Survey Research

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Biggest Problems Facing the State

- Compared to forest management and environmental issues, other issues are more important (or as important) to Oregonians:
 - Education quality
 - Education funding
 - The economy / recession
 - Energy costs
 - Concern about being personally secure at home and at work

Protecting the environment is so important that requirements and standards cannot be too high, and continuing environmental improvements must be made regardless of cost. (National survey)

	Percent
Strongly Agree	40%
Somewhat Agree	34%
Somewhat Disagree	16%
Strongly Disagree	9%
Don't Know	1%

Harris Interactive. 2005.

Issues Of Concern



PRIORITY OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS (National)

	Percent	
Water pollution	58%	
Air Pollution	48%	
Global warming	41%	
Ozone depletion	41%	
Depletion of forest lands	41%	
Recycling more material	39%	

Harris Interactive. 2005.

Most Important Environmental Issues Facing Oregon Today

14%	Water pollution
9%	Water quality
8%	Clear cutting / logging
6%	Lack of water
6%	Air pollution
5%	Salmon / protecting salmon

If Population Doubles In 30 Years, Future Problems Affecting Oregon's Forests

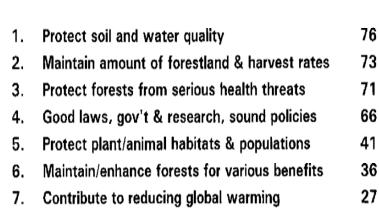
	Biggest Problem	1 st or 2 nd Biggest Problem
Losing forestland to development and other uses	45%	60%
Not having enough high quality drinking water	19%	42%
Loss of fish and wildlife habitat	14%	38%
Not having enough trees to harvest for wood products	8%	18%
Shortage of forest recreation opportunities	5%	15%
Having more damaging wildfires	5%	15%

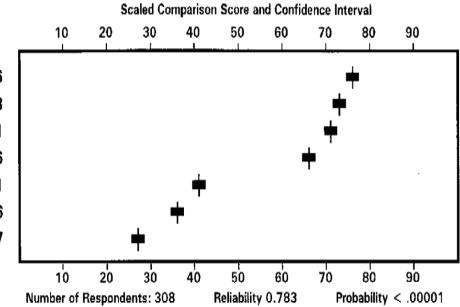
Relative Importance of FPFO Strategies

ODF Project - Confidence Interval Report

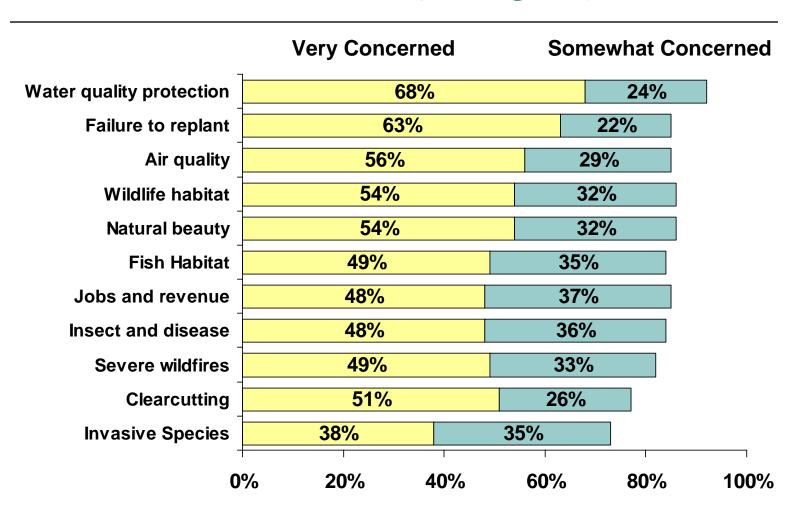
Results for Subgroup: Weighted Total QUESTION:

Which objective is more important to ensure Oregon's forests are managed properly?





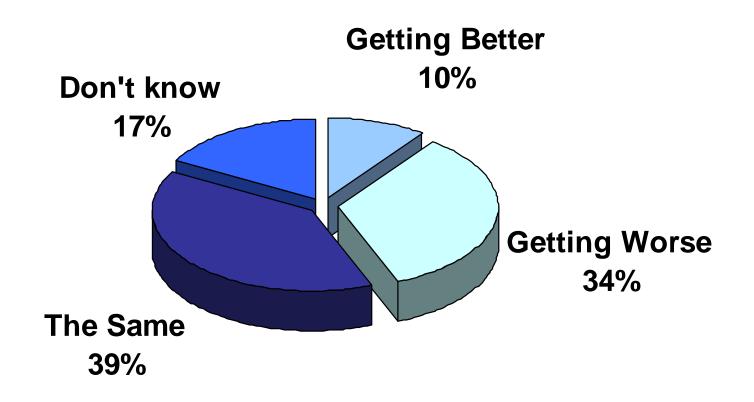
Forest Issues (Oregon)



Water Quality



Water Quality



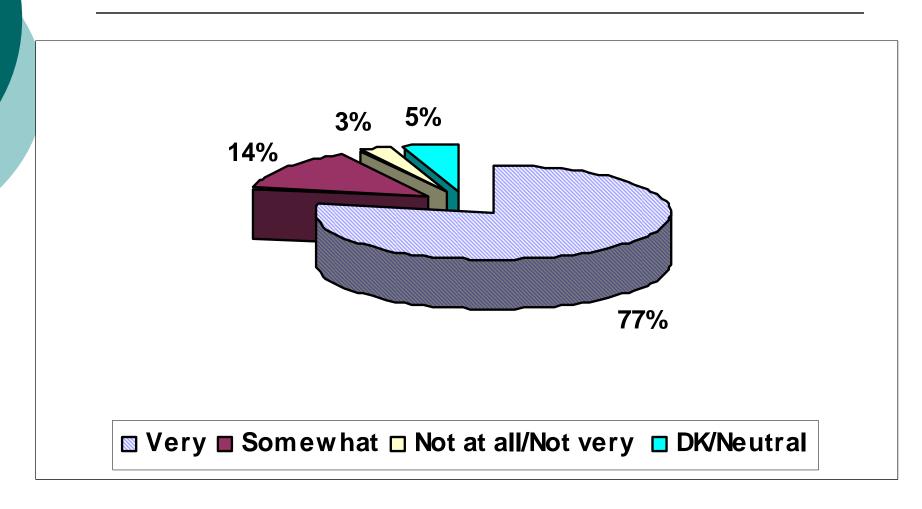
Most Significant Cause For Water Quality Getting Worse

Contamination from human and animal waste and industrial pollution
Removing trees that provide shade for streams and rivers
Contamination from the use of pesticides
Too much water being taken out of streams and rivers

Soil erosion

8%

Importance of Water Quality Protection in Forest Management Activities



Davis, Hibbitts & Midghall, Inc. 2006.

Remedies For Water Quality Concerns – Aided and Unaided

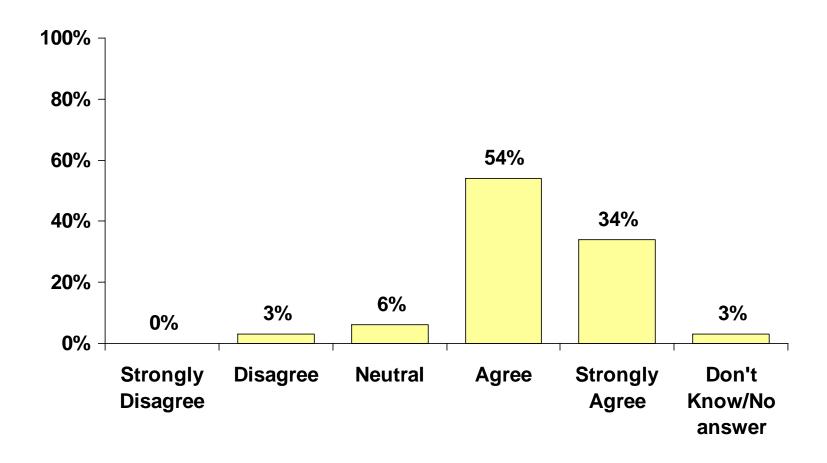
Unaided

- Stop pollution/Cleanliness 22%
- More Protection/Monitoring 13%
- More/Enforce Laws/Regulations 10%
- Better Management/Accountability 9%
- Aided (Strongly Agree)
 - Leave streamside buffers 62%
 - Require forest managers to minimize erosion –
 55%
 - Reduce harvesting and use alternatives to wood - 27% %

Fish and Wildlife Values in Oregon's Forests

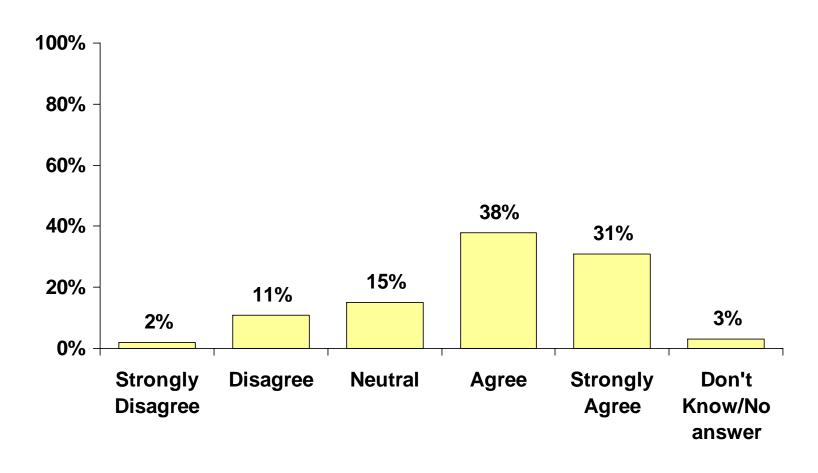


National forests should provide for as much diversity of animals and plants as possible.



Institute for a Sustainable Environment, 2002.

National forests should provide habitat for animals that are rare and threatened with extinction



Institute for a Sustainable Environment, 2002.

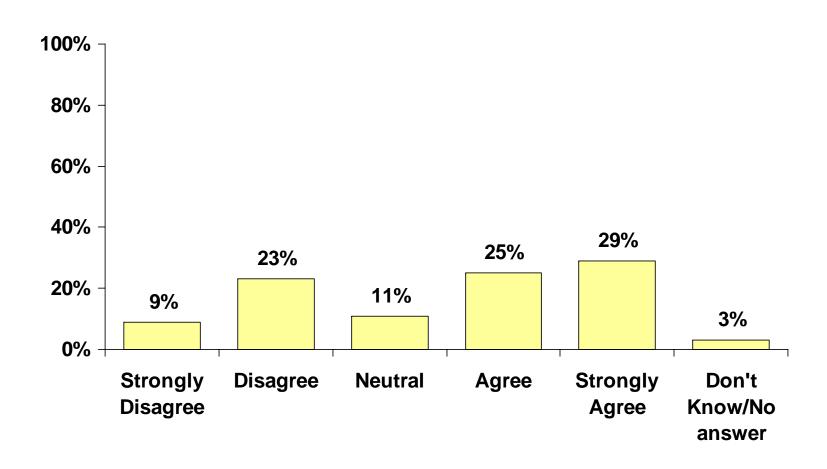
Timber Harvesting in Oregon's Forests



Which of the following comes closest to your opinion?

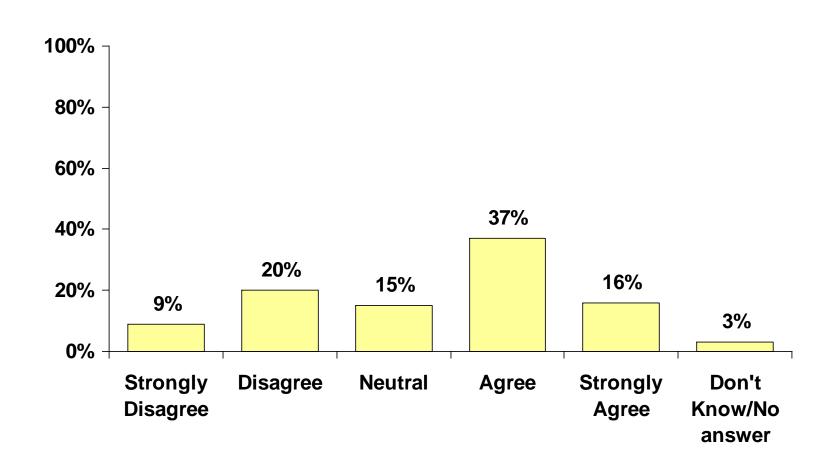
- 25.3% You fully support logging in Oregon's forests
- 55.0% You fully support logging in Oregon's forests as long as old-growth trees are protected
- 15.0% You believe logging in Oregon's forests should be severely limited
- 4.8% Don't know/Refused

Old growth forests should NOT be harvested in order to provide ecosystems for wildlife like spotted owls and salmon. (National Forests)



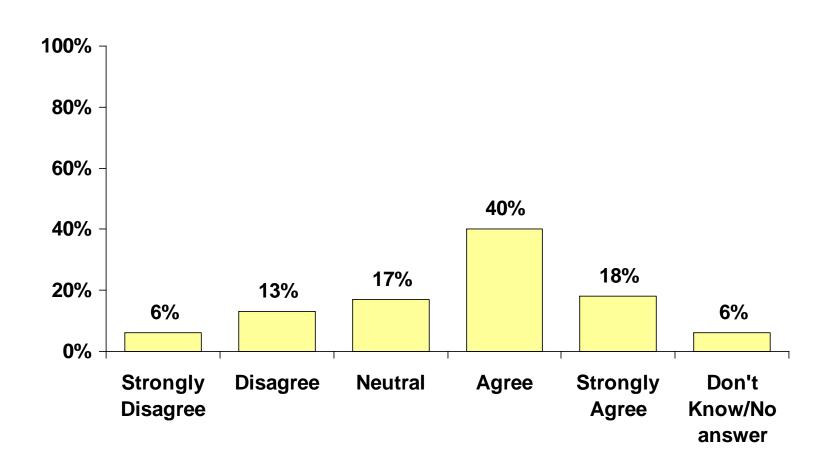
Institute for a Sustainable Environment, 2002.

National forests that are NOT old growth SHOULD be harvested to provide jobs and forest products



Institute for a Sustainable Environment. 2002.

If they have already been harvested, forests should be managed to maximize the growth and harvest of trees (NF Second Growth)



Institute for a Sustainable Environment, 2002.

For each, please tell me how serious a problem it is for Oregon's rural communities

		Very Serious	Very and Somewhat Serious
L	ack of family-wage job opportunities	42%	76%
	Other Americans wanting to shut down their latural resources based economies	37%	62%
100	arger cities out-competing small owns for resources and jobs	31%	63%
	Damaging government policies	27%	51%
E	conomy not being diversified	24%	59%
	oor access to training, education, and nformation technology	23%	48%

IF VERY/SOMEWHAT CONCERNED ABOUTJOBS AND REVENUES FOR RURAL COMMUNITIES

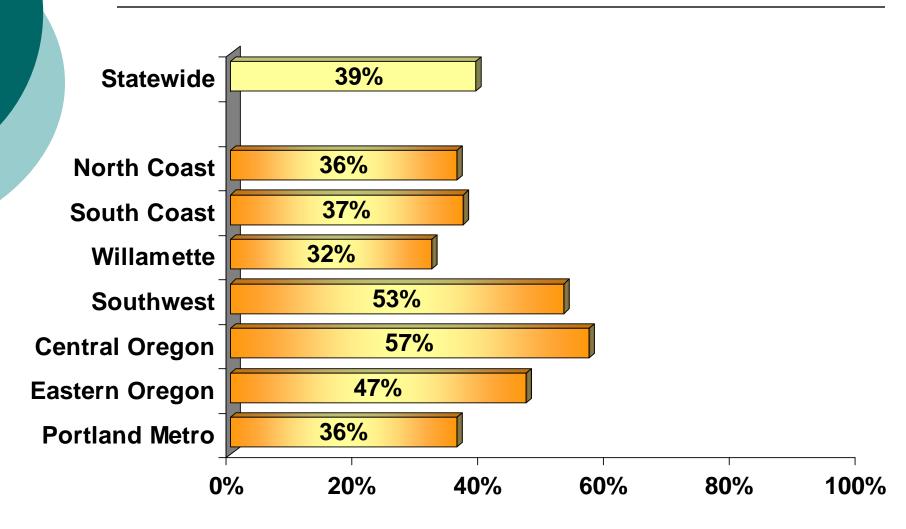
- What actions would you like to see taken to address your concern?
 - Jobs/Opportunities/Economy 22%
 - More Investment In Education/Career Retraining - 10%
 - Have The Logging Industry Return 8%

Fire / Forest Health



Wildfire Danger

Very Concerned



Suggestions For Reducing Risk Of Wildfires

36% Clearing Dead Wood/Underbrush/Debris

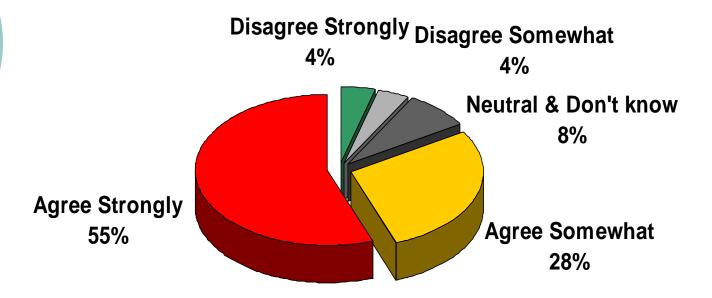
16% Controlled Burning

12% Thinning Trees

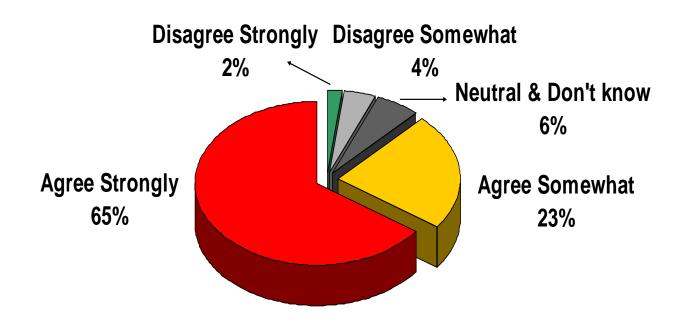
9% Enforcement of Campfire Laws

8% More Public Education/Awareness

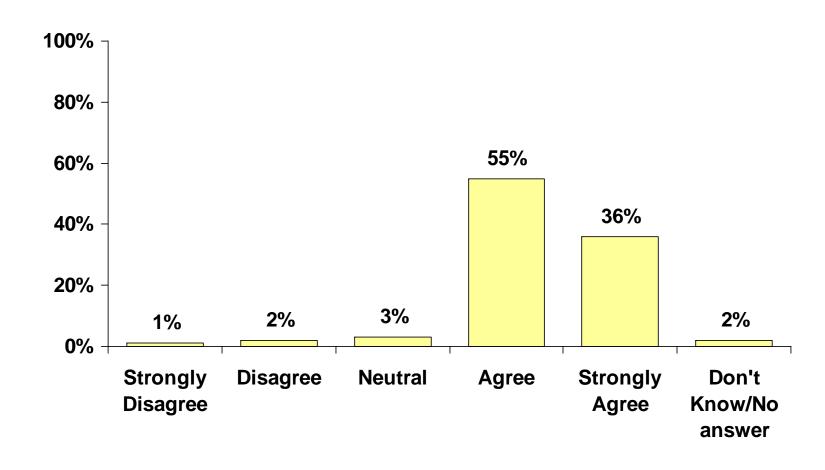
Necessary To Use Controlled Fires To Eliminate Excess Fuel



Necessary To Thin Trees From Crowed Forests



Harvests are Acceptable to Restore Forest Health



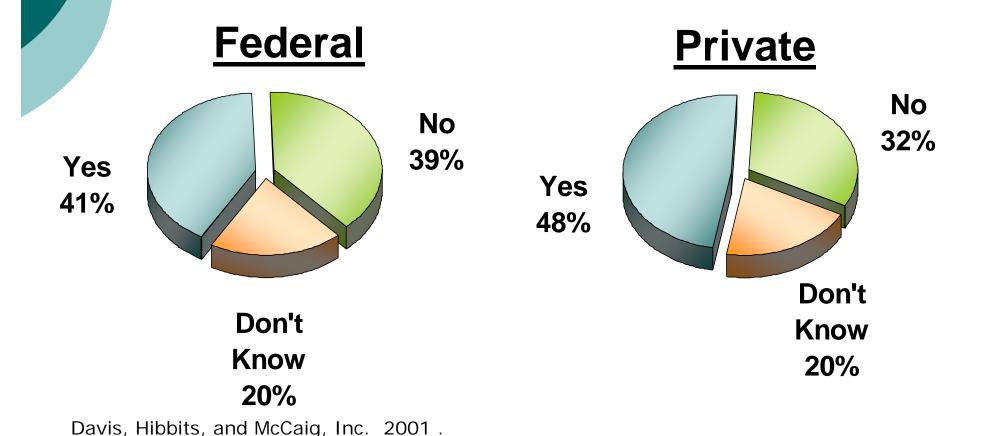
Institute for a Sustainable Environment, 2002.

Sustainable Forest Management



Is Sustainable* Forest Management Being Practiced?

(*Managed properly to meet the environmental, social & economic needs of both present and future generations.)



Sustainable Forest Management By Region

	Federal	Private
Statewide	41%	48%
North & South Coast	38%	59%
Willamette & Southwest	47%	56%
Central & Eastern Oregon	43%	49%
Portland Metro	36%	39%

Proof Of Sustainable Forest Management

19% Replant Trees After Cut

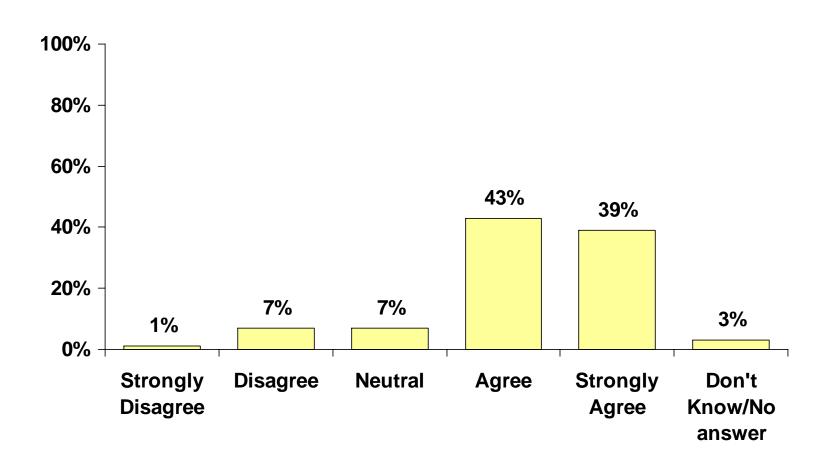
13% Stop Clear-Cutting

8% Currently Doing a Good Job

8% More Selective Logging

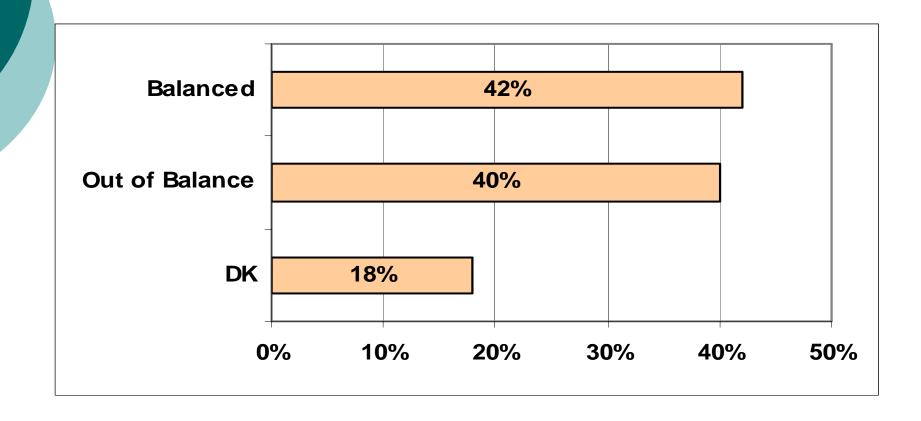
8% More Information Available to Public About Forest Conditions

National forests should be managed to balance timber harvest, wildlife conservation, recreation and other forest values.



Institute for a Sustainable Environment, 2002.

"Some people say Oregon generally has a 'balanced' approach to forest management while other people feel things are out of balance. Which way do you feel?"



From the following list, which do you believe is the greatest contribution of Oregon's forest areas?

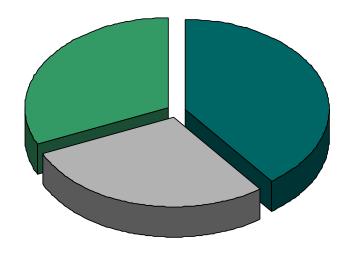
Oregon's forests provide ...

- 30.8% jobs and economic growth from logging
- 23.3% a home for endangered fish and wildlife
- 22.8% communities with clean, safe drinking water
- 14.8% recreation activities like hiking, fishing, and camping
 - 8.5% Don't know

Mercury Public Affairs. 2006.

Balance For <u>Federal</u> Forestlands Management

Meeting a wide range of social needs including employment, recreation, and revenues to support healthy rural communities, and providing aesthetic and spiritual values 32%

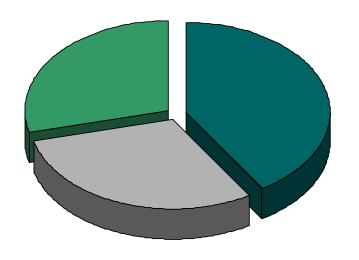


Protection of water quality and wildlife habitat 40%

Growing forests for products people use 29%

Balance For <u>Private</u> Forestlands Management

Meeting a wide range of social needs including employment, recreation, and revenues to support healthy rural communities, and providing aesthetic and spiritual values 29%



Protection of water quality and wildlife habitat 41%

Growing forests for products people use 30%