

# United States Department of Agriculture

# **National Agricultural Statistics Service**

**NASS Survey Processing System** 

Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA)

FINAL version 2.0

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## **REVISION AND HISTORY PAGE**

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### 1 Introduction

The Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is a process used to evaluate the impact that the NASS Survey Processing System has on individuals. The PIA process is designed to guide NASS Survey Processing System developers and operators in assessing privacy concerns and safeguards in computer application systems. The PIA should be initiated in the early stages of the development of a system and completed as part of the required System Life Cycle (SLC) and security reviews. Privacy is one component of system confidentiality and must be considered when requirements are being analyzed and decisions are being made about data usage and system design. A PIA describes the system and its data, any specific privacy concerns, and safeguards established to meet privacy needs. The USDA Privacy Coordinator must be involved in the PIA process.

### 1.1 Laws and Regulations

- Privacy act of 1974, as Amended (5 USC 552a);
- Computer Security Act of 1987, Public Law 100-235, ss 3 (1) and (2), codified at 15 U.S.C. 272, 278 g-4 and 278 h;
- Freedom of Information Act, as Amended (5 USC 552);
- The E-Government Act of 2002, U.S.C. 3531 et seq.

### 1.2 System Description

The NASS Survey Processing System is responsible for processing survey information to provide timely, accurate, and useful statistics in service to U.S. Agriculture. Market Sensitive Surveys include but are not limited to those which cover commodities that are traded on the Futures exchanges and production is concentrated in a small number of states. Knowledge of sensitive data would allow a person to anticipate the NASS Agricultural Statistics Board reports pertaining to the designated commodities.

#### **Function:**

Agricultural statistical survey processing and reporting.

Market Sensitive Commodities (Corn, Soybeans, Cotton, Wheat, Rice, Oats, Sugar Crops, Cattle and Hogs) are analyzed and summarized using NASS systems and all are summarized using NASS's Survey Processing System (SPS) on the Mainframe environment located at the National Information Technology Center (NITC) in Kansas City.

### **Platform:**

Data is stored on a NITC provided mainframe, which is an IBM 2064 linked to the NASS LAN.

Data is analyzed and summarized using NASS's Survey Processing System (SPS) on the Mainframe at NITC in Kansas City.

The mainframe system where the NASS Survey Processing System operates is logically protected by NITC perimeter firewalls. The firewall is used to place extra protection around a server, which is used to house data from the Internal Revenue Service that helps measure coverage. A CISCO VPN concentrator has been installed and there are test users, but this has not made this a production system for all remote users. NASS uses RSA tokens for users accessing the network remotely using their Internet Service Provider. Policies and procedures for password control,

rules of behavior, data segmentation and security classification have been developed for the system.

#### **Software:**

The software used for the bulk of the processing is SAS (base/AF). NITC provides an IDS system for continual scanning of the system for intrusions and unauthorized usage.

The underlying IBM Mainframe operating systems is MVS-OS. The operating system of the NITC network support environment consists of CISCO IOS and IPSO Checkpoint is installed.

### **Systems/Applications supported:**

Data is stored on a NITC provided IBM 2064 mainframe. The software used for the bulk of the processing is SAS (base/AF).

### **User organizations:**

The reports of agricultural statistics and forecasts have a wide user base and statistical reports of many types must be issued in a time critical fashion. There are approximately 150 internal users of the systems nationwide.

### 1.3 Contact Information

# (1) Who is the person completing this document? (Name, title, organization, and contact information).

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# 2 USDA PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT QUESTIONNAIRE

# 2.1 Data in the System

1.	Generally describe the information to be used in the system in each of the following categories: Customer, Employee, and Other.	The NASS Survey Processing System processes data that is collected from farmers and agribusinesses under a strict pledge of confidentiality. All information collected and processed by this system, including personally identifiable information, is protected by US Code: Title 7, 2276 – Confidentiality of Information.
2a.	What are the sources of the information in the system?	The population of farmers and agri-businesses.
2b.	What USDA files and databases are used? What is the source agency?	The NASS Survey Processing System uses secure SAS data sets, proprietary data files from our CATI system Blaisé, and FoxPro files to store and process the data.
2c.	What Federal Agencies are providing data for use in the system?	FSA.
2d.	What State and Local Agencies are providing data for use in the system?	None.
2e.	From what other third party sources will data be collected?	InfoUSA, Universities (extension), commodity organizations, trade magazines.
2f.	What information will be collected from the customer/employee?	The data collected are updates to existing personally identifiable information, such as name and address information, and data about their farms and agribusinesses, such as acres, economic data, and livestock numbers.
3a.	How will data collected from sources other than the USDA records and the customer be verified for accuracy?	Criteria questionnaire to the individual under review asking them to fill in the specifics for them.  Name information is not verified by inference from a source. Instead that is used to start a questionnaire as identified above.
3b.	How will data be checked for completeness?	The NASS Survey Processing System will be used to perform these checks

## 2.2 Data Access

1.	Who will have access to the data in the system (Users, Managers, System Administrators, Developers, Other)?	Data access is limited to only NASS employees who have a need to review the data for analytical purposes, and those system developers that support the system. Each employee must sign a pledge of confidentiality that carries severe legal penalties for violating the pledge.
2.	How is access to the data by a user determined? Are criteria, procedures, controls, and responsibilities regarding access documented?	Access is determined by the above signed pledge of confidentiality and the subject area being analyzed, such as crops, livestock, and economic areas of interest. Access is documented by our Technical Services Branch. Computer security staff shares access rights with business managers to ensure "need-to-know" access only.
3.	Will users have access to all data on the system or will the user's access be restricted? Explain.	Users will have access to only those data needed to carry out their assignments. There are appropriate managerial controls for this purpose.
4.	What controls are in place to prevent the misuse (e.g. browsing, unauthorized use) of data by those having access?	All NASS employees must sign a pledge of confidentiality that carries severe legal penalties for violating the pledge. Also the system has design features that allow only employees working on the particular subject area to gain access.
5a.	Do other systems share data or have access to data in this system? If yes, explain.	No.
5b.	Who will be responsible for protecting the privacy rights of the customers and employees affected by the interface.	N/A.
6a.	Will other agencies share data or have access to data in this system (International, Federal, State, Local, and Other)?	No.
6b.	How will the data be used by the agency?	It will only be used for statistical purposes.
6c.	Who is responsible for assuring proper use of the data?	The NASS Deputy Administrator for Products and Programs.

## 2.3 Data Attributes

1. Is the use of the data both relevant and	Yes.
necessary to the purpose for which the system is being designed?	

2a. Will the system derive new data or create previously unavailable data about an individual through aggregation from the information collected?	No.
2b. Will the new data be placed in the individual's record (customer or employee)?	N/A.
2c. Can the system make determinations about customers or employees that would not be possible without the new data?	No.
2d. How will the new data be verified for relevance and accuracy?	N/A.
3a. If data is being consolidated, what controls are in place to protect the data from unauthorized access or use?	The same controls that are in place for the raw data collected from farmers and agri-businesses. In this case consolidation refers to the normal process of aggregation of statistical data and not personally identifiable information.
3b. If processes are being consolidated, are the proper controls remaining in place to protect the data and prevent unauthorized access? Explain.	N/A.
4a. How will the data be retrieved? Can it be retrieved by personal identifier? If yes, explain.	Yes. The information is processed, prior to statistical aggregation, at the personal identifier level. In the case of the NASS Survey Processing System, a unique ID is assigned to each respondent, and that ID is used to retrieve and analyze the data.
<ul> <li>4b. What are the potential effects on the due process rights of customers and employees of: <ul> <li>consolidation and linkage of files and systems;</li> <li>derivation of data</li> <li>accelerated information processing and decision making;</li> <li>use of new technologies.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Our data providers have full protection and due process rights under US Code: Title 7, 2276 – Confidentiality of Information. None of the items listed here can be used to violate these rights to due process.
4c. How are the effects to be mitigated?	See above.

# 2.4 Maintenance of Administrative Controls

1a. Explain how the system and its use will ensure					The privacy and confidentiality of all data providers	
	1		of	customers	and	are covered equally by US Code: Title 7, 2276.
	employees.					

2a.	If the system is operated in more than one site, how will consistent use of the system and data be maintained in all sites?	This system operates in both a centralized mainframe environment and a distributed LAN environment. The NASS Survey Processing System is administered and controlled from our HQ site. Data processed in our Field Offices must meet the same rigor applied to our centralized mainframe environment. An extensive set of policy memoranda, instructions, and technical review teams that make regular site visits maintain the necessary consistency needed for statistical analysis and aggregation.
2b.	Explain any possibility of disparate treatment of individuals or groups.	This possibility does not exist because of the statistical use of the data.
2c.	What are the retention periods of data in this system?	Data is retained as long as the information is needed for survey data editing, analysis, estimation, and sampling. Data are retained for ten to fifteen years in electronic form.
2d.	What are the procedures for eliminating the data at the end of the retention period? Where are the procedures documented?	Data are expunged from electronic systems, and paper questionnaires are either sent to the National Archives or shredded. The documentation for these procedures is stored in our policy and procedures manuals and instructions. They can be found in our HQ library and in our Field Offices.
2e.	While the data is retained in the system, what are the requirements for determining if the data is still sufficiently accurate, relevant, timely, and complete to ensure fairness in making determinations?	Data are used only for statistical purposes and are deemed accurate, relevant, timely, and complete for such purposes as are necessary for the publication of statistical reports.
3a.	Is the system using technologies in ways that the USDA has not previously employed (e.g. Caller-ID)?	No.
3b.	How does the use of this technology affect customer/employee privacy?	N/A.
4a.	Will this system provide the capability to identify, locate, and monitor individuals? If yes, explain.	No
4b.	Will this system provide the capability to identify, locate, and monitor groups of people? If yes, explain.	No.
4c.	What controls will be used to prevent unauthorized monitoring?	All NASS employees must sign a pledge of confidentiality that carries severe legal penalties for violating the pledge. Also the system has design features that allow only employees working on the particular subject area to gain access.

5a. Under which Systems of Record notice (SOR) does the system operate? Provide number and name.	Only a few items on the survey questionnaires qualify under the Privacy Act of 1974 as systems of records. This system operates under USDA/NASS-1 Agricultural Survey Records.
5b. If the system is being modified, will the SOR require amendment or revision? Explain.	If the scope of the personal data maintained is modified, the System of Record will be modified, accordingly.

## 3 SUMMARY

This assessment describes the privacy concerns of the NASS Survey Processing System and its data. As privacy is one the components of system confidentiality this PIA must be considered anytime requirements are being analyzed and decisions are being made about data usage, security and system design.