet the requirements contained in the crop provisions (also refer to the Special Provisions).

FINAL: Determined acres to tenths.

NOTE: Acreage breakdowns WITHIN a unit may be estimated (enter "E" in front of the acres) if a determination is impractical AND if authorization was received from the insurance provider. Document authorization in the Narrative.

ACCOUNT FOR ALL ACREAGE IN THE UNIT. In the event of over-reported acres, handle in accordance with individual insurance provider=s instructions. In the event of under-reported acres, draw a diagonal line in Column "C" as shown below.

- C₁ Enter the ACTUAL acres for the field or sub field.
- C₂ Enter the REPORTED acres for the field or sub field.



- D. **Interest or Share:** Insured=s interest in crop to three-decimal places as determined at the time of inspection. If shares vary on the same UNIT, use separate line entries.
- E. **Risk:** The correct rate class from the actuarial documents. Verify with the Summary of Coverage, and if the rate class is found to be incorrect, revise according to insurance provider=s instructions. Refer to the LAM.

NOTE: Unrated land is uninsurable without a written agreement.

- F. **Practice:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the practice carried out by the insured. If "No Practice Specified," enter appropriate 3-digit code number from the actuarial documents.
- G. **Type/Class/Variety:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the type grown by the insured. If "No Type Specified," enter appropriate 3-digit code number from the actuarial documents.
- H. Stage:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Stage abbreviations as shown below.

STAGE EXPLANATION

"P"..... Acreage abandoned without consent, put to other use without consent, damaged solely by uninsured causes, for which the insured failed to provide records of production which are acceptable to the insurance provider, or from which production was sold by direct marketing if the insured failed to meet the requirements contained in the crop provisions (also refer to the Special Provisions).

"H" Harvested.

"UH" Unharvested or put to other use with consent.

GLEANED ACREAGE: Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.

I. **Intended or Final Use**: Use of acreage. Use the following "Intended Use" abbreviations.

<u>USE</u> <u>EXPLANATION</u>

"WOC" Other use without consent.

"SU" Solely uninsured.

"ABA" Abandoned without consent.

"H"..... Harvested. "UH"..... Unharvested.

Verify any "Intended Use" entry. If the final use of the acreage was not as indicated, strike out the original line and initial it. Enter all data on a new line showing the correct "Final Use."

GLEANED ACREAGE: Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.

J. **Appraised Potential:** Per-acre appraisal in whole pounds of POTENTIAL production for the acreage appraised. Refer to appraisal methods for additional instructions.

NOTE: If there is no potential on "UH" acreage, enter "0."

K₁. - L. MAKE NO ENTRY.

- M. + Uninsured Cause: EXPLAIN IN THE NARRATIVE.
 - a. Hail and Fire exclusion NOT in effect.
 - (1) Enter NOT LESS than the insured-s production guarantee per acre in whole pounds for the line (calculated by multiplying the elected coverage level percentage times the approved APH yield per acre shown on the APH form) for any "P" stage acreage.

NOTE: On preliminary inspections, advise the insured to keep the harvested production from any acreage damaged SOLELY by uninsured causes separate from other production.

- (2) For acreage that is damaged PARTLY by uninsured causes, enter the APPRAISED UNINSURED loss of production per acre in whole pounds, for any such acreage.
- b. Refer to the LAM when a Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect and damage is from hail or fire.
- c. Enter the result of adding uninsured cause appraisals to hail and fire exclusion appraisals.

NOTE: For fire losses, if the insured also has other fire insurance (double coverage), refer to the LAM.

- N. **Adjusted Potential:** Column "J" plus Column "M" in whole pounds.
- O. **Total to Count:** Column "C" or "C₁" (actual acres) times Column "N," in whole pounds.
- P. **Per Acre:** Per Acre Guarantee Enter the per-acre production guarantee from the insured=s policy.
- Q. **Total:** Column "C₂" (**reported** acres; "C" if acreage is not under-reported) times Column "P," to tenths.
- 16. **Total Acres:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Total Actual Acres [Column "C" (or "C₁" if there are under-reported acres)], to tenths.

NOTE: FOR ITEM 17. WHEN SEPARATE LINE ENTRIES ARE MADE FOR VARYING SHARES, STAGES, APH YIELDS, PRICE ELECTIONS, TYPES, ETC., WITHIN THE UNIT, AND TOTALS NEED TO BE KEPT SEPARATE FOR CALCULATING INDEMNITIES, MAKE NO ENTRY AND FOLLOW THE INSURANCE PROVIDER-S INSTRUCTIONS; OTHERWISE, MAKE THE FOLLOWING ENTRIES.

17. **Totals:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Total of Column "O" and total of Column "Q."

NARRATIVE:

If more space is needed, document on a Special Report, and enter "See Special Report." Attach the Special Report to the Production Worksheet.

- a. If no acreage is released on the unit, enter "No acreage released," adjuster=s initials, and date.
- b. If notice of damage was given and "No Inspection" is necessary, enter the unit number(s), "No Inspection," date, and adjuster=s initials. The insured=s signature is not required.
- c. Explain any uninsured causes, unusual, or controversial cases.
- d. If there is an appraisal in Section I, Column "M" for uninsured causes due to a hail/fire exclusion, show the original hail/fire liability per acre and the hail/fire indemnity per acre.
- e. Document the actual appraisal date if an appraisal was performed prior to the adjuster=s signature date on the appraisal worksheet, and the date of the appraisal if not recorded on the appraisal worksheet.
- f. State that there is "No other fire insurance" when fire damages or destroys the insured crop, and it is determined that the insured has no other fire insurance. Also refer to the LAM.
- g. Explain any errors found on the Summary of Coverage.
- h. Explain any commingled production. Refer to the LAM.
- i. Explain any entry for "Production not to Count" in Section II, Column "O," and/or any production not included in Section II, Column "I" or Column "B" through "E" entries (e.g., harvested production from uninsured acreage that can be identified separately from the insured acreage in the unit).
- j. Explain "NO" checked in item 19.
- k. Attach a sketch map or aerial photograph to identify the total unit:
 - (1) If consent is or has been given to put part of the unit to another use;
 - (2) If uninsured causes are present; or
 - (3) For unusual or controversial cases.

NOTE: Indicate on the sketch map or aerial photograph, the disposition of acreage destroyed or put to other use or without consent.

- l. Explain any differences between date of inspection and signature dates. For an ABSENTEE insured, enter the date of the inspection AND the date of mailing the Production Worksheet for signature.
- m. When any other adjuster or supervisor accompanied the adjuster on the inspection, enter the code number of the other adjuster or supervisor and the date of inspection.

- n. Explain the reason for a "No Indemnity Due" claim. "No Indemnity Due" claims are to be distributed in accordance with the insurance provider=s instructions.
- o. Explain any delayed notices or delayed claims as instructed in the LAM.
- p. Document any authorized estimated acres shown in Section I, Column "C" as follows: "Line 3 'E' acres authorized by the insurance provider MM/DD/YYYY."
- q. Document the method and calculation used to determine acres for the unit. Refer to the LAM.
- r. Specify the type of insects, disease or wildlife when the insured cause of damage or loss is listed as insects, disease or wildlife. Explain why control measures did not work.
- s. Explain any ".000" QA factor entered in section II, Column "R." Enter the maximum price election for the county and the price received minus the harvest expense shown in the Special Provisions. Document any excess transportation costs or conditioning costs used to determine QA factor.
- t. Document the name and address of the charitable organization when gleaned acreage is applicable. Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.
- u. Document any other pertinent information, including any data to support any factors used to calculate the production.

SECTION II - HARVESTED PRODUCTION

GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (1) Account for ALL HARVESTED PRODUCTION (for **ALL ENTITIES** sharing in the crop) except production appraised BEFORE harvest and shown in Section I because the quantity cannot be determined later.
- (2) For production commercially stored, sold, etc., enter the name and address of, buyer, packinghouse, or processor as applicable in Columns "B" through "E." For fruit otherwise disposed of, indicate the disposition (sold at roadside stand, etc.).
- (3) If additional lines are necessary, the data may be entered on a continuation sheet. USE SEPARATE LINES FOR:
 - (a) Different FIRST handlers (buyers, packing houses, or processors). The insured must have maintained satisfactory records of ALL production sold. Verify any packing house or processor records.
 - **NOTE:** In all localities, if the first handler was not a packer or processor, the production will be determined by the adjuster on the basis of available records.
 - (b) Varying shares; e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on same unit.

- (c) Varying determinations of production (varying value, etc.).
- (4) There will generally be no harvested production entries in Columns "A₁" through "N" for preliminary inspections.

Verify or make the following entries:

Item

No. Information Required

18. **Date Harvest Completed:** (Used to determine if there is a delayed **notice** or delayed claim. Refer to the LAM.).

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL:

- a. The earlier of the date the ENTIRE acreage on the unit was (1) harvested, (2) totally destroyed, (3) put to other use, (4) a combination of harvested, destroyed, or put to other use, or (5) the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.
- b. If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), there is any unharvested insured acreage remaining on the unit that the insured does not intend to harvest, enter "**Incomplete**."
- c. If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), **none** of the insured acreage on the unit has been harvested, and the insured does not intend to harvest such acreage, enter "**No Harvest**."
- d. If the case involves a Certification Form, enter the date from the Certification Form when the entire unit is put to another use, etc. Refer to the LAM.

19. **Similar Damage:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Check "Yes" or "No." Check "Yes" if amount and cause of damage due to insurable causes is similar to the experience of other farms in the area. If "No" is checked, explain in the Narrative.

- 20. **Assignment of Indemnity:** Check "Yes" **only** if an assignment of indemnity is in effect for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the LAM.
- 21. **Transfer of Right to Indemnity:** Check "Yes" **only** if a transfer of right to an indemnity is in effect for the unit for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the LAM.
- A₁. **Share:** RECORD ONLY VARYING SHARES on SAME unit to three decimal places.

- A₂. **Field ID:** If only one practice and/or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, MAKE NO ENTRY.
 - If more than one practice and/or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, and a separate approved APH yield exists, indicate for each practice/type the corresponding Field ID (from Section I, Column "A").
- B. E. **Length or Diameter, Width, Depth, Deduction:** For production sold, enter name and address of the **Buyers, Packing house, or Processor**. For fruit otherwise disposed of, indicate the method of disposition (sold at roadside stand, etc.).
- F. H. MAKE NO ENTRY.
- I. **Bu., Ton, Lbs., Cwt.:** Circle "Lbs." in column heading. Production in whole pounds as determined by delivery records, production recaps, sales receipts from processors (must be NET WEIGHT), etc.
- J. M₂. MAKE NO ENTRY.
- N. **Adjusted Production:** Enter whole pounds from Column "I."
- O. **Prod. Not to Count:** Net production NOT to count in whole pounds, WHEN ACCEPTABLE RECORDS IDENTIFYING SUCH PRODUCTION ARE AVAILABLE, from harvested acreage which has been assessed an appraisal of not less than the guarantee per acre, or from other sources (e.g., acreage damaged solely by uninsured causes).

NOTE: THIS ENTRY MUST NEVER EXCEED PRODUCTION SHOWN ON THE SAME LINE. EXPLAIN ANY "PRODUCTION NOT TO COUNT" IN THE NARRATIVE.

- P. **Production:** Result of subtracting the entry in Column "O" from the entry in Column "N," in whole pounds.
- Q₁. **Value:** When applicable, for harvested sold production eligible for quality adjustment due to hail or freeze damage (refer to the Special Provisions), enter the value received less the amount for harvesting as shown in the Special Provisions. Entry must not be less than zero. Make no entry for harvested unsold production.
- Q_2 . **MKT. Price:** If an entry is in column " Q_1 ," enter the maximum price election for the county.
- R. **Quality Factor:** For harvested sold production eligible for quality adjustment (refer to the Special Provisions), enter the 3-digit quality adjustment factor determined by the result of Q_1 divided by Q_2 .
- S. **Production to Count:** Enter the result from multiplying Column "P," times the entry in Column "R" in whole pounds.

NOTE: FOR ITEMS 22-24. WHEN SEPARATE LINE ENTRIES ARE MADE FOR VARYING SHARES, STAGES, APH YIELDS, PRICE ELECTIONS, TYPES, ETC., WITHIN THE UNIT, AND TOTALS NEED TO BE KEPT SEPARATE FOR CALCULATING INDEMNITIES, MAKE NO ENTRY AND FOLLOW THE INSURANCE PROVIDER-S INSTRUCTIONS; OTHERWISE, MAKE THE FOLLOWING ENTRIES.

22. **Section II Total:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Total of Column "S," in whole pounds.

23. **Section I Total:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Enter figure from Section I, Column "O" total.

24. Unit Total:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Total of 22 and 23 in whole pounds.

25. **Adjuster=s Signature, Code #, and Date:** Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed **after** the insured (or insured=s authorized representative) has signed. For an absentee insured, enter adjuster=s code number ONLY. The signature and date will be entered AFTER the absentee has signed and returned the Production Worksheet.

NOTE: Final indemnity inspections should be signed on the bottom line.

26. **Insured**s **Signature and Date:** Insured (or insured and authorized representative) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining insured signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Production Worksheet WITH THE INSURED, particularly explaining codes, etc., which may not be readily understood.

NOTE: Final indemnity inspections should be signed on the bottom line.

27. **Page Numbers:**

PRELIMINARY: Page numbers – "1," "2," etc., at the time of inspection.

FINAL: Page numbers - (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

PRODUCTION WORKSHEET
(FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY)

Blueberrie		0010		Legai Descri W 1-96N -30	-		(J	FOR ILI	JUSTR	.ATION	PURPO	DSES ONL	Y)	8 Name of Inst	irea	I. M. Insu	ıred		
0019		-]	į-			7	7 Compan	ı y	Any Co	ompany				9 Claim #	xxxxxx	v	11 C	rop Year YYY	v
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5 Cause of		Hail			1		Agency_		A	ny Agenc	<u>Y</u>			14 Date(s)	1 st	2 ⁿ	-	Final	
6 Primary C	ause %	100)		+	-								Notice of Loss	MM/DD/	YYYY		MM/I	DD/YYYY
12 Addition	al Units	0020	00											15 Companion	Policy(s)				
13 Est. Prod	l. Per Acre	3500	0																
		AGE A	PPRAI	SED, PRO	ODUCTION	I AND A	DJUSTN	MENTS											
ACTUARI	AL								POT	ENTIAL					1	s	TAGE C	UARANTE	E
Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I		ј -	- K ₁	L	М	N	0		P		Q
Field ID	Prelim Acres	Final Acres	Interes		k Practice	e Class Variety	Stage	Intended of Final Use				Shell and/or Quality Factor	+ Uninsured Cause	Adjusted Potential	Total to (C x		Per Acre		Total C x P)
_ <u>A</u>		5.0	1.00	00 A0	002	002	UH	UH	2	2587 -				2587	12,9	935	3,500		17,500
B1		9.0	1.00	00 A0	002	002	Н	Н		-							3,500		31,500
B2 M/D		1.0	1.00	00 A0	002	002	P	WOC					3500	3500	35	00	3,500		3,500
16 TC		15.0												17 TOTALS	10,				52,500
													ent, see attach		Report for	measurer	nents.	Field A a	ppraised
						ent. Val	ue of s	old produ	action \$.48 per l	b \$.15	per lb. for h	narvesting = \$.	33 per lb.					
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18 Date	Harvest		ted M/DD/Y	′ ∨∨∨			19	Yes 🛛	e similar	to other t	farms in the	e area?	20 Assign Yes □	ment of Inde	,	21		sfer of Righ ndemnity?	it IO
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MEASU	REMENT	s			GROSS	PRODUC	TION		ADJU	STMENT	S TO HAP	RVESTED PI	RODUCTION						
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Share	Length	+		+	+	Conver-	Gross	Bu. Ton	Shell/	FM%	Moisture%		Adjusted		Production	Value	(Quality	Production
Field ID	or Diameter	Width	Depth	Deduc- tion	Net Cubic Feet	sion Factor	Prod. (F x G)	(Lbs.) Cwt.	Sugar Factor	Factor	Factor	Factor	Production (HorI) xJxK ₂ xL ₂ xM ₂	Prod. Not To Count	(N – O)	Mkt. Price		Factor Q ₁ ÷ Q ₂)	To Count (P X R)
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AUGUST 2002 33

FCIC-25550 (BLUEBERRY)

NOTES

TABLE A - MINIMUM REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE REQUIREMENTS FOR HAND HARVESTED HIGHBUSH AND RABBITEYE BLUEBERRIES

Acres in Field or Sub field	Recommended Minimum Number of Samples*
0.1 - 1.0	2 Samples
1.1 - 3.0	3 Samples
3.1 - 5.0	4 Samples
5.1 - 10.0	5 Samples
10.1 - 40.0	6 Samples
40.1 and greater	1 additional sample per 10.0 acres

^{*} One sample equals four consecutive bushes. Samples should be chosen from representative areas of the field or sub field.

Supplemental Sample Size and Appraisal Information

- A. Use of less than the "Recommended Minimum Number of Samples" is authorized on a unit basis in the situations outlined below if the bushes selected for sampling are representative of the field or sub field (refer to subsection 4).
 - 1. The appraised production from at least 60 percent of the samples is within 10 percent of the average appraisal for the samples. Sampling of the remaining 40 percent is optional.

EXAMPLE: Five samples are to be taken. The first 3 samples are within 10 percent of the average appraisal as follows:

Sample Number	Appraisal in Pounds	Average Appraisal in Pounds	Percent of Average Appraisal
1	2000	1900	1.05
2	1800	1900	.95
3	1900	1900	1.00
Total	5,700 lbs. ÷ 3	samples = 1900 lbs. Ave	rage Appraisal

NOTE: If quality adjustment applies and the quality for the samples is comparable, use of the remaining 2 samples is optional.

2. The appraised production from at least 60 percent of the samples indicates that the appraised production per acre will exceed the per acre guarantee. Sampling of the remaining 40 percent is optional.

EXAMPLE: A 10.0 acre field has a production guarantee per acre of 3,500 pounds. Five samples are to be taken. The appraisal for the first 3 samples averaged 3,800 pounds per acre which exceeds the 3,500 pound per acre guarantee. Use of the remaining 2 samples is optional. Where quality adjustment applies and the quality for the samples is comparable, use of the remaining 2 samples is optional.

- 3. The appraised production from at least 60 percent of the samples indicates there will be a "zero" value for production to count.
 - **EXAMPLE:** Five samples are to be taken. The first 3 samples have insurable damage resulting in a "zero" appraisal, the remaining 2 samples are optional. Where quality adjustment applies and the quality for the samples is comparable, use of the remaining 2 samples is optional.
- B. Pick, sample, and, if applicable, calculate the quality adjustment percentage for production damaged by hail or freeze from each sample. Record the results separately for each sample on the appraisal worksheet (refer to subsection 5).

TABLE B - MINIMUM REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE REQUIREMENTS FOR MACHINE HARVESTED HIGHBUSH AND RABBITEYE BLUEBERRIES

Harvest sample berries from the entire length of row in the field or subfield.

Harvest a minimum 5 percent of the rows in the field or subfield for sampling. Calculate percentages and round decimals up to the next whole number.

A minimum of 1 row per field or subfield will be sampled.

EXAMPLES: 20 rows in the field times 5% = 1.0 or 1 sample row. 23 rows in the field times 5% = 1.2 (round up to 2 sample rows).

TABLE C - MINIMUM REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINE LOWBUSH BLUEBERRIES

Acres in Field or Sub field	Number of Transects*	Samples Required				
0.1 to 10.0	3	6				
10.1 and above	Add 1 transect (2 samples) for each additional 5 acres (or fraction thereof) in the field or sub field					

^{*}Take one sample (one square meter) at the 100 foot measurement and a second sample at the 200 foot measurement of each transect, two samples per transect.

TABLE D - NUMBER OF BUSHES PER ACRE

					Distance B	Setween Bush	es (in feet)				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	1	43560	21780	14520	10890	8712	7260	6223	5445	4840	4356
	2	21780	10890	7260	5445	4356	3630	3111	2726	2420	2178
	3	14520	7260	4840	3630	2904	2420	2074	1815	1613	1452
	4	10890	5445	3630	2723	2178	1815	1556	1361	1210	1089
et)	5	8712	4356	2904	2178	1742	1452	1245	1089	968	871
Distance Between Rows (In feet)	6	7260	3630	2420	1815	1452	1210	1037	908	807	726
(S)	7	6223	3111	2074	1556	1245	1037	889	778	691	622
NO.	8	5445	2723	1815	1361	1089	908	778	681	605	545
n R	9	4840	2420	1613	1210	968	807	691	605	538	484
vee	10	4356	2178	1452	1089	871	726	622	545	484	436
Betv	11	3960	1980	1320	990	792	660	566	495	440	396
၉	12	3630	1815	1210	908	726	605	519	454	403	363
[an	13	3350	1675	1117	838	670	558	479	419	372	335
)ist	14	3111	1556	1037	778	622	519	444	389	346	311
	15	2904	1452	968	726	581	484	415	363	323	290
	16	2723	1361	908	681	545	454	389	340	303	272
	17	2562	1281	854	641	512	427	366	320	285	256
	18	2420	1210	807	605	484	403	346	303	269	242
	19	2293	1146	764	573	459	382	328	287	255	229
	20	2178	1089	726	545	436	363	311	272	242	218

NOTE: For spacing not shown on the chart, multiply the distance between bushes (to the nearest tenth of a foot) times the distance between rows (to the nearest tenth of a foot) and divide the result into 43,560 square feet (round result to the nearest whole number).

Example: 6.5 ft. between bushes X 10.0 ft. between rows = 65.0 sq. ft.; so: 43,560 sq. ft. \div 65.0 sq. ft. = 670.2 or 670 bushes per acre.

NOTES

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