



MISSISSIPPI GUIDEBOOK FOR INCARCERATED VETERANS



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FOREWORD

A report from the Department of Justice by C. J. Mumola (January 18, 2000) on “Veterans in Prison or Jail,” found that while there was a 9% decrease in the number of veterans in the U.S. between 1985 and 1998, there was a 46 percent increase in the number of veterans who had been incarcerated. These veterans were more likely to have been first time offenders who had been employed full-time, prior to incarceration. However, their sentences were more than four years longer than non-veterans and they reported a higher incidence of homelessness prior to incarceration. This combination of first time offenders with longer sentences and pre-existing social problems reflect a need for special services among veterans leaving incarceration.

This guidebook is designed to help veterans identify options for addressing those special needs and to ease the transition from state and federal prisons or local jails for veterans who are incarcerated. It is meant to serve as a reference tool for veterans who are interested in gaining access to services at the federal state or local level. It identifies federal benefits for which you may be eligible and provides a framework for filing claims for benefits or seeking reinstatement of benefits for which you may have already been determined eligible. Finally, it provides addresses for resources or links to web sites that might be beneficial and a checklist for use in preparing for your release. It is our hope that this guidebook will support your re-entry efforts, ease your quest for reunification with family and friends, identify resources for medical, mental health or substance abuse treatment, and provide guidance for obtaining disability payments, employment, training, or rehabilitation.

Be aware, this guidebook is designed to assist veterans incarcerated, in the State of Mississippi, and their families, Local and State information will vary from state to state.

Thank you,

***Healthcare for Homeless Veterans Program
Jackson, MS***

Agency staff names and addresses, phone numbers and website addresses change. If you attempt to contact one of the resources in this guidebook and it is not current, do your best to obtain the current information through phone information or a Google web search. To perpetuate the value of this document, we respectfully request that if you discover any incorrect, conflicting, or out-of-date information in this Guidebook please send the discrepancies, and updated information if you have it, to:

Program Coordinator
Healthcare for Homeless Veterans Program
G.V. (Sonny) Montgomery VA Medical Center
1500 E. Woodrow Wilson Avenue
Jackson, MS 39216

We would like to recognize and thank: 1) the National Coalition for Homeless Veterans which provided basic concepts and core information for this guide through its “Planning for Your Release” guide funded by the U.S. Department of Labor; 2) the Veterans Incarcerated Workgroup of Walla Walla, Washington, for the concept of state-specific information in its “Guidebook for Incarcerated Veterans” and for allowing the use of its guide as a template for this publication; 3) Vietnam Veterans of America, Inc. for developing the first incarcerated veterans guidebook, which has inspired and informed subsequent efforts; and 4) any public domain and agency resources included in the guidebook.

Date last revised: January 18, 2006

SECTION I

USING THE GUIDE AND SEEKING HELP

This booklet is for your use as a pre-release planning guide or a post-release reference guide, for various resources. It includes addresses, phone numbers, and web sites that you can use to find out about programs and other help available after your release. You may want to ask a friend or family member to help you find the information you need if you don't have access to a phone or the Internet. Keep in mind that this guidebook only identifies resources that are available in this state, to support your transition from incarceration. What is available in one area may be different from what is available in another, so be sure to check with local providers to learn about services in your area.

While you are in prison, find out which unit in your facility can help you plan for your release. Classes may be offered so you can work on skills development and prepare for life after release. **You don't want to risk homelessness once you are released, so take advantage of the opportunities available to you.**

Begin thinking specifically about what you will need upon release. Ask yourself these kinds of questions: Will I need housing? Will I need medical, substance abuse, or mental health care? Do I need to learn a job skill? Do I have legal issues, such as child support or unpaid fines? How do I restart my VA checks or Supplemental Security Income (SSI)?

Make a list of your needs. Remember that this is just a tool to help you get organized.

A sample list might look like this:

- I need a place to live.
- I need a job.
- I need clothing to wear to work.
- I need to find out what benefits I can get as a veteran.
- I want to get addictions treatment.
- I owe child support.

Think about your list as you read through this guide. Who do you think can help you with each of your needs? Is there one organization that may be able to work with you, on many different things, or do you need to contact several agencies? Keep track of the steps you take, including the dates and names of people you contact for information or assistance. Although this guide provides *national and state* addresses for many organizations, we recommend you **check your phone book for local, county, and state agencies that know what help is available in your area.**

When writing a letter to request information, **be clear.** Keep your letter short, to the point, and write legibly. Include the following information:

- Your name and contact information.
- A brief statement about your current situation.
- Your specific request.
- What you have done so far (Example: I have written to _____ X _____ organization and they suggested I contact you).
- Any restrictions for mailings (Example: Mail with staples or paper clips will not be accepted by my prison facility).

When contacting an agency for help by mail, email or phone, **be persistent and polite** in order to get results. Ask questions if information is not clear to you. Remember that many organizations are staffed by volunteers who are eager to help, but may not have the answers you are looking for. If **someone cannot help you, ask who can.**

The Internet can also be a helpful tool to find information concerning VA benefits and community resources in your area. This guide includes web addresses, when available. If computer access is not available at your facility, you can visit the public library after release. Computer access may also be provided at WorkForce Investment Network Centers also known as Employment Security Department offices (referred to as WIN Job Service Centers or Unemployment Offices).

SECTION II

HELP FOR VETERANS.

This section includes resources that can help you get back on your feet. Check the local phone book yellow pages under "Homeless" or "Social Service Organizations" for a list of many local organizations that offer different services, which may include clothing, public transportation tokens, emergency shelter, and more. You may need to contact several agencies to find all the services you need.

Services provided by *government* agencies are listed in the blue pages found near the middle of the phone book. Check with your local Public Assistance Office to find out what programs are available and what their guidelines are. We have included some guidance below, but your local organizations are your best resources. **Remember, it never hurts to ask!**

Some organizations may have waiting lists, require an interview, or have specific rules about whom they serve. You may even ask how long is the waiting and if your name can be placed on a waiting list to coincide with your release date. It is best if you **start asking about services and requirements now**, so that you will be prepared when you are released.

- Every **VA Medical Center** has a **Health Care for Homeless Veterans (HCHV) Coordinator** who is responsible for helping homeless veterans access VA and community-based care. The HCHV program provides outreach, clinical assessments and referrals for medical and mental health care, long-term transitional residential assistance, case management and employment assistance with linkage to permanent housing. To locate the nearest HCHV Coordinator call 1-877-222-8387 or go to www.va.gov/homeless/page.cfm?pg=21.
- **Mississippi Veterans Affairs Board** provides assistance with Veterans benefits & entitlement information, VA claims process, representation and advocacy, State Veterans Homes for those in need of nursing care, and employment assistance through federal funded reintegration projects. Call 1-877-203-5632 or go to www.vab.state.ms.us.

- **National Coalition for the Homeless** has a directory of shelters and homeless assistance programs online at www.nationalhomeless.org. This does not list every program in the country, so be sure to check your phone book for local programs.

TOLL-FREE NUMBERS

Crisis and other toll-free numbers are often listed in the front cover or first few pages of the phone book. You may also want to check under "Social Services" in the blue or yellow pages for hotlines and local numbers.

- **US Department of Veterans Affairs** — www.va.gov
 - ✓ Benefits: 1-800-827-1000
 - ✓ Medical Centers: 1-877-222-8387, or www.visn16.med.va.gov
 - ✓ Persian Gulf War Helpline: 1-800-749-8387
- **Focus On Recovery Helpline** - A 24-hour national alcohol and drug abuse addiction and treatment hotline: 1-800-888-9383
- **National AIDS Hotline** - Talk to someone who knows about HIV / AIDS and can tell you about AIDS services in your city or state: 1-800-822-7422
- **National Coalition for Homeless Veterans** — www.nchv.org, 1-800-838-4357
- **National Suicide Support Number** - 1-888- 784-2433 (1-888-SUICIDE)

Directory of Homeless & Housing Advocacy Coalitions

The following is a list of Homeless and Housing Advocacy Coalitions for the State of Mississippi. Not all of these coalitions provide direct services, but they may be able to tell you about local programs or services.

- **Balance of State Continuum of Care**, Shirley Deville, Point of Contact, P.O. Box 905, Meridian, MS 39302, (601) 483-4838.
- **Open Doors Continuum Care**, Roberta Avila, 1012 Division Street, Gulfport, MS 39533, (509) 525-2570.
- **Partners to End Homelessness Continuum of Care**, Patricia Colwell, 258 Maddox Road, Jackson, MS 39212, (601) 923-3950.

HOUSING

It is important to know that you have a place to go when released. The first step in returning to the community is finding a place to stay. This section includes ways to locate emergency shelter, transitional programs, and permanent housing assistance. Transitional or temporary housing can serve as a step toward full independence upon your release. However, there are often waiting lists for housing assistance programs, so you should ask about applying as soon as possible. If you are released and find yourself homeless, emergency assistance is available.

Domiciliary care for Homeless Veterans (DCHV)

The Domiciliary Care for Homeless Veterans (DCHV) Program provides biopsychosocial treatment and rehabilitation to homeless veterans. The program provides residential treatment to approximately 5,000 homeless veterans with health problems each year and the average length of stay in the program is 4 months. The domiciliary conducts outreach and referral; vocational counseling and rehabilitation; and post-discharge community support. To find the nearest one in Mississippi go to www.visn16.med.va.gov.

Emergency and Transitional Housing

Look in the phone book **yellow pages** under "Social Service Organizations" for local shelters or organizations that may be able to help. Look in the phone book **blue pages** under local, city, or county government Department of Social Services or "Human Services" or call the County Commissioner's Office for information about local low-income housing coalitions or homeless advocacy groups who may know what is available.

- To find out if there are homeless veteran service providers in your area, call 1-800- VET-HELP, write to NCHV, 333½ Pennsylvania Ave., SE Washington, DC 20003-1148, or go to www.nchv.org.
- To find a list of emergency shelters for men, women and families in every state, check the **Department of Housing and Urban Development** online at www.hud.gov/homeless/hmlsagen.cfm.

Directory of Local Homeless Service Organizations

- **Gateway Rescue Mission** - 328 Gallatin Street, Jackson, MS 39203, (601)353-5864
- **Stewpot Community Services** - 1008 W. Capitol Street, Jackson, MS 39203 (601)353-2759.
- **Salvation Army** - provides services, including shelter and transitional housing, for homeless individuals and families. For local services and information contact: - 426 W. Pascagoula Street, Jackson, MS 39205 (601)968-3999, for a Salvation Army in your area go online to <http://www.salvationarmyusa.org>.
- **United Way** - provides a variety of services through local organizations. Check the phone book for a local post or locate local organizations online at www.unitedway.org.

Long-term or Permanent Housing

Public housing waiting lists can be long, but the length of time can vary from place to place. Even if you are not sure where you want to live yet, apply to get on the waiting list so that you have as many options as possible. To learn how to apply, contact the local housing authority listed in the phone book blue pages under "Local Government, Public Housing Authority."

FINDING & KEEPING A JOB

Finding a job may be hard and can seem overwhelming, but it is possible and very important! When released you may find that you are completely starting over. You should ask for job counseling and training while incarcerated so you are prepared to work when released. **Don't wait** until you get out to start thinking about what you will do. **Start planning now!**

- **Local Veterans Employment Representatives (LVER)** and **Disabled Veterans Outreach Program (DVOP) specialist** assigned by the **State Employment Security Department** to help veterans find and keep jobs. LVERs are located with the local Workforce Investment Network Center or Job Service Centers (JSC). DVOP Specialists work under the supervision of the LVER to develop job and training opportunities for veterans with service-connected disabilities, linking veterans with employers and making sure follow-up services are provided. To find a LVER or DVOP near you, visit your state employment service office listed in the phone book blue pages under "State Government, Employment Security Department."

- **Work Opportunity Tax Credit** The Work Opportunity Tax Credit (WOTC) can save an employer as much as \$2,400 in taxes when they hire a worker who historically has had a hard time obtaining a job. And it's easy. All an employer has to do is hire a qualified worker, fill out the Pre-Screening Notice (8850) and Individual Characteristics Form (9061) and drop them in the mail within 21 calendar days from the start date of employment. An ex-felon who has a hiring date, which is not more than one year after the last date on which they were convicted or released from prison, and is a member of an economically **disadvantaged family is qualified for WOTC**. An employer can get a tax break of 40 percent up to the first \$6,000 of the wages paid to a qualified worker who worked at least 400 hours during the first year of employment. That adds up to a \$2,400 tax credit for filling a job they planned to fill anyway. However, if the new employee only works 120 to 399 hours an employer can still receive a credit of up to 25 percent of the qualified first year wages up to 6,000. This allows a credit amount up to \$1,500. The Employment Security Department is the "Right Connection" to the Work Opportunity Tax Credit. If an employer wants more information and forms, they can call the WOTC Unit at 1-800-669-9271.
- The Veterans Service Division, Washington Department of Veterans Affairs, provide employment and training services to homeless veterans to help them get back into the workforce through DOL-VETS funded **Homeless Veterans' Reintegration Projects (HVRP)**. HVRP assists veterans with job search preparation, vocational counseling, occupational skills training, on-the-job training, trade skills certification and licensing, and job placement assistance and referral to supportive services. To find out if you may be eligible and how to access HVRP contact U.S. Department of Labor at 1-866-4-USA-DOL.
- The VA's **Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment** services help veterans with service-connected disabilities by providing job training and counseling to those who have an employment handicap. Services include help finding a job, on-the-job training, job development, and vocational training. If you are not eligible for these services, a VA counselor may help you find other options or programs. Contact your VA Regional Office (VARO) at 1-800-827-1000, or go to www.ba.va.gov/bln/vre/regional_offices.htm.
- Through its' **Veterans Industries and Compensated Work Therapy Programs**, the VA offers structured work opportunities. Some VA's offer supervised therapeutic housing for at-risk and homeless veterans with physical, mental health and addictions problems working in the Veterans Industries and Compensated Work Therapy Program. Some VA's

contract with private industry and the public sector for work by these veterans, who learn job skills, re-learn successful work habits, and regain a sense of self-esteem. Veterans are paid for their work and given assistance with employment in the community. In Mississippi, the VA currently has Veterans Industries Programs located at the following medical centers, G.V. (Sonny) Montgomery VA Medical and the Gulf Coast VA Health Care System For further information go to www1.va.gov/vetind.

- The State of Mississippi has a **Vocational Rehabilitation** program that helps people with disabilities find and keep jobs. Apply for these services immediately after your release. Look in the phone book blue pages under "Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS)," then "Vocational Rehabilitation," or search the internet for "Vocational Rehabilitation" in your state.

VA HEALTH CARE

If eligible for veteran's benefits:

- We encourage you to enroll in the VA Health Benefits System as soon as you are released. Every **VA Medical Center** has a **Health Care for Homeless Veterans Coordinator** who helps veterans and their families find resources inside and outside the VA Health Care system. Call 1-877-222-8387 or go to www.visn16.med.va.gov, to find the medical center nearest you.

Central Mississippi

**G.V. (Sonny) Montgomery
VA Medical Center**
1500 E. Woodrow Wilson
Jackson, MS 39216
(601) 362-4471

Gulf Coast Mississippi

**VA Gulf Coast Veteran
Health Care System**
400 Veterans Ave.
Biloxi, MS 39531
(228) 523-5000

North Mississippi

Memphis VAMC
1030 Jefferson Avenue
Memphis, TN 38104
(901) 577-7251

If ineligible for veteran's benefits, free or low-cost health care may be available from the following sources:

- **Department of Human Services (DHS)** can tell you where to find health care facilities for the homeless. Check the phone book blue pages under local, city, or county government for the number or contact 1-800-345-6347 for the nearest office.
- **National Health Care for the Homeless Council** has a list of health care providers working with homeless people across the nation. For a list of providers in your state, go to www.nhchc.org.
- **Free clinics** are run by many local organizations and communities. Look in the phone book blue pages under "Public Health" to contact local government office for clinics in your area.

Special Health Information for Veterans:

- If you think you may be at risk for AIDS and HIV infection after your release, contact the nearest VA Medical Center to get tested, and seek counseling. Those at highest risk for AIDS and HIV infection are:
 - people who share needles or syringes to inject drugs or steroids;
 - men who have sex with other men;
 - those born to mothers who have HIV;
 - people who received blood transfusions before 1985;
 - anyone who has sex with anyone who is at risk for HIV / AIDS.
- Veterans, homeless, and those who are incarcerated are at high risk for **Hepatitis C** (HCV), a serious disease that can cause cirrhosis (scarring of the liver) and liver cancer. If you think you are at risk after your release, contact the nearest VA Medical Center to get tested and seek HCV counseling. You are at risk if:
 - you ever used a needle to inject drugs;
 - you had a blood transfusion or organ transplant before 1992;
 - you were a health care worker and had contact with blood;

- you were on long-term kidney dialysis;
- your mother had hepatitis C when she gave birth to you.
- The Veterans Health Administration also recommends testing if:
 - you are a Vietnam-era veteran;
 - you have had exposure to blood on your skin;
 - you have had multiple sex partners;
 - you have tattoos or body piercing;
 - you have ever snorted cocaine;
 - you have liver disease;
 - you have a history of drinking a lot of alcohol;
 - you have had an abnormal liver function test.

MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

If eligible for veterans' benefits:

- Contact the Homeless Veteran Services Coordinator at the local **VA Medical Center** or **Vet Center**. Call 1-877-222-8387 to or go to www.visn16med.va.gov, to find the medical center nearest you.

CENTRAL MISSISSIPPI

Jackson Vet Center
 1755 Lelia Drive, Suite 104
 Jackson, MS 39216
 Phone: (601) 965-5727

GULF COAST MISSISSIPPI

Biloxi Vet Center
 288 Veterans Ave
 Biloxi, MS 39531
 Phone: (228) 388-9938

If not eligible for veterans' benefits, the following sources may be able to tell you where you can go to get help:

- **National Alliance for the Mentally Ill** lists community mental health services providers at: www.nami.org, or call 1-800-950-6264.

- **National Mental Health Association** offers support groups, rehabilitation, socialization, and housing services through 340 community organizations located across the country. Call 1-800-969-NMHA, or find a local office online at www.nmha.org.

SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT

If eligible for veterans' benefits:

- Contact the Chemical Dependency Treatment Program at the local **VA Medical Center**. Call 1-877-222-8387 to or go to www.visn16.med.va.gov, to find the medical center nearest you.

If not eligible for veterans' benefits, the following sources may be able to tell you where you can go to get help:

- The Department of Health and Human Services **Drug and Alcohol Treatment Referral Routing Service** can refer you to local programs. Call 1-800-662-4357.
- **Focus On Recovery Helpline** - A 24-hour national alcohol and drug abuse addiction and treatment hotline: 1-800-888-9383.

FINANCIAL HELP

- The American Legion provides **Temporary Financial Assistance**, (TFA) from its national headquarters to help maintain a stable environment for children of veterans. To obtain an application, look in the phone book to contact a local post, or contact the National Headquarters to find the post nearest you.
- If you are unemployed with little or no income, you may be able to get **food stamps**. A person may normally qualify for \$85 to \$100 worth of food stamps per month. Call the toll-free information number at 1-800-221-5689, or find a list of food stamp hotlines for each state at www.fns.usda.gov/fsp/contact_info/hotlines.htm. You can also contact the local Department of Human Services, many drop-in shelters, or legal aid services to ask for an application.
- **Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** benefits can be applied for **before** your release, even though you won't receive the benefits until after you are released. Food Stamps can be applied for together with SSI. Normally, it takes about three months to review an

application, so apply well before your release date. It is best to get help filling out the application. For detailed information or assistance, call 1-800- 772-1213, call or your local social security administration office listed in the phone book blue pages, or go to: <http://www.ssa.gov/notices/supplemental-security-income/>.

- **Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)** has a program called Emergency Food and Shelter Program to help prevent homelessness. Contact the local Office of the Mayor *or* United Way to ask who awards this money in your area and what the rules are.

LEGAL HELP

Veteran status issues:

- You should talk to a **Veterans Advocate Service Officer** for help with discharge upgrades, seeking benefits, and filing a VA claim (call 1-800-562-2308 for the nearest Service Officer).

Other legal issues:

- Most laws are state-specific. Most common legal problems are governed by the law in the state where you live or where the problem occurred. When looking for legal help, make sure that information you find applies to your state, or that the lawyer or other service provider is qualified to work in your state.
- The **American Bar Association** has a web site with guidelines about free legal services and links to directories of legal aid offices and pro-bono programs. Go to: www.abanet.org.
- **Legal Services or Legal Aid offices** have staff lawyers to provide free legal help to poor clients. The lawyers are usually experts in the types of problems that poor clients often have. Look in the yellow pages for a local Legal Aid office or check online for the program, nearest you.
- **Pine Tree Legal Assistance** has an online list of organizations across the nation that provides free legal help to clients who qualify. Go to www.ptla.org/links/services.htm.

- Lawyers in private practice sometimes volunteer in "pro-bono" programs to take cases for poor clients free of charge. Check the yellow pages to contact your **Local Bar Association** to learn if there is a pro-bono program in your community, or go to www.abanet.org/barserv/stlobar.html.

WOMEN VETERANS

- Most VA **Medical Centers** and readjustment offices have a designated Women Veterans Coordinator to assist women veterans in accessing VA benefit programs and healthcare services. Call 1-877-222-8387 or go to www.visn16.med.va.gov, to find the medical center nearest you.
- Many women in prison had similar histories, problems, and personal issues before their arrest and conviction. Mentors with **Women in Community Service (WICS)** help women preparing to leave prison and those who are just getting back into society. WICS' prison programs help women think about their behavior, gain job skills, and build self-esteem. For the **WICS SOUTHEAST REGION (AL,FL,GA,MS,NC,SC,TN)** 61 Forsyth St. NW , U.S. Department of Labor, Suite 6T95 , Atlanta, Georgia 30303-3104, (404) 562-2403/(800) 442-WICS (9427), Fax: (404) 562-2406, Email: bbrisco@wics.org or go to www.wics.org to find the nearest WICS program.

SECTION III

SEEKING FEDERAL BENEFITS

The Department of Veterans Affairs publishes a booklet called "**Federal Benefits for Veterans and Their Dependents**" that describes the types of benefits available and lists the addresses and phone numbers for VA facilities nationwide. Write the VA Regional Office (VARO) to request a copy. **U.S. Dept Of Veterans Affairs - Regional Office Jackson**, 1600 E. Woodrow Wilson Avenue, Jackson, MS 39216. Call 1-800-827-1000 or find information about benefits at www.vba.va.gov.

ELIGIBILITY FOR VA BENEFITS DURING INCARCERATION

Veterans incarcerated and incarcerated dependents may apply for the same compensation, dependency and indemnity compensation (DIC) service connected death benefits – and pension benefits as veterans who are not incarcerated. However, Congress has greatly restricted the amount of benefits that may be paid to a veteran or dependent while he or she is incarcerated. These benefits are institutionalized as part of law: *38 U.S.C Sec 5313 (a)*, *38 C.F.R., Sec. 3.665 (a), (d)*, which reads as follows:

If a veteran is incarcerated as the result of a "felony" conviction as defined by law: "Any offense punishable by death or imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, unless specifically categorized as a misdemeanor under the law of the prosecuting jurisdiction,"

Then, the amount paid to a veteran incarcerated for a service-connected disability is generally limited by law to the 10 percent disability rate, or half the amount of the ten percent rate if the veteran's disability rating is 10 percent. (If the veteran is rated before incarceration as 20 percent disabled or higher, he will receive only the amount payable to a 10 percent disabled veteran.) Incarcerated DIC recipients will receive one-half the amount paid to a veteran receiving compensation payments for a 10 percent-rated disability.

A veteran may not receive non-service connected VA pension benefits, or any portion of these benefits, while incarcerated for a felony. However, his family may receive an apportionment of such benefits under the procedure described above (See 38 C.F.R. Sec.3.666).

One important requirement for eligibility for VA benefits is that the veteran has to have been issued either an honorable or general discharge, or would have received one if not for re-enlisting. If a veteran had two periods of service, one honorable and the other less than honorable, he may still be eligible for VA benefits based on the honorable period of service.

VA Medical Care is not provided to veterans in prison, but VA health facilities may provide care to you after your release. Contact 1-877-222-8387 or go to www.visn16med.va.gov, to find the medical center nearest you.

BENEFITS PAYMENTS WHILE INCARCERATED

There is a 60-day "**grace period**" following a conviction when you may still receive full benefits. **To avoid an overpayment**, it is important that you notify the VARO immediately when you go to prison if you are receiving payments. If you do not notify the VA and receive overpayment, you and your family will lose all financial payments until the debt is paid.

*For example, Joe is a veteran who receives a VA pension of \$807 per month. He commits a crime and is incarcerated, but doesn't tell the VA right away and keeps getting paid for 6 months. **Joe is overpaid a total of \$4,872.** After serving his sentence of 18 months, he is released and applies to the VA to have his pension restarted. The new pension rate is \$830 per month, but the VA will use that amount to start repaying the \$4,872 debt. **Joe's first real check will start 5 months after he is released and will be for \$30!** Joe has to go at least 5 months without that income.*

Your award for compensation or pension benefits should resume from the date you are released, as long as the VA receives notice of release within one year. This includes placement in a community treatment center or halfway house. **Remember, you must notify the VA when you are released to restart your payments.**

APPORTIONMENT

Although legally, the veteran can only receive a portion of the full amount payable for his or her disability rating, the remaining balance may be "apportioned to the individual's dependent family." To apply for apportionment, send a letter to the VA Regional Office (VARO) that has jurisdiction over the veteran's case. VA regulations clearly specify this apportionment amount will only go to family members if they can show financial need for such amount. This applies to the spouse, children, or dependent parents who are involved in the application.

In deciding whether any apportionment is appropriate, the amount of the apportionment, and to whom it will go, the following factors are considered:

- The family member's income and living expenses;
- The amount of compensation available to be apportioned;
- The needs and living expenses of other family members; and
- Special needs of any of the family members.

For example: a veteran incarcerated rated as 80 percent disability can only receive the amount he or she would get if he or she were 10 percent disabled. However, his or her family may be apportioned up to 70 percent, the difference of the 80 percent rating. (DIC may also be apportioned with similar restrictions.)

There is a 60-day "**grace period**" following conviction where the veteran, or DIC recipient, may still receive full benefits. If the veteran continues to receive benefits after the 60-day period, it will result in an "over-payment". The VA considers it to be the recipient's responsibility and fault if this occurs because the recipient failed to notify the VA of his or her incarceration. Attempts to obtain a waiver in these situations of overpayment are often unsuccessful. As a rule, the veteran loses most, if not all, financial benefits until the entire overpayment is recovered by the VA. It has also been a standard procedure that the family will not be entitled to receive an apportionment until the debt is completely recovered.

For more information concerning VA debt collection rules that may affect the veteran incarcerated, telephone: 1-800-827-1000 and request a Veterans Service Organization representative or, write to a Veterans Service Organization (attention SR list) at the address listed on page seventeen in this document.

It is important that each disabled veteran receiving compensation or DIC payments promptly notify the VARO. Regular full benefit payments should begin upon release, providing the VA is notified of the veteran's release, including placement within a community treatment center or halfway house in the community, within one year of release.

One other relevant restriction on veteran's incarcerated eligibility for service connected disability compensation is that: "No total disability rating based on un-employability, may be assigned to an incarcerated veteran." It is important to remember that most VA decisions,

including those on apportionment, can be appealed to the Board of Veterans Appeals and, if need be, to the Court of Appeal for Veterans Affairs.

HELP SEEKING BENEFITS

If you would like to get benefits or think you have a pending claim before the VA, it is best to get professional help to assist you.

- Many **Veterans Service Organizations (VSO)** have trained staff who can help you with your VA claim, and can legally represent your claim before the VA. Some also help homeless and at-risk veterans find the support services they need. You can contact any VSO listed below to see if there is a service representative near you.

National & Department Service Officers are located at the VARO-Jackson unless otherwise noted. Address as follows:

[Service Organization Name]
Jackson Regional Office
1600 E. Woodrow Wilson Avenue
Jackson, MS 39216

VETERANS SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS AT THE REGIONAL OFFICE

<u>NAME OF ORGANIZATION</u>	<u>REPRESENTATIVE</u>	<u>TELEPHONE</u>
Disabled American Veterans	GERALD HUMPHRIES	(601) 364-7179
Paralyzed Veterans of America	TIMOTHY HICKS	(601) 364-7189
State Veterans Affairs Commission	JAMES YOUNG	(601) 364-7180
American Legion	JAMES CAKLDWELL	(601) 364-7182
American Red Cross	MERRILL DUNGEE	(601) 364-7186
Veterans of Foreign Wars	ALLEN THOMPSON	(601) 364-7182

Although we encourage you to seek the aid of a service representative, you may choose to apply for VA benefits on your own. Write the VARO or find the forms online at: www.va.gov/vaforms/. You can also apply for certain benefits online at: <http://vabenefits.vba.va.gov/vonapp/main.asp>. Below are brief descriptions of forms needed to file for certain VA benefits. Be sure you use a return address where mail will get to you as

quickly as possible. Make photocopies of all forms for your records before sending your packet to the VARO nearest you.

- **Standard Form-180 – Request Pertaining to Military Records** - is used to get copies of your Record of Discharge (DD-214), military personnel and medical records. You will need a copy of your DD-214 when applying for any benefits. Requests may also be completed online at <http://vetrecs.archives.gov>.
- **VA Form 21-526 - Application for Compensation or Pension**- must be filed to apply for compensation or pension. This form, along with your DD-214 and the following forms should be mailed directly to the VARO nearest your release destination 30 to 45 days before our release.
- **VA Form 21-4138 - Statement in Support of Claim** - lets you explain why you deserve the benefits you are asking for because of your disability or disorder. It is best to have an experienced service representative help you complete the form.
- **VA Form 21-4142 - Authorization for Release of Information** - If you have received medical or mental health care, that may be relevant to your claim, from anyone other than a VA Medical Facility, you need to fill out a **VAF 21-4142** giving permission for release of medical records to the VA.
- **VA Form 10-10EZ - Enrollment for Medical Benefits** - is used by the VA to determine if you can receive medical benefits. Complete the form and bring it with you to the VA medical facility where you will seek evaluation for treatment.
- **VA Form 28-1900 - Vocational Rehabilitation for Disabled Veterans** - is needed to apply for the vocational rehabilitation program to help veterans who were disabled during their service reach maximum independence in daily living, to learn the skills needed to get a job, and to find and keep a job. Send Form 28-1900 to the VARO in your area 10 to 15 day's before your release.
- **VA Form 70-3288 - Request for and Consent to Release of Information from Claimant's Records** is used to get records relevant to your claim from VA facilities (regional offices, medical centers, outpatient clinics, and vet centers). Request a fee waiver under section 38 C.F.R. Sec.1.526 (h), which requires the VARO to provide a veteran with one set of his or her records free of charge.

APPENDICES

CHECKLIST

Using This Guide

- Ask about classes or resources to help you plan for your release.
- Make a list of your needs.
- Make a list of who may be able to help you.
- Write letters and/or contact organizations by phone or email.
- Write down the steps you take so that you do not repeat them.

Just for Veterans

- Know where to call toll-free for help.
- Contact organizations about what services they have to offer.
- Think about your housing needs and gather information about what is available locally.
- Learn about job resources and create a plan to find a job.
- Learn about health issues, and what services are available.
- Learn about the resources available for substance abuse and mental health treatment in your area.
- Learn about your options to get financial help.
- Begin to take care of other legal issues.
- Learn about homeless veterans services.
- Learn about resources for women veterans
- If you are not currently receiving benefits, find out if you can or should be.
- If you are receiving benefits, notify the VA when you go to prison to avoid an overpayment.
- Contact a veteran service representative to represent you and help you file a claim.
- Apply for apportionment so that some of the money withheld may be given to eligible family members.



Can A Veteran Receive VA Benefits While In Prison?

VA can pay certain benefits to veterans who are incarcerated in a Federal, state or local penal institution. However, the amount we can pay depends on the type of benefit and reason for incarceration. This fact sheet provides information about the benefits most commonly affected by imprisonment.

How Will Your Imprisonment Affect The Payment Of:

VA Disability Compensation?

Your monthly payment will be reduced beginning with the 61st day of your imprisonment for a felony. If your payment before you went to prison was \$210 or more, your new payment amount will be \$108. If you were getting \$108 before you were imprisoned, your new payment will be \$54.

***Note:** If you are released from incarceration – participated in a work release or halfway house program, paroled, and completed sentence, your compensation payments will not be reduced.*

VA Disability Pension?

If you are imprisoned in a Federal, State or local penal institution as the result of conviction of a felony or misdemeanor, such pension payment will be discontinued effective on the 61st day of imprisonment following conviction.

Are You Eligible For VA Medical Care While Imprisoned?

While incarcerated veterans do not forfeit their eligibility for medical care, current regulations restrict VA from providing hospital and outpatient care to an incarcerated veteran who is an inmate in an institution of another government agency when that agency has a duty to give the care or services.

However, VA may provide care once the veteran has been unconditionally released from the penal institution. Veterans interested in applying for enrollment into the VA health care system should contact the nearest VA health care facility upon their release.

Can Your Spouse, Children Or Dependent Parent(s) Receive Any Of The Money Not Paid To You Because Of Imprisonment?

VA can take all or part of the amount of compensation you are not receiving and apportion it to your spouse, child or children and dependent parents on the basis of individual need. They should contact the nearest VA regional office for details on how to apply. They will be asked to provide income information as part of the application process.

Will Your Benefits Be Automatically Resumed When You Get Out Of Prison?

Your award for compensation or pension benefits shall be resumed the date of release from incarceration if the Department of Veterans Affairs receives notice of release within 1 year from following release. Depending on the type of disability, VA may schedule you for a medical examination to see if your disability has improved. You will need to visit or call your local VA regional office for assistance.

For More Information Call Toll-Free 1-800-827-1000

Or Visit Our Web Site At <http://www.va.gov>

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Resource Addresses/Sites

G. V. (Sonny) Montgomery VA Medical Center vaww.jackson.med.va.gov

Hinds County Human Resource Agency www.hchra.state.ms.us

Mississippi Veterans Affairs Board www.vab.state.ms.us

National Coalition for Homeless Veterans www.nchv.org/index.cfm

Social Security Administration www.ssa.gov/

Veterans Health Administration – VISN 16 www.visn16.med.va.gov/

US Department of Labor www.dol.gov/vets/programs/hvrp

US Dept of Veterans Affairs (USDVA) www.va.gov/

This publication is available in alternative format upon request. Please contact the Program Coordinator, Healthcare for Homeless Veterans at (601) 362-4471 ext. 5504