



Fire Danger Area:

- Douglas FPA/BLM-ROD
- WX Zones: 616 & 617
- Silver B. & Grandad RAWS
 - * Meets NWCG Wx Station Standards

Fire Danger Interpretation:



EXTREME -- Use extreme caution

(Caution) -- Watch for change

Moderate -- Lower Potential, but always be aware

Maximum -- Highest Energy Release Component by day for 1998 - 2007

Average -- shows peak fire season over 10 years (1530 observations)
80th Percentile -- Only 20% of the 1530 days from 1998 - 2007
had an Energy Release Component above 54

Local Thresholds - Watch out: Combinations of any of these factors can greatly increase fire behavior: 20' Wind Speed over 15 mph, RH less than 27%, Temperature over 84, Woody fuel Moisture less than 80

Remember what Fire Danger tells you:

- Energy Release Component gives seasonal trends calculated from 2 pm temperature, humidity, daily temperature & rh ranges, and precip duration.
- √ Wind is NOT part of ERC calculation.
- Watch local conditions and variations across the landscape -- Fuel, Weather, Topography.
- Listen to weather forecasts -- especially WIND.

Past Experience:

- * These factors are a contributing factor to large fire growth *
- * 1000 Hour Fuel Moisture < 11%
- 100 Hour Fuel Moisture < 10%
- * Significant fire thresholds have been identified and occur at the 80 % percentile.
- * Steep slope and heavy fuel loading are prevalent throughout the area. These factors contribute to large fire growth and are a limiting factor for mechanized equipment.
- * In open timber stands and on south aspects the brush component may contain a high concentration of Black Berries. By late July these fuels are prone to intense runs, spotting, and are capable of producing FL exceeding 10 - 20 ft.

Responsible Agency: Douglas FPA / Oregon Dept. Forestry

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Design by NWCG Fire Danger Working Team



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Douglas

